NICOTINE PRODUCT AND FLAVORED SMOKELESS
TOBACCO RESTRICTIONS
2010 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Paul Ray
Senate Sponsor:

LONG TITLE

9

10

11

12

13

14

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

General Description:

This bill amends provisions of the Uniform Driver License Act, provisions relating to the state system of public education, the Utah Criminal Code, and the Utah Code of Criminal Procedure to place restrictions on the provision, obtaining, and possession of a nicotine product, or a flavored tobacco product, and to enforce these restrictions.

Highlighted Provisions:

- 15 This bill:
 - defines terms:
 - makes it a class A misdemeanor to knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license certificate or identification card to procure a nicotine product;
 - provides that the State Board of Education may, and local boards of education and governing boards of charter schools shall, adopt rules that prohibit the illicit use, possession, or distribution of a nicotine product or a flavored tobacco product;
 - subject to certain exceptions, prohibits, and provides penalties for, the provision, obtaining, or possession of a nicotine product or a flavored tobacco product;
 - describes when sale of a nicotine product or a flavored tobacco product is required



to be face-to-face and provides criminal penalties for violation of those requirements;
 addresses enforcement of, and investigation of violations of, the provisions of this
bill;
 describes when free distribution of a nicotine product or a flavored tobacco product
is prohibited and provides criminal penalties for violation of those prohibitions;
 addresses advertising requirements relating to a nicotine product or a flavored
tobacco product; and
makes technical changes.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
53-3-229 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197
53-3-810, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197
53A-11-908, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 161
76-8-311.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
77-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 342
ENACTS:
76-10-3001 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
76-10-3002 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
76-10-3003 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
76-10-3004 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
76-10-3005 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
76-10-3006 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
76-10-3007 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
76-10-3008 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

Section 1. Section **53-3-229** is amended to read:

56

57	53-3-229. Prohibited uses of license certificate Penalty.
58	(1) It is a class C misdemeanor for a person to:
59	(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of a license certificate issued to the person, by a
60	person not entitled to it;
61	(b) display or to represent as the person's own a license certificate not issued to the
62	person;
63	(c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any license
64	certificate issued by the division;
65	(d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for a license or any
66	renewal or duplicate of the license certificate, or to knowingly make a false statement, or to
67	knowingly conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in the application;
68	(e) display a canceled, denied, revoked, suspended, or disqualified driver license
69	certificate as a valid driver license certificate;
70	(f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic
71	driver license certificate issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic driver
72	license certificate issued by that governmental entity; or
73	(g) alter any information on an authentic driver license certificate so that it no longer
74	represents the information originally displayed.
75	(2) The provisions of Subsection (1)(e) do not prohibit the use of a person's driver
76	license certificate as a means of personal identification.
77	(3) It is a class A misdemeanor to <u>knowingly</u> :
78	(a) [knowingly] issue a driver license certificate with false or fraudulent information;
79	(b) [knowingly] issue a driver license certificate to a person younger than 21 years of
80	age if the driver license certificate is not distinguished as required for a person younger than 21
81	years of age under Section 53-3-207; or
82	(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license
83	certificate to procure:
84	(i) cigarettes[-;];
85	(ii) tobacco[, or tobacco products.];
86	(iii) a tobacco product; or
87	(iv) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002.

117

118

age under Section 53-3-806; or

	150 5000 (5011) 11:50 / 1
88	(4) A person may not use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license certificate
89	to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic beverages are sold
90	or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in violation of
91	Section 32A-1-301.
92	(5) It is a third degree felony if a person's acquisition, use, display, or transfer of a false
93	or altered driver license certificate:
94	(a) aids or furthers the person's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or services; or
95	(b) aids or furthers the person's efforts to commit a violent felony.
96	Section 2. Section 53-3-810 is amended to read:
97	53-3-810. Prohibited uses of identification card Penalties.
98	(1) It is a class C misdemeanor to:
99	(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of an identification card issued to the person, by a
100	person not entitled to it;
101	(b) display or to represent as the person's own an identification card not issued to the
102	person;
103	(c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any identification
104	card issued by the division;
105	(d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for an identification card
106	or any renewal or duplicate of the identification card, or to knowingly make a false statement,
107	or to knowingly conceal a material fact in the application;
108	(e) display a revoked identification card as a valid identification card;
109	(f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic
110	identification card issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic identification
111	card issued by that governmental entity; or
112	(g) alter any information contained on an authentic identification card so that it no
113	longer represents the information originally displayed.
114	(2) It is a class A misdemeanor to knowingly:
115	(a) [knowingly] issue an identification card with false or fraudulent information;
116	(b) [knowingly] issue an identification card to any person younger than 21 years of age

if the identification card is not distinguished as required for a person younger than 21 years of

119	(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered identification card to
120	procure:
121	(i) cigarettes[,];
122	(ii) tobacco[, or tobacco products.];
123	(iii) a tobacco product; or
124	(iv) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
125	(3) A person may not knowingly use, display, or transfer a false or altered
126	identification card to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic
127	beverages are sold or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in
128	violation of Section 32A-1-301.
129	(4) It is a third degree felony if a person's acquisition, use, display, or transfer of a false
130	or altered identification card:
131	(a) aids or furthers the person's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or services; or
132	(b) aids or furthers the person's efforts to commit a violent felony.
133	Section 3. Section 53A-11-908 is amended to read:
134	53A-11-908. Extracurricular activities Prohibited conduct Reporting of
135	violations Limitation of liability.
136	(1) The Legislature recognizes that:
137	(a) participation in student government and extracurricular activities may confer
138	important educational and lifetime benefits upon students, and encourages school districts and
139	charter schools to provide a variety of opportunities for all students to participate in such
140	activities in meaningful ways;
141	(b) there is no constitutional right to participate in these types of activities, and does
142	not through this section or any other provision of law create such a right;
143	(c) students who participate in student government and extracurricular activities,
144	particularly competitive athletics, and the adult coaches, advisors, and assistants who direct
145	those activities, become role models for others in the school and community;
146	(d) these individuals often play major roles in establishing standards of acceptable
147	behavior in the school and community, and establishing and maintaining the reputation of the
148	school and the level of community confidence and support afforded the school; and
149	(e) it is of the utmost importance that those involved in student government, whether as

	1St Sub. (Buil) H.B. /1 01-28-10 5:05 P.
150	officers or advisors, and those involved in competitive athletics and related activities, whether
151	students or staff, comply with all applicable laws and rules of behavior and conduct themselves
152	at all times in a manner befitting their positions and responsibilities.
153	(2) (a) The State Board of Education may, and local boards of education and governing
154	boards of charter schools shall, adopt rules implementing this section that apply to both
155	students and staff.
156	(b) Those rules shall include prohibitions against the following types of conduct, while
157	in the classroom, on school property, during school sponsored activities, or regardless of the
158	location or circumstance, affecting a person or property described in Subsections
159	53A-11-902(5)(a) through (d):
160	(i) use of foul, abusive, or profane language while engaged in school related activities;
161	(ii) illicit use, possession, or distribution of controlled substances or drug
162	paraphernalia, and the use, possession, or distribution of a nicotine product as defined in
163	Section 76-10-3002, tobacco, or alcoholic beverages contrary to law; and
164	(iii) hazing, demeaning, or assaultive behavior, whether consensual or not, including
165	behavior involving physical violence, restraint, improper touching, or inappropriate exposure
166	of body parts not normally exposed in public settings, forced ingestion of any substance, or any
167	act which would constitute a crime against a person or public order under Utah law.
168	(3) (a) School employees who reasonably believe that a violation of this section may
169	have occurred shall immediately report that belief to the school principal, district
170	superintendent, or chief administrative officer of a charter school.
171	(b) Principals who receive a report under Subsection (3)(a) shall submit a report of the
172	alleged incident, and actions taken in response, to the district superintendent or the
173	superintendent's designee within 10 working days after receipt of the report.
174	(c) Failure of a person holding a professional certificate to report as required under this
175	Subsection (3) constitutes an unprofessional practice.
176	(4) Limitations of liability set forth under Section 53A-11-1004 apply to this section.
177	Section 4. Section 76-8-311.3 is amended to read:

(1) As used in this section:

178

179

180

Penalties.

76-8-311.3. Items prohibited in correctional and mental health facilities --

181	(a) "Contraband" means any item not specifically prohibited for possession by
182	offenders under this section or Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
183	(b) "Controlled substance" means any substance defined as a controlled substance
184	under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
185	(c) "Correctional facility" means:
186	(i) any facility operated by or contracting with the Department of Corrections to house
187	offenders in either a secure or nonsecure setting;
188	(ii) any facility operated by a municipality or a county to house or detain criminal
189	offenders;
190	(iii) any juvenile detention facility; and
191	(iv) any building or grounds appurtenant to the facility or lands granted to the state,
192	municipality, or county for use as a correctional facility.
193	(d) "Medicine" means any prescription drug as defined in Title 58, Chapter 17b,
194	Pharmacy Practice Act, but does not include any controlled substances as defined in Title 58,
195	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
196	(e) "Mental health facility" [has the same meaning] is as defined in Section
197	62A-15-602.
198	(f) "Nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
199	[(f)] (g) "Offender" means a person in custody at a correctional facility.
200	[(g)] <u>(h)</u> "Secure area" [has the same meaning as provided] is as defined in Section
201	76-8-311.1.
202	(2) Notwithstanding Section 76-10-500, a correctional or mental health facility may
203	provide by rule that no firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, implement of escape,
204	explosive, controlled substance, spirituous or fermented liquor, medicine, or poison in any
205	quantity may be:
206	(a) transported to or upon a correctional or mental health facility;
207	(b) sold or given away at any correctional or mental health facility;
208	(c) given to or used by any offender at a correctional or mental health facility; or
209	(d) knowingly or intentionally possessed at a correctional or mental health facility.
210	(3) It is a defense to any prosecution under this section if the accused in committing the
211	act made criminal by this section with respect to:

- (a) [with respect to] a correctional facility operated by the Department of Corrections, acted in conformity with departmental rule or policy;
- (b) [with respect to] a correctional facility operated by a municipality, acted in conformity with the policy of the municipality;
- (c) [with respect to] a correctional facility operated by a county, acted in conformity with the policy of the county; or
- (d) [with respect to] a mental health facility, acted in conformity with the policy of the mental health facility.
- (4) (a) Any person who transports to or upon a correctional facility, or into a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape with intent to provide or sell it to any offender, is guilty of a second degree felony.
- (b) Any person who provides or sells to any offender at a correctional facility, or any detainee at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony.
- (c) Any offender who possesses at a correctional facility, or any detainee who possesses at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony.
- (d) Any person who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or the secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly possesses at a correctional facility or a secure area of a mental health facility any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a third degree felony.
- (e) Any person violates Section 76-10-306 who knowingly or intentionally transports, possesses, distributes, or sells any explosive in a correctional facility or mental health facility.
- (5) (a) A person is guilty of a third degree felony who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly transports to or upon a correctional facility or into a secure area of a mental health facility any:
 - (i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
 - (ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or
- 240 (iii) poison in any quantity.
 - (b) A person is guilty of a third degree felony who knowingly violates correctional or mental health facility policy or rule by providing or selling to any offender at a correctional

273

243 facility or detainee within a secure area of a mental health facility any: 244 (i) spirituous or fermented liquor; 245 (ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or 246 (iii) poison in any quantity. 247 (c) An inmate is guilty of a third degree felony who, in violation of correctional or 248 mental health facility policy or rule, possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a 249 mental health facility any: 250 (i) spirituous or fermented liquor; 251 (ii) medicine, other than medicine provided by the facility's health care providers in 252 compliance with facility policy; or 253 (iii) poison in any quantity. 254 (d) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, with the intent to directly or 255 indirectly provide or sell any tobacco product or nicotine product to an offender, directly or 256 indirectly: 257 (i) transports, delivers, or distributes any tobacco product or nicotine product to an 258 offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility; 259 (ii) solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another 260 person to transport any tobacco product or nicotine product to an offender or on any 261 correctional facility, if the person is acting with the mental state required for the commission of 262 an offense; or 263 (iii) facilitates, arranges, or causes the transport of any tobacco product or nicotine 264 product in violation of this section to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility. 265 (e) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, without the permission of the 266 authority operating the correctional or mental health facility, fails to declare or knowingly 267 possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility any: 268 (i) spirituous or fermented liquor; 269 (ii) medicine; or 270 (iii) poison in any quantity. 271 (f) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor who, without the permission of the 272 authority operating the correctional facility, knowingly engages in any activity that would

facilitate the possession of any contraband by an offender in a correctional facility. The

274	provisions of Subsection (5)(d) regarding any tobacco product or nicotine product take
275	precedence over this Subsection (5)(f).
276	(g) Exemptions may be granted for worship for Native American inmates pursuant to
277	Section 64-13-40.
278	(6) The possession, distribution, or use of a controlled substance at a correctional
279	facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility shall be prosecuted in accordance with
280	Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
281	(7) The department shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
282	Rulemaking Act, to establish guidelines for providing written notice to visitors that providing
283	any tobacco product or nicotine product to offenders is a class A misdemeanor.
284	Section 5. Section 76-10-3001 is enacted to read:
285	Part 30. Nicotine Product Restriction Act
286	<u>76-10-3001.</u> Title.
287	This part is known as the "Nicotine Product Restriction Act."
288	Section 6. Section 76-10-3002 is enacted to read:
289	<u>76-10-3002.</u> Definitions.
290	As used in this part:
291	(1) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under
292	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in
293	any substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette as described
294	in Subsection (2).
295	(2) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under
296	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of:
297	(a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or
298	(b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of
299	its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to
300	be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (2)(a).
301	(3) "Cigarette tobacco" means a product that consists of loose tobacco that contains or
302	delivers nicotine and is intended for use by a consumer in a cigarette.
303	(4) "Flavored smokeless tobacco" means smokeless tobacco that contains:
304	(a) an artificial or natural flavor, other than tobacco flavor; or

305	(b) an herb or spice, other than tobacco, that is detectable by taste.
306	(5) "Nicotine product" means any product that:
307	(a) contains nicotine; and
308	(b) does not contain tobacco.
309	(6) "Pipe tobacco" means a product that consists of loose tobacco that contains or
310	delivers nicotine and is intended to be smoked by a consumer in a pipe.
311	(7) "Place of business" includes:
312	(a) a shop;
313	(b) a store;
314	(c) a factory;
315	(d) a public garage;
316	(e) an office;
317	(f) a theater;
318	(g) a recreation hall;
319	(h) a dance hall;
320	(i) a poolroom;
321	(j) a café;
322	(k) a cafeteria;
323	(1) a cabaret;
324	(m) a restaurant;
325	(n) a hotel;
326	(o) a lodging house;
327	(p) a streetcar;
328	<u>(q) a bus;</u>
329	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
330	(s) a waiting room; and
331	(t) any other place of business.
332	(8) (a) "Provides" means selling, offering for sale, giving, furnishing, sending, or
333	causing to be sent.
334	(b) "Provides" does not include:
335	(i) the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier when engaged

336	in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others; or
337	(ii) the acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a
338	package for another person without any reason to know of the package's content.
339	(9) "Smokeless tobacco" means a product, other than a cigar or cigarette, that:
340	(a) consists of cut, ground, powdered, or leaf tobacco;
341	(b) contains nicotine; and
342	(c) is intended to be placed in the oral cavity.
343	Section 7. Section 76-10-3003 is enacted to read:
344	76-10-3003. Provision of nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco
345	prohibited.
346	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person who provides a nicotine product or
347	flavored smokeless tobacco to another is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense
348	and a class B misdemeanor on each subsequent offense.
349	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco
350	<u>is:</u>
351	(a) (i) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for nicotine
352	replacement therapy or other medical purposes; and
353	(ii) provided for the purpose for which it is approved; or
354	(b) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for general consumer
355	use other than a use described in Subsection (2)(a)(i).
356	Section 8. Section 76-10-3004 is enacted to read:
357	76-10-3004. Provision of nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco to minor
358	prohibited.
359	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person who provides a nicotine product or
360	flavored smokeless tobacco to a person who is under the age of 19 is guilty of a class C
361	misdemeanor on the first offense, a class B misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A
362	misdemeanor on each subsequent offense.
363	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco
364	<u>is:</u>
365	(a) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for nicotine
366	replacement therapy or other medical purposes; and

367	(b) provided by a prescription.
368	Section 9. Section 76-10-3005 is enacted to read:
369	76-10-3005. Buying or possessing a nicotine product or flavored smokeless
370	tobacco by a minor Penalty Compliance officer authority Juvenile court
371	jurisdiction.
372	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), any 18 year-old person who buys or attempts
373	to buy, accepts, or has in the person's possession a nicotine product or flavored smokeless
374	tobacco is guilty of a class C misdemeanor and subject to a minimum fine or penalty of \$60.
375	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), any person under the age of 18 who buys or
376	attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the person's possession a nicotine product or flavored
377	smokeless tobacco is subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and a minimum fine or
378	penalty of \$60.
379	(3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53A-3-402
380	may issue a citation for a violation of this section committed on school property. A cited
381	violation shall be reported to the appropriate juvenile court.
382	(4) This section does not apply to a nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco that
383	<u>is:</u>
384	(a) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for nicotine
385	replacement therapy or other medical purposes; and
386	(b) provided to the person described in this section by prescription.
387	Section 10. Section 76-10-3006 is enacted to read:
388	76-10-3006. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of a nicotine product or
389	flavored smokeless tobacco Penalties.
390	(1) As used in this section:
391	(a) "Retailer" means a person who sells a nicotine product or flavored smokeless
392	tobacco to an individual for personal consumption or who operates a facility where a vending
393	machine or a self-service display is permitted under Subsection (3)(b).
394	(b) "Self-service display" means a display of a nicotine product or flavored smokeless
395	tobacco to which the public has access without the intervention of a retail employee.
396	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer who is permitted to sell a
397	nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco under Subsection 76-10-3003(2)(b) may only

398	sell the nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco in a direct, face-to-face exchange
399	between:
400	(i) an employee of the retailer; and
401	(ii) the purchaser.
402	(b) Examples of methods of sale that are not permitted under this Subsection (2)
403	include a vending machine or a self-service display.
404	(c) Subsections (2)(a) and (b) do not prohibit the use or display of a locked cabinet
405	containing a nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco if the locked cabinet is accessible
406	only to the retailer or an employee of the retailer.
407	(3) The following sales are permitted as exceptions to Subsection (2):
408	(a) mail-order sales of a nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco, if the sale is
409	to a manufacturer, retailer, or wholesaler who is permitted to sell a nicotine product or flavored
410	smokeless tobacco under Subsection 76-10-3003(2)(b);
411	(b) sales from vending machines and self-service displays that are located in a separate
412	and defined area within a facility where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19
413	years of age is present, or permitted to enter, at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or
414	legal guardian; and
415	(c) sales by a retailer from a retail store:
416	(i) which derives at least 80% of its revenue from:
417	(A) tobacco;
418	(B) tobacco related products; or
419	(C) nicotine products or flavored smokeless tobacco that the retailer is permitted to sel
420	under Subsection 76-10-3003(2)(b); and
421	(ii) where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19 years of age is present, or
422	permitted to enter at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.
423	(4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies a person younger than 19 years of
424	age into an area described in Subsection (3)(b) or into a retail store as described in Subsection
425	(3)(c) and permits the person younger than 19 years of age to purchase or otherwise take a
426	nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco is, except as provided in Subsection
427	76-10-3004(2), guilty of a violation of Section 76-10-3004 and subject to the penalties
428	provided for in that section.

429	(b) Nothing in this section may be construed as permitting a person to provide a
430	nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco to a minor in violation of Section 76-10-3004.
431	(5) A violation of Subsection (2) or (3) is a:
432	(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
433	(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
434	(c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.
435	Section 11. Section 76-10-3007 is enacted to read:
436	76-10-3007. Prohibition of gift or free distribution of a nicotine product or
437	flavored smokeless tobacco Exceptions.
438	(1) The Legislature finds that nicotine products can be addictive and may lead to
439	unhealthy behavior such as the use of tobacco products.
440	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler,
441	or retailer to provide or distribute without charge any nicotine product or flavored smokeless
442	tobacco. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor for the first
443	offense, and is guilty of a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
444	(3) (a) A person who is permitted to provide a nicotine product or flavored smokeless
445	tobacco under Subsection 76-10-3003(2)(b) may provide the nicotine product or flavored
446	smokeless tobacco to a person who is over the age of 18 without charge at professional
447	conventions where the general public is excluded.
448	(b) Subsection (2) does not apply to a retailer, manufacturer, or distributor who:
449	(i) is permitted to provide a nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco under
450	Subsection 76-10-3003(2)(b); and
451	(ii) gives the nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco described in Subsection
452	(3)(b)(i) to a person who is over the age of 18 upon the person's purchase of:
453	(A) another nicotine product or flavored smokeless tobacco that the person is permitted
454	to provide under Subsection 76-10-3003(2)(b); or
455	(B) a tobacco product.
456	Section 12. Section 76-10-3008 is enacted to read:
457	76-10-3008. Nicotine product Advertising restrictions Warnings in
458	advertisements.
459	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) or (3), it is a class B misdemeanor for any

460	person to display on any billboard, streetcar sign, streetcar, bus, placard, or on any other object
461	or place of display, any advertisement of a nicotine product.
462	(2) A dealer in a nicotine product that is approved by the United States Food and Drug
463	Administration for general consumer use may have a sign on the front of the dealer's place of
464	business stating that the dealer deals in a nicotine product.
465	(3) This section does not prohibit the advertising of a nicotine product in any
466	newspaper, magazine, or periodical printed or circulating in this state.
467	(4) Any advertisement for a nicotine product that is placed in a newspaper, magazine,
468	or periodical published in this state must bear a warning which states: "This product contains
469	nicotine. Nicotine is addictive." This warning must be in a conspicuous location and in
470	conspicuous and legible type, in contrast with the typography, layout, and color of all other
471	printed material in the advertisement.
472	(5) If federal law requires warnings in advertisements of a nicotine product, the
473	specific language required to be placed in advertisements for that product by that legislation
474	shall take precedence over Subsection (4).
475	Section 13. Section 77-39-101 is amended to read:
476	77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, or a nicotine product to an
477	underage person.
478	(1) As used in this section, "nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
479	[(1)] (2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
480	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
481	(i) Section 32A-12-203 by requesting an individual under the age of 21 years to enter
482	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
483	(ii) Section 76-10-104 or 76-10-3004 by requesting an individual under the age of 19
484	years to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail establishment of:
485	(A) a cigar;
486	(B) a cigarette; [or]
487	(C) tobacco in any form[-]; or
488	(D) a nicotine product.
489	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
490	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.

491	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
492	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
493	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
494	(i) alcohol; or
495	(ii) (A) a cigar;
496	(B) a cigarette; [or]
497	(C) tobacco in any form[-]; or
498	(D) a nicotine product.
499	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
500	purchase.
501	[(2)] (3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a
502	purchase, a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
503	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
504	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
505	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
506	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
507	of alcohol [or], tobacco, or a nicotine product.
508	[(3)] (4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and
509	anyone accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted
510	purchase misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification
511	documentation in attempting the purchase.
512	[(4)] (5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to
513	this section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
514	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, or a
515	nicotine product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual.
516	$[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (6)(b), a purchase attempted under
517	this section shall be conducted:
518	(i) on a random basis; and
519	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
520	than:
521	(A) four times for the attempted purchase of:

522	(I) a cigar;
523	(II) a cigarette; [or]
524	(III) tobacco in any form; [and] or
525	(IV) a nicotine product; and
526	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
527	(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an investigation under this section if:
528	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a
529	cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, or a nicotine product to an individual under the ag
530	established by Section 32A-12-203 [or], 76-10-104, or 76-10-3004; and
531	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
532	reasonable suspicion.
533	[(6)] (7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
534	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase
535	was made.
536	(b) The report required by this Subsection [(6)] (7) shall include:
537	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
538	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
539	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
540	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
541	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
542	attempted the purchase;
543	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
544	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase