

28 functioning, certified ignition interlock system installed and calibrated so that the motor vehicle
29 will not start if the operator's blood alcohol concentration exceeds a level ordered by the court.

30 (b) If a person convicted of violating Section 41-6-44 was under the age of 21 when the
31 violation occurred, the court shall order the installation of the ignition interlock system as a
32 condition of probation.

33 (c) (i) If a person is convicted of a violation of Section 41-6-44 within six years of a prior
34 conviction of that section, the court shall order the installation of the ignition interlock system, at
35 the person's expense, for all motor vehicles registered to that person and all motor vehicles
36 operated by that person for three years from the date of conviction.

37 (ii) The division shall post the ignition interlock restriction on the electronic record
38 available to law enforcement.

39 (d) This section does not apply to a person convicted of a violation of Section 41-6-44
40 whose violation involves drugs other than alcohol.

41 (3) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), if the court imposes the use of an ignition
42 interlock system as a condition of probation, the court shall:

43 (a) stipulate on the record the requirement for and the period of the use of an ignition
44 interlock system;

45 (b) order that an ignition interlock system be installed on each motor vehicle owned or
46 operated by the probationer, at the probationer's expense;

47 (c) order the probationer to submit his driver license to the Driver License Division in
48 accordance with Subsection (5);

49 (d) immediately notify the Driver License Division and the person's probation provider of
50 the order; and

51 (e) require the probationer to provide proof of compliance with the court's order to the
52 probation provider within 30 days of the order.

53 (4) (a) The probationer shall provide timely proof of installation within 30 days of an order
54 imposing the use of a system or show cause why the order was not complied with to the court or
55 to the probationer's probation provider.

56 (b) The probation provider shall notify the court of failure to comply under Subsection
57 (4)(a).

58 (c) For failure to comply under Subsection (4)(a) or upon receiving the notification under

59 Subsection (4)(b), the court shall order the Driver License Division to suspend the probationer's
60 driving privileges for the remaining period during which the compliance was imposed.

61 (d) Cause for failure to comply means any reason the court finds sufficiently justifiable to
62 excuse the probationer's failure to comply with the court's order.

63 (5) (a) If use of an ignition interlock system is required under this section, the division may
64 not issue, reinstate, or renew the driver license of that person unless that requirement is coded on
65 the person's driver license.

66 (b) (i) If the division receives a notice that a person with a valid driver license that does
67 not require a driver license withdrawal is required to use an ignition interlock system, the division
68 shall notify the person that he has ten calendar days to apply to the division for an ignition
69 interlock system requirement coded on the license.

70 (ii) The division shall suspend the driver license of the person after the ten-day period until
71 the person applies to the division for an ignition interlock system requirement coded on the license.

72 (6) (a) Any probationer required to install an ignition interlock system shall have the
73 system monitored by the manufacturer or dealer of the system for proper use and accuracy at least
74 semiannually and more frequently as the court may order.

75 (b) (i) A report of the monitoring shall be issued by the manufacturer or dealer to the court
76 or the person's probation provider.

77 (ii) The report shall be issued within 14 days following each monitoring.

78 (7) (a) If an ignition interlock system is ordered installed, the probationer shall pay the
79 reasonable costs of leasing or buying and installing and maintaining the system.

80 (b) A probationer may not be excluded from this section for inability to pay the costs,
81 unless:

82 (i) the probationer files an affidavit of impecuniosity; and

83 (ii) the court enters a finding that the probationer is impecunious.

84 (c) In lieu of waiver of the entire amount of the cost, the court may direct the probationer
85 to make partial or installment payments of costs when appropriate.

86 (d) ~~[Subject to appropriation, the department shall lease or purchase the ignition interlock
87 system and reimburse each installer maintaining the system provided to probationers for whom
88 payment of costs has been waived or deferred on the grounds of indigency.] The probation
89 provider shall cover the costs of waivers by the court under this Subsection (7).~~

90 ~~[(8) (a) An additional fee of \$100 shall be paid to the court by each probationer ordered~~
91 ~~to purchase, install, use, and maintain an ignition interlock system under this section.]~~

92 ~~[(b) The fee shall be deposited with the department as a dedicated credit for the support~~
93 ~~costs incurred for indigent individuals under Subsection (7)(d).]~~

94 ~~[(c) Failure to pay the fees required under this section shall, unless excused, constitute~~
95 ~~sufficient basis for a finding by the court at a hearing that the probationer has failed to comply with~~
96 ~~the terms of probation.]~~

97 ~~[(9)]~~ (8) (a) If a probationer is required in the course and scope of employment to operate
98 a motor vehicle owned by the probationer's employer, the probationer may operate that motor
99 vehicle in the course and scope of employment without installation of an ignition interlock system
100 only if the employer has been notified that the employee is restricted and the employee has proof
101 of the notification in his possession while operating the employer's motor vehicle.

102 (b) (i) To the extent that an employer-owned motor vehicle is made available to a
103 probationer subject to this section for personal use, no exemption under this section shall apply.

104 (ii) A probationer intending to operate an employer-owned motor vehicle for personal use
105 and who is restricted to the operation of a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock system
106 shall notify the employer and obtain consent in writing from the employer to install a system in the
107 employer-owned motor vehicle.

108 (c) A motor vehicle owned by a business entity that is all or partly owned or controlled by
109 a probationer subject to this section is not a motor vehicle owned by the employer and does not
110 qualify for an exemption under this Subsection ~~[(9)]~~ (8).

111 ~~[(10)]~~ (9) Upon conviction for violation of this section, the court shall notify the Driver
112 License Division to immediately suspend the probationer's license to operate a motor vehicle for
113 the remainder of the period of probation.

114 ~~[(11)]~~ (10) (a) It is a class B misdemeanor for a person to:

115 (i) circumvent or tamper with the operation of an ignition interlock system;

116 (ii) knowingly furnish a motor vehicle without an ignition interlock system to someone
117 who is not authorized to drive a motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is equipped with an
118 ignition interlock system that is in working order;

119 (iii) rent, lease, or borrow a motor vehicle without an ignition interlock system if a driving
120 restriction is imposed under this section;

121 (iv) request another person to blow into an ignition interlock system, if the person is
122 required to have a system and the person requests or solicits another to blow into the system to
123 start the motor vehicle in order to circumvent the system;

124 (v) blow into an ignition interlock system or start a motor vehicle equipped with an
125 ignition interlock system for the purpose of providing an operable motor vehicle to another person
126 required to have a system; [~~and~~]

127 (vi) advertise for sale, offer for sale, sell, or lease an ignition interlock system unless the
128 system has been certified by the commissioner and the manufacturer of the system has affixed a
129 warning label, as approved by the commissioner on the system, stating that the tampering,
130 circumventing, or other misuse of the system is a class B misdemeanor[-]; or

131 (vii) operate a motor vehicle in violation of any ignition interlock restriction.

132 (b) This Subsection [~~(11)~~] (10) does not apply if the starting of a motor vehicle, or the
133 request to start a motor vehicle, equipped with an ignition interlock system is done for the purpose
134 of safety or mechanical repair of the system or the motor vehicle and the person subject to the court
135 order does not drive the motor vehicle.

136 [~~(12)~~] (11) (a) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
137 Act, the commissioner shall make rules setting standards for the certification of ignition interlock
138 systems.

139 (b) The standards shall require that the system:

140 (i) not impede the safe operation of the motor vehicle;

141 (ii) have features that make circumventing difficult and that do not interfere with the
142 normal use of the motor vehicle;

143 (iii) require a deep lung breath sample as a measure of breath alcohol concentration;

144 (iv) prevent the motor vehicle from being started if the driver's breath alcohol
145 concentration exceeds an ordered level;

146 (v) work accurately and reliably in an unsupervised environment;

147 (vi) resist tampering and give evidence if tampering is attempted;

148 (vii) operate reliably over the range of motor vehicle environments; and

149 (viii) be manufactured by a party who will provide liability insurance.

150 (c) The commissioner may adopt in whole or in part, the guidelines, rules, studies, or
151 independent laboratory tests relied upon in certification of ignition interlock systems by other

152 states.

153 (d) A list of certified systems shall be published by the commissioner and the cost of
154 certification shall be borne by the manufacturers or dealers of ignition interlock systems seeking
155 to sell, offer for sale, or lease the systems.

156 (e) In accordance with Section 63-38-3.2, the commissioner may establish an annual dollar
157 assessment against the manufacturers of ignition interlock systems distributed in the state for the
158 costs incurred in certifying. The assessment shall be apportioned among the manufacturers on a
159 fair and reasonable basis.

160 [~~13~~] (12) There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action of any nature
161 shall arise against, the state or its employees in connection with the installation, use, operation,
162 maintenance, or supervision of an interlock ignition system as required under this section.

Legislative Review Note
as of 12-11-00 11:21 AM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel