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STATE OLYMPIC COORDINATION AMENDMENTS

1999 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Sponsor: Jordan Tanner

Perry L. Buckner

AN ACT RELATING TO STATE OLYMPIC COORDINATION; MODIFYING THE MEMBERSHIP AND DUTIES OF THE UTAH SPORTS ADVISORY COMMITTEE; CREATING THE OLYMPIC COORDINATION COMMITTEE; PROVIDING FOR MEMBERSHIP AND DUTIES; AMENDING PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE APPROVAL OF OLYMPIC ORGANIZING COMMITTEE BUDGETS; STATING THAT THE STATE IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DEBT OR OBLIGATION OF SLOC; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:

AMENDS:

63A-7-106, as last amended by Chapters 202 and 343, Laws of Utah 1998

63A-7-107, as last amended by Chapter 194, Laws of Utah 1996

63A-7-111, as last amended by Chapters 146 and 276, Laws of Utah 1997

63A-7-112, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1995

ENACTS:

63A-10-109, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **63A-7-106** is amended to read:

- 63A-7-106. Financial plan approval by governor and mayor -- Requirements for review -- State Olympic Officer access to and report on financial information.
- (1) [(a)] Any public sports entity that hosts, organizes, conducts, or operates the Olympic Winter Games shall:
- [(i) quarterly] (a) no later than 45 days after the last day of each calendar quarter, submit [the financial plan] a budget for hosting the games, including any substantive or material changes to the budget since it was last submitted, to the governor and the mayor of Salt Lake City for

review and approval;

- (b) submit to the State Olympic Officer:
- (i) financial information requested by the State Olympic Officer that is substantially similar to monthly and quarterly reports that are prepared by the public sports entity for a financial institution providing the public sports entity with one or more revolving or other lines of credit;
- (ii) by no later than December 31, 2000, written identification of contracts and payment amounts, which the public sports entity intends to use to fully fund its obligations described in Subsection (2)(e); and
 - (iii) any other financial records requested by the State Olympic Officer;
- [(ii)] (c) annually provide to the State Olympic Officer in a form that meets generally accepted accounting principles, except as noted in the audit opinion, the public sports entity's balance sheet, income statement, cash flow statement, and the entity's current operating performance as compared to its budget; and
- [(iii)] (d) provide the State Olympic Officer reasonable access during normal business hours to the financial ledgers of the public sports entity.
- (2) The budget submitted by a public sports entity pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), shall contain any information requested by the governor, and the mayor of Salt Lake City, as well as documentation that the budget and accompanying information:
- (a) includes reliable revenue projections that are estimated to adequately cover anticipated expenditures under the budget;
 - (b) includes projected cash flow estimates;
 - (c) includes reasonably prudent budget contingencies;
- (d) maintains, supports, and protects the state's security interest in revenues of the Salt Lake

 Organizing Committee for the Olympic Winter Games of 2002, in accordance with joint resolutions

 adopted by the Legislature; and
- (e) provides for payment of all obligations of the Salt Lake Organizing Committee for the Olympic Winter Games of 2002 that are due to:
 - (i) the state, including:

- (A) repayment to the Utah Sports Authority of the actual total funds expended or incurred by the Utah Sports Authority through April 15, 1999, from the Olympics Special Revenue Fund, not to exceed \$59,000,000, in accordance with joint resolutions adopted by the Legislature;
- (B) payment to the state of an amount equal to the bond obligations owed with respect to the State Building Ownership Authority bond, in accordance with the requirements of S.J.R.14 passed

by the Legislature in the 1998 General Session; and

- (C) payment for services or property in accordance with Section 63A-10-107;
- (ii) the Utah Athletic Foundation, including the payment of \$40,000,000 in accordance with joint resolutions adopted by the Legislature; and
- (iii) the University of Utah, for use of the university's stadium for opening and closing ceremonies in accordance with the requirements of the Ceremonies Agreement dated July 28, 1997.
- (3) (a) Beginning the first of fiscal year 1999-2000, the governor shall, no less often than semi-annually, provide a written review and determination regarding his decision whether to approve the budget described in Subsection (1)(a). Based on information available at the time of the governor's review, the governor shall determine whether the budget and accompanying information includes the requirements described in Subsection (2).
- (b) The governor shall provide a copy of his written semi-annual review and also, if approved, his written approval to the:
 - (i) president of the Senate;
 - (ii) speaker of the House of Representatives; and
 - (iii) Olympic Coordination Committee, created pursuant to Section 63A-10-109.
- (c) The governor's written review and approval, as described in this Subsection (3), does not constitute a guarantee or certification by the governor regarding the public sports entity's budget.
- (4) (a) No later than 15 days following the submission of the budget pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), the State Olympic Officer shall report in writing to the Olympic Coordination Committee.

 That report shall include a summary of:
- (i) the quarterly budget provided by a public sports entity, as required by Subsection (1)(a); and

- (ii) the documentation described in Subsection (2).
- (b) The State Olympic Officer's report required by this Subsection (4) does not constitute a guarantee or certification by the State Olympic Officer regarding the public sports entity's budget.
- (5) The review and determination of approval of the budget by the mayor of Salt Lake City, as required by Subsection (1)(a), shall be in accordance with policy guidelines established by the Salt Lake City Council.
- [(b)] (6) The State Olympic Officer may request from the public sports entity access to any other financial records not disclosed under Subsection (1)(a). The public sports entity shall provide the coordinator access to the records if the board of trustees of the public sports entity approves the request.
 - [(2)] (7) The State Olympic Officer shall:
 - (a) distribute the information provided [in] pursuant to Subsection (1)[(a)(ii)] (b) to:
 - (i) the Division of Finance;
 - (ii) the state auditor;
 - (iii) the legislative auditor general;
 - (iv) the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel; and
 - (v) the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst; [and]
- (b) review the information provided [under Subsection] <u>pursuant to Subsections</u> (1) <u>and (2)</u>; and
- (c) report annually to the Sports Advisory Committee and Executive Appropriations Committee concerning the financial plan for hosting the games required under Subsection (1)(a)[(i)], including reporting on the source, timing, reliability of projections, financial soundness, security position, and contractual status of projected revenues and projected expenditures.
- [(3)] (8) At the request of a public sports entity, information obtained by the State Olympic Officer from the public sports entity shall be a protected record under Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access Management Act, if:
 - (a) the record is designated as protected by the public sports entity; and
 - (b) the information is not public information under this chapter or other state or federal laws.

Section 2. Section **63A-7-107** is amended to read:

63A-7-107. Restrictions on public sports entities -- Requirements.

- (1) (a) As a condition to receiving or using any state money to organize, book, schedule, provide, operate, or conduct any public sports event, or to using any public sports facility, each public sports entity shall:
- (i) prior to using any public money, establish internal financial controls, procedures, and plans relating to the use of public money, including personnel hiring policies and contracting procedures that are reviewed and approved by the authority;
- (ii) submit to the authority for review and approval and to the Division of Finance for review, a detailed budget relating to the use of public money, containing budgeted and projected revenues and expenditures, including budgeted salaries funded in whole or in part with public money by position and any other information considered necessary or appropriate by the authority;
- (iii) prior to using any public money, submit to the authority and the Division of Finance for review and approval all agreements, together with all amendments to them, relating to the use of state money or the use of any public sports facility unless the authority board reasonably determines that:
- (A) the size of the project, the scope of the public sports event, or the amount of state money used is of a minimal or insignificant nature, or that compliance with the requirements of Subsection (1)(a)(iii) is unduly burdensome to either the state or the public sports entity; and
 - (B) the exemption is in the public interest;
- (iv) submit to the authority for review and approval and to the Division of Finance for review a detailed plan, together with appropriate supporting materials, under which funds, budgeted or unbudgeted, are:
- (A) identified and earmarked for return and are returned to the Olympics Special Revenue Fund and to each of the state's political subdivisions that provided sales tax revenues under Subsection 59-12-103(4) on a regular basis as required by the authority; and
- (B) identified and earmarked for payment into and paid into an endowment fund for the payment of the operation and maintenance costs of public sports facilities;
 - (v) submit to an annual audit of the state auditor of its use of any public money pursuant to

the guidelines provided for in Section 67-3-1, or cause an annual audit to be made by an independent auditor approved by the state auditor; and

- (vi) submit to audits of the legislative auditor general of its use of any public money pursuant to Section 36-12-15.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the authority may exempt a public sports entity from any of the requirements of Subsection (1)(a) or Section 63A-7-105 if the authority reasonably determines that the matter being exempted does not relate to the use of state money or the use of any public sports facility. When the matter relates to the use of state money or the use of any public sports facility, then an exemption may be granted only when the authority reasonably determines that:
- (i) the size of the project, the scope of the public sports event, the amount of state money used is of a minimal or insignificant nature, or that compliance with the requirements of Subsection (1)(a) or Section 63A-7-105 is unduly burdensome to either the state or the public sports entity; and
 - (ii) that the exemption is in the public interest.
- (2) As a condition to receiving or using any state money to organize, book, schedule, provide, operate, or conduct the Olympic Winter Games or to using any public sports facility to organize, book, schedule, provide, operate, or conduct the Olympic Winter Games, each public sports entity, shall:
- (a) establish and follow a procedure under which its officers, its key employees, and the members of its governing and advisory bodies:
- (i) have no undisclosed economic interest in the Olympic bidding process or the construction, maintenance, operation, engineering, site selection, or management of any public sports facility; and
- (ii) consider the nomination and selection of its members from identifiable constituent groups, including amateur athletic associations and cities and counties where Olympic venues are proposed to be located;
- (b) establish and follow a procedure under which meetings of its full board of trustees are regularly held, open to the public, and for which notices and agendas are publicly posted in advance and minutes and other records are kept, except that the procedure may permit the board of trustees

to hold a closed meeting upon the affirmative vote of 2/3 of the trustees present at an open meeting for any of the following purposes:

- (i) discussion of the character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual;
 - (ii) strategy sessions with respect to:
 - (A) collective bargaining;
 - (B) litigation;
- (C) bidding for the Olympic Winter Games and other events when an open discussion would put the public sports entity at a competitive disadvantage with respect to the other bidders;
- (D) the negotiation, but not approval, of contracts and agreements when an open discussion would prevent the public sports entity from entering into the contract or agreement on the best possible terms; or
 - (E) the purchase of real property;
 - (iii) discussion regarding deployment of security personnel or devices; and
 - (iv) investigative proceedings regarding allegations of criminal or other misconduct;
- (c) establish and follow a procedure under which the entity's overall budget and other information, as described in Subsection (1), is reviewed, adopted, and discussed in open meetings required to be held under the guidelines described in Subsection (2)(b);
- (d) establish and follow procurement procedure pursuant to which no bid may be awarded to a relative of a member or officer of the governing, advisory, or other bodies affiliated with the entity unless the relationship is disclosed to the entity's governing board; and
- (e) establish and follow a procedure under which budgets, expenditures, and selection of sites related to public sports facilities, and public statements and representations related thereto be approved by a majority of the governing or policymaking body of the entity.
- (3) Any public sports entity, any of its officers, its employees, or any member of its governing or advisory bodies that knowingly violates Subsection (2)(a)(i), knowingly fails to disclose any economic interest referred to in Subsection (2)(a)(i), or solely because of the affiliation the officer, employee, or member has with the public sports entity, knowingly receives any economic benefit, is

guilty of a class A misdemeanor and subject to a civil penalty of the greater of \$10,000 or the amount of any such economic benefit.

- (4) A public sports entity and any commission, board, or committee of a public sports entity, is not a commission, board, or committee of a municipality.
- (5) The Salt Lake Olympic Organizing Committee for the Olympic Winter Games of 2002 shall require all parties who contract with that committee, or who provide any service, labor, material, commodity, money, credit, or assistance to that committee, to agree, in writing, to waive any claim they may have against Salt Lake City, the authority, and the state, in connection with that contract or with services rendered pursuant to that contract, and to agree to look solely to the Salt Lake Olympic Organizing Committee for performance and payment.
- (6) The state is not liable or responsible for any contractual or other obligation, debt, liability, or responsibility of the Salt Lake Olympic Organizing Committee for the Olympic Winter Games of 2002 or any other public sports entity.

Section 3. Section **63A-7-111** is amended to read:

63A-7-111. Utah Sports Advisory Committee.

- (1) There is created the Utah Sports Advisory Committee.
- (2) The advisory committee shall consist of the following [17] members:
- (a) five representatives of the Utah League of Cities and Towns, appointed by the Utah League of Cities and Towns;
- (b) two representatives of the Utah Association of Counties, appointed by the Utah Association of Counties;
 - (c) two representatives of Salt Lake City, appointed by the mayor of Salt Lake City;
 - (d) two individuals jointly appointed by the president of the Senate and speaker of the House:
 - (i) who prior to or at the time of appointment are athletes; and
- (ii) that the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House jointly determine fairly represent the interests of athletes that will be served by state programs or facilities related to the responsibilities of the advisory committee; <u>and</u>
 - (e) [three members of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate, not more than

two of whom may be from the same political party; and] the members of the Olympic Coordination Committee, created pursuant to Section 63A-10-109.

- [(f) three members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the House, not more than two of whom may be from the same political party.]
- (3) The president of the Senate and the speaker of the House shall each appoint a legislator to serve as cochairs of the advisory committee.
- (4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), each advisory committee member, except the legislative members, shall serve a four-year term.
- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the chairs of the committee shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment of the members appointed under Subsections (2)(a) through (d), adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of those committee members appointed under Subsections (2)(a) through (d) are staggered so that approximately half are appointed every two years.
- (5) (a) If [the] <u>a</u> member <u>serving pursuant to Subsection (2)(e)</u> no longer serves in the Legislature, a vacancy is created.
- (b) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.
- (c) An advisory committee member shall continue to hold office until the advisory committee member's successor has been appointed and qualified.
- (d) (i) When a vacancy occurs or a term expires in the membership of an individual appointed under Subsection (2)(a) or (b), the appointing authority shall reappoint the individual or appoint a replacement within 90 days of the date the vacancy occurs or member's term expires.
- (ii) If the appointing authority fails to appoint a member within the 90 days required by Subsection (5)(d)(i), the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House shall jointly make the appointment.
- (6) Any advisory committee member is eligible for reappointment but may not serve more than four full consecutive terms.
 - (7) (a) The advisory committee shall meet at least [quarterly] semiannually and at other times

at the call of the cochairs.

(b) A majority of the membership on the advisory committee is required for a quorum to conduct committee business. A majority vote of the quorum is required for any action to be taken by the advisory committee.

- (c) Any member of the advisory committee may attend, participate in discussions, and review all materials presented in any of the meetings of the authority board.
- (8) The staff to the advisory committee shall be from within the professional legislative staff offices as determined by the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House.
- (9) (a) (i) A member who is not a government employee shall receive no compensation or benefits for that member's services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
 - (ii) A member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for the member's service.
- (b) (i) A state government officer or employee member who does not receive salary, per diem, or expenses from the officer's or employee's agency for the officer's or employee's service may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the officer's or employee's official duties from the committee at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
- (ii) A state government officer or employee member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for the officer's or employee's service.
- (c) Legislators on the committee shall receive compensation and expenses as provided by law and legislative rule.
- (d) (i) A local government member who does not receive salary, per diem, or expenses from the entity that the member represents for the service may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
- (ii) A local government member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for the member's service.

Section 4. Section **63A-7-112** is amended to read:

63A-7-112. Committee authority.

The advisory committee [shall: (1)] has authority to review and make recommendations to the Legislature, the governor, the authority board, and to local governments concerning any activity, function, power, duty, policy, procedure, process, expenditure, or other [aspect of the authority, any public sports event, or any public sports entity or any issue related to the implementation of this chapter; and] issue that significantly relates to the coordination of state and local governments in hosting the Olympic Winter Games of 2002.

[(2) advise the Legislature and governor concerning any activity, function, power, duty, policy, procedure, process, expenditures, or other aspect of the authority, any public sports event, or any public sports entity, or any other issue related to the implementation of this chapter.]

Section 5. Section **63A-10-109** is enacted to read:

<u>63-A-10-109.</u> Olympic Coordination Committee -- Creation -- Membership -- Quorum -- Compensation -- Staff -- Committee duties.

- (1) There is created the Olympic Coordination Committee consisting of the following 12 members:
- (a) five members of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate, not more than three of whom may be of the same political party; and
- (b) seven members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, not more than four of whom may be of the same political party.
- (2) The president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Representatives shall each appoint a legislator to serve as cochairs of the Olympic Coordination Committee.
- (3) The committee shall determine committee quorum and voting requirements in accordance with legislative rules.
- (4) Salaries and expenses of the members of the committee shall be paid in accordance with Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rule 15.03.
- (5) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall provide staff support to the committee and shall consult with the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst on fiscal issues studied by

the committee.

(6) The committee may review and make recommendations to the Legislature and the governor on any issue that relates to:

- (a) the state's involvement in hosting the Olympics;
- (b) the state's role as a creditor and a secured party in relationship to the Olympics and the Organizing Committee;
 - (c) the Olympics;
 - (d) the Organizing Committee; or
 - (e) the impact of the Olympics on the state after the Olympic games have concluded.
- (7) The committee may report any recommendations, including any proposed legislation, to the Legislative Management Committee.

Section 6. Effective date.

If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this act takes effect upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto, the date of veto override.