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Representative Lorie D. Fowlke proposes the following substitute bill:

1	DIVORCE ORIENTATION					
2	2007 GENERAL SESSION					
3	STATE OF UTAH					
4	Chief Sponsor: Lorie D. Fowlke					
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble					
6	LONG TITLE					
7	LONG TITLE					
8	General Description:					
9	This bill creates an intermediate step before a divorce filing and a mandatory divorce					
10	orientation course for couples.					
11	Highlighted Provisions:					
12	This bill:					
13	 creates an optional temporary separation order as an intermediate step before filing 					
14	for divorce;					
15	 requires the parties to the temporary separation order attend a divorce orientation 					
16	course;					
17	 sets the fee for a temporary separation order at \$25; 					
18	 establishes a mandatory divorce orientation course; 					
19	 sets guidelines and course requirements for the divorce orientation course; and 					
20	 allows a credit for the temporary separation order fee to apply to a subsequent filing 					
21	for divorce.					
22	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:					
23	None					
24	Other Special Clauses:					
25	None					



Uta	h Code Sections Affected:					
AM	IENDS:					
78-7-35, as last amended by Chapters 132 and 199, Laws of Utah 2006						
EN.	ACTS:					
	30-3-4.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953					
	30-3-11.4 , Utah Code Annotated 1953					
Be i	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:					
	Section 1. Section 30-3-4.5 is enacted to read:					
	30-3-4.5. Motion for temporary separation order.					
	(1) A petitioner may file an action for a temporary separation order without filing a					
<u>peti</u>	tion for divorce by filing a petition for temporary separation and motion for temporary					
ord	ers if:					
	(a) the petitioner is lawfully married to the respondent; and					
	(b) both parties are residents of the state for at least 90 days prior to the date of filing.					
	(2) The temporary orders are valid for one year from the date of the hearing, or until					
<u>one</u>	of the following occurs:					
	(a) a petition for divorce is filed and consolidated with the petition for temporary					
sep	aration; or					
	(b) the case is dismissed.					
	(3) Both parties shall attend the divorce orientation course described in Section					
<u>30-</u>	3-11.4 within 60 days of the filing of the petition, for petitioner, and within 45 days of being					
serv	ved, for respondent.					
	(4) Service shall be made upon respondent, together with a 20-day summons, in					
acc	ordance with the rules of civil procedure.					
	(5) The fee for filing the petition for temporary separation orders shall be \$25. If either					
part	ty files a petition for divorce within one year from the date of filing the petition for					
<u>tem</u>	porary separation, the \$25 shall be credited towards the filing fee for the divorce.					
	Section 2. Section 30-3-11.4 is enacted to read:					
	30-3-11.4. Mandatory orientation course for divorcing parties Purpose					
Cm	rriculum Excentions.					

02-02-07 8:30 AM

57	(1) There is established a mandatory divorce orientation course for all parties who file
58	a petition for temporary separation or for a divorce. The purpose of the course shall be to
59	educate parties about the divorce process and reasonable alternatives.
60	(2) A petitioner shall attend a divorce orientation course no more than 60 days after
61	filing a petition for divorce.
62	(3) The respondent shall attend the divorce orientation course no more than 30 days
63	after being served with a petition for divorce.
64	(4) The clerk of the court shall provide notice to a petitioner of the requirement for the
65	course, and information regarding the course shall be included with the petition or motion,
66	when served on the respondent.
67	(5) The divorce orientation course shall be at least one hour in duration and include:
68	(a) options available as alternatives to divorce;
69	(b) resources available from courts and administrative agencies for resolving custody
70	and support issues without filing for divorce;
71	(c) resources available to improve or strengthen the marriage;
72	(d) a discussion of the positive and negative consequences of divorce;
73	(e) a discussion of the process of divorce; and
74	(f) options available for proceeding with a divorce, including:
75	(i) mediation;
76	(ii) collaborative law; and
77	(iii) litigation.
78	(6) The course may be provided in conjunction with the mandatory course for
79	divorcing parents required by Section 30-3-11.3.
80	(7) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall administer the course pursuant to
81	Title 63, Chapter 56, Utah Procurement Code, through private or public contracts.
82	(8) Each participant shall pay the costs of the course, which may not exceed \$20, to the
83	independent contractor providing the course at the time and place of the course.
84	(a) A fee of \$5 shall be collected, as part of the course fee paid by each participant, and
85	deposited in the Children's Legal Defense Account described in Section 63-63a-8.
86	(b) A participant who is unable to pay the costs of the course may attend without
87	payment and request an Affidavit of Impecuniosity from the provider to be filed with the

88	petition or motion. The provider shall be reimbursed for its costs by the Administrative Office				
89	of the Courts. A petitioner who is later determined not to meet the qualifications for				
90	impecuniosity may be ordered to pay the costs of the course.				
91	(9) Appropriations from the General Fund to the Administrative Office of the Courts				
92	for the divorce orientation course shall be used to pay the costs of an indigent petitioner who is				
93	determined to be impecunious as provided in Subsection (8)(b).				
94	(10) The Online Court Assistance Program shall include instructions with the forms for				
95	divorce which inform the petitioner of the requirement of this section.				
96	(11) Both parties shall attend a divorce orientation course before a divorce decree may				
97	be entered, unless waived by the court. A certificate of completion constitutes evidence to the				
98	court of course completion by the parties.				
99	(12) It shall be an affirmative defense in all divorce actions that the divorce orientation				
100	requirement was not complied with, and the action may not continue until a party has				
101	complied.				
102	(13) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall adopt a program to evaluate the				
103	effectiveness of the mandatory educational course. Progress reports shall be provided annually				
104	to the Judiciary Interim Committee.				
105	Section 3. Section 78-7-35 is amended to read:				
106	78-7-35. Civil fees of the courts of record Courts complex design.				
107	(1) (a) The fee for filing any civil complaint or petition invoking the jurisdiction of a				
108	court of record not governed by another subsection is \$155.				
109	(b) The fee for filing a complaint or petition is:				
110	(i) \$50 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,				
111	interest, and attorney fees is \$2,000 or less;				
112	(ii) \$95 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,				
113	interest, and attorney fees is greater than \$2,000 and less than \$10,000;				
114	(iii) \$155 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader is \$10,000 or more; [and]				
115	(iv) \$155 if the petition is filed under Title 30, Chapter 3, Divorce, or Title 30, Chapter				
116	4, Separate Maintenance[:]; and				
117	(v) \$25 for a motion for temporary separation order filed under Section 30-3-4.5.				
118	(c) The fee for filing a small claims affidavit is:				

02-02-07 8:30 AM

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petition for writ of certiorari is \$205.

	02-02-07 0.30 AM 1 1st Sub. (Dull) 11.D. 12
119	(i) \$45 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
120	interest, and attorney fees is \$2,000 or less; and
121	(ii) \$70 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
122	interest, and attorney fees is greater than \$2,000.
123	(d) The fee for filing a counter claim, cross claim, complaint in intervention, third party
124	complaint, or other claim for relief against an existing or joined party other than the original
125	complaint or petition is:
126	(i) \$45 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
127	\$2,000 or less;
128	(ii) \$75 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
129	greater than \$2,000 and less than \$10,000;
130	(iii) \$105 if the original petition is filed under Subsection (1)(a), the claim for relief is
131	\$10,000 or more, or the party seeks relief other than monetary damages; and
132	(iv) \$85 if the original petition is filed under Title 30, Chapter 3, Divorce, or Title 30,
133	Chapter 4, Separate Maintenance.
134	(e) The fee for filing a small claims counter affidavit is:
135	(i) \$35 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
136	\$2,000 or less; and
137	(ii) \$50 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
138	greater than \$2,000.
139	(f) The fee for depositing funds under Section 57-1-29 when not associated with an
140	action already before the court is determined under Subsection (1)(b) based on the amount
141	deposited.
142	(g) The fee for filing a petition is:
143	(i) \$75 for trial de novo of an adjudication of the justice court or of the small claims
144	department; and
145	(ii) \$55 for an appeal of a municipal administrative determination in accordance with
146	Section 10-3-703.7.
147	(h) The fee for filing a notice of appeal, petition for appeal of an interlocutory order, or

(i) (i) Except for a petition filed under Subsection 77-18-10(2), the fee for filing a

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\$25.

150 petition for expungement is \$65. 151 (ii) There is no fee for a petition filed under Subsection 77-18-10(2). 152 (i) (i) Fifteen dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(a) through (i) shall be 153 allocated to and between the Judges' Contributory Retirement Trust Fund and the Judges' 154 Noncontributory Retirement Trust Fund, as provided in Title 49, Chapter 17, Judges' 155 Contributory Retirement Act, and Title 49, Chapter 18, Judges' Noncontributory Retirement 156 Act. 157 (ii) Two dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(a) through (i) shall be 158 allocated by the state treasurer to be deposited in the restricted account, Children's Legal 159 Defense Account, as provided in Section 63-63a-8. 160 (iii) One dollar of the fees established under Subsections (1)(a) through (e), (1)(g), and 161 (1)(r) shall be allocated to and deposited with the Dispute Resolution Fund as provided in 162 Section 78-31b-9. 163 (iv) Fifteen dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(a), (1)(b)(iii) and (iv), 164 (1)(d)(iii) and (iv), (1)(g)(ii), (1)(h), and (1)(i) shall be allocated by the state treasurer to be 165 deposited in the restricted account, Court Security Account, as provided in Section 63-63c-102. 166 (v) Five dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(b)(i) and (ii), (1)(d)(ii) and 167 (1)(g)(i) shall be allocated by the state treasurer to be deposited in the restricted account, Court 168 Security Account, as provided in Section 63-63c-102. 169 (k) The fee for filing a judgment, order, or decree of a court of another state or of the 170 United States is \$25. 171 (1) The fee for filing probate or child custody documents from another state is \$25. 172 (m) (i) The fee for filing an abstract or transcript of judgment, order, or decree of the 173 Utah State Tax Commission is \$30. 174 (ii) The fee for filing an abstract or transcript of judgment of a court of law of this state 175 or a judgment, order, or decree of an administrative agency, commission, board, council, or 176 hearing officer of this state or of its political subdivisions other than the Utah State Tax 177 Commission, is \$40. 178 (n) The fee for filing a judgment by confession without action under Section 78-22-3 is

(o) The fee for filing an award of arbitration for confirmation, modification, or

181 vacation under Title 78, Chapter 31a, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act, that is not part of an 182 action before the court is \$25. 183 (p) The fee for filing a petition or counter-petition to modify a decree of divorce is \$40. 184 (q) The fee for filing any accounting required by law is: 185 (i) \$10 for an estate valued at \$50,000 or less; 186 (ii) \$20 for an estate valued at \$75,000 or less but more than \$50,000; 187 (iii) \$40 for an estate valued at \$112,000 or less but more than \$75,000; 188 (iv) \$80 for an estate valued at \$168,000 or less but more than \$112,000; and 189 (v) \$150 for an estate valued at more than \$168,000. 190 (r) The fee for filing a demand for a civil jury is \$75. 191 (s) The fee for filing a notice of deposition in this state concerning an action pending in 192 another state under Utah Rule of Civil Procedure 26 is \$25. 193 (t) The fee for filing documents that require judicial approval but are not part of an 194 action before the court is \$25. 195 (u) The fee for a petition to open a sealed record is \$25. 196 (v) The fee for a writ of replevin, attachment, execution, or garnishment is \$35 in 197 addition to any fee for a complaint or petition. 198 (w) (i) The fee for a petition for authorization for a minor to marry required by Section 199 30-1-9 is \$5. 200 (ii) The fee for a petition for emancipation of a minor provided in Title 78, Chapter 3a, 201 Part 10, Emancipation, is \$50. 202 (x) The fee for a certificate issued under Section 26-2-25 is \$2. 203 (y) The fee for a certified copy of a document is \$4 per document plus 50 cents per 204 page. 205 (z) The fee for an exemplified copy of a document is \$6 per document plus 50 cents 206 per page. 207 (aa) The Judicial Council shall by rule establish a schedule of fees for copies of 208 documents and forms and for the search and retrieval of records under Title 63, Chapter 2, 209 Government Records Access and Management Act. Fees under this Subsection (1)(aa) shall be 210 credited to the court as a reimbursement of expenditures. 211 (bb) There is no fee for services or the filing of documents not listed in this section or

otherwise provided by law.

- (cc) Except as provided in this section, all fees collected under this section are paid to the General Fund. Except as provided in this section, all fees shall be paid at the time the clerk accepts the pleading for filing or performs the requested service.
- (dd) The filing fees under this section may not be charged to the state, its agencies, or political subdivisions filing or defending any action. In judgments awarded in favor of the state, its agencies, or political subdivisions, except the Office of Recovery Services, the court shall order the filing fees and collection costs to be paid by the judgment debtor. The sums collected under this Subsection (1)(dd) shall be applied to the fees after credit to the judgment, order, fine, tax, lien, or other penalty and costs permitted by law.
- (2) (a) (i) From March 17, 1994 until June 30, 1998, the administrator of the courts shall transfer all revenues representing the difference between the fees in effect after May 2, 1994, and the fees in effect before February 1, 1994, as dedicated credits to the Division of Facilities Construction and Management Capital Projects Fund.
- (ii) (A) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(B), the Division of Facilities Construction and Management shall use up to \$3,750,000 of the revenue deposited in the Capital Projects Fund under this Subsection (2)(a) to design and take other actions necessary to initiate the development of a courts complex in Salt Lake City.
- (B) If the Legislature approves funding for construction of a courts complex in Salt Lake City in the 1995 Annual General Session, the Division of Facilities Construction and Management shall use the revenue deposited in the Capital Projects Fund under this Subsection (2)(a)(ii) to construct a courts complex in Salt Lake City.
- (C) After the courts complex is completed and all bills connected with its construction have been paid, the Division of Facilities Construction and Management shall use any monies remaining in the Capital Projects Fund under this Subsection (2)(a)(ii) to fund the Vernal District Court building.
- (iii) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management may enter into agreements and make expenditures related to this project before the receipt of revenues provided for under this Subsection (2)(a)(iii).
 - (iv) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management shall:
- 242 (A) make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered building funds

- already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund; and
 - (B) reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the revenues provided for under this Subsection (2).
 - (b) After June 30, 1998, the administrator of the courts shall ensure that all revenues representing the difference between the fees in effect after May 2, 1994, and the fees in effect before February 1, 1994, are transferred to the Division of Finance for deposit in the restricted account.
 - (c) The Division of Finance shall deposit all revenues received from the court administrator into the restricted account created by this section.
 - (d) (i) From May 1, 1995 until June 30, 1998, the administrator of the courts shall transfer \$7 of the amount of a fine or bail forfeiture paid for a violation of Title 41, Motor Vehicles, in a court of record to the Division of Facilities Construction and Management Capital Projects Fund. The division of money pursuant to Section 78-3-14.5 shall be calculated on the balance of the fine or bail forfeiture paid.
 - (ii) After June 30, 1998, the administrator of the courts or a municipality shall transfer \$7 of the amount of a fine or bail forfeiture paid for a violation of Title 41, Motor Vehicles, in a court of record to the Division of Finance for deposit in the restricted account created by this section. The division of money pursuant to Section 78-3-14.5 shall be calculated on the balance of the fine or bail forfeiture paid.
 - (3) (a) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the State Courts Complex Account.
 - (b) The Legislature may appropriate monies from the restricted account to the administrator of the courts for the following purposes only:
 - (i) to repay costs associated with the construction of the court complex that were funded from sources other than revenues provided for under this Subsection (3)(b)(i); and
 - (ii) to cover operations and maintenance costs on the court complex.

H.B. 128 1st Sub. (Buff) - Divorce Orientation

Fiscal Note

2007 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will require additional appropriations for the Courts in the amount of \$145,700 annually. Fees generated by the new filings will increase revenues to the General Fund by \$12,500 and the Children's Legal Defense Restricted Fund will see an increase estimated at \$80,000.

	FY 2007 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2008 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2009 <u>Approp.</u>	F Y 2007	FY 2008 Revenue	FY 2009 Revenue
				Revenue		
General Fund	\$0	\$145,700	\$145,700		\$12.500	\$12,500
Restricted Funds	\$0	\$0			\$60,000	400,000
Total	\$0	\$145,700	\$145,700	30	\$92,500	\$92,500
	<u> </u>					

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill may result in direct fees from individuals in divorce proceedings.

2/7/2007, 10:12:32 AM, Lead Analyst: Byrne, D.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst