

26	 provides that the prisoner has the right to attend the hearing, testify before the court,
27	present evidence, and cross-examine witnesses;
28	 requires that any involuntary feeding or hydration by the correctional facility be
29	conducted under medical supervision and in a reasonable manner; and
30	 provides exceptions to the provisions of this bill for medically imposed fasts or
31	religious fasts of reasonable duration.
32	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
33	None
34	Other Special Clauses:
35	None
36	Utah Code Sections Affected:
37	ENACTS:
38	77-16b-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	77-16b-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	77-16b-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	77-16b-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	77-16b-105 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	77-16b-106 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
44 45	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
46	Section 1. Section 77-16b-101 is enacted to read:
47	CHAPTER 16b. INVOLUNTARY FEEDING AND HYDRATION OF INMATES
48	77-16b-101. Title.
49	This chapter is known as the "Involuntary Feeding and Hydration of Inmates."
50	Section 2. Section 77-16b-102 is enacted to read:
51	<u>77-16b-102.</u> Definitions.
52	As used in this chapter:
53	(1) "Correctional facility" means a county jail or secure correctional facility as defined
54	by Section 64-13-1.
55	(2) "Correctional facility administrator" means a county sheriff in charge of a county
56	jail or a designee of the executive director of the Utah Department of Corrections.

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57	(3) "Medical supervision" means under the direction of a licensed physician, physician
58	assistant, or nurse practitioner.
59	(4) "Mental health therapist" has the same definition as in Section 58-60-102.
60	(5) "Prisoner" means any person who is a pretrial detainee or has been committed to
61	the custody of a sheriff or the Utah Department of Corrections, and who is physically housed in
62	a correctional facility.
63	Section 3. Section 77-16b-103 is enacted to read:
64	77-16b-103. Involuntary feeding or hydration of prisoners Emergency
65	procedures.
66	(1) If a licensed physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner determines at any
67	time that a prisoner is in imminent danger of death because of inadequate nutrition or
68	hydration, a panel consisting of the following members shall review the prisoner's status:
69	(a) the correctional facility administrator;
70	(b) a licensed physician; and
71	(c) a mental health therapist who has been appointed by the correctional facility
72	administrator.
73	(2) If reasonably necessary and not contrary to a court order, the panel may authorize,
74	by a majority vote, the involuntary feeding or hydration of a prisoner:
75	(a) for up to three successive days;
76	(b) under immediate medical supervision; and
77	(c) in a medically recognized and acceptable manner.
78	(3) Involuntary feeding or hydration for more than three successive days requires an
79	order issued by the district court under this chapter.
80	Section 4. Section 77-16b-104 is enacted to read:
81	77-16b-104. Involuntary feeding or hydration of prisoners Petition procedures,
82	venue Prisoner rights.
83	(1) A correctional facility administrator may petition the district court where the
84	correctional facility is located for an order permitting the involuntary feeding or hydration of
85	any prisoner who is likely to suffer severe harm or death by refusing to accept sufficient
86	nutrition or hydration.
87	(2) Prior to the filing of a petition under this section, a mental health therapist who is

88	designated by the correctional facility administrator shall conduct a mental health evaluation of
89	the subject prisoner $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\cdot]$, and shall explain what efforts have been made to address the
89a	findings of the evaluation including provision of medication or other treatment. $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
90	(3) Upon the filing of a petition, the district court shall hold a hearing within three
91	working days. The court:
92	(a) shall confidentially review the prisoner's medical and mental health records as they
93	are available $\hat{H} \rightarrow$, including the evaluation referenced in this section $\leftarrow \hat{H}$;
94	(b) may hear testimony or receive evidence, subject to the Utah Rules of Evidence,
95	concerning the circumstances of the prisoner's lack of nutrition or hydration; and
96	(c) may exclude from the hearing any person whose presence is not necessary for the
97	purposes of the hearing, due to the introduction of personal medical and mental health
98	evidence.
99	(4) After conducting the hearing under Subsection (3), the district court shall issue an
100	order to involuntarily feed or hydrate the prisoner, if the court finds by a preponderance of
101	evidence that:
102	(a) (i) the prisoner is likely to suffer severe harm or death by refusing to accept
103	sufficient nutrition or hydration; and
104	(ii) the correctional facility's medical or penological objectives are valid and outweigh
105	the prisoner's right to refuse treatment; or
106	(b) the prisoner is refusing sufficient nutrition or hydration with the intent to obstruct
107	or delay any judicial or administrative proceeding pending against the prisoner.
108	(5) The district court shall state its findings of fact and conclusions of law on the
109	record.
110	(6) The correctional facility administrator shall serve copies of the petition and a notice
111	of the district court hearing on the prisoner and the prisoner's counsel, if the prisoner is
112	represented by counsel, at least 48 hours in advance of the hearing under Subsection (3).
113	(7) The prisoner has the right to attend the hearing, testify, present evidence, and
114	<u>cross-examine witnesses.</u>
115	Section 5. Section 77-16b-105 is enacted to read:
116	77-16b-105. Involuntary feeding or hydration of prisoners Standards,
117	continuing jurisdiction, and records.
118	(1) Any involuntary nutrition or hydration of a prisoner pursuant to this chapter shall

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119	be conducted under immediate medical supervision and in a medically recognized and
120	acceptable manner.
121	(2) Upon the filing of a petition pursuant to Section 77-16b-102, the court has the
122	continuing jurisdiction to review the prisoner's need for involuntary nutrition or hydration as
123	long as the prisoner remains in custody of the correctional facility.
124	(3) A correctional facility shall maintain records of any involuntary feeding or
125	hydration of prisoners under this chapter.
126	(a) The records are classified as "controlled" under Section 63G-2-304 of the
127	Governmental Records Access and Management Act.
128	(b) All medical or mental health records submitted to the court under this chapter shall
129	be kept under seal.
130	Section 6. Section 77-16b-106 is enacted to read:
131	77-16b-106. Involuntary feeding or hydration of prisoners Exceptions.
132	This chapter does not apply to medically imposed fasts for the purpose of conducting
133	medical procedures or tests, or to religious fasts of reasonable duration.