

**Senator Gregory S. Bell** proposes the following substitute bill:

**HEALTH REFORM - ADMINISTRATIVE**

**SIMPLIFICATION**

2009 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Merlynn T. Newbold**

Senate Sponsor: Gregory S. Bell

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**LONG TITLE**

**General Description:**

This bill modifies the Health Code and the Insurance Code to provide standards for the exchange of information between health care providers, health care insurers, and patients regarding payment for services.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- ▶ amends the timing of the requirement that a hospital sends an itemized bill to a patient;
- ▶ creates a systemwide, broad based demonstration project between health care payers and health care providers for innovating the payment and delivery of health care in the state;
- ▶ establishes a committee to study and develop a more efficient coordination of benefits process;
- ▶ requires health benefit plans to issue to enrollees a printed card containing health plan information;
- ▶ requires an insurer to provide access to information sufficient for a health care provider to determine the compensation or payment terms for health care services;



- 26           ▶ requires the Insurance Department to convene a group of providers and payers to
- 27 establish standards for the electronic exchange of health plan information using card
- 28 swipe technology which is compatible with national electronic standards;
- 29           ▶ prohibits an insurer from requiring less than one business day's notice of an
- 30 emergency in-patient hospital admission; and
- 31           ▶ amends the period of time in which an insurer can recover an amount paid to a
- 32 health care provider when the insurer determines the payment was incorrect.

33 **Monies Appropriated in this Bill:**

34           None

35 **Other Special Clauses:**

36           None

37 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

38 AMENDS:

- 39           **26-21-20**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 86
- 40           **31A-22-619**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 116
- 41           **31A-26-301.6**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 307

42 ENACTS:

- 43           **31A-22-614.6**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 44           **31A-22-636**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 45           **31A-22-637**, Utah Code Annotated 1953



47 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

48           Section 1. Section **26-21-20** is amended to read:

49           **26-21-20. Requirement for hospitals to provide statements of itemized charges to**  
50 **patients.**

51           (1) For purposes of this section, "hospital" includes:

- 52           (a) an ambulatory surgical facility;
- 53           (b) a general acute hospital; and
- 54           (c) a specialty hospital.

55           ~~[(1) Each hospital, as defined in Section 26-21-2,]~~

56           (2) A hospital shall provide a statement of itemized charges to any patient receiving

57 medical care or other services from that hospital.

58 ~~[(2)]~~ (3) (a) The statement shall be provided to the patient or ~~[his]~~ the patient's personal  
 59 representative or agent at the hospital's expense, personally, by mail, or by verifiable electronic  
 60 delivery [at the time any statement is provided to any person or entity for billing purposes:]  
 61 after the hospital receives an explanation of benefits from a third party payer which indicates  
 62 the patient's remaining responsibility for the hospital charges.

63 (b) If the statement is not provided to a third party, it shall be provided to the patient as  
 64 soon as possible and practicable.

65 ~~[(3)]~~ (4) The statement required by this section:

66 (a) shall itemize each of the charges actually provided by the hospital to the patient[-];

67 (b) (i) shall include the words in bold "**THIS IS THE BALANCE DUE AFTER**  
 68 **PAYMENT FROM YOUR HEALTH INSURER**"; or

69 (ii) shall include other appropriate language if the statement is sent to the patient under  
 70 Subsection (2)(b); and

71 ~~[(4) The statement]~~ (c) may not include charges of physicians who bill separately.

72 (5) The requirements of this section do not apply to patients who receive services from  
 73 a hospital under Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

74 ~~[(6) A statement of charges to be paid by a third party and related information provided~~  
 75 ~~to a patient pursuant to this section]~~

76 (6) Nothing in this section prohibits a hospital from sending an itemized billing  
 77 statement to a patient before the hospital has received an explanation of benefits from an  
 78 insurer. If a hospital provides a statement of itemized charges to a patient prior to receiving the  
 79 explanation of benefits from an insurer, the itemized statement shall be marked in bold:  
 80 "DUPLICATE: DO NOT PAY" or other appropriate language.

81 Section 2. Section **31A-22-614.6** is enacted to read:

82 **31A-22-614.6. Health care delivery and payment reform demonstration projects.**

83 (1) The Legislature finds that:

84 (a) current health care delivery and payment systems do not provide systemwide  
 85 aligned incentives for the appropriate delivery of health care;

86 (b) some health care providers and health care payers have developed ideas for health  
 87 care delivery and payment system reform, but lack the critical number of patient lives and

88 payer involvement to accomplish systemwide reform; and

89 (c) there is a compelling state interest to encourage as many health care providers and  
90 health care payers to join together and coordinate efforts at systemwide health care delivery and  
91 payment reform.

92 (2) (a) The Office of Consumer Health Services within the Governor's Office of  
93 Economic Development shall convene meetings of health care providers and health care payers  
94 through a neutral, non-biased entity that can demonstrate it has the support of a broad base of  
95 the participants in this process for the purpose of coordinating broad based demonstration  
96 projects for health care delivery and payment reform.

97 (b) (i) The speaker of the House of Representatives may appoint a person who is a  
98 member of the House of Representatives, or from the Office of Legislative Research and  
99 General Counsel, to attend the meetings convened under Subsection (2)(a).

100 (ii) The president of the Senate may appoint a person who is a senator, or from the  
101 Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel to attend the meetings convened under  
102 Subsection (2)(a).

103 (c) Participation in the coordination efforts by health care providers and health care  
104 payers is voluntary, but is encouraged.

105 (3) The commissioner and the Office of Consumer Health Services shall facilitate  
106 coordinated broad based demonstration projects for health care delivery and payment reform  
107 between various health care providers and health care payers who elect to participate in the  
108 demonstration projects by:

109 (a) consulting with health care providers and health care payers who elect to join  
110 together in a broad based reform demonstration project; and

111 (b) adopting administrative rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah  
112 Administrative Rulemaking Act, as necessary to implement the demonstration project.

113 (4) The Office of Consumer Health Services and the commissioner shall report to the  
114 Health Reform Task Force by October 2009, and to the Legislature's Business and Labor  
115 Interim Committee every October thereafter regarding the progress towards coordination of  
116 broad based health care system payment and delivery reform.

117 Section 3. Section 31A-22-619 is amended to read:

118 **31A-22-619. Coordination of benefits.**

119 (1) The commissioner shall:

120 (a) convene a group of health insurers and health care providers for the purpose of  
121 making recommendations to the legislature regarding an efficient method of coordination of  
122 benefits to increase the timeliness and accuracy of coordination of benefits;

123 (b) report to the Legislature's Health Reform Task Force before November 15, 2009  
124 regarding legislation to enact the recommendations developed under Subsection (1)(a); and

125 (c) adopt rules concerning the coordination of benefits between accident and health  
126 insurance policies.

127 (2) Rules adopted by the commissioner under Subsection (1):

128 (a) may not prohibit coordination of benefits with individual accident and health  
129 insurance policies; and

130 (b) shall apply equally to all accident and health insurance policies without regard to  
131 whether the policies are group or individual policies.

132 Section 4. Section **31A-22-636** is enacted to read:

133 **31A-22-636. Standardized health benefit plan cards.**

134 (1) As used in this section, "insurer" means:

135 (a) an insurer governed by this part as described in Section 31A-22-600;

136 (b) a health maintenance organization governed by Chapter 8, Health Maintenance  
137 Organizations and Limited Health Benefit Plans;

138 (c) a third party administrator; and

139 (d) notwithstanding Subsection 31A-1-103(3)(f) and Section 31A-22-600, a health,  
140 medical, or conversion policy offered under Title 49, Chapter 20, Public Employees' Benefit  
141 and Insurance Program Act.

142 (2) In accordance with Subsection (3), an insurer must use and issue a health benefit  
143 plan information card for the insurer's enrollees upon the purchase or renewal of, or enrollment  
144 in a health benefit plan on or after July 1, 2010.

145 (3) The health benefit plan card shall include:

146 (a) the covered person's name;

147 (b) the name of the carrier and the carrier network name;

148 (c) the contact information for the carrier or health benefit plan administrator;

149 (d) general information regarding copayments and deductibles; and

150 (e) an indication of whether the health benefit plan is regulated by the state.

151 (4) (a) The commissioner shall work with the Department of Health, the Health Data  
152 Authority, health care providers groups, and with state and national organizations that are  
153 developing uniform standards for the electronic exchange of health insurance claims or  
154 uniform standards for the electronic exchange of clinical health records.

155 (b) When the commissioner determines that the groups described in Subsection (4)(a)  
156 have reached a consensus regarding the electronic technology and standards necessary to  
157 electronically exchange insurance enrollment and coverage information, the commissioner  
158 shall begin the rulemaking process under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative  
159 Rulemaking Act, to adopt standardized electronic interchange technology.

160 (C) After rules are adopted under Subsection (4)(a), health care providers and their  
161 licensing boards under Title 58, Occupations and Professions, and health facilities licensed  
162 under Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facilities Licensing, shall work together to implement  
163 the adoption of card swipe technology.

164 Section 5. Section **31A-22-637** is enacted to read:

165 **31A-22-637. Health care provider payment information -- Notice of admissions.**

166 (1) For purposes of this section, "insurer" is as defined in Section 31A-22-636.

167 (2) (a) An insurer shall provide its health care providers who are under contract with  
168 the insurer access to current information necessary for the health care provider to determine:

169 (i) the effect of procedure codes on payment or compensation before a claim is  
170 submitted for a procedure;

171 (ii) the plans and carrier networks that the health care provider is subject to as part of  
172 the contract with the carrier; and

173 (iii) in accordance with Subsection 31A-26-301.6(10)(f), the specific rate and terms  
174 under which the provider will be paid for health care services.

175 (b) The information required by Subsection (2)(a) may be provided through a website,  
176 and if requested by the health care provider, notice of the updated website shall be provided by  
177 the carrier.

178 (3) (a) An insurer shall not require a health care provider by contract, reimbursement  
179 procedure, or otherwise to notify the insurer of a hospital in-patient emergency admission  
180 within a period of time that is less than one business day of the hospital inpatient admission, if

181 compliance with the notification requirement would result in notification by the health care  
182 provider on a weekend or federal holiday.

183 (b) Subsection (3)(a) does not prohibit the applicability or administration of other  
184 contract provisions between an insurer and a health care provider that require pre-authorization  
185 for scheduled in-patient admissions.

186 Section 6. Section **31A-26-301.6** is amended to read:

187 **31A-26-301.6. Health care claims practices.**

188 (1) As used in this section:

189 (a) "Articulate reason" may include a determination regarding:

190 (i) eligibility for coverage;

191 (ii) preexisting conditions;

192 (iii) applicability of other public or private insurance;

193 (iv) medical necessity; and

194 (v) any other reason that would justify an extension of the time to investigate a claim.

195 (b) "Health care provider" means a person licensed to provide health care under:

196 (i) Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act; or

197 (ii) Title 58, Occupations and Professions.

198 (c) "Insurer" means an admitted or authorized insurer, as defined in Section

199 31A-1-301, and includes:

200 (i) a health maintenance organization; and

201 (ii) a third party administrator that is subject to this title, provided that nothing in this

202 section may be construed as requiring a third party administrator to use its own funds to pay

203 claims that have not been funded by the entity for which the third party administrator is paying

204 claims.

205 (d) "Provider" means a health care provider to whom an insurer is obligated to pay

206 directly in connection with a claim by virtue of:

207 (i) an agreement between the insurer and the provider;

208 (ii) a health insurance policy or contract of the insurer; or

209 (iii) state or federal law.

210 (2) An insurer shall timely pay every valid insurance claim submitted by a provider in

211 accordance with this section.

212 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), within 30 days of the day on which the  
213 insurer receives a written claim, an insurer shall:

214 (i) pay the claim; or

215 (ii) deny the claim and provide a written explanation for the denial.

216 (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the time period described in Subsection (3)(a)  
217 may be extended by 15 days if the insurer:

218 (A) determines that the extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the  
219 insurer; and

220 (B) before the end of the 30-day period described in Subsection (3)(a), notifies the  
221 provider and insured in writing of:

222 (I) the circumstances requiring the extension of time; and

223 (II) the date by which the insurer expects to pay the claim or deny the claim with a  
224 written explanation for the denial.

225 (ii) If an extension is necessary due to a failure of the provider or insured to submit the  
226 information necessary to decide the claim:

227 (A) the notice of extension required by this Subsection (3)(b) shall specifically describe  
228 the required information; and

229 (B) the insurer shall give the provider or insured at least 45 days from the day on which  
230 the provider or insured receives the notice before the insurer denies the claim for failure to  
231 provide the information requested in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A).

232 (4) (a) In the case of a claim for income replacement benefits, within 45 days of the day  
233 on which the insurer receives a written claim, an insurer shall:

234 (i) pay the claim; or

235 (ii) deny the claim and provide a written explanation of the denial.

236 (b) Subject to Subsections (4)(d) and (e), the time period described in Subsection (4)(a)  
237 may be extended for 30 days if the insurer:

238 (i) determines that the extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the  
239 insurer; and

240 (ii) before the expiration of the 45-day period described in Subsection (4)(a), notifies  
241 the insured of:

242 (A) the circumstances requiring the extension of time; and

243 (B) the date by which the insurer expects to pay the claim or deny the claim with a  
244 written explanation for the denial.

245 (c) Subject to Subsections (4)(d) and (e), the time period for complying with  
246 Subsection (4)(a) may be extended for up to an additional 30 days from the day on which the  
247 30-day extension period provided in Subsection (4)(b) ends if before the day on which the  
248 30-day extension period ends, the insurer:

249 (i) determines that due to matters beyond the control of the insurer a decision cannot be  
250 rendered within the 30-day extension period; and

251 (ii) notifies the insured of:

252 (A) the circumstances requiring the extension; and

253 (B) the date as of which the insurer expects to pay the claim or deny the claim with a  
254 written explanation for the denial.

255 (d) A notice of extension under this Subsection (4) shall specifically explain:

256 (i) the standards on which entitlement to a benefit is based; and

257 (ii) the unresolved issues that prevent a decision on the claim.

258 (e) If an extension allowed by Subsection (4)(b) or (c) is necessary due to a failure of  
259 the insured to submit the information necessary to decide the claim:

260 (i) the notice of extension required by Subsection (4)(b) or (c) shall specifically  
261 describe the necessary information; and

262 (ii) the insurer shall give the insured at least 45 days from the day on which the insured  
263 receives the notice before the insurer denies the claim for failure to provide the information  
264 requested in Subsection (4)(b) or (c).

265 (5) If a period of time is extended as permitted under Subsection (3)(b), (4)(b), or  
266 (4)(c), due to an insured or provider failing to submit information necessary to decide a claim,  
267 the period for making the benefit determination shall be tolled from the date on which the  
268 notification of the extension is sent to the insured or provider until the date on which the  
269 insured or provider responds to the request for additional information.

270 (6) An insurer shall pay all sums to the provider or insured that the insurer is obligated  
271 to pay on the claim, and provide a written explanation of the insurer's decision regarding any  
272 part of the claim that is denied within 20 days of receiving the information requested under  
273 Subsection (3)(b), (4)(b), or (4)(c).

274 (7) (a) Whenever an insurer makes a payment to a provider on any part of a claim  
275 under this section, the insurer shall also send to the insured an explanation of benefits paid.

276 (b) Whenever an insurer denies any part of a claim under this section, the insurer shall  
277 also send to the insured:

278 (i) a written explanation of the part of the claim that was denied; and

279 (ii) notice of the adverse benefit determination review process established under  
280 Section 31A-22-629.

281 (c) This Subsection (7) does not apply to a person receiving benefits under the state  
282 Medicaid program as defined in Section 26-18-2, unless required by the Department of Health  
283 or federal law.

284 (8) (a) Beginning with health care claims submitted on or after January 1, 2002, a late  
285 fee shall be imposed on:

286 (i) an insurer that fails to timely pay a claim in accordance with this section; and

287 (ii) a provider that fails to timely provide information on a claim in accordance with  
288 this section.

289 (b) For the first 90 days that a claim payment or a provider response to a request for  
290 information is late, the late fee shall be determined by multiplying together:

291 (i) the total amount of the claim;

292 (ii) the total number of days the response or the payment is late; and

293 (iii) .1%.

294 (c) For a claim payment or a provider response to a request for information that is 91 or  
295 more days late, the late fee shall be determined by adding together:

296 (i) the late fee for a 90-day period under Subsection (8)(b); and

297 (ii) the following multiplied together:

298 (A) the total amount of the claim;

299 (B) the total number of days the response or payment was late beyond the initial 90-day  
300 period; and

301 (C) the rate of interest set in accordance with Section 15-1-1.

302 (d) Any late fee paid or collected under this section shall be separately identified on the  
303 documentation used by the insurer to pay the claim.

304 (e) For purposes of this Subsection (8), "late fee" does not include an amount that is

305 less than \$1.

306 (9) Each insurer shall establish a review process to resolve claims-related disputes  
307 between the insurer and providers.

308 (10) An insurer or person representing an insurer may not engage in any unfair claim  
309 settlement practice with respect to a provider. Unfair claim settlement practices include:

310 (a) knowingly misrepresenting a material fact or the contents of an insurance policy in  
311 connection with a claim;

312 (b) failing to acknowledge and substantively respond within 15 days to any written  
313 communication from a provider relating to a pending claim;

314 (c) denying or threatening to deny the payment of a claim for any reason that is not  
315 clearly described in the insured's policy;

316 (d) failing to maintain a payment process sufficient to comply with this section;

317 (e) failing to maintain claims documentation sufficient to demonstrate compliance with  
318 this section;

319 (f) failing, upon request, to give to the provider written information regarding the  
320 specific rate and terms under which the provider will be paid for health care services;

321 (g) failing to timely pay a valid claim in accordance with this section as a means of  
322 influencing, intimidating, retaliating, or gaining an advantage over the provider with respect to  
323 an unrelated claim, an undisputed part of a pending claim, or some other aspect of the  
324 contractual relationship;

325 (h) failing to pay the sum when required and as required under Subsection (8) when a  
326 violation has occurred;

327 (i) threatening to retaliate or actual retaliation against a provider for the provider  
328 applying this section;

329 (j) any material violation of this section; and

330 (k) any other unfair claim settlement practice established in rule or law.

331 (11) (a) The provisions of this section shall apply to each contract between an insurer  
332 and a provider for the duration of the contract.

333 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (11)(a), this section may not be the basis for a bad  
334 faith insurance claim.

335 (c) Nothing in Subsection (11)(a) may be construed as limiting the ability of an insurer

336 and a provider from including provisions in their contract that are more stringent than the  
337 provisions of this section.

338 (12) (a) Pursuant to Chapter 2, Part 2, Duties and Powers of Commissioner, and  
339 beginning January 1, 2002, the commissioner may conduct examinations to determine an  
340 insurer's level of compliance with this section and impose sanctions for each violation.

341 (b) The commissioner may adopt rules only as necessary to implement this section.

342 (c) The commissioner may establish rules to facilitate the exchange of electronic  
343 confirmations when claims-related information has been received.

344 (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (12)(b), the commissioner may not adopt rules  
345 regarding the review process required by Subsection (9).

346 (13) Nothing in this section may be construed as limiting the collection rights of a  
347 provider under Section 31A-26-301.5.

348 (14) Nothing in this section may be construed as limiting the ability of an insurer to:

349 (a) recover any amount improperly paid to a provider or an insured:

350 (i) in accordance with Section 31A-31-103 or any other provision of state or federal  
351 law;

352 (ii) within ~~[36]~~ 24 months of the amount improperly paid for a coordination of benefits  
353 error; ~~[or]~~

354 (iii) within ~~[18]~~ 12 months of the amount improperly paid for any other reason not  
355 identified in Subsection (14)(a)(i) or (ii); or

356 (iv) within 36 months of the amount improperly paid when the improper payment was  
357 due to a recovery by Medicaid, Medicare, the Children's Health Insurance Program, or any  
358 other state or federal health care program;

359 (b) take any action against a provider that is permitted under the terms of the provider  
360 contract and not prohibited by this section;

361 (c) report the provider to a state or federal agency with regulatory authority over the  
362 provider for unprofessional, unlawful, or fraudulent conduct; or

363 (d) enter into a mutual agreement with a provider to resolve alleged violations of this  
364 section through mediation or binding arbitration.

365 (15) A health care provider may only seek recovery from the insurer for an amount  
366 improperly paid by the insurer within the same time frames as Subsections (14)(a) and (b).

367