INCORPORATION AMENDMENTS
2012 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Melvin R. Brown
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions related to the incorporation of a city or town.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
amends definitions;
 amends language related to a request to incorporate a city;
 amends language related to the certification of a request for incorporation;
 repeals provisions that require a city incorporation feasibility study;
 amends language related to a city incorporation petition;
requires a county legislative body to, in certain circumstances, hold a public hearing
to discuss the incorporation of a city, including allowing public input and
consideration of the feasibility of incorporation;
 amends language related to an incorporation of a city election;
 repeals provisions that require a town incorporation feasibility study;
 amends language related to a town incorporation petition;
requires a county legislative body to, in certain circumstances, hold a public hearing
to discuss the incorporation of a town, including allowing public input and
consideration of the feasibility of incorporation;
enacts provisions related to an incorporation of a town election;
 enacts provisions related to a town form of government and election of town



28	officers;	
29	 enacts provisions requiring notice of a town incorporation to the lieutenant 	
30	governor;	
31	 enacts provisions related to the effective date of a town incorporation; 	
32	 amends language related to the duties of a planning commission of a township; 	
33	amends the definition of "ballot proposition"; and	
34	 makes technical corrections. 	
35	Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
36	None	
37	Other Special Clauses:	
38	None	
39	Utah Code Sections Affected:	
40	AMENDS:	
41	10-2-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360	
42	10-2-102, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389	
43	10-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 184	
44	10-2-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 13	
45	10-2-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378	
46	10-2-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388	
47	10-2-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388	
48	10-2-125, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 90, 122 and last amended	d
49	by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90	
50	10-2-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378	
51	17-27a-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254	
52	20A-1-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 17, 40, 310, and 335	
53	20A-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 371	
54	20A-1-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 16 and 382	
55	ENACTS:	
56	10-2-110.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953	
57	10-2-126 , Utah Code Annotated 1953	
58	10-2-127 Utah Code Annotated 1953	

59	10-2-128 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
60	10-2-129 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
61	REPEALS:
62	10-2-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
63	10-2-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 184
64	10-2-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90
65	10-2-124, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389
66	
67	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
68	Section 1. Section 10-2-101 is amended to read:
69	10-2-101. Definitions.
70	(1) As used in this part[: (a) "Commission" means a boundary commission established
71	under Section 10-2-409 for the county in which the property that is proposed to be incorporated

- under Section 10-2-409 for the county in which the property that is proposed to be incorporated is located. (b) "Feasibility consultant" means a person or firm with expertise in the processes and economics of local government. (c) "Private,"], "private," with respect to real property, means [not owned by the United States or any agency of the federal government, the state, a county, a municipality, a school district, a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Local Districts, a special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, or any other political subdivision or governmental entity of the state] taxable property.
 - (2) For purposes of this part:

- (a) the owner of real property shall be the record title owner according to the records of the county recorder on the date of the filing of the request or petition; and
- (b) the value of private real property shall be determined according to the last assessment roll for county taxes before the filing of the request or petition.
- (3) For purposes of each provision of this part that requires the owners of private real property covering a percentage or fraction of the total private land area within an area to sign a request or petition:
- (a) a parcel of real property may not be included in the calculation of the required percentage or fraction unless the request or petition is signed by:
 - (i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), owners representing a majority

90	ownership interest in that parcel; or
91	(ii) if the parcel is owned by joint tenants or tenants by the entirety, 50% of the number
92	of owners of that parcel;
93	(b) the signature of a person signing a request or petition in a representative capacity on
94	behalf of an owner is invalid unless:
95	(i) the person's representative capacity and the name of the owner the person represents
96	are indicated on the request or petition with the person's signature; and
97	(ii) the person provides documentation accompanying the request or petition that
98	substantiates the person's representative capacity; and
99	(c) subject to Subsection (3)(b), a duly appointed personal representative may sign a
100	request or petition on behalf of a deceased owner.
101	Section 2. Section 10-2-102 is amended to read:
102	10-2-102. Incorporation of a contiguous area Governing provisions of city or
103	town incorporation.
104	(1) A contiguous area of a county not within a municipality may incorporate as a
105	municipality as provided in this part.
106	(2) (a) Incorporation as a city is governed by Sections 10-2-103 through [10-2-124]
107	<u>10-2-123</u> .
108	(b) Incorporation as a town is governed by [Section] Sections 10-2-125 through
109	<u>10-2-129</u> .
110	Section 3. Section 10-2-103 is amended to read:
111	10-2-103. Request for incorporation Requirements Limitations.
112	(1) The process to incorporate a contiguous area of a county as a city is initiated by a
113	request for [a feasibility study] incorporation filed with the clerk of the county in which the
114	area is located.
115	(2) [Each] A request under Subsection (1) shall:
116	(a) be signed by the owners of private real property that [: (i)] is located within the area
117	proposed to be incorporated;
118	[(ii) covers at least 10% of the total private land area within the area; and]
119	[(iii) is equal in value to at least 7% of the value of all private real property within the
120	area;]

121	(b) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner
122	signing the request;
123	(c) describe the contiguous area proposed to be incorporated as a city;
124	(d) designate up to five signers of the request as sponsors, one of whom shall be
125	designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each; and
126	(e) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate map or plat, prepared by a
127	licensed surveyor, showing the boundaries of the proposed city[; and].
128	[(f) request the county legislative body to commission a study to determine the
129	feasibility of incorporating the area as a city.]
130	[(3) A request for a feasibility study under this section may not propose for
131	incorporation an area that includes some or all of an area that is the subject of a completed
132	feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study whose results comply with Subsection
133	10-2-109(3) unless:]
134	[(a) the proposed incorporation that is the subject of the completed feasibility study or
135	supplemental feasibility study has been defeated by the voters at an election under Section
136	10-2-111; or]
137	[(b) the time provided under Subsection 10-2-109(1) for filing an incorporation
138	petition based on the completed feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study has elapsed
139	without the filing of a petition.]
140	[(4)] (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(4)]$ (3)(b), a request under this section
141	may not propose for incorporation an area that includes some or all of an area proposed for
142	annexation in an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 that:
143	(i) was filed before the filing of the request; and
144	(ii) is still pending on the date the request is filed.
145	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(4)]$ (3) (a), a request may propose for incorporation an
146	area that includes some or all of an area proposed for annexation in an annexation petition
147	described in Subsection $[(4)]$ $\underline{(3)}(a)$ if:
148	(i) the proposed annexation area that is part of the area proposed for incorporation does
149	not exceed 20% of the area proposed for incorporation;
150	(ii) the request complies with [Subsections (2) and (3)] Subsection (2) with respect to
151	the area proposed for incorporation excluding the proposed annexation area; and

152	(iii) excluding the area proposed for annexation from the area proposed for
153	incorporation would not cause the area proposed for incorporation to lose its contiguousness.
154	(c) [Except as provided in Section 10-2-107, each] \underline{A} request to which Subsection [(4)]
155	(3)(b) applies shall be considered as not proposing the incorporation of the area proposed for
156	annexation.
157	[(5)] (4) At the time of filing the request for $[a feasibility study]$ incorporation with the
158	county clerk, the sponsors of the request shall mail or deliver a copy of the request to the chair
159	of the planning commission of each township in which any part of the area proposed for
160	incorporation is located, if any.
161	Section 4. Section 10-2-105 is amended to read:
162	10-2-105. Processing a request for incorporation Certification or rejection by
163	county clerk Processing priority Limitations Township planning commission
164	recommendation.
165	(1) Within 45 days of the filing of a request under Section 10-2-103, the county clerk
166	shall:
167	(a) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
168	assistance, determine whether the request complies with Section 10-2-103; and
169	(b) (i) if the clerk determines that the request complies with Section 10-2-103:
170	(A) certify the request and deliver the certified request to the county legislative body;
171	and
172	(B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to:
173	(I) the contact sponsor; and
174	(II) the chair of the planning commission of each township in which any part of the
175	area proposed for incorporation is located; or
176	(ii) if the clerk determines that the request fails to comply with [any of those] Section
177	10-2-103 requirements, reject the request and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the
178	rejection and the reasons for the rejection.
179	(2) The county clerk shall certify or reject requests under Subsection (1) in the order in
180	which they are filed.
181	(3) (a) (i) If the county clerk rejects a request under Subsection (1)(b)(ii), the request
182	may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the

183	county	clerk.

- (ii) A signature on a request under Section 10-2-103 may be used toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection 10-2-103(2)(a) for the request as modified under Subsection (3)(a)(i).
- (b) If a request is amended and refiled under Subsection (3)(a) after having been rejected by the county clerk under Subsection (1)(b)(ii), it shall be considered as a newly filed request, and its processing priority is determined by the date on which it is refiled.
- [(4) (a) A township planning commission may recommend to the legislative body of the county in which the township is located that, for purposes of Subsection 10-2-106(4)(a)(xiii), the county legislative body support or oppose a proposed incorporation under this part of an area located within the township.]
- [(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), the township planning commission shall communicate each recommendation under Subsection (4)(a) in writing to the county legislative body within 60 days of the county clerk's certification under Subsection (1)(b)(i).]
- [(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b)(i), if the county clerk's certification under Subsection (1)(b)(i) is before July 17, 1997, the township planning commission shall communicate its recommendation under Subsection (4)(a) in writing to the county legislative body within 60 days of the county clerk's certification under Subsection (1)(b)(i) or August 31, 1997, whichever is later, but no later than:
- [(A) 75 days after the county legislative body has engaged the feasibility consultant under Subsection 10-2-106(1); or]
 - [(B) the completion of the feasibility study.]
- [(iii) At the time the recommendation under Subsection (4)(b)(i) is delivered to the county legislative body, the township planning commission shall mail or deliver a copy of the recommendation to the contact sponsor.]
 - Section 5. Section 10-2-109 is amended to read:
 - 10-2-109. Incorporation petition -- Requirements and form.
- (1) At any time within [18 months of the completion of the public hearings required under Subsection 10-2-108(1),] one year of filing a request for incorporation in accordance with Section 10-2-103, a petition for incorporation of the area proposed to be incorporated as a city may be filed in the office of the clerk of the county in which the area is located.

214	(2) Each petition under Subsection (1) shan:
215	(a) be signed by the owners of private real property that:
216	(i) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated;
217	(ii) covers at least $[\frac{1}{3}]$ $\frac{1}{8}$ of the total private land area within the area; and
218	(iii) is equal in value to at least $[\frac{1}{3}]$ $\frac{1}{8}$ of the value of all private real property within
219	the area;
220	(b) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner
221	signing the petition;
222	(c) describe the area proposed to be incorporated as a city, as described in the
223	[feasibility study] request [or modified request that meets the requirements of Subsection (3)]
224	for incorporation;
225	(d) state the proposed name for the proposed city;
226	(e) designate five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall be
227	designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each;
228	(f) state that the signers of the petition appoint the sponsors, if the incorporation
229	measure passes, to represent the signers in the process of:
230	(i) selecting the number of commission or council members the new city will have; and
231	(ii) drawing district boundaries for the election of commission or council members, if
232	the voters decide to elect commission or council members by district;
233	(g) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate plat or map, prepared by a
234	licensed surveyor, showing the boundaries of the proposed city; and
235	(h) substantially comply with and be circulated in the following form:
236	PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed
237	city)
238	To the Honorable County Legislative Body of (insert the name of the county in which
239	the proposed city is located) County, Utah:
240	We, the undersigned owners of real property within the area described in this petition,
241	respectfully petition the county legislative body to submit to the registered voters residing
242	within the area described in this petition, at [a special election held for that purpose] the next
243	regular general election, the question of whether the area should incorporate as a city. Each of
244	the undersigned affirms that each has personally signed this petition and is an owner of real

245	property within the described area, and that the current residence address of each is correctly
246	written after the signer's name. The area proposed to be incorporated as a city is described as
247	follows: (insert an accurate description of the area proposed to be incorporated).
248	[(3) A petition for incorporation of a city under Subsection (1) may not be filed unless
249	the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study show that the average
250	annual amount of revenue under Subsection 10-2-106(4)(a)(ix) does not exceed the average
251	annual amount of cost under Subsection 10-2-106(4)(a)(viii) by more than 5%.]
252	[(4)] (3) A signature on a request under Section 10-2-103 [or a modified request under
253	Section 10-2-107] may be used toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection
254	(2)(a):
255	(a) if the request under Section 10-2-103 [or modified request under Section 10-2-107]
256	notified the signer in conspicuous language that the signature, unless withdrawn, would also be
257	used for purposes of a petition for incorporation under this section; and
258	(b) unless the signer files with the county clerk a written withdrawal of the signature
259	before the petition under this section is filed with the clerk.
260	(4) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (4), "pending" means that the process to
261	incorporate an unincorporated area has been initiated by the filing of a request for incorporation
262	under Section 10-2-103 but that, as of May 12, 2012, a petition described in Section 10-2-109
263	has not yet been filed for final certification with the county clerk in accordance with Section
264	<u>10-2-110.</u>
265	(b) The amendments to Subsections (1) through (3) that become effective on May 12,
266	<u>2012:</u>
267	(i) apply to each pending proceeding proposing the incorporation of an unincorporated
268	area; and
269	(ii) do not apply to a municipal incorporation proceeding under this part in which a
270	petition described in Section 10-2-109 has been filed for final certification with the county
271	clerk in accordance with Section 10-2-110.
272	Section 6. Section 10-2-110.5 is enacted to read:
273	10-2-110.5. Public hearing Notice Feasibility of incorporation.
274	(1) If, in accordance with Section 10-2-110, the county clerk certifies a petition for
275	incorporation or a modified petition for incorporation, the county legislative body shall, at its

276	next regular meeting after receipt of a certified petition, schedule at least two public hearings to
277	be held:
278	(a) no later than 60 days after the day on which the legislative body receives the
279	certified petition;
280	(b) at least seven days apart;
281	(c) in geographically diverse locations within the proposed city; and
282	(d) to consider, in accordance with Subsection (3), the feasibility of incorporation for
283	the proposed city.
284	(2) (a) (i) The county clerk shall publish notice of the public hearings required under
285	Subsection (1):
286	(A) at least once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general
287	circulation within the proposed city; and
288	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for three weeks.
289	(ii) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) shall be at
290	least three days before the first public hearing required under Subsection (1).
291	(b) (i) If, under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), there is no newspaper of general circulation
292	within the proposed city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the hearings per
293	1,000 population in conspicuous places within the proposed city that are most likely to give
294	notice of the hearings to the residents of the proposed city.
295	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(b)(i) at least seven days before
296	the first hearing under Subsection (1).
297	(3) At a public hearing scheduled in accordance with Subsection (1), the county
298	legislative body shall:
299	(a) allow the public to:
300	(i) review the map or plat of the boundary of the proposed city;
301	(ii) ask questions and become informed about the proposed incorporation; and
302	(iii) express their views about the proposed incorporation, including their views about
303	the boundary of the area proposed to be incorporated; and
304	(b) consider:
305	(i) the population and population density within the area proposed for incorporation
306	and the surrounding area;

307	(ii) whether the proposed boundaries eliminate or create an unincorporated island or
308	peninsula;
309	(iii) the projected fiscal impact on unincorporated areas, local districts, special service
310	districts, and other governmental entities in the county;
311	(iv) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the
312	proposed city and surrounding area, including household size and income, commercial and
313	industrial development, and public facilities;
314	(v) projected growth in the proposed city and in adjacent areas during the next five
315	years; and
316	(vi) the present and five-year projected revenue for the proposed city.
317	(4) For purposes of Subsection (3)(b)(vi), the legislative body shall assume ad valorem
318	property tax rates on residential property within the proposed city at the same level at which
319	they would have been without the incorporation.
320	(5) The county legislative body shall publish the hearing minutes and a summary of the
321	hearing on the county's Internet website, if the county has a website, and provide a copy of the
322	minutes and summary for public review at the legislative body's county office.
323	(6) The requirements of this section that become effective on May 12, 2012, do not
324	apply to a petition for incorporation certified by the county clerk, in accordance with Section
325	10-2-110, before May 12, 2012.
326	Section 7. Section 10-2-111 is amended to read:
327	10-2-111. Incorporation election.
328	(1) (a) At the next [special election] regular general election date under Section
329	$[20A-1-204]$ $20A-1-201$ more than $[45]$ $\underline{60}$ days after the county legislative body's receipt of
330	the certified petition or certified modified petition under Subsection 10-2-110(1)(b)(i), the
331	county legislative body shall hold an election on the proposed incorporation.
332	(b) Unless a person is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102,
333	within the boundaries of the proposed city, the person may not vote on the proposed
334	incorporation.
335	(2) (a) The county clerk shall publish notice of the election:
336	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the area proposed to be incorporated at
337	least once a week for three successive weeks; and

338	(11) In accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
339	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall contain:
340	(i) a statement of the contents of the petition;
341	(ii) a description of the area proposed to be incorporated as a city;
342	(iii) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
343	and
344	[(iv) the feasibility study summary under Subsection 10-2-106(3)(b) and a statement
345	that a full copy of the study is available for inspection and copying at the office of the county
346	clerk.]
347	(iv) the county Internet website address, if applicable, and the address of the county
348	office where the feasibility hearing minutes and summary are available, in accordance with
349	Section 10-2-110.5.
350	(c) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (2)(a) shall occur at least
351	one day but no more than seven days before the election.
352	(d) (i) In accordance with Subsection (2)(a)(i), if there is no newspaper of general
353	circulation within the proposed city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
354	election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the proposed city that are most
355	likely to give notice of the election to the voters of the proposed city.
356	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(d)(i) at least seven days before
357	the election under Subsection (1).
358	(3) If a majority of the registered voters residing within the area boundaries of the
359	proposed city vote to incorporate as a city, the area shall incorporate.
360	Section 8. Section 10-2-116 is amended to read:
361	10-2-116. Election of officers of new city.
362	(1) For the election of city officers, the county legislative body shall:
363	(a) unless a primary election is prohibited by Subsection 20A-9-404(2), hold a primary
364	election; and
365	(b) hold a final election.
366	(2) Each election under Subsection (1) shall be:
367	(a) appropriate to the form of government chosen by the voters at the incorporation
368	election;

369	(b) consistent with the voters' decision about whether to elect commission or council
370	members by district and, if applicable, consistent with the boundaries of those districts as
371	determined by the petition sponsors; and
372	(c) consistent with the sponsors' determination of the number of commission or council
373	members to be elected and the length of their initial term.
374	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b) [and except as provided in Subsection (5)], the
375	primary election under Subsection (1)(a) shall be held at the earliest of the next:
376	(i) regular general election under Section 20A-1-201;
377	(ii) municipal primary election under Section 20A-9-404;
378	(iii) municipal general election under Section 20A-1-202; or
379	(iv) special election under Section 20A-1-204.
380	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the primary election under Subsection (1)(a)
381	may not be held until 75 days after the incorporation election under Section 10-2-111.
382	(4) [Except as provided in Subsection (5), the] The final election under Subsection
383	(1)(b) shall be held at the next special election date under Section 20A-1-204:
384	(a) after the primary election; or
385	(b) if there is no primary election, more than 75 days after the incorporation election
386	under Section 10-2-111.
387	[(5) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) and (4), the county legislative body may hold the
388	primary and final elections required under Subsection (1) on the dates provided for the next
389	municipal primary election under Section 20A-9-404 and the next municipal general election
390	under Section 20A-1-202, respectively, after the incorporation election, if:]
391	[(a) with the results under Subsection 10-2-114(1)(d), the petition sponsors submit to
392	the county legislative body a written request to that effect; and]
393	[(b) the incorporation election under Section 10-2-111 took place in February or May
394	of an odd-numbered year.]
395	[6) (a) (i) The county clerk shall publish notice of an election under this section:
396	(A) at least once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation
397	within the future city; and
398	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
399	(ii) The later notice under Subsection $[\frac{(6)}{(5)}]$ $(\frac{5}{(6)})$ (a)(i) shall be at least one day but no

400	more than seven days before the election.
401	(b) (i) In accordance with Subsection $[(6)]$ (5) (a)(i)(A), if there is no newspaper of
402	general circulation within the future city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
403	election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the future city that are most likely
404	to give notice of the election to the voters.
405	(ii) The county clerk shall post the notices under Subsection [$\frac{(6)}{(5)}$] $\frac{(5)}{(b)}$ (i) at least
406	seven days before each election under Subsection (1).
407	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> Until the city is incorporated, the county clerk is the election officer for all
408	purposes in an election of officers of the city approved at an incorporation election.
409	Section 9. Section 10-2-125 is amended to read:
410	10-2-125. Incorporation of a town Petition.
411	(1) As used in this section:
412	(a) "Assessed value," with respect to agricultural land, means the value at which the
413	land would be assessed without regard to a valuation for agricultural use under Section
414	59-2-503.
415	[(b) "Financial feasibility study" means a study to determine:]
416	(i) the projected revenues for the proposed town during the first three years after
417	incorporation; and]
418	[(ii) the projected costs, including overhead, that the proposed town will incur in
419	providing governmental services during the first three years after incorporation.]
420	[(c)] (b) "Municipal service" means a publicly provided service that is not provided on
421	a countywide basis.
422	[(d)] (c) "Nonurban" means having a residential density of less than one unit per acre.
423	(2) (a) (i) A contiguous area of a county not within a municipality, with a population of
424	at least 100 but less than 1,000, may incorporate as a town as provided in this section.
425	(ii) An area within a county of the first class is not contiguous for purposes of
426	Subsection (2)(a)(i) if:
427	(A) the area includes a strip of land that connects geographically separate areas; and
428	(B) the distance between the geographically separate areas is greater than the average
429	width of the strip of land connecting the geographically separate areas.
430	(b) The population figure under Subsection (2)(a) shall be determined:

431	(i) as of the date the incorporation petition is filed; and
432	(ii) by the Utah Population Estimates Committee within 20 days after the county clerk's
433	certification under Subsection (6) of a petition filed under Subsection (4).
434	(3) (a) The process to incorporate an area as a town is initiated by filing a [request for a
435	public hearing with the clerk of the county in which the area is located] petition to incorporate
436	the area as a town with the clerk of the county in which the area is located.
437	[(b) Each request for a public hearing under Subsection (3)(a) shall:]
438	[(i) be signed by the owners of at least five separate parcels of private real property,
439	each owned by a different owner, located within the area proposed to be incorporated; and]
440	[(ii) be accompanied by an accurate map or plat depicting the boundary of the proposed
441	town.]
442	[(c) Within 10 days after a request for a public hearing is filed under Subsection (3)(a),
443	the county clerk shall, with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk
444	requests assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of
445	Subsection (3)(b).]
446	[(d) If the clerk determines that a request under Subsection (3)(a) fails to comply with
447	the requirements of Subsection (3)(b), the clerk shall reject the request and deliver written
448	notice of the rejection to the signers of the request.]
449	[(e) (i) If the clerk determines that a request under Subsection (3)(a) complies with the
450	requirements of Subsection (3)(b), the clerk shall:
451	[(A) schedule and arrange for a public hearing to be held:]
452	[(I) (Aa) at a public facility located within the boundary of the proposed town; or]
453	[(Bb) if there is no public facility within the boundary of the proposed town, at another
454	nearby public facility or at the county seat; and]
455	[(II) within 20 days after the clerk provides the last notice required under Subsection
456	(3)(e)(i)(B); and]
457	[(B) no later than 10 days after the clerk determines that a request complies with the
458	requirements of Subsection (3)(b), give notice of the public hearing on the proposed
459	incorporation by:]
460	[(I) posting notice of the public hearing on the county's Internet website, if the county
461	has an Internet website;

462	(H) (Aa) publishing notice of the public hearing at least once a week for two
463	consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town; or]
464	[(Bb) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town, posting
465	notice of the public hearing in at least five conspicuous public places within the proposed
466	town; and]
467	[(III) publishing notice of the public hearing on the Utah Public Notice Website created
468	in Section 63F-1-701.]
469	[(ii) Each public hearing under Subsection (3)(e)(i)(A) shall be conducted by the chair
470	of the county commission or council, or the chair's designee, to:]
471	[(A) introduce the concept of the proposed incorporation to the public;]
472	[(B) allow the public to review the map or plat of the boundary of the proposed town;]
473	[(C) allow the public to ask questions and become informed about the proposed
474	incorporation; and]
475	[(D) allow the public to express their views about the proposed incorporation,
476	including their views about the boundary of the area proposed to be incorporated.]
477	[(4) (a) At any time within three months after the public hearing under Subsection
478	(3)(e), a petition to incorporate the area as a town may be filed with the clerk of the county in
479	which the area is located.]
480	(b) [Each] \underline{A} petition under Subsection [(4)] (3)(a) shall:
481	(i) be signed by:
482	(A) the owners of private real property that:
483	(I) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated;
484	(II) covers a majority of the total private land area within the area;
485	(III) is equal in assessed value to more than $[\frac{1}{2}]$ $\frac{1}{8}$ of the assessed value of all private
486	real property within the area; and
487	(IV) consists, in number of parcels, of at least $[\frac{1}{3}]$ of the number of all parcels of
488	private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated; and
489	(B) a majority of all registered voters within the area proposed to be incorporated as a
490	town, according to the official voter registration list maintained by the county on the date the
491	petition is filed;
492	(ii) designate as sponsors at least five of the property owners who have signed the

petition, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address of each owner signing as a sponsor;

- (iii) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate map or plat, prepared by a licensed surveyor, showing a legal description of the boundary of the proposed town; and
 - (iv) substantially comply with and be circulated in the following form:

PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed town)

To the Honorable County Legislative Body of (insert the name of the county in which the proposed town is located) County, Utah:

We, the undersigned owners of real property and registered voters within the area described in this petition, respectfully petition the county legislative body [for the area described in this petition to be incorporated] to submit to the registered voters residing within the area described in this petition, at the next regular general election, the question of whether the area should incorporate as a town. Each of the undersigned affirms that each has personally signed this petition and is an owner of real property or a registered voter residing within the described area, and that the current residence address of each is correctly written after the signer's name. The area proposed to be incorporated as a town is described as follows: (insert an accurate description of the area proposed to be incorporated).

- (c) A petition under this Subsection [(4)] (3) may not describe an area that includes some or all of an area proposed for annexation in an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 that:
 - (i) was filed before the filing of the petition; and
 - (ii) is still pending on the date the petition is filed.
- (d) A petition may not be filed under this section if the private real property owned by the petition sponsors, designated under Subsection [(4)] (3)(b)(ii), cumulatively exceeds 40% of the total private land area within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town.
- (e) A signer of a petition under this Subsection [(4)] (3) may withdraw or, after withdrawn, reinstate the signer's signature on the petition:
- 521 (i) at any time until the county clerk certifies the petition under Subsection [(6)] <u>(5)</u>; 522 and
 - (ii) by filing a signed, written withdrawal or reinstatement with the county clerk.

524	$[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (4) (a) If a petition is filed under Subsection $[\underbrace{(4)}]$ (3)(a) proposing to incorporate
525	as a town an area located within a county of the first class, the county clerk shall deliver written
526	notice of the proposed incorporation:
527	(i) to each owner of private real property owning more than 1% of the assessed value
528	of all private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town; and
529	(ii) within seven calendar days after the date on which the petition is filed.
530	(b) A private real property owner described in Subsection [(5)] (4) (a)(i) may exclude
531	all or part of the owner's property from the area proposed to be incorporated as a town by filing
532	a notice of exclusion:
533	(i) with the county clerk; and
534	(ii) within 10 calendar days after receiving the clerk's notice under Subsection [(5)]
535	<u>(4)</u> (a).
536	(c) The county legislative body shall exclude from the area proposed to be incorporated
537	as a town the property identified in the notice of exclusion under Subsection [(5)] (4) (b) if:
538	(i) the property:
539	(A) is nonurban; and
540	(B) does not and will not require a municipal service; and
541	(ii) exclusion will not leave an unincorporated island within the proposed town.
542	(d) If the county legislative body excludes property from the area proposed to be
543	incorporated as a town, the county legislative body shall send written notice of the exclusion to
544	the contact sponsor within five days after the exclusion.
545	[(6) Within] (5) No later than 20 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection
546	[(4)] <u>(3)</u> , the county clerk shall:
547	(a) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
548	assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection [(4)]
549	<u>(3)</u> ; and
550	(b) (i) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with those requirements:
551	(A) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body;
552	and
553	(B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to:
554	(I) the contact sponsor;

555	(II) if applicable, the chair of the planning commission of each township in which any
556	part of the area proposed for incorporation is located; and
557	(III) the Utah Population Estimates Committee; or
558	(ii) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of those
559	requirements, reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection and
560	the reasons for the rejection.
561	[(7)] (6) (a) (i) A petition that is rejected under Subsection $[(6)]$ (5)(b)(ii) may be
562	amended to correct a deficiency for which it was rejected and then refiled with the county
563	clerk.
564	(ii) A valid signature on a petition filed under Subsection [(4)] (3)(a) may be used
565	toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection [(4)] (3)(b) for the same petition that
566	is amended under Subsection $[\frac{(7)}{(6)}]$ $\underline{(6)}(a)(i)$ and then refiled with the county clerk.
567	(b) If a petition is amended and refiled under Subsection $[\frac{(7)}{(6)}]$ (6)(a)(i) after having
568	been rejected by the county clerk under Subsection [(6)] (5)(b)(ii):
569	(i) the amended petition shall be considered as a newly filed petition; and
570	(ii) the amended petition's processing priority is determined by the date on which it is
571	refiled.
572	[(8) (a) (i) The legislative body of a county with which a petition is filed under
573	Subsection (4) may, at its option and upon the petition being certified under Subsection (6),
574	commission and pay for a financial feasibility study.]
575	[(ii) If the county legislative body chooses to commission a financial feasibility study,
576	the county legislative body shall:
577	[(A) within 20 days after the incorporation petition is certified, select and engage a
578	feasibility consultant; and]
579	[(B) require the feasibility consultant to complete the financial feasibility study and
580	submit written results of the study to the county legislative body no later than 30 days after the
581	feasibility consultant is engaged to conduct the financial feasibility study.]
582	[(b) If the county legislative body has commissioned a financial feasibility study under
583	Subsection (8)(a)(i), the county legislative body shall approve a petition proposing the
584	incorporation of a town and hold an election for town officers, as provided in Subsection (9),
585	if:

586	[(i) the county clerk has certified the petition under Subsection (6); and]
587	[(ii) (A) the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)
588	show that the average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) does not
589	exceed the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than
590	15%; or]
591	[(B) the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i) show
592	that the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) does not exceed the
593	average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%.]
594	[(c) (i) If the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)
595	show that the average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) exceeds the
596	average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%, the
597	county legislative body may:]
598	[(A) deny the petition, in accordance with Subsection (8)(c)(iii), if the results of the
599	financial feasibility study show that the average annual amount of revenues described in
600	Subsection (1)(b)(i) exceeds the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection
601	(1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%; or]
602	[(B) (I) with the consent of the petition sponsors:]
603	[(Aa) impose conditions to prevent the average annual amount of revenues described in
604	Subsection (1)(b)(i) from exceeding the average annual amount of costs described in
605	Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%; or]
606	[(Bb) alter the boundaries of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town to
607	approximate the boundaries necessary to prevent the average annual amount of revenues
608	described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) from exceeding the average annual amount of costs described
609	in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%; and]
610	[(II) approve the incorporation petition and hold an election for town officers, as
611	provided in Subsection (9).
612	[(ii) If the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)
613	show that the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) exceeds the
614	average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%, the
615	county legislative body shall:
616	[(A) approve the petition;]

617	[(B) deny the petition in accordance with Subsection (8)(c)(iii); or]
618	[(C) (I) with the consent of the petition sponsors:]
619	[(Aa) impose conditions to prevent the average annual amount of costs described in
620	Subsection (1)(b)(ii) from exceeding the average annual amount of revenues described in
621	Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%; or]
622	[(Bb) alter the boundaries of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town to
623	approximate the boundaries necessary to prevent the average annual amount of costs described
624	in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) from exceeding the average annual amount of revenues described in
625	Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%; and]
626	[(II) approve the incorporation petition and hold an election for town officers, as
627	provided in Subsection (9).]
628	[(iii) A county legislative body intending to deny a petition under Subsection
629	(8)(c)(i)(A) or (8)(c)(ii)(B) shall deny the petition within 20 days after the feasibility consultant
630	submits the written results of the financial feasibility study.]
631	[(d) Each town that incorporates pursuant to a petition approved after the county
632	legislative body imposes conditions under Subsection (8)(c)(i)(B)(I)(Aa) or (8)(c)(ii)(C)(I)(Aa)
633	shall comply with those conditions.]
634	[(9) (a) The legislative body of the county in which the proposed new town is located
635	shall hold the election for town officers provided for in Subsection (8) within:
636	[(i) 45 days after the day on which the feasibility consultant submits the written results
637	of the financial feasibility study, for an election under Subsection (8)(b); or]
638	[(ii) 60 days after the day on which the feasibility consultant submits the written results
639	of the financial feasibility study, for an election under Subsection (8)(c)(i)(B)(II) or
640	(8)(c)(ii)(B)(II).]
641	[(b) The officers elected at an election under Subsection (9)(a) shall take office:]
642	[(i) at noon on the first Monday in January next following the election, if the election is
643	held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or]
644	[(ii) at noon on the first day of the month next following the effective date of the
645	incorporation under Subsection (12), if the election of officers is held on any other date.]
646	[(10) Each newly incorporated town shall operate under the five-member council form
647	of government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.]

648	[(11) The mayor-elect of the future town shall:]
649	[(a) within 30 days after the canvass of the election of town officers under Subsection
650	(9), file with the lieutenant governor:
651	[(i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section
652	67-1a-6.5, that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
653	[(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and]
654	[(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of incorporation under
655	Section 67-1a-6.5:]
656	[(i) if the town is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to the recorder
657	of that county the original:
658	[(A) notice of an impending boundary action;]
659	[(B) certificate of incorporation; and]
660	[(C) approved final local entity plat; or]
661	[(ii) if the town is located within the boundaries of more than a single county, submit
662	the original of the documents listed in Subsections (11)(b)(i)(A), (B), and (C) to one of those
663	counties and a certified copy of those documents to each other county.]
664	[(12) (a) A new town is incorporated:]
665	[(i) on December 31 of the year in which the lieutenant governor issues a certificate of
666	incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under Subsection (9) is
667	held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or]
668	[(ii) on the last day of the month during which the lieutenant governor issues a
669	certificate of incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under
670	Subsection (9) is held on any other date.]
671	[(b) (i) The effective date of an incorporation for purposes of assessing property within
672	the new town is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.]
673	[(ii) Until the documents listed in Subsection (11)(b) are recorded in the office of the
674	recorder of each county in which the property is located, a newly incorporated town may not:]
675	[(A) levy or collect a property tax on property within the town;]
676	[(B) levy or collect an assessment on property within the town; or]
677	[(C) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the town.]
678	[(13) For each petition filed before March 5, 2008:]

679	[(a) the petition is subject to and governed by the law in effect at the time the petition
680	was filed; and]
681	[(b) the law in effect at the time the petition was filed governs in all administrative and
682	judicial proceedings relating to the petition.]
683	Section 10. Section 10-2-126 is enacted to read:
684	10-2-126. Incorporation of town Public hearing on feasibility.
685	(1) If, in accordance with Section 10-2-125, the county clerk certifies a petition for
686	incorporation or an amended petition for incorporation, the county legislative body shall, at its
687	next regular meeting after receipt of a certified petition, schedule a public hearing to:
688	(a) be held no later than 60 days after the day on which the legislative body receives the
689	certified petition; and
690	(b) consider, in accordance with Subsection (3)(b), the feasibility of incorporation for
691	the proposed town.
692	(2) The county legislative body shall give notice of the public hearing on the proposed
693	incorporation by:
694	(a) posting notice of the public hearing on the county's Internet website, if the county
695	has an Internet website;
696	(b) (i) publishing notice of the public hearing at least once a week for two consecutive
697	weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town; or
698	(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town, posting
699	notice of the public hearing in at least five conspicuous public places within the proposed
700	town; and
701	(c) publishing notice of the public hearing on the Utah Public Notice Website created
702	in Section 63F-1-701.
703	(3) At the public hearing scheduled in accordance with Subsection (1), the county
704	legislative body shall:
705	(a) allow the public to:
706	(i) review the map or plat of the boundary of the proposed town;
707	(ii) ask questions and become informed about the proposed incorporation; and
708	(iii) express their views about the proposed incorporation, including their views about
709	the boundary of the area proposed to be incorporated; and

710	(b) consider:
711	(i) the population and population density within the area proposed for incorporation
712	and the surrounding area;
713	(ii) whether the proposed boundaries eliminate or create an unincorporated island or
714	peninsula;
715	(iii) the projected fiscal impact on unincorporated areas, local districts, special service
716	districts, and other governmental entities in the county;
717	(iv) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the
718	proposed town and surrounding area, including household size and income, commercial and
719	industrial development, and public facilities;
720	(v) projected growth in the proposed town and in adjacent areas during the next five
721	years; and
722	(vi) the present and five-year projected revenue for the proposed town.
723	(4) For purposes of Subsection (3)(b)(vi), the legislative body shall assume ad valorem
724	property tax rates on residential property within the proposed town at the same level at which
725	they would have been without the incorporation.
726	(5) The county legislative body shall publish the hearing minutes and a summary of the
727	hearing on the county's Internet website, if the county has a website, and provide a copy of the
728	minutes and summary for public review at the legislative body's county office.
729	Section 11. Section 10-2-127 is enacted to read:
730	10-2-127. Incorporation of town Election to incorporate Ballot form.
731	(1) (a) At the next regular general election, as defined in Section 20A-1-102, more than
732	60 days after the public hearing described in Section 10-2-126, the county legislative body shall
733	hold an election on the proposed incorporation.
734	(b) Unless a person is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102,
735	within the boundaries of the proposed town, the person may not vote on the proposed
736	incorporation.
737	(2) (a) The county clerk shall publish notice of the election:
738	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation, within the area proposed to be incorporated,
739	at least once a week for three successive weeks; and
740	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.

741	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall contain:
742	(i) a statement of the contents of the petition;
743	(ii) a description of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town;
744	(iii) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
745	<u>and</u>
746	(iv) the county Internet website address, if applicable, and the address of the county
747	office where the feasibility hearing minutes and summary, in accordance with Section
748	<u>10-2-126</u> , are available.
749	(c) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (2)(a) shall occur at least
750	one day but no more than seven days before the election.
751	(d) (i) In accordance with Subsection (2)(a)(i), if there is no newspaper of general
752	circulation within the proposed town, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
753	election per 100 population in conspicuous places within the proposed town that are most
754	likely to give notice of the election to the voters of the proposed town.
755	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(d)(i) at least seven days before
756	the election under Subsection (1)(a).
757	(3) The ballot at the incorporation election shall pose the incorporation question
758	substantially as follows:
759	Shall the area described as (insert a description of the proposed town) be incorporated
760	as the town of (insert the proposed name of the proposed town)?
761	(4) The ballot shall provide a space for the voter to answer yes or no to the question in
762	Subsection (3).
763	(5) If a majority of the registered voters residing within the area boundaries of the
764	proposed town vote to incorporate as a town, the area shall incorporate.
765	Section 12. Section 10-2-128 is enacted to read:
766	10-2-128. Form of government Election of officers of new town.
767	(1) A newly incorporated town shall operate under the five-member council form of
768	government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.
769	(2) (a) The county legislative body of the county in which a newly incorporated town is
770	located shall hold an election for town officers at the next special election after the regular
771	general election in which the town incorporation is approved.

770	
772	(b) The officers elected at an election described in Subsection (2)(a) shall take office at
773	noon on the first Monday in January next following the special election described in
774	Subsection (2)(a).
775	Section 13. Section 10-2-129 is enacted to read:
776	10-2-129. Notice to lieutenant governor Effective date of incorporation Effect
777	of recording documents.
778	(1) The mayor-elect of the future town shall:
779	(a) within 30 days after the canvass of the election of town officers under Section
780	10-2-128, file with the lieutenant governor:
781	(i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5
782	that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
783	(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and
784	(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of incorporation under
785	Section 67-1a-6.5:
786	(i) if the town is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to the recorder
787	of that county the original:
788	(A) notice of an impending boundary action;
789	(B) certificate of incorporation; and
790	(C) approved final local entity plat; or
791	(ii) if the town is located within the boundaries of more than a single county, submit
792	the original of the documents listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i)(A), (B), and (C) to one of those
793	counties and a certified copy of those documents to each other county.
794	(2) (a) A new town is incorporated:
795	(i) on December 31 of the year in which the lieutenant governor issues a certificate of
796	incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under Section 10-2-128
797	is held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or
798	(ii) on the last day of the month during which the lieutenant governor issues a
799	certificate of incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under
800	Section 10-2-128 is held on any other date.
801	(b) (i) The effective date of an incorporation for purposes of assessing property within
802	the new town is governed by Section 50-2-305 5

803	(ii) Until the documents listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i) are recorded in the office of the
804	recorder of each county in which the property is located, a newly incorporated town may not:
805	(A) levy or collect a property tax on property within the town;
806	(B) levy or collect an assessment on property within the town; or
807	(C) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the town.
808	Section 14. Section 10-2-403 is amended to read:
809	10-2-403. Annexation petition Requirements Notice required before filing.
810	(1) Except as provided in Section 10-2-418, the process to annex an unincorporated
811	area to a municipality is initiated by a petition as provided in this section.
812	(2) (a) (i) Before filing a petition under Subsection (1) with respect to the proposed
813	annexation of an area located in a county of the first class, the person or persons intending to
814	file a petition shall:
815	(A) file with the city recorder or town clerk of the proposed annexing municipality a
816	notice of intent to file a petition; and
817	(B) send a copy of the notice of intent to each affected entity.
818	(ii) Each notice of intent under Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall include an accurate map of the
819	area that is proposed to be annexed.
820	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the county in which the area proposed to be
821	annexed is located shall:
822	(A) mail the notice described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii) to:
823	(I) each owner of real property located within the area proposed to be annexed; and
824	(II) each owner of real property located within 300 feet of the area proposed to be
825	annexed; and
826	(B) send to the proposed annexing municipality a copy of the notice and a certificate
827	indicating that the notice has been mailed as required under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A).
828	(ii) The county shall mail the notice required under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) within 20
829	days after receiving from the person or persons who filed the notice of intent:
830	(A) a written request to mail the required notice; and
831	(B) payment of an amount equal to the county's expected actual cost of mailing the
832	notice.
833	(iii) Each notice required under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) shall:

834	(A)	be in	writing

- (B) state, in bold and conspicuous terms, substantially the following:
- "Attention: Your property may be affected by a proposed annexation.

Records show that you own property within an area that is intended to be included in a proposed annexation to (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality) or that is within 300 feet of that area. If your property is within the area proposed for annexation, you may be asked to sign a petition supporting the annexation. You may choose whether or not to sign the petition. By signing the petition, you indicate your support of the proposed annexation. If you sign the petition but later change your mind about supporting the annexation, you may withdraw your signature by submitting a signed, written withdrawal with the recorder or clerk of (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality) within 30 days after (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality) receives notice that the petition has been certified.

There will be no public election on the proposed annexation because Utah law does not provide for an annexation to be approved by voters at a public election. Signing or not signing the annexation petition is the method under Utah law for the owners of property within the area proposed for annexation to demonstrate their support of or opposition to the proposed annexation.

You may obtain more information on the proposed annexation by contacting (state the name, mailing address, telephone number, and email address of the official or employee of the proposed annexing municipality designated to respond to questions about the proposed annexation), (state the name, mailing address, telephone number, and email address of the county official or employee designated to respond to questions about the proposed annexation), or (state the name, mailing address, telephone number, and email address of the person who filed the notice of intent under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), or, if more than one person filed the notice of intent, one of those persons). Once filed, the annexation petition will be available for inspection and copying at the office of (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality) located at (state the address of the municipal offices of the proposed annexing municipality)."; and

- (C) be accompanied by an accurate map identifying the area proposed for annexation.
- (iv) A county may not mail with the notice required under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) any other information or materials related or unrelated to the proposed annexation.

865	(c) (i) After receiving the certificate from the county as provided in Subsection
866	(2)(b)(i)(B), the proposed annexing municipality shall, upon request from the person or persons
867	who filed the notice of intent under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), provide an annexation petition for
868	the annexation proposed in the notice of intent.
869	(ii) An annexation petition provided by the proposed annexing municipality may be
870	duplicated for circulation for signatures.
871	(3) Each petition under Subsection (1) shall:
872	(a) be filed with the city recorder or town clerk, as the case may be, of the proposed
873	annexing municipality;
874	(b) contain the signatures of:
875	(i) the owners of private real property that:
876	(A) is located within the area proposed for annexation;
877	(B) (I) subject to Subsection (3)(b)(i)(B)(II), covers a majority of the private land area
878	within the area proposed for annexation; and
879	(II) covers 100% of the private land area within the area proposed for annexation, if the
880	area is within:
881	(Aa) an agriculture protection area created under Title 17, Chapter 41, Agriculture and
882	Industrial Protection Areas; or
883	(Bb) a migratory bird production area created under Title 23, Chapter 28, Migratory
884	Bird Production Area; and
885	(C) is equal in value to at least 1/3 of the value of all private real property within the
886	area proposed for annexation; or
887	(ii) if all the real property within the area proposed for annexation is owned by a public
888	entity other than the federal government, the owner of all the publicly owned real property;
889	(c) if the petition proposes the annexation of an area located within a township, explain
890	that if the annexation petition is granted, the area will also be withdrawn from the township;
891	(d) be accompanied by:
892	(i) an accurate and recordable map, prepared by a licensed surveyor, of the area
893	proposed for annexation; and
894	(ii) a copy of the notice sent to affected entities as required under Subsection
895	(2)(a)(i)(B) and a list of the affected entities to which notice was sent;

(e) if the area proposed to be annexed is located in a county of the first class, contain on each signature page a notice in bold and conspicuous terms that states substantially the following:

"Notice:

- There will be no public election on the annexation proposed by this petition because Utah law does not provide for an annexation to be approved by voters at a public election.
- If you sign this petition and later decide that you do not support the petition, you may withdraw your signature by submitting a signed, written withdrawal with the recorder or clerk of (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality). If you choose to withdraw your signature, you shall do so no later than 30 days after (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality) receives notice that the petition has been certified.";
- (f) if the petition proposes the annexation of an area located in a county that is not the county in which the proposed annexing municipality is located, be accompanied by a copy of the resolution, required under Subsection 10-2-402(6), of the legislative body of the county in which the area is located; and
- (g) designate up to five of the signers of the petition as sponsors, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, and indicate the mailing address of each sponsor.
- (4) A petition under Subsection (1) may not propose the annexation of all or part of an area proposed for annexation to a municipality in a previously filed petition that has not been denied, rejected, or granted.
- (5) A petition under Subsection (1) proposing the annexation of an area located in a county of the first class may not propose the annexation of an area that includes some or all of an area proposed to be incorporated in a request for [a feasibility study] incorporation under Section 10-2-103 or a petition under Section 10-2-125 if:
 - (a) the request or petition was filed before the filing of the annexation petition; and
- (b) the request, a petition under Section 10-2-109 based on that request, or a petition under Section 10-2-125 is still pending on the date the annexation petition is filed.
- (6) If practicable and feasible, the boundaries of an area proposed for annexation shall be drawn:
- (a) along the boundaries of existing local districts and special service districts for sewer, water, and other services, along the boundaries of school districts whose boundaries

927 follow city boundaries or school districts adjacent to school districts whose boundaries follow 928 city boundaries, and along the boundaries of other taxing entities; 929 (b) to eliminate islands and peninsulas of territory that is not receiving municipal-type 930 services; 931 (c) to facilitate the consolidation of overlapping functions of local government; 932 (d) to promote the efficient delivery of services; and 933 (e) to encourage the equitable distribution of community resources and obligations. 934 (7) On the date of filing, the petition sponsors shall deliver or mail a copy of the 935 petition to: 936 (a) the clerk of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is located; and 937 (b) if any of the area proposed for annexation is within a township: 938 (i) the legislative body of the county in which the township is located; and 939 (ii) the chair of the township planning commission. 940 (8) A property owner who signs an annexation petition proposing to annex an area 941 located in a county of the first class may withdraw the owner's signature by filing a written 942 withdrawal, signed by the property owner, with the city recorder or town clerk no later than 30 943 days after the municipal legislative body's receipt of the notice of certification under 944 Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i). 945 Section 15. Section 17-27a-302 is amended to read: 946 17-27a-302. Planning commission powers and duties. 947 (1) Each countywide or township planning commission shall, with respect to the 948 unincorporated area of the county, or the township, make a recommendation to the county 949 legislative body for: 950 (a) a general plan and amendments to the general plan; 951 (b) land use ordinances, zoning maps, official maps, and amendments; 952 (c) an appropriate delegation of power to at least one designated land use authority to 953 hear and act on a land use application; 954 (d) an appropriate delegation of power to at least one appeal authority to hear and act 955 on an appeal from a decision of the land use authority; and 956 (e) application processes that: 957 (i) may include a designation of routine land use matters that, upon application and

958 proper notice, will receive informal streamlined review and action if the application is 959 uncontested; and 960 (ii) shall protect the right of each: 961 (A) applicant and third party to require formal consideration of any application by a 962 land use authority; 963 (B) applicant, adversely affected party, or county officer or employee to appeal a land 964 use authority's decision to a separate appeal authority; and 965 (C) participant to be heard in each public hearing on a contested application. 966 (2) The planning commission of a township under this part may recommend to the 967 legislative body of the county in which the township is located[: (a) that the legislative body 968 support or oppose a proposed incorporation of an area located within the township, as provided 969 in Subsection 10-2-105(4); or (b) that the legislative body file a protest to a proposed 970 annexation of an area located within the township, as provided in Subsection 10-2-407(1)(b). 971 Section 16. Section **20A-1-102** is amended to read: 972 20A-1-102. Definitions. 973 As used in this title: 974 (1) "Active voter" means a registered voter who has not been classified as an inactive 975 voter by the county clerk. 976 (2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus that automatically examines 977 and counts votes recorded on paper ballots or ballot sheets and tabulates the results. 978 (3) (a) "Ballot" means the storage medium, whether paper, mechanical, or electronic, 979 upon which a voter records the voter's votes. 980 (b) "Ballot" includes ballot sheets, paper ballots, electronic ballots, and secrecy 981 envelopes. 982 (4) "Ballot sheet": 983 (a) means a ballot that: 984 (i) consists of paper or a card where the voter's votes are marked or recorded; and 985 (ii) can be counted using automatic tabulating equipment; and

(b) includes punch card ballots and other ballots that are machine-countable.

(5) "Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages, or other materials that:

(a) contain the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to

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- (b) are used in conjunction with ballot sheets that do not display that information.
- 991 (6) "Ballot proposition" means a question, issue, or proposal that is submitted to voters 992 on the ballot for their approval or rejection including:
 - (a) an opinion question specifically authorized by the Legislature;
- 994 (b) a constitutional amendment;
- 995 (c) an initiative;
- 996 (d) a referendum;
- 997 (e) a bond proposition;
- 998 (f) a judicial retention question; [or]
- (g) an incorporation of a city or town; or
- 1000 [(g)] (h) any other ballot question specifically authorized by the Legislature.
- 1001 (7) "Board of canvassers" means the entities established by Sections 20A-4-301 and 20A-4-306 to canvass election returns.
 - (8) "Bond election" means an election held for the purpose of approving or rejecting the proposed issuance of bonds by a government entity.
 - (9) "Book voter registration form" means voter registration forms contained in a bound book that are used by election officers and registration agents to register persons to vote.
 - (10) "By-mail voter registration form" means a voter registration form designed to be completed by the voter and mailed to the election officer.
 - (11) "Canvass" means the review of election returns and the official declaration of election results by the board of canvassers.
 - (12) "Canvassing judge" means a poll worker designated to assist in counting ballots at the canvass.
 - (13) "Contracting election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or interlocal agreement with a provider election officer.
- 1015 (14) "Convention" means the political party convention at which party officers and delegates are selected.
- 1017 (15) "Counting center" means one or more locations selected by the election officer in charge of the election for the automatic counting of ballots.
- 1019 (16) "Counting judge" means a poll worker designated to count the ballots during

1020	election day.
1021	(17) "Counting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in Section
1022	20A-3-201 to witness the counting of ballots.
1023	(18) "Counting room" means a suitable and convenient private place or room,
1024	immediately adjoining the place where the election is being held, for use by the poll workers
1025	and counting judges to count ballots during election day.
1026	(19) "County officers" means those county officers that are required by law to be
1027	elected.
1028	(20) "Date of the election" or "election day" or "day of the election":
1029	(a) means the day that is specified in the calendar year as the day that the election
1030	occurs; and
1031	(b) does not include:
1032	(i) deadlines established for absentee voting; or
1033	(ii) any early voting or early voting period as provided under Chapter 3, Part 6, Early
1034	Voting.
1035	(21) "Elected official" means:
1036	(a) a person elected to an office under Section 20A-1-303;
1037	(b) a person who is considered to be elected to a municipal office in accordance with
1038	Subsection 20A-1-206(1)(c)(ii); or
1039	(c) a person who is considered to be elected to a local district office in accordance with
1040	Subsection 20A-1-206(3)(c)(ii).
1041	(22) "Election" means a regular general election, a municipal general election, a
1042	statewide special election, a local special election, a regular primary election, a municipal
1043	primary election, and a local district election.
1044	(23) "Election Assistance Commission" means the commission established by Public
1045	Law 107-252, the Help America Vote Act of 2002.
1046	(24) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day persons are eligible to
1047	file declarations of candidacy and ending when the canvass is completed.
1048	(25) "Election judge" means a poll worker that is assigned to:
1049	(a) preside over other poll workers at a polling place;

(b) act as the presiding election judge; or

1051	(c) serve as a canvassing judge, counting judge, or receiving judge.
1052	(26) "Election officer" means:
1053	(a) the lieutenant governor, for all statewide ballots and elections;
1054	(b) the county clerk for:
1055	(i) a county ballot and election; and
1056	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
1057	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
1058	(c) the municipal clerk for:
1059	(i) a municipal ballot and election; and
1060	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
1061	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
1062	(d) the local district clerk or chief executive officer for:
1063	(i) a local district ballot and election; and
1064	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
1065	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5; or
1066	(e) the business administrator or superintendent of a school district for:
1067	(i) a school district ballot and election; and
1068	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
1069	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5.
1070	(27) "Election official" means:
1071	(a) for an election other than a bond election, the count of votes cast in the election and
1072	the election returns requested by the board of canvassers; or
1073	(b) any election officer, election judge, or poll worker.
1074	(28) "Election results" means:
1075	(a) for an election other than a bond election, the count of votes cast in the election and
1076	the election returns requested by the board of canvassers; or
1077	(b) for bond elections, the count of those votes cast for and against the bond
1078	proposition plus any or all of the election returns that the board of canvassers may request.
1079	(29) "Election returns" includes the pollbook, all affidavits of registration, the military
1080	and overseas absentee voter registration and voting certificates, one of the tally sheets, any
1081	unprocessed absentee ballots, all counted ballots, all excess ballots, all unused ballots, all

- spoiled ballots, the ballot disposition form, and the total votes cast form.
- 1083 (30) "Electronic ballot" means a ballot that is recorded using a direct electronic voting device or other voting device that records and stores ballot information by electronic means.
- 1085 (31) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record.
- 1088 (32) (a) "Electronic voting device" means a voting device that uses electronic ballots.
- 1089 (b) "Electronic voting device" includes a direct recording electronic voting device.
- 1090 (33) "Inactive voter" means a registered voter who has:
- 1091 (a) been sent the notice required by Section 20A-2-306; and
- (b) failed to respond to that notice.

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- 1093 (34) "Inspecting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in this title to witness the receipt and safe deposit of voted and counted ballots.
 - (35) "Judicial office" means the office filled by any judicial officer.
- 1096 (36) "Judicial officer" means any justice or judge of a court of record or any county court judge.
- 1098 (37) "Local district" means a local government entity under Title 17B, Limited Purpose 1099 Local Government Entities - Local Districts, and includes a special service district under Title 1100 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act.
- 1101 (38) "Local district officers" means those local district officers that are required by law to be elected.
 - (39) "Local election" means a regular municipal election, a local special election, a local district election, and a bond election.
- 1105 (40) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a local district, or a local school district.
- 1107 (41) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of a 1108 local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political subdivision may 1109 vote.
- 1110 (42) "Municipal executive" means:
- 1111 (a) the mayor in the council-mayor form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102; 1112 or

1113	(b) the mayor in the council-manager form of government defined in Subsection
1114	10-3b-103(6).
1115	(43) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and local
1116	districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each odd-numbered year
1117	for the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202.
1118	(44) "Municipal legislative body" means the council of the city or town in any form of
1119	municipal government.
1120	(45) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.
1121	(46) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to be
1122	elected.
1123	(47) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for
1124	municipal office.
1125	(48) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer to the poll
1126	workers to be given to voters to record their votes.
1127	(49) "Official endorsement" means:
1128	(a) the information on the ballot that identifies:
1129	(i) the ballot as an official ballot;
1130	(ii) the date of the election; and
1131	(iii) the facsimile signature of the election officer; and
1132	(b) the information on the ballot stub that identifies:
1133	(i) the poll worker's initials; and
1134	(ii) the ballot number.
1135	(50) "Official register" means the official record furnished to election officials by the
1136	election officer that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401.
1137	(51) "Paper ballot" means a paper that contains:
1138	(a) the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to be
1139	voted on; and
1140	(b) spaces for the voter to record the voter's vote for each office and for or against each
1141	ballot proposition.
1142	(52) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has qualified to
1143	participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Chapter 8, Political Party Formation

- 1144 and Procedures. 1145 (53) (a) "Poll worker" means a person assigned by an election official to assist with an 1146 election, voting, or counting votes. 1147 (b) "Poll worker" includes election judges. (c) "Poll worker" does not include a watcher. 1148 1149 (54) "Pollbook" means a record of the names of voters in the order that they appear to 1150 cast votes. 1151 (55) "Polling place" means the building where voting is conducted. 1152 (56) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a ballot 1153 in which the voter marks the voter's choice. 1154 (57) "Provider election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or 1155 interlocal agreement with a contracting election officer to conduct an election for the 1156 contracting election officer's local political subdivision in accordance with Section 20A-5-400.1. 1157 1158 (58) "Provisional ballot" means a ballot voted provisionally by a person: 1159 (a) whose name is not listed on the official register at the polling place; (b) whose legal right to vote is challenged as provided in this title; or 1160 1161 (c) whose identity was not sufficiently established by a poll worker. 1162 (59) "Provisional ballot envelope" means an envelope printed in the form required by 1163 Section 20A-6-105 that is used to identify provisional ballots and to provide information to 1164 verify a person's legal right to vote. 1165 (60) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions at which nominees for 1166 the regular primary election are selected. 1167 (61) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that: 1168 (a) is built into a voting machine; and 1169 (b) records the total number of movements of the operating lever. 1170 (62) "Qualify" or "qualified" means to take the oath of office and begin performing the 1171 duties of the position for which the person was elected. 1172 (63) "Receiving judge" means the poll worker that checks the voter's name in the
 - official register, provides the voter with a ballot, and removes the ballot stub from the ballot after the voter has voted.

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1175 (64) "Registration form" means a book voter registration form and a by-mail voter registration form.

- (65) "Regular ballot" means a ballot that is not a provisional ballot.
- 1178 (66) "Regular general election" means the election held throughout the state on the first 1179 Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year for the purposes 1180 established in Section 20A-1-201.
 - (67) "Regular primary election" means the election on the fourth Tuesday of June of each even-numbered year, to nominate candidates of political parties and nonpolitical groups to advance to the regular general election.
 - (68) "Resident" means a person who resides within a specific voting precinct in Utah.
 - (69) "Sample ballot" means a mock ballot similar in form to the official ballot printed and distributed as provided in Section 20A-5-405.
 - (70) "Scratch vote" means to mark or punch the straight party ticket and then mark or punch the ballot for one or more candidates who are members of different political parties.
 - (71) "Secrecy envelope" means the envelope given to a voter along with the ballot into which the voter places the ballot after the voter has voted it in order to preserve the secrecy of the voter's vote.
 - (72) "Special election" means an election held as authorized by Section 20A-1-204.
 - (73) "Spoiled ballot" means each ballot that:
- (a) is spoiled by the voter;

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- (b) is unable to be voted because it was spoiled by the printer or a poll worker; or
- (c) lacks the official endorsement.
- 1197 (74) "Statewide special election" means a special election called by the governor or the 1198 Legislature in which all registered voters in Utah may vote.
 - (75) "Stub" means the detachable part of each ballot.
- 1200 (76) "Substitute ballots" means replacement ballots provided by an election officer to 1201 the poll workers when the official ballots are lost or stolen.
- 1202 (77) "Ticket" means each list of candidates for each political party or for each group of petitioners.
- 1204 (78) "Transfer case" means the sealed box used to transport voted ballots to the counting center.

1206	(79) "Vacancy" means the absence of a person to serve in any position created by
1207	statute, whether that absence occurs because of death, disability, disqualification, resignation,
1208	or other cause.
1209	(80) "Valid voter identification" means:
1210	(a) a form of identification that bears the name and photograph of the voter which may
1211	include:
1212	(i) a currently valid Utah driver license;
1213	(ii) a currently valid identification card that is issued by:
1214	(A) the state; or
1215	(B) a branch, department, or agency of the United States;
1216	(iii) a currently valid Utah permit to carry a concealed weapon;
1217	(iv) a currently valid United States passport; or
1218	(v) a currently valid United States military identification card;
1219	(b) one of the following identification cards, whether or not the card includes a
1220	photograph of the voter:
1221	(i) a valid tribal identification card;
1222	(ii) a Bureau of Indian Affairs card; or
1223	(iii) a tribal treaty card; or
1224	(c) two forms of identification not listed under Subsection (80)(a) or (b) but that bear
1225	the name of the voter and provide evidence that the voter resides in the voting precinct, which
1226	may include:
1227	(i) a current utility bill or a legible copy thereof, dated within the 90 days before the
1228	election;
1229	(ii) a bank or other financial account statement, or a legible copy thereof;
1230	(iii) a certified birth certificate;
1231	(iv) a valid Social Security card;
1232	(v) a check issued by the state or the federal government or a legible copy thereof;
1233	(vi) a paycheck from the voter's employer, or a legible copy thereof;
1234	(vii) a currently valid Utah hunting or fishing license;
1235	(viii) certified naturalization documentation;
1236	(ix) a currently valid license issued by an authorized agency of the United States;

1237	(x) a certified copy of court records showing the voter's adoption or name change;
1238	(xi) a valid Medicaid card, Medicare card, or Electronic Benefits Transfer Card;
1239	(xii) a currently valid identification card issued by:
1240	(A) a local government within the state;
1241	(B) an employer for an employee; or
1242	(C) a college, university, technical school, or professional school located within the
1243	state; or
1244	(xiii) a current Utah vehicle registration.
1245	(81) "Valid write-in candidate" means a candidate who has qualified as a write-in
1246	candidate by following the procedures and requirements of this title.
1247	(82) "Voter" means a person who:
1248	(a) meets the requirements for voting in an election;
1249	(b) meets the requirements of election registration;
1250	(c) is registered to vote; and
1251	(d) is listed in the official register book.
1252	(83) "Voter registration deadline" means the registration deadline provided in Section
1253	20A-2-102.5.
1254	(84) "Voting area" means the area within six feet of the voting booths, voting
1255	machines, and ballot box.
1256	(85) "Voting booth" means:
1257	(a) the space or compartment within a polling place that is provided for the preparation
1258	of ballots, including the voting machine enclosure or curtain; or
1259	(b) a voting device that is free standing.
1260	(86) "Voting device" means:
1261	(a) an apparatus in which ballot sheets are used in connection with a punch device for
1262	piercing the ballots by the voter;
1263	(b) a device for marking the ballots with ink or another substance;
1264	(c) an electronic voting device or other device used to make selections and cast a ballot
1265	electronically, or any component thereof;
1266	(d) an automated voting system under Section 20A-5-302; or
1267	(e) any other method for recording votes on ballots so that the ballot may be tabulated

1268	by means of automatic tabulating equipment.
1269	(87) "Voting machine" means a machine designed for the sole purpose of recording
1270	and tabulating votes cast by voters at an election.
1271	(88) "Voting poll watcher" means a person appointed as provided in this title to
1272	witness the distribution of ballots and the voting process.
1273	(89) "Voting precinct" means the smallest voting unit established as provided by law
1274	within which qualified voters vote at one polling place.
1275	(90) "Watcher" means a voting poll watcher, a counting poll watcher, an inspecting
1276	poll watcher, and a testing watcher.
1277	(91) "Western States Presidential Primary" means the election established in Chapter 9,
1278	Part 8, Western States Presidential Primary.
1279	(92) "Write-in ballot" means a ballot containing any write-in votes.
1280	(93) "Write-in vote" means a vote cast for a person whose name is not printed on the
1281	ballot according to the procedures established in this title.
1282	Section 17. Section 20A-1-203 is amended to read:
1283	20A-1-203. Calling and purpose of special elections Two-thirds vote
1284	limitations.
1285	(1) Statewide and local special elections may be held for any purpose authorized by
1286	law.
1287	(2) (a) Statewide special elections shall be conducted using the procedure for regular
1288	general elections.
1289	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this title, local special elections shall be conducted
1290	using the procedures for regular municipal elections.
1291	(3) The governor may call a statewide special election by issuing an executive order
1292	that designates:
1293	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and
1294	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.
1295	(4) The Legislature may call a statewide special election by passing a joint or
1296	concurrent resolution that designates:
1297	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and
1298	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.

1299	(5) (a) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special
1300	election only for:
1301	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue;
1302	(ii) a vote on a voted local levy authorized by Section 53A-17a-133;
1303	(iii) an initiative authorized by Chapter 7, Part 5, Local Initiatives - Procedures;
1304	(iv) a referendum authorized by Chapter 7, Part 6, Local Referenda - Procedures;
1305	(v) if required or authorized by federal law, a vote to determine whether or not Utah's
1306	legal boundaries should be changed;
1307	(vi) a vote authorized or required by Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
1308	(vii) a vote to elect members to school district boards for a new school district and a
1309	remaining school district, as defined in Section 53A-2-117, following the creation of a new
1310	school district under Section 53A-2-118.1; or
1311	(viii) an election of town officers of a newly incorporated town under [Subsection
1312	10-2-125(9)] <u>Section 10-2-128</u> .
1313	(b) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special election
1314	by adopting an ordinance or resolution that designates:
1315	(i) the date for the local special election; and
1316	(ii) the purpose for the local special election.
1317	(c) A local political subdivision may not call a local special election unless the
1318	ordinance or resolution calling a local special election under Subsection (5)(b) is adopted by a
1319	two-thirds majority of all members of the legislative body, if the local special election is for:
1320	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue as described in Subsection (5)(a)(i);
1321	(ii) a vote on a voted leeway or levy program as described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii); or
1322	(iii) a vote authorized or required for a sales tax issue as described in Subsection
1323	(5)(a)(vi).
1324	Section 18. Section 20A-1-204 is amended to read:
1325	20A-1-204. Date of special election Legal effect.
1326	(1) (a) The governor, Legislature, or the legislative body of a local political subdivision
1327	calling a statewide special election or local special election under Section 20A-1-203 shall
1328	schedule the special election to be held on:
1329	(i) the fourth Tuesday in June;

1330	(ii) the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November; or
1331	(iii) for an election of town officers of a newly incorporated town under [Subsection
1332	10-2-125(9)] Section 10-2-128, on any date that complies with the requirements of that
1333	subsection.
1334	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), the governor, Legislature, or the legislative
1335	body of a local political subdivision calling a statewide special election or local special election
1336	under Section 20A-1-203 may not schedule a special election to be held on any other date.
1337	(c) (i) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (1)(b), the legislative body of a
1338	local political subdivision may call a local special election on a date other than those specified
1339	in this section if the legislative body:
1340	(A) determines and declares that there is a disaster, as defined in Section 63K-3-102,
1341	requiring that a special election be held on a date other than the ones authorized in statute;
1342	(B) identifies specifically the nature of the disaster, as defined in Section 63K-3-102,
1343	and the reasons for holding the special election on that other date; and
1344	(C) votes unanimously to hold the special election on that other date.
1345	(ii) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may not call a local special
1346	election for the date established in [Title 20A,] Chapter 9, Part 8, Western States Presidential
1347	Primary, for Utah's Western States Presidential Primary.
1348	(d) Nothing in this section prohibits:
1349	(i) the governor or Legislature from submitting a matter to the voters at the regular
1350	general election if authorized by law; or
1351	(ii) a local government from submitting a matter to the voters at the regular municipal
1352	election if authorized by law.
1353	(2) (a) Two or more entities shall comply with Subsection (2)(b) if those entities hold a
1354	special election within a county on the same day as:
1355	(i) another special election;
1356	(ii) a regular general election; or
1357	(iii) a municipal general election.
1358	(b) Entities described in Subsection (2)(a) shall, to the extent practicable, coordinate:
1359	(i) polling places;
1360	(ii) ballots;

1361		(iii) election officials; and
1362		(iv) other administrative and procedural matters connected with the election.
1363		Section 19. Repealer.
1364		This bill repeals:
1365		Section 10-2-106, Feasibility study Feasibility study consultant.
1366		Section 10-2-107, Modified request for feasibility study Supplemental feasibility
1367	study.	
1368		Section 10-2-108, Public hearings on feasibility study results Notice of hearings.
1369		Section 10-2-124, Incorporation petitions before May 5, 1997.

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel