## NICOTINE PRODUCT RESTRICTIONS 1 2 2010 GENERAL SESSION 3 STATE OF UTAH 4 **Chief Sponsor: Paul Ray** Senate Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser 5 Brad L. Dee 6 Cosponsors: Steven R. Mascaro 7 Kevin S. Garn Sheryl L. Allen Kraig Powell 8 Trisha S. Beck Eric K. Hutchings Stephen E. Sandstrom 9 10 **LONG TITLE General Description:** 11 12 This bill amends provisions of the Uniform Driver License Act, provisions relating to 13 the state system of public education, the Utah Criminal Code, and the Utah Code of 14 Criminal Procedure to place restrictions on the provision, obtaining, and possession of a 15 nicotine product and to enforce these restrictions. 16 **Highlighted Provisions:** 17 This bill: 18 defines terms; 19 makes it a class A misdemeanor to knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer a 20 false or altered driver license certificate or identification card to procure a nicotine 21 product; 22 provides that the State Board of Education may, and local boards of education and 23 governing boards of charter schools shall, adopt rules that prohibit the illicit use, 24 possession, or distribution of a nicotine product; 25 subject to certain exceptions, prohibits, and provides penalties for, the provision,



obtaining, or possession of a nicotine product;
<ul> <li>addresses enforcement of, and investigation of violations of, the provisions of this</li> </ul>
bill; and
<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill coordinates with H.B. 88, Electronic Cigarette Restrictions, by providing
technical amendments.
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
53-3-229, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197
53-3-810, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197
<b>53A-11-908</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 161
76-8-311.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
77-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 342
ENACTS:
<b>76-10-3001</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
<b>76-10-3002</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
<b>76-10-3003</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
<b>76-10-3004</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
<b>76-10-3005</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
<b>53-3-229</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197
53-3-810, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 197
<b>53A-11-908</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 161
<b>76-8-311.3</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
77-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 342

Section 1. Section **53-3-229** is amended to read:

57	53-3-229. Prohibited uses of license certificate Penalty.
58	(1) It is a class C misdemeanor for a person to:
59	(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of a license certificate issued to the person, by a
60	person not entitled to it;
61	(b) display or to represent as the person's own a license certificate not issued to the
62	person;
63	(c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any license
64	certificate issued by the division;
65	(d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for a license or any
66	renewal or duplicate of the license certificate, or to knowingly make a false statement, or to
67	knowingly conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in the application;
68	(e) display a canceled, denied, revoked, suspended, or disqualified driver license
69	certificate as a valid driver license certificate;
70	(f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic
71	driver license certificate issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic driver
72	license certificate issued by that governmental entity; or
73	(g) alter any information on an authentic driver license certificate so that it no longer
74	represents the information originally displayed.
75	(2) The provisions of Subsection (1)(e) do not prohibit the use of a person's driver
76	license certificate as a means of personal identification.
77	(3) It is a class A misdemeanor to <u>knowingly</u> :
78	(a) [knowingly] issue a driver license certificate with false or fraudulent information;
79	(b) [knowingly] issue a driver license certificate to a person younger than 21 years of
80	age if the driver license certificate is not distinguished as required for a person younger than 21
81	years of age under Section 53-3-207; or
82	(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license
83	certificate to procure:
84	(i) cigarettes[-;];
85	(ii) tobacco[ <del>, or tobacco products.</del> ];
86	(iii) a tobacco product; or
87	(iv) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002.

age under Section 53-3-806; or

88	(4) A person may not use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license certificate
89	to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic beverages are sold
90	or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in violation of
91	Section 32A-1-301.
92	(5) It is a third degree felony if a person's acquisition, use, display, or transfer of a false
93	or altered driver license certificate:
94	(a) aids or furthers the person's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or services; or
95	(b) aids or furthers the person's efforts to commit a violent felony.
96	Section 2. Section <b>53-3-810</b> is amended to read:
97	53-3-810. Prohibited uses of identification card Penalties.
98	(1) It is a class C misdemeanor to:
99	(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of an identification card issued to the person, by a
100	person not entitled to it;
101	(b) display or to represent as the person's own an identification card not issued to the
102	person;
103	(c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any identification
104	card issued by the division;
105	(d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for an identification card
106	or any renewal or duplicate of the identification card, or to knowingly make a false statement,
107	or to knowingly conceal a material fact in the application;
108	(e) display a revoked identification card as a valid identification card;
109	(f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic
110	identification card issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic identification
111	card issued by that governmental entity; or
112	(g) alter any information contained on an authentic identification card so that it no
113	longer represents the information originally displayed.
114	(2) It is a class A misdemeanor to knowingly:
115	(a) [knowingly] issue an identification card with false or fraudulent information;
116	(b) [knowingly] issue an identification card to any person younger than 21 years of age
117	if the identification card is not distinguished as required for a person younger than 21 years of

119	(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered identification card to
120	procure:
121	(i) cigarettes[ <del>-</del> -];
122	(ii) tobacco[, or tobacco products.];
123	(iii) a tobacco product; or
124	(iv) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
125	(3) A person may not knowingly use, display, or transfer a false or altered
126	identification card to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic
127	beverages are sold or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in
128	violation of Section 32A-1-301.
129	(4) It is a third degree felony if a person's acquisition, use, display, or transfer of a false
130	or altered identification card:
131	(a) aids or furthers the person's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or services; or
132	(b) aids or furthers the person's efforts to commit a violent felony.
133	Section 3. Section <b>53A-11-908</b> is amended to read:
134	53A-11-908. Extracurricular activities Prohibited conduct Reporting of
135	violations Limitation of liability.
136	(1) The Legislature recognizes that:
137	(a) participation in student government and extracurricular activities may confer
138	important educational and lifetime benefits upon students, and encourages school districts and
139	charter schools to provide a variety of opportunities for all students to participate in such
140	activities in meaningful ways;
141	(b) there is no constitutional right to participate in these types of activities, and does
142	not through this section or any other provision of law create such a right;
143	(c) students who participate in student government and extracurricular activities,
144	particularly competitive athletics, and the adult coaches, advisors, and assistants who direct
145	those activities, become role models for others in the school and community;
146	(d) these individuals often play major roles in establishing standards of acceptable
147	behavior in the school and community, and establishing and maintaining the reputation of the
148	school and the level of community confidence and support afforded the school; and
149	(e) it is of the utmost importance that those involved in student government, whether as

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150	officers or advisors, and those involved in competitive athletics and related activities, whether
151	students or staff, comply with all applicable laws and rules of behavior and conduct themselves
152	at all times in a manner befitting their positions and responsibilities.
153	(2) (a) The State Board of Education may, and local boards of education and governing
154	boards of charter schools shall, adopt rules implementing this section that apply to both
155	students and staff.
156	(b) Those rules shall include prohibitions against the following types of conduct, while
157	in the classroom, on school property, during school sponsored activities, or regardless of the
158	location or circumstance, affecting a person or property described in Subsections
159	53A-11-902(5)(a) through (d):
160	(i) use of foul, abusive, or profane language while engaged in school related activities;
161	(ii) illicit use, possession, or distribution of controlled substances or drug
162	paraphernalia, and the use, possession, or distribution of a nicotine product as defined in
163	Section 76-10-3002, tobacco, or alcoholic beverages contrary to law; and
164	(iii) hazing, demeaning, or assaultive behavior, whether consensual or not, including
165	behavior involving physical violence, restraint, improper touching, or inappropriate exposure
166	of body parts not normally exposed in public settings, forced ingestion of any substance, or any
167	act which would constitute a crime against a person or public order under Utah law.
168	(3) (a) School employees who reasonably believe that a violation of this section may
169	have occurred shall immediately report that belief to the school principal, district
170	superintendent, or chief administrative officer of a charter school.
171	(b) Principals who receive a report under Subsection (3)(a) shall submit a report of the
172	alleged incident, and actions taken in response, to the district superintendent or the
173	superintendent's designee within 10 working days after receipt of the report.
174	(c) Failure of a person holding a professional certificate to report as required under this
175	Subsection (3) constitutes an unprofessional practice.
176	(4) Limitations of liability set forth under Section 53A-11-1004 apply to this section.
177	Section 4. Section <b>76-8-311.3</b> is amended to read:

179 Penalties. 180

178

(1) As used in this section:

76-8-311.3. Items prohibited in correctional and mental health facilities --

181	(a) "Contraband" means any item not specifically prohibited for possession by
182	offenders under this section or Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
183	(b) "Controlled substance" means any substance defined as a controlled substance
184	under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
185	(c) "Correctional facility" means:
186	(i) any facility operated by or contracting with the Department of Corrections to house
187	offenders in either a secure or nonsecure setting;
188	(ii) any facility operated by a municipality or a county to house or detain criminal
189	offenders;
190	(iii) any juvenile detention facility; and
191	(iv) any building or grounds appurtenant to the facility or lands granted to the state,
192	municipality, or county for use as a correctional facility.
193	(d) "Medicine" means any prescription drug as defined in Title 58, Chapter 17b,
194	Pharmacy Practice Act, but does not include any controlled substances as defined in Title 58,
195	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
196	(e) "Mental health facility" [has the same meaning] is as defined in Section
197	62A-15-602.
198	(f) "Nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
199	[(f)] (g) "Offender" means a person in custody at a correctional facility.
200	[ <del>(g)</del> ] <u>(h)</u> "Secure area" [has the same meaning as provided] is as defined in Section
201	76-8-311.1.
202	(2) Notwithstanding Section 76-10-500, a correctional or mental health facility may
203	provide by rule that no firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, implement of escape,
204	explosive, controlled substance, spirituous or fermented liquor, medicine, or poison in any
205	quantity may be:
206	(a) transported to or upon a correctional or mental health facility;
207	(b) sold or given away at any correctional or mental health facility;
208	(c) given to or used by any offender at a correctional or mental health facility; or
209	(d) knowingly or intentionally possessed at a correctional or mental health facility.
210	(3) It is a defense to any prosecution under this section if the accused in committing the
211	act made criminal by this section with respect to:

- (a) [with respect to] a correctional facility operated by the Department of Corrections, acted in conformity with departmental rule or policy;
- (b) [with respect to] a correctional facility operated by a municipality, acted in conformity with the policy of the municipality;
- (c) [with respect to] a correctional facility operated by a county, acted in conformity with the policy of the county; or
- (d) [with respect to] a mental health facility, acted in conformity with the policy of the mental health facility.
- (4) (a) Any person who transports to or upon a correctional facility, or into a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape with intent to provide or sell it to any offender, is guilty of a second degree felony.
- (b) Any person who provides or sells to any offender at a correctional facility, or any detainee at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony.
- (c) Any offender who possesses at a correctional facility, or any detainee who possesses at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony.
- (d) Any person who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or the secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly possesses at a correctional facility or a secure area of a mental health facility any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a third degree felony.
- (e) Any person violates Section 76-10-306 who knowingly or intentionally transports, possesses, distributes, or sells any explosive in a correctional facility or mental health facility.
- (5) (a) A person is guilty of a third degree felony who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly transports to or upon a correctional facility or into a secure area of a mental health facility any:
  - (i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
  - (ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or
- 240 (iii) poison in any quantity.
  - (b) A person is guilty of a third degree felony who knowingly violates correctional or mental health facility policy or rule by providing or selling to any offender at a correctional

243 facility or detainee within a secure area of a mental health facility any: 244 (i) spirituous or fermented liquor; 245 (ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or 246 (iii) poison in any quantity. 247 (c) An inmate is guilty of a third degree felony who, in violation of correctional or 248 mental health facility policy or rule, possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a 249 mental health facility any: 250 (i) spirituous or fermented liquor; 251 (ii) medicine, other than medicine provided by the facility's health care providers in 252 compliance with facility policy; or 253 (iii) poison in any quantity. 254 (d) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, with the intent to directly or 255 indirectly provide or sell any tobacco product or nicotine product to an offender, directly or 256 indirectly: 257 (i) transports, delivers, or distributes any tobacco product or nicotine product to an 258 offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility; 259 (ii) solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another 260 person to transport any tobacco product or nicotine product to an offender or on any 261 correctional facility, if the person is acting with the mental state required for the commission of 262 an offense; or 263 (iii) facilitates, arranges, or causes the transport of any tobacco product or nicotine 264 product in violation of this section to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility. 265 (e) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, without the permission of the 266 authority operating the correctional or mental health facility, fails to declare or knowingly 267 possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility any: 268 (i) spirituous or fermented liquor; 269 (ii) medicine; or 270 (iii) poison in any quantity. 271 (f) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor who, without the permission of the 272 authority operating the correctional facility, knowingly engages in any activity that would

facilitate the possession of any contraband by an offender in a correctional facility. The

274	provisions of Subsection (5)(d) regarding any tobacco product or nicotine product take
275	precedence over this Subsection (5)(f).
276	(g) Exemptions may be granted for worship for Native American inmates pursuant to
277	Section 64-13-40.
278	(6) The possession, distribution, or use of a controlled substance at a correctional
279	facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility shall be prosecuted in accordance with
280	Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
281	(7) The department shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
282	Rulemaking Act, to establish guidelines for providing written notice to visitors that providing
283	any tobacco product or nicotine product to offenders is a class A misdemeanor.
284	Section 5. Section <b>76-10-3001</b> is enacted to read:
285	Part 30. Nicotine Product Restrictions Act
286	<u>76-10-3001.</u> Title.
287	This part is known as the "Nicotine Product Restrictions Act."
288	Section 6. Section <b>76-10-3002</b> is enacted to read:
289	<u>76-10-3002.</u> Definitions.
290	As used in this part:
291	(1) "Nicotine product" means any product that:
292	(a) (i) contains nicotine; and
293	(ii) does not contain tobacco; or
294	(b) (i) contains both nicotine and tobacco; and
295	(ii) is in any of the following forms:
296	(A) a lozenge;
297	(B) a stick, except plug tobacco, that is produced to be, or intended to be, dissolved in
298	the oral cavity;
299	(C) a flat strip;
300	(D) hard or soft candy;
301	(E) a tablet;
302	<u>(F) gel;</u>
303	(G) paste;
304	(H) gum;

305	(I) lotion; or
306	(J) an item or substance that is similar to an item or substance described in Subsections
307	(1)(b)(ii)(A) through $(I)$ .
308	(2) "Place of business" includes:
309	(a) a shop;
310	(b) a store;
311	(c) a factory;
312	(d) a public garage;
313	(e) an office;
314	(f) a theater;
315	(g) a recreation hall;
316	(h) a dance hall;
317	(i) a poolroom;
318	(j) a café;
319	(k) a cafeteria;
320	(1) a cabaret;
321	(m) a restaurant;
322	(n) a hotel;
323	(o) a lodging house;
324	(p) a streetcar;
325	(q) a bus;
326	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
327	(s) a waiting room; and
328	(t) any other place of business.
329	(3) (a) "Provides" means selling, offering for sale, giving, furnishing, sending, or
330	causing to be sent.
331	(b) "Provides" does not include:
332	(i) the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier when engaged
333	in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others; or
334	(ii) the acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a
335	package for another person without any reason to know of the package's content.

336	Section 7. Section 76-10-3003 is enacted to read:
337	76-10-3003. Provision of nicotine product prohibited.
338	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or (3), a person who provides a nicotine
339	product to another is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense and a class B
340	misdemeanor on each subsequent offense.
341	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the nicotine product is:
342	(a) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for nicotine
343	replacement therapy or other medical purposes; and
344	(b) provided for the purpose for which it is approved.
345	(3) (a) As used in this section, "electronic cigarette" means any device, other than a
346	cigarette or cigar, intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine into a person's respiratory
347	system.
348	(b) A person is not guilty of an offense under this section if the nicotine product is
349	produced to be, and intended to be, used only to produce vapor in an electronic cigarette.
350	Section 8. Section <b>76-10-3004</b> is enacted to read:
351	76-10-3004. Provision of nicotine product to minor prohibited.
352	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person who provides a nicotine product to a
353	person who is under the age of 19 is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense, a
354	class B misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor on each subsequent
355	offense.
356	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the nicotine product is:
357	(a) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for nicotine
358	replacement therapy or other medical purposes; and
359	(b) provided by a prescription.
360	Section 9. Section <b>76-10-3005</b> is enacted to read:
361	76-10-3005. Buying or possessing a nicotine product by a minor Penalty
362	Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
363	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), any 18 year-old person who buys or attempts
364	to buy, accepts, or has in the person's possession a nicotine product is guilty of a class C
365	misdemeanor and subject to a minimum fine or penalty of \$60.
366	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), any person under the age of 18 who buys or

307	attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the person's possession a mootine product is subject to the
368	jurisdiction of the juvenile court and a minimum fine or penalty of \$60.
369	(3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53A-3-402
370	may issue a citation for a violation of this section committed on school property. A cited
371	violation shall be reported to the appropriate juvenile court.
372	(4) This section does not apply to a nicotine product that is:
373	(a) approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for nicotine
374	replacement therapy or other medical purposes; and
375	(b) provided to the person described in this section by prescription.
376	Section 10. Section <b>77-39-101</b> is amended to read:
377	77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, or a nicotine product to an
378	underage person.
379	(1) As used in this section, "nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
380	[(1)] (2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
381	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
382	(i) Section 32A-12-203 by requesting an individual under the age of 21 years to enter
383	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
384	(ii) Section 76-10-104 or 76-10-3004 by requesting an individual under the age of 19
385	years to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail establishment of:
386	(A) a cigar;
387	(B) a cigarette; [or]
388	(C) tobacco in any form[-]; or
389	(D) a nicotine product.
390	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
391	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
392	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
393	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
394	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
395	(i) alcohol; or
396	(ii) (A) a cigar;
397	(B) a cigarette; [or]

398	(C) tobacco in any form[:]; or
399	(D) a nicotine product.
400	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
401	purchase.
402	[(2)] (3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a
403	purchase, a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
404	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
405	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
406	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
407	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
408	of alcohol [or], tobacco, or a nicotine product.
409	[(3)] (4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and
410	anyone accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted
411	purchase misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification
412	documentation in attempting the purchase.
413	[4) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to
414	this section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
415	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, or a
416	nicotine product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual.
417	$[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (6)(b), a purchase attempted under
418	this section shall be conducted:
419	(i) on a random basis; and
420	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
421	than:
422	(A) four times for the attempted purchase of:
423	(I) a cigar;
424	(II) a cigarette; [or]
425	(III) tobacco in any form; [and] or
426	(IV) a nicotine product; and
427	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
428	(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an investigation under this section if:

429	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a
430	cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, or a nicotine product to an individual under the age
431	established by Section 32A-12-203 [or], 76-10-104, or 76-10-3004; and
432	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
433	reasonable suspicion.
434	$\left[\frac{(6)}{(7)}\right]$ (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
435	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase
436	was made.
437	(b) The report required by this Subsection [(6)] (7) shall include:
438	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
439	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
440	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
441	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
442	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
443	attempted the purchase;
444	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
445	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.
446	Section 11. Coordinating H.B. 71 with H.B. 88 Technical amendments.
447	If this H.B. 71 and H.B. 88, Electronic Cigarette Restrictions, both pass, it is the intent
448	of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall prepare the
449	<u>Utah Code database for publication by:</u>
450	(1) modifying Subsection 53-3-229(3)(c) to read as follows:
451	"(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver
452	license certificate to procure [cigarettes, tobacco, or tobacco products.]:
453	(i) a cigarette;
454	(ii) an electronic cigarette, as defined in Section 76-10-101;
455	(iii) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002;
456	(iv) tobacco; or
457	(v) a tobacco product.";
458	(2) modifying Subsection 53-3-810(2)(c) to read as follows:
459	"(c) [knowingly] acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered

460	identification card to procure [ <del>cigarettes, tobacco, or tobacco products.</del> ]:
461	(i) a cigarette;
462	(ii) an electronic cigarette, as defined in Section 76-10-101;
463	(iii) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002;
464	(iv) tobacco; or
465	(v) a tobacco product.";
466	(3) modifying Subsection 53A-11-908(2)(b)(ii) to read as follows:
467	"(ii) illicit use, possession, or distribution of controlled substances or drug
468	paraphernalia, and the use, possession, or distribution of the following, contrary to law:
469	(A) an electronic cigarette, as defined in Section 76-10-101;
470	(B) a nicotine product, as defined in Section 76-10-3002;
471	(C) tobacco; or
472	(D) alcoholic beverages [contrary to law]; and"
473	(4) modifying Subsection 76-8-311.3(1) to read as follows:
474	"(1) As used in this section:
475	(a) "Contraband" means any item not specifically prohibited for possession by
476	offenders under this section or Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
477	(b) "Controlled substance" means any substance defined as a controlled substance
478	under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
479	(c) "Correctional facility" means:
480	(i) any facility operated by or contracting with the Department of Corrections to house
481	offenders in either a secure or nonsecure setting;
482	(ii) any facility operated by a municipality or a county to house or detain criminal
483	offenders;
484	(iii) any juvenile detention facility; and
485	(iv) any building or grounds appurtenant to the facility or lands granted to the state,
486	municipality, or county for use as a correctional facility.
487	(d) "Electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 76-10-101.
488	[(d)] (e) "Medicine" means any prescription drug as defined in Title 58, Chapter 17b,
489	Pharmacy Practice Act, but does not include any controlled substances as defined in Title 58,
490	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.

491	$[\frac{(e)}{1}]$ "Mental health facility" [has the same meaning] is as defined in Section
492	62A-15-602.
493	(g) "Nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
494	[(f)] (h) "Offender" means a person in custody at a correctional facility.
495	[(g)] (i) "Secure area" [has the same meaning as provided] is as defined in Section
496	76-8-311.1.";
497	(5) modifying Subsection 76-8-311.3(5)(d) to read as follows:
498	(d) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, with the intent to directly or
499	indirectly provide or sell any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or nicotine product to an
500	offender, directly or indirectly:
501	(i) transports, delivers, or distributes any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or
502	nicotine product to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility;
503	(ii) solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another
504	person to transport any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or nicotine product to an offender
505	or on any correctional facility, if the person is acting with the mental state required for the
506	commission of an offense; or
507	(iii) facilitates, arranges, or causes the transport of any tobacco product, electronic
508	cigarette, or nicotine product in violation of this section to an offender or on the grounds of any
509	correctional facility.";
510	(6) modifying Subsection 76-8-311.3(5)(f) to read as follows:
511	"(f) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor who, without the permission of the
512	authority operating the correctional facility, knowingly engages in any activity that would
513	facilitate the possession of any contraband by an offender in a correctional facility. The
514	provisions of Subsection (5)(d) regarding any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or nicotine
515	<u>product</u> take precedence over this Subsection (5)(f).";
516	(7) modifying Subsection 76-8-311.3(7) to read as follows:
517	"(7) The department shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
518	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish guidelines for providing written notice to visitors
519	that providing any tobacco product, electronic cigarette, or nicotine product to offenders is a
520	class A misdemeanor."; and
521	(8) modifying Section 77-39-101 to read as follows:

522	"7/-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, an electronic cigarette, or a
523	nicotine product to an underage person.
524	(1) As used in this section:
525	(a) "Electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 76-10-101.
526	(b) "Nicotine product" is as defined in Section 76-10-3002.
527	[(1)] (2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
528	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
529	(i) Section 32A-12-203 by requesting an individual under the age of 21 years to enter
530	into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
531	(ii) Section 76-10-104 or 76-10-3004 by requesting an individual under the age of 19
532	years to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail establishment of:
533	(A) a cigar;
534	(B) a cigarette; [or]
535	(C) tobacco in any form[-];
536	(D) an electronic cigarette; or
537	(E) a nicotine product.
538	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
539	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
540	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
541	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
542	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
543	(i) alcohol; or
544	(ii) (A) a cigar;
545	(B) a cigarette; [or]
546	(C) tobacco in any form[-];
547	(D) an electronic cigarette; or
548	(E) a nicotine product.
549	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
550	purchase.
551	[(2)] (3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a
552	purchase, a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that

553	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
554	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
555	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
556	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
557	of alcohol [or], tobacco, an electronic cigarette, or a nicotine product.
558	[(3)] (4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone
559	accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase
560	misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in
561	attempting the purchase.
562	[(4)] (5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to
563	this section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
564	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, an
565	electronic cigarette, or a nicotine product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the
566	individual.
567	[(5)] (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(5)](6)(b)$ , a purchase attempted under
568	this section shall be conducted:
569	(i) on a random basis; and
570	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
571	than:
572	(A) four times for the attempted purchase of:
573	(I) a cigar;
574	(II) a cigarette; [or]
575	(III) tobacco in any form; [and]
576	(IV) an electronic cigarette; or
577	(V) a nicotine product; and
578	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
579	(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an investigation under this section if:
580	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a
581	cigar, a cigarette, [or] tobacco in any form, an electronic cigarette, or a nicotine product to an
582	individual under the age established by Section 32A-12-203 [or], 76-10-104, or 76-10-3004;
583	and

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584	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
585	reasonable suspicion.
586	[(6)] (7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
587	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase
588	was made.
589	(b) The report required by this Subsection [ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(7)</u> shall include:
590	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
591	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
592	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
593	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
594	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
595	attempted the purchase;
596	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
597	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.".