1	CONSTRUCTION FILING AMENDMENTS
2	2005 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: Michael T. Morley
5 6	LONG TITLE
7	General Description:
8	This bill makes changes to mechanics' liens.
9	Highlighted Provisions:
10	This bill:
11	► defines terms;
12	 clarifies how the State Construction Registry is to be indexed;
13	 requires the division to comply with Title 63, Chapter 38, Budgetary Procedures
14	Act, when setting fees for the database;
15	provides that actions in connection with a filing to the database are not
16	adjudications within the meaning of Title 63, Chapter 46b, Administrative
17	Procedures Act;
18	 clarifies that the division is not responsible for monitoring the timeliness of filings;
19	 establishes provisions for addressing delinquency of payment of a filing fee for a
20	filing to the database;
21	► allows the division to make rules establishing the form of submission of an alternate
22	filing;
23	 provides that the archiving of a notice filed with the database may occur no earlier
24	than the later of:
25	• one year after the filing of a notice of completion;
26	• two years after the last filing activity if no notice of completion is filed; or
27	• one year after a filing is cancelled;



28	 provides that data submitted to the database by a governmental entity is classified
29	under Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, by
30	the division;
31	 clarifies the required content of a notice of commencement filed for a project where
32	no building permit is required;
33	 provides that a person requesting a notice of filings for a project is responsible for
34	the accuracy of an e-mail address, mailing address, or the telefax number to which
35	notice is requested to be sent;
36	 provides that a designated agent need only send the notice to the provided e-mail
37	address, mailing address, or telefax number, whether or not the notice is actually
38	received;
39	 modifies the time within which a subcontractor or supplier must file a preliminary
40	notice;
41	 clarifies that a preliminary notice filed for one construction project applies to all
42	labor, service, equipment, and material for that construction project;
43	 provides that a qualified beneficiary may recover from the Residence Lien Recovery
44	Fund only if the qualified beneficiary files an action within 180 days after a notice
45	of claim is filed under Section 38-1-7; and
46	 makes technical changes.
47	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
48	None
49	Other Special Clauses:
50	This bill provides retrospective operation.
51	Utah Code Sections Affected:
52	AMENDS:
53	38-1-27 (Effective 05/01/05), as repealed and reenacted by Chapter 250, Laws of Utah
54	2004
55	38-1-30, as enacted by Chapter 250, Laws of Utah 2004
56	38-1-31 (Effective 05/01/05), as enacted by Chapter 250, Laws of Utah 2004
57	38-1-32 (Effective 05/01/05), as enacted by Chapter 250, Laws of Utah 2004
58	38-1-33 (Effective 05/01/05), as enacted by Chapter 250, Laws of Utah 2004

38-1-37 (Effective 05/01/05), as enacted by Chapter 250, Laws of Utah 2004
38-11-204, as last amended by Chapter 42, Laws of Utah 2004
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 38-1-27 (Effective 05/01/05) is amended to read:
38-1-27 (Effective 05/01/05). State Construction Registry Form and contents of
notice of commencement, preliminary notice, and notice of completion.
(1) As used in this section and Sections 38-1-30 through 38-1-37:
(a) "Alternate filing" means a filing made in a manner established by the division under
Subsection (2)(e) other than an electronic filing.
(b) "Cancel" means to indicate that a filing is no longer given effect.
(c) "Construction project," "project," or "improvement" means:
(i) a specific project or improvement for which one building permit is issued; or
(ii) if no building permit is required, the improvement or work required by a contract
between the owner and an original contractor under Section 38-1-2.
[(a)] (d) "Database" means the <u>State</u> Construction [Notice] Registry [Database] created
in this section.
[(b)] (e) (i) "Designated agent" means the third party the Division of Occupational and
Professional Licensing contracts with to create and maintain the State Construction [Notice]
Registry [Database].
(ii) The designated agent is not an agency, instrumentality, or a political subdivision of
the state.
[(c)] (f) "Division" means the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing.
(g) "Interested person" means a person who may be affected by a construction project.
[(d)] (h) "Program" means the <u>State</u> Construction [Notice] Registry [Database]
Program created in this section.
(2) Subject to receiving adequate funding through a legislative appropriation and
contracting with an approved third party vendor who meets the requirements of Sections
38-1-30 through 38-1-37, there is created the <u>State</u> Construction [Notice] Registry [Database]
Program [which] <u>that</u> shall:
(a) (i) assist in protecting public health, safety, and welfare; and

90	(ii) promote a fair working environment;
91	(b) be overseen by the division with the assistance of the designated agent;
92	(c) provide a central repository for notices of commencement, preliminary notices, and
93	notices of completion filed in connection with all privately owned construction projects as well
94	as all state and local government owned construction projects throughout Utah;
95	(d) be accessible for filing and review [of] by way of the program Internet website of:
96	(i) notices of commencement[;]:
97	(ii) preliminary notices[,]; and
98	(iii) notices of completion [via the program Internet website];
99	(e) accommodate <u>:</u>
100	(i) electronic filing of [such notices as well as provide for] the notices described in
101	Subsection (2)(d); and
102	(ii) alternate filing of the notices described in Subsection (2)(d) by U.S. mail, telefax,
103	[telephone,] or any other alternate method as provided by rule made by the division in
104	accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
105	(f) (i) provide electronic notification for up to three e-mail addresses for each interested
106	person or company who requests notice from the construction notice registry [as well as]; and
107	(ii) provide alternate means of notification for [those persons] a person who [make]
108	makes an alternate [filings] filing, including U.S. mail, telefax, or any other method as
109	prescribed by rule made by the division in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
110	Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
111	(g) provide hard-copy printing of electronic receipts for an individual [filings] filing
112	evidencing the date and time of the individual [filings as well as] filing and the content of the
113	individual [filings] <u>filing</u> .
114	(3) (a) [Persons interested in a construction project] An interested person may request
115	notice of filings related to [the] a project.
116	(b) The database shall be indexed by:
117	(i) owner name[,]:
118	(ii) original contractor name[,]:
119	(iii) subdivision, development, or other project name, if any;
120	(iv) project address[;];

121	(v) lot or parcel number[,];
122	(vi) unique project number[,] assigned by the designated agent; and
123	(vii) any other identifier that the division considers reasonably appropriate [and
124	established by rule, made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative
125	Rulemaking Act] in collaboration with the designated agent.
126	(4) (a) In accordance with [Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
127	Act,] the process required by Section 63-38-3.2, the division shall establish [by rule] the
128	[filing] fees for [notices]:
129	(i) a notice of commencement[;]:
130	(ii) a preliminary [notices, notices] notice;
131	(iii) a notice of completion[, and requests]:
132	(iv) a request for notice[, which fees may not exceed the amount reasonably necessary
133	to create and maintain the database.]:
134	(v) a duplicate receipt of a filing; and
135	(vi) account setup for a person who wishes to be billed periodically for filings with the
136	database.
137	(b) The fees allowed under Subsection (4)(a) may not exceed the amount reasonably
138	necessary to create and maintain the database.
139	[(b)] (c) The fees established by the division may vary by method of filing if one form
140	of filing is more costly than [other forms] another form of filing.
141	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection 63-38-3.2(2)(c), the division need not submit the fee
142	schedule for fees allowed by this Subsection (4) to the Legislature until the 2006 General
143	Session.
144	(e) The division may provide by contract that the designated agent may retain all fees
145	collected by the designated agent except that the designated agent shall remit to the division the
146	cost of the division's oversight under Subsection (2)(b).
147	(5) The following are not an adjudicative proceeding under Title 63, Chapter 46b,
148	Administrative Procedures Act:
149	(a) the filing of a notice permitted by this chapter;
150	(b) the rejection of a filing permitted by this chapter; or
151	(c) other action by the designated agent in connection with a filing of any notice

152	permitted by this chapter.
153	(6) The division and the designated agent need not determine the timeliness of any
154	notice before filing the notice in the database.
155	(7) (a) A person who is delinquent on the payment of a fee established under
156	Subsection (4) may not file a notice with the database.
157	(b) A determination that a person is delinquent on the payment of a fee for filing
158	established under Subsection (4) shall be made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46b,
159	Administrative Procedures Act.
160	(c) Any order issued in a proceeding described in Subsection (7)(b) may prescribe the
161	method of that person's payment of fees for filing notices with the database after issuance of the
162	order.
163	Section 2. Section 38-1-30 is amended to read:
164	38-1-30. Third party contract Designated agent.
165	(1) The division shall contract in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 56, Utah
166	Procurement Code, with a third party to establish and maintain the database for the purposes
167	established under this section, Section 38-1-27, and Sections 38-1-31 through 38-1-37.
168	(2) (a) The third party under contract under this section is the division's designated
169	agent, and shall develop and maintain a database from the information provided by:
170	(i) local government entities issuing building permits;
171	(ii) original contractors;
172	(iii) subcontractors; and
173	(iv) other interested persons.
174	(b) The division and the designated agent shall design, develop, and test the database
175	for full implementation on May 1, 2005.
176	(3) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
177	division shall make rules and develop procedures for:
178	(a) the division to oversee and enforce this section, Section 38-1-27, and Sections
179	38-1-31 through 38-1-37; [and]
180	(b) the designated agent to administer this section, Section 38-1-27, and Sections
181	38-1-31 through 38-1-37[.]; and
182	(c) the form of submission of an alternate filing.

183	(4) (a) The designated agent shall archive computer data files at least semiannually for
184	auditing purposes.
185	(b) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
186	division shall make rules to allow the designated agent[, unless requested otherwise by an
187	interested party for a particular project,] to periodically archive [and purge completed or
188	inactive] projects from the database[:].
189	(c) A project shall be archived no earlier than:
190	(i) [no earlier than] one year after the day on which a notice of [commencement]
191	<u>completion</u> is filed for a [particular] project; [or]
192	(ii) if no notice of [commencement] completion is filed, [no earlier than] two years
193	after the last filing activity for a [particular] project[-]; or
194	(iii) one year after the day on which a filing is cancelled under Subsection
195	<u>38-1-32(3)(c) or 38-1-33(2)(c).</u>
196	[(c)] (d) The division may audit the designated agent's administration of the database as
197	often as the division considers necessary.
198	(5) The designated agent shall carry errors and omissions insurance in the amounts
199	established by rule made by the division in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
200	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
201	Section 3. Section 38-1-31 (Effective 05/01/05) is amended to read:
202	38-1-31 (Effective 05/01/05). Building permit Construction Notice registry
203	Notice of commencement of work.
204	(1) (a) (i) For a construction project where a building permit is issued, within 15 days
205	after the issuance of the building permit, the local government entity issuing that building
206	permit shall input the [data] building permit application and transmit the building permit
207	information to the database electronically [via] by way of the Internet or computer modem or
208	by any other means and such information shall form the basis of a notice of commencement.
209	(ii) For the purposes of classifying a record under Title 63, Chapter 2, Government
210	Records Access and Management Act, building permit information transmitted from a local
211	governmental entity to the database shall be classified in the database by the division
212	notwithstanding the local governmental entity's classification of the building permit
213	information.

214	(b) For a construction project where a building permit is not issued, within 15 days
215	after commencement of physical construction work at the project site, the original contractor
216	shall file a notice of commencement with the database.
217	(c) An owner of construction, a lender, surety, or other interested [party] person may
218	file a notice of commencement with the designated agent within the [prescribed] time [set forth
219	in Subsection] prescribed by Subsections (1)(a) and (b).
220	(d) If duplicate notices of commencement are filed, they shall be combined into one
221	notice for each project. The designated agent shall assign each construction project a unique
222	project number [which] that:
223	(i) identifies each construction project; and
224	(ii) can be associated with all notices of commencement, preliminary notices, and
225	notices of completion.
226	(e) (i) A notice of commencement is effective as to all [work, materials, and
227	equipment] labor, service, equipment, and material furnished to the construction project after
228	the filing of the notice of commencement.
229	(ii) A notice of commencement is effective only as to the [work, materials, or
230	equipment] labor, service, equipment, and material furnished to the construction project that is
231	provided subsequent to the filing of the notice of commencement.
232	(2) (a) The content of a notice of commencement shall include the following [if
233	available on a building permit]:
234	[(a)] (i) the name and address of the owner of the project [or improvement];
235	[(b)] (ii) the name and address of the:
236	[(i)] (A) original contractor; and
237	[(ii)] (B) surety providing any payment bond for the project [or improvement], or if
238	none exists, a statement that a payment bond was not required for the work being performed;
239	[(c) (i)] (iii) (A) the project address if the project can be reasonably identified by an
240	address; or
241	[(ii)] (B) the name and general description of the location of the project if the project
242	cannot be reasonably identified by an address;
243	[(d)] (iv) a general description of the project; and
244	[(e)] (v) the lot or parcel number, and any subdivision, development, or other project

245	name, of the real property upon which the project is to be constructed if the project is subject to
246	mechanics' liens[; and].
247	[(f) a legal description of the property on which the project is located if the project is
248	subject to mechanics' liens.]
249	(b) The content of a notice of commencement need not include all of the items listed in
250	Subsection (2)(a) if:
251	(i) a building permit is issued for the project; and
252	(ii) all items listed in Subsection (2)(a) that are available on the building permit are
253	included in the notice of commencement.
254	(3) Failure to file any notice of commencement for a construction project suspends the
255	operation of:
256	(a) the preliminary notice provisions of Section 38-1-32; and
257	(b) the notice of completion provisions of Section 38-1-33.
258	(4) (a) Electronic notice of the filing of a notice of commencement or alternate notice
259	as prescribed in Subsection (1), shall be provided to:
260	[(a)] (i) all persons who have filed notices of commencement for the project; and
261	[(b)] (ii) all interested [parties] persons who have requested such notice for the project.
262	(b) (i) A person to whom notice is required under Subsection (4)(a) is responsible for:
263	(A) providing an e-mail address, mailing address, or telefax number to which a notice
264	required by Subsection (4)(a) is to be sent; and
265	(B) the accuracy of any e-mail address, mailing address, or telefax number to which
266	notice is to be sent.
267	(ii) The designated agent fulfills the notice requirement of Subsection (4)(a) when it
268	sends the notice to the e-mail address, mailing address, or telefax number provided to the
269	designated agent whether or not the notice is actually received.
270	(5) The burden is upon any person seeking to enforce the notice of commencement to
271	prove that the notice of commencement is filed timely and meets all of the requirements in this
272	section.
273	(6) At the time a building permit is obtained, each original contractor shall
274	conspicuously post at the project site a copy of [each] the building permit obtained for the
275	project [improvement].

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276	Section 4. Section 38-1-32 (Effective 05/01/05) is amended to read:
277	38-1-32 (Effective 05/01/05). Preliminary notice Subcontractor or supplier.
278	(1) (a) (i) A subcontractor or supplier shall file a preliminary notice with the database
279	within the later of:
280	(A) [Within] 20 days after commencement of its own work or the commencement of
281	furnishing [materials or equipment] labor, service, equipment, and material to a construction
282	project[, a subcontractor or supplier shall file a preliminary notice with the construction notice
283	registry.]; or
284	(B) 20 days after the filing of a notice of commencement.
285	(ii) A preliminary notice filed within the [20-day] period described in Subsection
286	(1)(a)(i) is effective as to all [work, materials, and equipment] labor, service, equipment, and
287	material furnished to the construction project, including labor, service, equipment, and material
288	provided to more than one contractor or subcontractor.
289	(b) If a subcontractor or supplier files a preliminary notice after the [20-day] period
290	prescribed by Subsection (1)(a), the preliminary notice becomes effective [as of] five days after
291	the [filing of the] day on which the preliminary notice is filed.
292	(c) Failure to file a preliminary notice within the $[20-day]$ period required by
293	Subsection (1)(a) precludes a subcontractor or supplier from filing any claim for compensation
294	earned for performance of [work] labor or service or supply of materials or equipment
295	furnished to the construction project before the expiration of five days after the <u>late</u> filing of a
296	preliminary notice, except as against the person with whom the subcontractor or supplier
297	contracted.
298	(d) (i) The preliminary notice must be filed before a notice of lien may be filed with the
299	county recorder pursuant to Section 38-1-7.
300	(ii) The content of a preliminary notice shall include the following:
301	[(i)] (A) the name, address, and telephone number of the person furnishing the labor,
302	service, equipment, or material;
303	[(ii)] (B) the name and address of the person who contracted with the claimant for the
304	furnishing of the labor, service, equipment, or material;
305	[(iii)] (C) the name of the record or reputed owner of the project [or improvement];
306	[(iv)] (D) the name of the original contractor under which the claimant is performing or

307	will perform its work; and
308	[(v)] (E) the address of the project [or improvement] or a description of the location of
309	the project [or improvement].
310	(2) (a) (i) Electronic notification of the filing of a preliminary notice or alternate notice
311	as prescribed in Subsection (1), shall be provided to:
312	[(i)] (A) the person filing the preliminary notice;
313	[(ii)] (B) each person that filed a notice of commencement for the project; and
314	[(iii)] (C) all interested [parties] persons who have requested such notice for the
315	project.
316	(ii) A person to whom notice is required under Subsection (2)(a)(i) is responsible for:
317	(A) providing an e-mail address, mailing address, or telefax number to which a notice
318	required by Subsection (2)(a) is to be sent; and
319	(B) the accuracy of any e-mail address, mailing address, or telefax number to which
320	notice is to be sent.
321	(iii) The designated agent fulfills the notice requirement of Subsection (2)(a)(i) when it
322	sends the notice to the e-mail address, mailing address, or telefax number provided to the
323	designated agent whether or not the notice is actually received.
324	(b) The burden is upon the person filing the preliminary notice to prove that the
325	preliminary notice is filed timely and substantially meets all of the requirements of this section.
326	(c) Subject to Subsection (1)(d), a person required by this section to give preliminary
327	notice is only required to give one notice for each project [or improvement, which may include
328	an entire structure or a scheme of improvements].
329	(d) If the labor, service, equipment, or material is furnished pursuant to contracts under
330	more than one original contract, the notice requirements must be met with respect to the labor,
331	service, equipment, or [materials] material furnished under each original contract.
332	(3) (a) If a construction project owner, original contractor, subcontractor, or other
333	interested person believes that a preliminary notice has been filed erroneously, that owner,
334	original contractor, subcontractor, or other interested person can request from the person who
335	filed the preliminary notice evidence establishing the validity of the preliminary notice.
336	(b) Within ten days after the request described in Subsection (3)(a), the person or entity
337	that filed the preliminary notice shall provide the requesting person or entity proof that the

preliminary notice is valid.

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339 (c) If the person or entity that filed the preliminary notice [cannot] does not provide

proof of the validity of the preliminary notice, that person or entity shall immediately [remove]

341 <u>cancel</u> the preliminary notice from the database <u>in any manner prescribed by the division</u>

342 pursuant to rule.

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Section 5. Section **38-1-33** (Effective 05/01/05) is amended to read: **38-1-33** (Effective 05/01/05). Notice of completion.

345 (1) (a) (i) Upon final completion of a construction project, an owner of a construction
346 project, an original contractor, a lender that has provided financing for the construction project,
347 or surety that has provided bonding for the construction project, may file a notice of completion
348 with the database.

349 (ii) Final completion, for purposes of this Subsection (1), shall mean:

[(i)] (A) if as a result of work performed under the original contract a permanent
 certificate of occupancy is required for such work, the date of issuance of a permanent
 certificate of occupancy by the local government entity having jurisdiction over the

353 construction project;

354 [(ii)] (B) if no certificate of occupancy is required by the local government entity 355 having jurisdiction over the construction project, but as a result of the work performed under 356 the original contract an inspection is required for such work, the date of the final inspection for 357 such work by the local government entity having jurisdiction over the construction project; or

358 [(iii)] (C) if with regard to the work performed under the original contract no certificate 359 of occupancy and no final inspection are required by the local government entity having 360 jurisdiction over the construction project, the date on which there remains no substantial work 361 to be completed to finish such work on the original contract.

(b) Notwithstanding Section 38-1-2, where a subcontractor performs substantial work
after the applicable dates established by Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (ii), that subcontractor's
subcontract shall be considered an original contract for the sole purpose of determining:

365 (i) the subcontractor's time frame to file a notice to hold and claim a lien under366 Subsection 38-1-7(1); and

367 (ii) the original contractor's time frame to file a notice to hold and claim a lien under368 Subsection 38-1-7(1) for that subcontractor's work.

369	(c) For purposes of this section, the term "substantial work" does not include:
370	(i) repair work;
371	(ii) warranty work; or
372	(iii) work for which the project owner is not holding payment to ensure completion of
373	that work.
374	(d) (i) Electronic notification of the filing of a notice of completion or alternate notice
375	as prescribed in Subsection (1)(a), shall be provided to:
376	(A) each person that filed a notice of commencement for the project;
377	(B) each person that filed preliminary notice for the project; and
378	(C) all interested [parties] persons who have requested notice for the project.
379	(ii) A person to whom notice is required under Subsection (1)(d) is responsible for:
380	(A) providing an e-mail address, mailing address, or telefax number to which a notice
381	required by Subsection (4)(a) is to be sent; and
382	(B) the accuracy of any e-mail address, mailing address, or telefax number to which
383	notice is to be sent.
384	(iii) The designated agent fulfills the notice requirement of Subsection (1)(d)(ii) when
385	it sends the notice to the e-mail address, mailing address, or telefax number provided to the
386	designated agent, whether or not the notice is actually received.
387	[(ii)] (iv) Upon the filing of a notice of completion, the time periods for filing
388	preliminary notices stated in Section 38-1-27 are modified such that all preliminary notices
389	shall be filed subsequent to the notice of completion and [shall be filed] within ten days from
390	the day on which the notice of completion is filed.
391	(e) A subcontract that is considered an original contract for purposes of this section
392	shall not create a requirement for an additional preliminary notice if a preliminary notice has
393	already been given for [materials and] the labor, service, equipment, and material furnished to
394	the subcontractor who performs substantial work.
395	(2) (a) If a construction project owner, original contractor, subcontractor, or other
396	interested person believes that a notice of completion has been filed erroneously, that owner,
397	original contractor, subcontractor, or other interested person can request from the person who
398	filed the preliminary notice evidence establishing the validity of the notice of completion.
399	(b) Within ten days after the request described in Subsection (2)(a), the person that

400	filed the notice of completion shall provide the requesting person proof that the notice of
401	completion is valid.
402	(c) If the person that filed the notice of completion [cannot] does not provide proof of
403	the validity of the notice of completion, that person shall immediately [remove] cancel the
404	notice of completion from the database in any manner prescribed by the division pursuant to
405	<u>rule</u> .
406	Section 6. Section 38-1-37 (Effective 05/01/05) is amended to read:
407	38-1-37 (Effective 05/01/05). Application of Section 38-1-27 and Sections 38-1-30
408	through 38-1-36.
409	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), Section 38-1-27 and Sections 38-1-30
410	through 38-1-36 in effect as of May 1, 2005 shall apply to construction projects [commenced]
411	for which a notice of commencement is filed on or after May 1, 2005.
412	(2) A construction project [commenced] for which a notice of commencement is filed
413	before May 1, 2005 is subject to the provisions of this chapter in effect prior to May 1, 2005.
414	(3) (a) Section 38-1-27 and Sections 38-1-30 through 38-1-36 in effect as of May 1,
415	2005, shall apply to a construction project for which a notice of commencement is filed on or
416	after October 1, 2005 involving a residence, as defined in Subsection 38-11-102(22).
417	(b) For a construction project for which a notice of commencement is filed before
418	October 1, 2005 involving a residence, as defined in Subsection 38-11-102(22), the law in
419	effect on April 30, 2005 shall govern.
420	Section 7. Section 38-11-204 is amended to read:
421	38-11-204. Claims against the fund Requirement to make a claim
422	Qualifications to receive compensation Qualifications to receive a certificate of
423	compliance.
424	(1) To claim recovery from the fund a person shall:
425	(a) meet the requirements of either Subsection (4) or (7);
426	(b) pay an application fee determined by the division under Section 63-38-3.2; and
427	(c) file with the division a completed application on a form provided by the division
428	accompanied by supporting documents establishing:
429	(i) that the person meets the requirements of either Subsection (4) or (7);
430	(ii) that the person was a qualified beneficiary or laborer during the construction on the

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431 owner-occupied residence; and

432 (iii) the basis for the claim.

433 (2) To recover from the fund, the application required by Subsection (1) shall be filed434 no later than one year:

435 (a) from the date the judgment required by Subsection (4)(d) is entered;

(b) from the date the nonpaying party filed bankruptcy, if the claimant is precluded
from obtaining a judgment or from satisfying the requirements of Subsection (4)(d) because the
nonpaying party filed bankruptcy within one year after the entry of judgment; or

439 (c) from the date the laborer, trying to recover from the fund, completed the laborer's440 qualified services.

441 (3) To obtain a certificate of compliance an owner or agent of the owner shall establish442 with the division that the owner meets the requirements of Subsections (4)(a) and (4)(b).

(4) To recover from the fund, regardless of whether the residence is occupied by the
owner, a subsequent owner, or the owner or subsequent owner's tenant or lessee, a qualified
beneficiary shall establish that:

(a) (i) the owner of the owner-occupied residence or the owner's agent entered into a
written contract with an original contractor licensed or exempt from licensure under Title 58,
Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act:

449 (A) for the performance of qualified services;

450 (B) to obtain the performance of qualified services by others; or

451 (C) for the supervision of the performance by others of qualified services in 452 construction on that residence;

453 (ii) the owner of the owner-occupied residence or the owner's agent entered into a
454 written contract with a real estate developer for the purchase of an owner-occupied residence;
455 or

456 (iii) the owner of the owner-occupied residence or the owner's agent entered into a
457 written contract with a factory built housing retailer for the purchase of an owner-occupied
458 residence;

(b) the owner has paid in full the original contractor, licensed or exempt from licensure
under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, real estate developer, or
factory built housing retailer under Subsection (4)(a) with whom the owner has a written

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462 contract in accordance with the written contract and any amendments to the contract;

463 (c) (i) the original contractor, licensed or exempt from licensure under Title 58,
464 Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, the real estate developer, or the factory
465 built housing retailer subsequently failed to pay a qualified beneficiary who is entitled to
466 payment under an agreement with that original contractor or real estate developer licensed or
467 exempt from licensure under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, for
468 services performed or materials supplied by the qualified beneficiary;

(ii) a subcontractor who contracts with the original contractor, licensed or exempt from
licensure under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, the real estate
developer, or the factory built housing retailer failed to pay a qualified beneficiary who is
entitled to payment under an agreement with that subcontractor or supplier; or

473 (iii) a subcontractor who contracts with a subcontractor or supplier failed to pay a
474 qualified beneficiary who is entitled to payment under an agreement with that subcontractor or
475 supplier;

476 (d

(d) (i) the qualified beneficiary filed:

(A) an action against the nonpaying party to recover monies owed to the qualified
beneficiary within 180 days from the date the qualified beneficiary [last provided qualified
services] filed a notice of claim under Section 38-1-7, unless precluded from doing so by the
nonpaying party's bankruptcy filing within the 180 days [after completion of services] from the
date the qualified beneficiary filed the notice of claim; and

482 (B) a notice of commencement of action with the division within 30 days from the date
483 the qualified beneficiary filed the civil action if a civil action was filed as required by
484 Subsection (4)(d)(i)(A);

(ii) the qualified beneficiary has obtained a judgment against the nonpaying party who
failed to pay the qualified beneficiary under an agreement to provide qualified services for
construction of that owner-occupied residence;

488

(iii) (A) the qualified beneficiary has:

(I) obtained from a court of competent jurisdiction the issuance of an order requiring
the judgment debtor, or if a corporation any officer of the corporation, to appear before the
court at a specified time and place to answer concerning the debtor's or corporation's property;
(II) received return of service of the order from a person qualified to serve documents

493 under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 4(b); and 494 (III) made reasonable efforts to obtain asset information from the supplemental 495 proceedings; and 496 (B) if assets subject to execution are discovered as a result of the order required under 497 Subsection (4)(d)(iii)(A) or for any other reason, to obtain the issuance of a writ of execution 498 from a court of competent jurisdiction; or 499 (iv) the qualified beneficiary timely filed a proof of claim where permitted in the 500 bankruptcy action, if the nonpaying party has filed bankruptcy; 501 (e) the qualified beneficiary is not entitled to reimbursement from any other person; 502 and 503 (f) the qualified beneficiary provided qualified services to a contractor, licensed or 504 exempt from licensure under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act. 505 (5) The requirements of Subsections (4)(d)(i), (ii), and (iii) need not be met if the 506 qualified beneficiary has been precluded from obtaining a judgment against the nonpaying 507 party or from satisfying the requirements of Subsections (4)(d)(i), (ii), and (iii) because the 508 nonpaying party filed bankruptcy. 509 (6) If a qualified beneficiary fails to file the notice with the division required under 510 Subsection (4)(d)(i)(B), the claim of the qualified beneficiary shall be paid: 511 (a) if otherwise qualified under this chapter; 512 (b) to the extent that the limit of Subsection 38-11-203(4)(a) has not been reached by 513 payments from the fund to qualified beneficiaries who have complied with the notice 514 requirements of Subsection (4)(d)(i)(B); and 515 (c) in the order that the claims are filed by persons who fail to comply with Subsection 516 (4)(d)(i)(B), not to exceed the limit of Subsection 38-11-203(4)(a). 517 (7) To recover from the fund a laborer shall: 518 (a) establish that the laborer has not been paid wages due for the work performed at the 519 site of a construction on an owner-occupied residence; and 520 (b) provide any supporting documents or information required by rule by the division. 521 (8) A fee determined by the division under Section 63-38-3.2 shall be deducted from 522 any recovery from the fund received by a laborer. 523 (9) The requirements of Subsections (4)(a) and (4)(b) may be satisfied if an owner or

524	agent of the owner establishes to the satisfaction of the director that the owner of the
525	owner-occupied residence or the owner's agent entered into a written contract with an original
526	contractor who:
527	(a) was a business entity that was not licensed under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah
528	Construction Trades Licensing Act, but was solely or partly owned by an individual who was
529	licensed under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act; or
530	(b) was a natural person who was not licensed under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah
531	Construction Trades Licensing Act, but who was the sole or partial owner and qualifier of a
532	business entity that was licensed under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades
533	Licensing Act.
534	(10) The director shall have equitable power to determine if the requirements of
535	Subsections (4)(a) and (4)(b) have been met, but any decision by the director under [Title 38,
536	Chapter 11,] this chapter shall not alter or have any effect on any other decision by the division
537	under Title 58, Occupations and Professions.
538	Section 8. Retrospective operation.
539	The amendments to Section 38-1-37 (Effective 05/01/05) have retrospective operation
540	<u>to May 1, 2005.</u>

Legislative Review Note as of 1-28-05 1:49 PM

Based on a limited legal review, this legislation has not been determined to have a high probability of being held unconstitutional.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

State Impact

No fiscal impact.

Individual and Business Impact

No fiscal impact.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst