1	INCOME TAX AMENDMENTS
2	2000 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Howard C. Nielson
5	AN ACT RELATING TO THE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX ACT; REPEALING OBSOLETE
6	LANGUAGE; MODIFYING DEFINITIONS; CHANGING THE BASIS FOR CALCULATING
7	INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAXES FROM FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME TO FEDERAL
8	ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME; § [REQUIRING TAXPAYERS TO ELECT TO SUBTRACT]
8a	MODIFYING SUBTRACTIONS §
9	FROM ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME $\$ [EITHER] RELATING TO $\$ THE FEDERAL
9a	STANDARD DEDUCTION
10	OR FEDERAL ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS; MAKING TECHNICAL CHANGES; AND
11	PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
12	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
13	AMENDS:
14	59-10-103, as last amended by Chapter 88, Laws of Utah 1999
15	<b>59-10-104</b> , as last amended by Chapter 333, Laws of Utah 1996
16	59-10-111, as last amended by Chapter 96, Laws of Utah 1987
17	<b>59-10-112</b> , as last amended by Chapter 345, Laws of Utah 1995
18	59-10-114, as last amended by Chapters 60, 131, 240 and 282, Laws of Utah 1999
19	59-10-116, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 2, Laws of Utah 1987
20	59-10-117, as last amended by Chapters 311 and 345, Laws of Utah 1995
21	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
22	Section 1. Section 59-10-103 is amended to read:
23	59-10-103. Definitions.
24	(1) As used in this chapter:
25	(a) "Adult with a disability" means an individual who:
26	(i) is 18 years of age or older;
27	(ii) is eligible for services under Title 62A, Chapter 5, Services to People with Disabilities;

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28	and
29	(iii) is not enrolled in:
30	(A) an education program for students with disabilities that is authorized under Section
31	53A-15-301; or
32	(B) a school established under Title 53A, Chapter 25, Schools for the Deaf and Blind.
33	(b) "Corporation" includes associations, joint stock companies, and insurance companies
34	(c) "Dependent child with a disability" means an individual 21 years of age or younger
35	who:
36	(i) (A) is diagnosed by a school district representative under rules adopted by the State
37	Board of Education as having a disability classified as:
38	(I) autism;
39	(II) deafness;
40	(III) preschool developmental delay;
41	(IV) dual sensory impairment;
42	(V) hearing impairment;
43	(VI) intellectual disability;
44	(VII) multidisability;
45	(VIII) orthopedic impairment;
46	(IX) other health impairment;
47	(X) traumatic brain injury; or
48	(XI) visual impairment;
49	(B) is not receiving residential services from:
50	(I) the Division of Services for People with Disabilities created under Section 62A-5-102
51	or
52	(II) a school established under Title 53A, Chapter 25, Schools for the Deaf and Blind; and
53	(C) is enrolled in:
54	(I) an education program for students with disabilities that is authorized under Section
55	53A-15-301; or
56	(II) a school established under Title 53A, Chapter 25, Schools for the Deaf and Blind; or
57	(ii) is identified under guidelines of the Department of Health as qualified for:
58	(A) Early Intervention; or

- 59 (B) Infant Development Services.
- (d) "Employer," "employee," and "wages" are defined as provided in Section 59-10-401.
- 61 (e) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, conservator, 62 or any person acting in any fiduciary capacity for any individual.
  - (f) "Individual" means a natural person and includes aliens and minors.
  - (g) "Nonresident individual" means an individual who is not a resident of this state.
  - (h) "Nonresident trust" or "nonresident estate" means a trust or estate which is not a resident estate or trust.
  - (i) (i) "Partnership" includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or other unincorporated organization, through or by means of which any business, financial operation, or venture is carried on, and which is not, within the meaning of this chapter, a trust or estate or a corporation.
  - (ii) "Partnership" does not include any organization not included under the definition of "partnership" contained in Section 761, Internal Revenue Code.
  - (iii) "Partner" includes a member in such a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or organization.
    - (j) "Resident individual" means:
  - (i) an individual who is domiciled in this state for any period of time during the taxable year, but only for the duration of such period; or
  - (ii) an individual who is not domiciled in this state but maintains a permanent place of abode in this state and spends in the aggregate 183 or more days of the taxable year in this state. For purposes of this Subsection (1)(j)(ii), a fraction of a calendar day shall be counted as a whole day.
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- (k) (i) "Resident estate" or "resident trust" means:
- (A) an estate of a decedent who at his death was domiciled in this state;
- (B) a trust, or a portion of a trust, consisting of property transferred by will of a decedent who at his death was domiciled in this state; or
  - (C) a trust administered in this state.
- 87 (ii) For purposes of this chapter, a trust shall be considered to be administered in this state 88 if:
- 89 (A) the place of business where the fiduciary transacts a major portion of its administration

90 of the trust is in this state; or

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- (B) the usual place of business of the fiduciary is in this state.
- (iii) Where there are two or more fiduciaries, the residency status of the trust shall be determined by the situs of the corporate or professional fiduciary with primary responsibility for the administration of the trust as defined in the trust instrument.
- (iv) The commission may, by rule, provide additional guidelines to determine the residency status of a trust.
- [(1) "Taxable income" and "state taxable income" are defined as provided in Sections 59-10-111, 59-10-112, 59-10-116, 59-10-201.1, and 59-10-204.]
- [(m)] (1) "Taxpayer" means any individual, estate, or trust or beneficiary of an estate or trust, whose income is subject in whole or part to the tax imposed by this chapter.
- (2) Any term used in this chapter has the same meaning as when used in comparable context in the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes unless a different meaning is clearly required. Any reference to the Internal Revenue Code or to the laws of the United States shall mean the Internal Revenue Code or other provisions of the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes which are in effect for the taxable year. Any reference to a specific section of the Internal Revenue Code or other provision of the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes shall include any corresponding or comparable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code as hereafter amended, redesignated, or reenacted.
  - Section 2. Section **59-10-104** is amended to read:
- 110 **59-10-104.** Tax basis -- Rates.
  - [(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1996, but beginning before January 1, 1997, a tax is imposed on the state taxable income, as defined in Section 59-10-112, of every resident individual as follows:]
  - [(a) For an individual, other than a husband and wife or head of household required to use the tax table under Subsection (1)(b), the tax under this section is imposed in accordance with the following table:]
- 117 [If the state taxable income is:] [The tax is:]
- 118 [Less than or equal to \$750] [2.55% of the state taxable income]
- [\$19, plus 3.5% of state taxable income]
- 120 [to \$1,500] [greater than \$750]

121	[Greater than \$1,500 but less than or equal]	[\$45, plus 4.4% of state taxable income]
122	[ <del>to \$2,250</del> ]	[greater than \$1,500]
123	[Greater than \$2,250 but less than or equal]	[\$78, plus 5.35% of state taxable income]
124	[ <del>to \$3,000</del> ]	[greater than \$2,250]
125	[Greater than \$3,000 but less than or equal]	[\$119, plus 6% of state taxable income]
126	[ <del>to \$3,750</del> ]	[greater than \$3,000]
127	[Greater than \$3,750]	[\$164, plus 7% of state taxable income]
128		[greater than \$3,750]
129	[(b) For a husband and wife filing a single r	eturn jointly, or a head of household as defined
130	in Section 2(b), Internal Revenue Code, filing a sing	gle return, the tax under this section is imposed
131	in accordance with the following table:]	
132	[If the state taxable income is:]	[The tax is:]
133	[Less than or equal to \$1,500]	[2.55% of the state taxable income]
134	[Greater than \$1,500 but less than or equal]	[\$38, plus 3.5% of state taxable income]
135	[ <del>to \$3,000</del> ]	[greater than \$1,500]
136	[Greater than \$3,000 but less than or equal]	[\$91, plus 4.4% of state taxable income]
137	[ <del>to \$4,500</del> ]	[greater than \$3,000]
138	[Greater than \$4,500 but less than or equal]	[\$157, plus 5.35% of state taxable income]
139	[ <del>to \$6,000</del> ]	[greater than \$4,500]
140	[Greater than \$6,000 but less than or equal]	[\$237, plus 6% of state taxable income]
141	[ <del>to \$7,500</del> ]	[greater than \$6,000]
142	[Greater than \$7,500]	[\$327, plus 7% of state taxable income]
143		[greater than \$7,500]
144	$[\frac{(2)}{2}]$ For taxable years beginning on or after	January 1, 1997, a tax is imposed on the state
145	taxable income, as defined in Section 59-10-112, of	every resident individual as [follows:]
146	provided in Subsections (1) and (2).	
147	$[\frac{(a)}{(1)}]$ For an individual, other than a hust	oand and wife or head of household required
148	to use the tax table under Subsection (2)[(b)], the tax	x under this section is imposed in accordance
149	with the following table:	
150	If the state taxable income is:	The tax is:
151	Less than or equal to \$750	2.3% of the state taxable income

152	Greater than \$750 but less than or equal	\$17, plus 3.3% of state taxable income
153	to \$1,500	greater than \$750
154	Greater than \$1,500 but less than or equal	\$42, plus 4.2% of state taxable income
155	to \$2,250	greater than \$1,500
156	Greater than \$2,250 but less than or equal	\$74, plus 5.2% of state taxable income
157	to \$3,000	greater than \$2,250
158	Greater than \$3,000 but less than or equal	\$113, plus 6% of state taxable income
159	to \$3,750	greater than \$3,000
160	Greater than \$3,750	\$158, plus 7% of state taxable income
161		greater than \$3,750
162	[(b)] (2) For a husband and wife filing a	single return jointly, or a head of household as
163	defined in Section 2(b), Internal Revenue Code,	filing a single return, the tax under this section is
164	imposed in accordance with the following table:	
165	If the state taxable income is:	The tax is:
166	Less than or equal to \$1,500	2.3% of the state taxable income
167	Greater than \$1,500 but less than or equal	\$35, plus 3.3% of state taxable income
168	to \$3,000	greater than \$1,500
169	Greater than \$3,000 but less than or equal	\$84, plus 4.2% of state taxable income
170	to \$4,500	greater than \$3,000
171	Greater than \$4,500 but less than or equal	\$147, plus 5.2% of state taxable income
172	to \$6,000	greater than \$4,500
173	Greater than \$6,000 but less than or equal	\$225, plus 6% of state taxable income
174	to \$7,500	greater than \$6,000
175	Greater than \$7,500	\$315, plus 7% of state taxable income
176		greater than \$7,500
177	Section 3. Section <b>59-10-111</b> is amende	d to read:
178	59-10-111. Federal taxable income de	efined.
179	["Federal] For purposes of this chapter, '	'federal taxable income" means taxable income as
180	[currently] defined in Section 63, Internal Rever	nue Code [ <del>of 1986</del> ].
181	Section 4. Section <b>59-10-112</b> is amende	d to read:
182	59-10-112. State taxable income of re	sident individual.

183	["State] (1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, for purposes of this chapter,
184	"state taxable income" in the case of a resident individual means [his] the individual's federal
185	[taxable] adjusted gross income [()as defined by Section [59-10-111)] 62, Internal Revenue Code.
186	with the modifications, subtractions, and adjustments provided in Section 59-10-114.
187	(2) The state taxable income of a resident individual who is the beneficiary of an estate or
188	trust shall be modified by the adjustments provided in Section 59-10-209.
189	Section 5. Section 59-10-114 is amended to read:
190	59-10-114. Additions to and subtractions from federal taxable income of an
191	individual.
192	(1) [There] A resident or nonresident individual shall [be added] add the following
193	amounts to the individual's federal [taxable] adjusted gross income [of a resident or nonresident
194	individual]:
195	(a) (i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), if an individual subtracts from the
196	individual's federal adjusted gross income the amount described in Subsection (2)(m)(ii), the
197	individual shall add to the individual's federal adjusted gross income the amount of any income
198	tax imposed by [this or any predecessor Utah individual income tax law and the amount of any
199	income tax imposed by]:
200	(A) this chapter; or
201	(B) the laws of:
202	(I) another state[ <del>,</del> ];
203	(II) the District of Columbia[-,]; or
204	(III) a possession of the United States[, to the extent deducted from federal adjusted gross
205	income, as defined by Section 62, Internal Revenue Code, in determining federal taxable income]
206	<u>and</u>
207	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), an individual shall add the amount described in
208	Subsection (1)(a)(i) to the individual's federal adjusted gross income only to the extent that the
209	individual deducts the amount described in Subsection (1)(a)(i):
210	(A) on the individual's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year; and
211	(B) in determining federal taxable income;
212	(b) a lump sum distribution allowable as a deduction under Section [402(e)(3)] 402(d)(3),
213	Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deductible under Section 62(a)(8), Internal Revenue Code,

214	in determining federal adjusted gross income;
215	[(c) 25% of the personal exemptions, as defined and calculated in the Internal Revenue
216	Code;]
217	[(d)] (c) a withdrawal from a medical care savings account and any penalty imposed in the
218	taxable year if:
219	(i) the [taxpayer] individual did not deduct or include the amounts on [his] the individual's
220	federal individual income tax return pursuant to Section 220, Internal Revenue Code; and
221	(ii) the withdrawal is subject to Subsections 31A-32a-105(1) and (2); and
222	[(e)] (d) the amount refunded to a participant under Title 53B, Chapter 8a, Higher
223	Education Savings Incentive Program, in the year in which the amount is refunded.
224	(2) [There] A resident or nonresident individual shall [be subtracted] subtract the following
225	amounts from the individual's federal [taxable] adjusted gross income [of a resident or nonresident
226	<del>individual</del> ]:
227	(a) (i) [the] to the extent the interest or dividends are includable in gross income for federal
228	income tax purposes but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States,
229	interest or dividends on obligations or securities of:
230	(A) the United States [and] or its possessions; or [of any]
231	(B) an authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States[, to the extent
232	includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes but exempt from state income taxes
233	under the laws of the United States, but]; and
234	(ii) the amount subtracted under [this] Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall be reduced by any:
235	(A) interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry the obligations or
236	securities described in [this] Subsection[;] (2)(a)(i); and [by any]
237	(B) expenses incurred in the production of interest or dividend income described in [this]
238	Subsection (2)(a)(i) to the extent that [such] the expenses, including amortizable bond premiums,
239	are deductible in determining federal taxable income;
240	(b) 1/2 of the net amount of any income tax paid or payable to the United States after
241	subtracting all allowable credits, as reported on the United States individual income tax return of
242	the [taxpayer] individual for the same taxable year;
242 243	the [taxpayer] individual for the same taxable year;  (c) the amount of adoption expenses which, for purposes of this Subsection (2)(c), means

245	the child's birth and any welfare agency, child placement service, legal, and other fees or costs
246	relating to the adoption;
247	(d) subject to Subsection (3), amounts received by [taxpayers] an individual under age 65
248	as retirement income which, for purposes of this section, means pensions and annuities, paid from
249	an annuity contract:
250	(i) purchased by:
251	(A) an employer under a plan which meets the requirements of Section 404 (a)(2), Internal
252	Revenue Code[ <del>,</del> ]; or [ <del>purchased by</del> ]
253	(B) an employee under a plan which meets the requirements of Section 408, Internal
254	Revenue Code[ <del>-</del> ,]; or
255	(ii) paid to an employee or the employee's surviving spouse by:
256	(A) the United States[;];
257	<u>(B)</u> a state[ <del>, or</del> ];
258	(C) a political subdivision [thereof,] of a state; or
259	(D) the District of Columbia[, to the employee involved or the surviving spouse];
260	(e) <u>subject to Subsection (3)</u> , for each [taxpayer] <u>individual</u> age 65 or over before the close
261	of the taxable year, a \$7,500 personal retirement exemption;
262	(f) 75% of the amount of the personal exemption, as [defined and] calculated in [the]
263	Section 151, Internal Revenue Code, for each dependent child with a disability and adult with a
264	disability who is claimed as a dependent on [a taxpayer's] an individual's return;
265	(g) any amount included in federal taxable income that was received pursuant to any
266	federal law enacted in 1988 to provide reparation payments, as damages for human suffering, to
267	United States citizens and resident aliens of Japanese ancestry who were interned during World
268	War II;
269	(h) subject to [the limitations of] Subsection [(3)(e)] (4), amounts [a taxpayer] an
270	individual pays during the taxable year for health care insurance, as defined in Title 31A, Chapter
271	1, General Provisions:
272	(i) for:
273	(A) the [taxpayer] individual;
274	(B) the [taxpayer's] individual's spouse; and
275	(C) the [taxpayer's] individual's dependents; and

2/6	(11) to the extent the [taxpayer] individual does not deduct the amounts under Section 125,
277	162, or 213, Internal Revenue Code, in determining federal taxable income for the taxable year;
278	(i) [except as otherwise provided in this subsection] subject to Subsection (5), the amount
279	of <u>:</u>
280	(i) a contribution made [in the tax year] on behalf of [the taxpayer] an individual to a
281	medical care savings account; and
282	(ii) interest earned on a contribution to a medical care savings account established pursuant
283	to Title 31A, Chapter [32] 32a, Medical Care Savings Account Act[, to the extent the contribution
284	is accepted by the account administrator as provided in the Medical Care Savings Account Act,
285	and if the taxpayer did not deduct or include amounts on his federal tax return pursuant to Section
286	220, Internal Revenue Code. A contribution deductible under this subsection may not exceed
287	either of the following:];
288	[(i) the maximum contribution allowed under the Medical Care Savings Account Act for
289	the tax year multiplied by two for taxpayers who file a joint return, if neither spouse is covered by
290	health care insurance as defined in Section 31A-1-301 or self-funded plan that covers the other
291	spouse, and each spouse has a medical care savings account; or]
292	[(ii) the maximum contribution allowed under the Medical Care Savings Account Act for
293	the tax year for taxpayers:]
294	[(A) who do not file a joint return; or]
295	[(B) who file a joint return, but do not qualify under Subsection (2)(i)(i); and]
296	(j) the amount included in federal taxable income that was derived from money paid by
297	the [taxpayer] individual to the program fund under Title 53B, Chapter 8a, Higher Education
298	Savings Incentive Program, not to exceed amounts determined under Subsection 53B-8a-106(1)(d)
299	and investment income earned on participation agreements under Subsection 53B-8a-106(1) when
300	used for higher education costs of the beneficiary; [and]
301	(k) for [tax] taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, any amounts paid for
302	premiums [on] for long-term care insurance [policies] as defined in Section 31A-22-1402 to the
303	extent the amounts paid for long-term care insurance were not deducted under Section 213,
304	Internal Revenue Code, in determining federal taxable income[-]:
305	(1) 75% of the amount of personal exemptions the individual is allowed for the taxable year
306	under Section 151, Internal Revenue Code, for:

307	(i) the individual;
308	(ii) the individual's spouse; and
309	(iii) the individual's dependents; and
310	$\S [\underline{(m)}]$ regardless of whether an individual claims the federal standard deduction or itemizes
311	deductions on the individual's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year, the
312	individual shall elect to subtract from the individual's federal adjusted gross income for the taxable
313	<u>vear either:</u> ] ş
314	$\S$ (m) $\S$ (i) $\S$ IF AN INDIVIDUAL CLAIMS THE FEDERAL STANDARD DEDUCTION ON THE
314a	INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR, § the amount
314b	of the federal standard deduction the individual is allowed for the taxable
315	year; or
316	(ii) § IF AN INDIVIDUAL ITEMIZES DEDUCTIONS ON THE INDIVIDUAL'S FEDERAL
316a	INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR, § the amount of the federal itemized
316b	deduction the individual is allowed for the taxable
317	<u>year.</u>
318	(3) (a) For purposes of Subsection (2)(d), the amount of retirement income subtracted for
319	[taxpayers] an individual under 65 shall be the lesser of the amount included in federal taxable
320	income, or \$4,800, except that:
321	(i) for married [taxpayers] individuals filing joint returns, for each \$1 of adjusted gross
322	income earned over \$32,000, the amount of the retirement income exemption that may be
323	subtracted shall be reduced by 50 cents;
324	(ii) for married [taxpayers] individuals filing separate returns, for each \$1 of adjusted gross
325	income earned over \$16,000, the amount of the retirement income exemption that may be
326	subtracted shall be reduced by 50 cents; and
327	(iii) for [individual taxpayers] an individual filing as a single taxpayer, for each \$1 of
328	adjusted gross income earned over \$25,000, the amount of the retirement income exemption that
329	may be subtracted shall be reduced by 50 cents.
330	(b) For purposes of Subsection (2)(e), the amount of the personal retirement exemption
331	shall be further reduced according to the following schedule:
332	(i) for married [taxpayers] individuals filing joint returns, for each \$1 of adjusted gross
333	income earned over \$32,000, the amount of the personal retirement exemption shall be reduced
334	by 50 cents;
335	(ii) for married [taxpayers] individuals filing separate returns, for each \$1 of adjusted gross
336	income earned over \$16,000, the amount of the personal retirement exemption shall be reduced

by 50 cents; and

338	(iii) for [individual taxpayers] an individual filing as a single taxpayer, for each \$1 of
339	adjusted gross income earned over \$25,000, the amount of the personal retirement exemption shall
340	be reduced by 50 cents.
341	(c) For purposes of Subsections (3)(a) and (b), adjusted gross income shall be calculated
342	by adding to federal adjusted gross income any interest income not otherwise included in federal
343	adjusted gross income.
344	(d) (i) For purposes of determining ownership of items of retirement income common law
345	doctrine will be applied in all cases even though some items may have originated from service or
346	investments in a community property state.
347	(ii) Amounts received by the spouse of a living retiree because of the retiree's having been
348	employed in a community property state are not deductible as retirement income of such spouse.
349	[(e)] (4) For purposes of Subsection (2)(h), a subtraction for an amount paid for health care
350	insurance as defined in Title 31A, Chapter 1, General Provisions, is not allowed:
351	[(i)] (a) for an amount that is reimbursed or funded in whole or in part by:
352	(i) the [federal government,] <u>United States</u> ;
353	(ii) the state[;]; or
354	(iii) an agency or instrumentality of:
355	(A) the [federal government] United States; or
356	(B) the state; and
357	[(ii)] (b) for [a taxpayer] an individual who is eligible to participate in a health plan
358	maintained and funded in whole or in part by the [taxpayer's] individual's employer or the
359	[taxpayer's] individual's spouse's employer.
360	(5) (a) An individual may subtract from the individual's federal taxable income a
361	contribution or interest earned on a contribution under Subsection (2)(i):
362	(i) to the extent the contribution is accepted by the account administrator as provided in
363	Title 31A, Chapter 32a, Medical Care Savings Account Act; and
364	(ii) if the individual did not deduct or include the amounts of the contribution or interest
365	earned on the contribution on the individual's federal individual income tax return pursuant to
366	Section 220, Internal Revenue Code.
367	(b) A contribution subtracted from federal taxable income under Subsection (2)(i) may not
368	exceed:

369	(i) for an individual described in Subsection (5)(c), the product of:
370	(A) the maximum contribution allowed under Title 31A, Chapter 32a, Medical Care
371	Savings Account Act, for the taxable year; and
372	(B) two; or
373	(ii) for an individual described in Subsection (5)(d), the maximum contribution allowed
374	under Title 31A, Chapter 32a, Medical Care Savings Account Act, for the taxable year.
375	(c) A contribution subtracted from federal taxable income under Subsection (2)(i) may not
376	exceed the amount described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) for an individual filing a joint return if:
377	(i) neither spouse filing the joint return is covered by:
378	(A) health care insurance as defined in Section 31A-1-301; or
379	(B) a self-funded plan that covers the other spouse; and
380	(ii) each spouse filing the joint return has a medical care savings account.
381	(d) A contribution subtracted from federal taxable income under Subsection (2)(i) may not
382	exceed the amount described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii) for an individual who:
383	(i) does not file a joint return; or
384	(ii) files a joint return, but does not meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(c).
385	Section 6. Section <b>59-10-116</b> is amended to read:
386	59-10-116. Tax on nonresident individual's state taxable income.
387	A tax is [hereby] imposed on the state taxable income, as defined in [Sections 59-10-111
388	and] Section 59-10-112, of every nonresident individual in accordance with the schedules in
389	Section 59-10-104, [but] except that the individual's Utah tax shall be only the portion of the
390	resident tax [so calculated as] that the individual's federal adjusted gross income received from
391	Utah sources [f]determined under Section 59-10-117[f] for taxable year bears to the individual's
392	total federal adjusted gross income for the same taxable year.
393	Section 7. Section <b>59-10-117</b> is amended to read:
394	59-10-117. Federal adjusted gross income derived from Utah sources.
395	(1) For the purpose of Section 59-10-116, federal adjusted gross income derived from Utah
396	sources [shall include] includes those items includable in federal ["]adjusted gross income["(], as
397	defined [by] in Section 62 [of the], Internal Revenue Code[), attributable to or resulting from:
398	(a) the ownership in this state of any interest in real or tangible personal property
399	[flincluding real property or property rights from which "gross income from mining" as defined

400 by Section 613(c) [of the], Internal Revenue Code, is derived[); or

(b) the carrying on of a business, trade, profession, or occupation in this state.

(2) For the purposes of Subsection (1):

- (a) Income from intangible personal property, including annuities, dividends, interest, and gains from the disposition of intangible personal property shall constitute income derived from Utah sources only to the extent that such income is from property employed in a trade, business, profession, or occupation carried on in this state.
- (b) Deductions with respect to capital losses, net long-term capital gains, and net operating losses shall be based solely on income, gain, loss, and deduction connected with Utah sources, under rules prescribed by the commission, but otherwise shall be determined in the same manner as the corresponding federal deductions.
- (c) Salaries, wages, commissions, and compensation for personal services rendered outside this state shall not be considered to be derived from Utah sources.
- (d) A nonresident shareholder's distributive share of ordinary income, gain, loss, and deduction derived from or connected with Utah sources shall be determined under Section 59-10-118.
- (e) A nonresident, other than a dealer holding property primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of [his] the dealer's trade or business, shall not be considered to carry on a trade, business, profession, or occupation in this state solely by reason of the purchase or sale of property for [his] the nonresident's own account.
- (f) If a trade, business, profession, or occupation is carried on partly within and partly without this state, items of income, gain, loss, and deductions derived from or connected with Utah sources shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 59-10-118.
- (g) A nonresident partner's distributive share of partnership income, gain, loss, and deduction derived from or connected with Utah sources shall be determined under Section 59-10-303.
- (h) The share of a nonresident estate or trust and nonresident beneficiaries of any estate or trust in income, gain, loss, and deduction derived from or connected with Utah sources shall be determined under Section 59-10-207.
- (i) Any dividend, interest, or distributive share of income, gain, or loss from a real estate investment trust, as defined in Section [59-7-116.5] 856, Internal Revenue Code, distributed or

431	allocated to a nonresident investor in the trust, including any shareholder, beneficiary, or owner
432	of a beneficial interest in the trust, shall:
433	(A) be income from intangible personal property under Subsection (2)(a)[5]; and [shall]
434	(B) constitute income derived from Utah sources only to the extent the nonresident
435	investor is employing its beneficial interest in the trust in a trade, business, profession, or
436	occupation carried on by the investor in this state.
437	Section 8. Effective date.
438	This act takes effect for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001.

## Legislative Review Note as of 2-10-00 1:32 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel