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PERSONAL INJURY PROTECTION COVERAGE
AMENDMENTS
2009 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Todd E. Kiser
Senate Sponsor: Gregory S. Bell
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill allows a presumptive personal representative to present and resolve a claim
for applicable benefits payable under personal injury protection coverage resulting
from the death of an insured.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
► allows a presumptive personal representative to present and resolve a claim for
applicable benefits payable under personal injury protection coverage resulting
from the death of an insured.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
<b>78B-3-106.5</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 259
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>78B-3-106.5</b> is amended to read:
78B-3-106.5. Claims brought by presumptive personal representative.
(1) "Presumptive personal representative" means:

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30 (a) the spouse of the decedent not alleged to have contributed to the death of the 31 decedent; 32 (b) if no spouse exists, the spouse of the decedent is incapacitated, or if the spouse of 33 the decedent is alleged to have contributed to the death of the decedent, then an adult child of 34 the decedent not alleged to have contributed to the death of the decedent; or 35 (c) if the spouse and all children of the decedent are incapacitated, or are alleged to 36 have contributed to the death of the decedent, then a parent of the decedent. 37 (2) Forty-five days after the death of a person, including a minor, caused by the 38 wrongful act or neglect of another, the presumptive personal representative may present and 39 resolve a claim for policy limits up to \$25,000 for liability and uninsured motorist claims, and \$10,000 for underinsured motorist claims, arising out of that death to an insurer and may 40 41 execute a release of liability upon presentation of an affidavit, properly notarized, stating that: 42 (a) the person presenting the affidavit is the presumptive personal representative; (b) 45 days have elapsed since the death of the decedent; 43 (c) no application or petition for the appointment of a personal representative is 44 45 pending or has been granted in any jurisdiction; and 46 (d) notice of intent to resolve the claim has been sent to the last-known addresses of all 47 heirs as defined by Section 78B-3-102 or 78B-3-105. 48 (3) The presumptive personal representative may also present and resolve a claim for any applicable benefits payable under personal injury protection coverage, resulting from the 49 50 death of an insured. 51 [<del>(3)</del>] (4) The presumptive personal representative's claim shall be on behalf of all heirs 52 of the decedent as defined by Section 78B-3-102 or 78B-3-105. The personal representative 53 shall have the same duties toward other heirs as those duties provided in Sections 75-3-701 54 through 75-3-720. 55 [(4)] (5) Any insurer and its insured paying a claim arising out of the wrongful death of a person, including a minor, including but not limited to claims for uninsured or 56 57 underinsured motorist coverage as provided in Section 31A-22-305, to a presumptive personal

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authorized under this section; and]

representative upon presentation of an affidavit as described in Subsection (2) are discharged and released to the same extent as if the insurer and its insured dealt with a personal representative of the decedent. The insurer and its insured are not required to inquire into the truth of any statement in the affidavit. [(5)] (6) Nothing in this section affects or prevents, to the limits of insurance protection only, any claim for first party benefits or a proceeding to establish the liability of a tort feasor insured under any policy of insurance in addition to the policy under which the claim was presented and paid under Subsection (2). [(6)] (7) If any heirs are minors, the presumptive personal representative may not distribute more than 50% of the proceeds of the settlement until the distribution has been approved by a court approved settlement in which a conservator is appointed for any minor heirs. [(7) (a) During the 2008 interim, the Judiciary Interim Committee shall study the results of implementing the use of presumptive personal representatives in wrongful death claims as provided in this section. [(b) The Judiciary Interim Committee shall:] [(i) study the impact of claims brought by presumptive personal representatives

(ii) consider any other issues regarding presumptive personal representatives.