Representative Lawanna Shurtliff proposes to substitute the following bill:

1	STALKING AMENDMENTS - CRIMINAL
2	1999 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Lawanna Shurtliff
5	David L. Gladwell
6	AN ACT RELATING TO THE CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE; EXPANDING THE
7	DEFINITION OF THE CRIME OF STALKING; ESTABLISHING PENALTIES; AND MAKING
8	TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.
9	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
10	AMENDS:
11	76-5-106.5, as last amended by Chapter 10, Laws of Utah 1997
12	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
13	Section 1. Section 76-5-106.5 is amended to read:
14	76-5-106.5. Definitions Crime of stalking.
15	(1) As used in this section:
16	(a) "Course of conduct" means repeatedly maintaining a visual or physical proximity to
17	a person or repeatedly conveying verbal or written threats or threats implied by conduct or a
18	combination thereof directed at or toward a person.
19	(b) "Immediate family" means a spouse, parent, child, sibling, or any other person who
20	regularly resides in the household or who regularly resided in the household within the prior six
21	months.
22	(c) "Repeatedly" means on two or more occasions.
23	(2) A person is guilty of stalking who:
24	(a) intentionally or knowingly engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person
25	that would cause a reasonable person:

26	(1) to fear bodily injury to himself or a member of his immediate family; or
27	(ii) to suffer emotional distress to himself or a member of his immediate family;
28	(b) has knowledge or should have knowledge that the specific person:
29	(i) will be placed in reasonable fear of bodily injury to himself or a member of his
30	immediate family; or
31	(ii) will suffer emotional distress or a member of his immediate family will suffer
32	emotional distress; and
33	(c) whose conduct:
34	(i) induces fear in the specific person of bodily injury to himself or a member of his
35	immediate family; or
36	(ii) causes emotional distress in the specific person or a member of his immediate family.
37	(3) A person is also guilty of stalking who intentionally or knowingly violates a stalking
38	injunction issued pursuant to Title 77, Chapter 3a, Stalking Injunctions, or intentionally or
39	knowingly violates a permanent criminal stalking injunction issued pursuant to this section.
40	$[(3)]$ (4) Stalking is a class [B] \underline{A} misdemeanor[$\overline{\cdot}$]:
41	(a) upon the offender's first violation of Subsection (2); or
12	(b) if the offender violated a stalking injunction issued pursuant to Title 77, Chapter 3a,
43	Stalking Injunction.
14	[(4)] (5) Stalking is a [class A misdemeanor] third degree felony if the offender:
45	(a) has been previously convicted of an offense of stalking;
46	(b) has been convicted in another jurisdiction of an offense that is substantially similar to
47	the offense of stalking; [or]
48	(c) has been previously convicted of any felony offense in Utah or of any crime in another
19	jurisdiction which if committed in Utah would be a felony, in which the victim of the stalking or
50	a member of the victim's immediate family was also a victim of the previous felony offense; or
51	(d) violated a permanent criminal stalking injunction issued pursuant to Subsection (7).
52	[(5)] (6) Stalking is a felony of the [third] second degree if the offender:
53	(a) used a dangerous weapon as defined in Section 76-1-601 [under circumstances not
54	amounting to a violation of Subsection 76-5-103(1)(a),] or used other means or force likely to
55	produce death or serious bodily injury, in the commission of the crime of stalking;
56	(b) has been previously convicted two or more times of the offense of stalking:

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57 (c) has been convicted two or more times in another jurisdiction or jurisdictions of 58 offenses that are substantially similar to the offense of stalking; 59 (d) has been convicted two or more times, in any combination, of offenses under 60 Subsections (5)[(b) and (c)]; or (e) has been previously convicted two or more times of felony offenses in Utah or of 61 62 crimes in another jurisdiction or jurisdictions which, if committed in Utah, would be felonies, in 63 which the victim of the stalking was also a victim of the previous felony offenses. 64 (7) A conviction for stalking or a plea accepted by the court and held in abeyance for a 65 period of time shall operate as an application for a permanent criminal stalking injunction limiting the contact of the defendant and the victim. 66 (a) A permanent criminal stalking injunction shall be issued without a hearing unless the 67 defendant requests a hearing at the time of the verdict, finding, or plea of guilty, guilty and 68 69 mentally ill, plea of no contest, or acceptance of plea in abeyance. 70 (i) If the defendant requests a hearing, it shall be held at the time of the verdict, finding, or plea of guilty, guilty and mentally ill, plea of no contest, or acceptance of plea in abeyance 71 72 unless the victim requests otherwise, or for good cause. (ii) If the verdict, finding, or plea of guilty, guilty and mentally ill, plea of no contest, or 73 74 acceptance of plea in abeyance was entered in a justice court, a certified copy of the judgment and 75 conviction or a certified copy of the court's order holding the plea in abeyance must be filed by the 76 victim in the district court as an application and request for hearing for a permanent criminal 77 stalking injunction. 78 (b) A permanent criminal stalking injunction may grant the following relief: 79 (i) an order restraining the defendant from entering the residence, property, school, or place 80 of employment of the victim and requiring the defendant to stay away from the victim and 81 members of the victim's immediate family or household and to stay away from any specified place 82 that is named in the order and is frequented regularly by the victim; and 83 (ii) an order restraining the defendant from making contact with the victim, including an 84 order forbidding the defendant from personally or through an agent initiating any communication 85 likely to cause annoyance or alarm, including personal, written, or telephone contact with the

victim, the victim's employers, employees, fellow workers, or others with whom communication

would be likely to cause annoyance or alarm to the victim.

88	(c) A permanent criminal stalking injunction may be dissolved upon application of the
89	victim to the court which granted the order.
90	(d) Notice of permanent criminal stalking injunctions issued pursuant to this section shall
91	be sent by the court to the statewide warrants network or similar system.
92	(e) A permanent criminal stalking injunction issued pursuant to this section shall be
93	effective statewide.
94	(f) Violation of an injunction issued pursuant to this section shall constitute an offense of
95	stalking. Violations may be enforced in a civil action initiated by the stalking victim, a criminal
96	action initiated by a prosecuting attorney, or both.
97	(g) Nothing in this section shall preclude the filing of a criminal information for stalking
98	based on the same act which is the basis for the violation of the stalking injunction issued pursuant
99	to Title 77, Chapter 3a, Stalking Injunctions, or permanent criminal stalking injunction.