

HR4-4-401 Concurrence calendar.

- (1) After the chief clerk or the chief clerk's designee reads the transmittal letter from the Senate informing the House that the Senate has amended a piece of House legislation, the presiding officer shall place the legislation on the concurrence calendar.
- (2)
 - (a) During the first 43 days of the annual general session, the legislation shall remain on the concurrence calendar for at least one legislative day before the House may consider the question of concurrence.
 - (b) During the last two days of the annual general session, and during any special session, the House may consider legislation for concurrence after the House has been given a reasonable time to review the Senate amendments.
- (3)
 - (a) When presenting legislation to the House for concurrence, the presiding officer shall ask the sponsor of the legislation for a motion.
 - (b) The sponsor of the legislation may move to either:
 - (i) concur with the Senate amendments; or
 - (ii) refuse to concur with the Senate amendments and ask the Senate to recede from their amendments.
- (4)
 - (a) If a motion to concur with the Senate amendments passes by majority vote, the presiding officer shall open the vote on final passage of the legislation.
 - (b) If a motion to concur with the Senate amendments passes by a majority vote but the legislation fails to pass the final vote:
 - (i) a motion to reconsider the final vote on the legislation is in order; and
 - (ii) if a motion to reconsider the final vote on the legislation is successful, the legislation shall be placed on the concurrence calendar and a motion to reconsider the vote to concur with the Senate amendments is in order.
 - (c) If a motion to concur with the Senate amendments fails, a motion to refuse to concur with the Senate amendments and ask the Senate to recede from its amendments is in order.
- (5) If a motion to refuse to concur with the Senate amendments and ask the Senate to recede from its amendments passes by a majority vote:
 - (a) the chief clerk shall return the legislation to the Senate for its further action; and
 - (b) if the Senate refuses to recede, the Senate and House shall follow the procedures and requirements of JR3-2-601 relating to the appointment of a conference committee.