

criminal penalties for violation of those requirements;

25

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26	addresses enforcement of, and investigation of violations of, the provisions of this
27	bill;
28	 describes when free distribution of a nicotine product is prohibited and provides
29	criminal penalties for violation of those prohibitions; and
30	makes technical changes.
31	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
32	None
33	Other Special Clauses:
34	This bill coordinates with H.B. 88, Electronic Cigarette Restrictions, by providing
35	technical amendments.
36	Utah Code Sections Affected:
37	AMENDS:
38	53-3-229, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197
39	53-3-810, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197
40	53A-11-908, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 161
41	76-8-311.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
42	77-39-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 342
43	ENACTS:
44	76-10-3001 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	76-10-3002 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	76-10-3003 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	76-10-3004 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	76-10-3005 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	76-10-3006 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	76-10-3007 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
52	53-3-229, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197
53	53-3-810, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197
54	53A-11-908, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 161
55	76-8-311.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
56	77-39-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 342

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of	[:] Utah:

Section 1. Section **53-3-229** is amended to read:

53-3-229. Prohibited uses of license certificate -- Penalty.

- (1) It is a class C misdemeanor for a person to:
- (a) lend or knowingly permit the use of a license certificate issued to the person, by a person not entitled to it;
- (b) display or to represent as the person's own a license certificate not issued to the person;
- (c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any license certificate issued by the division;
- (d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for a license or any renewal or duplicate of the license certificate, or to knowingly make a false statement, or to knowingly conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in the application;
- (e) display a canceled, denied, revoked, suspended, or disqualified driver license certificate as a valid driver license certificate;
- (f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic driver license certificate issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic driver license certificate issued by that governmental entity; or
- (g) alter any information on an authentic driver license certificate so that it no longer represents the information originally displayed.
- (2) The provisions of Subsection (1)(e) do not prohibit the use of a person's driver license certificate as a means of personal identification.
 - (3) It is a class A misdemeanor to knowingly:
 - (a) [knowingly] issue a driver license certificate with false or fraudulent information;
- (b) [knowingly] issue a driver license certificate to a person younger than 21 years of age if the driver license certificate is not distinguished as required for a person younger than 21 years of age under Section 53-3-207; or
- (c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license certificate to procure:
- (i) cigarettes[;];

88	(ii) tobacco[, or tobacco products.];
89	(iii) a tobacco product; or
90	(iv) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
91	(4) A person may not use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license certificate
92	to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic beverages are sold
93	or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in violation of
94	Section 32A-1-301.
95	(5) It is a third degree felony if a person's acquisition, use, display, or transfer of a false
96	or altered driver license certificate:
97	(a) aids or furthers the person's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or services; or
98	(b) aids or furthers the person's efforts to commit a violent felony.
99	Section 2. Section 53-3-810 is amended to read:
100	53-3-810. Prohibited uses of identification card Penalties.
101	(1) It is a class C misdemeanor to:
102	(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of an identification card issued to the person, by a
103	person not entitled to it;
104	(b) display or to represent as the person's own an identification card not issued to the
105	person;
106	(c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any identification
107	card issued by the division;
108	(d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for an identification card
109	or any renewal or duplicate of the identification card, or to knowingly make a false statement,
110	or to knowingly conceal a material fact in the application;
111	(e) display a revoked identification card as a valid identification card;
112	(f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic
113	identification card issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic identification
114	card issued by that governmental entity; or
115	(g) alter any information contained on an authentic identification card so that it no
116	longer represents the information originally displayed.
117	(2) It is a class A misdemeanor to <u>knowingly</u> :
118	(a) [knowingly] issue an identification card with false or fraudulent information;

119	(b) [knowingly] issue an identification card to any person younger than 21 years of age
120	if the identification card is not distinguished as required for a person younger than 21 years of
121	age under Section 53-3-806; or
122	(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered identification card to
123	procure:
124	(i) cigarettes[-;];
125	(ii) tobacco[, or tobacco products.];
126	(iii) a tobacco product; or
127	(iv) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
128	(3) A person may not knowingly use, display, or transfer a false or altered
129	identification card to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic
130	beverages are sold or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in
131	violation of Section 32A-1-301.
132	(4) It is a third degree felony if a person's acquisition, use, display, or transfer of a falso
133	or altered identification card:
134	(a) aids or furthers the person's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or services; or
135	(b) aids or furthers the person's efforts to commit a violent felony.
136	Section 3. Section 53A-11-908 is amended to read:
137	53A-11-908. Extracurricular activities Prohibited conduct Reporting of
138	violations Limitation of liability.
139	(1) The Legislature recognizes that:
140	(a) participation in student government and extracurricular activities may confer
141	important educational and lifetime benefits upon students, and encourages school districts and
142	charter schools to provide a variety of opportunities for all students to participate in such
143	activities in meaningful ways;
144	(b) there is no constitutional right to participate in these types of activities, and does
145	not through this section or any other provision of law create such a right;
146	(c) students who participate in student government and extracurricular activities,
147	particularly competitive athletics, and the adult coaches, advisors, and assistants who direct
148	those activities, become role models for others in the school and community;
149	(d) these individuals often play major roles in establishing standards of acceptable

- behavior in the school and community, and establishing and maintaining the reputation of the school and the level of community confidence and support afforded the school; and
 - (e) it is of the utmost importance that those involved in student government, whether as officers or advisors, and those involved in competitive athletics and related activities, whether students or staff, comply with all applicable laws and rules of behavior and conduct themselves at all times in a manner befitting their positions and responsibilities.
 - (2) (a) The State Board of Education may, and local boards of education and governing boards of charter schools shall, adopt rules implementing this section that apply to both students and staff.
 - (b) Those rules shall include prohibitions against the following types of conduct, while in the classroom, on school property, during school sponsored activities, or regardless of the location or circumstance, affecting a person or property described in Subsections 53A-11-902(5)(a) through (d):
 - (i) use of foul, abusive, or profane language while engaged in school related activities;
 - (ii) illicit use, possession, or distribution of controlled substances or drug paraphernalia, and the use, possession, or distribution of <u>a nicotine product as defined in Section 76-10-3002</u>, tobacco₂ or alcoholic beverages contrary to law; and
 - (iii) hazing, demeaning, or assaultive behavior, whether consensual or not, including behavior involving physical violence, restraint, improper touching, or inappropriate exposure of body parts not normally exposed in public settings, forced ingestion of any substance, or any act which would constitute a crime against a person or public order under Utah law.
 - (3) (a) School employees who reasonably believe that a violation of this section may have occurred shall immediately report that belief to the school principal, district superintendent, or chief administrative officer of a charter school.
 - (b) Principals who receive a report under Subsection (3)(a) shall submit a report of the alleged incident, and actions taken in response, to the district superintendent or the superintendent's designee within 10 working days after receipt of the report.
 - (c) Failure of a person holding a professional certificate to report as required under this Subsection (3) constitutes an unprofessional practice.
- (4) Limitations of liability set forth under Section 53A-11-1004 apply to this section.
 Section 4. Section 76-8-311.3 is amended to read:

181	76-8-311.3. Items prohibited in correctional and mental health facilities
182	Penalties.
183	(1) As used in this section:
184	(a) "Contraband" means any item not specifically prohibited for possession by
185	offenders under this section or Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
186	(b) "Controlled substance" means any substance defined as a controlled substance
187	under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
188	(c) "Correctional facility" means:
189	(i) any facility operated by or contracting with the Department of Corrections to house
190	offenders in either a secure or nonsecure setting;
191	(ii) any facility operated by a municipality or a county to house or detain criminal
192	offenders;
193	(iii) any juvenile detention facility; and
194	(iv) any building or grounds appurtenant to the facility or lands granted to the state,
195	municipality, or county for use as a correctional facility.
196	(d) "Medicine" means any prescription drug as defined in Title 58, Chapter 17b,
197	Pharmacy Practice Act, but does not include any controlled substances as defined in Title 58,
198	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
199	(e) "Mental health facility" [has the same meaning] is as defined in Section
200	62A-15-602.
201	(f) "Nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
202	[(f)] (g) "Offender" means a person in custody at a correctional facility.
203	[(g)] (h) "Secure area" [has the same meaning as provided] is as defined in Section
204	76-8-311.1.
205	(2) Notwithstanding Section 76-10-500, a correctional or mental health facility may
206	provide by rule that no firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, implement of escape,
207	explosive, controlled substance, spirituous or fermented liquor, medicine, or poison in any
208	quantity may be:
209	(a) transported to or upon a correctional or mental health facility;
210	(b) sold or given away at any correctional or mental health facility;
211	(c) given to or used by any offender at a correctional or mental health facility; or

- 212 (d) knowingly or intentionally possessed at a correctional or mental health facility.
 - (3) It is a defense to any prosecution under this section if the accused in committing the act made criminal by this section with respect to:
 - (a) [with respect to] a correctional facility operated by the Department of Corrections, acted in conformity with departmental rule or policy;
 - (b) [with respect to] a correctional facility operated by a municipality, acted in conformity with the policy of the municipality;
 - (c) [with respect to] a correctional facility operated by a county, acted in conformity with the policy of the county; or
 - (d) [with respect to] a mental health facility, acted in conformity with the policy of the mental health facility.
 - (4) (a) Any person who transports to or upon a correctional facility, or into a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape with intent to provide or sell it to any offender, is guilty of a second degree felony.
 - (b) Any person who provides or sells to any offender at a correctional facility, or any detainee at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony.
 - (c) Any offender who possesses at a correctional facility, or any detainee who possesses at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony.
 - (d) Any person who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or the secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly possesses at a correctional facility or a secure area of a mental health facility any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a third degree felony.
 - (e) Any person violates Section 76-10-306 who knowingly or intentionally transports, possesses, distributes, or sells any explosive in a correctional facility or mental health facility.
 - (5) (a) A person is guilty of a third degree felony who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly transports to or upon a correctional facility or into a secure area of a mental health facility any:
 - (i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
 - (ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or

243	(iii) poison in any quantity.
244	(b) A person is guilty of a third degree felony who knowingly violates correctional or
245	mental health facility policy or rule by providing or selling to any offender at a correctional
246	facility or detainee within a secure area of a mental health facility any:
247	(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
248	(ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or
249	(iii) poison in any quantity.
250	(c) An inmate is guilty of a third degree felony who, in violation of correctional or
251	mental health facility policy or rule, possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a
252	mental health facility any:
253	(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
254	(ii) medicine, other than medicine provided by the facility's health care providers in
255	compliance with facility policy; or
256	(iii) poison in any quantity.
257	(d) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, with the intent to directly or
258	indirectly provide or sell any tobacco product or nicotine product to an offender, directly or
259	indirectly:
260	(i) transports, delivers, or distributes any tobacco product or nicotine product to an
261	offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility;
262	(ii) solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another
263	person to transport any tobacco product or nicotine product to an offender or on any
264	correctional facility, if the person is acting with the mental state required for the commission of
265	an offense; or
266	(iii) facilitates, arranges, or causes the transport of any tobacco product or nicotine
267	<u>product</u> in violation of this section to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility.
268	(e) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, without the permission of the
269	authority operating the correctional or mental health facility, fails to declare or knowingly
270	possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility any:
271	(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
272	(ii) medicine; or
273	(iii) poison in any quantity.

274	(f) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor who, without the permission of the
275	authority operating the correctional facility, knowingly engages in any activity that would
276	facilitate the possession of any contraband by an offender in a correctional facility. The
277	provisions of Subsection (5)(d) regarding any tobacco product or nicotine product take
278	precedence over this Subsection (5)(f).
279	(g) Exemptions may be granted for worship for Native American inmates pursuant to
280	Section 64-13-40.
281	(6) The possession, distribution, or use of a controlled substance at a correctional
282	facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility shall be prosecuted in accordance with
283	Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
284	(7) The department shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
285	Rulemaking Act, to establish guidelines for providing written notice to visitors that providing
286	any tobacco product or nicotine product to offenders is a class A misdemeanor.
287	Section 5. Section 76-10-3001 is enacted to read:
288	Part 30. Nicotine Product Restrictions Act
289	<u>76-10-3001.</u> Title.
290	This part is known as the "Nicotine Product Restrictions Act."
291	Section 6. Section 76-10-3002 is enacted to read:
292	<u>76-10-3002.</u> Definitions.
293	As used in this part:
294	(1) "Nicotine product" means any product that:
295	(a) (i) contains nicotine; and
296	(ii) does not contain tobacco; or
297	(b) (i) contains both nicotine and tobacco; and
298	(ii) is in any of the following forms:
299	(A) a lozenge;
300	(B) a stick, except plug tobacco, that is produced to be, or intended to be, dissolved in
301	the oral cavity;
302	(C) a flat strip;
303	(D) hard or soft candy;
304	(E) a tablet;

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305	<u>(F) gel;</u>
306	(G) paste:
307	<u>(H) gum;</u>
308	(I) lotion; or
309	(J) an item or substance that is similar to an item or substance described in Subsections
310	(1)(b)(ii)(A) through (I).
311	(2) "Place of business" includes:
312	(a) a shop;
313	(b) a store;
314	(c) a factory;
315	(d) a public garage;
316	(e) an office;
317	(f) a theater;
318	(g) a recreation hall;
319	(h) a dance hall;
320	(i) a poolroom;
321	(j) a café;
322	(k) a cafeteria;
323	(1) a cabaret;
324	(m) a restaurant;
325	(n) a hotel;
326	(o) a lodging house;
327	(p) a streetcar;
328	<u>(q)</u> a bus;
329	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
330	(s) a waiting room; and
331	(t) any other place of business.
332	(3) (a) "Provides" means selling, offering for sale, giving, furnishing, sending, or
333	causing to be sent.
334	(b) "Provides" does not include:
335	(i) the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier when engaged

336	in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others; or
337	(ii) the acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a
338	package for another person without any reason to know of the package's content.
339	Section 7. Section 76-10-3003 is enacted to read:
340	76-10-3003. Provision of nicotine product prohibited.
341	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or (3), a person who provides a nicotine
342	product to another is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense and a class B
343	misdemeanor on each subsequent offense.
344	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the nicotine product is:
345	(a) (i) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for nicotine
346	replacement therapy or other medical purposes; and
347	(ii) provided for the purpose for which it is approved; or
348	(b) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for general consumer
349	use other than a use described in Subsection (2)(a)(i).
350	(3) (a) As used in this section, "electronic cigarette" means any device, other than a
351	cigarette or cigar, intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine into a person's respiratory
352	system.
353	(b) A person is not guilty of an offense under this section if the nicotine product is
354	produced to be, and intended to be, used only to produce vapor in an electronic cigarette.
355	Section 8. Section 76-10-3004 is enacted to read:
356	76-10-3004. Provision of nicotine product to minor prohibited.
357	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person who provides a nicotine product to a
358	person who is under the age of 19 is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense, a
359	class B misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor on each subsequent
360	offense.
361	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the nicotine product is:
362	(a) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for nicotine
363	replacement therapy or other medical purposes; and
364	(b) provided by a prescription.
365	Section 9. Section 76-10-3005 is enacted to read:
366	76-10-3005. Buying or possessing a nicotine product by a minor Penalty

907	Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
368	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), any 18 year-old person who buys or attempts
369	to buy, accepts, or has in the person's possession a nicotine product is guilty of a class C
370	misdemeanor and subject to a minimum fine or penalty of \$60.
371	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), any person under the age of 18 who buys or
372	attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the person's possession a nicotine product is subject to the
373	jurisdiction of the juvenile court and a minimum fine or penalty of \$60.
374	(3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53A-3-402
375	may issue a citation for a violation of this section committed on school property. A cited
376	violation shall be reported to the appropriate juvenile court.
377	(4) This section does not apply to a nicotine product that is:
378	(a) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for nicotine
379	replacement therapy or other medical purposes; and
380	(b) provided to the person described in this section by prescription.
381	Section 10. Section 76-10-3006 is enacted to read:
382	76-10-3006. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of a nicotine product
383	Penalties.
384	(1) As used in this section:
385	(a) "Retailer" means a person who sells a nicotine product to an individual for personal
386	consumption or who operates a facility where a vending machine or a self-service display is
387	permitted under Subsection (3)(b).
388	(b) "Self-service display" means a display of a nicotine product to which the public has
389	access without the intervention of a retail employee.
390	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer who is permitted to sell a
391	nicotine product under Subsection 76-10-3003(2)(b) may only sell the nicotine product in a
392	direct, face-to-face exchange between:
393	(i) an employee of the retailer; and
394	(ii) the purchaser.
395	(b) Examples of methods of sale that are not permitted under this Subsection (2)
396	include a vending machine or a self-service display.
397	(c) Subsections (2)(a) and (b) do not prohibit the use or display of a locked cabinet

398	containing a nicotine product if the locked cabinet is accessible only to the retailer or an
399	employee of the retailer.
400	(3) The following sales are permitted as exceptions to Subsection (2):
401	(a) mail-order sales of a nicotine product, if the sale is to a manufacturer, retailer, or
402	wholesaler who is permitted to sell a nicotine product under Subsection 76-10-3003(2)(b);
403	(b) sales from vending machines and self-service displays that are located in a separate
404	and defined area within a facility where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19
405	years of age is present, or permitted to enter, at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or
406	legal guardian; and
407	(c) sales by a retailer from a retail store:
408	(i) which derives at least 80% of its revenue from:
409	(A) tobacco;
410	(B) tobacco related products; or
411	(C) nicotine products that the retailer is permitted to sell under Subsection
412	76-10-3003(2)(b); and
413	(ii) where the retailer ensures that no person younger than 19 years of age is present, or
414	permitted to enter at any time, unless accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.
415	(4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies a person younger than 19 years of
416	age into an area described in Subsection (3)(b) or into a retail store as described in Subsection
417	(3)(c) and permits the person younger than 19 years of age to purchase or otherwise take a
418	nicotine product is, except as provided in Subsection 76-10-3004(2), guilty of a violation of
419	Section 76-10-3004 and subject to the penalties provided for in that section.
420	(b) Nothing in this section may be construed as permitting a person to provide a
421	nicotine product to a minor in violation of Section 76-10-3004.
422	(5) A violation of Subsection (2) or (3) is a:
423	(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
424	(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
425	(c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.
426	Section 11. Section 76-10-3007 is enacted to read:
427	76-10-3007. Prohibition of gift or free distribution of a nicotine product
428	Exceptions.

429	(1) The Legislature finds that income products can be addictive and may lead to
430	unhealthy behavior such as the use of tobacco products.
431	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler
432	or retailer to provide or distribute without charge any nicotine product. Any person who
433	violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor for the first offense, and is guilty of a
434	class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
435	(3) (a) A person who is permitted to provide a nicotine product under Subsection
436	76-10-3003(2)(b) may provide the nicotine product to a person who is over the age of 18
437	without charge at professional conventions where the general public is excluded.
438	(b) Subsection (2) does not apply to a retailer, manufacturer, or distributor who:
439	(i) is permitted to provide a nicotine product under Subsection 76-10-3003(2)(b); and
440	(ii) gives the nicotine product described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) to a person who is over
441	the age of 18 upon the person's purchase of:
442	(A) another nicotine product that the person is permitted to provide under Subsection
443	76-10-3003(2)(b); or
444	(B) a tobacco product.
445	Section 12. Section 77-39-101 is amended to read:
446	77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, or a nicotine product to an
447	underage person.
448	(1) As used in this section, "nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
449	[(1)] (2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
450	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
451	(i) Section 32A-12-203 by requesting an individual under the age of 21 years to enter
452	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
453	(ii) Section 76-10-104 or 76-10-3004 by requesting an individual under the age of 19
454	years to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail establishment of:
455	(A) a cigar;
456	(B) a cigarette; [or]
457	(C) tobacco in any form[-]; or
458	(D) a nicotine product.
459	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,

460	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
461	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
462	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
463	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
464	(i) alcohol; or
465	(ii) (A) a cigar;
466	(B) a cigarette; [or]
467	(C) tobacco in any form[-]; or
468	(D) a nicotine product.
469	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
470	purchase.
471	[(2)] (3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a
472	purchase, a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
473	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
474	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
475	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
476	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
477	of alcohol [or], tobacco, or a nicotine product.
478	[(3)] (4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and
479	anyone accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted
480	purchase misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification
481	documentation in attempting the purchase.
482	[(4)] (5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to
483	this section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
484	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, or a
485	nicotine product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual.
486	[(5)] (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(5)]$ (6)(b), a purchase attempted under

488 (i) on a random basis; and

this section shall be conducted:

487

489 (ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often 490 than:

491	(A) four times for the attempted purchase of:
492	(I) a cigar;
493	(II) a cigarette; [or]
494	(III) tobacco in any form; [and] or
495	(IV) a nicotine product; and
496	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
497	(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an investigation under this section if:
498	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a
499	cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, or a nicotine product to an individual under the age
500	established by Section 32A-12-203 [or], 76-10-104, or 76-10-3004; and
501	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
502	reasonable suspicion.
503	[(6)] (7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
504	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase
505	was made.
506	(b) The report required by this Subsection [(6)] (7) shall include:
507	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
508	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
509	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
510	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
511	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
512	attempted the purchase;
513	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
514	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.
515	Section 13. Coordinating H.B. 71 with H.B. 88 Technical amendments.
516	If this H.B. 71 and H.B. 88, Electronic Cigarette Restrictions, both pass, it is the intent
517	of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall prepare the
518	<u>Utah Code database for publication by:</u>
519	(1) modifying Subsection 53-3-229(3)(c) to read as follows:
520	"(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver
521	license certificate to procure [cigarettes, tobacco, or tobacco products.]:

522	(i) a cigarette;
523	(ii) an electronic cigarette, as defined in Section 76-10-101;
524	(iii) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002;
525	(iv) tobacco; or
526	(v) a tobacco product.";
527	(2) modifying Subsection 53-3-810(2)(c) to read as follows:
528	"(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered
529	identification card to procure [cigarettes, tobacco, or tobacco products.]:
530	(i) a cigarette;
531	(ii) an electronic cigarette, as defined in Section 76-10-101;
532	(iii) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002;
533	(iv) tobacco; or
534	(v) a tobacco product.";
535	(3) modifying Subsection 53A-11-908(2)(b)(ii) to read as follows:
536	"(ii) illicit use, possession, or distribution of controlled substances or drug
537	paraphernalia, and the use, possession, or distribution of the following, contrary to law:
538	(A) an electronic cigarette, as defined in Section 76-10-101;
539	(B) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002;
540	(C) tobacco; or
541	(D) alcoholic beverages [contrary to law]; and"
542	(4) modifying Subsection 76-8-311.3(1) to read as follows:
543	"(1) As used in this section:
544	(a) "Contraband" means any item not specifically prohibited for possession by
545	offenders under this section or Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
546	(b) "Controlled substance" means any substance defined as a controlled substance
547	under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
548	(c) "Correctional facility" means:
549	(i) any facility operated by or contracting with the Department of Corrections to house
550	offenders in either a secure or nonsecure setting;
551	(ii) any facility operated by a municipality or a county to house or detain criminal
552	offenders;

553	(iii) any juvenile detention facility; and
554	(iv) any building or grounds appurtenant to the facility or lands granted to the state,
555	municipality, or county for use as a correctional facility.
556	(d) "Electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 76-10-101.
557	[(d)] (e) "Medicine" means any prescription drug as defined in Title 58, Chapter 17b,
558	Pharmacy Practice Act, but does not include any controlled substances as defined in Title 58,
559	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
560	[(e)] (f) "Mental health facility" [has the same meaning] is as defined in Section
561	62A-15-602.
562	(g) "Nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
563	[(f)] (h) "Offender" means a person in custody at a correctional facility.
564	[(g)] (i) "Secure area" [has the same meaning as provided] is as defined in Section
565	76-8-311.1.";
566	(5) modifying Subsection 76-8-311.3(5)(d) to read as follows:
567	(d) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, with the intent to directly or
568	indirectly provide or sell any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or nicotine product to an
569	offender, directly or indirectly:
570	(i) transports, delivers, or distributes any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or
571	nicotine product to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility;
572	(ii) solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another
573	person to transport any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or nicotine product to an offender
574	or on any correctional facility, if the person is acting with the mental state required for the
575	commission of an offense; or
576	(iii) facilitates, arranges, or causes the transport of any tobacco product, electronic
577	cigarette, or nicotine product in violation of this section to an offender or on the grounds of any
578	correctional facility.";
579	(6) modifying Subsection 76-8-311.3(5)(f) to read as follows:
580	"(f) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor who, without the permission of the
581	authority operating the correctional facility, knowingly engages in any activity that would
582	facilitate the possession of any contraband by an offender in a correctional facility. The
583	provisions of Subsection (5)(d) regarding any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or nicotine

584	<u>product</u> take precedence over this Subsection (5)(f).";
585	(7) modifying Subsection 76-8-311.3(7) to read as follows:
586	"(7) The department shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
587	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish guidelines for providing written notice to visitors
588	that providing any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or nicotine product to offenders is a
589	class A misdemeanor."; and
590	(8) modifying Section 77-39-101 to read as follows:
591	"77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, an electronic cigarette, or a
592	nicotine product to an underage person.
593	(1) As used in this section:
594	(a) "Electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 76-10-101.
595	(b) "Nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
596	[(1)] (2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
597	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
598	(i) Section 32A-12-203 by requesting an individual under the age of 21 years to enter
599	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
600	(ii) Section 76-10-104 or 76-10-3004 by requesting an individual under the age of 19
601	years to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail establishment of:
602	(A) a cigar;
603	(B) a cigarette; [or]
604	(C) tobacco in any form[:];
605	(D) an electronic cigarette; or
606	(E) a nicotine product.
607	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
608	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
609	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
610	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
611	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
612	(i) alcohol; or
613	(ii) (A) a cigar;
614	(B) a cigarette; [or]

615	(C) tobacco in any form[:];
616	(D) an electronic cigarette; or
617	(E) a nicotine product.
618	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
619	purchase.
620	[(2)] (3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a
621	purchase, a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
622	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
623	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
624	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
625	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
626	of alcohol [or], tobacco, an electronic cigarette, or a nicotine product.
627	[(3)] (4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone
628	accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase
629	misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in
630	attempting the purchase.
631	[4) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to
632	this section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
633	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, an
634	electronic cigarette, or a nicotine product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the
635	individual.
636	[(5)] (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(5)](6)(b), a purchase attempted under
637	this section shall be conducted:
638	(i) on a random basis; and
639	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
640	than:
641	(A) four times for the attempted purchase of:
642	(I) a cigar;
643	(II) a cigarette; [or]
644	(III) tobacco in any form; [and]
645	(IV) an electronic cigarette; or

646	(V) a nicotine product; and
647	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
648	(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an investigation under this section if:
649	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a
650	cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, an electronic cigarette, or a nicotine product to an
651	individual under the age established by Section 32A-12-203 [or], 76-10-104, or 76-10-3004;
652	and
653	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
654	reasonable suspicion.
655	[(6)] (7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
656	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase
657	was made.
658	(b) The report required by this Subsection [(6)] (7) shall include:
659	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
660	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
661	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
662	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
663	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
664	attempted the purchase;
665	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
666	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.".