MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE AMENDMENTS
2006 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Sheldon L. Killpack
House Sponsor: Stephen H. Urquhart
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the Insurance Code by amending provisions related to arbitration for
uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage claims.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>provides that the named insured or a covered person asserting a claim against the</li> </ul>
person's uninsured or underinsured motorist carrier may elect to resolve the claim
by submitting the claim to binding arbitration or through litigation;
<ul><li>provides procedures for resolving the claim through arbitration;</li></ul>
<ul> <li>provides that an arbitration award may not exceed the uninsured or underinsured</li> </ul>
motorist policy limits of all applicable uninsured or underinsured motorist policies,
including any applicable umbrella uninsured or underinsured motorist policies;
<ul> <li>provides that the arbitrator or arbitration panel may award reasonable attorney's fees</li> </ul>
and costs if the claim was not brought, pursued, or defended in good faith;
<ul><li>provides that an arbitration award issued by a single arbitrator or an arbitration</li></ul>
panel shall be the final resolution of all claims unless:
• the award was procured by corruption, fraud, or other undue means; or
• either party files a notice for a trial de novo within 20 days of service of the
arbitration award;
<ul><li>provides that if a claimant, as the moving party in a trial de novo, does not receive a</li></ul>
verdict that is at least \$5,000 and is at least 20% greater than the arbitration award,
the claimant is responsible for the nonmoving party's costs;

30	<ul> <li>provides that if an uninsured or underinsured motorist carrier, as the moving party</li> </ul>
31	in a trial de novo, does not receive a verdict that is at least 20% less than the
32	arbitration award, the uninsured or underinsured motorist carrier is responsible for
33	the nonmoving party's costs;
34	<ul> <li>provides that a court may award reasonable attorney fees if the court finds that a</li> </ul>
35	party's use of the de novo process was filed in bad faith;
36	<ul> <li>provides that if there are multiple uninsured or underinsured motorist policies, the</li> </ul>
37	plaintiff may elect to arbitrate in one hearing the claims against all the uninsured or
38	underinsured motorist carriers; and
39	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>
40	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
41	None
42	Other Special Clauses:
43	None
44	Utah Code Sections Affected:
45	AMENDS:
46	<b>31A-22-302</b> , as last amended by Chapter 124, Laws of Utah 2005
47	31A-22-305, as last amended by Chapters 117, 267 and 304, Laws of Utah 2004
48	ENACTS:
49	<b>31A-22-305.3</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	
51	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
52	Section 1. Section 31A-22-302 is amended to read:
53	31A-22-302. Required components of motor vehicle insurance policies
54	Exceptions.
55	(1) Every policy of insurance or combination of policies purchased to satisfy the
56	owner's or operator's security requirement of Section 41-12a-301 shall include:
57	(a) motor vehicle liability coverage under Sections 31A-22-303 and 31A-22-304;

58 (b) uninsured motorist coverage under Section 31A-22-305, unless affirmatively 59 waived under Subsection 31A-22-305(4); 60 (c) underinsured motorist coverage under Section [31A-22-305] 31A-22-305.3, unless 61 affirmatively waived under Subsection [31A-22-305(9)] 31A-22-305.3(2); and 62 (d) except as provided in Subsection (2) and subject to Subsection (3), personal injury 63 protection under Sections 31A-22-306 through 31A-22-309. 64 (2) A policy of insurance or combination of policies, purchased to satisfy the owner's or operator's security requirement of Section 41-12a-301 for a motorcycle, trailer, or semitrailer 65 66 is not required to have personal injury protection under Sections 31A-22-306 through 67 31A-22-309. 68 (3) (a) First party medical coverages may be offered or included in policies issued to 69 motorcycle, trailer, and semitrailer owners or operators. 70 (b) Owners and operators of motorcycles, trailers, and semitrailers are not covered by 71 personal injury protection coverages in connection with injuries incurred while operating any 72 of these vehicles. 73 (4) First party medical coverage expenses shall be governed by the relative value study 74 provisions under Subsections 31A-22-307(2) and (3). 75 Section 2. Section **31A-22-305** is amended to read: 76 31A-22-305. Uninsured motorist coverage. 77 (1) As used in this section, "covered persons" includes: (a) the named insured; 78 79 (b) persons related to the named insured by blood, marriage, adoption, or guardianship, 80 who are residents of the named insured's household, including those who usually make their 81 home in the same household but temporarily live elsewhere; (c) any person occupying or using a motor vehicle: 82 83 (i) referred to in the policy; or 84 (ii) owned by a self-insured; and

(d) any person who is entitled to recover damages against the owner or operator of the

uninsured or underinsured motor vehicle because of bodily injury to or death of persons under Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c).

(2) As used in this section, "uninsured motor vehicle" includes:

- (a) (i) a motor vehicle, the operation, maintenance, or use of which is not covered under a liability policy at the time of an injury-causing occurrence; or
- (ii) (A) a motor vehicle covered with lower liability limits than required by Section 31A-22-304; and
  - (B) the motor vehicle described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A) is uninsured to the extent of the deficiency;
  - (b) an unidentified motor vehicle that left the scene of an accident proximately caused by the motor vehicle operator;
  - (c) a motor vehicle covered by a liability policy, but coverage for an accident is disputed by the liability insurer for more than 60 days or continues to be disputed for more than 60 days; or
  - (d) (i) an insured motor vehicle if, before or after the accident, the liability insurer of the motor vehicle is declared insolvent by a court of competent jurisdiction; and
  - (ii) the motor vehicle described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) is uninsured only to the extent that the claim against the insolvent insurer is not paid by a guaranty association or fund.
  - (3) (a) Uninsured motorist coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(b) provides coverage for covered persons who are legally entitled to recover damages from owners or operators of uninsured motor vehicles because of bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death.
  - (b) For new policies written on or after January 1, 2001, the limits of uninsured motorist coverage shall be equal to the lesser of the limits of the insured's motor vehicle liability coverage or the maximum uninsured motorist coverage limits available by the insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy, unless the insured purchases coverage in a lesser amount by signing an acknowledgment form provided by the insurer that:
    - (i) waives the higher coverage;
- (ii) reasonably explains the purpose of uninsured motorist coverage; and

(iii) discloses the additional premiums required to purchase uninsured motorist coverage with limits equal to the lesser of the limits of the insured's motor vehicle liability coverage or the maximum uninsured motorist coverage limits available by the insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy.

- (c) A self-insured, including a governmental entity, may elect to provide uninsured motorist coverage in an amount that is less than its maximum self-insured retention under Subsections (3)(b) and (4)(a) by issuing a declaratory memorandum or policy statement from the chief financial officer or chief risk officer that declares the:
  - (i) self-insured entity's coverage level; and

- (ii) process for filing an uninsured motorist claim.
- (d) Uninsured motorist coverage may not be sold with limits that are less than the minimum bodily injury limits for motor vehicle liability policies under Section 31A-22-304.
- (e) The acknowledgment under Subsection (3)(b) continues for that issuer of the uninsured motorist coverage until the insured, in writing, requests different uninsured motorist coverage from the insurer.
- (f) (i) In conjunction with the first two renewal notices sent after January 1, 2001, for policies existing on that date, the insurer shall disclose in the same medium as the premium renewal notice, an explanation of:
  - (A) the purpose of uninsured motorist coverage; and
- (B) the costs associated with increasing the coverage in amounts up to and including the maximum amount available by the insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy.
- (ii) The disclosure required under this Subsection (3)(f) shall be sent to all insureds that carry uninsured motorist coverage limits in an amount less than the insured's motor vehicle liability policy limits or the maximum uninsured motorist coverage limits available by the insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy.
- (4) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the named insured may reject uninsured motorist coverage by an express writing to the insurer that provides liability coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(a).

142 (ii) This rejection shall be on a form provided by the insurer that includes a reasonable 143 explanation of the purpose of uninsured motorist coverage. 144 (iii) This rejection continues for that issuer of the liability coverage until the insured in 145 writing requests uninsured motorist coverage from that liability insurer. 146 (b) (i) All persons, including governmental entities, that are engaged in the business of, 147 or that accept payment for, transporting natural persons by motor vehicle, and all school 148 districts that provide transportation services for their students, shall provide coverage for all 149 motor vehicles used for that purpose, by purchase of a policy of insurance or by self-insurance, 150 uninsured motorist coverage of at least \$25,000 per person and \$500,000 per accident. 151 (ii) This coverage is secondary to any other insurance covering an injured covered 152 person. 153 (c) Uninsured motorist coverage: 154 (i) is secondary to the benefits provided by Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers' 155 Compensation Act; 156 (ii) may not be subrogated by the workers' compensation insurance carrier; 157 (iii) may not be reduced by any benefits provided by workers' compensation insurance; 158 (iv) may be reduced by health insurance subrogation only after the covered person has 159 been made whole; 160 (v) may not be collected for bodily injury or death sustained by a person: (A) while committing a violation of Section 41-1a-1314; 161 162 (B) who, as a passenger in a vehicle, has knowledge that the vehicle is being operated 163 in violation of Section 41-1a-1314; or 164 (C) while committing a felony; and 165 (vi) notwithstanding Subsection (4)(c)(v), may be recovered: 166 (A) for a person under 18 years of age who is injured within the scope of Subsection 167 (4)(c)(v) but limited to medical and funeral expenses; or 168 (B) by a law enforcement officer as defined in Section 53-13-103, who is injured

within the course and scope of the law enforcement officer's duties.

(d) As used in this Subsection (4), "motor vehicle" has the same meaning as under Section 41-1a-102.

- (5) When a covered person alleges that an uninsured motor vehicle under Subsection (2)(b) proximately caused an accident without touching the covered person or the motor vehicle occupied by the covered person, the covered person must show the existence of the uninsured motor vehicle by clear and convincing evidence consisting of more than the covered person's testimony.
- (6) (a) The limit of liability for uninsured motorist coverage for two or more motor vehicles may not be added together, combined, or stacked to determine the limit of insurance coverage available to an injured person for any one accident.
- (b) (i) Subsection (6)(a) applies to all persons except a covered person as defined under Subsection (7)(b)(ii).
- (ii) A covered person as defined under Subsection (7)(b)(ii) is entitled to the highest limits of uninsured motorist coverage afforded for any one motor vehicle that the covered person is the named insured or an insured family member.
- (iii) This coverage shall be in addition to the coverage on the motor vehicle the covered person is occupying.
  - (iv) Neither the primary nor the secondary coverage may be set off against the other.
- (c) Coverage on a motor vehicle occupied at the time of an accident shall be primary coverage, and the coverage elected by a person described under Subsections (1)(a) and (b) shall be secondary coverage.
- (7) (a) Uninsured motorist coverage under this section applies to bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death of covered persons while occupying or using a motor vehicle only if the motor vehicle is described in the policy under which a claim is made, or if the motor vehicle is a newly acquired or replacement motor vehicle covered under the terms of the policy. Except as provided in Subsection (6) or this Subsection (7), a covered person injured in a motor vehicle described in a policy that includes uninsured motorist benefits may not elect to collect uninsured motorist coverage benefits from any other motor vehicle insurance policy

198 under which the person is a covered person. 199 (b) Each of the following persons may also recover uninsured motorist benefits under 200 any one other policy in which they are described as a "covered person" as defined in Subsection 201 (1): 202 (i) a covered person injured as a pedestrian by an uninsured motor vehicle; and 203 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), a covered person injured while occupying 204 or using a motor vehicle that is not owned, leased, or furnished: 205 (A) to the covered person; 206 (B) to the covered person's spouse; or 207 (C) to the covered person's resident parent or resident sibling. 208 (c) (i) A covered person may recover benefits from no more than two additional 209 policies, one additional policy from each parent's household if the covered person is: 210 (A) a dependent minor of parents who reside in separate households; and 211 (B) injured while occupying or using a motor vehicle that is not owned, leased, or 212 furnished: 213 (I) to the covered person; 214 (II) to the covered person's resident parent; or 215 (III) to the covered person's resident sibling. 216 (ii) Each parent's policy under this Subsection (7)(c) is liable only for the percentage of 217 the damages that the limit of liability of each parent's policy of uninsured motorist coverage 218 bears to the total of both parents' uninsured coverage applicable to the accident. 219 (d) A covered person's recovery under any available policies may not exceed the full 220 amount of damages. 221 (e) A covered person in Subsection (7)(b) is not barred against making subsequent 222 elections if recovery is unavailable under previous elections.

- (f) (i) As used in this section, "interpolicy stacking" means recovering benefits for a single incident of loss under more than one insurance policy.
- (ii) Except to the extent permitted by Subsection (6) and this Subsection (7),

223

224

226 interpolicy stacking is prohibited for uninsured motorist coverage. 227 [(8) (a) As used in this section, "underinsured motor vehicle" includes a motor vehicle, 228 the operation, maintenance, or use of which is covered under a liability policy at the time of an 229 injury-causing occurrence, but which has insufficient liability coverage to compensate fully the 230 injured party for all special and general damages.] 231 [(b) The term "underinsured motor vehicle" does not include:] 232 (i) a motor vehicle that is covered under the liability coverage of the same policy that 233 also contains the underinsured motorist coverage; 234 [(ii) an uninsured motor vehicle as defined in Subsection (2); or] 235 (iii) a motor vehicle owned or leased by: 236 [(A) the named insured;] 237 [(B) the named insured's spouse; or] 238 [(C) any dependent of the named insured.] 239 [(9) (a) (i) Underinsured motorist coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(c) 240 provides coverage for covered persons who are legally entitled to recover damages from 241 owners or operators of underinsured motor vehicles because of bodily injury, sickness, disease, 242 or death. 243 [(ii) A covered person occupying or using a motor vehicle owned, leased, or furnished 244 to the covered person, the covered person's spouse, or covered person's resident relative may 245 recover underinsured benefits only if the motor vehicle is:] 246 [(A) described in the policy under which a claim is made; or] 247 (B) a newly acquired or replacement motor vehicle covered under the terms of the 248 policy.] 249 (b) For new policies written on or after January 1, 2001, the limits of underinsured 250 motorist coverage shall be equal to the lesser of the limits of the insured's motor vehicle 251 liability coverage or the maximum underinsured motorist coverage limits available by the 252 insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy, unless the insured purchases coverage in a 253 lesser amount by signing an acknowledgment form provided by the insurer that:

254	[(i) waives the higher coverage;]
255	[(ii) reasonably explains the purpose of underinsured motorist coverage; and]
256	[(iii) discloses the additional premiums required to purchase underinsured motorist
257	coverage with limits equal to the lesser of the limits of the insured's motor vehicle liability
258	coverage or the maximum underinsured motorist coverage limits available by the insurer under
259	the insured's motor vehicle policy.]
260	[(c) A self-insured, including a governmental entity, may elect to provide underinsured
261	motorist coverage in an amount that is less than its maximum self-insured retention under
262	Subsections (9)(b) and (9)(g) by issuing a declaratory memorandum or policy statement from
263	the chief financial officer or chief risk officer that declares the:]
264	[(i) self-insured entity's coverage level; and]
265	[(ii) process for filing an underinsured motorist claim.]
266	[(d) Underinsured motorist coverage may not be sold with limits that are less than:]
267	[(i) \$10,000 for one person in any one accident; and]
268	[(ii) at least \$20,000 for two or more persons in any one accident.]
269	[(e) The acknowledgment under Subsection (9)(b) continues for that issuer of the
270	underinsured motorist coverage until the insured, in writing, requests different underinsured
271	motorist coverage from the insurer.]
272	[(f) (i) The named insured's underinsured motorist coverage, as described in Subsection
273	(9)(a), is secondary to the liability coverage of an owner or operator of an underinsured motor
274	vehicle, as described in Subsection (8).]
275	[(ii) Underinsured motorist coverage may not be set off against the liability coverage of
276	the owner or operator of an underinsured motor vehicle, but shall be added to, combined with,
277	or stacked upon the liability coverage of the owner or operator of the underinsured motor
278	vehicle to determine the limit of coverage available to the injured person.]
279	[(g) (i) A named insured may reject underinsured motorist coverage by an express
280	writing to the insurer that provides liability coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(a).
281	[(ii) This written rejection shall be on a form provided by the insurer that includes a

282 reasonable explanation of the purpose of underinsured motorist coverage and when it would be 283 applicable.] 284 [(iii) This rejection continues for that issuer of the liability coverage until the insured in 285 writing requests underinsured motorist coverage from that liability insurer.] 286 [(h) (i) In conjunction with the first two renewal notices sent after January 1, 2001, for 287 policies existing on that date, the insurer shall disclose in the same medium as the premium 288 renewal notice, an explanation of: 289 [(A) the purpose of underinsured motorist coverage; and] 290 [(B) the costs associated with increasing the coverage in amounts up to and including 291 the maximum amount available by the insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy. 292 [(ii) The disclosure required by this Subsection (9)(h) shall be sent to all insureds that 293 carry underinsured motorist coverage limits in an amount less than the insured's motor vehicle 294 liability policy limits or the maximum underinsured motorist coverage limits available by the 295 insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy. 296 [(10) (a) (i) Except as provided in this Subsection (10), a covered person injured in a 297 motor vehicle described in a policy that includes underinsured motorist benefits may not elect 298 to collect underinsured motorist coverage benefits from any other motor vehicle insurance 299 policy.] 300 (ii) The limit of liability for underinsured motorist coverage for two or more motor 301 vehicles may not be added together, combined, or stacked to determine the limit of insurance 302 coverage available to an injured person for any one accident. 303 [(iii) Subsection (10)(a)(ii) applies to all persons except a covered person described 304 under Subsections (10)(b)(i) and (ii).] [(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b)(ii), a covered person injured while 305 306 occupying, using, or maintaining a motor vehicle that is not owned, leased, or furnished to the 307 covered person, the covered person's spouse, or the covered person's resident parent or resident 308 sibling, may also recover benefits under any one other policy under which they are a covered 309 person.

310	[(ii) (A) A covered person may recover benefits from no more than two additional
311	policies, one additional policy from each parent's household if the covered person is:]
312	[(I) a dependent minor of parents who reside in separate households; and]
313	[(II) injured while occupying or using a motor vehicle that is not owned, leased, or
314	furnished to the covered person, the covered person's resident parent, or the covered person's
315	resident sibling.]
316	[(B) Each parent's policy under this Subsection (10)(b)(ii) is liable only for the
317	percentage of the damages that the limit of liability of each parent's policy of underinsured
318	motorist coverage bears to the total of both parents' underinsured coverage applicable to the
319	accident.]
320	[(iii) A covered person's recovery under any available policies may not exceed the full
321	amount of damages.]
322	[(iv) Underinsured coverage on a motor vehicle occupied at the time of an accident
323	shall be primary coverage, and the coverage elected by a person described under Subsections
324	(1)(a) and (b) shall be secondary coverage.]
325	[(v) The primary and the secondary coverage may not be set off against the other.]
326	[(vi) A covered person as described under Subsection (10)(b)(i) is entitled to the
327	highest limits of underinsured motorist coverage under only one additional policy per
328	household applicable to that covered person as a named insured, spouse, or relative.]
329	[(vii) A covered injured person is not barred against making subsequent elections if
330	recovery is unavailable under previous elections.]
331	[(viii) (A) As used in this section, "interpolicy stacking" means recovering benefits for
332	a single incident of loss under more than one insurance policy.]
333	[(B) Except to the extent permitted by this Subsection (10), interpolicy stacking is
334	prohibited for underinsured motorist coverage.]
335	[(c) Underinsured motorist coverage:]
336	[(i) is secondary to the benefits provided by Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers'
337	Compensation Act;

338	[(ii) may not be subrogated by the workers' compensation insurance carrier;]
339	[(iii) may not be reduced by any benefits provided by workers' compensation
340	insurance;]
341	[(iv) may be reduced by health insurance subrogation only after the covered person has
342	been made whole;]
343	[(v) may not be collected for bodily injury or death sustained by a person:]
344	[(A) while committing a violation of Section 41-1a-1314;]
345	[(B) who, as a passenger in a vehicle, has knowledge that the vehicle is being operated
346	in violation of Section 41-1a-1314; or]
347	[(C) while committing a felony; and]
348	[(vi) notwithstanding Subsection (10)(c)(v), may be recovered:]
349	[(A) for a person under 18 years of age who is injured within the scope of Subsection
350	(10)(c)(v) but limited to medical and funeral expenses; or]
351	[(B) by a law enforcement officer as defined in Section 53-13-103, who is injured
352	within the course and scope of the law enforcement officer's duties.]
353	[(11) The inception of the loss under Subsection 31A-21-313(1) for underinsured
354	motorist claims occurs upon the date of the last liability policy payment.]
355	[(12) (a) Within five business days after notification in a manner specified by the
356	department that all liability insurers have tendered their liability policy limits, the underinsured
357	carrier shall either:]
358	[(i) waive any subrogation claim the underinsured carrier may have against the person
359	liable for the injuries caused in the accident; or]
360	[(ii) pay the insured an amount equal to the policy limits tendered by the liability
361	<del>carrier.</del> ]
362	[(b) If neither option is exercised under Subsection (12)(a), the subrogation claim is
363	considered to be waived by the underinsured carrier.]
364	[(13) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a covered person may seek, subject
365	to the terms and conditions of the policy, additional coverage under any policy.

366	[(a) that provides coverage for damages resulting from motor vehicle accidents; and]
367	[(b) that is not required to conform to Section 31A-22-302.]
368	(8) (a) When a claim is brought by a named insured or a person described in
369	Subsection (1) and is asserted against the covered person's uninsured motorist carrier, the
370	claimant may elect to resolve the claim:
371	(i) by submitting the claim to binding arbitration; or
372	(ii) through litigation.
373	(b) Unless otherwise provided in the policy under which uninsured benefits are
374	claimed, the election provided in Subsection (8)(a) is available to the claimant only.
375	(c) Once the claimant has elected to commence litigation under Subsection (8)(a)(ii),
376	the claimant may not elect to resolve the claim through binding arbitration under this section
377	without the written consent of the uninsured motorist carrier.
378	(d) (i) Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the parties, a claim that is submitted to
379	binding arbitration under Subsection (8)(a)(i) shall be resolved by a single arbitrator.
380	(ii) All parties shall agree on the single arbitrator selected under Subsection (8)(d)(i).
381	(iii) If the parties are unable to agree on a single arbitrator as required under Subsection
382	(8)(d)(ii), the parties shall select a panel of three arbitrators.
383	(e) If the parties select a panel of three arbitrators under Subsection (8)(d)(iii):
384	(i) each side shall select one arbitrator; and
385	(ii) the arbitrators appointed under Subsection (8)(e)(i) shall select one additional
386	arbitrator to be included in the panel.
387	(f) Unless otherwise agreed to in writing:
388	(i) each party shall pay an equal share of the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected
389	under Subsection (8)(d)(i); or
390	(ii) if an arbitration panel is selected under Subsection (8)(d)(iii):
391	(A) each party shall pay the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected by that party; and
392	(B) each party shall pay an equal share of the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected
393	under Subsection (8)(e)(ii).

394	(g) Except as otherwise provided in this section or unless otherwise agreed to in
395	writing by the parties, an arbitration proceeding conducted under this section shall be governed
396	by Title 78, Chapter 31a, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act.
397	(h) The arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with Rules 26 through 37, 54, and
398	68 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
399	(i) All issues of discovery shall be resolved by the arbitrator or the arbitration panel.
400	(j) A written decision by a single arbitrator or by a majority of the arbitration panel
401	shall constitute a final decision.
402	(k) (i) The amount of an arbitration award may not exceed the uninsured motorist
403	policy limits of all applicable uninsured motorist policies, including applicable uninsured
404	motorist umbrella policies.
405	(ii) If the initial arbitration award exceeds the uninsured motorist policy limits of all
406	applicable uninsured motorist policies, the arbitration award shall be reduced to an amount
407	equal to the combined uninsured motorist policy limits of all applicable uninsured motorist
408	policies.
409	(l) The arbitrator or arbitration panel may not decide the issues of coverage or
410	extra-contractual damages, including:
411	(i) whether the claimant is a covered person;
412	(ii) whether the policy extends coverage to the loss; or
413	(iii) any allegations or claims asserting consequential damages or bad faith liability.
414	(m) The arbitrator or arbitration panel may not conduct arbitration on a class-wide or
415	class-representative basis.
416	(n) If the arbitrator or arbitration panel finds that the action was not brought, pursued,
417	or defended in good faith, the arbitrator or arbitration panel may award reasonable attorney fees
418	and costs against the party that failed to bring, pursue, or defend the claim in good faith.
419	(o) An arbitration award issued under this section shall be the final resolution of all
420	claims not excluded by Subsection (8)(1) between the parties unless:
421	(i) the award was procured by corruption, fraud, or other undue means; or

422	(ii) either party, within 20 days after service of the arbitration award:
423	(A) files a complaint requesting a trial de novo in the district court; and
424	(B) serves the nonmoving party with a copy of the complaint requesting a trial de novo
425	under Subsection (8)(o)(ii)(A).
426	(p) (i) Upon filing a complaint for a trial de novo under Subsection (8)(o), the claim
427	shall proceed through litigation pursuant to the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and Utah Rules
428	of Evidence in the district court.
429	(ii) In accordance with Rule 38, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, either party may
430	request a jury trial with a complaint requesting a trial de novo under Subsection (8)(o)(ii)(A).
431	(q) (i) If the claimant, as the moving party in a trial de novo requested under
432	Subsection (8)(o), does not obtain a verdict that is at least \$5,000 and is at least 20% greater
433	than the arbitration award, the claimant is responsible for all of the nonmoving party's costs.
434	(ii) If the uninsured motorist carrier, as the moving party in a trial de novo requested
435	under Subsection (8)(o), does not obtain a verdict that is at least 20% less than the arbitration
436	award, the uninsured motorist carrier is responsible for all of the nonmoving party's costs.
437	(iii) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(q)(iv), the costs under this Subsection (8)(q)
438	shall include:
439	(A) any costs set forth in Rule 54(d), Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; and
440	(B) the costs of expert witnesses and depositions.
441	(iv) An award of costs under this Subsection (8)(q) may not exceed \$2,500.
442	(r) For purposes of determining whether a party's verdict is greater or less than the
443	arbitration award under Subsection (8)(q), a court may not consider any recovery or other relief
444	granted on a claim for damages if the claim for damages:
445	(i) was not fully disclosed in writing prior to the arbitration proceeding; or
446	(ii) was not disclosed in response to discovery contrary to the Utah Rules of Civil
447	Procedure.
448	(s) If a district court determines, upon a motion of the nonmoving party, that the
449	moving party's use of the trial de novo process was filed in bad faith in accordance with

450	Section 78-27-56, the district court may award reasonable attorney fees to the nonmoving
451	party.
452	(t) Nothing in this section is intended to limit any claim under any other portion of an
453	applicable insurance policy.
454	(u) If there are multiple uninsured motorist policies, as set forth in Subsection (7), the
455	claimant may elect to arbitrate in one hearing the claims against all the uninsured motorist
456	carriers.
457	Section 3. Section 31A-22-305.3 is enacted to read:
458	31A-22-305.3. Underinsured motorist coverage.
459	(1) As used in this section:
460	(a) "Covered person" has the same meaning as defined in Section 31A-22-305.
461	(b) (i) "Underinsured motor vehicle" includes a motor vehicle, the operation,
462	maintenance, or use of which is covered under a liability policy at the time of an injury-causing
463	occurrence, but which has insufficient liability coverage to compensate fully the injured party
464	for all special and general damages.
465	(ii) The term "underinsured motor vehicle" does not include:
466	(A) a motor vehicle that is covered under the liability coverage of the same policy that
467	also contains the underinsured motorist coverage;
468	(B) an uninsured motor vehicle as defined in Subsection 31A-22-305(2); or
469	(C) a motor vehicle owned or leased by:
470	(I) the named insured;
471	(II) the named insured's spouse; or
472	(III) any dependent of the named insured.
473	(2) (a) (i) Underinsured motorist coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(c)
474	provides coverage for covered persons who are legally entitled to recover damages from
475	owners or operators of underinsured motor vehicles because of bodily injury, sickness, disease,
476	or death.
477	(ii) A covered person occupying or using a motor vehicle owned, leased, or furnished

478	to the covered person, the covered person's spouse, or covered person's resident relative may
479	recover underinsured benefits only if the motor vehicle is:
480	(A) described in the policy under which a claim is made; or
481	(B) a newly acquired or replacement motor vehicle covered under the terms of the
482	policy.
483	(b) For new policies written on or after January 1, 2001, the limits of underinsured
484	motorist coverage shall be equal to the lesser of the limits of the insured's motor vehicle
485	liability coverage or the maximum underinsured motorist coverage limits available by the
486	insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy, unless the insured purchases coverage in a
487	lesser amount by signing an acknowledgment form provided by the insurer that:
488	(i) waives the higher coverage;
489	(ii) reasonably explains the purpose of underinsured motorist coverage; and
490	(iii) discloses the additional premiums required to purchase underinsured motorist
491	coverage with limits equal to the lesser of the limits of the insured's motor vehicle liability
492	coverage or the maximum underinsured motorist coverage limits available by the insurer under
493	the insured's motor vehicle policy.
494	(c) A self-insured, including a governmental entity, may elect to provide underinsured
495	motorist coverage in an amount that is less than its maximum self-insured retention under
496	Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(g) by issuing a declaratory memorandum or policy statement from
497	the chief financial officer or chief risk officer that declares the:
498	(i) self-insured entity's coverage level; and
499	(ii) process for filing an underinsured motorist claim.
500	(d) Underinsured motorist coverage may not be sold with limits that are less than:
501	(i) \$10,000 for one person in any one accident; and
502	(ii) at least \$20,000 for two or more persons in any one accident.
503	(e) The acknowledgment under Subsection (2)(b) continues for that issuer of the
504	underinsured motorist coverage until the insured, in writing, requests different underinsured
505	motorist coverage from the insurer.

506	(f) (i) The named insured's underinsured motorist coverage, as described in Subsection
507	(2)(a), is secondary to the liability coverage of an owner or operator of an underinsured motor
508	vehicle, as described in Subsection (1).
509	(ii) Underinsured motorist coverage may not be set off against the liability coverage of
510	the owner or operator of an underinsured motor vehicle, but shall be added to, combined with,
511	or stacked upon the liability coverage of the owner or operator of the underinsured motor
512	vehicle to determine the limit of coverage available to the injured person.
513	(g) (i) A named insured may reject underinsured motorist coverage by an express
514	writing to the insurer that provides liability coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(a).
515	(ii) This written rejection shall be on a form provided by the insurer that includes a
516	reasonable explanation of the purpose of underinsured motorist coverage and when it would be
517	applicable.
518	(iii) This rejection continues for that issuer of the liability coverage until the insured in
519	writing requests underinsured motorist coverage from that liability insurer.
520	(h) (i) In conjunction with the first two renewal notices sent after January 1, 2001, for
521	policies existing on that date, the insurer shall disclose in the same medium as the premium
522	renewal notice, an explanation of:
523	(A) the purpose of underinsured motorist coverage; and
524	(B) the costs associated with increasing the coverage in amounts up to and including
525	the maximum amount available by the insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy.
526	(ii) The disclosure required by this Subsection (2)(h) shall be sent to all insureds that
527	carry underinsured motorist coverage limits in an amount less than the insured's motor vehicle
528	liability policy limits or the maximum underinsured motorist coverage limits available by the
529	insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy.
530	(3) (a) (i) Except as provided in this Subsection (3), a covered person injured in a
531	motor vehicle described in a policy that includes underinsured motorist benefits may not elect
532	to collect underinsured motorist coverage benefits from any other motor vehicle insurance
533	policy.

534	(ii) The limit of liability for underinsured motorist coverage for two or more motor
535	vehicles may not be added together, combined, or stacked to determine the limit of insurance
536	coverage available to an injured person for any one accident.
537	(iii) Subsection (3)(a)(ii) applies to all persons except a covered person described
538	under Subsections (3)(b)(i) and (ii).
539	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), a covered person injured while
540	occupying, using, or maintaining a motor vehicle that is not owned, leased, or furnished to the
541	covered person, the covered person's spouse, or the covered person's resident parent or resident
542	sibling, may also recover benefits under any one other policy under which they are a covered
543	person.
544	(ii) (A) A covered person may recover benefits from no more than two additional
545	policies, one additional policy from each parent's household if the covered person is:
546	(I) a dependent minor of parents who reside in separate households; and
547	(II) injured while occupying or using a motor vehicle that is not owned, leased, or
548	furnished to the covered person, the covered person's resident parent, or the covered person's
549	resident sibling.
550	(B) Each parent's policy under this Subsection (3)(b)(ii) is liable only for the
551	percentage of the damages that the limit of liability of each parent's policy of underinsured
552	motorist coverage bears to the total of both parents' underinsured coverage applicable to the
553	accident.
554	(iii) A covered person's recovery under any available policies may not exceed the full
555	amount of damages.
556	(iv) Underinsured coverage on a motor vehicle occupied at the time of an accident shall
557	be primary coverage, and the coverage elected by a person described under Subsections
558	31A-22-305(1)(a) and (b) shall be secondary coverage.
559	(v) The primary and the secondary coverage may not be set off against the other.
560	(vi) A covered person as described under Subsection (3)(b)(i) is entitled to the highest
561	limits of underinsured motorist coverage under only one additional policy per household

562	applicable to that covered person as a named insured, spouse, or relative.
563	(vii) A covered injured person is not barred against making subsequent elections if
564	recovery is unavailable under previous elections.
565	(viii) (A) As used in this section, "interpolicy stacking" means recovering benefits for a
566	single incident of loss under more than one insurance policy.
567	(B) Except to the extent permitted by this Subsection (3), interpolicy stacking is
568	prohibited for underinsured motorist coverage.
569	(c) Underinsured motorist coverage:
570	(i) is secondary to the benefits provided by Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers'
571	Compensation Act;
572	(ii) may not be subrogated by the workers' compensation insurance carrier;
573	(iii) may not be reduced by any benefits provided by workers' compensation insurance;
574	(iv) may be reduced by health insurance subrogation only after the covered person has
575	been made whole;
576	(v) may not be collected for bodily injury or death sustained by a person:
577	(A) while committing a violation of Section 41-1a-1314;
578	(B) who, as a passenger in a vehicle, has knowledge that the vehicle is being operated
579	in violation of Section 41-1a-1314; or
580	(C) while committing a felony; and
581	(vi) notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c)(v), may be recovered:
582	(A) for a person under 18 years of age who is injured within the scope of Subsection
583	(3)(c)(v) but limited to medical and funeral expenses; or
584	(B) by a law enforcement officer as defined in Section 53-13-103, who is injured
585	within the course and scope of the law enforcement officer's duties.
586	(4) The inception of the loss under Subsection 31A-21-313(1) for underinsured
587	motorist claims occurs upon the date of the last liability policy payment.
588	(5) (a) Within five business days after notification in a manner specified by the
589	department that all liability insurers have tendered their liability policy limits, the underinsured

590	carrier shall either:
591	(i) waive any subrogation claim the underinsured carrier may have against the person
592	liable for the injuries caused in the accident; or
593	(ii) pay the insured an amount equal to the policy limits tendered by the liability carrier
594	(b) If neither option is exercised under Subsection (5)(a), the subrogation claim is
595	considered to be waived by the underinsured carrier.
596	(6) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a covered person may seek, subject to
597	the terms and conditions of the policy, additional coverage under any policy:
598	(a) that provides coverage for damages resulting from motor vehicle accidents; and
599	(b) that is not required to conform to Section 31A-22-302.
600	(7) (a) When a claim is brought by a named insured or a person described in
601	Subsection 31A-22-305(1) and is asserted against the covered person's underinsured motorist
602	carrier, the claimant may elect to resolve the claim:
603	(i) by submitting the claim to binding arbitration; or
604	(ii) through litigation.
605	(b) Unless otherwise provided in the policy under which underinsured benefits are
606	claimed, the election provided in Subsection (7)(a) is available to the claimant only.
607	(c) Once the claimant has elected to commence litigation under Subsection (7)(a)(ii),
608	the claimant may not elect to resolve the claim through binding arbitration under this section
609	without the written consent of the underinsured motorist coverage carrier.
610	(d) (i) Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the parties, a claim that is submitted to
611	binding arbitration under Subsection (7)(a)(i) shall be resolved by a single arbitrator.
612	(ii) All parties shall agree on the single arbitrator selected under Subsection (7)(d)(i).
613	(iii) If the parties are unable to agree on a single arbitrator as required under Subsection
614	(7)(d)(ii), the parties shall select a panel of three arbitrators.
615	(e) If the parties select a panel of three arbitrators under Subsection (7)(d)(iii):
616	(i) each side shall select one arbitrator; and
617	(ii) the arbitrators appointed under Subsection (7)(e)(i) shall select one additional

618	arbitrator to be included in the panel.
619	(f) Unless otherwise agreed to in writing:
620	(i) each party shall pay an equal share of the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected
621	under Subsection (7)(d)(i); or
622	(ii) if an arbitration panel is selected under Subsection (7)(d)(iii):
623	(A) each party shall pay the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected by that party; and
624	(B) each party shall pay an equal share of the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected
625	under Subsection (7)(e)(ii).
626	(g) Except as otherwise provided in this section or unless otherwise agreed to in
627	writing by the parties, an arbitration proceeding conducted under this section shall be governed
628	by Title 78, Chapter 31a, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act.
629	(h) The arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with Rules 26 through 37, 54, and
630	68 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
631	(i) All issues of discovery shall be resolved by the arbitrator or the arbitration panel.
632	(j) A written decision by a single arbitrator or by a majority of the arbitration panel
633	shall constitute a final decision.
634	(k) (i) The amount of an arbitration award may not exceed the underinsured motorist
635	policy limits of all applicable underinsured motorist policies, including applicable underinsured
636	motorist umbrella policies.
637	(ii) If the initial arbitration award exceeds the underinsured motorist policy limits of all
638	applicable underinsured motorist policies, the arbitration award shall be reduced to an amount
639	equal to the combined underinsured motorist policy limits of all applicable underinsured
640	motorist policies.
641	(1) The arbitrator or arbitration panel may not decide the issues of coverage or
642	extra-contractual damages, including:
643	(i) whether the claimant is a covered person;
644	(ii) whether the policy extends coverage to the loss; or
645	(iii) any allegations or claims asserting consequential damages or bad faith liability.

646	(m) The arbitrator or arbitration panel may not conduct arbitration on a class-wide or
647	class-representative basis.
648	(n) If the arbitrator or arbitration panel finds that the action was not brought, pursued,
649	or defended in good faith, the arbitrator or arbitration panel may award reasonable attorney fees
650	and costs against the party that failed to bring, pursue, or defend the claim in good faith.
651	(o) An arbitration award issued under this section shall be the final resolution of all
652	claims not excluded by Subsection (7)(1) between the parties unless:
653	(i) the award was procured by corruption, fraud, or other undue means; or
654	(ii) either party, within 20 days after service of the arbitration award:
655	(A) files a complaint requesting a trial de novo in the district court; and
656	(B) serves the nonmoving party with a copy of the complaint requesting a trial de novo
657	under Subsection (7)(o)(ii)(A).
658	(p) (i) Upon filing a complaint for a trial de novo under Subsection (7)(o), the claim
659	shall proceed through litigation pursuant to the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and Utah Rules
660	of Evidence in the district court.
661	(ii) In accordance with Rule 38, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, either party may
662	request a jury trial with a complaint requesting a trial de novo under Subsection (7)(o)(ii)(A).
663	(q) (i) If the claimant, as the moving party in a trial de novo requested under
664	Subsection (7)(o), does not obtain a verdict that is at least \$5,000 and is at least 20% greater
665	than the arbitration award, the claimant is responsible for all of the nonmoving party's costs.
666	(ii) If the underinsured motorist carrier, as the moving party in a trial de novo requested
667	under Subsection (7)(o), does not obtain a verdict that is at least 20% less than the arbitration
668	award, the underinsured motorist carrier is responsible for all of the nonmoving party's costs.
669	(iii) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(q)(iv), the costs under this Subsection (7)(q)
670	shall include:
671	(A) any costs set forth in Rule 54(d), Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; and
672	(B) the costs of expert witnesses and depositions.
673	(iv) An award of costs under this Subsection (7)(a) may not exceed \$2,500.

674	(r) For purposes of determining whether a party's verdict is greater or less than the
675	arbitration award under Subsection (7)(q), a court may not consider any recovery or other relief
676	granted on a claim for damages if the claim for damages:
677	(i) was not fully disclosed in writing prior to the arbitration proceeding; or
678	(ii) was not disclosed in response to discovery contrary to the Utah Rules of Civil
679	Procedure.
680	(s) If a district court determines, upon a motion of the nonmoving party, that the
681	moving party's use of the trial de novo process was filed in bad faith in accordance with
682	Section 78-27-56, the district court may award reasonable attorney fees to the nonmoving
683	party.
684	(t) Nothing in this section is intended to limit any claim under any other portion of an
685	applicable insurance policy.
686	(u) If there are multiple underinsured motorist policies, as set forth in Subsection (3),
687	the claimant may elect to arbitrate in one hearing the claims against all the underinsured
688	motorist carriers.