LEGISLATIVE GENERAL COUNSEL

S.B. 22 2nd Sub. (Salmon)

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Senator Mike Dmitrich proposes to substitute the following bill:

1	TAXES ON FOOD
2	1999 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Michael G. Waddoups
5	AN ACT RELATING TO REVENUE AND TAXATION; PROVIDING FOR A TWO-YEAR
6	PERIOD AN INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX CREDIT TO ASSIST TAXPAYERS IN MEETING
7	THE BURDEN OF PAYING SALES AND USE TAXES LEVIED ON FOOD; REQUIRING
8	THE LEGISLATURE TO MAKE APPROPRIATIONS FROM THE GENERAL FUND TO
9	REPLACE UNIFORM SCHOOL FUND REVENUES EXPENDED IN PROVIDING FOR THE
10	CREDIT; REPEALING THE STATE SALES AND USE TAX LEVIED ON FOOD BEGINNING
11	ON JANUARY 1, 2002; EXEMPTING PORTION OF THE FOOD SOLD THROUGH
12	VENDING MACHINES FROM STATE AND LOCAL SALES AND USE TAXES BEGINNING
13	ON JANUARY 1, 2002; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; AND MAKING TECHNICAL
14	CHANGES.
15	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
16	AMENDS:
17	59-12-104, as last amended by Chapters 201, 210, 246, 291 and 318, Laws of Utah 1998
18	ENACTS:
19	59-10-133 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
20	59-12-104.2, Utah Code Annotated 1953
21	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
22	Section 1. Section 59-10-133 is enacted to read:
23	59-10-133. Refundable credit to assist taxpayer in meeting burden of paying sales and
24	use taxes levied on food Commission rulemaking authority.
25	(1) A taxpayer may claim as provided in this section the following refundable credits to

26	assist the taxpayer in meeting the burden of paying sales and use taxes levied on food:
27	(a) for the taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2000, but beginning before
28	December 31, 2000, a credit equal to the product of:
29	<u>(i) \$40; and</u>
30	(ii) the number of personal exemptions the taxpayer is allowed for that taxable year under
31	Section 151, Internal Revenue Code for:
32	(A) the taxpayer;
33	(B) the taxpayer's spouse; and
34	(C) the taxpayer's dependents; and
35	(b) for the taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2001, but beginning before
36	December 31, 2001, a credit equal to the product of:
37	<u>(i) \$80; and</u>
38	(ii) the number of personal exemptions the taxpayer is allowed for that taxable year under
39	Section 151, Internal Revenue Code for:
40	(A) the taxpayer;
41	(B) the taxpayer's spouse; and
42	(C) the taxpayer's dependents.
43	(2) A taxpayer may not carry forward or carry back the credits provided for in this section.
44	(3) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
45	commission may make rules providing procedures for issuing refunds for the credit under this
46	section.
47	(4) The Legislature shall make appropriations from the General Fund to replace the
48	Uniform School Fund revenues expended to provide for the credit under this section.
49	Section 2. Section 59-12-104 is amended to read:
50	59-12-104. Exemptions.
51	The following sales and uses are exempt from the taxes imposed by this chapter:
52	(1) sales of aviation fuel, motor fuel, and special fuel subject to a Utah state excise tax
53	under Title 59, Chapter 13, Motor and Special Fuel Tax Act;
54	(2) sales to the state, its institutions, and its political subdivisions; however, this exemption
55	does not apply to sales of construction materials except:
56	(a) construction materials purchased by or on behalf of institutions of the public education

57	system as defined in Utah Constitution Article X, Section 2, provided the construction materials
58	are clearly identified and segregated and installed or converted to real property which is owned by
59	institutions of the public education system; and
60	(b) construction materials purchased by the state, its institutions, or its political
61	subdivisions which are installed or converted to real property by employees of the state, its
62	institutions, or its political subdivisions;
63	(3) (a) through December 31, 2001, sales of food, beverage, and dairy products from
64	vending machines in which the proceeds of each sale do not exceed \$1 if the vendor or operator
65	of the vending machine reports an amount equal to 150% of the cost of items as goods consumed;
66	and
67	(b) beginning on January 1, 2002, food sold through vending machines as defined in
68	Subsection 59-12-104.2(1)(a):
69	(4) sales of food, beverage, dairy products, similar confections, and related services to
70	commercial airline carriers for in-flight consumption;
71	(5) sales of parts and equipment installed in aircraft operated by common carriers in
72	interstate or foreign commerce;
73	(6) sales of commercials, motion picture films, prerecorded audio program tapes or
74	records, and prerecorded video tapes by a producer, distributor, or studio to a motion picture
75	exhibitor, distributor, or commercial television or radio broadcaster;
76	(7) sales of cleaning or washing of tangible personal property by a coin-operated laundry
77	or dry cleaning machine;
78	(8) (a) except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), sales made to or by religious or charitable
79	institutions in the conduct of their regular religious or charitable functions and activities, if the
80	requirements of Section 59-12-104.1 are fulfilled;
81	(b) the exemption provided for in Subsection (8)(a) does not apply to the following sales,
82	uses, leases, or rentals relating to the Olympic Winter Games of 2002 made to or by an
83	organization exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue
84	Code:
85	(i) retail sales of Olympic merchandise;
86	(ii) admissions or user fees described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(f);
87	(iii) sales of accommodations and services as provided in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i),

88	except for accommodations and services:
89	(A) paid for in full by the Salt Lake Organizing Committee for the Olympic Winter Games
90	of 2002;
91	(B) exclusively used by:
92	(I) an officer, a trustee, or an employee of the Salt Lake Organizing Committee for the
93	Olympic Winter Games of 2002; or
94	(II) a volunteer supervised by the Salt Lake Organizing Committee for the Olympic Winter
95	Games of 2002; and
96	(C) for which the Salt Lake Organizing Committee for the Olympic Winter Games of 2002
97	does not receive reimbursement; or
98	(iv) a lease or rental of a vehicle as defined in Section 41-1a-102, except for a lease or
99	rental of a vehicle:
100	(A) paid for in full by the Salt Lake Organizing Committee for the Olympic Winter Games
101	of 2002;
102	(B) exclusively used by:
103	(I) an officer, a trustee, or an employee of the Salt Lake Organizing Committee for the
104	Olympic Winter Games of 2002; or
105	(II) a volunteer supervised by the Salt Lake Organizing Committee for the Olympic Winter
106	Games of 2002; and
107	(C) for which the Salt Lake Organizing Committee for the Olympic Winter Games of 2002
108	does not receive reimbursement;
109	(9) sales of vehicles of a type required to be registered under the motor vehicle laws of this
110	state which are made to bona fide nonresidents of this state and are not afterwards registered or
111	used in this state except as necessary to transport them to the borders of this state;
112	(10) sales of medicine;
113	(11) sales or use of property, materials, or services used in the construction of or
114	incorporated in pollution control facilities allowed by Sections 19-2-123 through 19-2-127;
115	(12) sales of meals served by:
116	(a) churches, charitable institutions, and institutions of higher education, if the meals are
117	not available to the general public; and
118	(b) inpatient meals provided at medical or nursing facilities;

119	(13) isolated or occasional sales by persons not regularly engaged in business, except the
120	sale of vehicles or vessels required to be titled or registered under the laws of this state in which
121	case the tax is based upon:
122	(a) the bill of sale or other written evidence of value of the vehicle or vessel being sold;
123	or
124	(b) in the absence of a bill of sale or other written evidence of value, the then existing fair
125	market value of the vehicle or vessel being sold as determined by the commission;
126	(14) (a) the following purchases or leases by a manufacturer on or after July 1, 1995:
127	(i) machinery and equipment:
128	(A) used in the manufacturing process;
129	(B) having an economic life of three or more years; and
130	(C) used:
131	(I) to manufacture an item sold as tangible personal property; and
132	(II) in new or expanding operations in a manufacturing facility in the state; and
133	(ii) subject to the provisions of Subsection (14)(b), normal operating replacements that:
134	(A) have an economic life of three or more years;
135	(B) are used in the manufacturing process in a manufacturing facility in the state;
136	(C) are used to replace or adapt an existing machine to extend the normal estimated useful
137	life of the machine; and
138	(D) do not include repairs and maintenance;
139	(b) the rates for the exemption under Subsection (14)(a)(ii) are as follows:
140	(i) beginning July 1, 1996, through June 30, 1997, 30% of the sale or lease described in
141	Subsection (14)(a)(ii) is exempt;
142	(ii) beginning July 1, 1997, through June 30, 1998, 60% of the sale or lease described in
143	Subsection (14)(a)(ii) is exempt;
144	(iii) beginning July 1, 1998, through June 30, 1999, 100% of the sale or lease described in
145	Subsection (14)(a)(ii) is exempt; and
146	(iv) beginning on or after July 1, 1999, 80% of the sale or lease described in Subsection
147	(14)(a)(ii) is exempt;
148	(c) for purposes of this subsection, the commission shall by rule define the terms "new or
149	expanding operations" and "establishment"; and

150	(d) on or before October 1, 1991, and every five years after October 1, 1991, the
151	commission shall:
152	(i) review the exemptions described in Subsection (14)(a) and make recommendations to
153	the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee concerning whether the exemptions should be
154	continued, modified, or repealed; and
155	(ii) include in its report:
156	(A) the cost of the exemptions;
157	(B) the purpose and effectiveness of the exemptions; and
158	(C) the benefits of the exemptions to the state;
159	(15) sales of tooling, special tooling, support equipment, and special test equipment used
160	or consumed exclusively in the performance of any aerospace or electronics industry contract with
161	the United States government or any subcontract under that contract, but only if, under the terms
162	of that contract or subcontract, title to the tooling and equipment is vested in the United States
163	government as evidenced by a government identification tag placed on the tooling and equipment
164	or by listing on a government-approved property record if a tag is impractical;
165	(16) intrastate movements of:
166	(a) freight by common carriers; and
167	(b) passengers:
168	(i) by taxicabs as described in SIC Code 4121 of the 1987 Standard Industrial
169	Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and
170	Budget; or
171	(ii) transported by an establishment described in SIC Code 4111 of the 1987 Standard
172	Industrial Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of
173	Management and Budget, if the transportation originates and terminates within a county of the
174	first, second, or third class;
175	(17) sales of newspapers or newspaper subscriptions;
176	(18) tangible personal property, other than money, traded in as full or part payment of the
177	purchase price, except that for purposes of calculating sales or use tax upon vehicles not sold by
178	a vehicle dealer, trade-ins are limited to other vehicles only, and the tax is based upon:
179	(a) the bill of sale or other written evidence of value of the vehicle being sold and the
180	vehicle being traded in; or

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(b) in the absence of a bill of sale or other written evidence of value, the then existing fair
market value of the vehicle being sold and the vehicle being traded in, as determined by the
commission;

(19) sprays and insecticides used to control insects, diseases, and weeds for commercial
 production of fruits, vegetables, feeds, seeds, and animal products, but not those sprays and
 insecticides used in the processing of the products;

(20) (a) sales of tangible personal property used or consumed primarily and directly in
farming operations, including sales of irrigation equipment and supplies used for agricultural
production purposes, whether or not they become part of real estate and whether or not installed
by farmer, contractor, or subcontractor, but not sales of:

(i) machinery, equipment, materials, and supplies used in a manner that is incidental to
farming, such as hand tools with a unit purchase price not in excess of \$250, and maintenance and
janitorial equipment and supplies;

(ii) tangible personal property used in any activities other than farming, such as office
equipment and supplies, equipment and supplies used in sales or distribution of farm products, in
research, or in transportation; or

(iii) any vehicle required to be registered by the laws of this state, without regard to the useto which the vehicle is put;

(b) sales of hay;

(21) exclusive sale of locally grown seasonal crops, seedling plants, or garden, farm, orother agricultural produce if sold by a producer during the harvest season;

202 (22) purchases of food as defined in 7 U.S.C. Sec. 2012(g) under the Food Stamp
203 Program, 7 U.S.C. Sec. 2011 et seq.;

(23) sales of nonreturnable containers, nonreturnable labels, nonreturnable bags,
 nonreturnable shipping cases, and nonreturnable casings to a manufacturer, processor, wholesaler,
 or retailer for use in packaging tangible personal property to be sold by that manufacturer,

207 processor, wholesaler, or retailer;

208

(24) property stored in the state for resale;

(25) property brought into the state by a nonresident for his or her own personal use or
enjoyment while within the state, except property purchased for use in Utah by a nonresident living
and working in Utah at the time of purchase;

212	(26) property purchased for resale in this state, in the regular course of business, either in
213	its original form or as an ingredient or component part of a manufactured or compounded product;
214	(27) property upon which a sales or use tax was paid to some other state, or one of its
215	subdivisions, except that the state shall be paid any difference between the tax paid and the tax
216	imposed by this part and Part 2, and no adjustment is allowed if the tax paid was greater than the
217	tax imposed by this part and Part 2;
218	(28) any sale of a service described in Subsections 59-12-103(1)(b), (c), and (d) to a person
219	for use in compounding a service taxable under the subsections;
220	(29) purchases of supplemental foods as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1786(b)(14) under the
221	special supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children established in 42 U.S.C.
222	Sec. 1786;
223	(30) (a) sales or leases made before June 30, 1996, of rolls, rollers, refractory brick,
224	electric motors, and other replacement parts used in the furnaces, mills, and ovens of a steel mill
225	described in SIC Code 3312 of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the federal
226	Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget; or
227	(b) contracts entered into or orders placed on or before January 1, 1996, to purchase or
228	lease an item described in Subsection (30)(a) if the contract or order constitutes a:
229	(i) legal obligation to purchase or lease an item described in Subsection (30)(a); and
230	(ii) sale or lease under Section 59-12-102 on or before June 30, 1997;
231	(31) sales of boats of a type required to be registered under Title 73, Chapter 18, State
232	Boating Act, boat trailers, and outboard motors which are made to bona fide nonresidents of this
233	state and are not thereafter registered or used in this state except as necessary to transport them to
234	the borders of this state;
235	(32) sales of tangible personal property to persons within this state that is subsequently
236	shipped outside the state and incorporated pursuant to contract into and becomes a part of real
237	property located outside of this state, except to the extent that the other state or political entity
238	imposes a sales, use, gross receipts, or other similar transaction excise tax on it against which the
239	other state or political entity allows a credit for taxes imposed by this chapter;
240	(33) sales of aircraft manufactured in Utah if sold for delivery and use outside Utah where
241	a sales or use tax is not imposed, even if the title is passed in Utah;
242	(34) amounts paid for the purchase of telephone service for purposes of providing

243	telephone service;
244	(35) fares charged to persons transported directly by a public transit district created under
245	the authority of Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part 10, Utah Public Transit District Act;
246	(36) sales or leases of vehicles to, or use of vehicles by an authorized carrier;
247	(37) until July 1, 2000, 45% of the sales price of any new manufactured home and 100%
248	of the sales price of any used manufactured home;
249	(38) sales relating to schools and fundraising sales;
250	(39) sales or rentals of home medical equipment and supplies;
251	(40) (a) sales to a ski resort of electricity to operate a passenger tramway as defined in
252	Subsection 63-11-38(8); and
253	(b) the commission shall by rule determine the method for calculating sales exempt under
254	Subsection (40)(a) that are not separately metered and accounted for in utility billings;
255	(41) sales to a ski resort of:
256	(a) snowmaking equipment;
257	(b) ski slope grooming equipment; and
258	(c) passenger tramways as defined in Subsection 63-11-38(8);
259	(42) sales of natural gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuels for industrial use;
260	(43) sales or rentals of the right to use or operate for amusement, entertainment, or
261	recreation a coin-operated amusement device as defined in Subsection 59-12-102(3);
262	(44) sales of cleaning or washing of tangible personal property by a coin-operated car wash
263	machine;
264	(45) sales by the state or a political subdivision of the state, except state institutions of
265	higher education as defined in Section 53B-3-102, of:
266	(a) photocopies; or
267	(b) other copies of records held or maintained by the state or a political subdivision of the
268	state; and
269	(46) (a) amounts paid:
270	(i) to a person providing intrastate transportation to an employer's employee to or from the
271	employee's primary place of employment;
272	(ii) by an:
273	(A) employee; or

274	(B) employer; and
275	(iii) pursuant to a written contract between:
276	(A) the employer; and
277	(B) (I) the employee; or
278	(II) a person providing transportation to the employer's employee; and
279	(b) in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
280	commission may for purposes of Subsection (46)(a) make rules defining what constitutes an
281	employee's primary place of employment;
282	(47) amounts paid for admission to an athletic event at an institution of higher education
283	that is subject to the provisions of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. Sec.
284	1681 et seq.; and
285	(48) sales of telephone service charged to a prepaid telephone calling card.
286	Section 3. Section 59-12-104.2 is enacted to read:
287	59-12-104.2. Exemption from state sales and use tax for food Definition.
288	(1) For purposes of this section:
289	(a) subject to the provisions of Subsections (1)(b) and (c), "food" is as defined in 7 U.S.C.
290	Sec. 2012(g) under the Food Stamp Program, 7 U.S.C. Sec. 2011 et seq., regardless of whether
291	the retailer from whom the food is purchased or the purchaser participates in a federal or state food
292	program;
293	(b) "food" includes:
294	(i) hot or cold foods that are prepared:
295	(A) by a retailer that does not meet the definition of a restaurant under Section 59-12-602;
296	and
297	(B) for immediate consumption on or off the premises of the retailer; or
298	(ii) food sold through vending machines; and
299	(c) "food" does not include prepared foods or beverages that are sold by restaurants as
300	defined in Section 59-12-602.
301	(2) Beginning on January 1, 2002, sales of food are exempt from the tax imposed by
302	Section 59-12-103.
303	(3) This section does not limit any authority provided to a county, city, or town to levy a
304	tax, including a tax on food, under this chapter.

304 <u>tax, including a tax on food, under this chapter.</u>