1	HEALTH REFORM - HEALTH INSURANCE
2	COVERAGE IN STATE CONTRACTS
3	2009 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
6	Senate Sponsor: Gene Davis
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill requires certain state entities to require a contractor who contracts with the
11	state entity to offer the contractor's employees qualified health insurance coverage
12	during the duration of the contract if the contract is over a certain amount, and if the
13	contract is a construction or design contract.
14	Highlighted Provisions:
15	This bill:
16	defines the following terms:
17	"employee";
18	 "qualified health insurance coverage"; and
19	"subcontractor";
20	 requires the following state entities to require a contractor who contracts with the
21	state entity to offer qualified health insurance coverage to the contractor's eligible
22	employees and the employee's dependents if the contract amount is above a certain
23	amount:
24	 the Department of Environmental Quality;



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• the Capitol Preservation Board;

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26	 the Department of Natural Resources;
27	 the Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
28	• the Utah Department of Transportation; and
29	 public transit districts;
30	 establishes enforcement and penalties for a contractor who does not maintain an
31	offer of qualified health insurance coverage for employees during the duration of the
32	contract;
33	 deposits any penalties collected into the Medicaid Restricted Account; and
34	 applies to construction or design contracts entered into on or after July 1, 2009.
35	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
36	None
37	Other Special Clauses:
38	None
39	Utah Code Sections Affected:
40	AMENDS:
41	17B-2a-818, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
42	26-18-402 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 360
43	63A-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
44	ENACTS:
45	17B-2a-818.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	19-1-206 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	63-34-22 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	63C-9-403 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	72-6-107.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	
51	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
52	Section 1. Section 17B-2a-818 is amended to read:
53	17B-2a-818. Requirements applicable to public transit district contracts.
54	(1) If the expenditure required to construct district facilities or works exceeds:
55	(a) \$25,000, the construction shall be let as provided in Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah
56	Procurement Code[-]; and

57	(b) \$750,000, the construction shall be let as provided in:
58	(i) Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah Procurement Code; and
59	(ii) Section 17B-2a-818.5.
60	(2) (a) The board of trustees of a public transit district shall advertise each bid or
61	proposal through public notice as the board determines.
62	(b) A notice under Subsection (2)(a) may:
63	(i) include publication in:
64	(A) a newspaper of general circulation in the district;
65	(B) a trade journal; or
66	(C) other method determined by the board; and
67	(ii) be made at least once, not less than ten days before the expiration of the period
68	within which bids or proposals are received.
69	(3) (a) The board of trustees may, in its discretion:
70	(i) reject any or all bids or proposals; and
71	(ii) readvertise or give notice again.
72	(b) If, after rejecting bids or proposals, the board of trustees determines and declares by
73	a two-thirds vote of all members present that in the board's opinion the supplies, equipment,
74	and materials may be purchased at a lower price in the open market, the board may purchase
75	the supplies, equipment, and materials in the open market, notwithstanding any provisions
76	requiring contracts, bids, proposals, advertisement, or notice.
77	(4) The board of trustees of a public transit district may let a contract without
78	advertising for or inviting bids if:
79	(a) the board finds, upon a two-thirds vote of all members present, that a repair,
80	alteration, or other work or the purchase of materials, supplies, equipment, or other property is
81	of urgent necessity; or
82	(b) the district's general manager certifies by affidavit that there is only one source for
83	the required supplies, equipment, materials, or construction items.
84	(5) If a public transit district retains or withholds any payment on a contract with a
85	private contractor to construct facilities under this section, the board shall retain or withhold
86	and release the payment as provided in Section 13-8-5.
87	Section 2. Section 17B-2a-818.5 is enacted to read:

88	<u>17B-2a-818.5.</u> Contracting powers of public transit districts Health insurance
89	coverage.
90	(1) For purposes of this section:
91	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
92	34A-2-104 who:
93	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
94	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
95	may not exceed 90 days from the date of hire.
96	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
97	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means a health benefit plan that at the time
98	the contract is entered into or renewed:
99	(i) (A) provides coverage that is actuarially equivalent to the current benefit plan
100	determined by the Children's Health Insurance Program under Section 26-40-106; and
101	(B) under which the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and
102	the dependents of the employee;
103	(ii) (A) is a federally qualified high deductible health plan that has;
104	(I) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health plan
105	<u>and</u>
106	(II) an out of pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of the
107	annual deductible; and
108	(B) under which the employer pays 75% of the premium for the employee and the
109	dependents of the employee; or
110	(iii) (A) provides coverage that is actuarially equivalent to 75% of the benefit plan
111	determined under Subsection (1)(c)(i); and
112	(B) under which the employer pays at least 75% of the premium of the employee and
113	the dependents of the employee.
114	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
115	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to all contracts entered
116	into by the public transit district on or after July 1, 2009, if:
117	(a) the contract is for design or construction; and
118	(b) (i) the prime contract is in the amount of \$1.5 million or greater; or

119	(ii) a subcontract is in the amount of \$750,000 or greater.
120	(3) This section does not apply if:
121	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
122	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
123	(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
124	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6-102,
125	or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required
126	by Subsection (2).
127	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
128	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
129	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the public transit
130	district that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage
131	for the contractor's employees and the employee's dependents during the duration of the
132	contract.
133	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor
134	shall demonstrate to the public transit district that the subcontractor has and will maintain an
135	offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the
136	employee's dependents during the duration of the contract.
137	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during
138	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
139	adopted by the public transit district under Subsection (6).
140	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
141	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
142	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
143	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
144	adopted by the public transit district under Subsection (6).
145	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
146	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
147	(6) The public transit district shall adopt administrative rules:
148	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
149	(b) in coordination with:

150	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
151	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 63-34-22;
152	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
153	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
154	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
155	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
156	(c) which establish:
157	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
158	public transit district compliance with this section which shall include:
159	(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Section (5)(a) or (b)
160	more than twice in any twelve-month period; and
161	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required in Subsection (1) is met by
162	the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of
163	actuarial equivalency from either the Utah Department of Insurance or an actuary selected by
164	the contractor or the contractor's insurer; and
165	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
166	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
167	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
168	future contracts with the public transit district upon the first violation;
169	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
170	contracts with the public transit district upon the second violation;
171	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
172	Section 63G-6-804 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
173	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
174	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of
175	the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage
176	during the duration of the contract.
177	(7) (a) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(c), a contractor or
178	subcontractor who violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for
179	health care costs not covered by insurance.
180	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to

181	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
182	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
183	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
184	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide health insurance as required
185	by this section:
186	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
187	or contractor under Section 63G-6-801 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8,
188	Legal and Contractual Remedies; and
189	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
190	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
191	or construction.
192	Section 3. Section 19-1-206 is enacted to read:
193	19-1-206. Contracting powers of department Health insurance coverage.
194	(1) For purposes of this section:
195	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
196	34A-2-104 who:
197	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
198	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
199	may not exceed 90 days from the date of hire.
200	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
201	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means a health benefit plan that at the time
202	the contract is entered into or renewed:
203	(i) (A) provides coverage that is actuarially equivalent to the current benefit plan
204	determined by the Children's Health Insurance Program under Section 26-40-106; and
205	(B) under which the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and
206	the dependents of the employee;
207	(ii) (A) is a federally qualified high deductible health plan that has:
208	(I) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health plans
209	<u>and</u>
210	(II) an out of pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of the
211	annual deductible; and

212	(B) under which the employer pays 75% of the premium for the employee and the
213	dependents of the employee; or
214	(iii) (A) provides coverage that is actuarially equivalent to 75% of the benefit plan
215	determined under Subsection (1)(c)(i); and
216	(B) under which the employer pays at least 75% of the premium of the employee and
217	the dependents of the employee.
218	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
219	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to all contracts entered
220	into by or delegated to the department or a division or board of the department on or after July
221	1, 2009, if:
222	(a) the contract is for design or construction; and
223	(b) (i) the prime contract is in the amount of \$1.5 million or greater; or
224	(ii) a subcontract is in the amount of \$750,000 or greater.
225	(3) This section does not apply to contracts entered into by the department or a division
226	or board of the department if:
227	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
228	(b) the contract or agreement is between:
229	(i) the department or a division or board of the department; and
230	(ii) (A) another agency of the state;
231	(B) the federal government;
232	(C) another state;
233	(D) an interstate agency;
234	(E) a political subdivision of this state; or
235	(F) a political subdivision of another state;
236	(c) the executive director determines that applying the requirements of this section to a
237	particular contract interferes with the effective response to an immediate health and safety
238	threat from the environment; or
239	(d) the contract is:
240	(i) a sole source contract; or
241	(ii) an emergency procurement.
242	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6-102,

243	or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required
244	by Subsection (2).
245	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
246	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
247	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the executive
248	director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance
249	coverage for the contractor's employees and the employee's dependents during the duration of
250	the contract.
251	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor shall
252	demonstrate to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
253	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employee's
254	dependents during the duration of the contract.
255	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to comply with Subsection (5)(a) during the duration
256	of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the
257	department under Subsection (6).
258	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
259	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
260	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
261	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
262	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
263	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
264	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
265	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
266	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
267	(b) in coordination with:
268	(i) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-815.5;
269	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 63-34-22;
270	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
271	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
272	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
273	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and

274	(c) which establish:
275	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
276	public transit district compliance with this section which shall include:
277	(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Section (5)(a) or (b)
278	more than twice in any twelve-month period; and
279	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required in Subsection (1) is met by
280	the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of
281	actuarial equivalency from either the Utah Department of Insurance or an actuary selected by
282	the contractor or the contractor's insurer; and
283	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
284	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
285	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
286	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
287	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
288	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
289	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
290	Section 63G-6-804 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
291	(D) notwithstanding Section 19-1-303, monetary penalties which may not exceed 50%
292	of the amount necessary to purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and
293	the dependents of an employee of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified
294	health insurance coverage during the duration of the contract.
295	(7) (a) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(c), a contractor or
296	subcontractor who violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for
297	health care costs not covered by insurance.
298	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
299	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
300	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
301	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
302	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide health insurance as required
303	by this section:
304	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,

305	or contractor under Section 63G-6-801 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8,
306	Legal and Contractual Remedies; and
307	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
308	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
309	or construction.
310	Section 4. Section 26-18-402 is amended to read:
311	26-18-402. Medicaid Restricted Account.
312	(1) There is created a restricted account in the General Fund known as the Medicaid
313	Restricted Account.
314	(2) (a) [Any] The following shall be deposited into the Medicaid Restricted Account:
315	(i) any general funds appropriated to the department for the state plan for medical
316	assistance or for the Division of Health Care Financing that are not expended by the
317	department in the fiscal year for which the general funds were appropriated and which are not
318	otherwise designated as nonlapsing shall lapse into the Medicaid Restricted Account[-]; and
319	(ii) any penalties imposed and collected under:
320	(A) Section 17B-2a-818.5;
321	(B) Section 19-1-206;
322	(C) Section 63-34-22;
323	(D) Section 63A-5-205;
324	(E) Section 63C-9-403; or
325	(F) Section 72-6-107.5.
326	(b) The account shall earn interest and all interest earned shall be deposited into the
327	account.
328	(c) The Legislature may appropriate monies in the restricted account to fund programs
329	that expand medical assistance coverage and private health insurance plans to low income
330	persons who have not traditionally been served by Medicaid, including the Utah Children's
331	Health Insurance Program created in Chapter 40.
332	Section 5. Section 63-34-22 is enacted to read:
333	63-34-22. Contracting powers of department Health insurance coverage.
334	(1) For purposes of this section:
335	(a) "Employee" means an "employee" "worker" or "operative" as defined in Section

336	34A-2-104 who:
337	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
338	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
339	may not exceed 90 days from the date of hire.
340	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
341	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means a health benefit plan that at the time
342	the contract is entered into or renewed:
343	(i) (A) provides coverage that is actuarially equivalent to the current benefit plan
344	determined by the Children's Health Insurance Program under Section 26-40-106; and
345	(B) under which the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and
346	the dependents of the employee;
347	(ii) (A) is a federally qualified high deductible health plan that has:
348	(I) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health plan;
349	<u>and</u>
350	(II) an out of pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of the
351	annual deductible; and
352	(B) under which the employer pays 75% of the premium for the employee and the
353	dependents of the employee; or
354	(iii) (A) provides coverage that is actuarially equivalent to 75% of the benefit plan
355	determined under Subsection (1)(c)(i); and
356	(B) under which the employer pays at least 75% of the premium of the employee and
357	the dependents of the employee.
358	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
359	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to all contracts entered
360	into by, or delegated to the department or a division, board, or council of the department on or
361	after July 1, 2009, if:
362	(a) the contract is for design or construction; and
363	(b) (i) the prime contract is in the amount of \$1.5 million or greater; or
364	(ii) a subcontract is in the amount of \$750,000 or greater.
365	(3) This section does not apply to contracts entered into by the department or a
366	division, board, or council of the department if:

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367	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
368	(b) the contract or agreement is between:
369	(i) the department or a division, board, or council of the department; and
370	(ii) (A) another agency of the state;
371	(B) the federal government;
372	(C) another state;
373	(D) an interstate agency;
374	(E) a political subdivision of this state; or
375	(F) a political subdivision of another state; or
376	(c) the contract or agreement is:
377	(i) for the purpose of disbursing grants or loans authorized by statute;
378	(ii) a sole source contract; or
379	(iii) an emergency procurement.
380	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6-102,
381	or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required
382	by Subsection (2).
383	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
384	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
385	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2)(b)(i) shall demonstrate to the department
386	that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the
387	contractor's employees and the employee's dependents during the duration of the contract.
388	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the contractor
389	shall demonstrate to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
390	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employee's
391	dependents during the duration of the contract.
392	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during
393	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
394	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
395	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
396	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
397	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during

398	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
399	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
400	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
401	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
402	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
403	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
404	(b) in coordination with:
405	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
406	(ii) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-815.5;
407	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
408	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
409	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
410	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
411	(c) which establish:
412	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate
413	compliance with this section to the department which shall include:
414	(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Section (5)(a) or (b)
415	more than twice in any twelve-month period; and
416	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required in Subsection (1) is met by
417	the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of
418	actuarial equivalency from either the Utah Department of Insurance or an actuary selected by
419	the contractor or the contractor's insurer; and
420	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
421	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
422	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
423	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
424	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
425	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
426	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
427	Section 63G-6-804 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
428	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to

429	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and a dependent of an employee
430	of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage
431	during the duration of the contract.
432	(7) (a) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6), a contractor or
433	subcontractor who violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for
434	health care costs not covered by insurance.
435	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
436	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
437	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
438	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
439	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide health insurance as required
440	by this section:
441	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror
442	or contractor under Section 63G-6-801 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8,
443	Legal and Contractual Remedies; and
444	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
445	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
446	or construction.
447	Section 6. Section 63A-5-205 is amended to read:
448	63A-5-205. Contracting powers of director Retainage Health insurance
449	coverage.
450	(1) As used in this section[, "capital developments" and "capital improvements" have]
451	(a) "Capital developments" has the same meaning as provided in Section 63A-5-104.
452	(b) "Capital improvements" has the same meaning as provided in Section 63A-5-104.
453	(c) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
454	34A-2-104 who:
455	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
456	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
457	may not exceed 90 days from the date of hire.
458	(d) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
459	(e) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means a health benefit plan that at the time

460	the contract is entered into or renewed:
461	(i) (A) provides coverage that is actuarially equivalent to the current benefit plan
462	determined by the Children's Health Insurance Program under Section 26-40-106; and
463	(B) under which the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and
464	the dependents of the employee;
465	(ii) (A) is a federally qualified high deductible health plan that has:
466	(I) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health plan
467	<u>and</u>
468	(II) an out of pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of the
469	annual deductible; and
470	(B) under which the employer pays 75% of the premium for the employee and the
471	dependents of the employee; or
472	(iii) (A) provides coverage that is actuarially equivalent to 75% of the benefit plan
473	determined under Subsection (1)(e)(i); and
474	(B) under which the employer pays at least 75% of the premium of the employee and
475	the dependents of the employee.
476	(f) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
477	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah Procurement Code, the director may
478	(a) subject to Subsection (3), enter into contracts for any work or professional services
479	which the division or the State Building Board may do or have done; and
480	(b) as a condition of any contract for architectural or engineering services, prohibit the
481	architect or engineer from retaining a sales or agent engineer for the necessary design work.
482	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), this Subsection (3) applies to all
483	contracts entered into by the division or the State Building Board on or after July 1, 2009, if:
484	(i) the contract is for design or construction; and
485	(ii) (A) the prime contract is in the amount of \$1.5 million or greater; or
486	(B) a subcontract is in the amount of \$750,000 or greater.
487	(b) This Subsection (3) does not apply:
488	(i) if the application of this Subsection (3) jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
489	(ii) if the contract is a sole source contract;
490	(iii) if the contract is an emergency procurement; or

491	(iv) to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6-102, or a modification to a contract,
492	when the contract does not meet the threshold required by Subsection (3)(a).
493	(c) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
494	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of an infraction.
495	(d) (i) A contractor subject to Subsection (3)(a) shall demonstrate to the director that
496	the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the
497	contractor's employees and the employee's dependents.
498	(ii) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (3)(a), the contractor
499	shall demonstrate to the director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
500	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employee's
501	dependents.
502	(e) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(i)
503	during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative
504	rules adopted by the division under Subsection (3)(f).
505	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
506	requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(ii).
507	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(ii)
508	during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative
509	rules adopted by the division under Subsection (3)(f).
510	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
511	requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(i).
512	(f) The division shall adopt administrative rules:
513	(i) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
514	(ii) in coordination with:
515	(A) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
516	(B) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 63-34-22;
517	(C) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-815.5;
518	(D) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
519	(E) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
520	(F) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
521	(iii) which establish:

522	(A) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
523	director compliance with this Subsection (3) which shall include:
524	(I) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Section (5)(a) or (b)
525	more than twice in any twelve-month period; and
526	(II) that the actuarially equivalent determination required in Subsection (1) is met by
527	the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of
528	actuarial equivalency from either the Utah Department of Insurance or an actuary selected by
529	the contractor or the contractor's insurer; and
530	(B) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
531	violates the provisions of this Subsection (3), which may include:
532	(I) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
533	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
534	(II) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
535	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
536	(III) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
537	Section 63G-6-804 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
538	(IV) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
539	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and the dependents of an
540	employee of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance
541	coverage during the duration of the contract.
542	(g) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (3)(f)(iii), a contractor or
543	subcontractor who violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for
544	health care costs not covered by insurance.
545	(ii) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
546	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (3)(g).
547	(h) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
548	Medicaid Restricted Account created by Section 26-18-402.
549	(i) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide health insurance as required
550	by this section:
551	(i) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
552	or contractor under Section 63G-6-801 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8,

553	Legal and Contractual Remedies; and
554	(ii) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
555	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
556	or construction.
557	[(3)] (4) The judgment of the director as to the responsibility and qualifications of a
558	bidder is conclusive, except in case of fraud or bad faith.
559	[(4)] (5) The division shall make all payments to the contractor for completed work in
560	accordance with the contract and pay the interest specified in the contract on any payments that
561	are late.
562	[(5)] (6) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to do work for the
563	division or the State Building Board is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or withheld and
564	released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
565	Section 7. Section 63C-9-403 is enacted to read:
566	63C-9-403. Contracting power of executive director Health insurance coverage.
567	(1) For purposes of this section:
568	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
569	34A-2-104 who:
570	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
571	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
572	may not exceed 90 days from the date of hire.
573	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
574	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means a health benefit plan that at the time
575	the contract is entered into or renewed:
576	(i) (A) provides coverage that is actuarially equivalent to the current benefit plan
577	determined by the Children's Health Insurance Program under Section 26-40-106; and
578	(B) under which the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and
579	the dependents of the employee;
580	(ii) (A) is a federally qualified high deductible health plan that has:
581	(I) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health plan;
582	<u>and</u>
583	(II) an out of pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of the

584	annual deductible; and
585	(B) under which the employer pays 75% of the premium for the employee and the
586	dependents of the employee; or
587	(iii) (A) provides coverage that is actuarially equivalent to 75% of the benefit plan
588	determined under Subsection (1)(c)(i); and
589	(B) under which the employer pays at least 75% of the premium of the employee and
590	the dependents of the employee.
591	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
592	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to all contracts entered
593	into by the board or on behalf of the board on or after July 1, 2009, if:
594	(a) the contract is for design or construction; and
595	(b) (i) the prime contract is in the amount of \$1.5 million or greater; or
596	(ii) a subcontract is in the amount of \$750,000 or greater.
597	(3) This section does not apply if:
598	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
599	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
600	(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
601	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6-102,
602	or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required
603	by Subsection (2).
604	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
605	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
606	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the executive
607	director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance
608	coverage for the contractor's employees and the employee's dependents during the duration of
609	the contract.
610	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor
611	shall demonstrate to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer
612	of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employee's
613	dependents during the duration of the contract.
614	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during

615	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
616	adopted by the division under Subsection (6).
617	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
618	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
619	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
620	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
621	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
622	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
623	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
624	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
625	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
626	(b) in coordination with:
627	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
628	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 63-34-22;
629	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
630	(iv) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-815.5;
631	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
632	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
633	(c) which establish:
634	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
635	executive director compliance with this section which shall include:
636	(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Section (5)(a) or (b)
637	more than twice in any twelve-month period; and
638	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required in Subsection (1) is met by
639	the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of
640	actuarial equivalency from either the Utah Department of Insurance or an actuary selected by
641	the contractor or the contractor's insurer; and
642	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
643	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
644	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
645	future contracts with the state upon the first violation:

646	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
647	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
648	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
649	Section 63G-6-804 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
650	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
651	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of
652	the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage
653	during the duration of the contract.
654	(7) (a) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(c), a contractor or
655	subcontractor who violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for
656	health care costs not covered by insurance.
657	(ii) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
658	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
659	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
660	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
661	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide health insurance as required
662	by this section:
663	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
664	or contractor under Section 63G-6-801 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8,
665	Legal and Contractual Remedies; and
666	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
667	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
668	or construction.
669	Section 8. Section 72-6-107.5 is enacted to read:
670	72-6-107.5. Construction of improvements of highway Contracts Health
671	insurance coverage.
672	(1) For purposes of this section:
673	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
674	34A-2-104 who:
675	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
676	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which

677	may not exceed 90 days from the date of hire.
678	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
679	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means a health benefit plan that at the time
680	the contract is entered into or renewed:
681	(i) (A) provides coverage that is actuarially equivalent to the current benefit plan
682	determined by the Children's Health Insurance Program under Section 26-40-106; and
683	(B) under which the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and
684	the dependents of the employee;
685	(ii) (A) is a federally qualified high deductible health plan that has:
686	(I) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health plan;
687	<u>and</u>
688	(II) an out of pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of the
689	annual deductible; and
690	(B) under which the employer pays 75% of the premium for the employee and the
691	dependents of the employee; or
692	(iii) (A) provides coverage that is actuarially equivalent to 75% of the benefit plan
693	determined under Subsection (1)(c)(i); and
694	(B) under which the employer pays at least 75% of the premium of the employee and
695	the dependents of the employee.
696	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
697	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to all contracts entered
698	into by the department on or after July 1, 2009, for construction or design of highways if:
699	(a) the prime contract is in the amount of \$1.5 million or greater; or
700	(b) a subcontract is in the amount of \$750,000 or greater.
701	(3) This section does not apply if:
702	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
703	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
704	(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
705	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6-102,
706	or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required
707	by Subsection (2).

708	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
709	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
710	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the department that
711	the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the
712	contractor's employees and the employee's dependents during the duration of the contract.
713	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor shall
714	demonstrate to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified
715	health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employee's dependents
716	during the duration of the contract.
717	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during
718	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
719	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
720	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
721	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
722	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
723	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
724	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
725	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
726	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
727	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
728	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
729	(b) in coordination with:
730	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
731	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 63-34-22;
732	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
733	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
734	(v) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-815.5; and
735	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
736	(c) which establish:
737	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
738	department compliance with this section which shall include:

739	(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Section (5)(a) or (b)
740	more than twice in any twelve-month period; and
741	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required in Subsection (1) is met by
742	the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of
743	actuarial equivalency from either the Utah Department of Insurance or an actuary selected by
744	the contractor or the contractor's insurer; and
745	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
746	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
747	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
748	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
749	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
750	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
751	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
752	Section 63G-6-804 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
753	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
754	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and a dependent of the employee
755	of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage
756	during the duration of the contract.
757	(7) (a) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6), a contractor or
758	subcontractor who violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for
759	health care costs not covered by insurance.
760	(ii) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
761	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
762	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
763	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
764	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide health insurance as required
765	by this section:
766	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
767	or contractor under Section 63G-6-801 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8,
768	Legal and Contractual Remedies; and
769	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or

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- contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
- 771 <u>or construction.</u>

Fiscal Note

H.B. 331 2nd Sub. (Gray) - Health Reform - Health Insurance Coverage in State Contracts

2009 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill may indirectly increase the cost of state construction projects depending upon the contractor. The extent of such increases is currently unknown.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill may result in certain cost increases to private contractors, but may benefit individuals working for such contractors. Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for local governments.

2/24/2009, 4:53:32 PM, Lead Analyst: Amon, R.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst