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1	ROADS ON PUBLIC LANDS
2	2000 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Leonard M. Blackham
5	AN ACT RELATING TO TRANSPORTATION; PROVIDING FOR JOINT TITLE TO
6	CERTAIN HIGHWAY RIGHTS-OF-WAY BY THE STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS;
7	PROVIDING FOR CERTAIN RIGHT-OF-WAY WIDTHS; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE
8	DATE.
9	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
10	AMENDS:
11	72-3-102, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 270, Laws of Utah 1998
12	72-3-103, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 270, Laws of Utah 1998
13	72-3-104, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 270, Laws of Utah 1998
14	72-3-105, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 270, Laws of Utah 1998
15	72-5-103, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 270, Laws of Utah 1998
16	72-5-104, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 270, Laws of Utah 1998
17	72-5-302, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 270, Laws of Utah 1998
18	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
19	Section 1. Section 72-3-102 is amended to read:
20	72-3-102. State highways Class A state roads.
21	(1) State highways comprise highways, roads, and streets designated under Chapter 4,
22	Designation of State Highways.
23	(2) State highways are class A state roads.
24	(3) The state has title to all rights-of-way for all state highways.
25	[(3)] (4) The department has jurisdiction and control over all state highways.
26	[(4)] (5) The department shall construct and maintain each state highway using funds made
27	available for that purpose.

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28	Section 2. Section <b>72-3-103</b> is amended to read:
29	72-3-103. County roads Class B roads Construction and maintenance by
30	counties.
31	(1) County roads comprise all public highways, roads, and streets within the state that:
32	(a) are situated outside of incorporated municipalities and not designated as state highways;
33	(b) have been designated as county roads; or
34	(c) are located on property under the control of a federal agency and constructed or
35	maintained by the county under agreement with the appropriate federal agency.
36	(2) County roads are class B roads.
37	(3) The state and county have joint undivided interest in the title to all rights-of-way for
38	all county roads.
39	[(3)] (4) The county governing body has jurisdiction and control of county roads within the
40	county.
41	[(4)] (5) The county shall construct and maintain each county road using funds made
42	available for that purpose.
43	[(5)] (6) The county legislative body may expend funds allocated to each county from the
44	Transportation Fund under rules made by the department.
45	[(6)] (7) A county legislative body may use any portion of the class B road funds provided
46	by this chapter for the construction and maintenance of class A state roads by cooperative
47	agreement with the department.
48	[(7)] (8) A county may enter into agreements with the appropriate federal agency for the
49	use of federal funds, county road funds, and donations to county road funds to construct, improve,
50	or maintain county roads within or partly within national forests.
51	Section 3. Section <b>72-3-104</b> is amended to read:
52	72-3-104. City streets Class C roads Construction and maintenance.
53	(1) City streets comprise:
54	(a) highways, roads, and streets within the corporate limits of the municipalities that are
55	not designated as class A state roads or as class B roads; and
56	(b) those highways, roads, and streets located within a national forest and constructed or
57	maintained by the municipality under agreement with the appropriate federal agency.
58	(2) City streets are class C roads.

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59	(3) Except for city streets within counties of the first and second class as defined in Section
60	17-16-13, the state and city have joint undivided interest in the title to all rights-of-way for all city
61	streets.
62	[(3)] (4) The municipal governing body has jurisdiction and control of the city streets
63	within the municipality.
64	[(4)] (5) The department shall cooperate with the municipal legislative body in the
65	construction and maintenance of the class C roads within each municipality.
66	[(5)] (6) The municipal legislative body shall expend or cause to be expended upon the
67	class C roads the funds allocated to each municipality from the Transportation Fund under rules
68	made by the department.
69	[(6)] (7) Any town or city in the third class may:
70	(a) contract with the county or the department for the construction and maintenance of
71	class C roads within its corporate limits; or
72	(b) transfer, with the consent of the county, its:
73	(i) class C roads to the class B road system; and
74	(ii) funds allocated from the Transportation Fund to the municipality to the county
75	legislative body for use upon the transferred class C roads.
76	[(7)] (8) A municipal legislative body of any municipality of the third class may use any
77	portion of the class C road funds allocated to the municipality for the construction of sidewalks,
78	curbs, and gutters on class A state roads within the municipal limits by cooperative agreement with
79	the department.
80	Section 4. Section 72-3-105 is amended to read:
81	72-3-105. Maps to be prepared by county Indication of roads.
82	(1) As used in this section, "class D road" means any road, way, or other land surface route
83	that has been or is established by use or constructed and is maintained to provide reasonably
84	passable for usage by the public for vehicles with four or more wheels that is not a class A, class
85	B, or class C road under this title.
86	(2) Each class D road is part of the highway and road system within the state with the same
87	force and effect as if the class D road had been included within this system upon its being first
88	established or constructed.
89	(3) Each county shall prepare maps showing to the best of its ability the class D roads

S.B. 249 02-18-00 2:31 PM 90 within its boundaries which were in existence as of October 21, 1976. Preparation of these maps 91 may be done by the county itself or through any multi-county planning district in which the county 92 participates. A county shall be given a minimum of two years to complete mapping of the class D 93 roads within its boundaries. 94 (4) Any class D road which is established or constructed after October 21, 1976, shall be 95 reflected on maps prepared as provided in Subsection (3). (5) The county shall provide a copy of any map under Subsection (3) or (4) upon 96 97 completion to the department. 98 (6) The department shall scribe each road shown on its own county map series. The 99 department is not responsible for the validity of any class D road and is not responsible for its 100 being inventoried. The department shall also keep on file an historical map record of the roads as 101 provided by the counties. 102 (7) The state and county have joint undivided interest in the title to all rights-of-way for 103 class D roads. 104 Section 5. Section 72-5-103 is amended to read: 105 72-5-103. Acquisition of rights-of-way and other real property -- Title to property 106 acquired. 107 (1) The department may acquire any real property or interests in real property necessary 108 for temporary, present, or reasonable future state highway purposes by gift, agreement, exchange, 109 purchase, condemnation, or otherwise. 110 (2) (a) Title to real property acquired by the department or the counties, cities, and towns 111 by gift, agreement, exchange, purchase, condemnation, or otherwise for highway rights-of-way or 112 other highway purposes may be in fee simple or any lesser estate or interest. 113 (b) If the highway is a county road, city street, or right-of-way described in Title 72, 114 Chapter 5, Part 3, Rights-of-way Across Federal Lands Act, title to all interests in real property less 115 than fee simple held under this section is held jointly by the state and the county, city, or town 116 holding the interest. 117 (3) A transfer of land bounded by a highway on a right-of-way for which the public has 118 only an easement passes the title of the person whose estate is transferred to the middle of the 119 highway. 120 Section 6. Section 72-5-104 is amended to read:

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121	72-5-104. Public use constituting dedication Scope.
122	(1) A highway [shall be deemed to have been] is dedicated and abandoned to the use of
123	the public when it has been continuously used as a public thoroughfare for a period of ten years.
124	(2) The dedication and abandonment creates a right-of-way held by the state in accordance
125	with Sections 72-3-102, 72-3-103, 72-3-104, 72-3-105, and 72-5-103.
126	(3) The scope of the right-of-way is that which is reasonable and necessary to ensure safe
127	travel according to the facts and circumstances at the time of dedication or abandonment.
128	Section 7. Section <b>72-5-302</b> is amended to read:
129	72-5-302. Rights-of-way across federal lands Title Presumption Scope.
130	(1) This part applies to all R.S. 2477 rights-of-way.
131	(2) The state and its political subdivisions have title to the R.S. 2477 rights-of-ways in
132	accordance with Sections 72-3-102, 72-3-103, 72-3-104, 72-3-105, and 72-5-103.
133	(3) (a) Acceptance of a right-of-way for the construction of a highway over public lands,
134	not reserved for public uses, is presumed if the state or a political subdivision of the state makes
135	a finding that the highway was constructed and the right-of-way was accepted prior to October 21,
136	1976.
137	(b) The existence of a highway establishes a presumption that the highway has continued
138	in use in its present location since the land over which it is built was public land not reserved for
139	public use.
140	(4) (a) [Unless specifically determined by the state or a political subdivision of the state
141	with authority over the R.S. 2477 right-of-way, the] The scope of the R.S. 2477 right-of-way is that
142	which is reasonable and necessary to ensure safe travel [for all uses that occurred before October
143	21, 1976] according to the facts and circumstances at the time of acceptance.
144	(b) The scope of the R.S. 2477 right-of-way includes the right to widen the highway as
145	necessary to accommodate the increased travel associated with those uses, up to, where applicable,
146	improving a highway to two lanes so travelers can safely pass each other.
147	[(c) The width of an R.S. 2477 right-of-way used for vehicular travel may not be less than
148	the setback standards for wilderness boundaries along existing roads as described in Bureau of
149	Land Management Manual H-8560-1, Management of Designated Wilderness Areas, dated July
150	<del>27, 1988, as follows:</del> ]
151	[(i) high standard paved highways shall be 300 feet from the centerline;]

152 [(ii) high standard logging roads shall be 100 feet from the centerline; and]

- 153 [(iii) low standard logging, jeep, maintenance, dirt roads used for right-of-way, or similar
- 154 roads shall be 30 feet from the centerline.]

155 [(5) The safety standards established by the Department of Transportation in accordance

- 156 with Section 72-6-102 apply to all determinations of safety on R.S. 2477 rights-of-way used for
- 157 vehicular travel.]
- 158Section 8. Effective date.
- 159 If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this act takes effect
- 160 <u>upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah</u>
- 161 Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto, the
- 162 <u>date of veto override.</u>

## Legislative Review Note as of 2-18-00 10:45 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel