1	CONSTITUTIONAL DEFENSE COUNCIL
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2000 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Dennis H. Iverson
6	AN ACT RELATING TO STATE BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS; MODIFYING
7	MEMBERSHIP ON THE CONSTITUTIONAL DEFENSE COUNCIL; CLARIFYING MEETING
8	REQUIREMENTS AND THE POWERS OF THE CHAIR AND THE MEMBERS; AND
9	MAKING TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.
10	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
11	AMENDS:
12	63C-4-101, as last amended by Chapter 371, Laws of Utah 1999
13	63C-4-102, as last amended by Chapter 371, Laws of Utah 1999
14	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
15	Section 1. Section 63C-4-101 is amended to read:
16	63C-4-101. Creation of Constitutional Defense Council.
17	(1) There is created the Constitutional Defense Council.
18	(2) The defense council shall consist of the following [nine] ten members:
19	(a) the governor who shall serve as chair of the council;
20	(b) the president of the Senate or his designee;
21	(c) the speaker of the House or his designee;
22	(d) the minority leader of the Senate or his designee;
23	(e) the minority leader of the House or his designee;
24	(f) two citizen members appointed by the governor; and
25	(g) [two] three elected county commissioners, county council members, or county
26	executives from different counties who are selected by the Utah Association of Counties.
27	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), the two citizen members shall serve a

28 four-year term beginning July 1, 1994.

- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of council members are staggered so that one citizen member of the council is appointed every two years.
 - (c) A citizen member is eligible for reappointment.
- (4) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.
- (5) (a) The defense council shall meet at [times at the call of the chair] least once per month.
 - (b) The governor or any five members of the council may call a meeting of the council.
- (c) Before calling a meeting, the governor or council members shall solicit items for the agenda from other members of the council.
- (d) If five members of the council call a meeting of the council, they may set the agenda for the meeting.
 - [(b)] (e) A majority of the membership on the defense council is required for a quorum to conduct council business. A majority vote of the quorum is required for any action taken by the defense council.
 - (6) The Office of the Attorney General shall provide staff to the defense council.
 - (7) (a) (i) Members who are not government employees shall receive no compensation or benefits for their services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
 - (ii) Members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service.
 - (b) (i) State government officer and employee members who do not receive salary, per diem, or expenses from their agency for their service may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties from the council at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
 - (ii) State government officer and employee members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service.
- (c) (i) Local government members who do not receive salary, per diem, or expenses from the entity that they represent for their service may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the

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59	performance of their official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under
60	Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
61	(ii) Local government members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their
62	service.
63	(d) Legislators on the committee shall receive compensation and expenses as provided by
64	law and legislative rule.
65	(8) (a) The council shall be funded from the Constitutional Defense Restricted Account
66	created in Section 63C-4-103.
67	(b) Monies appropriated for or received by the council may be expended by the governor
68	[in consultation with] only with the concurrence of the council.
69	Section 2. Section 63C-4-102 is amended to read:
70	63C-4-102. Duties.
71	(1) The Constitutional Defense Council [is an advisory council to] shall advise the
72	governor and [to] the Legislature [on] about the following [types of] issues:
73	(a) the constitutionality of unfunded federal mandates;
74	(b) when making recommendations to challenge the federal mandates and regulations
75	described in Subsections (1)(e)(i) through (v), the rationale for and effectiveness of those federal
76	mandates or regulations;
77	(c) legal and policy issues surrounding state and local government rights under R.S. 2477;
78	and
79	(d) legal issues relating to the rights of the School and Institutional Trust Lands
80	Administration and its beneficiaries; and
81	(e) the advisability, feasibility, estimated cost, and likelihood of success of challenging:
82	(i) federal court rulings that hinder the management of the state's prison system and place
83	undue financial hardship on the state's taxpayers;
84	(ii) federal laws or regulations that reduce or negate water rights or the rights of owners
85	of private property, or the rights and interest of state and local governments, including sovereignty
86	interests and the power to provide for the health, safety, and welfare, and promote the prosperity
87	of their inhabitants;
88	(iii) conflicting federal regulations or policies in land management on federal land;
89	(iv) federal intervention that would damage the state's mining, timber, and ranching

90 industries;

(v) the authority of the Environmental Protection Agency and Congress to mandate local air quality standards and penalties; and

- (vi) other [activities] <u>issues</u> that are [consistent with the purpose of the council] <u>relevant</u> to Subsections (1)(a) through (e).
- (2) The council chair may require the attorney general or a designee to provide testimony on potential legal actions that would enhance the state's sovereignty or authority on issues affecting Utah and the well-being of its citizens.
- (3) The council chair may direct the attorney general to initiate and prosecute any action that the council determines will further its purposes.
- (4) (a) (i) Subject to the provisions of this section, the council may select and employ attorneys to implement the purposes and duties of the council.
- (ii) The council chair may, [in consultation with] only with the concurrence of the council, direct any council attorney in any manner considered appropriate by the attorney general to best serve the purposes of the council.
- (b) (i) The council may meet with the attorney general annually and compile a list of attorneys, including attorneys in private practice, considered to be qualified to represent the council under this section.
 - (ii) The council may employ attorneys from that list.
- (c) The attorney general shall negotiate a contract for services with any attorney selected and approved for employment under this section.
- (5) The council chair shall, only with the concurrence of the council, review and approve all claims for payments for legal services that are submitted to the council.
- (6) Within five business days' notice, the council chair may order the attorney general or, only with the concurrence of the council, order an attorney employed by the council to cease work to be charged to the fund.
- (7) The council shall submit a report on December 1 of each year to the speaker of the House of Representatives and the president of the Senate that summarizes the council's activities.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-17-00 11:01 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel