1	SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTION FOR
2	SCHOOL ADMISSION CHARGES
3	1999 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Bradley T. Johnson
6	AN ACT RELATING TO REVENUE AND TAXATION; EXPANDING THE DEFINITION OF
7	SALES RELATING TO SCHOOLS TO INCLUDE ADMISSION CHARGES FOR CERTAIN
8	SCHOOL-RELATED EVENTS OR SCHOOL-RELATED ACTIVITIES; MAKING
9	TECHNICAL CHANGES; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
10	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
11	AMENDS:
12	59-12-102, as last amended by Chapters 270, 291 and 318, Laws of Utah 1998
13	59-12-103, as last amended by Chapters 12, 202, 210, 270, 291 and 318, Laws of Utah
14	1998
15	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
16	Section 1. Section <b>59-12-102</b> is amended to read:
17	<b>59-12-102.</b> Definitions.
18	As used in this chapter:
19	(1) (a) "Admission or user fees" includes season passes.
20	(b) "Admission or user fees" does not include annual membership dues to private
21	organizations.
22	(2) "Authorized carrier" means:
23	(a) in the case of vehicles operated over public highways, the holder of credentials
24	indicating that the vehicle is or will be operated pursuant to both the International Registration
25	Plan (IRP) and the International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA);
26	(b) in the case of aircraft, the holder of a Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) operating
27	certificate or air carrier's operating certificate; or

28 (c) in the case of locomotives, freight cars, railroad work equipment, or other rolling stock, 29 the holder of a certificate issued by the United States Interstate Commerce Commission. 30 (3) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104 (43), "coin-operated amusement device" 31 means: 32 (i) a coin-operated amusement, skill, or ride device; 33 (ii) that is not controlled through vendor-assisted, over-the-counter, sales of tokens; and 34 (iii) includes a music machine, pinball machine, billiard machine, video game machine, 35 arcade machine, and a mechanical or electronic skill game or ride. 36 (b) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104 (43), "coin-operated amusement device" does 37 not mean a coin-operated amusement device possessing a coinage mechanism that: 38 (i) accepts and registers multiple denominations of coins; and 39 (ii) allows the vendor to collect the sales and use tax at the time an amusement device is 40 activated and operated by a person inserting coins into the device. (4) "Commercial use" means the use of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuels 41 42 that does not constitute industrial use under Subsection (10) or residential use under Subsection 43 (18).44 (5) (a) "Common carrier" means a person engaged in or transacting the business of 45 transporting passengers, freight, merchandise, or other property for hire within this state. 46 (b) (i) "Common carrier" does not include a person who, at the time the person is traveling 47 to or from that person's place of employment, transports a passenger to or from the passenger's 48 place of employment. 49 (ii) For purposes of Subsection (5)(b)(i), in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah 50 Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules defining what constitutes a 51 person's place of employment. 52 (6) "Component part" includes: 53 (a) poultry, dairy, and other livestock feed, and their components; 54 (b) baling ties and twine used in the baling of hay and straw; 55 (c) fuel used for providing temperature control of orchards and commercial greenhouses

(d) feed, seeds, and seedlings.

farm machinery; and

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doing a majority of their business in wholesale sales, and for providing power for off-highway type

59	(7) "Construction materials" means any tangible personal property that will be converted
60	into real property.
61	(8) (a) "Fundraising sales" means sales:
62	(i) (A) made by a public or private elementary or secondary school; or
63	(B) made by a public or private elementary or secondary school student, grades
64	kindergarten through 12;
65	(ii) that are for the purpose of raising funds for the school to purchase equipment,
66	materials, or provide transportation; and
67	(iii) that are part of an officially sanctioned school activity.
68	(b) For purposes of Subsection (8)(a)(iii), "officially sanctioned school activity" means a
69	school activity:
70	(i) that is conducted in accordance with a formal policy adopted by the school or school
71	district governing the authorization and supervision of fundraising activities;
72	(ii) that does not directly or indirectly compensate an individual teacher or other
73	educational personnel by direct payment, commissions, or payment in kind; and
74	(iii) the net or gross revenues from which are deposited in a dedicated account controlled
75	by the school or school district.
76	(9) (a) "Home medical equipment and supplies" means equipment and supplies that:
77	(i) a licensed physician prescribes or authorizes in writing as necessary for the treatment
78	of a medical illness or injury or as necessary to mitigate an impairment resulting from illness or
79	injury;
80	(ii) are used exclusively by the person for whom they are prescribed to serve a medical
81	purpose; and
82	(iii) are listed as eligible for payment under Title 18 of the federal Social Security Act or
83	under the state plan for medical assistance under Title 19 of the federal Social Security Act.
84	(b) "Home medical equipment and supplies" does not include:
85	(i) equipment and supplies purchased by, for, or on behalf of any health care facility, as
86	defined in Subsection (9)(c), doctor, nurse, or other health care provider for use in their
87	professional practice;
88	(ii) eyeglasses, contact lenses, or equipment to correct impaired vision; or
89	(iii) hearing aids or hearing aid accessories.

90	(c) For purposes of Subsection (9)(b)(i), "health care facility" includes:
91	(i) a clinic;
92	(ii) a doctor's office; and
93	(iii) a health care facility as defined in Section 26-21-2.
94	(10) "Industrial use" means the use of natural gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other
95	fuels in:
96	(a) mining or extraction of minerals;
97	(b) agricultural operations to produce an agricultural product up to the time of harvest or
98	placing the agricultural product into a storage facility, including:
99	(i) commercial greenhouses;
100	(ii) irrigation pumps;
101	(iii) farm machinery;
102	(iv) implements of husbandry as defined in Subsection 41-1a-102(23) that are not
103	registered under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Part 2, Registration; and
104	(v) other farming activities; and
105	(c) manufacturing tangible personal property at an establishment described in SIC Codes
106	2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office
107	of the President, Office of Management and Budget.
108	(11) "Manufactured home" means any manufactured home or mobile home as defined in
109	Title 58, Chapter 56, Utah Uniform Building Standards Act.
110	(12) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104 (14), "manufacturing facility" means:
111	(a) an establishment described in SIC Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard Industrial
112	Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and
113	Budget; or
114	(b) a scrap recycler if:
115	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process one
116	or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new products:
117	(A) iron;
118	(B) steel;
119	(C) nonferrous metal;
120	(D) paper;

121	(E) glass;
122	(F) plastic;
123	(G) textile; or
124	(H) rubber; and
125	(ii) the new products under Subsection (12)(b)(i) would otherwise be made with
126	nonrecycled materials.
127	(13) (a) "Medicine" means:
128	(i) insulin, syringes, and any medicine prescribed for the treatment of human ailments by
129	a person authorized to prescribe treatments and dispensed on prescription filled by a registered
130	pharmacist, or supplied to patients by a physician, surgeon, or podiatric physician;
131	(ii) any medicine dispensed to patients in a county or other licensed hospital if prescribed
132	for that patient and dispensed by a registered pharmacist or administered under the direction of a
133	physician; and
134	(iii) any oxygen or stoma supplies prescribed by a physician or administered under the
135	direction of a physician or paramedic.
136	(b) "Medicine" does not include:
137	(i) any auditory, prosthetic, ophthalmic, or ocular device or appliance; or
138	(ii) any alcoholic beverage.
139	(14) "Olympic merchandise" means tangible personal property bearing an Olympic
140	designation, emblem, insignia, mark, logo, service mark, symbol, terminology, trademark, or other
141	copyrighted or protected material, including:
142	(a) one or more of the following terms:
143	(i) "Olympic;"
144	(ii) "Olympiad;" or
145	(iii) "Citius Altius Fortius;"
146	(b) the symbol of the International Olympic Committee, consisting of five interlocking
147	rings;
148	(c) the emblem of the International Olympic Committee Corporation;
149	(d) a United States Olympic Committee designation, emblem, insignia, mark, logo, service
150	mark, symbol, terminology, trademark, or other copyrighted or protected material;
151	(e) any emblem of the Winter Olympic Games of 2002 that is officially designated by the

152 Salt Lake Organizing Committee of the Winter Olympic Games of 2002; or

(f) the mascot of the Winter Olympic Games of 2002.

- 154 (15) (a) "Other fuels" means products that burn independently to produce heat or energy.
- 155 (b) "Other fuels" includes oxygen when it is used in the manufacturing of tangible personal property.
  - (16) "Person" includes any individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, syndicate, this state, any county, city, municipality, district, or other local governmental entity of the state, or any group or combination acting as a unit.
  - (17) "Purchase price" means the amount paid or charged for tangible personal property or any other taxable item or service under Subsection 59-12-103(1), excluding only cash discounts taken or any excise tax imposed on the purchase price by the federal government.
  - (18) "Residential use" means the use in or around a home, apartment building, sleeping quarters, and similar facilities or accommodations.
  - (19) (a) "Retail sale" means any sale within the state of tangible personal property or any other taxable item or service under Subsection 59-12-103(1), other than resale of such property, item, or service by a retailer or wholesaler to a user or consumer.
  - (b) "Retail sale" includes sales by any farmer or other agricultural producer of poultry, eggs, or dairy products to consumers if the sales have an average monthly sales value of \$125 or more.
  - (c) "Retail sale" does not include, and no additional sales or use tax shall be assessed against, those transactions where a purchaser of tangible personal property pays applicable sales or use taxes on its initial nonexempt purchases of property and then enters into a sale-leaseback transaction by which title to such property is transferred by the purchaser-lessee to a lessor for consideration, provided:
  - (i) the transaction is intended as a form of financing for the property to the purchaser-lessee; and
  - (ii) pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles, the purchaser-lessee is required to capitalize the subject property for financial reporting purposes, and account for the lease payments as payments made under a financing arrangement.
- 182 (20) (a) "Retailer" means any person engaged in a regularly organized retail business in

tangible personal property or any other taxable item or service under Subsection 59-12-103(1), and who is selling to the user or consumer and not for resale.

- (b) "Retailer" includes commission merchants, auctioneers, and any person regularly engaged in the business of selling to users or consumers within the state.
- (c) "Retailer" includes any person who engages in regular or systematic solicitation of a consumer market in this state by the distribution of catalogs, periodicals, advertising flyers, or other advertising, or by means of print, radio or television media, by mail, telegraphy, telephone, computer data base, cable, optic, microwave, or other communication system.
- (d) "Retailer" does not include farmers, gardeners, stockmen, poultrymen, or other growers or agricultural producers producing and doing business on their own premises, except those who are regularly engaged in the business of buying or selling for a profit.
- (e) For purposes of this chapter the commission may regard as retailers the following if they determine it is necessary for the efficient administration of this chapter: salesmen, representatives, peddlers, or canvassers as the agents of the dealers, distributors, supervisors, or employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, irrespective of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of these dealers, distributors, supervisors, or employers, except that:
- (i) a printer's facility with which a retailer has contracted for printing shall not be considered to be a salesman, representative, peddler, canvasser, or agent of the retailer; and
- (ii) the ownership of property that is located at the premises of a printer's facility with which the retailer has contracted for printing and that consists of the final printed product, property that becomes a part of the final printed product, or copy from which the printed product is produced, shall not result in the retailer being deemed to have or maintain an office, distribution house, sales house, warehouse, service enterprise, or other place of business, or to maintain a stock of goods, within this state.
- (21) "Sale" means any transfer of title, exchange, or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner, of tangible personal property or any other taxable item or service under Subsection 59-12-103(1), for a consideration. It includes:
  - (a) installment and credit sales;

- (b) any closed transaction constituting a sale;
- (c) any sale of electrical energy, gas, services, or entertainment taxable under this chapter;

214	(d) any transaction if the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the title
215	as security for the payment of the price; and
216	(e) any transaction under which right to possession, operation, or use of any article of
217	tangible personal property is granted under a lease or contract and the transfer of possession would
218	be taxable if an outright sale were made.
219	(22) (a) "Sales relating to schools" means the following sales or admission charges by a
220	public school district or public or private elementary or secondary school, grades kindergarten
221	through 12[ <del>, that</del> ]:
222	(i) sales that are directly related to the school's or school district's educational functions
223	or activities [and include], including:
224	[ <del>(i)</del> ] (A) the sale of:
225	(I) textbooks[ <del>,</del> ];
226	(II) textbook fees[ <del>,</del> ];
227	(III) laboratory fees[-;];
228	(IV) laboratory supplies[ <del>, and</del> ]; or
229	(V) safety equipment;
230	[(ii)] (B) the sale of clothing that:
231	[(A)] (I) a student is specifically required to wear as a condition of participation in a
232	school-related event or school-related activity; and
233	[(B)] (II) is not readily adaptable to general or continued usage to the extent that it takes
234	the place of ordinary clothing;
235	[(iii)] (C) sales of food if the net or gross revenues generated by the food sales are
236	deposited into a school district fund or school fund dedicated to school meals; [and] or
237	[(iv)] (D) transportation charges for official school activities[-]; or
238	(ii) admission charges for a school-related event or school-related activity:
239	(A) that takes place on the school's property; and
240	(B) including:
241	(I) a concert;
242	(II) a sports event;
243	(III) a sports activity;
244	(IV) a play;

245	(V) a dance; or
246	(VI) an event or activity similar to an event or activity described in Subsection
247	(22)(a)(ii)(B)(I) through (V).
248	(b) "Sales relating to schools" does not include:
249	[(i) gate receipts;]
250	[(ii) special event admission fees;]
251	[(iii)] (i) bookstore sales of items that are not educational materials or supplies; [and] or
252	[(iv)] (ii) except as provided in Subsection (22)(a)[(ii)] (i)(B), clothing.
253	(23) "State" means the state of Utah, its departments, and agencies.
254	(24) "Storage" means any keeping or retention of tangible personal property or any other
255	taxable item or service under Subsection 59-12-103(1), in this state for any purpose except sale
256	in the regular course of business.
257	(25) (a) "Tangible personal property" means:
258	(i) all goods, wares, merchandise, produce, and commodities;
259	(ii) all tangible or corporeal things and substances which are dealt in or capable of being
260	possessed or exchanged;
261	(iii) water in bottles, tanks, or other containers; and
262	(iv) all other physically existing articles or things, including property severed from real
263	estate.
264	(b) "Tangible personal property" does not include:
265	(i) real estate or any interest or improvements in real estate;
266	(ii) bank accounts, stocks, bonds, mortgages, notes, and other evidence of debt;
267	(iii) insurance certificates or policies;
268	(iv) personal or governmental licenses;
269	(v) water in pipes, conduits, ditches, or reservoirs;
270	(vi) currency and coinage constituting legal tender of the United States or of a foreign
271	nation; and
272	(vii) all gold, silver, or platinum ingots, bars, medallions, or decorative coins, not
273	constituting legal tender of any nation, with a gold, silver, or platinum content of not less than
274	80%.
275	(26) (a) "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property

under Subsection 59-12-103(1), incident to the ownership or the leasing of that property, item, or service.

- (b) "Use" does not include the sale, display, demonstration, or trial of that property in the regular course of business and held for resale.
- (27) "Vehicle" means any aircraft, as defined in Section 72-10-102; any vehicle, as defined in Section 41-1a-102; any off-highway vehicle, as defined in Section 41-22-2; and any vessel, as defined in Section 41-1a-102; that is required to be titled, registered, or both. "Vehicle" for purposes of Subsection 59-12-104 (36) only, also includes any locomotive, freight car, railroad work equipment, or other railroad rolling stock.
- (28) "Vehicle dealer" means a person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or exchanging vehicles as defined in Subsection (27).
  - (29) (a) "Vendor" means:

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- (i) any person receiving any payment or consideration upon a sale of tangible personal property or any other taxable item or service under Subsection 59-12-103(1), or to whom such payment or consideration is payable; and
- (ii) any person who engages in regular or systematic solicitation of a consumer market in this state by the distribution of catalogs, periodicals, advertising flyers, or other advertising, or by means of print, radio or television media, by mail, telegraphy, telephone, computer data base, cable, optic, microwave, or other communication system.
  - (b) "Vendor" does not mean a printer's facility described in Subsection (20)(e).
- Section 2. Section **59-12-103** is amended to read:
- 59-12-103. Sales and use tax base -- Rate -- Use of sales and use tax revenues.
  - (1) There is levied a tax on the purchaser for the amount paid or charged for the following:
- 299 (a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
- 300 (b) amount paid to common carriers or to telephone or telegraph corporations, whether the corporations are municipally or privately owned, for:
  - (i) all transportation;
  - (ii) intrastate telephone service; or
- 304 (iii) telegraph service;
- 305 (c) gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuels sold for commercial use;
- 306 (d) gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuels sold for residential use;

307 (e) meals sold;

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- 308 (f) except as provided in Subsections 59-12-102(22) and 59-12-104(38), admission or user 309 fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature, exhibitions, 310 concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries, fairs, races, contests, 311 sporting events, dances, boxing and wrestling matches, closed circuit television broadcasts, billiard 312 or pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf and miniature golf, golf driving ranges, batting cages, skating 313 rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails, tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, 314 river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises, horseback rides, sports activities, or any other 315 amusement, entertainment, recreation, exhibition, cultural, or athletic activity;
  - (g) services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal property or services to install tangible personal property in connection with other tangible personal property;
  - (h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
  - (i) tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court accommodations and services for less than 30 consecutive days;
    - (j) laundry and dry cleaning services;
  - (k) leases and rentals of tangible personal property if the property situs is in this state, if the lessee took possession in this state, or if the property is stored, used, or otherwise consumed in this state;
    - (l) tangible personal property stored, used, or consumed in this state; and
- (m) prepaid telephone calling cards.
  - (2) Except for Subsection (1)(d), the rates of the tax levied under Subsection (1) shall be:
- 329 (a) 5% through June 30, 1994;
- 330 (b) 4.875% beginning on July 1, 1994 through June 30, 1997; and
- 331 (c) 4.75% beginning on July 1, 1997.
- 332 (3) The rates of the tax levied under Subsection (1)(d) shall be 2% from and after January 333 1, 1990.
- (4) (a) From January 1, 1990, through December 31, 1999, there shall be deposited in an
  Olympics special revenue fund or funds as determined by the Division of Finance under Section
  51-5-4, for the use of the Utah Sports Authority created under Title 63A, Chapter 7, Utah Sports
- 337 Authority Act:

338	(i) the amount of sales and use tax generated by a 1/64% tax rate on the taxable items and
339	services under Subsection (1);
340	(ii) the amount of revenue generated by a 1/64% tax rate under Section 59-12-204 or
341	Section 59-12-205 on the taxable items and services under Subsection (1); and
342	(iii) interest earned on the amounts under Subsections (4)(a)(i) and (ii).
343	(b) These funds shall be used:
344	(i) by the Utah Sports Authority as follows:
345	(A) to the extent funds are available, to transfer directly to a debt service fund or to
346	otherwise reimburse to the state any amount expended on debt service or any other cost of any
347	bonds issued by the state to construct any public sports facility as defined in Section 63A-7-103;
348	(B) to pay for the actual and necessary operating, administrative, legal, and other expenses
349	of the Utah Sports Authority, but not including protocol expenses for seeking and obtaining the
350	right to host the Winter Olympic Games; and
351	(C) unless the Legislature appropriates additional funds from the Olympics Special
352	Revenue Fund to the Utah Sports Authority, the Utah Sports Authority may not expend, loan, or
353	pledge in the aggregate more than:
354	(I) \$59,000,000 of sales and use tax deposited into the Olympics special revenue fund
355	under Subsection (4)(a);
356	(II) the interest earned on the amount described in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(C)(I); and
357	(III) the revenues deposited into the Olympics Special Revenue Fund that are not sales and
358	use taxes deposited under Subsection (4)(a) or interest on the sales and use taxes;
359	(ii) to pay salary, benefits, or administrative costs associated with the State Olympic
360	Officer under Subsection 63A-10-103(3), except that the salary, benefits, or administrative costs
361	may not be paid from the sales and tax revenues generated by municipalities or counties and
362	deposited under Subsection (4)(a)(ii).
363	(c) A payment of salary, benefits, or administrative costs under Subsection 63A-10-103(3)
364	is not considered an expenditure of the Utah Sports Authority.
365	(d) If the Legislature appropriates additional funds under Subsection (4)(b)(i)(C), the
366	authority may not expend, loan, pledge, or enter into any agreement to expend, loan, or pledge the
367	appropriated funds unless the authority:
368	(i) contracts in writing for the full reimbursement of the monies to the Olympics special

revenue fund by a public sports entity or other person benefitting from the expenditure; and

- (ii) obtains a security interest that secures payment or performance of the obligation to reimburse.
  - (e) A contract or agreement entered into in violation of Subsection (4)(d) is void.
- (5) (a) From July 1, 1997, the annual amount of sales and use tax generated by a 1/8% tax rate on the taxable items and services under Subsection (1) shall be used as follows:
- (i) 50% shall be used for water and wastewater projects as provided in Subsections (5)(b) through (f); and
- 377 (ii) 50% shall be used for transportation projects as provided in Subsections (5)(g) through 378 (h).
  - (b) Five hundred thousand dollars each year shall be transferred to the Agriculture Resource Development Fund created in Section 4-18-6.
  - (c) Fifty percent of the remaining amount generated by 50% of the 1/8% tax rate shall be transferred to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources. In addition to the uses allowed of the fund under Section 73-10-24, the fund may also be used to:
  - (i) provide a portion of the local cost share, not to exceed in any fiscal year 50% of the funds made available to the Division of Water Resources under this section, of potential project features of the Central Utah Project;
  - (ii) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Department of Natural Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource;
    - (iii) fund state required dam safety improvements; and
  - (iv) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the hiring of technical and legal staff.
  - (d) Twenty-five percent of the remaining amount generated by 50% of the 1/8% tax rate shall be transferred to the Utah Wastewater Loan Program subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects as defined in Section 73-10b-2.
    - (e) Twenty-five percent of the remaining amount generated by 50% of the 1/8% tax rate

shall be transferred to the Drinking Water Loan Program subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to:

- (i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102;
  - (ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and
- (iii) develop surface water sources.

- (f) Notwithstanding Subsections (5)(b), (c), (d), and (e), \$100,000 of the remaining amount generated by 50% of the 1/8% tax rate each year shall be transferred as dedicated credits to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and other technical staff for the adjudication of water rights. Any remaining balance at the end of each fiscal year shall lapse back to the contributing funds on a prorated basis.
- (g) Fifty percent of the 1/8% tax rate shall be transferred to the class B and class C roads account to be expended as provided in Title 72, Chapter 2, Transportation Finances, for the use of class B and C road funds except as provided in Subsection (5)(h).
- (h) (i) If H.B. 53, "Transportation Corridor Preservation," passes in the 1996 General Session, \$500,000 each year shall be transferred to the Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving Loan Fund, and if H.B. 121, "State Park Access Roads," passes in the 1996 General Session, from July 1, 1997, through June 30, 2006, \$500,000 shall be transferred to the Department of Transportation for the State Park Access Highways Improvement Program. The remaining amount generated by 50% of the 1/8% tax rate shall be transferred to the class B and class C roads account.
- (ii) At least 50% of the money transferred to the Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving Loan Fund under Subsection (5)(h)(i) shall be used to fund loan applications made by the Department of Transportation at the request of local governments.
- (6) (a) Beginning on January 1, 2000, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Centennial Highway Fund created in Section 72-2-118 a portion of the state sales and use tax under Subsections (2) and (3) equal to the revenues generated by a 1/64% tax rate on the taxable items and services under Subsection (1).
  - (b) Beginning on January 1, 2000, the revenues generated by the 1/64% tax rate:
- 429 (i) retained under Subsection 59-12-204(7)(a) shall be retained by the counties, cities, or 430 towns as provided in Section 59-12-204; and

431	(ii) retained under Subsection 59-12-205(4)(a) shall be distributed to each county, city, and
432	town as provided in Section 59-12-205.
433	Section 3. Effective date.
434	This act takes effect on July 1, 1999.

## Legislative Review Note as of 1-13-99 12:57 PM

01-18-99 10:56 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 70