1	ADOPTION - INVESTIGATION AND
2	RELEASE OF INFORMATION
3	2008 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Kenneth W. Sumsion
6	Senate Sponsor:
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
0	This bill amends the adoption chapter of the Judicial Code to provide for the
1	investigation of adoption information by a confidential intermediary and the release of
2	that information, or the arrangement of contact between an adoptee and a birth parent,
3	by court order.
1	Highlighted Provisions:
5	This bill:
5	 defines terms;
7	 amends provisions related to the inspection of vital records;
3	 establishes a procedure whereby an adult adoptee who is at least 30 years of age
)	may petition the court for appointment of a confidential intermediary to gather
)	information regarding, and make confidential contact with, a birth parent of the
1	adult adoptee, in order to determine whether the birth parent is willing to release
2	identifying information to, or make contact with, the adult adoptee;
3	 describes the contents of a petition for appointment of a confidential intermediary;
1	 describes the authority and responsibilities of a confidential intermediary;
5	 provides for payment for the services of a confidential intermediary by the
6	petitioner;
7	 grants rulemaking authority to the Judicial Council;

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28	 describes the circumstances under which a court may release identifying or contact
29	information to, or allow contact with, a petitioner;
30	 makes it a class A misdemeanor to intentionally or knowingly disclose identifying
31	or contact information obtained by a confidential intermediary under this bill, or
32	submitted under seal to a court, unless such disclosure is authorized by the
33	provisions of this bill or by court order; and
34	 makes technical changes.
35	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
36	None
37	Other Special Clauses:
38	None
39	Utah Code Sections Affected:
40	AMENDS:
41	26-2-22, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapters 55 and 56
42	78-30-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 65
43	ENACTS:
44	78-30-20 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	78-30-21 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	78-30-22 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	78-30-23 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	78-30-24 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	78-30-25 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	78-30-26, Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	78-30-27 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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53	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
54	Section 1. Section 26-2-22 is amended to read:
55	26-2-22. Inspection of vital records.
56	(1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the
57	provisions of:
58	(i) this chapter[,];

 60 (iii) an order issued under Subsection 78-30-21(2)(a); or 61 (iv) department rules[, and Section 78-30-18]. 62 (b) It is unlawful for any state or local officer or employee to disclose data contain 63 vital records contrary to this chapter or department rule. 64 (c) A custodian of vital records may permit inspection of a vital record or issue a 65 certified copy of a record or a part of a record when the custodian is satisfied that the app 66 has demonstrated a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest. 	licant ne
 (b) It is unlawful for any state or local officer or employee to disclose data contain vital records contrary to this chapter or department rule. (c) A custodian of vital records may permit inspection of a vital record or issue a certified copy of a record or a part of a record when the custodian is satisfied that the app 	licant ne
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ob has demonstrated a direct, tangible, and regitimate interest.	
67 (2) A direct, tangible, and legitimate interest in a vital record is present only if:	
68 (a) the request is from the subject, a member of the subject's immediate family, the	onor
69 guardian of the subject, or a designated legal representative;	anovi
(b) the request involves a personal or property right of the subject of the record;	onor
71 (c) the request is for official purposes of a state, local, or federal governmental ag	,ency;
72 (d) the request is for a statistical or medical research program and prior consent h	as
73 been obtained from the state registrar; [or]	
(e) the request is a certified copy of an order of a court of record specifying the re	cord
75 to be examined or copied[.]; or	
76 (f) the request is made pursuant to an order issued under Subsection 78-30-21(2)	<u>a).</u>
77 (3) For purposes of Subsection (2):	
78 (a) "immediate family member" means a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandpare	nt, or
79 grandchild;	
80 (b) a designated legal representative means an attorney, physician, funeral service	;
81 director, genealogist, or other agent of the subject or the subject's immediate family who	nas
82 been delegated the authority to access vital records;	
83 (c) except as provided in Title 78, Chapter 30, Adoption, a parent, or the immedi	ate
family member of a parent, who does not have legal or physical custody of or visitation of	r
85 parent-time rights for a child because of the termination of parental rights pursuant to Tit	le 78,
86 Chapter 3a, Juvenile Court Act of 1996, or by virtue of consenting to or relinquishing a c	hild
for adoption pursuant to Title 78, Chapter 30, Adoption, may not be considered as having	; a
88 direct, tangible, and legitimate interest; and	
89 (d) a commercial firm or agency requesting names, addresses, or similar information	ion

90	may not be considered as having a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest.
91	(4) Upon payment of a fee established in accordance with Section 63-38-3.2, the
92	following records shall be available to the public:
93	(a) except as provided in Subsection 26-2-10(4)(b), a birth record, excluding
94	confidential information collected for medical and health use, if 100 years or more have passed
95	since the date of birth;
96	(b) a death record if 50 years or more have passed since the date of death; and
97	(c) a vital record not subject to Subsection (4)(a) or (b) if 75 years or more have passed
98	since the date of the event upon which the record is based.
99	Section 2. Section 78-30-16 is amended to read:
100	78-30-16. Definitions Applications.
101	(1) As used in <u>this section and</u> Sections 78-30-17 through [78-30-19] <u>78-30-27</u> :
102	(a) "Adoptee" means a person who has been legally adopted.
103	(b) "Adoption" means the judicial act which creates the relationship of parent and child
104	where it did not previously exist and which permanently deprives a birth parent of his parental
105	rights.
106	(c) "Adult adoptee" means an adoptee who is 21 years of age or older.
107	(d) "Adult sibling" means a brother or sister of the adoptee, who is 21 years of age or
108	older and whose birth mother or father is the same as that of the adoptee.
109	(e) "Birth parent" means a biological mother, a person whose paternity of a child is
110	established, or, an alleged father, who has been identified as the father of a child by the child's
111	birth mother, and who has not denied paternity.
112	(f) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Vital Statistics within the Department of Health
113	operating under Title 26, Chapter 2.
114	(g) "Genetic and social history" means a comprehensive report, when obtainable, on an
115	adoptee's birth parents, aunts, uncles, and grandparents, which contains the following
116	information:
117	(i) medical history;
118	(ii) health status;
119	(iii) cause of and age at death;
120	(iv) height, weight, eye, and hair color;

121	(v) ethnic origins;
122	(vi) where appropriate, levels of education and professional achievement; and
123	(vii) religion, if any.
124	(h) "Health history" means a comprehensive report of the adoptee's health status at the
125	time of placement for adoption, and his medical history, including neonatal, psychological,
126	physiological, and medical care history.
127	(i) "Identifying information" means the name and address of a birth parent or adult
128	adoptee, or other specific information which by itself or in reasonable conjunction with other
129	information may be used to identify that person.
130	(2) Sections 78-30-17 through [78-30-19] <u>78-30-27</u> do not apply to adoptions by a
131	stepparent whose spouse is the adoptee's birth parent.
132	(3) Sections 78-30-17 through [78-30-19] <u>78-30-27</u> apply only to adoptions of
133	adoptees born in, or adopted in, this state.
134	Section 3. Section 78-30-20 is enacted to read:
135	78-30-20. Petition for appointment of a confidential intermediary.
136	(1) An adult adoptee who is at least 30 years of age may petition the district court for
137	appointment of a confidential intermediary for the purpose of contacting a birth parent of the
138	adult adoptee to determine whether the birth parent desires to disclose identifying information
139	to the adult adoptee or to allow contact by the adult adoptee.
140	(2) The petition described in Subsection (1) shall include:
141	(a) identifying information of the adult adoptee, including the adult adoptee's name,
142	gender, date of birth, address, and telephone number;
143	(b) any information known by the adult adoptee about the birth parent of the adult
144	adoptee, including the birth parent's age or approximate age, if known;
145	(c) a statement that the adult adoptee is currently registered under the mutual consent
146	registry described in Section 78-30-18;
147	(d) any other information known by the adult adoptee that may assist a confidential
148	intermediary in identifying and contacting a birth parent; and
149	(e) a statement that the adult adoptee agrees to pay the reasonable expenses and
150	reasonable fees of the confidential intermediary.
151	Section 4. Section 78-30-21 is enacted to read:

152	78-30-21. Appointment of a confidential intermediary.
153	(1) Upon the filing of a petition described in Section 78-30-20, the court shall appoint a
154	confidential intermediary to identify and contact a birth parent of the petitioner, unless the
155	court finds good cause for not appointing a confidential intermediary.
156	(2) If the court appoints a confidential intermediary under Subsection (1), the court:
157	(a) shall provide the confidential intermediary with an order of appointment that
158	includes:
159	(i) the name of the confidential intermediary;
160	(ii) a statement indicating that the confidential intermediary is authorized to obtain
161	identifying or contact information of the petitioner and the birth parents of the petitioner,
162	including vital records and adoption records, in order to assist the confidential intermediary to
163	identify, locate, and contact a birth parent of the petitioner;
164	(iii) the date that the order is entered; and
165	(iv) the date on which the order expires;
166	(b) shall order that the petitioner is responsible to pay the reasonable expenses and
167	reasonable fees of the confidential intermediary to identify, locate, and make or arrange contact
168	with a birth parent of the petitioner;
169	(c) shall specify a maximum amount of expenses and fees, chargeable to the petitioner,
170	that the confidential intermediary may incur without obtaining permission from the petitioner
171	and the court to exceed this amount;
172	(d) may require that the petitioner make an initial payment, or periodic payments, of a
173	specified amount, to the confidential intermediary; and
174	(e) shall order that any court documents that may assist the confidential intermediary to
175	identify or contact a birth parent of the petitioner be released to the confidential intermediary.
176	Section 5. Section 78-30-22 is enacted to read:
177	78-30-22. Qualifications of a confidential intermediary Priority to select a
178	confidential intermediary.
179	(1) The Judicial Council may, by rule, establish the qualifications for a person that may
180	be appointed as a confidential intermediary.
181	(2) If the adoption agency or attorney who arranged or facilitated an adoption is known
182	by the court, or may be easily discovered by the court, the court shall appoint a qualified

183	person, designated by the adoption agency or the attorney, as the confidential intermediary,
184	unless the adoption agency or attorney fails to select a qualified confidential intermediary
185	within five days, excluding weekends and holidays, after the day on which the adoption agency
186	or attorney is contacted regarding the opportunity to select a confidential intermediary.
187	(3) If, after appointment of a confidential intermediary other than a confidential
188	intermediary described in Subsection (2), the confidential intermediary discovers the identity of
189	the agency or attorney who arranged or facilitated an adoption:
190	(a) the confidential intermediary shall:
191	(i) notify the court of the discovered information within three days, excluding
192	weekends and holidays, of the day on which the information is discovered; and
193	(ii) refrain from contacting a birth parent of the petitioner, until further order of the
194	court; and
195	(b) the court shall appoint a qualified person, designated by the adoption agency or
196	attorney who arranged or facilitated the adoption, as the confidential intermediary, unless the
197	adoption agency or attorney fails to select a confidential intermediary within five days,
198	excluding weekends and holidays, after the day on which the adoption agency or attorney is
199	contacted regarding the opportunity to select a confidential intermediary.
200	Section 6. Section 78-30-23 is enacted to read:
201	78-30-23. Duties of a confidential intermediary.
202	(1) A confidential intermediary appointed by the court:
203	(a) shall make a diligent effort to identify, locate, and contact a birth parent of the
204	petitioner; and
205	(b) shall make a diligent search of adoption records and other records related to the
206	petitioner or the birth parents of the petitioner, in order to identify, locate, and contact a birth
207	parent of the petitioner.
208	(2) If the confidential intermediary locates a birth parent of the petitioner, the
209	confidential intermediary:
210	(a) shall contact the birth parent in a discreet and confidential manner to:
211	(i) inform the birth parent that a biological child of the birth parent has filed a petition
212	under Section 78-30-20; and
213	(ii) inquire whether the birth parent desires to disclose identifying information to the

214	petitioner or allow contact with the petitioner; and
215	(b) may not inform the birth parent of the petitioner of any identifying information of
216	the petitioner, unless the petitioner requests, in writing, that specific identifying information be
217	disclosed by the confidential intermediary to the birth parent of the petitioner.
218	(3) If a birth parent contacted by a confidential intermediary under Subsection (2)(a)
219	indicates that the birth parent desires to disclose identifying information to the petitioner, or to
220	allow contact with the petitioner, the confidential intermediary:
221	(a) shall obtain written consent from the birth parent to:
222	(i) release identifying information to the petitioner that specifies the information to be
223	released; or
224	(ii) arrange for the petitioner to make contact with the birth parent in a manner
225	specified by the birth parent;
226	(b) shall provide the identifying information, or the contact information, under seal, to
227	the court:
228	(c) shall inform the petitioner that the birth parent has agreed to provide identifying
229	information to, or to allow contact with, the petitioner; and
230	(d) may not release the identifying information or contact information to the petitioner,
231	or any other person, or arrange contact between the petitioner and the birth parent, without a
232	court order authorizing such action.
233	(4) If a birth parent contacted by a confidential intermediary under Subsection (2)(a)
234	fails or refuses to disclose identifying information to the petitioner, or to allow contact with the
235	petitioner, the confidential intermediary:
236	(a) shall inform the birth parent of the procedures for registering with the mutual
237	consent, voluntary adoption registry under Section 78-30-18;
238	(b) shall ask the birth parent if the birth parent is willing to be contacted by a
239	confidential intermediary at a later time to determine whether the birth parent will agree to
240	disclosure of identifying information to, or to arrange contact with, the petitioner at that time;
241	(c) if the birth parent agrees, under Subsection (4)(b), to be contacted at a later time,
242	obtain written consent from the birth parent that specifies the date in the future after which a
243	confidential intermediary may contact the birth parent;
244	(d) shall provide, under seal, to the court:

245	(i) the information gathered by the confidential intermediary;
246	(ii) a written statement that the birth parent failed or refused to disclose identifying
247	information to, or allow contact with, the petitioner; and
248	(iii) (A) the written consent, described in Subsection (4)(c); or
249	(B) a written statement that the birth parent failed to, or refused to, consent to be
250	contacted at a later time;
251	(e) may not inform the petitioner, or any other person other than the court, of the birth
252	parent's identifying information or contact information;
253	(f) may not attempt to arrange contact between the petitioner and the birth parent; and
254	(g) shall, within 24 hours, excluding weekends and holidays, of the time that the
255	petition is dismissed by the court, destroy copies of all identifying or contact information
256	relating to the birth parent, that are in the possession or control of the confidential intermediary.
257	(5) If the confidential intermediary is unable to identify or contact a birth parent of the
258	petitioner within one year after the day on which the court appoints the confidential
259	intermediary, the confidential intermediary shall provide a written report to the court that
260	includes:
261	(a) the information gathered by the confidential intermediary, under seal:
262	(b) without disclosing identifying information or contact information of a birth parent,
263	the efforts made by the confidential intermediary to identify or contact the birth parent; and
264	(c) without disclosing identifying information or contact information of a birth parent,
265	the opinion of the confidential intermediary regarding other actions that could be taken to
266	identify or contact the birth parent, the likelihood of success of those actions, the approximate
267	cost of taking those actions, and the additional time needed to take those actions.
268	(6) If the confidential intermediary discovers that a birth parent of the petitioner is
269	deceased, the confidential intermediary shall inform the court of this fact, in writing and under
270	<u>seal.</u>
271	Section 7. Section 78-30-24 is enacted to read:
272	78-30-24. Itemization and payment of expenses and fees.
273	(1) (a) A confidential intermediary shall, on a monthly basis, submit to the petitioner
274	and the court, an itemization of expenses incurred, and fees charged, by the confidential
275	intermediary.

276	(b) The itemization described in Subsection (1)(a) may not include any information
277	that would disclose to the petitioner, or lead to unauthorized discovery by the petitioner, of the
278	identity or contact information of a birth parent of the petitioner.
279	(2) The petitioner is required to pay the reasonable expenses and reasonable fees
280	charged by the confidential intermediary within 30 days after the day that the itemization is
281	mailed or otherwise delivered to the petitioner, unless the court orders otherwise.
282	(3) If a petitioner fails to pay the reasonable expenses and reasonable fees of a
283	confidential intermediary, the court may:
284	(a) order the confidential intermediary to cease efforts to gather information on the
285	petitioner's behalf;
286	(b) order the petitioner to pay the reasonable expenses and reasonable fees of the
287	confidential intermediary:
288	(c) refuse to authorize the release of identifying or contact information obtained by the
289	confidential intermediary until the reasonable expenses and reasonable fees of the confidential
290	intermediary are paid in full;
291	(d) dismiss the petition filed under Section 78-30-20; or
292	(e) enter any other lawful order determined to be appropriate by the court.
293	(4) A confidential intermediary may not continue to incur expenses or fees that are:
294	(a) chargeable to the petitioner after the one-year period described in Subsection
295	78-30-23(5), without first receiving permission from the petitioner and the court; or
296	(b) in excess of the maximum amount specified by the court under Subsection
297	78-30-21(2)(c), without first receiving permission from the petitioner and the court.
298	Section 8. Section 78-30-25 is enacted to read:
299	78-30-25. Court proceedings.
300	(1) The court may hold review hearings to discuss the progress of the confidential
301	intermediary and to determine whether the petitioner desires the confidential intermediary to
302	continue the search for information.
303	(2) The court may dismiss a petition filed under Section 78-30-20:
304	(a) at the request of the petitioner; or
305	(b) if the court determines that:
306	(i) (A) after making a diligent effort, the confidential intermediary has not succeeded in

307	obtaining the information sought by the petition; and
308	(B) it is unlikely that the confidential intermediary will be able to obtain the
309	information sought by the petition;
310	(ii) the petitioner is less than 30 years of age;
311	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (6), the petition seeks the identifying or contact
312	information of a birth parent who has already been contacted by a confidential intermediary on
313	behalf of the petitioner, in a previous proceeding initiated under Section 78-30-21, unless:
314	(A) it is likely that the birth parent is deceased; or
315	(B) (I) the birth parent agreed, under Subsection 78-30-23(4)(c), to be contacted at a
316	later time; and
317	(II) the time specified by the birth parent, under Subsection 78-30-23(4)(c), is after the
318	day on which the petition is dismissed;
319	(iv) the court is prohibited from releasing the identifying information of a birth parent
320	under Subsection (5); or
321	(v) the person is prohibited from filing the petition under Section 78-30-26.
322	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (5) or 78-30-24(3)(c), the court shall disclose to
323	the petitioner the identifying information, or allow contact in the manner specified by the birth
324	parent of the petitioner, if:
325	(a) the birth parent:
326	(i) is currently living; and
327	(ii) has provided written consent to:
328	(A) disclose the information to the petitioner; or
329	(B) allow contact with the petitioner;
330	(b) both birth parents of the petitioner are deceased; or
331	(c) one birth parent of the petitioner is deceased and, after a diligent search by the
332	confidential intermediary, the other birth parent:
333	(i) cannot be identified; or
334	(ii) is identified and consents to disclosure of the deceased birth parent's information to
335	the petitioner.
336	(4) If a birth parent of the petitioner fails or refuses to consent to disclosure of
337	identifying information to the petitioner, or to contact with the petitioner, the court shall:

338	(a) if the birth parent provides written consent to be contacted by a confidential
339	intermediary in the future:
340	(i) inform the petitioner of the date after which the birth parent has agreed to be
341	contacted; and
342	(ii) dismiss the petition; or
343	(b) if the birth parent of the petitioner fails or refuses to provide written consent to be
344	contacted by a confidential intermediary in the future, dismiss the petition.
345	(5) The court may not disclose identifying information or contact information to a
346	petitioner, or allow contact to be arranged between the petitioner and a birth parent of the
347	petitioner, if the petitioner has a sibling who:
348	(a) is a biological child of the same birth parent;
349	(b) is under the age of 21 years; and
350	(c) was raised, or is being raised, in the same family setting as the petitioner.
351	(6) A petition dismissed under Subsection (2) may be refiled if a birth parent who
352	refused to consent to disclosure of information, or to allow contact, contacts a confidential
353	intermediary and informs the confidential intermediary that the birth parent now desires to
354	disclose identifying information to, or allow contact with, the petitioner.
355	Section 9. Section 78-30-26 is enacted to read:
356	78-30-26. Filing a subsequent petition.
357	(1) No person may file a subsequent petition to seek identifying or contact information
358	of a birth parent who failed or refused to disclose identifying information to the petitioner, or
359	allow contact with the petitioner, under Section 78-30-23, unless:
360	(a) (i) the birth parent who failed or refused to disclose the information, or allow
361	contact, consents, under Subsection 78-30-25(4)(a), to be contacted in the future; and
362	(ii) the petition is filed on or after the date specified in the consent described in
363	<u>Subsection 78-30-25(4)(a);</u>
364	(b) (i) it is likely that the birth parent who failed or refused to disclose the information,
365	or to allow contact, is deceased; and
366	(ii) the subsequent petition is filed at least five years after the day on which the last
367	petition, seeking identifying or contact information of the birth parent described in
368	Subsection(1)(b)(i), was dismissed; or

369	(c) the birth parent consents, under Subsection 78-30-25(6), to disclose identifying
370	information to, or allow contact by, the petitioner.
371	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a person may not file a subsequent
372	petition to seek identifying or contact information of a birth parent who was the subject of a
373	previous petition filed by the petitioner, unless the subsequent petition is filed at least five
374	years after the day on which the previous petition was dismissed.
375	(b) A court, for good cause, may shorten or extend the five year period described in
376	Subsection (2)(a).
377	Section 10. Section 78-30-27 is enacted to read:
378	78-30-27. Penalty for unlawful disclosure.
379	A person or confidential intermediary who intentionally or knowingly discloses
380	identifying or contact information obtained by a confidential intermediary, or submitted under
381	seal to a court, under Sections 78-30-20 through 78-30-26, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor,
382	unless the disclosure is made in a manner that is permitted under Section 78-30-20 through
383	78-30-26 or as otherwise permitted by law or pursuant to a court order.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-14-08 10:09 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 289 - Adoption - Investigation and Release of Information

Fiscal Note

2008 General Session

State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/23/2008, 4:52:16 PM, Lead Analyst: Syphus, G.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst