

Superseded 5/12/2015

53A-1-907 Legislative review and approval of federal education agreements.

- (1)
 - (a) Before legally binding the state by executing a federal education agreement that may cost education entities more than \$1,000,000 annually from state and local money to implement, the school official shall:
 - (i) submit the proposed federal education agreement to the governor for the governor's approval or rejection as required by Section 53A-1-906; and
 - (ii) if the governor approves the federal education agreement, submit the federal education agreement to the Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature for its review and recommendations.
 - (b) The Executive Appropriations Committee shall review the federal education agreement and may:
 - (i) recommend that the school official execute the federal education agreement;
 - (ii) recommend that the school official reject the federal education agreement; or
 - (iii) recommend to the governor that the governor call a special session of the Legislature to review and approve or reject the federal education agreement.
- (2)
 - (a) Before legally binding the state by executing a federal education agreement that may cost education entities more than \$5,000,000 annually to implement, a school official shall:
 - (i) submit the proposed federal education agreement to the governor for the governor's approval or rejection as required by Section 53A-1-906; and
 - (ii) if the governor approves the federal education agreement, submit the federal education agreement to the Legislature for its approval in an annual general session or a special session.
 - (b)
 - (i) If the Legislature approves the federal education agreement, the school official may execute the agreement.
 - (ii) If the Legislature rejects the federal education agreement, the school official may not execute the agreement.
 - (c) If a school official executes a federal education agreement without obtaining the Legislature's approval under this Subsection (2):
 - (i) the governor may issue an executive order declaring the federal education agreement void;
or
 - (ii) the Legislature may pass a joint resolution declaring the federal education agreement void.