- € Approved for Filing: KMW € © 02-15-00 12:28 PM € 1 **BURGLAR ALARM LICENSURE REVISIONS** 2 2000 GENERAL SESSION 3 STATE OF UTAH 4 Sponsor: L. Alma Mansell 5 AN ACT RELATING TO OCCUPATIONS AND PROFESSIONS; MOVING THE LICENSING 6 OF BURGLAR ALARM COMPANIES AND AGENTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION TRADES 7 LICENSING: AND MAKING TECHNICAL CHANGES. 8 This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows: 9 AMENDS: 10 58-55-102, as last amended by Chapter 240, Laws of Utah 1996 11 58-55-201, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 181, Laws of Utah 1994 12 58-55-301, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 181, Laws of Utah 1994 58-55-302, as last amended by Chapter 375, Laws of Utah 1997 13 14 58-55-308, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 181, Laws of Utah 1994 15 58-55-402, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 181, Laws of Utah 1994 16 58-55-501, as enacted by Chapter 181, Laws of Utah 1994 17 58-55-502, as last amended by Chapter 172, Laws of Utah 1995 18 58-55-503, as last amended by Chapter 10, Laws of Utah 1997 19 **RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:** 20 **58-55-311**, (Renumbered from 58-65-308, as enacted by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1995) 21 58-55-312, (Renumbered from 58-65-310, as enacted by Chapter 227, Laws of Utah 1996) 22 **REPEALS**: 23 58-65-101, as enacted by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1995 24 58-65-102, as last amended by Chapter 227, Laws of Utah 1996 25 **58-65-201**, as enacted by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1995 58-65-301, as last amended by Chapter 227, Laws of Utah 1996 26
- 27 **58-65-302**, as last amended by Chapter 21, Laws of Utah 1999

28	58-65-303, as enacted by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1995
29	58-65-304, as enacted by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1995
30	58-65-305, as enacted by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1995
31	58-65-306, as enacted by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1995
32	58-65-307, as enacted by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1995
33	58-65-309, as enacted by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1995
34	58-65-401, as enacted by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1995
35	58-65-501, as last amended by Chapter 227, Laws of Utah 1996
36	58-65-502, as enacted by Chapter 215, Laws of Utah 1995
37	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
38	Section 1. Section 58-55-102 is amended to read:
39	58-55-102. Definitions.
40	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
41	(1) (a) "Alarm business or company" means a person engaged in the sale, installation,
42	maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or monitoring of an alarm system.
43	(b) "Alarm business or company" does not include the activities of:
44	(i) a person engaged in the manufacture and sale of alarm systems when that person is not
45	engaged in the installation, maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or monitoring
46	of alarm systems, and the manufacture or sale occurs only at a place of business established by the
47	person engaged in the manufacture or sale and does not involve site visits at the place or intended
48	place of installation of an alarm system; or
49	(ii) an owner of an alarm system, or an employee of the owner of an alarm system who is
50	engaged in installation, maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or monitoring of
51	the alarm system owned by that owner.
52	(2) "Alarm company agent" means any individual employed within this state by a person
53	engaged in the alarm business.
54	(3) "Alarm system" means equipment and devices assembled for the purpose of:
55	(a) detecting and signaling unauthorized intrusion or entry into or onto certain premises;
56	<u>or</u>
57	(b) signaling a robbery or attempted robbery on protected premises.
58	[(1)] (4) "Apprentice electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as an

apprentice electrician who is learning the electrical trade under approved supervision of a master
electrician, residential master electrician, a journeyman electrician, or a residential journeyman
electrician.

62 [(2)] (5) "Apprentice plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as an apprentice
 63 plumber who is learning the plumbing trade under approved supervision of a journeyman plumber.

64 [(3)] (6) "Approved supervision" means the immediate supervision of apprentices by 65 qualified licensed electricians or plumbers as a part of a planned program of training.

[(4)] (7) "Board" means the Contractors Licensing Board, Electrician Licensing Board,
 Alarm System Security and Licensing Board, or Plumbers Licensing Board created in Section
 58-55-201.

[(5)] (8) "Construction trade" means any trade or occupation involving construction,
alteration, remodeling, repairing, wrecking or demolition, addition to, or improvement of any
building, highway, road, railroad, dam, bridge, structure, excavation or other project, development,
or improvement to other than personal property.

[(6)] (9) "Construction trades instructor" means a person licensed under this chapter to
teach one or more construction trades in both a classroom and project environment, where a project
is intended for sale to or use by the public and is completed under the direction of an instructor
who has no economic interest in the project.

[(7)] (10) (a) "Contractor" means any person who for compensation other than wages as
an employee undertakes any work in the construction, plumbing, or electrical trade for which
licensure is required under this chapter and includes:

80 [(a)] (i) a person who builds any structure on his own property for the purpose of sale or 81 who builds any structure intended for public use on his own property;

82 [(b)] (ii) any person who represents himself to be a contractor by advertising or any other
83 means;

84 [(c)] (iii) any person engaged as a maintenance person, other than an employee, who 85 regularly engages in activities set forth under the definition of "construction trade";

86 [(d)] (iv) any person engaged in any construction trade for which licensure is required
 87 under this chapter; or

88 [(e)] (v) a construction manager who performs management and counseling services on
 89 a construction project for a fee.

- 3 -

90	(b) "Contractor" does not include an alarm company or alarm company agent.
91	[(8)] (11) (a) "Electrical trade" means the performance of any electrical work involved in
92	the installation, construction, alteration, change, repair, removal, or maintenance of facilities,
93	buildings, or appendages or appurtenances.
94	(b) "Electrical trade" does not include:
95	(i) transporting or handling electrical materials;
96	(ii) preparing clearance for raceways for wiring; or
97	(iii) work commonly done by unskilled labor or any installations under the exclusive
98	control of electrical utilities.
99	(c) For purposes of Subsection $[(8)]$ (11)(b):
100	(i) no more than one unlicensed person may be so employed unless more than five licensed
101	electricians are employed by the shop; and
102	(ii) a shop may not employ unlicensed persons in excess of the five-to-one ratio permitted
103	by this Subsection (11)(c).
104	[(9)] (12) "Employee" means an individual as defined by the division by rule giving
105	consideration to the definition adopted by the Internal Revenue Service and the Department of
106	Workforce Services.
107	[(10)] (13) "Engage in a construction trade" means to:
108	(a) engage in, represent oneself to be engaged in, or advertise oneself as being engaged in
109	a construction trade; or
110	(b) use the name "contractor" or "builder" or in any other way lead a reasonable person to
111	believe one is or will act as a contractor.
112	[(11)] (14) "Financial responsibility" means a demonstration of a current and expected
113	future condition of financial solvency evidencing a reasonable expectation to the division and the
114	board that an applicant or licensee can successfully engage in business as a contractor without
115	jeopardy to the public health, safety, and welfare. Financial responsibility may be determined by
116	an evaluation of the total history concerning the licensee or applicant including past, present, and
117	expected condition and record of financial solvency and business conduct.
118	[(12)] (15) "General building contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
119	general building contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and knowledge to perform
120	or superintend construction of structures for the support, shelter, and enclosure of persons, animals,

121 chattels, or movable property of any kind or any of the components of that construction except 122 plumbing, electrical, and mechanical, for which the general building contractor shall employ the 123 services of a contractor licensed in the particular specialty, except that a general building 124 contractor engaged in the construction of single-family and multifamily residences up to four units 125 may perform the mechanical and hire a licensed plumber or electrician as an employee. The 126 division may by rule exclude general building contractors from engaging in the performance of 127 other construction specialties in which there is represented a substantial risk to the public health, safety, and welfare, and for which a license is required unless that general building contractor 128 129 holds a valid license in that specialty classification.

130 [(13)] (16) "General engineering contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter 131 as a general engineering contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and knowledge 132 to perform construction of fixed works in any or all of the following: irrigation, drainage, water, 133 power, water supply, flood control, inland waterways, harbors, railroads, highways, tunnels, 134 airports and runways, sewers and bridges, refineries, pipelines, chemical and industrial plants 135 requiring specialized engineering knowledge and skill, piers, and foundations, or any of the 136 components of those works. However, a general engineering contractor may not perform 137 construction of structures built primarily for the support, shelter, and enclosure of persons, 138 animals, and chattels.

[(14)] (17) "Immediate supervision" means reasonable direction, oversight, inspection, and
evaluation of the work of a person, in or out of the immediate presence of the supervising person,
so as to ensure that the end result complies with applicable standards.

142 [(15)] (18) "Individual" means a natural person.

[(16)] (19) "Journeyman electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
journeyman electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to wire,
install, and repair electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes.

[(17)] (20) "Journeyman plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
journeyman plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge to
engage in the plumbing trade.

[(18)] (21) "Master electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a master
electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly plan, layout,
and supervise the wiring, installation, and repair of electrical apparatus and equipment for light,

152 heat, power, and other purposes.

153 [(19)] (22) "Monetary limit" means the limit established by the division under Section
154 58-55-309.

155 $\left[\frac{(20)}{(23)}\right]$ (23) "Percentage of completion on a contract" is the percentage obtained by dividing 156 costs to date by total estimated costs and multiplying by 100. Unless otherwise specified by rule, 157 specific application of this definition shall be based upon the "cost-to-cost method" provided in 158 the 1990 edition of the "Audit and Accounting Guide for Construction Contractors," Appendix D, 159 published by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The division may, upon 160 request or upon its own action, establish an alternate generally recognized method of calculation 161 to determine percentage of completion, if the method is appropriate to the licensee's or applicant's 162 accounting procedures.

[(21)] (24) "Person" means a natural person, sole proprietorship, joint venture, corporation,
 limited liability company, association, or organization of any type.

165 [(22)] (25) "Plumbing trade" means the performance of any mechanical work pertaining 166 to the installation, alteration, change, repair, removal, maintenance, or use in buildings or within 167 three feet beyond the outside walls of buildings of pipes, fixtures, and fittings for delivery of the 168 water supply, discharge of liquid and water carried waste, or the building drainage system within the walls of the building. It includes that work pertaining to the water supply, distribution pipes, 169 170 fixtures, and fixture traps, the soil, waste and vent pipes, and the building drain and roof drains 171 together with their devices, appurtenances, and connections where installed within the outside 172 walls of the building.

173 [(23)] (26) "Ratio of apprentices" means, for the purpose of determining compliance with 174 the requirements for planned programs of training and electrician apprentice licensing applications, 175 the shop ratio of apprentice electricians to journeyman or master electricians shall be one 176 journeyman or master electrician to one apprentice on industrial and commercial work, and one 177 journeyman or master electrician to three apprentices on residential work. All on-the-job training 178 shall be under circumstances in which the ratio of apprentices to supervisors is in accordance with 179 a ratio of one-to-one on nonresidential work and up to three apprentices to one supervisor on 180 residential projects.

181 [(24)] (27) "Residential and small commercial contractor" means a person licensed under
 182 this chapter as a residential and small commercial contractor qualified by education, training,

183 experience, and knowledge to perform or superintend the construction of single-family residences, 184 multifamily residences up to four units, and commercial construction of not more than three stories 185 above ground and not more than 20,000 square feet, or any of the components of that construction 186 except plumbing, electrical, and mechanical, for which the residential and small commercial 187 contractor shall employ the services of a contractor licensed in the particular specialty, except that 188 a residential and small commercial contractor engaged in the construction of single-family and 189 multifamily residences up to four units may perform the mechanical work and hire a licensed 190 plumber or electrician as an employee.

191 [(25)] (28) "Residential apprentice plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter
192 as a residential apprentice plumber who is learning the residential plumbing trade while working
193 on residential buildings under the approved supervision of a residential journeyman plumber or
194 a journeyman plumber.

195 [(26)] (29) "Residential building," as it relates to the license classification of residential
 196 apprentice plumber and residential journeyman plumber, means a single or multiple family
 197 dwelling of up to four units.

[(27)] (30) "Residential journeyman electrician" means a person licensed under this
 chapter as a residential journeyman electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and
 knowledge to wire, install, and repair electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and
 other purposes on buildings using primarily nonmetallic sheath cable.

202 [(28)] (31) "Residential journeyman plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter
 203 as a residential journeyman plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge
 204 to engage in the plumbing trade as limited to the plumbing of residential buildings.

[(29)] (32) "Residential master electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as
 a residential master electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to
 properly plan, layout, and supervise the wiring, installation, and repair of electrical apparatus and
 equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes on residential projects.

[(30)] (33) "Residential project," as it relates to an electrician or electrical contractor,
means buildings primarily wired with nonmetallic sheathed cable, in accordance with standard
rules and regulations governing this work, including the National Electrical Code, and in which
the voltage does not exceed 250 volts line to line and 125 volts to ground.

213 [(31)] (34) "Specialty contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter under a

- 7 -

214	specialty contractor classification established by rule, who is qualified by education, training,
215	experience, and knowledge to perform those construction trades and crafts requiring specialized
216	skill the regulation of which are determined by the division to be in the best interest of the public
217	health, safety, and welfare. A specialty contractor may perform work in crafts or trades other than
218	those in which he is licensed if they are incidental to the performance of his licensed craft or trade.
219	[(32)] (35) "Unlawful conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-55-501.
220	[(33)] (36) "Unprofessional conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-55-502
221	and as may be further defined by rule.
222	[(34)] (37) "Wages" means all amounts due an employee for labor or services whether the
223	amount is fixed or ascertained on a time, task, piece, commission, or other basis for calculating the
224	amount.
225	[(35)] (38) "Work in process" means all unfinished work under verbal or written contract,
226	whether in or out of Utah, regardless of whether licensure is required under this chapter, for which
227	costs have accrued or been realized. The value of unfinished work on a contract shall be
228	determined by expressing the current percentage of completion as a decimal fraction, subtracting
229	it from 1.00 and multiplying the difference by the total dollar amount of the contract.
230	Section 2. Section 58-55-201 is amended to read:
231	58-55-201. Board created Duties.
232	(1) There is created a Contractors Licensing Board, a Plumbers Licensing Board, an Alarm
233	System Security and Licensing Board, and an Electricians Licensing Board. Members of the
234	boards shall be selected to provide representation as follows:
235	(a) The Contractors Licensing Board consists of seven members as follows:
236	(i) one member shall be a licensed general engineering contractor;
237	(ii) one member shall be a licensed general building contractor;
238	(iii) two members shall be licensed residential and small commercial contractors;
239	(iv) two members shall be licensed specialty contractors; and
240	(v) one member shall be a certified public accountant.
241	(b) The Plumbers Licensing Board consists of five members as follows:
242	(i) four members shall be licensed journeyman plumbers, of whom two shall be licensed
243	plumbing contractors; and
244	(ii) one member shall be from the public at large with no history of involvement in the

245	construction trades.
246	(c) (i) The Alarm System Security and Licensing Board consists of five members as
247	follows:
248	(A) three individuals who are officers or owners of a licensed alarm business;
249	(B) one individual from among nominees of the Utah Peace Officers Association; and
250	(C) one individual representing the general public.
251	(ii) The Alarm System Security and Licensing Board shall designate one of its members
252	on a permanent or rotating basis to:
253	(A) assist the division in reviewing complaints concerning the unlawful or unprofessional
254	conduct of a licensee; and
255	(B) advise the division in its investigation of these complaints.
256	(iii) A board member who has, under Subsection (3), reviewed a complaint or advised in
257	its investigation is disqualified from participating with the board when the board serves as a
258	presiding officer in an adjudicative proceeding concerning the complaint.
259	[(c)] (d) The Electricians Licensing Board consists of five members as follows:
260	(i) two members shall be licensed from among the license classifications of master or
261	journeyman electrician, of whom one shall represent a union organization and one shall be selected
262	having no union affiliation;
263	(ii) two shall be licensed electrical contractors of whom one shall represent a union
264	organization and one shall be selected having no union affiliation; and
265	(iii) one member shall be from the public at large with no history of involvement in the
266	construction trades or union affiliation.
267	(2) The boards shall be appointed and serve in accordance with Section 58-1-201.
268	(3) The duties and responsibilities of the boards shall be in accordance with Sections
269	58-1-202 and 58-1-203.
270	Section 3. Section 58-55-301 is amended to read:
271	58-55-301. License required License classifications.
272	(1) (a) Any person engaged in the construction trades licensed under this chapter, [or] as
273	a contractor regulated under this chapter, as an alarm business or company, or as an alarm
274	<u>company agent</u> , shall become licensed under this chapter before engaging in that trade or
	company agona shan second neensed ander and enapter serve engaging in and dude of

02-15-00 12:28 PM

276 <u>58-1-307 or</u> 58-55-305.

- (b) The license issued under this chapter and the business license issued by the local
 jurisdiction in which the licensee has its principal place of business shall be the only licenses
 required for the licensee to engage in a [construction] trade [or as a contractor] licensed by this
 chapter, within the state.
- (c) Neither the state nor any of its political subdivisions may require of a licensee any additional business licenses, registrations, certifications, contributions, donations, or anything else established for the purpose of qualifying a [licensed contractor] licensee under this chapter to do business in that local jurisdiction, except for contract prequalification procedures required by state agencies, or the payment of any fee for the license, registration, or certification established as a condition to do business in that local jurisdiction.
- (2) The division shall issue licenses under this chapter to qualified persons in the followingclassifications:
- (a) general engineering contractor;
 (b) general building contractor;
 (c) residential and small commercial contractor;
 - 292 (d) specialty contractor;
 - 293 (e) journeyman plumber;
 - 294 (f) apprentice plumber;
 - 295 (g) residential journeyman plumber;
 - 296 (h) residential apprentice plumber;
 - 297 (i) master electrician;
 - 298 (j) residential master electrician;
 - 299 (k) journeyman electrician;
 - 300 (1) residential journeyman electrician;
 - 301 (m) apprentice electrician; [and]
 - 302 (n) construction trades instructor:
 - 303 (i) general engineering classification;
 - 304 (ii) general building classification;
 - 305 (iii) electrical classification;
 - 306 (iv) plumbing classification; and

307	(v) mechanical classification[-];
308	(o) alarm company; and
309	(p) alarm company agent.
310	(3) An applicant may apply for a license in one or more classification or specialty
311	contractor subclassification. A license shall be granted in each classification or subclassification
312	for which the applicant qualifies. A separate application and fee must be submitted for each
313	license classification or subclassification.
314	Section 4. Section 58-55-302 is amended to read:
315	58-55-302. Qualifications for licensure.
316	(1) Each applicant for a license under this chapter shall:
317	(a) submit an application prescribed by the division;
318	(b) pay a fee as determined by the department under Section 63-38-3.2;
319	(c) (i) [pass an] meet the examination [approved] requirements established by rule by the
320	division in collaboration with the appropriate board, except for the classifications of apprentice
321	plumber, residential apprentice plumber, and apprentice electrician for whom no examination is
322	required; or
323	(ii) the individual qualifier must pass the required examination if the applicant is a
324	business entity;
325	(d) if an apprentice, identify the proposed supervisor of the apprenticeship;
326	(e) if an applicant for a contractor's license:
327	(i) produce satisfactory evidence of financial responsibility, except for construction trades
328	instructor for whom evidence of financial responsibility is not required;
329	(ii) produce satisfactory evidence of knowledge and experience in the construction industry
330	and knowledge of the principles of the conduct of business as a contractor, reasonably necessary
331	for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare; and
332	(iii) be a licensed master electrician if an applicant for an electrical contractor's license or
333	a licensed master residential electrician if an applicant for a residential electrical contractor's
334	license; or
335	(iv) be a journeyman plumber or residential journeyman plumber if an applicant for a
336	plumbing contractor's license; and
337	(f) if an applicant for a construction trades instructor license, satisfy any additional

338	requirements established by rule.
339	(2) After approval of an applicant for a contractor's license by the board and the division,
340	the applicant shall file the following with the division before the division issues the license:
341	(a) proof of workers' compensation insurance which covers employees of the applicant in
342	accordance with applicable Utah law;
343	(b) proof of public liability insurance in coverage amounts and form established by rule
344	except for a construction trades instructor for whom public liability insurance is not required; and
345	(c) proof of registration as required by applicable law with the:
346	(i) Utah Department of Commerce;
347	(ii) Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
348	(iii) Division of Workforce Information and Payment Services in the Department of
349	Workforce Services, for purposes of Title 35A, Chapter 4, Employment Security Act;
350	(iv) State Tax Commission; and
351	(v) Internal Revenue Service.
352	(3) In addition to the general requirements for each applicant in Subsection (1), applicants
353	shall comply with the following requirements to be licensed in the following classifications:
354	(a) A journeyman plumber applicant shall produce:
355	(i) satisfactory evidence of successful completion of the equivalent of at least four years
356	of full-time training and instruction as a licensed apprentice plumber under supervision of a
357	licensed journeyman plumber and in accordance with a planned program of training approved by
358	the division;
359	(ii) satisfactory evidence of at least eight years of full-time experience approved by the
360	division in collaboration with the Plumbers Licensing Board; or
361	(iii) satisfactory evidence of meeting the qualifications determined by the division and
362	board to be equivalent to Subsection (3)(a)(i) or (a)(ii).
363	(b) A residential journeyman plumber shall produce satisfactory evidence of completion
364	of:
365	(i) the equivalent of at least three years of full-time training and instruction as a licensed
366	apprentice plumber under the supervision of a licensed residential journeyman plumber or licensed
367	journeyman plumber in accordance with a planned program of training approved by the division;
368	(ii) at least six years of full-time experience in a maintenance or repair trade involving

369 substantial plumbing work; or 370 (iii) satisfactory evidence of meeting the qualifications determined by the division and 371 board to be equivalent to Subsection (3)(b)(i) or (b)(ii). 372 (c) A master electrician applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence that he either: 373 (i) is a graduate electrical engineer of an accredited college or university approved by the 374 division and has one year of practical electrical experience as a licensed apprentice electrician; 375 (ii) is a graduate of an electrical trade school, having received an associate of applied 376 sciences degree following successful completion of a course of study approved by the division, and 377 has two years of practical experience as a licensed journeyman electrician; 378 (iii) is a graduate of an electrical trade school, having received a certificate of completion 379 following successful completion of a course of study approved by the division, and has four years 380 of practical experience as a journeyman electrician; 381 (iv) has at least eight years of practical experience under the supervision of a licensed 382 journeyman or master electrician; or 383 (v) meets the qualifications determined by the division and board to be equivalent to these 384 qualifications. 385 (d) A master residential electrician applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence that he: 386 (i) has at least two years of practical experience as a residential journeyman electrician; 387 or 388 (ii) meets the qualifications determined by the division and board to be equivalent to this 389 practical experience. 390 (e) A journeyman electrician applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence that he either: 391 (i) has successfully completed at least four years of full-time training and instruction as 392 a licensed apprentice electrician under the supervision of a master electrician or journeyman 393 electrician and in accordance with a planned training program approved by the division; 394 (ii) has six years of practical experience in wiring, installing, and repairing electrical 395 apparatus and equipment for light, heat, and power under the supervision of a licensed master or 396 journeyman electrician; or 397 (iii) meets the qualifications determined by the division and board to be equivalent to these 398 qualifications. 399 (f) A residential journeyman electrician applicant shall produce satisfactory evidence that

400	he:
401	(i) has successfully completed two years of training in an electrical training program
402	approved by the division;
403	(ii) has four years of practical experience in wiring, installing, and repairing electrical
404	apparatus and equipment for light, heat, and power under the supervision of a licensed master,
405	journeyman, residential master, or residential journeyman electrician; or
406	(iii) meets the qualifications determined by the division and board to be equivalent to
407	Subsection (3)(f)(i) or (f)(ii).
408	(g) The conduct of licensed apprentice electricians and their licensed supervisors shall be
409	in accordance with the following:
410	(i) A licensed apprentice electrician shall be under the immediate supervision of a licensed
411	master, journeyman, residential master, or residential journeyman electrician. An apprentice in
412	the fourth year of training may work without supervision for a period not to exceed eight hours in
413	any 24-hour period.
414	(ii) A licensed master, journeyman, residential master, or residential journeyman
415	electrician may have under his immediate supervision on a residential project up to three licensed
416	apprentice electricians.
417	(iii) A licensed master or journeyman electrician may have under his immediate
418	supervision on nonresidential projects only one licensed apprentice electrician.
419	(h) An alarm company applicant shall:
420	(i) have a qualifying agent who is an officer, director, partner, proprietor, or manager of
421	the applicant who:
422	(A) demonstrates 6,000 hours of experience in the alarm company business;
423	(B) demonstrates 2,000 hours of experience as a manager or administrator in the alarm
424	company business or in a construction business; and
425	(C) passes an examination component established by rule by the division in collaboration
426	with the board;
427	(ii) if a corporation, provide:
428	(A) the names, addresses, dates of birth, social security numbers, and fingerprint cards of
429	all corporate officers, directors, and those responsible management personnel employed within the
430	state or having direct responsibility for managing operations of the applicant within the state; and

431	(B) the names, addresses, dates of birth, social security numbers, and fingerprint cards of
432	all shareholders owning 5% or more of the outstanding shares of the corporation, except this shall
433	not be required if the stock is publicly listed and traded;
434	(iii) if a limited liability company, provide:
435	(A) the names, addresses, dates of birth, social security numbers, and fingerprint cards of
436	all company officers, and those responsible management personnel employed within the state or
437	having direct responsibility for managing operations of the applicant within the state; and
438	(B) the names, addresses, dates of birth, social security numbers, and fingerprint cards of
439	all individuals owning 5% or more of the equity of the company;
440	(iv) if a partnership, the names, addresses, dates of birth, social security numbers, and
441	fingerprint cards of all general partners, and those responsible management personnel employed
442	within the state or having direct responsibility for managing operations of the applicant within the
443	state;
444	(v) if a proprietorship, the names, addresses, dates of birth, social security numbers, and
445	fingerprint cards of the proprietor, and those responsible management personnel employed within
446	the state or having direct responsibility for managing operations of the applicant within the state;
447	(vi) be of good moral character in that officers, directors, shareholders described in
448	Subsection (3)(h)(ii)(B), partners, proprietors, and responsible management personnel have not
449	been convicted of a felony, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or any other crime that when
450	considered with the duties and responsibilities of an alarm company is considered by the division
451	and the board to indicate that the best interests of the public are served by granting the applicant
452	<u>a license;</u>
453	(vii) document that none of the applicant's officers, directors, shareholders described in
454	Subsection (3)(h)(ii)(B), partners, proprietors, and responsible management personnel have been
455	declared by any court of competent jurisdiction incompetent by reason of mental defect or disease
456	and not been restored;
457	(viii) document that none of the applicant's officers, directors, shareholders described in
458	Subsection (3)(h)(ii)(B), partners, proprietors, and responsible management personnel are currently
459	suffering from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or dependence;
460	(ix) file and maintain with the division evidence of:
461	(A) comprehensive general liability insurance in form and in amounts to be established

462	by rule by the division in collaboration with the board;
463	(B) workers' compensation insurance that covers employees of the applicant in accordance
464	with applicable Utah law; and
465	(C) registration as is required by applicable law with the:
466	(I) Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
467	(II) Division of Workforce Information and Payment Services in the Department of
468	Workforce Services, for purposes of Title 35A, Chapter 4, Employment Security Act;
469	(III) State Tax Commission; and
470	(IV) Internal Revenue Service; and
471	(x) meet with the division and board.
472	(i) Each applicant for licensure as an alarm company agent shall:
473	(i) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division accompanied by fingerprint
474	cards:
475	(ii) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63-38-3.2;
476	(iii) be of good moral character in that the applicant has not been convicted of a felony,
477	a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or any other crime that when considered with the duties
478	and responsibilities of an alarm company agent is considered by the division and the board to
479	indicate that the best interests of the public are served by granting the applicant a license;
480	(iv) not have been declared by any court of competent jurisdiction incompetent by reason
481	of mental defect or disease and not been restored;
482	(v) not be currently suffering from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or
483	dependence; and
484	(vi) meet with the division and board if requested by the division or the board.
485	(4) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
486	division may make rules establishing when Federal Bureau of Investigation records shall be
487	checked for applicants as an alarm company or alarm company agent.
488	(5) To determine if an applicant meets the qualifications of Subsections (3)(h)(vi) and
489	(3)(i)(iii), the division shall provide an appropriate number of copies of fingerprint cards to the
490	Department of Public Safety with the division's request to:
491	(a) conduct a search of records of the Department of Public Safety for criminal history
492	information relating to each applicant for licensure as an alarm company or alarm company agent

493	and each applicant's officers, directors, and shareholders described in Subsection (3)(h)(ii)(B),
494	partners, proprietors, and responsible management personnel; and
495	(b) forward to the Federal Bureau of Investigation a fingerprint card of each applicant
496	requiring a check of records of the F.B.I. for criminal history information under this section.
497	(6) The Department of Public Safety shall send to the division:
498	(a) a written record of criminal history, or certification of no criminal history record, as
499	contained in the records of the Department of Public Safety in a timely manner after receipt of a
500	fingerprint card from the division and a request for review of Department of Public Safety records;
501	and
502	(b) the results of the F.B.I. review concerning an applicant in a timely manner after receipt
503	of information from the F.B.I.
504	(7) (a) The division shall charge each applicant for licensure as an alarm company or alarm
505	company agent a fee, in accordance with Section 63-38-3.2, equal to the cost of performing the
506	records reviews under this section.
507	(b) The division shall pay the Department of Public Safety the costs of all records reviews,
508	and the Department of Public Safety shall pay the F.B.I. the costs of records reviews under this
509	section.
510	(8) Information obtained by the division from the reviews of criminal history records of
511	the Department of Public Safety and the F.B.I. shall be used or disseminated by the division only
512	for the purpose of determining if an applicant for licensure as an alarm company or alarm company
513	agent is qualified for licensure.
514	Section 5. Section 58-55-308 is amended to read:
515	58-55-308. Scope of practice Rules.
516	(1) The division, in collaboration with the board, may adopt rules pursuant to Title 63,
517	Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to define and limit the scope of practice and
518	operating standards of the classifications and subclassifications licensed under this chapter in a
519	manner consistent with established practice in the [construction trades] relevant industry. The
520	division and the board may limit the field and scope of operations of a licensee under this chapter
521	in accordance with the rules and the public health, safety, and welfare, based on the licensee's
522	education, training, experience, knowledge, and financial responsibility.
523	(2) This section does not prohibit a licensed specialty contractor from accepting and

- 17 -

524	entering into a contract involving the use of two or more crafts or trades if the performance of the
525	work in the crafts or trades, other than that in which he is licensed, is incidental and supplemental
526	to the work for which he is licensed.
527	Section 6. Section 58-55-311 , which is renumbered from Section 58-65-308 is renumbered
528	and amended to read:
529	[58-65-308]. <u>58-55-311.</u> Evidence of licensure.
530	An individual licensed as an alarm company agent shall:
531	(1) carry a copy of the individual's license on the individual's person at all times while
532	acting as a licensee;
533	(2) display the license upon the request of a peace officer, a representative of the division,
534	or a representative of a customer of the alarm company.
535	Section 7. Section 58-55-312 , which is renumbered from Section 58-65-310 is renumbered
536	and amended to read:
537	[58-65-310]. <u>58-55-312.</u> Interim permits.
538	(1) Upon receipt of a complete application for licensure in accordance with Section
539	[58-65-302] 58-55-302, an applicant for licensure as an alarm company agent may be issued an
540	interim permit.
541	(2) (a) Each interim permit shall expire 90 days after it is issued or on the date on which
542	the applicant is issued a license, whichever is earlier.
543	(b) The division may reissue an interim permit if the delay in approving a license is beyond
544	the control or influence of the interim permit holder.
545	(3) An interim permit holder may engage in the scope of an alarm company agent.
546	Section 8. Section 58-55-402 is amended to read:
547	58-55-402. Investigation of regulated activity.
548	(1) The division shall be responsible for the investigation of persons and activities in
549	violation of the provisions of this chapter.
550	(2) Investigation by the division shall include investigations of:
551	(a) licensees engaged in unlawful or unprofessional conduct; and
552	(b) unlicensed persons engaged in the conduct of activity or work regulated under this
553	chapter and for which a license is required.
554	(3) The division shall decline to proceed with investigation of the violation of any

555 provisions of this chapter if the division finds there is no apparent material jeopardy to the public 556 health, safety, and welfare. 557 (4) The division shall have no responsibility for the inspection of construction work 558 performed in the state to determine compliance with applicable codes, or industry and 559 workmanship standards, except as provided in Subsections 58-1-501(2)(g), 58-55-502(2), (3), and 560 (4), and 58-55-501[(16)](18). 561 (5) Authorized representatives of the division shall be permitted to enter upon the premises or site of work regulated under this chapter for the purpose of determining compliance with the 562 563 provisions of this chapter. 564 Section 9. Section **58-55-501** is amended to read: 565 58-55-501. Unlawful conduct. 566 Unlawful conduct includes: 567 (1) engaging in a construction trade, acting as a contractor, or representing oneself to be 568 engaged in a construction trade or to be acting as a contractor in a construction trade requiring 569 licensure, unless the person doing any of these is appropriately licensed or exempted from 570 licensure under this chapter: 571 (2) acting in a construction trade beyond the scope of the license held; 572 (3) hiring or employing in any manner an unlicensed person, other than an employee for 573 wages who is not required to be licensed under this chapter, to engage in a construction trade for 574 which licensure is required or to act as a contractor or subcontractor in a construction trade 575 requiring licensure; 576 (4) applying for or obtaining a building permit either for oneself or another when not 577 licensed or exempted from licensure as a contractor under this chapter; 578 (5) issuing a building permit to any person for whom there is no evidence of a current 579 license or exemption from licensure as a contractor under this chapter; 580 (6) applying for or obtaining a building permit for the benefit of or on behalf of any other 581 person who is required to be licensed under this chapter but who is not licensed or is otherwise not 582 entitled to obtain or receive the benefit of the building permit; 583 (7) failing to obtain a building permit when required by law or rule; 584 (8) submitting a bid for any work for which a license is required under this chapter by a 585 person not licensed or exempted from licensure as a contractor under this chapter;

(9) willfully or deliberately misrepresenting or omitting a material fact in connection withan application to obtain or renew a license under this chapter;

588 (10) allowing one's license to be used by another except as provided by statute or rule;

(11) doing business under a name other than the name appearing on the license, except aspermitted by statute or rule;

(12) exceeding one's monetary limit as a licensed contractor, as the limit is defined bystatute or rule;

(13) if licensed as a contractor, submitting a bid on a single project in an amount exceeding
his monetary limit, unless he first files with the division a notice of intent to request an increase
of the monetary limit in compliance with Subsection 58-55-309(5);

(14) if licensed as a journeyman plumber, residential journeyman plumber, journeyman
electrician, master electrician, or residential electrician, failing to directly supervise an apprentice
under one's supervision or exceeding the number of apprentices one is allowed to have under his
supervision;

600 (15) if licensed as a contractor or representing oneself to be a contractor, receiving any 601 funds in payment for a specific project from an owner or any other person, which funds are to pay 602 for work performed or materials and services furnished for that specific project, and after receiving 603 the funds to exercise unauthorized control over the funds by failing to pay the full amounts due and 604 payable to persons who performed work or furnished materials or services within a reasonable 605 period of time;

606 (16) employing as an alarm company an unlicensed individual as an alarm company agent,
 607 except as permitted under the exemption from licensure provisions under Section 58-1-307;

608 (17) if licensed as an alarm company or alarm company agent, filing with the division
 609 fingerprint cards for an applicant which are not those of the applicant, or are in any other way false

```
610 or fraudulent and intended to mislead the division in its consideration of the applicant for
```

611 <u>licensure;</u>

612 [(16)] (18) if licensed under this chapter, willfully or deliberately disregarding or violating:

- 613 (a) the building or construction laws of this state or any political subdivision;
- (b) the safety and labor laws applicable to a project;
- 615 (c) any provision of the health laws applicable to a project;
- 616 (d) the workers' compensation insurance laws of the state applicable to a project;

617	(e) the laws governing withholdings for employee state and federal income taxes,
618	unemployment taxes, FICA, or other required withholdings; or
619	(f) reporting, notification, and filing laws of this state or the federal government;
620	[(17)] (19) aiding or abetting any person in evading the provisions of this chapter or rules
621	established under the authority of the division to govern this chapter; or
622	[(18)] (20) engaging in the construction trade or as a contractor for the construction of
623	residences of up to two units when not currently registered or exempt from registration as a
624	qualified beneficiary under Title 38, Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery
625	Fund Act.
626	Section 10. Section 58-55-502 is amended to read:
627	58-55-502. Unprofessional conduct.
628	Unprofessional conduct includes:
629	(1) failing to establish, maintain, or demonstrate financial responsibility while licensed as
630	a contractor under this chapter;
631	(2) disregarding or violating through gross negligence or a pattern of negligence:
632	(a) the building or construction laws of this state or any political subdivision;
633	(b) the safety and labor laws applicable to a project;
634	(c) any provision of the health laws applicable to a project;
635	(d) the workers' compensation insurance laws of this state applicable to a project;
636	(e) the laws governing withholdings for employee state and federal income taxes,
637	unemployment taxes, FICA, or other required withholdings; or
638	(f) any reporting, notification, and filing laws of this state or the federal government;
639	(3) any willful, fraudulent, or deceitful act by a licensee, caused by a licensee, or at a
640	licensee's direction which causes material injury to another;
641	(4) contract violations that pose a threat or potential threat to the public health, safety, and
642	welfare including:
643	(a) willful, deliberate, or grossly negligent departure from or disregard for plans or
644	specifications, or abandonment or failure to complete a project without the consent of the owner
645	or his duly authorized representative or the consent of any other person entitled to have the
646	particular project completed in accordance with the plans, specifications, and contract terms;
647	(b) failure to deposit funds to the benefit of an employee as required under any written

648	contractual obligation the licensee has to the employee;
649	(c) failure to maintain in full force and effect any health insurance benefit to an employee
650	that was extended as a part of any written contractual obligation or representation by the licensee,
651	unless the employee is given written notice of the licensee's intent to cancel or reduce the insurance
652	benefit at least 45 days before the effective date of the cancellation or reduction;
653	(d) failure to reimburse the Residence Lien Recovery Fund within 90 days after any
654	disbursement from the fund resulting from the licensee's failure to pay qualified beneficiaries as
655	provided in Title 38, Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery Fund Act;
656	(e) failure to provide, when applicable, the information required by Section 38-11-108;
657	[or]
658	(f) willfully or deliberately misrepresenting or omitting a material fact in connection with
659	an application to claim recovery from the Residence Lien Recovery Fund under Section
660	38-11-204[.] <u>:</u>
661	(5) failing as an alarm company to notify the division of the cessation of performance of
662	its qualifying agent, or failing to replace its qualifying agent as required under Section 58-55-304;
663	(6) failing as an alarm company agent to carry or display a copy of the licensee's license
664	as required under Section 58-55-311; or
665	(7) failing to comply with operating standards established by rule in accordance with
666	<u>Section 58-55-308.</u>
667	Section 11. Section 58-55-503 is amended to read:
668	58-55-503. Penalty for unlawful conduct Citations.
669	(1) Any person who violates Subsections 58-55-501(1) through (14), (16), (17) [or]. (18)[,]
670	or (19) or who fails to comply with a citation issued under this section after it is final, is guilty of
671	a class A misdemeanor. Any person who violates the provisions of Subsection 58-55-501(8) or
672	(13) may not be awarded and may not accept a contract for the performance of the work. Any
673	licensee who submits a notice of intent to request an increase in the monetary limit under
674	Subsection 58-55-309(5), but who is not granted an increase sufficient to cover the award of a
675	contract upon which he has bid, may not be awarded and may not accept the contract.
676	(2) Any person who violates the provisions of Subsection 58-55-501(15) is guilty of an
677	infraction unless the violator did so with the intent to deprive the person to whom money is to be
678	paid of the money received, in which case the violator is guilty of theft, as classified in Section

679 76-6-412.

680 (3) Grounds for immediate suspension of the licensee's license by the division and the 681 board include the failure by a licensee to make application to, report to, or notify the division with 682 respect to any matter for which application, notification, or reporting is required under this chapter 683 or rules adopted under this chapter, including applying to the division for a new license to engage 684 in a new specialty classification or to do business under a new form of organization or business 685 structure, filing with the division current financial statements, notifying the division concerning 686 loss of insurance coverage, or change in qualifier.

(4) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a contractor has
violated the provisions of Subsections 58-55-501(1), (2), (3), or any rule or order issued with
respect to these subsections, and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or his designee
from within the division for each alternative respectively, shall, promptly issue a citation to the
contractor according to this chapter and any pertinent rules, attempt to negotiate a stipulated
settlement, or notify the contractor to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under
Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.

(i) Any person who is in violation of the provisions of Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), or
(3), as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or by a finding of violation
in an adjudicative proceeding, may be assessed a fine pursuant to this Subsection (4) and may, in
addition to or in lieu of, be ordered to cease and desist from violating Subsection 58-55-501(1),
(2), or (3).

(ii) Except for a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions cited in Section 58-55-401may not be assessed through a citation.

(b) Each citation shall be in writing and describe with particularity the nature of the
violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been
violated. The citation shall clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing within
20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing
conducted under Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act. The citation shall clearly
explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make payment of any fines
assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation.

708 709 (c) The division may issue a notice in lieu of a citation.

(d) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be served upon

710	any person upon whom a summons may be served in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil
711	Procedure and may be made personally or upon his agent by a division investigator or by any
712	person specially designated by the director or by mail.
713	(e) If within 20 calendar days from the service of a citation, the person to whom the
714	citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final
715	order of the division and is not subject to further agency review. The period to contest a citation
716	may be extended by the division for cause.
717	(f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation the
718	license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.
719	(g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes final
720	is a ground for denial of license.
721	(h) No citation may be issued under this section after the expiration of six months
722	following the occurrence of any violation.
723	(i) Fines shall be assessed by the director or his designee according to the following:
724	(i) for a first offense handled pursuant to Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000;
725	(ii) for a second offense handled pursuant to Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000; and
726	(iii) for any subsequent offense handled pursuant to Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to
727	\$2,000 for each day of continued offense.
728	(j) (i) For purposes of issuing a final order under this section and assessing a fine under
729	Subsection (4)(i), an offense constitutes a second or subsequent offense if:
730	(A) the division previously issued a final order determining that a person committed a first
731	or second offense in violation of Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), or (3); or
732	(B) (I) the division initiated an action for a first or second offense;
733	(II) no final order has been issued by the division in the action initiated under Subsection
734	(4)(j)(i)(B)(I);
735	(III) the division determines during an investigation that occurred after the initiation of the
736	action under Subsection $(4)(j)(i)(B)(I)$ that the person committed a second or subsequent violation
737	of the provisions of Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), or (3); and
738	(IV) after determining that the person committed a second or subsequent offense under
739	Subsection $(4)(j)(i)(B)(III)$, the division issues a final order on the action initiated under Subsection
740	(4)(j)(i)(B)(I).

741	(ii) In issuing a final order for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection $(4)(j)(i)$,
742	the division shall comply with the requirements of this section.
743	(5) Any penalty imposed by the director under Subsection (4)(i) shall be deposited into the
744	Commerce Service Fund. Any penalty which is not paid may be collected by the director by either
745	referring the matter to a collection agency or bringing an action in the district court of the county
746	in which the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office
747	of the director is located. Any county attorney or the attorney general of the state is to provide
748	legal assistance and advice to the director in any action to collect the penalty. In any action
749	brought to enforce the provisions of this section, reasonable attorney's fees and costs shall be
750	awarded.
751	Section 12. Repealer.
752	This act repeals:
753	Section 58-65-101, Title.
754	Section 58-65-102, Definitions.
755	Section 58-65-201, Board.
756	Section 58-65-301, Licensure required License classifications.
757	Section 58-65-302, Qualifications for licensure.
758	Section 58-65-303, Term of license Expiration Renewal.
759	Section 58-65-304, Exemptions from licensure.
760	Section 58-65-305, Status of licenses held on the effective date of this chapter.
761	Section 58-65-306, Replacement of qualifying agent.
762	Section 58-65-307, Preemption of other licensure.
763	Section 58-65-309, Rulemaking Operating standards.
764	Section 58-65-401, Grounds for denial of license Disciplinary proceedings.
765	Section 58-65-501, Unlawful conduct.
766	Section 58-65-502, Unprofessional conduct.

_

Legislative Review Note as of 2-14-00 3:13 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel