Representative Wayne A. Harper proposes the following substitute bill:

1	RAINWATER HARVESTING
2	2009 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Scott K. Jenkins
5	House Sponsor: Kerry W. Gibson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill authorizes a public water supplier to allow a person in its service area to
10	capture and beneficially use precipitation under certain circumstances.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 provides for the collection and use of precipitation without obtaining a water right
14	under certain conditions;
15	 authorizes a public water supplier to allow a person in its service area to capture and
16	beneficially use precipitation under certain circumstances;
17	establishes reporting requirements;
18	 provides for construction standards designed to prevent water contamination; and
19	makes technical corrections.
20	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	AMENDS:



	73-3-1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
	73-3-20, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 140
ENAC	CTS:
	73-3-20.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it e	nacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 73-3-1 is amended to read:
	73-3-1. Appropriation Manner of acquiring water rights.
	[Rights] (1) A person may only acquire a right to the use of the unappropriated public
waters	in this state [may be acquired only] as provided for in this title. [No appropriation of
water	may be made and no rights to the use thereof initiated and no notice of intent to
approp	priate shall be recognized except application for such appropriation first be made to the
state e	ngineer in the manner hereinafter provided, and not otherwise. The]
	(2) The appropriation of public waters in the state shall comply with the requirements
of this	title.
	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a person obtaining, initiating the use of, or
provid	ling notice of intent to appropriate a water right shall comply with the requirements of
this ch	apter.
	(4) A person shall make an appropriation [must be for some] for a useful and beneficial
purpos	se[, and, as between] <u>.</u>
	(5) (a) Between appropriators, the one first in time [shall be] is first in rights[;
provid	ed, that when a].
	(b) A use designated by an application to appropriate any of the unappropriated waters
of the	state that would materially interfere with a more beneficial use of [such] the water[, the
applica	ation] shall be dealt with as provided in Section 73-3-8. [No]
	(6) A person may not acquire a right to the use of water either appropriated or
unapp	ropriated [can be acquired] by adverse use or adverse possession.
	(7) Notwithstanding the requirements of Section 73-3-2, a person may:
	(a) directly capture and store precipitation in storage containers with a maximum
<u>capaci</u>	ty of 55 gallons per container; and
	(b) place the water captured and stored under Subsection (7)(a) to beneficial use.
	(b) place the water captured and stored under Subsection (7)(a) to beneficial use.

57	Section 2. Section 73-3-20 is amended to read:
58	73-3-20. Right to divert appropriated waters into natural streams
59	Requirements Storage in reservoir Information required by state engineer Lapse
60	of application.
61	[(1) Upon application in writing and approval of the state engineer, any appropriated
62	water may, for the purpose of preventing waste and facilitating distribution, be turned from the
63	channel of any stream or any lake or other body of water, into the channel of any natural stream
64	or natural body of water or into a reservoir constructed across the bed of any natural stream,
65	and commingled with its waters, and a like quantity less the quantity lost by evaporation and
66	seepage may be taken out, either above or below the point where emptied into the stream, body
67	of water or reservoir. In so doing, the original water in such stream, body of water, or reservoir
68	must not be deteriorated in quality or diminished in quantity for the purpose used, and the
69	additional water turned in shall bear its share of the expense of maintenance of such reservoir
70	and an equitable proportion of the cost of the reservoir site and its construction. Any person
71	having stored his appropriated water in a reservoir for a beneficial purpose shall be permitted to
72	withdraw the water at the times and in the quantities as his necessities may require if the
73	withdrawal does not interfere with the rights of others.]
74	(1) As used in this section:
75	(a) "Body of water" means a lake, groundwater aquifer, or stream channel.
76	(b) "Exchange appropriated waters" means:
77	(i) (A) to turn and commingle water from one body of water into:
78	(I) another natural body of water; or
79	(II) a reservoir constructed across the bed of a natural stream; and
80	(B) to take out, above or below the point where the water is emptied into the natural
81	body of water or reservoir, the same quantity of water, less the quantity lost by:
82	(I) evaporation; and
83	(II) seepage; or
84	(ii) (A) to reduce the amount of water diverted by a public water supplier under a water
85	right; and
86	(B) to allow a person in the public water supplier's service area to capture and
87	beneficially use precipitation in an amount equal to the reduction in the diversion.

88	(2) The state engineer may approve a written application to exchange appropriated
89	waters:
90	(a) to prevent waste;
91	(b) to facilitate distribution; or
92	(c) (i) in an amount not less than 50 acre-feet; and
93	(ii) as provided in Section 73-3-20.5, to authorize a public water supplier to allow a
94	person in its service area to capture and beneficially use precipitation under the public water
95	supplier's water right.
96	(3) In an exchange of appropriated waters:
97	(a) the original water into which the additional water is turned or commingled may not
98	be deteriorated in quality or diminished in quantity for the purpose used; and
99	(b) the owner of the additional water turned or commingled shall bear the proportionate
100	share of the cost of the reservoir's site and construction.
101	(4) A person who stores appropriated water in a reservoir for a beneficial purpose may
102	withdraw that water at the times and in the quantities the person chooses if the withdrawal does
103	not interfere with the water rights of another person.
104	[(2)] (5) The state engineer may require the owner of record of an approved exchange
105	application to provide information concerning:
106	(a) the diverting works constructed[;];
107	(b) the extent to which the development under the exchange has occurred[;]; and
108	(c) other information the state engineer considers necessary to [insure]:
109	(i) ensure the exchange is taking place[, to];
110	(ii) establish that the owner of the exchange [still] has a legal interest in the underlying
111	water right used as the basis for the exchange[, or to arrive at]; and
112	(iii) determine the quantity of water being exchanged. [This information shall be
113	provided by the owner of record of an approved exchange]
114	(6) The owner of record of an approved exchange shall provide the information
115	required under Subsection (5) within 60 days of notification by the state engineer.
116	[(3)] (7) The state engineer may lapse an application made [pursuant to] under this
117	section [under the following conditions] if the:
118	(a) [the] applicant [has lost] does not have a legal interest in the underlying right used

119	to facilitate the exchange;
120	(b) [the] exchange can no longer be carried out as stated in the application;
121	(c) [the] applicant has not complied with the conditions established in approving the
122	exchange; or
123	(d) [the] applicant fails to provide the information as [outlined in] required by
124	Subsection $[73-3-20(2)]$ (5).
125	Section 3. Section 73-3-20.5 is enacted to read:
126	73-3-20.5. Right to collect precipitation.
127	(1) (a) A person may apply to a public water supplier, as defined in Section 73-1-4, to
128	capture and beneficially use precipitation.
129	(b) A public water supplier may allow a person in its service area to capture and
130	beneficially use precipitation under the public water supplier's approved exchange application
131	as provided in Section 73-3-20.
132	(2) The public water supplier shall:
133	(a) report annually to the state engineer on:
134	(i) the number and names of persons authorized to capture and beneficially use
135	precipitation under Subsection (1);
136	(ii) the location where a person captures and beneficially uses precipitation under
137	Subsection (1); and
138	(iii) the total amount of precipitation authorized to be captured by a person under
139	Subsection (1);
140	(b) establish construction standards designed to prevent contamination of a public
141	water system by a precipitation collection system; and
142	(c) review a precipitation collection system plan submitted under Subsection (3)(a) to
143	determine if the plan complies with the construction standards established under Subsection
144	<u>(2)(b).</u>
145	(3) A person who has received authorization from a public water supplier to capture
146	and beneficially use precipitation under the public water supplier's water right and approved
147	exchange application shall:
148	(a) submit a plan for a precipitation collection system to the public water supplier; and
149	(b) comply with construction standards established under Subsection (2)(b).

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