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1	TRIBAL HEALTH INFORMATION	
2	2012 GENERAL SESSION	
3	STATE OF UTAH	
4	Chief Sponsor: Kevin T. Van Tassell	
5	House Sponsor: Jack R. Draxler	
6 7	LONG TITLE	
8	General Description:	
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10	This bill modifies Title 26, Utah Health Code, by amending procedures relating to the disclosure of health information.	
11	Highlighted Provisions:	
12	This bill:	
13	► defines the term "public health authority;"	
14	 permits a custodian of vital records to permit a public health authority to inspect 	
15	vital records;	
16	 permits the Department of Health to disclose specific medical or epidemiological 	
17	information; and	
18	makes technical changes.	
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
20	None	
21	Other Special Clauses:	
22	None	
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:	
24	AMENDS:	
25	26-1-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 112	
26	26-2-22, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183	
27	26-3-7 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3	
28	26-6-27, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3	
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S.B. 267 Enrolled Copy

30	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
31	Section 1. Section 26-1-2 is amended to read:
32	26-1-2. Definitions.
33	Subject to additional definitions contained in the chapters of this title which are
34	applicable to specific chapters, as used in this title:
35	[(3)] (1) "Council" means the Utah Health Advisory Council.
36	[(1)] (2) "Department" means the Department of Health created in Section 26-1-4.
37	[(2)] (3) "Executive director" means the executive director of the department appointed
38	pursuant to Section 26-1-8.
39	(4) "Public health authority" means an agency or authority of the United States, a state,
40	a territory, a political subdivision of a state or territory, an Indian tribe, or a person acting under
41	a grant of authority from or contract with such an agency, that is responsible for public health
42	matters as part of its official mandate.
43	Section 2. Section 26-2-22 is amended to read:
44	26-2-22. Inspection of vital records.
4445	26-2-22. Inspection of vital records.(1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the
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45	(1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the
45 46	(1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the provisions of this chapter, department rules, and Section 78B-6-144.
45 46 47	(1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the provisions of this chapter, department rules, and Section 78B-6-144.(b) It is unlawful for any state or local officer or employee to disclose data contained in
45 46 47 48	 (1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the provisions of this chapter, department rules, and Section 78B-6-144. (b) It is unlawful for any state or local officer or employee to disclose data contained in vital records contrary to this chapter or department rule.
45 46 47 48 49	 (1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the provisions of this chapter, department rules, and Section 78B-6-144. (b) It is unlawful for any state or local officer or employee to disclose data contained in vital records contrary to this chapter or department rule. (c) A custodian of vital records may permit inspection of a vital record or issue a
45 46 47 48 49 50	 (1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the provisions of this chapter, department rules, and Section 78B-6-144. (b) It is unlawful for any state or local officer or employee to disclose data contained in vital records contrary to this chapter or department rule. (c) A custodian of vital records may permit inspection of a vital record or issue a certified copy of a record or a part of a record when the custodian is satisfied that the applicant
45 46 47 48 49 50 51	 (1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the provisions of this chapter, department rules, and Section 78B-6-144. (b) It is unlawful for any state or local officer or employee to disclose data contained in vital records contrary to this chapter or department rule. (c) A custodian of vital records may permit inspection of a vital record or issue a certified copy of a record or a part of a record when the custodian is satisfied that the applicant has demonstrated a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest.
45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52	 (1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the provisions of this chapter, department rules, and Section 78B-6-144. (b) It is unlawful for any state or local officer or employee to disclose data contained in vital records contrary to this chapter or department rule. (c) A custodian of vital records may permit inspection of a vital record or issue a certified copy of a record or a part of a record when the custodian is satisfied that the applicant has demonstrated a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest. (2) A direct, tangible, and legitimate interest in a vital record is present only if:
45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53	(1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the provisions of this chapter, department rules, and Section 78B-6-144. (b) It is unlawful for any state or local officer or employee to disclose data contained in vital records contrary to this chapter or department rule. (c) A custodian of vital records may permit inspection of a vital record or issue a certified copy of a record or a part of a record when the custodian is satisfied that the applicant has demonstrated a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest. (2) A direct, tangible, and legitimate interest in a vital record is present only if: (a) the request is from:
45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	(1) (a) The vital records shall be open to inspection, but only in compliance with the provisions of this chapter, department rules, and Section 78B-6-144. (b) It is unlawful for any state or local officer or employee to disclose data contained in vital records contrary to this chapter or department rule. (c) A custodian of vital records may permit inspection of a vital record or issue a certified copy of a record or a part of a record when the custodian is satisfied that the applicant has demonstrated a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest. (2) A direct, tangible, and legitimate interest in a vital record is present only if: (a) the request is from: (i) the subject;

Enrolled Copy S.B. 267

58 (v) a person, including a child-placing agency as defined in Section 78B-6-103, with 59 whom a child has been placed pending finalization of an adoption of the child; (b) the request involves a personal or property right of the subject of the record; 60 61 (c) the request is for official purposes of a public health authority or a state, local, or 62 federal governmental agency; 63 (d) the request is for a statistical or medical research program and prior consent has 64 been obtained from the state registrar; or (e) the request is a certified copy of an order of a court of record specifying the record 65 66 to be examined or copied. 67 (3) For purposes of Subsection (2): (a) "immediate family member" means a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandparent, or 68 69 grandchild; 70 (b) a designated legal representative means an attorney, physician, funeral service 71 director, genealogist, or other agent of the subject or the subject's immediate family who has 72 been delegated the authority to access vital records; 73 (c) except as provided in Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act, a parent, or 74 the immediate family member of a parent, who does not have legal or physical custody of or 75 visitation or parent-time rights for a child because of the termination of parental rights pursuant to Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court Act of 1996, or by virtue of consenting to or 76 77 relinquishing a child for adoption pursuant to Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act, 78 may not be considered as having a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest; and 79 (d) a commercial firm or agency requesting names, addresses, or similar information 80 may not be considered as having a direct, tangible, and legitimate interest. 81 (4) Upon payment of a fee established in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, the 82 following records shall be available to the public:

(a) except as provided in Subsection 26-2-10(4)(b), a birth record, excluding

confidential information collected for medical and health use, if 100 years or more have passed

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since the date of birth;

S.B. 267 Enrolled Copy

86	(b) a death record if 50 years or more have passed since the date of death; and
87	(c) a vital record not subject to Subsection (4)(a) or (b) if 75 years or more have passed
88	since the date of the event upon which the record is based.
89	Section 3. Section 26-3-7 is amended to read:
90	26-3-7. Disclosure of health data Limitations.
91	The department may not disclose any identifiable health data unless:
92	(1) one of the following persons has consented to the disclosure:
93	(a) the individual;
94	(b) the next-of-kin if the individual is deceased;
95	(c) the parent or legal guardian if the individual is a minor or mentally incompetent; or
96	(d) a person holding a power of attorney covering such matters on behalf of the
97	individual;
98	(2) the disclosure is to a governmental entity in this or another state or the federal
99	government, provided that:
100	(a) the data will be used for a purpose for which they were collected by the department;
101	and
102	(b) the recipient enters into a written agreement satisfactory to the department agreeing
103	to protect such data in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and department rule
104	and not permit further disclosure without prior approval of the department;
105	(3) the disclosure is to an individual or organization, for a specified period, solely for
106	bona fide research and statistical purposes, determined in accordance with department rules,
107	and the department determines that the data are required for the research and statistical
108	purposes proposed and the requesting individual or organization enters into a written
109	agreement satisfactory to the department to protect the data in accordance with this chapter and
110	department rule and not permit further disclosure without prior approval of the department;
111	(4) the disclosure is to a governmental entity for the purpose of conducting an audit,
112	evaluation, or investigation of the department and such governmental entity agrees not to use

those data for making any determination affecting the rights, benefits, or entitlements of any

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Enrolled Copy S.B. 267

individual to whom the health data relates;

(5) the disclosure is of specific medical or epidemiological information to authorized personnel within the department, local health departments, <u>public health authorities</u>, official health agencies in other states, the United States Public Health Service, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), or agencies responsible to enforce quarantine, when necessary to continue patient services or to undertake public health efforts to control communicable, infectious, acute, chronic, or any other disease or health hazard that the department considers to be dangerous or important or that may affect the public health;

- (6) the disclosure is of specific medical or epidemiological information to a "health care provider" as defined in Section 78B-3-403, health care personnel, or public health personnel who has a legitimate need to have access to the information in order to assist the patient or to protect the health of others closely associated with the patient. This Subsection (6) does not create a duty to warn third parties;
- (7) the disclosure is necessary to obtain payment from an insurer or other third-party payor in order for the department to obtain payment or to coordinate benefits for a patient; or
 - (8) the disclosure is to the subject of the identifiable health data.
- Section 4. Section **26-6-27** is amended to read:

26-6-27. Information regarding communicable or reportable disease confidential -- Exceptions.

- (1) Information collected pursuant to this chapter in the possession of the department or local health departments relating to an individual who has or is suspected of having a disease designated by the department as a communicable or reportable disease under this chapter shall be held by the department and local health departments as strictly confidential. The department and local health departments may not release or make public that information upon subpoena, search warrant, discovery proceedings, or otherwise, except as provided by this section.
- (2) The information described in Subsection (1) may be released by the department or local health departments only in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and as follows:

S.B. 267 Enrolled Copy

(a) specific medical or epidemiological information may be released with the written consent of the individual identified in that information or, if that individual is deceased, his next-of-kin;

- (b) specific medical or epidemiological information may be released to medical personnel or peace officers in a medical emergency, as determined by the department in accordance with guidelines it has established, only to the extent necessary to protect the health or life of the individual identified in the information, or of the attending medical personnel or law enforcement or public safety officers;
- (c) specific medical or epidemiological information may be released to authorized personnel within the department, local health departments, <u>public health authorities</u>, official health agencies in other states, the United States Public Health Service, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), or when necessary to continue patient services or to undertake public health efforts to interrupt the transmission of disease;
- (d) if the individual identified in the information is under the age of 18, the information may be released to the Division of Child and Family Services within the Department of Human Services in accordance with Section 62A-4a-403. If that information is required in a court proceeding involving child abuse or sexual abuse under Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Person, the information shall be disclosed in camera and sealed by the court upon conclusion of the proceedings;
- (e) specific medical or epidemiological information may be released to authorized personnel in the department or in local health departments, and to the courts, to carry out the provisions of this title, and rules adopted by the department in accordance with this title;
- (f) specific medical or epidemiological information may be released to blood banks, organ and tissue banks, and similar institutions for the purpose of identifying individuals with communicable diseases. The department may, by rule, designate the diseases about which information may be disclosed under this subsection, and may choose to release the name of an infected individual to those organizations without disclosing the specific disease;
 - (g) specific medical or epidemiological information may be released in such a way that

Enrolled Copy S.B. 267

170 no individual is identifiable;

(h) specific medical or epidemiological information may be released to a "health care provider" as defined in Section 78B-3-403, health care personnel, and public health personnel who have a legitimate need to have access to the information in order to assist the patient, or to protect the health of others closely associated with the patient. This subsection does not create a duty to warn third parties, but is intended only to aid health care providers in their treatment and containment of infectious disease; and

(i) specific medical or epidemiological information regarding a health care provider, as defined in Section 78B-3-403, may be released to the department, the appropriate local health department, and the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing within the Department of Commerce, if the identified health care provider is endangering the safety or life of any individual by his continued practice of health care.