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BUS PASSENGER SAFETY ACT AMENDMENTS
2007 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Mark W. Walker
Senate Sponsor: Michael G. Waddoups
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions of the Bus Passenger Safety Act related to the carrying of
concealed dangerous weapons or hazardous materials or devices into a bus terminal or
aboard a bus.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>provides uniformity in the exceptions provisions of the Bus Passenger Safety Act</li> </ul>
regarding individuals who may carry a weapon or firearm into a bus terminal or
onto a bus;
<ul> <li>modifies contradictory felony penalty provisions for a violation of boarding a bus</li> </ul>
with a concealed dangerous weapon or firearm; and
<ul><li>makes certain technical changes.</li></ul>
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
<b>76-10-1504</b> , as last amended by Chapters 13 and 282, Laws of Utah 1998
76-10-1507, as last amended by Chapter 282, Laws of Utah 1998

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50	Section 1. Section 70-10-1304 is amended to read:
31	76-10-1504. Bus hijacking Assault with intent to commit hijacking Use of a
32	dangerous weapon or firearm Penalties.
33	(1) (a) A person is guilty of bus hijacking if [he] the person seizes or exercises control,
34	by force or violence or threat of force or violence, of [any] a bus within the state.
35	(b) Bus hijacking is a first degree felony.
36	(2) (a) A person is guilty of assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking if [he] the
37	person intimidates, threatens, or commits assault or battery toward [any] a driver, attendant,
38	guard, or any other person in control of a bus so as to interfere with the performance of duties
39	by [such] the person.
40	(b) Assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking is a second degree felony.
41	(3) [Any] $\underline{A}$ person who, in the commission of assault with intent to commit bus
42	hijacking, uses a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section 76-1-601, is guilty of a first degree
43	felony.
14	(4) (a) [Any] A person who boards a bus with a concealed dangerous weapon or
45	firearm upon his person or effects is guilty of a [second] third degree felony.
46	(b) The prohibition of Subsection (4)(a) does not apply to:
47	(i) [elected or appointed peace officers or commercial security personnel who are in
48	possession of weapons or firearms used in the course and scope of their employment, or]
19	individuals listed in Subsections 76-10-523(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), and (e);
50	(ii) a person licensed to carry a concealed weapon; [nor shall the prohibition apply to]
51	<u>or</u>
52	(iii) persons in possession of weapons or firearms with the consent of the owner of the
53	bus or [his] the owner's agent, or the lessee or bailee of the bus.
54	Section 2. Section <b>76-10-1507</b> is amended to read:
55	76-10-1507. Exclusion of persons without bona fide business from terminal
56	Firearms and dangerous materials Surveillance devices and seizure of offending
57	materials Detention of violators Private security personnel.

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(1) (a) In order to provide for the safety, welfare and comfort of passengers, a bus		
company may refuse admission to terminals to [any] a person not having bona fide business		
within the terminal. [Any such]		
(b) The refusal [shall] may not be inconsistent or contrary to state or federal laws or		
regulations, or to [any] an ordinance of the political subdivision in which the terminal is		
located.		
(c) An authorized bus company representative may require [any] a person in a terminal		
to identify himself and state his business.		
(d) Failure to comply with [such] a request under Subsection (1)(c) or to state an		
acceptable business purpose [shall be] is grounds for the representative to request that the		
person depart the terminal. [Any]		
(e) A person who refuses to comply with [such] a request [shall be] made under		
Subsection (1)(d) is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.		
(2) [Any] (a) A person who carries a concealed dangerous weapon, firearm, or any		
[explosive,] highly inflammable or hazardous materials or devices into a terminal or aboard a		
bus [shall be] is guilty of a third degree felony.		
(b) The prohibition of Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to individuals listed in		
Subsection 76-10-1504(4).		
(c) The bus company may employ reasonable means, including mechanical, electronic		
or x-ray devices to detect [such] the items concealed in baggage or upon the person of [any] a		
passenger.		
(d) Upon the discovery of [any such] an item referred to in Subsection (2)(a), the		
company may obtain possession and retain custody [thereof] of the item until it is transferred to		
a peace officer.		
(3) (a) An authorized bus company representative may detain within a terminal or bus		
any person violating the provisions of this [act] section for a reasonable time until law		
enforcement authorities arrive. [Such]		
(b) The detention [shall] does not constitute unlawful imprisonment and neither the bus		

company nor the representative [shall be] is civilly or criminally liable upon grounds of unlawful imprisonment or assault, provided that only reasonable and necessary force is exercised against [any] the detained person [so detained].

(4) (a) A bus company may employ or contract for private security personnel. [Such]

(b) The personnel may:

(i) detain within a terminal or bus [any] a person violating [the provisions of this act]

this section for a reasonable time until law enforcement authorities arrive[7]; and [may]

(ii) use reasonable and necessary force in subduing or detaining [any] the person

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[violating this act].