



Fiscal Note
H.B. 72 1st Sub. (Buff)
 2021 General Session
 Device Filter Amendments
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General, Education, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (rev.-exp.)	\$0	\$0	\$0

State Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0

If the requirements of the contingent effective date are achieved and this bill becomes law, enactment of this bill could generate \$158 into the General and \$42 into various funds and accounts per case from filing fees. The Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice could also collect \$250 to the Crime Victim Reparations Fund for each compliance penalty paid, and up to \$1,250 to the Crime Victim Reparations Fund for each civil penalty issued by the court. If the Attorney General's Office chooses to bring action against the violator of the provisions of this bill, the Attorney General's Office could collect up to \$1,250 to the General Fund for each civil penalty issued by the court.

Expenditures	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0

If the requirements of the contingent effective date are achieved and this bill becomes law, enactment of this bill could cost the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice \$21,000 one-time in the fiscal year this becomes law from the Crime Victim Reparations Fund for programming costs to track the information required in this bill. The Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice has indicated that they can absorb these costs. This bill could also cost the Judiciary \$175 from the General Fund in workload costs for each case brought to the court. If the Attorney General's Office chooses to bring action against the violator of the provisions of this bill, the bill could cost \$2,000 from the General Fund for each case.

	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Net All Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

Local Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

If the requirements of the contingent effective date are achieved and this bill becomes law, enactment of this bill could cost the violators of the provisions of this bill \$500 for each compliance penalty, up to \$2,500 for each civil penalty, and an unknown amount for court costs and attorney fees. The noticing party could receive \$250 for each compliance penalty paid and if the Attorney General's Office does not choose to bring action against the violator of the provisions of this bill, a private plaintiff could collect up to \$1,300 for each civil penalty paid.

Regulatory Impact

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation could result in a large increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Note

JR4-2-404

No performance note required for this bill

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.