1	AGRICULTURAL CODE AMENDMENTS
2	2012 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Brad J. Galvez
5	Senate Sponsor: David P. Hinkins
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill makes amendments to Title 4, Utah Agricultural Code, regarding grants and
10	loans for the control and eradication of noxious weeds and invasive plant species,
11	authorizing the use of funds from the Rangeland Improvement Account for
12	administrative costs of rangeland improvement projects, prohibiting a person in control
13	of a swine from allowing the swine to run at large, and modifying provisions of Chapter
14	31 to provide for the control of animal disease.
15	Highlighted Provisions:
16	This bill:
17	 permits the Conservation Commission to approve grants and make loans for the
18	control or eradication of noxious weeds and invasive plant species;
19	 permits the Department of Agriculture to use funds from the Rangeland
20	Improvement Account for the administrative costs of rangeland improvement
21	projects;
22	 makes it a class B misdemeanor for a person in control of a swine to allow the
23	swine to run at large and makes the person liable for damage caused by the swine;
24	 recodifies and renames Title 4, Chapter 26, Dead Animals Enclosures and Fences,
25	and removes provisions regarding dead animals;
26	 repeals the provisions of Title 4, Chapter 29, Diseases of Poultry;
27	 recodifies and modifies Title 4, Chapter 31, Livestock Inspection and Quarantine,
28	to:
29	• grant rulemaking authority to the Department of Agriculture to control and

30	eradicate brucellosis, trichomoniasis, and tuberculosis in livestock; trace animal disease; and
31	control and prevent disease in poultry, waterfowl, and game-birds;
32	• provide for disposal of dead animals; and
33	• describe procedures for the control of animal disease; and
34	 makes technical changes.
35	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
36	None
37	Other Special Clauses:
38	None
39	Utah Code Sections Affected:
40	AMENDS:
41	4-18-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 383
42	4-20-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 342 and 383
43	4-39-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 302
44	63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 18, 46, 55, 80, 151, and
45	161
46	ENACTS:
47	4-25-12.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	4-31-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	4-31-109, Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	4-31-112 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	4-31-118, Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	4-31-119, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
54	4-25-12, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2
55	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
56	4-26-101, (Renumbered from 4-26-4, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2)
57	4-26-102, (Renumbered from 4-26-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter

58	378)	
59		4-26-103, (Renumbered from 4-26-5.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 331)
60		4-31-102, (Renumbered from 4-26-1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2)
61		4-31-103, (Renumbered from 4-26-2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2)
62		4-31-104, (Renumbered from 4-26-3, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2)
63		4-31-105, (Renumbered from 4-31-1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2)
64		4-31-106, (Renumbered from 4-31-2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2)
65		4-31-107, (Renumbered from 4-31-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter
66	179)	
67		4-31-108, (Renumbered from 4-31-4, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2)
68		4-31-110, (Renumbered from 4-31-6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2)
69		4-31-111, (Renumbered from 4-31-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
70	290)	
71		4-31-113, (Renumbered from 4-31-14, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter
72	302)	
73		4-31-114, (Renumbered from 4-31-15, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2)
74		4-31-115, (Renumbered from 4-31-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter
75	378)	
76		4-31-116, (Renumbered from 4-31-17, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2)
77		4-31-117 , (Renumbered from 4-31-18, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2)
78	REPE	CALS:
79		4-29-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
80		4-29-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
81		4-29-3, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2
82		4-29-4, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2
83		4-29-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 130
84		4-29-6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2
85		4-31-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1982, Chapter 2

86	4-31-7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2
87	4-31-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapters 116 and 165
88	4-31-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 179
89	4-31-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 18
90	4-31-12, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2
91	4-31-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 179
92	4-31-16.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
93	4-31-19, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 130
94	4-31-21, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
95	4-31-22, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 172
96	
97	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
98	Section 1. Section 4-18-5 is amended to read:
99	4-18-5. Conservation commission Functions and duties.
100	(1) The commission shall:
101	(a) facilitate the development and implementation of the strategies and programs
102	necessary to:
103	(i) protect, conserve, utilize, and develop the soil, air, and water resources of the state;
104	and
105	(ii) promote the protection, integrity, and restoration of land for agricultural and other
106	beneficial purposes;
107	(b) disseminate information regarding districts' activities and programs;
108	(c) supervise the formation, reorganization, or dissolution of districts according to the
109	requirements of Title 17D, Chapter 3, Conservation District Act;
110	(d) prescribe uniform accounting and recordkeeping procedures for districts and
111	require each district to submit annually an audit of its funds to the commission;
112	(e) approve and make loans for agricultural purposes, from the Agriculture Resource
113	Development Fund for:

11/	(i) repealend improvement and management projects
114	(i) rangeland improvement and management projects;
115	(ii) watershed protection and flood prevention projects;
116	(iii) agricultural cropland soil and water conservation projects; and
117	(iv) programs designed to promote energy efficient farming practices;
118	(f) administer federal or state funds, including loan funds under this chapter, in
119	accordance with applicable federal or state guidelines and make loans or grants from those
120	funds to land occupiers for:
121	(i) the conservation of soil or water resources; [and]
122	(ii) maintenance of rangeland improvement projects; and
123	(iii) the control or eradication of noxious weeds and invasive plant species:
124	(A) in cooperation and coordination with local weed boards; and
125	(B) in accordance with Section 4-2-8.7;
126	(g) seek to coordinate soil and water protection, conservation, and development
127	activities and programs of state agencies, local governmental units, other states, special interest
128	groups, and federal agencies;
129	(h) plan watershed and flood control projects in cooperation with appropriate local,
130	state, and federal authorities and coordinate flood control projects in the state;
131	(i) develop the requirements for:
132	(i) a certification of environmental stewardship, including best management practices,
133	technical standards, and nutrient management plans, as applicable to each agricultural sector;
134	and
135	(ii) providing the certification to each owner or operator of a farm, ranch, or feedlot
136	that:
137	(A) requests certification; and
138	(B) qualifies for certification;
139	(j) develop best management practices and state technical standards when requested by
140	governmental agencies or agricultural producer groups;
141	(k) develop the requirements and certification process for an individual to be a certified

142	conservation planner as defined in Section 4-18-3;
143	(1) assist other state agencies with conservation standards for agriculture when
144	requested; and
145	(m) when assigned by the governor, when required by contract with the Department of
146	Environmental Quality, or when required by contract with the United States Environmental
147	Protection Agency:
148	(i) develop programs for the prevention, control, or abatement of new or existing
149	pollution to the soil, water, or air of the state;
150	(ii) advise, consult, and cooperate with affected parties to further the purpose of this
151	chapter;
152	(iii) conduct studies, investigations, research, and demonstrations relating to
153	agricultural pollution issues;
154	(iv) give reasonable consideration in the exercise of its powers and duties to the
155	economic impact on sustainable agriculture;
156	(v) meet the requirements of federal law related to water and air pollution in the
157	exercise of its powers and duties; and
158	(vi) establish administrative penalties relating to agricultural discharges as defined in
159	Section 4-18-3 that are proportional to the seriousness of the resulting environmental harm.
160	(2) The commission may:
161	(a) employ, with the approval of the department, an administrator and necessary
162	technical experts and employees;
163	(b) execute contracts or other instruments necessary to exercise its powers;
164	(c) take necessary action to promote and enforce the purpose and findings of Section
165	4-18-2;
166	(d) sue and be sued; and
167	(e) adopt rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
168	Rulemaking Act, necessary to carry out the powers and duties described in Subsection (1) and
169	Subsections (2)(b) and ©.

170	Section 2. Section 4-20-3 is amended to read:
171	4-20-3. Rangeland Improvement Account distribution.
172	(1) The department shall distribute restricted account money as provided in this
173	section.
174	(a) The department shall:
175	(i) distribute pro rata to each school district the money received by the state under
176	Subsection 4-20-2(1)(b)(i) from the sale or lease of public lands based upon the amount of
177	revenue generated from the sale or lease of public lands within the district; and
178	(ii) ensure that all money generated from the sale or lease of public lands within a
179	school district is credited and deposited to the general school fund of that school district.
180	(b) (i) After the commissioner approves a request from a regional board, the
181	department shall distribute pro rata to each regional board money received by the state under
182	Subsection 4-20-2(1)(b)(i) from fees based upon the amount of revenue generated from the
183	imposition of fees within that grazing district.
184	(ii) The regional board shall expend money received in accordance with Subsection (2).
185	(c) (i) The department shall distribute or expend money received by the state under
186	Subsections 4-20-2(1)(b)(ii) through (iv) for the purposes outlined in Subsection (2).
187	(ii) The department may require entities seeking funding from sources outlined in
188	Subsections 4-20-2(1)(b)(ii) through (iv) to provide matching funds.
189	(2) The department shall ensure that restricted account distributions or expenditures
190	under Subsections (1)(b) and (c) are used for:
191	(a) range improvement and maintenance;
192	(b) the control of predatory and depredating animals;
193	(c) the control, management, or extermination of invading species, range damaging
194	organisms, and poisonous or noxious weeds;
195	(d) the purchase or lease of lands or a conservation easement for the benefit of a
196	grazing district;
197	(e) watershed protection, development, distribution, and improvement; [and]

198	(f) the general welfare of livestock grazing within a grazing district[-]; and
199	(g) subject to Subsection (3), costs to monitor rangeland improvement projects.
200	(3) Annual account distributions or expenditures for the monitoring costs described in
201	Subsection (2)(g) may not exceed 10% of the annual receipts of the fund.
202	Section 3. Section 4-25-12 is repealed and reenacted to read:
203	<u>4-25-12.</u> Allowing swine to run at large Class B misdemeanor.
204	(1) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the person:
205	(a) is in control of a swine; and
206	(b) allows the swine to run at large.
207	(2) A person described in Subsection (1) is liable for damage caused by the swine
208	running at large.
209	Section 4. Section 4-25-12.1 is enacted to read:
210	<u>4-25-12.1.</u> Release of swine for hunting purposes.
211	A person may not release swine on public or private property for hunting purposes.
212	Section 5. Section 4-26-101 , which is renumbered from Section 4-26-4 is renumbered
213	and amended to read:
214	CHAPTER 26. ANIMAL ENCLOSURES AND FENCES
215	[4-26-4]. <u>4-26-101.</u> Failure to close entrance to enclosure Class C
216	misdemeanor Damages.
217	[Any] A person who willfully throws down a fence or opens bars or gates into any
218	enclosure other than the person's own enclosure or into any enclosure jointly owned or
219	occupied by such person and others, and leaves it open is guilty of a class $[-C] \underline{C}$
220	misdemeanor, and is [also] liable in damage for any injury sustained by any person as a result
221	of such an act.
222	Section 6. Section 4-26-102 , which is renumbered from Section 4-26-5 is renumbered
223	and amended to read:
224	[4-26-5]. <u>4-26-102.</u> Adjoining landowners Partition fences Contribution.
225	(1) If two or more persons agree to a fence enclosure or to the construction of a

partition fence, the cost of construction and maintenance of the fence shall be apportionedbetween each party to the agreement based upon the amount of land enclosed.

(2) A person who is a party to [such agreement] an agreement described in Subsection
 (1) and who fails to maintain such person's part of the fence is liable in a civil action for any
 damage sustained by another party to the agreement as a result of the failure to maintain the
 fence.

232 (3) If a person has enclosed land with a fence and the owner of adjoining land desires 233 to enclose land adjoining the fence so that the existing fence or any part of it will become a 234 partition fence between such tracts of land, the owner of the adjoining land shall, before 235 making the enclosure, pay to the owner of the existing fence one-half of the value of all that 236 part of the fence that will become a partition fence; and when one party ceases to improve or 237 cultivate his land or opens his enclosure he may not take away any part of the partition fence 238 belonging to him, if the owner or occupant of the adjoining enclosure within 30 days after 239 notice, pays for the value of such fence; nor shall the partition fence be removed if the crops 240 enclosed by it will be exposed to injury.

Section 7. Section 4-26-103, which is renumbered from Section 4-26-5.1 is
renumbered and amended to read:

243[4-26-5.1].4-26-103.Definitions -- Qualified landowners' and qualified244adjoining landowners' partition fences -- Contribution -- Civil action for damages.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Qualified adjoining landowner" means a private landowner whose land adjoins the
land of a qualified landowner and is used for grazing livestock or as habitat for big game
wildlife and:

(i) is land which qualifies under the definition of "conservation easement" as defined in
Section 57-18-2, under Title 57, Chapter 18, Land Conservation Easement Act; or

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(ii) is "land in agricultural use" that meets the requirements of Section 59-2-502.

(b) "Qualified landowner" means a private landowner whose land is used for grazinglivestock and:

254	(i) is land which qualifies under the definition of "conservation easement" as defined in
255	Section 57-18-2, under Title 57, Chapter 18, Land Conservation Easement Act; or
256	(ii) is "land in agricultural use" that meets the requirements of Section 59-2-502.
257	(2) A qualified landowner may require the qualified adjoining landowner to pay for
258	[1/2] <u>one-half</u> of the cost of the fence if:
259	(a) the fence is or becomes a partition fence separating the qualified landowner's land
260	from that belonging to the qualified adjoining landowner;
261	(b) the cost is reasonable for that type of fence;
262	(c) that type of fence is commonly found in that particular area; and
263	(d) the construction of the fence is no more expensive than the cost for posts, wire, and
264	connectors.
265	(3) If the qualified adjoining landowner refuses, the qualified landowner may maintain
266	a civil action against the qualified adjoining landowner for [1/2] one-half of the cost of that
267	portion of the fence.
268	(4) The cost of the maintenance of the fence shall also be apportioned between each
269	party based [upon] on the amount of land enclosed. A party who fails to maintain [his] that
270	party's part of the fence is also liable in a civil action for any damage sustained by the other
271	party as a result of the failure to maintain the fence.
272	Section 8. Section 4-31-101 is enacted to read:
273	CHAPTER 31. CONTROL OF ANIMAL DISEASE
274	<u>4-31-101.</u> Title.
275	This chapter is known as "Control of Animal Disease."
276	Section 9. Section 4-31-102, which is renumbered from Section 4-26-1 is renumbered
277	and amended to read:
278	[4-26-1]. <u>4-31-102.</u> Dead domestic animals Duty of owner to bury or
279	otherwise dispose of them Liability for costs.
280	[It is the responsibility of the owner or other person responsible for any domestic
281	animal which dies to bury or otherwise dispose of it within two days after death.]

282	(1) An owner or other person responsible for a domestic animal that dies shall bury or
283	dispose of the animal within two business days after the day on which the owner or other
284	person responsible for the animal becomes aware that the animal is dead.
285	(2) If the owner or other person responsible for [such an] the dead animal cannot be
286	found, [it is the duty of] the county, city, or town within which the dead animal is found, shall,
287	at [such] the political subdivision's expense, [to] bury the dead animal.
288	(3) A county, city, or town [which] that incurs expense under this section is entitled to
289	reimbursement from the owner of the dead animal.
290	Section 10. Section 4-31-103 , which is renumbered from Section 4-26-2 is renumbered
291	and amended to read:
292	[4-26-2]. <u>4-31-103.</u> Dead animals Deposit on another's land prohibited.
293	[No] A person [shall] may not deposit a dead animal upon the land of another person
294	without the [latter's] landowner's consent.
295	Section 11. Section 4-31-104 , which is renumbered from Section 4-26-3 is renumbered
296	and amended to read:
297	[4-26-3]. <u>4-31-104.</u> Penalty.
298	[Any] A person who violates Section [4-26-1] 4-31-102 or [4-26-2] 4-31-103 is guilty
299	of a class ["C"] C misdemeanor.
300	Section 12. Section 4-31-105 , which is renumbered from Section 4-31-1 is renumbered
301	and amended to read:
302	[4-31-1]. <u>4-31-105.</u> Outbreak of contagious or infectious disease Assistance
303	of federal authorities.
304	If there is an outbreak of contagious or infectious disease among domestic animals in
305	this state that imperils livestock in adjoining states, the commissioner shall seek the assistance
306	of the United States [Animal, Plant and Health Inspection Service] Department of Agriculture,
307	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service in preventing the spread of the disease to other
308	states.
309	Section 13. Section 4-31-106, which is renumbered from Section 4-31-2 is renumbered

310	and amended to read:
311	[4-31-2]. <u>4-31-106.</u> Epidemic of contagious or infectious disease
312	Condemnation or destruction of infected or exposed livestock Destruction of other
313	property.
314	(1) If there is an outbreak of contagious or infectious disease of epidemic proportion
315	among domestic animals in this state [which] that imperils livestock, the commissioner, with
316	approval of the governor, may condemn, destroy, or dispose of any infected livestock or any
317	livestock exposed to, or deemed by the commissioner capable of, communicating disease to
318	other domestic animals.
319	(2) The commissioner may [also], with gubernatorial approval, condemn and destroy
320	any barns, sheds, corrals, pens, or other property [deemed] necessary to prevent the spread of
321	contagion or infection.
322	Section 14. Section 4-31-107 , which is renumbered from Section 4-31-3 is renumbered
323	and amended to read:
324	[4-31-3]. <u>4-31-107.</u> Appraisal of fair market value before destruction.
325	(1) Before any livestock or property is condemned and destroyed <u>under Section</u>
326	4-31-106, an appraisal of the fair market value of the livestock or other property shall be
327	forwarded to the commissioner by a panel of three qualified appraisers appointed as follows:
328	(a) one by the commissioner;
329	(b) one by the owner of the livestock or other property subject to condemnation; and
330	(c) one by the appraisers specified in [this] Subsections (1)(a) and (b).
331	(2) After review, the commissioner shall forward the appraisal to the board of
332	examiners described in Subsection 63G-9-201(2), together with [his] the commissioner's
333	recommendation concerning the amount, if any, that should be allowed.
334	(3) Any costs incurred in the appraisal shall be paid by the state.
335	Section 15. Section 4-31-108, which is renumbered from Section 4-31-4 is renumbered
336	and amended to read:
337	[4-31-4]. <u>4-31-108.</u> Slaughter for post-mortem examination.

338	The commissioner may order the slaughter and post-mortem examination of [any one or
339	more] a diseased domestic [animals] animal if the exact nature of [their] the animal's disease is
340	not readily ascertained through other means.
341	Section 16. Section 4-31-109 is enacted to read:
342	<u>4-31-109.</u> Department authorized to make and enforce rules concerning
343	brucellosis, trichomoniasis, and tuberculosis in livestock.
344	(1) The department may:
345	(a) make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
346	Rulemaking Act, to control and eradicate brucellosis, trichomoniasis, and tuberculosis in
347	livestock; and
348	(b) enforce the rules described in Subsection (1)(a).
349	(2) The department shall, in making the rules described in Subsection (1)(a), protect
350	against negative impact on the interstate or intrastate commerce of livestock that is transferred,
351	sold, or exhibited.
352	Section 17. Section 4-31-110 , which is renumbered from Section 4-31-6 is renumbered
353	and amended to read:
354	[4-31-6]. <u>4-31-110.</u> Dairy cattle subject to inspection for disease.
355	[Any dairy cattle in the state are subject to inspection at reasonable times and places]
356	The department may inspect a dairy animal in the state for tuberculosis or other infectious or
357	contagious disease [by the department] at a reasonable time and place.
358	Section 18. Section 4-31-111 , which is renumbered from Section 4-31-9 is renumbered
359	and amended to read:
360	[4-31-9]. <u>4-31-111.</u> Imported animals Health certificate.
361	[No person, except as provided by rule of the department, may import any animal into
362	this state unless it] Except as provided by rule made by the department, a person may not
363	import an animal into this state unless the animal is accompanied by a health certificate that:
364	(1) meets the requirements of department rules; and
365	(2) is issued by a [licensed] federally accredited veterinarian.

366	Section 19. Section 4-31-112 is enacted to read:
367	<u>4-31-112.</u> Feeding garbage or plate waste to swine prohibited.
368	(1) As used in this section, "plate waste" means uneaten food from an establishment or
369	institution that serves food.
370	(2) A person may not feed garbage or plate waste to a swine, unless the swine is
371	slaughtered for home use.
372	(3) A person who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
373	Section 20. Section 4-31-113, which is renumbered from Section 4-31-14 is
374	renumbered and amended to read:
375	[4-31-14]. <u>4-31-113.</u> Restrictions on movement of infected or exposed animals.
376	(1) A person who owns or has possession of $[a \text{ domestic}]$ and animal $[or \text{ domesticated}]$
377	elk] and knows that [it] the animal is infected with, or has been exposed to, any contagious or
378	infectious disease, may not:
379	[(1)] (a) permit [it] the animal to run at large, or come in contact with, [another
380	domestic] an animal [which] that can be infected; or
381	[(2)] (b) sell, ship, trade, or give away an infected animal [or domesticated elk] without
382	disclosing that [it] the animal is diseased or has been exposed to disease.
383	(2) The provisions of this section do not apply to protected wildlife that is:
384	(a) living in nature; and
385	(b) under the jurisdiction of the Division of Wildlife Resources.
386	Section 21. Section 4-31-114, which is renumbered from Section 4-31-15 is
387	renumbered and amended to read:
388	[4-31-15]. <u>4-31-114.</u> Report of vesicular disease.
389	[Any] (1) A person who identifies symptoms of vesicular disease in livestock shall
390	immediately report it to the department.
391	(2) Failure of a veterinarian licensed in this state to report a diagnosed case of vesicular
392	disease to the department constitutes ground for the revocation of such veterinarian's license.
393	(3) Failure by [the] an owner of livestock to report symptoms of vesicular disease

among [such] the owner's livestock constitutes forfeiture of the right to claim an indemnity for
an animal slaughtered on account of the disease.

- Section 22. Section 4-31-115, which is renumbered from Section 4-31-16 is
 renumbered and amended to read:
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[4-31-16]. <u>4-31-115.</u> Contagious or infectious disease -- Duties of department.

399 (1) (a) The department shall investigate and may quarantine any reported case of
400 contagious or infectious disease, or any epidemic, or poisoning affecting <u>a</u> domestic [animals]
401 <u>animal</u> or [any animal or animals that it] an animal that the department believes may jeopardize
402 the health of animals within the state.

403 (b) The department shall make a prompt and thorough examination of all
404 circumstances surrounding the disease, epidemic, or poisoning and may order quarantine, care,
405 or any necessary remedies.

406 (c) The department may also order immunization or testing and sanitary measures to407 prevent the spread of disease.

408 (d) Investigations involving fish or wildlife shall be conducted under a cooperative409 agreement with the Division of Wildlife Resources.

(2) (a) If the owner or person in possession of such animals, after written notice from
the department, fails to take the action ordered, the commissioner is authorized to seize and
hold the animals and take action necessary to prevent the spread of disease, including
immunization, testing, dipping, or spraying.

(b) [Animals] An animal seized for testing or treatment under this section shall be sold
by the commissioner at public sale to reimburse the department for all costs incurred in the
seizure, testing, treatment, maintenance, and sale of [such animals] the animal unless the owner
[sooner], before the sale, tenders payment for the costs incurred by the department.

(c) (i) No seized animal shall be sold[, however,] until the owner or person in
possession is served with a notice specifying the itemized costs incurred by the department and
the time, place, and purpose of sale and the number of animals to be sold.

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1 (ii) The notice shall be served at least three days in advance of sale in the manner:

422	(A) prescribed for personal service in Rule $4(d)(1)$, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; or
423	(B) if the owner cannot be found after due diligence, in the manner prescribed for
424	service by publication in Rule 4(d)(4), Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
425	(3) Any amount realized from the sale of the [animals] animal over the total charges
426	shall be paid to the owner of the [animals] animal, if the owner is known or can by reasonable
427	diligence be found; otherwise, the excess shall [be paid to the tuberculosis and Bangs Disease
428	Control Account] remain in the General Fund.
429	Section 23. Section 4-31-116, which is renumbered from Section 4-31-17 is
430	renumbered and amended to read:
431	[4-31-17]. <u>4-31-116.</u> Quarantine Peace officers to assist in maintenance of
432	quarantine.
433	(1) The commissioner may quarantine any infected domestic animal or area within the
434	state to prevent the spread of infectious or contagious disease. [Sheriffs and]
435	(2) A sheriff or other peace [officers within] officer in the state shall, upon request of
436	the commissioner, assist the department in maintaining a quarantine and [shall] arrest [anyone]
437	<u>a person</u> who violates it.
438	(3) The department shall pay all costs and fees incurred by any law enforcement
439	authority in assisting the department.
440	Section 24. Section 4-31-117, which is renumbered from Section 4-31-18 is
441	renumbered and amended to read:
442	[4-31-18]. <u>4-31-117.</u> State chemist Assistance in diagnosis of disease.
443	The state chemist, upon submission by the commissioner, shall examine and analyze all
444	tissue, grass, water, or other substances necessary in the proper diagnosis of disease or losses
445	among livestock.
446	Section 25. Section 4-31-118 is enacted to read:
447	<u>4-31-118.</u> Animal disease traceability.
448	The department may:
449	(1) make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative

- 450 Rulemaking Act, that are necessary for animal disease traceability and compliance with federal
- 451 <u>law regarding animal disease traceability; and</u>
- 452 (2) enforce the rules described in Subsection (1).
- 453 Section 26. Section **4-31-119** is enacted to read:
- 454 **<u>4-31-119.</u>** Disease control of poultry, waterfowl, and game-birds.
- 455 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the department may:
- 456 (a) make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
- 457 <u>Rulemaking Act, that are necessary for the control and prevention of disease in poultry.</u>
- 458 waterfowl, and game-birds; and
- 459 (b) enforce the rules described in Subsection (1)(a).
- 460 (2) The department may not make a rule under Subsection (1)(a) that relates to
- 461 protected wildlife that is:
- 462 (a) living in nature; and
- 463 (b) under the jurisdiction of the Division of Wildlife Resources.
- 464 Section 27. Section **4-39-103** is amended to read:
- 465 **4-39-103.** Department's responsibilities.
- 466 The department is responsible for enforcing laws and rules relating to:
- 467 (1) the importation, possession, or transportation of domesticated elk into the state or
- 468 within the state;
- 469 (2) the inspection of domesticated elk facilities;
- 470 (3) preventing the outbreak and controlling the spread of disease-causing pathogens
- 471 among domesticated elk in domesticated elk facilities;
- 472 (4) preventing the spread of disease-causing pathogens from domesticated elk to
- 473 wildlife, other animals, or humans; and
- 474 (5) if necessary, quarantining any domesticated elk pursuant to [Title 4,] Chapter 31,
- 475 [Livestock Inspection and Quarantine] Control of Animal Disease.
- 476 Section 28. Section **63G-2-305** is amended to read:
- 477 **63G-2-305.** Protected records.

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478 The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity: 479 (1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret 480 has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309; 481 (2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a 482 person if: 483 (a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair 484 competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the 485 governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future; 486 (b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access 487 than the public in obtaining access; and 488 (c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309; 489 490 (3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity 491 to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or 492 commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause 493 substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy; 494 (4) records the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a 495 competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as 496 defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4); 497 (5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration, 498 employment, or academic examinations; 499 (6) records the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement 500 proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or 501 agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this 502 Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, once the contract or 503 grant has been awarded, a bid, proposal, or application submitted to or by a governmental 504 entity in response to:

505 (a) a request for bids;

(b) a request for proposals: 506 507 (c) a grant; or 508 (d) other similar document; 509 (7) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real 510 or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition 511 before any rights to the property are acquired unless: 512 (a) public interest in obtaining access to the information outweighs the governmental 513 entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible; 514 (b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a 515 duty of confidentiality to the entity; 516 (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described 517 property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property; 518 (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of 519 property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value 520 of the property; or 521 (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence 522 and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire 523 the property as required under Section 78B-6-505; 524 (8) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other 525 compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if 526 disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value of the subject property, unless: 527 528 (a) the public interest in access outweighs the interests in restricting access, including 529 the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or 530 (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of 531 the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or 532 under a duty of confidentiality to the entity; 533 (9) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement

534 purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if 535 release of the records: 536 (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for 537 enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes; 538 (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement 539 proceedings; 540 (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial 541 hearing; 542 (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not 543 generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of 544 an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of 545 government if disclosure would compromise the source; or 546 (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, 547 procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would 548 interfere with enforcement or audit efforts; 549 (10) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an 550 individual; 551 (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental 552 property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, 553 or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy; 554 (12) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere 555 556 with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole; 557 (13) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of 558 Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the 559 Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Human Services that are based on the 560 employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's 561 jurisdiction;

562	(14) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational
563	procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with
564	audits or collections;

(15) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audituntil the final audit is released;

567 (16) records prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity solely in anticipation of
568 litigation that are not available under the rules of discovery;

(17) records disclosing an attorney's work product, including the mental impressions or
legal theories of an attorney or other representative of a governmental entity concerning
litigation;

(18) records of communications between a governmental entity and an attorney
representing, retained, or employed by the governmental entity if the communications would be
privileged as provided in Section 78B-1-137;

575 (19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
576 from a member of the Legislature; and

577 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of 578 legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and

579 (b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection 580 with the preparation of legislation between:

581 (A) members of a legislative body;

582 (B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or

583 (C) members of a legislative body's staff; and

(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;

(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated

588 legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the

589 legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and

(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator
asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such
time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;
(21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and
General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared
in response to these requests;
(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about collective bargaining or
pending litigation;
(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that
may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the
Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
(25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation
concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
(26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or
biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of
valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
(27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would
conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
(28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions,
retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in
accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of
the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students
admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
(29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative

618 proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated 619 policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected

620 those policies or courses of action or made them public;

621 (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis,
622 revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final
623 recommendations in these areas;

624 (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state
625 that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected
626 records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure
627 if retained by it;

628 (32) transcripts, minutes, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body
629 except as provided in Section 52-4-206;

630 (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including
631 final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from
632 disclosure;

633 (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an
634 administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any
635 other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;

(35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered
by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand
or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the
person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not
be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;

641 (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining
642 the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents,
643 copyrights, and trade secrets;

644 (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an645 institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other

646	information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of
647	the donor, provided that:
648	(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
649	(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be
650	classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
651	(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
652	Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged
653	in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority
654	over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled
655	by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
656	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and
657	73-18-13;
658	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
659	34A-2-205;
660	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
661	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to,
662	or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
663	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
664	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
665	(A) relating to research; and
666	(B) of:
667	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
668	53B-1-102; or
669	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
670	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
671	(iv) creative works in process;
672	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
673	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;

674	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public
675	information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
676	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
677	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General
678	that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the
679	date that audit is completed and made public; and
680	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
681	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that
682	the records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General that would
683	reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as
684	protected records until the audit is completed and made public;
685	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or
686	other document that indicates the location of:
687	(a) a production facility; or
688	(b) a magazine;
689	(43) information:
690	(a) contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services
691	created by Section 62A-3-311.1; or
692	(b) received or maintained in relation to the Identity Theft Reporting Information
693	System (IRIS) established under Section 67-5-22;
694	(44) information contained in the Management Information System and Licensing
695	Information System described in Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services;
696	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
697	National Guard's federal mission;
698	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement
699	agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and
700	Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;
701	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed

 (48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to 63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provide prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of which would jeopardize: (a) the safety of the general public; or (b) the security of: 	ed to or
 prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of which would jeopardize: (a) the safety of the general public; or 	
 706 which would jeopardize: 707 (a) the safety of the general public; or 	of
707 (a) the safety of the general public; or	
708 (b) the security of:	
(i) governmental property;	
710 (ii) governmental programs; or	
(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency	
712 Management information;	
713 (49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food [relating to the National	ł
714 Animal Identification System or any other program that provides] that provide for the	
715 identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program establishe	d under
Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-theft Act or Title 4, Chapter 31, [Li	vestock
717 Inspection and Quarantine] Control of Animal Disease;	
(50) as provided in Section 26-39-501:	
(a) information or records held by the Department of Health related to a compla	int
regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable t	Ō
substantiate; and	
(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of	Health
from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care	;
(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except a	ıs
provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone numb	er, or
726 personal mobile phone number, if:	
(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with	a law,
ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and	
(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information w	vill be

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730	kept confidential due to:
731	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
732	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
733	(52) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual
734	that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
735	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
736	53B-1-102; and
737	(b) conducted using animals;
738	(53) an initial proposal under Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 26, Government Procurement
739	Private Proposal Program, to the extent not made public by rules made under that chapter;
740	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
741	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote on whether or not to
742	recommend that the voters retain a judge;
743	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance
744	Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter
745	12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public,
746	the information or report;
747	(56) records contained in the Management Information System created in Section
748	62A-4a-1003;
749	(57) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
750	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63J-4-603;
751	(58) information requested by and provided to the Utah State 911 Committee under
752	Section 53-10-602;
753	(59) recorded Children's Justice Center investigative interviews, both video and audio,
754	the release of which are governed by Section 77-37-4;
755	(60) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
756	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
757	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or

(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county ormunicipality;

(61) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector Generalof Medicaid Services, created in Section 63J-4a-201:

(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or
allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services
through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied
upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation
report or final audit report;

(b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a
person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any
Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or
regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any
recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that
the identity of the person be protected;

(c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final
investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not
an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;

(d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit surveyplan, or audit program; or

(e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of aninvestigation or audit;

(62) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or
abuse;

(63) information provided to the Department of Health or the Division of Occupational
and Professional Licensing under Subsection 58-68-304(3) or (4); and

786	(64) a record described in Section 63G-12-210.
787	Section 29. Repealer.
788	This bill repeals:
789	Section 4-29-1, Department authorized to make and enforce rules.
790	Section 4-29-2, Restrictions on importation of chickens, turkeys, chicks, turkey
791	poults, and hatching eggs Certificate to accompany shipment Disposition of
792	nonconforming shipments.
793	Section 4-29-3, Results of negative agglutination blood test filed with department.
794	Section 4-29-4, Hatchery License required to operate.
795	Section 4-29-5, License Application Fee Expiration Renewal.
796	Section 4-29-6, Enforcement Inspection of premises where poultry raised.
797	Section 4-31-5, Imported dairy cattle Tuberculosis certificates.
798	Section 4-31-7, Claims for indemnity for destroyed or slaughtered cattle.
799	Section 4-31-8, Tuberculosis and Bangs Account created Exclusive use of
800	revenue.
801	Section 4-31-10, Imported swine Quarantine period Exceptions to quarantine.
802	Section 4-31-11, Restrictions on movement of swine Swine feeder license
803	Restrictions on feeding garbage to swine.
804	Section 4-31-12, Carcass of infected swine to be burned or buried.
805	Section 4-31-13, Stockyards Disinfection.
806	Section 4-31-16.5, Brucellosis Vaccination required for certain cattle Testing
807	required to import certain cattle.
808	Section 4-31-19, Fee to compensate state for quarantine and sanitary procedures.
809	Section 4-31-21, Trichomoniasis Department to make rules.
010	

810 Section **4-31-22**, National animal identification system.