2017/03/08 09:21, Lead Analyst: Andrea Wilko Attorney: PLA

Enactment of this bill creates a state nonrefundable rural job creation tax credit for credit-eligible С i (

Devenues			51/0040
authorized in the bill.			
Office of Economic Development could colle	ct \$50,000 in dedic	ated credits annually fro	om the fee
	•		
Because of the 7 year carry forward the reve	enue impact could e	extend out to FY 2032. T	he Governor"s
FY 2025. The total credit-eligible contribution	ns is capped at \$24	,360,000 spread over at	least 4 years.
on timing of the credits, the Education Fund	revenue loss could	be \$6,090,000 annually	in FY 2022 to
in rural counties. The number of taxpayers w	•		
contributions to a rural investment company	•	•	

Revenues	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Dedicated Credits	\$0	\$50,000	\$50,000
Total Revenues	\$0	\$50,000	\$50,000

Enactment of this bill could cost the Governor's Office \$50,000 annually from dedicated credits beginning in FY 2018 for a half FTE to administer and certify the credits.

Expenditures	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Dedicated Credits	\$0	\$50,000	\$50,000
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$50,000	\$50,000
Net All Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

Local Government

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

Individuals & Businesses

Enactment of this bill creates a state nonrefundable rural job creation tax credit for contributions to a rural investment company that invests in eligible small businesses primarily located in rural counties. The number of taxpayers who would be eligible for the tax credit is unknown. The total credit-eligible contributions is capped at \$24,360,000.

General, Education, and Uniform School Funds

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (revexp.)	\$0	\$0	\$0

by Okerlund, R. (Wilson, Brad.)

Fiscal Note

2017 General Session Utah Rural Jobs Act



State Government



ω 267 3rd Sub. (Ivory)

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UCA 36-12-13(2)(b)

JR4-5-101

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

JR4-2-404

No performance note required for this bill

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.