

1 **SPECIAL ELECTION DATE FOR BALLOT PROPOSITIONS**

2 2013 GENERAL SESSION

3 STATE OF UTAH

4

5 **LONG TITLE**

6 **General Description:**

7 This bill amends provisions related to the timing of a special election for certain ballot
8 propositions.

9 **Highlighted Provisions:**

10 This bill:

- 11 ▶ requires an election for a bond, debt, leeway, levy, or tax to take place on the first
- 12 Tuesday after the first Monday in November; and
- 13 ▶ makes technical and conforming amendments.

14 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

15 None

16 **Other Special Clauses:**

17 None

18 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

19 AMENDS:

- 20 **10-1-404**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 253
- 21 **11-14-203**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
- 22 **17B-1-1001**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 40
- 23 **17B-2a-608**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 159
- 24 **17B-2a-705**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
- 25 **17B-2a-817**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 159
- 26 **17B-2a-1009**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 159
- 27 **17D-1-503**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
- 28 **20A-1-203**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 359
- 29 **20A-1-204**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 359
- 30 **20A-5-400.5**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 310

32 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

33 Section 1. Section **10-1-404** is amended to read:

34 **10-1-404. Municipal telecommunications license tax ordinance provisions.**

35 An ordinance required by Subsection 10-1-403(1) shall include a provision that:

36 (1) levies a municipal telecommunications license tax:

37 (a) on the gross receipts from telecommunications service attributed to the municipality
38 in accordance with Section 10-1-407;

39 (b) at a rate:

40 (i) not to exceed the rate specified in Subsection 10-1-403(1)(c); and

41 (ii) subject to the requirements of Section 10-1-407; and

42 (c) beginning on a date:

43 (i) on or after July 1, 2004; and

44 (ii) subject to the requirements of Section 10-1-403;

45 (2) on or before the effective date of the ordinance, the municipality shall enter into the
46 uniform interlocal agreement with the commission described in Section 10-1-405 under which
47 the commission collects, enforces, and administers the municipal telecommunications license
48 tax;

49 (3) exempts a municipality from the limitation on the rate that may be imposed under
50 Subsection (1)(b)(i) if the exemption from the limitation on the rate that may be imposed under
51 Subsection (1)(b)(i) is approved by a majority vote of the voters in the municipality that vote
52 in:

53 (a) a municipal general election; or

54 (b) a regular general election; [~~or~~] and

55 [~~(c) a local special election; and~~]

56 (4) incorporates the provisions of Section 10-1-408.

57 Section 2. Section **11-14-203** is amended to read:

58 **11-14-203. Time for election -- Equipment -- Election officials -- Combining**
59 **precincts.**

60 (1) (a) The local political subdivision shall ensure that bond elections are conducted
61 and administered according to the procedures set forth in this chapter and the sections of the
62 Election Code specifically referenced by this chapter.

63 (b) When a local political subdivision complies with those procedures, there is a
64 presumption that the bond election was properly administered.

65 (2) (a) A bond election may be held, and the proposition for the issuance of bonds may
66 be submitted, on the same date as ~~[any] the regular general [or] election, the municipal general~~
67 election held in the local political subdivision calling the bond election, or at a special election
68 called for the purpose on a date authorized by Section 20A-1-204.

69 (b) A bond election may not be held, nor a proposition for issuance of bonds be
70 submitted, at the Western States Presidential Primary election established in Title 20A, Chapter
71 9, Part 8, Western States Presidential Primary.

72 (3) (a) The bond election shall be conducted and administered by the election officer
73 designated in Sections 20A-1-102 and 20A-5-400.5.

74 (b) (i) The duties of the election officer shall be governed by Title 20A, Chapter 5, Part
75 4, Election Officer's Duties.

76 (ii) The publishing requirement under Subsection 20A-5-405(1)(j)(iii) does not apply
77 when notice of a bond election has been provided according to the requirements of Section
78 11-14-202.

79 (c) The hours during which the polls are to be open shall be consistent with Section
80 20A-1-302.

81 (d) The appointment and duties of election judges shall be governed by Title 20A,
82 Chapter 5, Part 6, Election Judges.

83 (e) General voting procedures shall be conducted according to the requirements of Title
84 20A, Chapter 3, Voting.

85 (f) The designation of election crimes and offenses, and the requirements for the
86 prosecution and adjudication of those crimes and offenses are set forth in Title 20A, Election
87 Code.

88 (4) When a bond election is being held on a day when no other election is being held in
89 the local political subdivision calling the bond election, voting precincts may be combined for
90 purposes of bond elections so long as no voter is required to vote outside the county in which
91 the voter resides.

92 (5) When a bond election is being held on the same day as any other election held in a
93 local political subdivision calling the bond election, or in some part of that local political

94 subdivision, the polling places and election officials serving for the other election may also
95 serve as the polling places and election officials for the bond election, so long as no voter is
96 required to vote outside the county in which the voter resides.

97 Section 3. Section **17B-1-1001** is amended to read:

98 **17B-1-1001. Provisions applicable to property tax levy.**

99 (1) Each local district that levies and collects property taxes shall levy and collect them
100 according to the provisions of Title 59, Chapter 2, Property Tax Act.

101 (2) As used in this section, "elected official" means a local district board of trustees
102 member who:

103 (a) is elected to the board of trustees by local district voters at an election held for that
104 purpose, including a member elected under Subsection (4);

105 (b) holds, at the time of appointment to the board of trustees, an elected position with a
106 municipality, county, or another local district that is partially or completely included within the
107 boundaries of the local district;

108 (c) is appointed in accordance with Subsection 17B-1-303(5) or 17B-1-306(4)(f); or

109 (d) is considered to be elected in accordance with Subsection 17B-1-306(4)(g).

110 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a local district may not levy or collect
111 property tax revenue that exceeds the certified tax rate during a taxable year that begins on or
112 after January 1, 2011.

113 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a local district may levy or collect property tax
114 revenue that exceeds the certified tax rate during a taxable year that begins on or after January
115 1, 2011, if:

116 (i) and to the extent that the revenue from the property tax was pledged before January
117 1, 2011, to pay for bonds or other obligations of the local district;

118 (ii) the members of the board of trustees are all elected officials;

119 (iii) the majority of the board of trustees are elected officials; or

120 (iv) the proposed tax or increase in the property tax rate has been approved by:

121 (A) a majority of the registered voters within the local district at an election held for
122 that purpose on a date specified in Section 20A-1-204;

123 (B) the legislative body of the appointing authority; or

124 (C) the legislative body of:

125 (I) a majority of the municipalities partially or completely included within the
126 boundary of the specified local district; or

127 (II) the county in which the specified local district is located, if the county has some or
128 all of its unincorporated area included within the boundary of the specified local district.

129 (4) (a) Notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Provisions
130 Applicable to Different Types of Local Districts, and for purposes of Subsection (3)(b),
131 members of the board of trustees of a local district shall be elected, if, subject to Subsection
132 (4)(b):

133 (i) two-thirds of all members of the board of trustees of the local district vote in favor
134 of changing to an elected board; and

135 (ii) the legislative body of each municipality or county that appoints a member to the
136 board of trustees adopts a resolution approving the change to an elected board.

137 (b) A change to an elected board of trustees under Subsection (4)(a) may not shorten
138 the term of any member of the board of trustees serving at the time of the change.

139 (5) Subsections (2), (3), and (4) do not apply to:

140 (a) Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 6, Metropolitan Water District Act;

141 (b) Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 10, Water Conservancy District Act; or

142 (c) a local district in which:

143 (i) the board of trustees consists solely of:

144 (A) land owners or the land owners' agents; or

145 (B) as described in Subsection 17B-1-302(1)(c), land owners or the land owners' agents
146 or officers; and

147 (ii) there are no residents within the local district at the time a property tax is levied.

148 Section 4. Section **17B-2a-608** is amended to read:

149 **17B-2a-608. Limit on property tax authority -- Exceptions.**

150 (1) As used in this section, "elected official" means a metropolitan water district board
151 of trustee member who is elected to the board of trustees by metropolitan water district voters
152 at an election held for that purpose.

153 (2) The board of trustees of a metropolitan water district may not collect property tax
154 revenue in a tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2015, that would exceed the certified tax
155 rate under Section 59-2-924 unless:

- 156 (a) the members of the board of trustees are all elected officials; or
 157 (b) the proposed tax levy has previously been approved by:
 158 (i) a majority of the metropolitan water district voters at an election held for that
 159 purpose on a date specified in Section 20A-1-204; or
 160 (ii) the legislative body of each municipality that appoints a member to the board of
 161 trustees under Section [~~17B-2a-204~~] 17B-2a-206.

162 Section 5. Section **17B-2a-705** is amended to read:

163 **17B-2a-705. Taxation -- Additional levy -- Election.**

164 (1) If a mosquito abatement district board of trustees determines that the funds required
 165 during the next ensuing fiscal year will exceed the maximum amount that the district is
 166 authorized to levy under Subsection 17B-1-103(2)(g), the board of trustees may call an election
 167 on a date specified in Section 20A-1-204 and submit to district voters the question of whether
 168 the district should be authorized to impose an additional tax to raise the necessary additional
 169 funds.

170 (2) The board shall, for at least four weeks before the election:

171 (a) publish notice of the election in a daily or weekly newspaper published in the
 172 district; or

173 (b) if there is no daily or weekly newspaper published in the district, post notice of the
 174 election in three public places in the district.

175 (3) No particular form of ballot is required, and no informalities in conducting the
 176 election may invalidate the election, if it is otherwise fairly conducted.

177 (4) At the election each ballot shall contain the words, "Shall the district be authorized
 178 to impose an additional tax to raise the additional sum of \$____?"

179 (5) The board of trustees shall canvass the votes cast at the election, and, if a majority
 180 of the votes cast are in favor of the imposition of the tax, the district is authorized to impose an
 181 additional levy to raise the additional amount of money required.

182 Section 6. Section **17B-2a-817** is amended to read:

183 **17B-2a-817. Voter approval required for property tax levy.**

184 Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 17B-1-1001 and in addition to a property tax
 185 under Section 17B-1-1103 to pay general obligation bonds of the district, a public transit
 186 district may levy a property tax, as provided in and subject to Chapter 1, Part 10, Local District

187 Property Tax Levy, if:

188 (1) the district first submits the proposal to levy the property tax to voters within the
189 district; and

190 (2) a majority of voters within the district voting on the proposal vote in favor of the
191 tax at an election held for that purpose on a date specified in Section 20A-1-204.

192 Section 7. Section **17B-2a-1009** is amended to read:

193 **17B-2a-1009. Limit on property tax authority -- Exceptions.**

194 (1) As used in this section, "elected official" means a water conservancy district board
195 of trustee member who:

196 (a) is elected to the board of trustees by water conservancy district voters at an election
197 held for that purpose;

198 (b) holds, at the time of appointment to the board of trustees, an elected position with a
199 municipality, county, or local district that is partially or completely included within the
200 boundaries of the water conservancy district; or

201 (c) is appointed in accordance with Subsection 17B-1-303(5) or 17B-1-306(4)(f) or (g).

202 (2) The board of trustees of a water conservancy district may not collect property tax
203 revenue in a tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2015, that would exceed the certified tax
204 rate under Section 59-2-924 unless:

205 (a) the members of the board of trustees are all elected officials;

206 (b) the majority of the board of trustees are elected officials; or

207 (c) the proposed tax levy has previously been approved by:

208 (i) a majority of the water conservancy district voters at an election held for that
209 purpose on a date specified in Section 20A-1-204; or

210 (ii) for a district described in Subsection 17B-2a-1005(2)(b), the appointing authority.

211 Section 8. Section **17D-1-503** is amended to read:

212 **17D-1-503. Levy to pay for general obligation bonds.**

213 (1) (a) If a special service district has issued general obligation bonds, or expects to
214 have debt service payments due on general obligation bonds during the current year, the
215 legislative body of the county or municipality that created the special service district may make
216 an annual levy of ad valorem property taxes in order to:

217 (i) pay the principal of and interest on the general obligation bonds;

218 (ii) establish a sinking fund for defaults and future debt service on the general
219 obligation bonds; and

220 (iii) establish a reserve to secure payment of the general obligation bonds.

221 (b) A levy under Subsection (1)(a) is:

222 (i) without limitation as to rate or amount; and

223 (ii) subject to the prior approval of a majority of registered voters of the special service
224 district voting in an election held for that purpose on a date specified in Section 20A-1-204.

225 (2) (a) Each county or municipality that levies a tax under Subsection (1) shall:

226 (i) levy the tax as a separate and special levy for the specific purposes stated in
227 Subsection (1); and

228 (ii) apply the proceeds from the levy solely for the purpose of paying the principal of
229 and interest on the general obligation bonds, even though the proceeds may be used to establish
230 or replenish a sinking fund under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) or a reserve under Subsection (1)(a)(iii).

231 (b) A levy under Subsection (2)(a) is not subject to a priority in favor of a special
232 service district obligation in existence at the time the bonds were issued.

233 Section 9. Section **20A-1-203** is amended to read:

234 **20A-1-203. Calling and purpose of special elections -- Two-thirds vote**
235 **limitations.**

236 (1) Statewide and local special elections may be held for any purpose authorized by
237 law.

238 (2) (a) Statewide special elections shall be conducted using the procedure for regular
239 general elections.

240 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this title, local special elections shall be conducted
241 using the procedures for regular municipal elections.

242 (3) The governor may call a statewide special election by issuing an executive order
243 that designates:

244 (a) the date for the statewide special election; and

245 (b) the purpose for the statewide special election.

246 (4) The Legislature may call a statewide special election by passing a joint or
247 concurrent resolution that designates:

248 (a) the date for the statewide special election; and

- 249 (b) the purpose for the statewide special election.
- 250 (5) (a) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special
 251 election only for:
- 252 (i) a vote on a bond or debt issue;
- 253 (ii) a vote on a voted local levy authorized by Section 53A-16-110 or 53A-17a-133;
- 254 (iii) an initiative authorized by Chapter 7, Part 5, Local Initiatives - Procedures;
- 255 (iv) a referendum authorized by Chapter 7, Part 6, Local Referenda - Procedures;
- 256 (v) if required or authorized by federal law, a vote to determine whether or not Utah's
 257 legal boundaries should be changed;
- 258 (vi) a vote authorized or required by Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
- 259 (vii) a vote to elect members to school district boards for a new school district and a
 260 remaining school district, as defined in Section 53A-2-117, following the creation of a new
 261 school district under Section 53A-2-118.1; or
- 262 (viii) an election of town officers of a newly incorporated town under Section
 263 10-2-128.
- 264 (b) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special election
 265 by adopting an ordinance or resolution that designates:
- 266 (i) the date for the local special election as authorized by Section 20A-1-204; and
- 267 (ii) the purpose for the local special election.
- 268 (c) A local political subdivision may not call a local special election unless the
 269 ordinance or resolution calling a local special election under Subsection (5)(b) is adopted by a
 270 two-thirds majority of all members of the legislative body, if the local special election is for:
- 271 (i) a vote on a bond or debt issue as described in Subsection (5)(a)(i);
- 272 (ii) a vote on a voted leeway or levy program as described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii); or
- 273 (iii) a vote authorized or required for a sales tax issue as described in Subsection
 274 (5)(a)(vi).
- 275 Section 10. Section **20A-1-204** is amended to read:
- 276 **20A-1-204. Date of special election -- Legal effect.**
- 277 (1) (a) [~~The~~] Except as provided by Subsection (1)(d), the governor, Legislature, or the
 278 legislative body of a local political subdivision calling a statewide special election or local
 279 special election under Section 20A-1-203 shall schedule the special election to be held on:

- 280 (i) the fourth Tuesday in June;
- 281 (ii) the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November; or
- 282 (iii) for an election of town officers of a newly incorporated town under Section
- 283 10-2-128, on any date that complies with the requirements of that subsection.
- 284 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), the governor, Legislature, or the legislative
- 285 body of a local political subdivision calling a statewide special election or local special election
- 286 under Section 20A-1-203 may not schedule a special election to be held on any other date.
- 287 (c) (i) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (1)(b) or (1)(d), the legislative
- 288 body of a local political subdivision may call a local special election on a date other than those
- 289 specified in this section if the legislative body:
- 290 (A) determines and declares that there is a disaster, as defined in Section 63K-3-102,
- 291 requiring that a special election be held on a date other than the ones authorized in statute;
- 292 (B) identifies specifically the nature of the disaster, as defined in Section 63K-3-102,
- 293 and the reasons for holding the special election on that other date; and
- 294 (C) votes unanimously to hold the special election on that other date.
- 295 (ii) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may not call a local special
- 296 election for the date established in Chapter 9, Part 8, Western States Presidential Primary, for
- 297 Utah's Western States Presidential Primary.
- 298 (d) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may only call a special election
- 299 for a ballot proposition related to a bond, debt, leeway, levy, or tax on the first Tuesday after
- 300 the first Monday in November.
- 301 [~~(d)~~] (e) Nothing in this section prohibits:
- 302 (i) the governor or Legislature from submitting a matter to the voters at the regular
- 303 general election if authorized by law; or
- 304 (ii) a local government from submitting a matter to the voters at the regular municipal
- 305 election if authorized by law.
- 306 (2) (a) Two or more entities shall comply with Subsection (2)(b) if those entities hold a
- 307 special election within a county on the same day as:
- 308 (i) another special election;
- 309 (ii) a regular general election; or
- 310 (iii) a municipal general election.

- 311 (b) Entities described in Subsection (2)(a) shall, to the extent practicable, coordinate:
312 (i) polling places;
313 (ii) ballots;
314 (iii) election officials; and
315 (iv) other administrative and procedural matters connected with the election.

316 Section 11. Section **20A-5-400.5** is amended to read:

317 **20A-5-400.5. Election officer for bond and leeway elections.**

318 (1) When a voted leeway or bond election is held on the regular general election date
319 [~~or regular primary election date~~], the county clerk shall serve as the provider election officer to
320 conduct that election.

321 (2) (a) When a voted leeway or bond election is held on the municipal general election
322 date or any other election date permitted for special elections under Section 20A-1-204, and the
323 local political subdivision calling the election is entirely within the boundaries of the
324 unincorporated county, the county clerk shall serve as the provider election officer to conduct
325 that election subject to Subsection (3).

326 (b) When a voted leeway or bond election is held on the municipal general election
327 date or any other election date permitted for special elections under Section 20A-1-204, and the
328 local political subdivision calling the election is entirely within the boundaries of a
329 municipality, the municipal clerk for that municipality shall, except as provided in Subsection
330 (3), serve as the provider election officer to conduct that election.

331 (c) When a voted leeway or bond election is held on the municipal general election
332 date or any other election date permitted for special elections under Section 20A-1-204, and the
333 local political subdivision calling the election extends beyond the boundaries of a single
334 municipality:

335 (i) except as provided in Subsection (3), the municipal clerk shall serve as the provider
336 election officer to conduct the election for those portions of the local political subdivision
337 where the municipal general election or other election is being held; and

338 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (3), the county clerk shall serve as the provider
339 election officer to conduct the election for the unincorporated county and for those portions of
340 any municipality where no municipal general election or other election is being held.

341 (3) When a voted leeway or bond election is held on a date when no other election,

342 other than another voted leeway or bond election, is being held in the entire area comprising
343 the local political subdivision calling the voted leeway or bond election:

344 (a) the clerk or chief executive officer of a local district or the business administrator or
345 superintendent of the school district, as applicable, shall serve as the election officer to conduct
346 the bond election for those portions of the local political subdivision in which no other
347 election, other than another voted leeway or bond election, is being held, unless the local
348 district or school district has contracted with a provider election officer; and

349 (b) the county clerk, municipal clerk, or both, as determined by the local political
350 subdivision holding the bond election, shall serve as the provider election officer to conduct the
351 bond election for those portions of the local political subdivision in which another election,
352 other than another voted leeway or bond election, is being held.

353 (4) A provider election officer required by this section to conduct an election for a local
354 political subdivision shall comply with Section 20A-5-400.1.