

56

26	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
27	Section 1. Section 13-8-5 is amended to read:
28	13-8-5. Definitions Limitation on retention proceeds withheld Deposit in
29	interest-bearing escrow account Release of proceeds Payment to subcontractors
30	Penalty No waiver.
31	(1) As used in this section:
32	(a) (i) "Construction contract" means a written agreement between the parties relative
33	to the design, construction, alteration, repair, or maintenance of a building, structure, highway,
34	appurtenance, appliance, or other improvements to real property, including moving,
35	demolition, and excavating for nonresidential commercial or industrial construction projects.
36	(ii) If the construction contract is for construction of a project that is part residential
37	and part nonresidential, this section applies only to that portion of the construction project that
38	is nonresidential as determined pro rata based on the percentage of the total square footage of
39	the project that is nonresidential.
40	(b) "Construction lender" means any person, including a bank, trust company, savings
41	bank, industrial bank, land bank, safe deposit company, private banker, savings and loan
42	association, credit union, cooperative bank, small loan company, sales finance company,
43	investment company, or any other financial institution that advances money to a borrower for
44	the purpose of making alterations or improvements to real property. A construction lender
45	does not include a person or entity who is acting in the capacity of contractor, original
46	contractor, or subcontractor.
47	(c) "Contractor" means a person who, for compensation other than wages as an
48	employee, undertakes any work in a construction trade, as defined in Section 58-55-102 and
49	includes:
50	(i) any person engaged as a maintenance person who regularly engages in activities set
51	forth in Section 58-55-102 as a construction trade; or
52	(ii) a construction manager who performs management and counseling services on a
53	construction project for a fee.
54	(d) "Original contractor" is as provided in Section 38-1-2.

(e) "Owner" means the person who holds any legal or equitable title or interest in

property. Owner does not include a construction lender unless the construction lender has an

- 01-31-12 9:45 AM 57 ownership interest in the property other than solely as a construction lender. 58 (f) "Public agency" means any state agency or a county, city, town, school district, local 59 district, special service district, or other political subdivision of the state that enters into a 60 construction contract for an improvement of public property. 61 (g) "Retention payment" means release of retention proceeds as defined in Subsection 62 (1)(h). 63 (h) "Retention proceeds" means money earned by a contractor or subcontractor but 64 retained by the owner or public agency pursuant to the terms of a construction contract to 65 guarantee payment or performance by the contractor or subcontractor of the construction 66 contract. 67 (i) "Subcontractor" is as defined in Section 38-1-2. (j) "Successful party" has the same meaning as it does under Section 38-1-18. 68 69 (2) (a) This section is applicable to all construction contracts relating to construction 70 work or improvements entered into on or after July 1, 1999, between: 71 (i) an owner or public agency and an original contractor; 72 (ii) an original contractor and a subcontractor; and 73 (iii) subcontractors under a contract described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii). 74 (b) This section does not apply to a construction lender. 75 (3) (a) Notwithstanding Section 58-55-603, the retention proceeds withheld and 76 retained from any payment due under the terms of the construction contract may not exceed 5% 77 of the payment: 78 (i) by the owner or public agency to the original contractor; 79 (ii) by the original contractor to any subcontractor; or 80 (iii) by a subcontractor.
  - (b) The total retention proceeds withheld may not exceed 5% of the total construction price.

82

83

84

85

86

- (c) The percentage of the retention proceeds withheld and retained pursuant to a construction contract between the original contractor and a subcontractor or between subcontractors shall be the same retention percentage as between the owner and the original contractor if:
- (i) the retention percentage in the original construction contract between an owner and

118

88	the original contractor is less than 5%; or
89	(ii) after the original construction contract is executed but before completion of the
90	construction contract the retention percentage is reduced to less than 5%.
91	(4) (a) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor, firm, or corporation to do
92	work for an owner or public agency is retained or withheld by the owner or the public agency,
93	as retention proceeds, it shall be placed in an interest-bearing account and accounted for
94	separately from other amounts paid under the contract.
95	(b) The interest accrued under Subsection (4)(a) shall be:
96	(i) for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors; and
97	(ii) paid after the project is completed and accepted by the owner or the public agency.
98	(c) The contractor shall ensure that any interest accrued on the retainage is distributed
99	by the contractor to subcontractors on a pro rata basis.
100	(d) Retention proceeds and accrued interest retained by an owner or public agency:
101	(i) are considered to be in a constructive trust for the benefit of the contractor and
102	subcontractors who have earned the proceeds; and
103	(ii) are not subject to assignment, encumbrance, attachment, garnishment, or execution
104	levy for the debt of any person holding the retention proceeds and accrued interest.
105	(5) Any retention proceeds retained or withheld pursuant to this section and any
106	accrued interest shall be released pursuant to a billing statement from the contractor within 45
107	days from the later of:
108	(a) the date the owner or public agency receives the billing statement from the
109	contractor;
110	(b) the date that a certificate of occupancy or final acceptance notice is issued to:
111	(i) the original contractor who obtained the building permit from the building inspector
112	or public agency;
113	(ii) the owner or architect; or
114	(iii) the public agency;
115	(c) the date that a public agency or building inspector having authority to issue its own
116	certificate of occupancy does not issue the certificate but permits partial or complete occupancy

of a newly constructed or remodeled building; or

(d) the date the contractor accepts the final pay quantities.

148

149

(B) a subcontractor.

- 119 (6) If only partial occupancy of a building is permitted, any retention proceeds withheld 120 and retained pursuant to this section and any accrued interest shall be partially released within 121 45 days under the same conditions as provided in Subsection (5) in direct proportion to the 122 value of the part of the building occupied. 123 (7) The billing statement from the contractor as provided in Subsection (5)(a) shall 124 include documentation of lien releases or waivers. 125 (8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3): 126 (i) if a contractor or subcontractor is in default or breach of the terms and conditions of 127 the construction contract documents, plans, or specifications governing construction of the 128 project, the owner or public agency may withhold from payment for as long as reasonably 129 necessary an amount necessary to cure the breach or default of the contractor or subcontractor; 130 or 131 (ii) if a project or a portion of the project has been substantially completed, the owner 132 or public agency may retain until completion up to twice the fair market value of the work of 133 the original contractor or of any subcontractor that has not been completed: 134 (A) in accordance with the construction contract documents, plans, and specifications; 135 or 136 (B) in the absence of plans and specifications, to generally accepted craft standards. 137 (b) An owner or public agency that refuses payment under Subsection (8)(a) shall 138 describe in writing within 45 days of withholding such amounts what portion of the work was 139 not completed according to the standards specified in Subsection (8)(a). 140 (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b), an original contractor or subcontractor 141 who receives retention proceeds shall pay each of its subcontractors from whom retention has 142 been withheld each subcontractor's share of the retention received within 10 days from the day 143 that all or any portion of the retention proceeds is received: 144 (i) by the original contractor from the owner or public agency; or 145 (ii) by the subcontractor from: 146 (A) the original contractor; or
  - contractor is specifically designated for a particular subcontractor, payment of the retention

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (9)(a), if a retention payment received by the original

- 150 shall be made to the designated subcontractor. 151 (10) (a) In any action for the collection of the retained proceeds withheld and retained 152 in violation of this section, the successful party is entitled to: 153 (i) attorney's fees; and 154 (ii) other allowable costs. 155 (b) (i) Any owner, public agency, original contractor, or subcontractor who knowingly 156 and wrongfully withholds a retention shall be subject to a charge of 2% per month on the 157 improperly withheld amount, in addition to any interest otherwise due. 158 (ii) The charge described in Subsection (10)(b)(i) shall be paid to the contractor or 159 subcontractor from whom the retention proceeds have been wrongfully withheld. 160 (11) A party to a construction contract may not require any other party to waive any 161 provision of this section. 162 Section 2. Section **53A-20-101** is amended to read: 163 53A-20-101. Construction and alteration of schools and plants -- Advertising for 164 bids -- Payment and performance bonds -- Contracts -- Bidding limitations on local 165 school boards -- Interest of local school board members. 166 (1) As used in this section, the word "sealed" does not preclude acceptance of 167 electronically sealed and submitted bids or proposals in addition to bids or proposals manually 168 sealed and submitted. 169 (2) (a) Prior to the construction of any school or the alteration of any existing school 170 plant, if the total estimated accumulative building project cost exceeds \$80,000, a local school 171 board shall advertise for bids on the project at least 10 days before the bid due date. 172 (b) The board shall have the advertisement published in a newspaper having general 173 circulation throughout the state and in appropriate construction trade publications that offer 174 free listings. 175 (c) A similar advertisement is required in a newspaper published or having general circulation in any city or county that would be affected by the proposed project. 176
  - (d) The advertisement shall:

178

179

- (i) require sealed proposals for the building project in accordance with plans and specifications furnished by the local school board;
  - (ii) state where and when the proposals will be opened and shall reserve the right of the

185

186

187

188

189

190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

- board to reject any and all proposals; and
- (iii) require a certified check or bid bond of not less than 5% of the bid to accompany the bid.
  - (3) (a) The board shall meet at the time and place specified in the advertisement and publicly open and read all received proposals.
    - (b) If satisfactory bids are received, the board shall award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder.
      - (c) If none of the proposals are satisfactory, all shall be rejected.
      - (d) The board shall again advertise in the manner provided in this section.
  - (e) If, after advertising a second time no satisfactory bid is received, the board may proceed under its own direction with the required project.
  - (4) (a) The check or bond required under Subsection (2)(d) shall be drawn in favor of the local school board.
  - (b) If the successful bidder fails or refuses to enter into the contract and furnish the additional bonds required under this section, then the bidder's check or bond is forfeited to the district.
  - (5) A local school board shall require payment and performance bonds of the successful bidder as required in Section 63G-6-505.
  - (6) (a) A local school board may require in the proposed contract that [at least 10%] up to 5% of the contract price be withheld until the project is completed and accepted by the board.
  - (b) If money is withheld, the board shall place it in an interest bearing account, and the interest accrues for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors.
  - (c) This money shall be paid upon completion of the project and acceptance by the board.
  - (7) (a) A local school board may not bid on projects within the district if the total accumulative estimated cost exceeds \$80,000.
  - (b) The board may use its resources if no satisfactory bids are received under this section.
- 210 (8) If the local school board determines in accordance with Section 63G-6-501 to use a construction manager/general contractor as its method of construction contracting management

## 1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 93

212

213214

215216

## 01-31-12 9:45 AM

on projects where the total estimated accumulative cost exceeds \$80,000, it shall select the
construction manager/general contractor using one of the source selection methods provided
for in Sections 63G-6-401 through 63G-6-501.

(9) A local school board member may not have a direct or indirect financial interest in the construction project contract.