Representative Perry L. Buckner proposes to substitute the following bill:

1	PENALTY FOR HARBORING A FUGITIVE
2	2000 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Perry L. Buckner
5	AN ACT RELATING TO CRIMINAL LAW; AMENDING THE PENALTIES FOR
6	HARBORING, CONCEALING, OR AIDING A JUVENILE OR ADULT OFFENDER $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$; and
6a	AMENDING THE DEFINITION OF ABSCONDING $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$.
7	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
8	AMENDS:
9	62A-7-106, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1988
10	76-8-306, as last amended by Chapter 51, Laws of Utah 1995
10a	\hat{h} 76-8-309.5, as last amended by Chapter 311, Laws of Utah 1997 \hat{h}
11	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
12	Section 1. Section 62A-7-106 is amended to read:
13	62A-7-106. Aiding or concealing youth offender Trespass Criminal penalties.
14	(1) A person who commits any of the following offenses is guilty of a class A
15	misdemeanor:
16	$\S [(1)]$ (a) willfully aiding or assisting a youth offender who has been lawfully committed
17	to a secure facility, in escaping or attempting to escape from that facility;] §
18	[(2) knowingly concealing a youth offender after his escape from a secure facility;]
19	[(3)] § $[(b)]$ (a) § entering, or attempting to enter, a building or enclosure appropriated to the use
20	of youth offenders, without permission;
21	[(4)] § $[(e)]$ (b) § entering any premises belonging to a secure facility and committing or attempting
22	to commit a trespass or depredation on those premises; or
23	[(5)] \S [(d)] (c) \S willfully annoying or disturbing the peace and quiet of a secure facility or of a
24	youth offender in a secure facility.
25	(2)] A person is guilty of a third degree felony who §:
25a	(a) § knowingly harbors or conceals a youth

26	offender who has:
27	§ [(a)] (i) § escaped from a secure facility; or
28	§ [(b)] (ii) ş absconded from:
29	Ş [(i)] (A) ş a facility or supervision, as these offenses are defined in h [Section]
29a	<u>SUBSECTIONS</u> $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$
29a	$\frac{76-8-309.5}{1}$ h (1) AND (2) h ; or
30	$\S[\underline{\text{(ii)}}]$ (B) \S h [from] h supervision of the Division of Youth Corrections $\S[\underline{\cdot}]$; OR
30a	(b) WILLFULLY AIDED OR ASSISTED A YOUTH OFFENDER WHO HAS BEEN LAWFULLY
30b	COMMITTED TO A SECURE FACILITY IN ESCAPING OR ATTEMPTING TO ESCAPE FROM THAT
30c	FACILITY. §
31	Section 2. Section 76-8-306 is amended to read:
32	76-8-306. Obstructing justice.
33	(1) A person is guilty of an offense if, with intent to hinder, prevent, or delay the
34	discovery, apprehension, prosecution, conviction, or punishment of \$ [f] another [] an offender] \$
34a	for the
35	commission of a crime, he:
36	(a) knowing an offense has been committed, conceals it from a magistrate;
37	(b) harbors or conceals the offender;
38	(c) provides the offender a weapon[;];
39	(d) provides the offender transportation, disguise, or other means for avoiding discovery
40	or apprehension;
41	[(d)] (e) warns the offender of impending discovery or apprehension;
42	[(e)] (f) conceals, destroys, or alters any physical evidence that might aid in the discovery,
43	apprehension, or conviction of the [person] offender;
44	[(f)] (g) obstructs by force, intimidation, or deception anyone from performing an act that
45	might aid in the discovery, apprehension, prosecution, or conviction of the [person] offender; or
46	[(g)] (h) having knowledge that a law enforcement officer has been authorized or has
47	applied for authorization under either Section 77-23a-10 or 77-23a-15 to intercept a wire,
48	electronic, or oral communication, gives notice or attempts to give notice of the possible
49	interception to any person.
50	(2) [An] Except as provided under Subsection (3), an offense under [Subsections]:
51	(a) Subsection (1)(a) or Subsections (d) through [(f)] (g) is a class B misdemeanor[, unless
52	the actor];
53	(b) Subsection (1)(b) regarding harboring or concealing the offender is a class A
54	misdemeanor § , EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (6) § ; and
55	(c) Subsection (1)(c) regarding providing a weapon is a third degree felony.
56	(3) (a) If the person committing an offense under Subsection (1)(a) or Subsections (1)(d)

57	through (g) knows that the offender has committed a second or third degree felony, the offense is
58	a class A misdemeanor.
59	(b) If the person committing an offense under Subsection (1)(b) regarding harboring or
60	concealing the offender knows the offender has committed a second or third degree felony, the
61	offense is a third degree felony.
62	(c) If the person committing an offense under Subsection (1)(c) regarding providing a
63	weapon knows the offender has committed a second or third degree felony, the offense is a second
64	degree felony.
65	(d) If the person committing an offense under Subsections (1)(a) through (g) knows the
66	offender has committed a capital offense or a felony of the first degree, [in which case] the offense
67	is a second degree felony.
68	$[\frac{(3)}{4}]$ An offense under Subsection $(1)[\frac{(g)}{2}]$ is a third degree felony.
69	[(4)] (5) Subsection (1)(f) does not apply to an act against a juror. Obstructing the function
70	of a juror is addressed in Section 76-8-508.5.
71	(6) A person is guilty of a third degree felony who §:
71a	(a) § harbors or conceals an offender who
72	has absconded from a facility or from supervision as these offenses are defined in Section
73	76-8-309.5 Ş [-]; OR
73a	(b) HAS ESCAPED FROM OFFICIAL CUSTODY AS DEFINED IN SECTION 76-8-309. §
74	[(5)] (7) The provisions of Section 76-8-316 [shall] govern an act or threat against a judge
75	or a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole or the judge's or member's immediate family.
75a	\hat{h} Section 3. Section 76-8-309.5 is amended to read:
75b	76-8-309.5. Absconding.
75c	(1) An offender absconds from a facility when he:
75d	(a) leaves the facility without permission; or
75e	(b) fails to return at a prescribed time.
75f	(2) An offender absconds from supervision when he [willfully]:
75g	(a) changes HIS RESIDENCE FROM the residence that he reported as his correct address TO
75h	ANOTHER RESIDENCE, without notifying his parole officer or obtaining permission[-]; OR
75i	(b) FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING SUPERVISION:
75j	(i) HIDES AT A DIFFERENT LOCATION FROM HIS REPORTED RESIDENCE; OR
75k	(ii) LEAVES HIS REPORTED RESIDENCE.
75I	(3) Absconding is a third degree felony.
	(c) / the containing to a time degree foreign.

75n (a) "Facility" means a residential facility owned, operated, leased, or contracted by the
750 Department of Corrections or a county to provide housing, programming, or treatment of $\hat{\mathbf{h}}$

- 75p \hat{h} individuals who have been placed on parole.
- 75q (b) "Offender" means a person who has been convicted of a crime and has been:
- 75r (i) sent to a facility;
- (ii) placed on parole under condition that he report to a parole officer on a regular basis or that he serve periods of confinement during his parole period or that he attend classes or treatment as
- 75u a condition of parole; or
- 75v (iii) released for a period during confinement for work, school, treatment, or other temporary 75w nonconfinement purposes. În