1	WORKERS' COMPENSATION COVERAGE WAIVERS
2	2011 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Karen Mayne
5	House Sponsor: Todd E. Kiser
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Workers' Compensation Act to address the issuance of workers'
10	compensation coverage waivers.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 repeals the authorization for insurers to issue workers' compensation waivers;
14	enacts the Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, including:
15	 defining terms;
16	 providing for the issuance of waivers;
17	 requiring information to be submitted to obtain a waiver; and
18	 providing for enforcement; and
19	 makes technical and conforming amendments.
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	This bill appropriates:
22	► to Labor Commission as a combination of one-time or ongoing money from two
23	different fiscal years:
24	• from General Fund Restricted - Industrial Accident Restricted Account,
25	\$100,000.
26	Other Special Clauses:
27	This bill provides an effective date.
28	Utah Code Sections Affected:
29	AMENDS:

30	34A-2-103 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 250, 263, and 318
31	34A-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 379
32	34A-2-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 263
33	34A-2-705 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 85
34	ENACTS:
35	34A-2-1001 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	34A-2-1002 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	34A-2-1003 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	34A-2-1004 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	34A-2-1005 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	REPEALS:
41	31A-22-1011 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 263
42	
43	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
44	Section 1. Section 34A-2-103 is amended to read:
45	34A-2-103. Employers enumerated and defined Regularly employed
46	Statutory employers.
47	(1) (a) The state, and each county, city, town, and school district in the state are
48	considered employers under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
49	(b) For the purposes of the exclusive remedy in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah
50	Occupational Disease Act prescribed in Sections 34A-2-105 and 34A-3-102, the state is
51	considered to be a single employer and includes any office, department, agency, authority,
52	commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, or other instrumentality of the
53	state.
54	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), each person, including each public utility
55	and each independent contractor, who regularly employs one or more workers or operatives in
56	the same business, or in or about the same establishment, under any contract of hire, express or
57	implied, oral or written, is considered an employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah

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58	Occupational Disease Act.
59	(b) As used in this Subsection (2):
60	(i) "Independent contractor" means any person engaged in the performance of any work
61	for another who, while so engaged, is:
62	(A) independent of the employer in all that pertains to the execution of the work;
63	(B) not subject to the routine rule or control of the employer;
64	(C) engaged only in the performance of a definite job or piece of work; and
65	(D) subordinate to the employer only in effecting a result in accordance with the
66	employer's design.
67	(ii) "Regularly" includes all employments in the usual course of the trade, business,
68	profession, or occupation of the employer, whether continuous throughout the year or for only a
69	portion of the year.
70	(3) (a) The client under a professional employer organization agreement regulated
71	under Title 31A, Chapter 40, Professional Employer Organization Licensing Act:
72	(i) is considered the employer of a covered employee; and
73	(ii) subject to Section 31A-40-209, shall secure workers' compensation benefits for a
74	covered employee by complying with Subsection 34A-2-201(1) or (2) and commission rules.
75	(b) The division shall promptly inform the Insurance Department if the division has
76	reason to believe that a professional employer organization is not in compliance with
77	Subsection 34A-2-201(1) or (2) and commission rules.
78	(4) A domestic employer who does not employ one employee or more than one
79	employee at least 40 hours per week is not considered an employer under this chapter and
80	Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
81	(5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5):
82	(i) (A) "agricultural employer" means a person who employs agricultural labor as
83	defined in Subsections 35A-4-206(1) and (2) and does not include employment as provided in
84	Subsection 35A-4-206(3); and
85	(B) notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a)(i)(A), only for purposes of determining who is a

86 member of the employer's immediate family under Subsection (5)(a)(ii), if the agricultural 87 employer is a corporation, partnership, or other business entity, "agricultural employer" means an officer, director, or partner of the business entity; 88 89 (ii) "employer's immediate family" means: 90 (A) an agricultural employer's: 91 (I) spouse; 92 (II) grandparent; 93 (III) parent; 94 (IV) sibling; 95 (V) child; 96 (VI) grandchild; 97 (VII) nephew; or 98 (VIII) niece; 99 (B) a spouse of any person provided in Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(A)(II) through (VIII); or 100 (C) an individual who is similar to those listed in Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A) or (B) as 101 defined by rules of the commission; and 102 (iii) "nonimmediate family" means a person who is not a member of the employer's immediate family. 103 104 (b) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an agricultural employer is not considered an employer of a member of the employer's immediate 105 106 family. (c) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an 107 108 agricultural employer is not considered an employer of a nonimmediate family employee if: 109 (i) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll for all 110 nonimmediate family employees was less than \$8,000; or (ii) (A) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll 111 for all nonimmediate family employees was equal to or greater than \$8,000 but less than 112

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\$50,000; and

114	(B) the agricultural employer maintains insurance that covers job-related injuries of the
115	employer's nonimmediate family employees in at least the following amounts:
116	(I) \$300,000 liability insurance, as defined in Section 31A-1-301; and
117	(II) \$5,000 for health care benefits similar to benefits under health care insurance as
118	defined in Section 31A-1-301.
119	(d) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an
120	agricultural employer is considered an employer of a nonimmediate family employee if:
121	(i) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll for all
122	nonimmediate family employees is equal to or greater than \$50,000; or
123	(ii) (A) for the previous year the agricultural employer's total payroll for nonimmediate
124	family employees was equal to or exceeds \$8,000 but is less than \$50,000; and
125	(B) the agricultural employer fails to maintain the insurance required under Subsection
126	(5)(c)(ii)(B).
127	(6) An employer of agricultural laborers or domestic servants who is not considered an
128	employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, may come under
129	this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, by complying with:
130	(a) this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; and
131	(b) the rules of the commission.
132	(7) (a) (i) As used in this Subsection (7)(a), "employer" includes any of the following
133	persons that procures work to be done by a contractor notwithstanding whether or not the
134	person directly employs a person:
135	(A) a sole proprietorship;
136	(B) a corporation;
137	(C) a partnership;
138	(D) a limited liability company; or
139	(E) a person similar to one described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D).
140	(ii) If an employer procures any work to be done wholly or in part for the employer by
141	a contractor over whose work the employer retains supervision or control, and this work is a

part or process in the trade or business of the employer, the contractor, all persons employed by the contractor, all subcontractors under the contractor, and all persons employed by any of these subcontractors, are considered employees of the original employer for the purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.

- (b) Any person who is engaged in constructing, improving, repairing, or remodelling a residence that the person owns or is in the process of acquiring as the person's personal residence may not be considered an employee or employer solely by operation of Subsection (7)(a).
- (c) A partner in a partnership or an owner of a sole proprietorship is not considered an employee under Subsection (7)(a) if the employer who procures work to be done by the partnership or sole proprietorship obtains and relies on either:
- (i) a valid certification of the partnership's or sole proprietorship's compliance with Section 34A-2-201 indicating that the partnership or sole proprietorship secured the payment of workers' compensation benefits pursuant to Section 34A-2-201; or
- (ii) if a partnership or sole proprietorship with no employees other than a partner of the partnership or owner of the sole proprietorship, a workers' compensation coverage waiver issued by an insurer pursuant to [Section 31A-22-1011] Part 10, Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, stating that:
- (A) the partnership or sole proprietorship is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, profession, or business; and
- (B) the partner or owner personally waives the partner's or owner's entitlement to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, in the operation of the partnership or sole proprietorship.
- (d) A director or officer of a corporation is not considered an employee under Subsection (7)(a) if the director or officer is excluded from coverage under Subsection 34A-2-104(4).
- (e) A contractor or subcontractor is not an employee of the employer under Subsection (7)(a), if the employer who procures work to be done by the contractor or subcontractor obtains

170	and relies on either:
171	(i) a valid certification of the contractor's or subcontractor's compliance with Section
172	34A-2-201; or
173	(ii) if a partnership, corporation, or sole proprietorship with no employees other than a
174	partner of the partnership, officer of the corporation, or owner of the sole proprietorship, a
175	workers' compensation coverage waiver issued by an insurer pursuant to [Section
176	31A-22-1011] Part 10, Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, stating that:
177	(A) the partnership, corporation, or sole proprietorship is customarily engaged in an
178	independently established trade, occupation, profession, or business; and
179	(B) the partner, corporate officer, or owner personally waives the partner's, corporate
180	officer's, or owner's entitlement to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah
181	Occupational Disease Act, in the operation of the partnership's, corporation's, or sole
182	proprietorship's enterprise under a contract of hire for services.
183	(f) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (7)(f), "eligible employer" means a person who:
184	(A) is an employer; and
185	(B) procures work to be done wholly or in part for the employer by a contractor,
186	including:
187	(I) all persons employed by the contractor;
188	(II) all subcontractors under the contractor; and
189	(III) all persons employed by any of these subcontractors.
190	(ii) Notwithstanding the other provisions in this Subsection (7), if the conditions of
191	Subsection (7)(f)(iii) are met, an eligible employer is considered an employer for purposes of
192	Section 34A-2-105 of the contractor, subcontractor, and all persons employed by the contractor
193	or subcontractor described in Subsection (7)(f)(i)(B).
194	(iii) Subsection (7)(f)(ii) applies if the eligible employer:
195	(A) under Subsection (7)(a) is liable for and pays workers' compensation benefits as an
196	original employer under Subsection (7)(a) because the contractor or subcontractor fails to
197	comply with Section 34A-2-201;

198	(B) (I) secures the payment of workers' compensation benefits for the contractor or
199	subcontractor pursuant to Section 34A-2-201;
200	(II) procures work to be done that is part or process of the trade or business of the
201	eligible employer; and
202	(III) does the following with regard to a written workplace accident and injury
203	reduction program that meets the requirements of Subsection 34A-2-111(3)(d):
204	(Aa) adopts the workplace accident and injury reduction program;
205	(Bb) posts the workplace accident and injury reduction program at the work site at
206	which the eligible employer procures work; and
207	(Cc) enforces the workplace accident and injury reduction program according to the
208	terms of the workplace accident and injury reduction program; or
209	(C) (I) obtains and relies on:
210	(Aa) a valid certification described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) or (7)(e)(i);
211	(Bb) a workers' compensation coverage waiver described in Subsection (7)(c)(ii) or
212	(7)(e)(ii); or
213	(Cc) proof that a director or officer is excluded from coverage under Subsection
214	34A-2-104(4);
215	(II) is liable under Subsection (7)(a) for the payment of workers' compensation benefits
216	if the contractor or subcontractor fails to comply with Section 34A-2-201;
217	(III) procures work to be done that is part or process in the trade or business of the
218	eligible employer; and
219	(IV) does the following with regard to a written workplace accident and injury
220	reduction program that meets the requirements of Subsection 34A-2-111(3)(d):
221	(Aa) adopts the workplace accident and injury reduction program;
222	(Bb) posts the workplace accident and injury reduction program at the work site at
223	which the eligible employer procures work; and
224	(Cc) enforces the workplace accident and injury reduction program according to the
225	terms of the workplace accident and injury reduction program.

226	Section 2. Section 34A-2-104 is amended to read:
227	34A-2-104. "Employee," "worker," and "operative" defined Specific
228	circumstances Exemptions.
229	(1) As used in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, "employee
230	"worker," and "operative" mean:
231	(a) (i) an elective or appointive officer and any other person:
232	(A) in the service of:
233	(I) the state;
234	(II) a county, city, or town within the state; or
235	(III) a school district within the state;
236	(B) serving the state, or any county, city, town, or school district under:
237	(I) an election;
238	(II) appointment; or
239	(III) any contract of hire, express or implied, written or oral; and
240	(ii) including:
241	(A) an officer or employee of the state institutions of learning; and
242	(B) a member of the National Guard while on state active duty; and
243	(b) a person in the service of any employer, as defined in Section 34A-2-103, who
244	employs one or more workers or operatives regularly in the same business, or in or about the
245	same establishment:
246	(i) under any contract of hire:
247	(A) express or implied; and
248	(B) oral or written;
249	(ii) including aliens and minors, whether legally or illegally working for hire; and
250	(iii) not including any person whose employment:
251	(A) is casual; and
252	(B) not in the usual course of the trade, business, or occupation of the employee's
253	employer.

254 (2) (a) Unless a lessee provides coverage as an employer under this chapter and 255 Chapter 3, any lessee in mines or of mining property and each employee and sublessee of the 256 lessee shall be: 257 (i) covered for compensation by the lessor under this chapter and Chapter 3; 258 (ii) subject to this chapter and Chapter 3; and 259 (iii) entitled to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, to the same extent as if the 260 lessee, employee, or sublessee were employees of the lessor drawing the wages paid employees 261 for substantially similar work. 262 (b) The lessor may deduct from the proceeds of ores mined by the lessees an amount 263 equal to the insurance premium for that type of work. 264 (3) (a) A partnership or sole proprietorship may elect to include any partner of the 265 partnership or owner of the sole proprietorship as an employee of the partnership or sole 266 proprietorship under this chapter and Chapter 3. 267 (b) If a partnership or sole proprietorship makes an election under Subsection (3)(a), 268 the partnership or sole proprietorship shall serve written notice upon its insurance carrier 269 naming the persons to be covered. 270 (c) A partner of a partnership or owner of a sole proprietorship may not be considered 271 an employee of the partner's partnership or the owner's sole proprietorship under this chapter or 272 Chapter 3 until the notice described in Subsection (3)(b) is given. 273 (d) For premium rate making, the insurance carrier shall assume the salary or wage of 274 the partner or sole proprietor electing coverage under Subsection (3)(a) to be 100% of the 275 state's average weekly wage. 276 (4) (a) A corporation may elect not to include any director or officer of the corporation 277 as an employee under this chapter and Chapter 3.

(b) If a corporation makes an election under Subsection (4)(a), the corporation shall serve written notice upon its insurance carrier naming the persons to be excluded from coverage.

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(c) A director or officer of a corporation is considered an employee under this chapter

282	and Chapter 3 until the notice described in Subsection (4)(b) is given.
283	(5) As used in this chapter and Chapter 3, "employee," "worker," and "operative" do
284	not include:
285	(a) a sales agent or associate broker, as defined in Section 61-2f-102, who performs
286	services in that capacity for a principal broker if:
287	(i) substantially all of the sales agent's or associate broker's income for services is from
288	real estate commissions; and
289	(ii) the sales agent's or associate broker's services are performed under a written
290	contract that provides that:
291	(A) the real estate agent is an independent contractor; and
292	(B) the sales agent or associate broker is not to be treated as an employee for federal
293	income tax purposes;
294	(b) an offender performing labor under Section 64-13-16 or 64-13-19, except as
295	required by federal statute or regulation;
296	(c) an individual who for an insurance producer, as defined in Section 31A-1-301,
297	solicits, negotiates, places or procures insurance if:
298	(i) substantially all of the individual's income from those services is from insurance
299	commissions; and
300	(ii) the services of the individual are performed under a written contract that states that
301	the individual:
302	(A) is an independent contractor;
303	(B) is not to be treated as an employee for federal income tax purposes; and
304	(C) can derive income from more than one insurance company;
305	(d) notwithstanding Subsection 34A-2-103(4), an individual who provides domestic
306	work for a person if:
307	(i) the person for whom the domestic work is being provided receives or is eligible to
308	receive the domestic work under a state or federal program designed to pay the costs of

domestic work to prevent the person from being placed in:

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310	(A) an institution; or
311	(B) a more restrictive placement than where that person resides at the time the person
312	receives the domestic work;
313	(ii) the individual is paid by a person designated by the Secretary of the Treasury in
314	accordance with Section 3504, Internal Revenue Code, as a fiduciary, agent, or other person
315	that has the control, receipt, custody, or disposal of, or pays the wages of the individual; and
316	(iii) the domestic work is performed under a written contract that notifies the
317	individual that the individual is not an employee under this chapter or Chapter 3; or
318	(e) subject to Subsections (6) and (7), an individual who:
319	(i) (A) owns a motor vehicle; or
320	(B) leases a motor vehicle to a motor carrier;
321	(ii) personally operates the motor vehicle described in Subsection (5)(e)(i);
322	(iii) operates the motor vehicle described in Subsection (5)(e)(i) under a written
323	agreement with the motor carrier that states that the individual operates the motor vehicle as ar
324	independent contractor; and
325	(iv) provides to the motor carrier at the time the written agreement described in
326	Subsection (5)(e)(iii) is executed or as soon after the execution as provided by an insurer:
327	(A) a copy of a workers' compensation coverage waiver issued pursuant to [Section
328	31A-22-1011] Part 10, Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, by an insurer to the
329	individual; and
330	(B) proof that the individual is covered by occupational accident related insurance.
331	(6) An individual described in Subsection (5)(d) or (e) may become an employee under
332	this chapter and Chapter 3 if the employer of the individual complies with:
333	(a) this chapter and Chapter 3; and
334	(b) commission rules.
335	(7) For purposes of Subsection (5)(e):
336	(a) "Motor carrier" means a person engaged in the business of transporting freight,
337	merchandise, or other property by a commercial vehicle on a highway within this state.

338	(b) "Motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle intended primarily for use and
339	operation on the highways, including a trailer or semitrailer designed for use with another
340	motorized vehicle.
341	(c) "Occupational accident related insurance" means insurance that provides the
342	following coverage for an injury sustained in the course of working under a written agreement
343	described in Subsection (5)(e)(iii):
344	(i) disability benefits;
345	(ii) death benefits;
346	(iii) medical expense benefits, which include:
347	(A) hospital coverage;
348	(B) surgical coverage;
349	(C) prescription drug coverage; and
350	(D) dental coverage.
351	Section 3. Section 34A-2-110 is amended to read:
352	34A-2-110. Workers' compensation insurance fraud Elements Penalties
353	Notice.
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	(1) As used in this section:
355	(1) As used in this section:(a) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-201.
355	(a) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-201.
355 356	(a) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-201.(b) "Intentionally" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103.
355356357	(a) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-201.(b) "Intentionally" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103.(c) "Knowingly" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103.
355 356 357 358	 (a) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-201. (b) "Intentionally" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (c) "Knowingly" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (d) "Person" has the same meaning as in Section 76-1-601.
355 356 357 358 359	 (a) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-201. (b) "Intentionally" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (c) "Knowingly" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (d) "Person" has the same meaning as in Section 76-1-601. (e) "Recklessly" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103.
355 356 357 358 359 360	 (a) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-201. (b) "Intentionally" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (c) "Knowingly" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (d) "Person" has the same meaning as in Section 76-1-601. (e) "Recklessly" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (f) "Thing of value" means one or more of the following obtained under this chapter or
355 356 357 358 359 360 361	 (a) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-201. (b) "Intentionally" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (c) "Knowingly" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (d) "Person" has the same meaning as in Section 76-1-601. (e) "Recklessly" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (f) "Thing of value" means one or more of the following obtained under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act:
355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362	 (a) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-201. (b) "Intentionally" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (c) "Knowingly" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (d) "Person" has the same meaning as in Section 76-1-601. (e) "Recklessly" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103. (f) "Thing of value" means one or more of the following obtained under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act: (i) workers' compensation insurance coverage;

366	(v) a professional service;
367	(vi) a fee for a professional service; or
368	(vii) anything of value.
369	(2) (a) A person is guilty of workers' compensation insurance fraud if that person
370	intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly:
371	(i) devises a scheme or artifice to do the following by means of a false or fraudulent
372	pretense, representation, promise, or material omission:
373	(A) obtain a thing of value under this chapter or Chapter 3;
374	(B) avoid paying the premium that an insurer charges, for an employee on the basis of
375	the underwriting criteria applicable to that employee, to obtain a thing of value under this
376	chapter or Chapter 3; or
377	(C) deprive an employee of a thing of value under this chapter or Chapter 3; and
378	(ii) communicates or causes a communication with another in furtherance of the
379	scheme or artifice.
380	(b) A violation of this Subsection (2) includes a scheme or artifice to:
381	(i) make or cause to be made a false written or oral statement with the intent to obtain
382	insurance coverage as mandated by this chapter or Chapter 3 at a rate that does not reflect the
383	risk, industry, employer, or class code actually covered by the insurance coverage;
384	(ii) form a business, reorganize a business, or change ownership in a business with the
385	intent to obtain insurance coverage as mandated by this chapter or Chapter 3 at a rate that does
386	not reflect the risk, industry, employer, or class code actually covered by the insurance
387	coverage;
388	(iii) misclassify an employee as one of the following so as to avoid the obligation to
389	obtain insurance coverage as mandated by this chapter or Chapter 3:
390	(A) an independent contractor;
391	(B) a sole proprietor;
392	(C) an owner;
393	(D) a partner;

394	(E) an officer; or
395	(F) a member in a limited liability company;
396	(iv) use a workers' compensation coverage waiver issued under [Section 31A-22-1011]
397	Part 10, Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, to deprive an employee of workers'
398	compensation coverage under this chapter or Chapter 3; or
399	(v) collect or make a claim for temporary disability compensation as provided in
400	Section 34A-2-410 while working for gain.
401	(3) (a) Workers' compensation insurance fraud under Subsection (2) is punishable in
402	the manner prescribed in Subsection (3)(c).
403	(b) A corporation or association is guilty of the offense of workers' compensation
404	insurance fraud under the same conditions as those set forth in Section 76-2-204.
405	(c) (i) In accordance with Subsection (3)(c)(ii), the determination of the degree of an
406	offense under Subsection (2) shall be measured by the following on the basis of which creates
407	the greatest penalty:
408	(A) the total value of all property, money, or other things obtained or sought to be
409	obtained by the scheme or artifice described in Subsection (2); or
410	(B) the number of individuals not covered under this chapter or Chapter 3 because of
411	the scheme or artifice described in Subsection (2).
412	(ii) A person is guilty of:
413	(A) a class A misdemeanor:
414	(I) if the value of the property, money, or other thing of value described in Subsection
415	(3)(c)(i)(A) is less than \$1,000; or
416	(II) for each individual described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B), if the number of
417	individuals described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B) is less than five;
418	(B) a third degree felony:
419	(I) if the value of the property, money, or other thing of value described in Subsection
420	(3)(c)(i)(A) is equal to or greater than \$1,000, but is less than \$5,000; or
421	(II) for each individual described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B), if the number of

422	individuals described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B) is equal to or greater than five, but is less than
423	50; and
424	(C) a second degree felony:
425	(I) if the value of the property, money, or other thing of value described in Subsection
426	(3)(c)(i)(A) is equal to or greater than \$5,000; or
427	(II) for each individual described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B), if the number of
428	individuals described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B) is equal to or greater than 50.
429	(4) The following are not a necessary element of an offense described in Subsection
430	(2):
431	(a) reliance on the part of a person;
432	(b) the intent on the part of the perpetrator of an offense described in Subsection (2) to
433	permanently deprive a person of property, money, or anything of value; or
434	(c) an insurer or self-insured employer giving written notice in accordance with
435	Subsection (5) that workers' compensation insurance fraud is a crime.
436	(5) (a) An insurer or self-insured employer who, in connection with this chapter or
437	Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, prints, reproduces, or furnishes a form described in
438	Subsection (5)(b) shall cause to be printed or displayed in comparative prominence with other
439	content on the form the statement: "Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent
440	underwriting information, files or causes to be filed a false or fraudulent claim for disability
441	compensation or medical benefits, or submits a false or fraudulent report or billing for health
442	care fees or other professional services is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and
443	confinement in state prison."
444	(b) Subsection (5)(a) applies to a form upon which a person:
445	(i) applies for insurance coverage;
446	(ii) applies for a workers' compensation coverage waiver issued under [Section
447	31A-22-1011] Part 10, Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act;
448	(iii) reports payroll;
449	(iv) makes a claim by reason of accident, injury, death, disease, or other claimed loss;

450	or
451	(v) makes a report or gives notice to an insurer or self-insured employer.
452	(c) An insurer or self-insured employer who issues a check, warrant, or other financial
453	instrument in payment of compensation issued under this chapter or Chapter 3[7] shall cause to
454	be printed or displayed in comparative prominence above the area for endorsement a statement
455	substantially similar to the following: "Workers' compensation insurance fraud is a crime
456	punishable by Utah law."
457	(d) This Subsection (5) applies only to the legal obligations of an insurer or a
458	self-insured employer.
459	(e) A person who violates Subsection (2) is guilty of workers' compensation insurance
460	fraud, and the failure of an insurer or a self-insured employer to fully comply with this
461	Subsection (5) is not:
462	(i) a defense to violating Subsection (2); or
463	(ii) grounds for suppressing evidence.
464	(6) In the absence of malice, a person, employer, insurer, or governmental entity that
465	reports a suspected fraudulent act relating to a workers' compensation insurance policy or claim
466	is not subject to civil liability for libel, slander, or another relevant cause of action.
467	(7) In an action involving workers' compensation, this section supersedes Title 31A,
468	Chapter 31, Insurance Fraud Act.
169	Section 4. Section 34A-2-705 is amended to read:
470	34A-2-705. Industrial Accident Restricted Account.
471	(1) As used in this section:
472	(a) "Account" means the Industrial Accident Restricted Account created by this
473	section.
174	(b) "Advisory council" means the state workers' compensation advisory council created
475	under Section 34A-2-107.
476	(2) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Industrial

477

Accident Restricted Account."

478	(3) (a) The account is funded from:
479	(i) .5% of the premium income remitted to the state treasurer and credited to the
480	account pursuant to Subsection 59-9-101(2)(c)(iv)[-]; and
481	(ii) amounts deposited under Section 34A-2-1003.
482	(b) If the balance in the account exceeds \$500,000 at the close of a fiscal year, the
483	excess shall be transferred to the Uninsured Employers' Fund created under Section 34A-2-704.
484	(4) (a) From money appropriated by the Legislature from the account to the
485	commission and subject to the requirements of this section, the commission may fund:
486	(i) the activities of the Division of Industrial Accidents described in Section
487	34A-1-202; [and]
488	(ii) the activities of the Division of Adjudication described in Section 34A-1-202[-];
489	<u>and</u>
490	(iii) the activities of the commission described in Section 34A-2-1005.
491	(b) The money deposited in the account may not be used for a purpose other than a
492	purpose described in this Subsection (4), including an administrative cost or another activity of
493	the commission unrelated to the account.
494	(5) (a) Each year before the public hearing required by Subsection 59-9-101(2)(d)(i),
495	the commission shall report to the advisory council regarding:
496	(i) the commission's budget request to the governor for the next fiscal year related to:
497	(A) the Division of Industrial Accidents; and
498	(B) the Division of Adjudication;
499	(ii) the expenditures of the commission for the fiscal year in which the commission is
500	reporting related to:
501	(A) the Division of Industrial Accidents; and
502	(B) the Division of Adjudication; [and]
503	(iii) revenues generated from the premium assessment under Section 59-9-101 on an
504	admitted insurer writing workers' compensation insurance in this state and on a self-insured
505	employer under Section 34A-2-202[-]: and

506	(iv) money deposited under Section 34A-2-1003.
507	(b) The commission shall annually report to the governor and the Legislature
508	regarding:
509	(i) the use of the money appropriated to the commission under this section; [and]
510	(ii) revenues generated from the premium assessment under Section 59-9-101 on an
511	admitted insurer writing workers' compensation insurance in this state and on a self-insured
512	employer under Section 34A-2-202[-]; and
513	(iii) money deposited under Section 34A-2-1003.
514	Section 5. Section 34A-2-1001 is enacted to read:
515	Part 10. Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act
516	34A-2-1001. Title.
517	This part is known as the "Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act."
518	Section 6. Section 34A-2-1002 is enacted to read:
519	<u>34A-2-1002.</u> Definitions.
520	As used in this part:
521	(1) "Business entity" means:
522	(a) a sole proprietorship;
523	(b) a corporation;
524	(c) a partnership;
525	(d) a limited liability company; or
526	(e) an entity similar to one described in Subsections (1)(a) through (d).
527	(2) "Waiver" means a workers' compensation coverage waiver issued under this part.
528	Section 7. Section 34A-2-1003 is enacted to read:
529	34A-2-1003. Issuance of a waiver.
530	(1) The commission shall issue a workers' compensation coverage waiver to a business
531	entity that:
532	(a) elects not to include an owner, partner, or corporate officer or director as an
533	employee under a workers' compensation policy in accordance with Section 34A-2-103 and

534	Subsection 34A-2-104(4);
535	(b) employs no other employee on the day on which the commission issues the waiver
536	to the business entity;
537	(c) provides to the commission the information required by Section 34A-2-1004; and
538	(d) pays a fee established by the commission in accordance with Section 63J-1-504,
539	except that the fee may not exceed \$50.
540	(2) (a) A waiver issued under this section expires one year from the day on which it is
541	issued unless renewed by the holder of the waiver.
542	(b) To renew a waiver issued under this part, the holder of the waiver shall:
543	(i) employ no other employee on the day on which the commission renews the waiver;
544	(ii) provide to the commission the information required by Section 34A-2-1004; and
545	(iii) pay a fee established by the commission in accordance with Section 63J-1-504,
546	except that the fee may not exceed \$50.
547	(3) As of the day on which a business entity described in Subsection (1) employs an
548	employee other than an owner, partner, or corporate officer or director described in Subsection
549	<u>(1)(a):</u>
550	(a) the business entity's waiver is invalid; and
551	(b) the business entity is required to provide workers' compensation coverage for that
552	employee in accordance with Section 34A-2-201.
553	(4) The commission shall deposit a fee collected under this section in the Industrial
554	Accident Restricted Account created in Section 34A-2-705.
555	(5) Unless invalidated under Section 34A-2-1005, notwithstanding the other provisions
556	of this section, a waiver issued by an insurer that is valid on June 30, 2011, remains valid until
557	its expiration date.
558	Section 8. Section 34A-2-1004 is enacted to read:
559	34A-2-1004. Information required to obtain a waiver.
560	To obtain or renew a waiver, a business entity shall submit to the commission:
561	(1) a copy of two or more of the following:

562	(a) the business entity's federal or state income tax return that shows business income
563	for the complete taxable year that immediately precedes the day on which the business entity
564	submits the information;
565	(b) a valid business license;
566	(c) a license to engage in an occupation or profession, including a license under Title
567	58, Occupations and Professions; or
568	(d) documentation of an active liability insurance policy that covers the business
569	entity's activities; or
570	(2) a copy of one item listed in Subsection (1) and a copy of two or more of the
571	following:
572	(a) proof of a bank account for the business entity;
573	(b) proof that for the business entity there is:
574	(i) a telephone number; and
575	(ii) a physical location; or
576	(c) an advertisement of services in a newspaper of general circulation or telephone
577	directory showing the business entity's:
578	(i) name; and
579	(ii) contact information.
580	Section 9. Section 34A-2-1005 is enacted to read:
581	<u>34A-2-1005.</u> Enforcement.
582	(1) The commission may investigate a business entity to determine whether the
583	business entity validly elects to not cover an owner, partner, or corporate officer or director as
584	an employee under a workers' compensation policy in accordance with Section 34A-2-103.
585	(2) If the commission determines that a business entity's election as provided in this
586	section is invalid, the commission may:
587	(a) prohibit a business entity from using a waiver obtained under this part; and
588	(b) take any action provided for under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational
589	Disease Act for failure to obtain workers' compensation coverage for an employee

590 Section 10. Repealer. 591 This bill repeals: 592 Section 31A-22-1011, Workers' compensation coverage waivers. 593 Section 11. Appropriation. 594 Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act, the 595 following sums of money are appropriated from resources not otherwise appropriated out of the 596 funds or accounts indicated for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, and ending June 30, 597 2011. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for fiscal year 2011. 598 To Labor Commission 599 From General Fund Restricted - Industrial Accident Restricted Account \$10,000 600 Schedule of Programs: Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act \$10,000 601 602 Section 12. Appropriation. 603 Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act, the 604 following sums of money are appropriated from resources not otherwise appropriated out of the 605 funds or accounts indicated for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2011, and ending June 30, 606 2012. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for fiscal year 2012. To Labor Commission 607 608 From General Fund Restricted - Industrial Accident Restricted Account \$75,000 609 \$15,000 From General Fund Restricted - Industrial Accident Restricted Account, One-time 610 Schedule of Programs: 611 Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act \$90,000 612 Section 13. Effective date. 613 The appropriation in Section 11 for fiscal year 2011 takes effect on May 10, 2011, and 614 the remainder of the bill takes effect on July 1, 2011.

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