Fiscal Note
H.B. 453
2015 General Session
Restitution for Incarceration Costs
Amendments
by Ray, P.

General, Education, and Uniform School Funds
JR4-5-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (rev.-exp.)	$(44,300)	$0	$(44,300)

State Government
UCA 36-12-13(2)(b)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact state revenue.

Revenues	*FY 2015*	*FY 2016*	*FY 2017*
Total Revenues	$0	$0	$0

Assuming about 1,000 hearings to determine inmate indigence, this may cost the Courts about $44,300 ongoing from the General Fund beginning in FY 2016.

Expenditures	*FY 2015*	*FY 2016*	*FY 2017*
General Fund	$0	$44,300	$44,300
Total Expenditures	$0	$44,300	$44,300
Net All Funds	$0	$(44,300)	$(44,300)

Local Government
UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

Individuals & Businesses
UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Offenders in county jails found impecunious through a hearing could avoid restitution of incarceration payments.

Performance Note
JR4-2-404

No performance note required for this bill

Notes on Notes
Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.

2015/03/09 09:23, Lead Analyst: Gary R. Syphus Attorney: SCA