

1 **PERSONAL INJURY PROTECTION COVERAGE**

2 **AMENDMENTS**

3 2009 GENERAL SESSION

4 STATE OF UTAH

5 **Chief Sponsor: Todd E. Kiser**

6 Senate Sponsor: Gregory S. Bell

7

LONG TITLE

8 **General Description:**

9 This bill allows a presumptive personal representative to present and resolve a claim for
10 applicable benefits payable under personal injury protection coverage resulting from the
11 death of an insured.
12

13 **Highlighted Provisions:**

14 This bill:

15 ▶ allows a presumptive personal representative to present and resolve a claim for
16 applicable benefits payable under personal injury protection coverage resulting from
17 the death of an insured.

18 **Monies Appropriated in this Bill:**

19 None

20 **Other Special Clauses:**

21 None

22 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

23 AMENDS:

24 **78B-3-106.5**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 259

25

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

26 Section 1. Section **78B-3-106.5** is amended to read:
27



28 **78B-3-106.5. Claims brought by presumptive personal representative.**

29 (1) "Presumptive personal representative" means:

30 (a) the spouse of the decedent not alleged to have contributed to the death of the
31 decedent;

32 (b) if no spouse exists, the spouse of the decedent is incapacitated, or if the spouse of
33 the decedent is alleged to have contributed to the death of the decedent, then an adult child of
34 the decedent not alleged to have contributed to the death of the decedent; or

35 (c) if the spouse and all children of the decedent are incapacitated, or are alleged to
36 have contributed to the death of the decedent, then a parent of the decedent.

37 (2) Forty-five days after the death of a person, including a minor, caused by the
38 wrongful act or neglect of another, the presumptive personal representative may present and
39 resolve a claim for policy limits up to \$25,000 for liability and uninsured motorist claims, and
40 \$10,000 for underinsured motorist claims, arising out of that death to an insurer and may
41 execute a release of liability upon presentation of an affidavit, properly notarized, stating that:

42 (a) the person presenting the affidavit is the presumptive personal representative;

43 (b) 45 days have elapsed since the death of the decedent;

44 (c) no application or petition for the appointment of a personal representative is
45 pending or has been granted in any jurisdiction; and

46 (d) notice of intent to resolve the claim has been sent to the last-known addresses of all
47 heirs as defined by Section 78B-3-102 or 78B-3-105.

48 (3) The presumptive personal representative may also present and resolve a claim for
49 any applicable benefits payable under personal injury protection coverage, resulting from the
50 death of an insured.

51 [~~3~~] (4) The presumptive personal representative's claim shall be on behalf of all heirs
52 of the decedent as defined by Section 78B-3-102 or 78B-3-105. The personal representative
53 shall have the same duties toward other heirs as those duties provided in Sections 75-3-701
54 through 75-3-720.

55 [~~4~~] (5) Any insurer and its insured paying a claim arising out of the wrongful death of
56 a person, including a minor, including but not limited to claims for uninsured or underinsured
57 motorist coverage as provided in Section 31A-22-305, to a presumptive personal representative
58 upon presentation of an affidavit as described in Subsection (2) are discharged and released to

59 the same extent as if the insurer and its insured dealt with a personal representative of the
60 decedent. The insurer and its insured are not required to inquire into the truth of any statement
61 in the affidavit.

62 ~~[(5)]~~ (6) Nothing in this section affects or prevents, to the limits of insurance protection
63 only, any claim for first party benefits or a proceeding to establish the liability of a tortfeasor
64 insured under any policy of insurance in addition to the policy under which the claim was
65 presented and paid under Subsection (2).

66 ~~[(6)]~~ (7) If any heirs are minors, the presumptive personal representative may not
67 distribute more than 50% of the proceeds of the settlement until the distribution has been
68 approved by a court approved settlement in which a conservator is appointed for any minor
69 heirs.

70 ~~[(7)(a) During the 2008 interim, the Judiciary Interim Committee shall study the~~
71 ~~results of implementing the use of presumptive personal representatives in wrongful death~~
72 ~~claims as provided in this section.]~~

73 ~~[(b) The Judiciary Interim Committee shall:]~~

74 ~~[(i) study the impact of claims brought by presumptive personal representatives~~
75 ~~authorized under this section; and]~~

76 ~~[(ii) consider any other issues regarding presumptive personal representatives.]~~

Legislative Review Note
as of 1-12-09 10:57 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 127 - Personal Injury Protection Coverage Amendments

Fiscal Note

2009 General Session

State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.
