



26	 describes the duties and powers of the Purchasing from Persons with Disabilities 		
27	Advisory Board;		
28	 describes bid security and bond requirements; 		
29	 describes requirements relating to contracts and change orders; 		
30	 describes requirements relating to construction procurement and contracts; 		
31	 describes requirements relating to architect-engineer services; 		
32	 describes procedures, requirements, and limitations relating to controversies, 		
33	protests, appeals, and judicial action;		
34	addresses the retention of records;		
35	 addresses interaction between public procurement units; 		
36	 establishes ethical practice provisions relating to procurements; 		
37	 amends existing, and enacts new, criminal provisions and penalties relating to 		
38	procurements; and		
39	makes technical changes.		
40	Money Appropriated in this Bill:		
41	None		
42	Other Special Clauses:		
43	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2013.		
44	Utah Code Sections Affected:		
45	AMENDS:		
46	7-1-323, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382		
47	7-2-21, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382		
48	9-4-704 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 342		
49	9-4-906 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382		
50	9-4-1602 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 217		
51	10-3-1304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382		
52	10-3-1305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382		
53	10-7-86, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382		
54	11-17-20, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382		
55	11-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 360 and 382		
56	11-39-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 387		

57	11-44-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 244			
58	11-44-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 244			
59	13-2-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
60	14-1-18, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
61	17-16a-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
62	17-43-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
63	17-43-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
64	17-53-225, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
65	17-53-313, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
66	17B-1-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
67	17B-2a-818, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 281			
68	17B-2a-818.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 297 and 400			
69	17D-1-106 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 40, 106, 205, and 209			
70	17D-2-108, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360			
71	19-1-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 297 and 400			
72	20A-11-701 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396			
73	26-8a-405.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297			
74	26-8a-405.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297			
75	26-10-8 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 413			
76	26-10b-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297			
77	26-18-2.6 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 344			
78	26-40-110 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297			
79	30-3-11.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 51			
80	30-3-11.4 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 51			
81	30-3-38, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 44 and 382			
82	31A-29-110 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
83	31A-29-111 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 385			
84	31A-33-104 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
85	31A-33-107 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
86	34A-2-203 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
87	35A-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			

88	38-1-30, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 299			
89	38-1-39, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
90	41-12a-803 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 342			
91	53-2-404 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 342			
92	53A-1-706, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
93	53A-1a-511, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
94	53A-20-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
95	53A-25b-105, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 294			
96	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247			
97	and 353			
98	54-3-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340			
99	54-8b-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 329 and 342			
100	62A-1-108.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366			
101	62A-3-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
102	62A-3-104.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
103	62A-14-109 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
104	63A-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400			
105	63A-5-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
106	63A-5-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 324			
107	63B-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
108	63B-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
109	63B-4-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
110	63B-5-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
111	63B-6-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
112	63B-6-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
113	63B-7-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
114	63B-7-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
115	63B-8-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
116	63B-8-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
117	63B-9-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			
118	63B-11-202 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382			

119	63C-7-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382				
120	63C-9-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 10 and 382				
121	63C-9-403 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400				
122	63E-2-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382				
123	63F-1-205 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 376				
124	63G-7-804, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382				
125	63G-10-403 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 361				
126	63H-2-504 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 378				
127	63H-3-109, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 370				
128	63H-4-108, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 370				
129	63H-5-108, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 370				
130	63H-6-103, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 370				
131	63I-1-263 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 199, 370, 408, and 411				
132	63M-1-2602 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352				
133	63M-1-2603 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352				
134	63M-1-2605 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352				
135	63M-1-2606 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352				
136	63M-1-2607 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352				
137	63M-1-2608 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352				
138	63M-1-2610 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352				
139	64-13a-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382				
140	67-16-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382				
141	67-16-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382				
142	67-16-5.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382				
143	67-16-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382				
144	72-6-107 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90				
145	72-6-107.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400				
146	72-6-108 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388				
147	72-6-205 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183				
148	72-7-504 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382				
149	73-10-27 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 267 and 382				

150	73-23-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382		
151	76-10-1602 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 320		
152	78A-2-112 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3		
153	79-2-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400		
154	79-4-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344		
155	ENACTS:		
156	63G-6a-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
157	63G-6a-110, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
158	63G-6a-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
159	63G-6a-301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
160	63G-6a-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
161	63G-6a-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
162	63G-6a-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
163	63G-6a-404, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
164	63G-6a-405, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
165	63G-6a-406, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
166	63G-6a-408, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
167	63G-6a-501 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
168	63G-6a-502, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
169	63G-6a-503, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
170	63G-6a-504, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
171	63G-6a-601 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
172	63G-6a-602 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
173	63G-6a-603, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
174	63G-6a-604, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
175	63G-6a-605 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
176	63G-6a-606 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
177	63G-6a-607, Utah Code Annotated 1953		
178	63G-6a-608 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
179	63G-6a-609 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		
180	63G-6a-610 , Utah Code Annotated 1953		

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181	63G-6a-611 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
182	63G-6a-612 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
183	63G-6a-701 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
184	63G-6a-702 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
185	63G-6a-703 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
186	63G-6a-704 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
187	63G-6a-705 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
188	63G-6a-706 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
189	63G-6a-707 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
190	63G-6a-708 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
191	63G-6a-709 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
192	63G-6a-710 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
193	63G-6a-801 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
194	63G-6a-803 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
195	63G-6a-901 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
196	63G-6a-1001 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
197	63G-6a-1004 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
198	63G-6a-1101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
199	63G-6a-1201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
200	63G-6a-1204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
201	63G-6a-1301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
202	63G-6a-1401 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
203	63G-6a-1501 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
204	63G-6a-1601 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
205	63G-6a-1701 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
206	63G-6a-1801 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
207	63G-6a-1901 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
208	63G-6a-2001 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
209	63G-6a-2101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
210	63G-6a-2201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
211	63G-6a-2202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

212	63G-6a-2301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
213	63G-6a-2303 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
214	63G-6a-2304 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
215	63G-6a-2305 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
216	63G-6a-2306 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
217	63G-6a-2307 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
218	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
219	63G-6a-101, (Renumbered from 63G-6-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter
220	382)
221	63G-6a-102, (Renumbered from 63G-6-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
222	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
223	63G-6a-103, (Renumbered from 63G-6-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
224	Chapter 376)
225	63G-6a-105, (Renumbered from 63G-6-104, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
226	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
227	63G-6a-106, (Renumbered from 63G-6-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
228	Chapter 3 and renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
229	63G-6a-109, (Renumbered from 63G-6-105, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
230	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
231	63G-6a-202, (Renumbered from 63G-6-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
232	Chapter 376)
233	63G-6a-203, (Renumbered from 63G-6-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
234	Chapter 376)
235	63G-6a-204, (Renumbered from 63G-6-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
236	Chapter 132)
237	63G-6a-205 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-209, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
238	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
239	63G-6a-302 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
240	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
241	63G-6a-303, (Renumbered from 63G-6-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
242	Chapter 352 and renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382)

243	63G-6a-304, (Renumbered from 63G-6-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
244	Chapter 352 and renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
245	63G-6a-305, (Renumbered from 63G-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
246	Chapter 376)
247	63G-6a-407, (Renumbered from 63G-6-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
248	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
249	63G-6a-711 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-408.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008,
250	Chapter 352)
251	63G-6a-802, (Renumbered from 63G-6-410, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
252	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
253	63G-6a-804, (Renumbered from 63G-6-423, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
254	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
255	63G-6a-805, (Renumbered from 63G-6-425, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
256	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
257	63G-6a-902, (Renumbered from 63G-6-412, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
258	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
259	63G-6a-903, (Renumbered from 63G-6-413, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
260	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
261	63G-6a-904, (Renumbered from 63G-6-804, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
262	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
263	63G-6a-1002, (Renumbered from 63G-6-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
264	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
265	63G-6a-1003, (Renumbered from 63G-6-405, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
266	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
267	63G-6a-1102, (Renumbered from 63G-6-504, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
268	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
269	63G-6a-1103, (Renumbered from 63G-6-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
270	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
271	63G-6a-1104, (Renumbered from 63G-6-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
272	Chapter 299)
273	63G-6a-1105, (Renumbered from 63G-6-507, as renumbered and amended by Laws of

- 274 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
- 63G-6a-1202, (Renumbered from 63G-6-601, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 276 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
- **63G-6a-1203**, (Renumbered from 63G-6-603, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009,
- 278 Chapter 217)
- 63G-6a-1205, (Renumbered from 63G-6-416, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 280 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
- 63G-6a-1206, (Renumbered from 63G-6-415, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 282 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
- 283 **63G-6a-1207**, (Renumbered from 63G-6-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 284 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
- 63G-6a-1302, (Renumbered from 63G-6-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 286 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
- 287 **63G-6a-1303**, (Renumbered from 63G-6-604, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010,
- 288 Chapter 18)
- 289 **63G-6a-1402**, (Renumbered from 63G-6-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010,
- 290 Chapter 358)
- 291 **63G-6a-1403**, (Renumbered from 63G-6-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 292 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
- 293 **63G-6a-1502**, (Renumbered from 63G-6-701, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 294 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
- 295 **63G-6a-1503**, (Renumbered from 63G-6-702, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 296 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
- 63G-6a-1504, (Renumbered from 63G-6-703, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 298 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
- 299 **63G-6a-1505**, (Renumbered from 63G-6-704, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 300 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
- 63G-6a-1506, (Renumbered from 63G-6-705, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 302 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
- 63G-6a-1602, (Renumbered from 63G-6-805, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 304 Utah 2008, Chapter 382)

305	63G-6a-1603, (Renumbered from 63G-6-801, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
306	Chapter 361)
307	63G-6a-1604, (Renumbered from 63G-6-806, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
308	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
309	63G-6a-1605, (Renumbered from 63G-6-907, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
310	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
311	63G-6a-1606, (Renumbered from 63G-6-802, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
312	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
313	63G-6a-1607 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-803, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
314	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
315	63G-6a-1702, (Renumbered from 63G-6-807, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010,
316	Chapter 286)
317	63G-6a-1703 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-810, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
318	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
319	63G-6a-1704, (Renumbered from 63G-6-808, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
320	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
321	63G-6a-1705 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-809, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
322	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
323	63G-6a-1706 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-811, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
324	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
325	63G-6a-1707 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-812, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
326	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
327	63G-6a-1708 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-813, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
328	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
329	63G-6a-1802 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-814, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
330	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
331	63G-6a-1803 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-815, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
332	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
333	63G-6a-1804, (Renumbered from 63G-6-817, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
334	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
335	63G-6a-1805. (Renumbered from 63G-6-816, as renumbered and amended by Laws of

336	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
337	63G-6a-1902, (Renumbered from 63G-6-419, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
338	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
339	63G-6a-1903, (Renumbered from 63G-6-818, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
340	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
341	63G-6a-1904, (Renumbered from 63G-6-819, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
342	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
343	63G-6a-1905, (Renumbered from 63G-6-820, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
344	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
345	63G-6a-2002, (Renumbered from 63G-6-106, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
346	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
347	63G-6a-2003, (Renumbered from 63G-6-421, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
348	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
349	63G-6a-2004, (Renumbered from 63G-6-905, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
350	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
351	63G-6a-2102 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-901, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
352	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
353	63G-6a-2103, (Renumbered from 63G-6-902, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
354	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
355	63G-6a-2104 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-904, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
356	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
357	63G-6a-2105 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-424, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
358	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
359	63G-6a-2302 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-420, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
360	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
361	REPEALS:
362	10-7-87, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
363	11-37-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
364	17-15-24, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
365	17B-1-109, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
366	26A-1-108.7 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382

367	63G-6-206 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
368	63G-6-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 376
369	63G-6-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
370	63G-6-402 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
371	63G-6-403 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
372	63G-6-406, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
373	63G-6-407 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
374	63G-6-408 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
375	63G-6-409 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
376	63G-6-411 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
377	63G-6-414 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
378	63G-6-417 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
379	63G-6-418 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
380	63G-6-422 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
381	63G-6-426 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
382	63G-6-903 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
383	63G-6-906 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
384	$\mathbf{63G\text{-}6\text{-}1001}$, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
385	63G-6-1002, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **7-1-323** is amended to read:

7-1-323. Regulation of interstate operations -- Coordination of efforts.

- (1) The commissioner may:
- (a) examine, supervise, and regulate a branch operated in this state by a depository institution chartered by another state and take any action or issue any order with regard to that branch;
- (b) examine, supervise, and regulate a branch operated in another state by a depository institution chartered by this state and take any action or issue any order with regard to that branch; and
 - (c) coordinate these activities with any other state or federal agency that shares

398	jurisdiction	over the	institution
270	or is or or or or	O TOI CITE	IIIbuitation

- (2) The commissioner may coordinate the examination, supervision, and regulation of any depository institution chartered by this state with the examination, supervision, and regulation of an affiliated depository institution operating in another state.
- (3) The commissioner may take any reasonable and lawful action in furtherance of coordinating the regulation of interstate operations, including:
- (a) negotiating and entering into cooperative agreements with an agency of another state or of the federal government;
- (b) sharing information and reports in accordance with Section 7-1-802 with an agency that shares jurisdiction over the institution;
- (c) accepting as sufficient, if appropriate, examination reports and other information compiled or generated by or for an agency that shares jurisdiction over the institution;
- (d) contracting with an agency that shares jurisdiction over the institution to engage the services of its examiners at a reasonable rate of compensation;
- (e) offering the services of the department's examiners at a reasonable rate of compensation to an agency that shares jurisdiction over the institution;
- (f) collecting fees on behalf of, or receiving payment of fees through, an agency that shares jurisdiction over the institution; and
- (g) cooperating in any other way with other supervisory agencies and professional associations to promote the efficient, safe, and sound operation and regulation of interstate depository institution activities, including the formulation of interstate examination policies and procedures and the drafting of model laws, rules, and agreements.
- (4) A contract between the department and an agency that shares jurisdiction over a depository institution to provide examiners to aid in interstate examination and regulation is considered a sole source contract under Section [63G-6-410] 63G-6a-802.
 - Section 2. Section **7-2-21** is amended to read:

7-2-21. Applicability of Utah Procurement Code.

- No action of the commissioner taken under this chapter or Chapter 19, Acquisition of Failing Depository Institutions or Holding Companies, is subject to the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
- Section 3. Section **9-4-704** is amended to read:

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429	9-4-704. Distribution of fund money.
430	(1) The executive director shall:
431	(a) make grants and loans from the fund for any of the activities authorized by Section
432	9-4-705, as directed by the board;
433	(b) establish the criteria with the approval of the board by which loans and grants will
434	be made; and
435	(c) determine with the approval of the board the order in which projects will be funded
436	(2) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any federal money
437	contained in the fund according to the procedures, conditions, and restrictions placed upon the
438	use of the money by the federal government.
439	(3) (a) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any funds
440	received pursuant to Section 17C-1-412 to pay the costs of providing income targeted housing
441	within the community that created the community development and renewal agency under Titl
442	17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community Development and Renewal
443	Agencies Act.
444	(b) As used in Subsection (3)(a):
445	(i) "Community" has the meaning as defined in Section 17C-1-102.
446	(ii) "Income targeted housing" has the meaning as defined in Section 17C-1-102.
447	(4) Except federal money and money received under Section 17C-1-412, the executive
448	director shall distribute, as directed by the board, all other money from the fund according to
449	the following requirements:
450	(a) Not less than 30% of all fund money shall be distributed to rural areas of the state.
451	(b) At least 50% of the money in the fund shall be distributed as loans to be repaid to
452	the fund by the entity receiving them.
453	(i) (A) Of the fund money distributed as loans, at least 50% shall be distributed to
454	benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 50% of the median family income for the
455	state.

(B) The remaining loan money shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual

(ii) The executive director or the executive director's designee shall lend money in

accordance with this Subsection (4) at a rate based upon the borrower's ability to pay.

income is at or below 80% of the median family income for the state.

460	(c) Any fund money not distributed as loans shall be distributed as grants.
461	(i) At least 90% of the fund money distributed as grants shall be distributed to benefit
462	persons whose annual income is at or below 50% of the median family income for the state.
463	(ii) The remaining fund money distributed as grants may be used by the executive
464	director to obtain federal matching funds or for other uses consistent with the intent of this part,
465	including the payment of reasonable loan servicing costs, but no more than 3% of the revenues
466	of the fund may be used to offset other department or board administrative expenses.
467	(5) The executive director may with the approval of the board:
468	(a) enact rules to establish procedures for the grant and loan process by following the
469	procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
470	and
471	(b) service or contract, pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code,
472	for the servicing of loans made by the fund.
473	Section 4. Section 9-4-906 is amended to read:
474	9-4-906. Relation to certain acts.
475	(1) The corporation is exempt from:
476	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
477	(b) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
478	(c) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code; [and]
479	(d) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
480	(e) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act;
481	(f) Title 63J, Chapter 2, Revenue Procedures and Control Act; and
482	(g) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
483	(2) The corporation shall comply with:
484	(a) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act; and
485	(b) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
486	Section 5. Section 9-4-1602 is amended to read:
487	9-4-1602. Distribution of fund money.
488	(1) (a) The director shall make loans and loan guarantees from the fund for the Small
489	Business Credit Initiative created under the federal government's Small Business Jobs Act of
100	2010, to use federal money for programs that leverage private lending to help finance small

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- 491 businesses and manufacturers that are creditworthy but not receiving the loans needed to 492 expand and create jobs. 493 (b) In making loans and loan guarantees under this part, the director shall give due 494 consideration to small businesses in underserved communities throughout the state that have 495 been deeply impacted by recession and not seen a comparable resurgence in their economies. 496 (2) The director shall distribute any federal money in the fund according to the 497 procedures, conditions, and restrictions placed upon the use of the money by the federal 498 government. 499 (3) The director may, with the approval of the executive director of the department: 500 (a) enact rules to establish procedures for the loan and loan guarantee process by 501 following the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 502 Rulemaking Act; and 503 (b) service or contract, under Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, for 504 the servicing of loans made by the fund. 505 Section 6. Section 10-3-1304 is amended to read: 506 10-3-1304. Use of office for personal benefit prohibited. 507 (1) As used in this section, "economic benefit tantamount to a gift" includes: 508 (a) a loan at an interest rate that is substantially lower than the commercial rate then 509 currently prevalent for similar loans; and 510 (b) compensation received for private services rendered at a rate substantially 511 exceeding the fair market value of the services. 512 (2) It is an offense for an elected or appointed officer or municipal employee, under 513 circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001] 63G-6a-2304 or 76-8-105, 514 to: 515 (a) disclose or improperly use private, controlled, or protected information acquired by 516 reason of the officer's or employee's official position or in the course of official duties in order 517 to further substantially the officer's or employee's personal economic interest or to secure 518 special privileges or exemptions for the officer or employee or for others;
 - (ii) secure special privileges for the officer or employee or for others; or

(b) use or attempt to use the officer's or employee's official position to:

(i) further substantially the officer's or employee's personal economic interest; or

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unless the officer or employee:

522 (c) knowingly receive, accept, take, seek, or solicit, directly or indirectly, for the officer 523 or employee or for another, a gift of substantial value or a substantial economic benefit 524 tantamount to a gift that: 525 (i) would tend improperly to influence a reasonable person in the person's position to 526 depart from the faithful and impartial discharge of the person's public duties; or 527 (ii) the person knows or that a reasonable person in that position should know under 528 the circumstances is primarily for the purpose of rewarding the person for official action taken. 529 (3) Subsection (2)(c) does not apply to: 530 (a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift having a value of less than \$50; 531 (b) an award publicly presented in recognition of public services; 532 (c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or 533 (d) a political campaign contribution. 534 Section 7. Section 10-3-1305 is amended to read: 535 10-3-1305. Compensation for assistance in transaction involving municipality --536 Public disclosure and filing required. 537 (1) As used in this section, "municipal body" means any public board, commission, 538 committee, or other public group organized to make public policy decisions or to advise 539 persons who make public policy decisions. 540 (2) It is an offense for an elected officer, or appointed officer, who is a member of a 541 public body, under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001] 542 63G-6a-2304 or 76-8-105, to receive or agree to receive compensation for assisting any person 543 or business entity in any transaction involving the municipality in which the member is an 544 officer unless the member: (a) files with the mayor a sworn statement giving the information required by this 545 546 section; and 547 (b) discloses the information required by Subsection (5) in an open meeting to the 548 members of the body of which the officer is a member immediately before the discussion. 549 (3) It is an offense for an appointed officer who is not a member of a public body or a 550 municipal employee to receive or agree to receive compensation for assisting any person or

business entity in any transaction involving the municipality by which the person is employed

553	(a) files with the mayor a sworn statement giving the information required by this
554	section; and
555	(b) discloses the information required by Subsection (5) to:
556	(i) the officer or employee's immediate supervisor; and
557	(ii) any other municipal officer or employee who may rely upon the employee's
558	representations in evaluating or approving the transaction.
559	(4) (a) The officer or employee shall file the statement required to be filed by this
560	section 10 days before the date of any agreement between the elected or appointed officer or
561	municipal employee and the person or business entity being assisted or 10 days before the
562	receipt of compensation by the officer or employee, whichever is earlier.
563	(b) The statement is public information and shall be available for examination by the
564	public.
565	(5) The statement and disclosure shall contain:
566	(a) the name and address of the officer or municipal employee;
567	(b) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted or in
568	which the appointed or elected official or municipal employee has a substantial interest; and
569	(c) a brief description of the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be
570	rendered and of the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
571	Section 8. Section 10-7-86 is amended to read:
572	10-7-86. Municipality may adopt Utah Procurement Code Hiring of
573	professional architect, engineer, or surveyor.
574	(1) The governing body of any municipality may adopt any or all of the provisions of
575	Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, or the rules promulgated pursuant to that
576	code.
577	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the governing body of each municipality that
578	engages the services of a professional architect, engineer, or surveyor and considers more than
579	one such professional for the engagement:
580	(a) shall consider, as a minimum, in the selection process:
581	(i) the qualifications, experience, and background of each firm submitting a proposal;
582	(ii) the specific individuals assigned to the project and the time commitments of each
583	to the project; and

584	(iii) the project schedule and the approach to the project that the firm will take; and
585	(b) may engage the services of a professional architect, engineer, or surveyor based on
586	the criteria under Subsection (2)(a) rather than solely on lowest cost.
587	Section 9. Section 11-17-20 is amended to read:
588	11-17-20. Power of the State Charter School Finance Authority.
589	(1) The State Charter School Finance Authority may exercise the powers granted to
590	municipalities and counties by this chapter, subject to the same limitations as that imposed on a
591	municipality or county under the chapter, except as provided by Title 53A, Chapter 20b, State
592	Charter School Finance Authority Act.
593	(2) As used in this chapter, "governing body" when applied to the State Charter School
594	Finance Authority means the authority's governing board as described in Section 53A-20b-103.
595	(3) Notwithstanding Section 11-17-15, a charter school that receives financing under
596	this chapter is subject to Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
597	Section 10. Section 11-39-101 is amended to read:
598	11-39-101. Definitions.
599	As used in this chapter:
600	(1) "Bid limit" means:
601	(a) for a building improvement:
602	(i) for the year 2003, \$40,000; and
603	(ii) for each year after 2003, the amount of the bid limit for the previous year, plus an
604	amount calculated by multiplying the amount of the bid limit for the previous year by the lesser
605	of 3% or the actual percent change in the Consumer Price Index during the previous calendar
606	year; and
607	(b) for a public works project:
608	(i) for the year 2003, \$125,000; and
609	(ii) for each year after 2003, the amount of the bid limit for the previous year, plus an
610	amount calculated by multiplying the amount of the bid limit for the previous year by the lesser
611	of 3% or the actual percent change in the Consumer Price Index during the previous calendar
612	year.
613	(2) "Building improvement":

(a) means the construction or repair of a public building or structure; and

615	(b) does not include construction or repair at an international airport.
616	(3) "Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban
617	Consumers as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of
618	Labor.
619	(4) "Design-build project":
620	(a) means a building improvement or public works project costing over \$250,000 with
621	respect to which both the design and construction are provided for in a single contract with a
622	contractor or combination of contractors capable of providing design-build services; and
623	(b) does not include a building improvement or public works project:
624	(i) that is undertaken by a local entity under contract with a construction manager that
625	guarantees the contract price and is at risk for any amount over the contract price; and
626	(ii) each component of which is competitively bid.
627	(5) "Design-build services" means the engineering, architectural, and other services
628	necessary to formulate and implement a design-build project, including its actual construction
629	(6) "Emergency repairs" means a building improvement or public works project
630	undertaken on an expedited basis to:
631	(a) eliminate an imminent risk of damage to or loss of public or private property;
632	(b) remedy a condition that poses an immediate physical danger; or
633	(c) reduce a substantial, imminent risk of interruption of an essential public service.
634	(7) "Governing body" means:
635	(a) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town;
636	(b) for a local district, the board of trustees of the local district; and
637	(c) for a special service district:
638	(i) the legislative body of the county, city, or town that established the special service
639	district, if no administrative control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; or
640	(ii) the administrative control board of the special service district, if an administrative
641	control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301.
642	(8) "Local district" has the same meaning as defined in Section 17B-1-102.
643	(9) "Local entity" means a county, city, town, local district, or special service district.
644	(10) "Lowest responsive responsible bidder" means a prime contractor who:
645	(a) has submitted a bid in compliance with the invitation to bid and within the

646	requirements of the plans and specifications for the building improvement or public works
647	project;
648	(b) is the lowest bidder that satisfies the local entity's criteria relating to financial
649	strength, past performance, integrity, reliability, and other factors that the local entity uses to
650	assess the ability of a bidder to perform fully and in good faith the contract requirements;
651	(c) has furnished a bid bond or equivalent in money as a condition to the award of a
652	prime contract; and
653	(d) furnishes a payment and performance bond as required by law.
654	(11) "Procurement code" means the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah
655	Procurement Code.
656	(12) "Public works project":
657	(a) means the construction of:
658	(i) a park or recreational facility; or
659	(ii) a pipeline, culvert, dam, canal, or other system for water, sewage, storm water, or
660	flood control; and
661	(b) does not include:
662	(i) the replacement or repair of existing infrastructure on private property;
663	(ii) construction commenced before June 1, 2003; and
664	(iii) construction or repair at an international airport.
665	(13) "Special service district" has the same meaning as defined in Section 17D-1-102.
666	Section 11. Section 11-39-107 is amended to read:
667	11-39-107. Procurement code.
668	(1) This chapter may not be construed to:
669	(a) prohibit a county or municipal legislative body from adopting the procedures of the
670	procurement code; or
671	(b) limit the application of the procurement code to a local district or special service
672	district.
673	(2) A local entity may adopt procedures for the following construction contracting
674	methods:
675	(a) construction manager/general contractor, as defined in Section [63G-6-103]
676	<u>63G-6a-103;</u> or

- (b) a method that requires that the local entity draft a plan, specifications, and an estimate for the building improvement or public works project.
 (3) For a public works project only and that costs \$10,000,000 or more, the following may enter into a contract for design-build, as defined in Section [63G-6-103] 63G-6a-103, and
 - (a) a city of the first class;

and as the procedures and provisions relate to a design-build:

- (b) a local district; or
- (c) a special service district.
- (4) (a) In seeking bids and awarding a contract for a building improvement or public works project, a county or a municipal legislative body may elect to follow the provisions of the procurement code, as the county or municipal legislative body considers appropriate under the circumstances, for specification preparation, source selection, or contract formation.

adopt the procedures and follow the provisions of the procurement code for the procurement of

- (b) A county or municipal legislative body's election to adopt the procedures of the procurement code may not excuse the county or municipality, respectively, from complying with the requirements to award a contract for work in excess of the bid limit and to publish notice of the intent to award.
- (c) An election under Subsection (4)(a) may be made on a case-by-case basis, unless the county or municipality has previously adopted [the procurement code as permitted by Subsection 63G-6-104(3)(e)] the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
 - (d) The county or municipal legislative body shall:
 - (i) make each election under Subsection (4)(a) in an open meeting; and
 - (ii) specify in its action the portions of the procurement code to be followed.
- (5) If the estimated cost of the building improvement or public works project proposed by a local district or special service district exceeds the bid limit, the governing body of the local district or special service district may, if it determines to proceed with the building improvement or public works project, use the competitive procurement procedures of the procurement code in place of the comparable provisions of this chapter.
 - Section 12. Section 11-44-202 is amended to read:
 - 11-44-202. Types of agreements.
 - Notwithstanding Section [63G-6-416] 63G-6a-1205, a political subdivision shall

708	structure an energy service agreement as a guaranteed energy savings performance contract,
709	which shall include:
710	(1) the design and installation of an energy efficiency measure, if applicable;
711	(2) operation and maintenance of any energy efficiency measure implemented; and
712	(3) guaranteed annual cost savings that meet or exceed the total annual contract
713	payments by the political subdivision under the contract, including financing charges incurred
714	by the political subdivision over the life of the contract.
715	Section 13. Section 11-44-301 is amended to read:
716	11-44-301. Selection.
717	(1) A political subdivision shall follow the procedures outlined in Title 63G, Chapter
718	[6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, when selecting a qualified energy service provider.
719	(2) The Division of Purchasing shall maintain a list of qualified energy service
720	providers.
721	(3) The qualified energy service provider selected from the bid process shall prepare an
722	investment grade energy audit, which shall become part of the final contract between the
723	political subdivision and the qualified energy service provider.
724	(4) The audit shall include:
725	(a) a detailed description of the energy efficiency measure;
726	(b) an estimated cost; and
727	(c) a projected cost savings.
728	Section 14. Section 13-2-9 is amended to read:
729	13-2-9. Internet Consumer education.
730	(1) The Division of Consumer Protection shall, subject to appropriation, contract with
731	a person to make public service announcements advising consumers about the dangers of using
732	the Internet, especially:
733	(a) material harmful to minors;
734	(b) steps a consumer may take to learn more about the dangers of using the Internet;
735	(c) information about how a service provider can help a consumer learn more about the
736	dangers of using the Internet, including the service provider's duties created by this bill; and
737	(d) how a consumer can monitor the Internet usage of family members.

(2) Money appropriated under Subsection (1) shall be paid by the Division of

739	Consumer Protection to a person only if:
740	(a) the person is a nonprofit organization; and
741	(b) the person agrees to spend private money amounting to two times the amount of
742	money provided by the Division of Consumer Protection during each fiscal year in accordance
743	with Subsection (1).
744	(3) In administering any money appropriated for use under this section, the Division of
745	Consumer Protection shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
746	Section 15. Section 14-1-18 is amended to read:
747	14-1-18. Definitions Application of Procurement Code to payment and
748	performance bonds.
749	(1) (a) For purposes of this chapter, "political subdivision" means any county, city,
750	town, school district, local district, special service district, community development and
751	renewal agency, public corporation, institution of higher education of the state, public agency
752	of any political subdivision, and, to the extent provided by law, any other entity which expends
753	public funds for construction.
754	(b) For purposes of applying Section [63G-6-505] 63G-6a-1103 to a political
755	subdivision, "state" includes "political subdivision."
756	(2) [Section 63G-6-505] Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
757	Procurement Code, to the contrary, Section 63G-6a-1103 applies to all contracts for the
758	construction, alteration, or repair of any public building or public work of the state or a
759	political subdivision of the state.
760	Section 16. Section 17-16a-4 is amended to read:
761	17-16a-4. Prohibited use of official position Exception.
762	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for an elected or appointed
763	officer, under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001]
764	<u>63G-6a-2304</u> or 76-8-105, to:
765	(a) disclose confidential information acquired by reason of the officer's official position
766	or use that information to secure special privileges or exemptions for himself or others;
767	(b) use or attempt to use the officer's official position to secure special privileges for
768	the officer or for others; or

(c) knowingly receive, accept, take, seek or solicit, directly or indirectly, any gift or

- 1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 153 770 loan for the officer or for another, if the gift or loan tends to influence the officer in the 771 discharge of the officer's official duties. 772 (2) This section is inapplicable to: (a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift having a value of less than \$50; 773 774 (b) an award publicly presented; 775 (c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or 776 (d) political campaign contributions actually used in a political campaign. 777 (3) A member of a county legislative body who is also a member of the governing 778 board of a provider of mental health or substance abuse services under contract with the county 779 does not commit an offense under Subsection (1)(a) or (b) by discharging, in good faith, the 780 duties and responsibilities of each position, if the county legislative body member does not 781 participate in the process of selecting the mental health or substance abuse service provider. 782 Section 17. Section 17-43-202 is amended to read: 783 17-43-202. Local substance abuse authorities -- Requirements prior to 784 distributing public funds. 785
 - (1) Each local substance abuse authority shall award all public funds in compliance with:
 - (a) the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; or
 - (b) a county procurement ordinance that requires similar procurement practices.
 - (2) If all initial bids on the project are rejected, the authority shall publish a new invitation to bid. If no satisfactory bid is received by the authority when the bids received from the second invitation are opened, the authority may execute a contract without requiring competitive bidding.
 - (3) A local substance abuse authority need not comply with the procurement provisions of this section when it disburses public funds to another political subdivision of the state or an institution of higher education of the state.
 - (4) Each contract awarded by a local substance abuse authority shall be for a fixed amount and limited period. A contract may be modified due to changes in available funding for the same contract purpose without competition.
- 799 Section 18. Section 17-43-302 is amended to read:

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800 17-43-302. Local mental health authorities -- Requirements prior to distributing

- (1) Each local mental health authority shall award all public funds by complying with the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter [6] <u>6a</u>, Utah Procurement Code, or by complying with a county procurement ordinance which requires similar procurement practices.
- (2) If all initial bids on the project are rejected, the authority shall publish a new invitation to bid in the manner specified in this section. If no satisfactory bid is received by the authority when the bids received from the second invitation are opened, the authority may execute a contract without requiring competitive bidding.
- (3) The local mental health authority need not comply with the procurement provisions of this section when it disburses public funds to another political subdivision of the state or an institution of higher education of the state.
- (4) Each contract awarded by a local mental health authority shall be for a fixed amount and limited period. A contract may be modified due to changes in available funding for the same contract purpose without competition.
 - Section 19. Section 17-53-225 is amended to read:

17-53-225. County legislative body may adopt Utah Procurement Code -- Retention of records.

- (1) A county legislative body may adopt any or all of the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, or the rules promulgated pursuant to that code.
- (2) Whenever any county is required by law to receive bids for purchases, construction, repairs, or any other purpose requiring the expenditure of funds, that county shall keep on file all bids received, together with proof of advertisement by publication or otherwise, for:
 - (a) at least three years following the letting of any contract pursuant to those bids; or
- (b) three years following the first advertisement for the bids, if all bids pursuant to that advertisement are rejected.
 - Section 20. Section 17-53-313 is amended to read:

17-53-313. Hiring of professional architect, engineer, or surveyor.

Notwithstanding the adoption of some or all of the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, under Section 17-53-225, each county executive that engages the services of a professional architect, engineer, or surveyor and considers more than one such professional for the engagement:

832	(1) shall consider, as a minimum, in the selection process:
833	(a) the qualifications, experience, and background of each firm submitting a proposal;
834	(b) the specific individuals assigned to the project and the time commitments of each to
835	the project; and
836	(c) the project schedule and the approach to the project that the firm will take; and
837	(2) may engage the services of a professional architect, engineer, or surveyor based on
838	the criteria under Subsection (1) rather than solely on lowest cost.
839	Section 21. Section 17B-1-108 is amended to read:
840	17B-1-108. Restrictions on local district procurement of architect-engineer
841	services.
842	(1) As used in this section:
843	(a) "Architect-engineer services" means those professional services within the scope of
844	the practice of architecture as defined in Section 58-3a-102.
845	(b) "Engineer services" means those professional services within the scope of the
846	practice of professional engineering as defined in Section 58-22-102.
847	(2) When a local district elects to obtain architect services or engineering services by
848	using a competitive procurement process and has provided public notice of its competitive
849	procurement process:
850	(a) a higher education entity, or any part of one, may not submit a proposal in response
851	to the local district's competitive procurement process; and
852	(b) the local district may not award a contract to perform the architect services or
853	engineering services solicited in the competitive procurement process to a higher education
854	entity or any part of one.
855	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection [63G-6-104(3)(d)] 63G-6a-105(3), each local district
856	board that engages the services of a professional architect, engineer, or surveyor and considers
857	more than one such professional for the engagement:
858	(a) shall consider, as a minimum, in the selection process:
859	(i) the qualifications, experience, and background of each firm submitting a proposal;
860	(ii) the specific individuals assigned to the project and the time commitments of each
861	to the project; and
862	(iii) the project schedule and the approach to the project that the firm will take; and

863	(b) may engage the services of a professional architect, engineer, or surveyor based on
864	the criteria under Subsection (3)(a) rather than solely on lowest cost.
865	Section 22. Section 17B-2a-818 is amended to read:
866	17B-2a-818. Requirements applicable to public transit district contracts.
867	(1) A public transit district shall comply with the applicable provisions of Title 63G,
868	Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
869	(2) If construction of a district facility or work exceeds \$750,000, the construction shall
870	be let as provided in:
871	(a) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
872	(b) Section 17B-2a-818.5.
873	Section 23. Section 17B-2a-818.5 is amended to read:
874	17B-2a-818.5. Contracting powers of public transit districts Health insurance
875	coverage.
876	(1) For purposes of this section:
877	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
878	34A-2-104 who:
879	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
880	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
881	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.
882	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
883	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" is as defined in Section 26-40-115.
884	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
885	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or
886	construction contract entered into by the public transit district on or after July 1, 2009, and to a
887	prime contractor or to a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
888	(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
889	amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.
890	(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
891	\$750,000 or greater.
892	(3) This section does not apply if:
893	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;

- 1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 153 02-20-12 2:59 PM 894 (b) the contract is a sole source contract; or 895 (c) the contract is an emergency procurement. 896 (4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section [63G-6-103] 897 63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial 898 threshold required by Subsection (2). 899 (b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to 900 circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction. 901 (5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the public transit 902 district that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage 903 for the contractor's employees and the employee's dependents during the duration of the 904 contract. 905 (b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor 906 shall demonstrate to the public transit district that the subcontractor has and will maintain an 907 offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the 908 employee's dependents during the duration of the contract. 909 (c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during 910 the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with an ordinance adopted by 911 the public transit district under Subsection (6). 912 (B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the 913 requirements of Subsection (5)(b). 914 (ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during 915 the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with an ordinance adopted by 916 the public transit district under Subsection (6). 917 (B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the 918 requirements of Subsection (5)(a). 919
 - (6) The public transit district shall adopt ordinances:
 - (a) in coordination with:

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- (i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
- 922 (ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
- 923 (iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
- 924 (iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403; and

925 (v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and 926 (b) which establish: 927 (i) the requirements and procedures a contractor shall follow to demonstrate to the 928 public transit district compliance with this section which shall include: 929 (A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or 930 (b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and 931 (B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health 932 insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the 933 department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency from either: 934 (I) the Utah Insurance Department; 935 (II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or 936 (III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium 937 rates; 938 (ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally 939 violates the provisions of this section, which may include: 940 (A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into 941 future contracts with the public transit district upon the first violation; 942 (B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future 943 contracts with the public transit district upon the second violation; 944 (C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with 945 Section [63G-6-804] 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and 946 (D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to 947 purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of 948 the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage 949 during the duration of the contract; and 950 (iii) a website on which the district shall post the benchmark for the qualified health 951 insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c). 952 (7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(b)(ii), a contractor 953 or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the 954 employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance 955 coverage.

956 (ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection 957 (7)(a)(i) if: 958 (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency 959 provided by an: 960 (I) actuary; or 961 (II) underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates; 962 or 963 (B) a department or division determines that compliance with this section is not 964 required under the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4). 965 (b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to 966 enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7). 967 (8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the 968 Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402. 969 (9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance 970 coverage as required by this section: 971 (a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror, 972 or contractor under Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G, 973 Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and 974 (b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or 975 contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design 976 or construction. 977 Section 24. Section **17D-1-106** is amended to read: 978 17D-1-106. Special service districts subject to other provisions. 979 (1) A special service district is, to the same extent as if it were a local district, subject 980 to and governed by: 981 (a) Sections 17B-1-105, 17B-1-107, 17B-1-108, [17B-1-109.] 17B-1-110, 17B-1-111, 982 17B-1-112, 17B-1-113, 17B-1-116, 17B-1-118, 17B-1-119, 17B-1-120, and 17B-1-121; 983 (b) Subsections 17B-1-301(3) and (4), Sections 17B-1-304, 17B-1-305, 17B-1-306, 984 17B-1-307, 17B-1-310, 17B-1-312, 17B-1-313, and 17B-1-314; 985 (c) Section 20A-1-512;

(d) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 6, Fiscal Procedures for Local Districts;

987 (e) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 7, Local District Budgets and Audit Reports; 988 (f) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 8, Local District Personnel Management; and 989 (g) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 9, Collection of Service Fees and Charges. 990 (2) For purposes of applying the provisions listed in Subsection (1) to a special service 991 district, each reference in those provisions to the local district board of trustees means the 992 governing body. 993 Section 25. Section **17D-2-108** is amended to read: 994 17D-2-108. Other statutory provisions. 995 (1) This chapter is supplemental to existing laws relating to a local entity's acquisition, 996 use, maintenance, management, or operation of a project. 997 (2) Except as provided in this chapter, a local entity or local building authority that 998 complies with the provisions of this chapter need not comply with any other statutory provision 999 concerning the acquisition, construction, use, or maintenance of a project, including: 1000 (a) a statute relating to public bidding; and 1001 (b) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code. 1002 (3) A local building authority is, to the same extent as if it were a local district, subject 1003 to and governed by: 1004 (a) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 6, Fiscal Procedures for Local Districts; 1005 (b) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 8, Local District Personnel Management; and 1006 (c) Section 17B-1-108. 1007 Section 26. Section 19-1-206 is amended to read: 1008 19-1-206. Contracting powers of department -- Health insurance coverage. 1009 (1) For purposes of this section: 1010 (a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section 1011 34A-2-104 who: 1012 (i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and 1013 (ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which 1014 may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire. 1015 (b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301. 1016 (c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" is as defined in Section 26-40-115. 1017 (d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.

1018	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or
1019	construction contract entered into by or delegated to the department or a division or board of
1020	the department on or after July 1, 2009, and to a prime contractor or subcontractor in
1021	accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
1022	(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
1023	amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.
1024	(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
1025	\$750,000 or greater.
1026	(3) This section does not apply to contracts entered into by the department or a division
1027	or board of the department if:
1028	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
1029	(b) the contract or agreement is between:
1030	(i) the department or a division or board of the department; and
1031	(ii) (A) another agency of the state;
1032	(B) the federal government;
1033	(C) another state;
1034	(D) an interstate agency;
1035	(E) a political subdivision of this state; or
1036	(F) a political subdivision of another state;
1037	(c) the executive director determines that applying the requirements of this section to a
1038	particular contract interferes with the effective response to an immediate health and safety
1039	threat from the environment; or
1040	(d) the contract is:
1041	(i) a sole source contract; or
1042	(ii) an emergency procurement.
1043	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section [63G-6-103]
1044	63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial
1045	threshold required by Subsection (2).
1046	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
1047	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
1048	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the executive

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- director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
 - (b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor shall demonstrate to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
 - (c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to comply with Subsection (5)(a) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
 - (B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
- (ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
- (B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
 - (6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
 - (a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
 - (b) in coordination with:
- (i) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
 - (ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
- 1071 (iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
- (iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
 - (v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
- 1074 (vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
- 1075 (c) which establish:
- 1076 (i) the requirements and procedures a contractor shall follow to demonstrate to the public transit district compliance with this section that shall include:
- 1078 (A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or 1079 (b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and

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(I) an actuary; or

1080	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health
1081	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
1082	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency from either:
1083	(I) the Utah Insurance Department;
1084	(II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
1085	(III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
1086	rates;
1087	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
1088	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
1089	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
1090	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
1091	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
1092	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
1093	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
1094	Section [63G-6-804] 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
1095	(D) notwithstanding Section 19-1-303, monetary penalties which may not exceed 50%
1096	of the amount necessary to purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and
1097	the dependents of an employee of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified
1098	health insurance coverage during the duration of the contract; and
1099	(iii) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified
1100	health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c).
1101	(7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(c), a contractor or
1102	subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the
1103	employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
1104	coverage.
1105	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
1106	(7)(a)(i) if:
1107	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency
1108	provided by:

(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium

1111	rates; or
1112	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
1113	the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
1114	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
1115	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
1116	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
1117	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
1118	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
1119	coverage as required by this section:
1120	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
1121	or contractor under Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G,
1122	Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
1123	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
1124	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
1125	or construction.
1126	Section 27. Section 20A-11-701 is amended to read:
1127	20A-11-701. Campaign financial reporting by corporations Filing requirements
1128	Statement contents.
1129	(1) (a) Each corporation that has made expenditures for political purposes that total at
1130	least \$750 during a calendar year shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant
1131	governor's office:
1132	(i) on January 10, reporting expenditures as of December 31 of the previous year;
1133	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
1134	(iii) on August 31; and
1135	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
1136	(b) The corporation shall report:
1137	(i) a detailed listing of all expenditures made since the last statement;
1138	(ii) for financial statements filed under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (iv), all
1139	expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of the financial statement; and
1140	(iii) whether the corporation, including an officer of the corporation, director of the
1141	corporation, or person with at least 10% ownership in the corporation:

1142	(A) has bid since the last financial statement on a contract, as defined in Section
1143	[63G-6-103] <u>63G-6a-103</u> , in excess of \$100,000;
1144	(B) is currently bidding on a contract, as defined in Section [63G-6-103] 63G-6a-103,
1145	in excess of \$100,000; or
1146	(C) is a party to a contract, as defined in Section [63G-6-103] 63G-6a-103, in excess of
1147	\$100,000.
1148	(c) The corporation need not file a financial statement under this section if the
1149	corporation made no expenditures during the reporting period.
1150	(2) The financial statement shall include:
1151	(a) the name and address of each reporting entity that received an expenditure from the
1152	corporation, and the amount of each expenditure;
1153	(b) the total amount of expenditures disbursed by the corporation; and
1154	(c) a statement by the corporation's treasurer or chief financial officer certifying the
1155	accuracy of the financial statement.
1156	Section 28. Section 26-8a-405.3 is amended to read:
1157	26-8a-405.3. Use of competitive sealed proposals Procedure Appeal rights.
1158	(1) (a) Competitive sealed proposals for paramedic or 911 ambulance services under
1159	Section 26-8a-405.2, or for non-911 services under Section 26-8a-405.4, shall be solicited
1160	through a request for proposal and the provisions of this section.
1161	(b) The governing body of the political subdivision shall approve the request for
1162	proposal prior to the notice of the request for proposals under Subsection (1)(c).
1163	(c) (i) Notice of the request for proposals shall be published:
1164	(A) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general
1165	circulation published in the county; or
1166	(B) if there is no such newspaper, then notice shall be posted for at least 20 days in at
1167	least five public places in the county; and
1168	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for at least 20 days.
1169	(2) (a) Proposals shall be opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing
1170	offerors during the process of negotiations.
1171	(b) (i) Subsequent to the published notice, and prior to selecting an applicant, the
1172	political subdivision shall hold a presubmission conference with interested applicants for the

purpose of assuring full understanding of, and responsiveness to, solicitation requirements.

- (ii) A political subdivision shall allow at least 90 days from the presubmission conference for the proposers to submit proposals.
- (c) Subsequent to the presubmission conference, the political subdivision may issue addenda to the request for proposals. An addenda to a request for proposal shall be finalized and posted by the political subdivision at least 45 days before the day on which the proposal must be submitted.
- (d) Offerors to the request for proposals shall be accorded fair and equal treatment with respect to any opportunity for discussion and revisions of proposals, and revisions may be permitted after submission and before a contract is awarded for the purpose of obtaining best and final offers.
- (e) In conducting discussions, there shall be no disclosures of any information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors.
- (3) (a) (i) A political subdivision may select an applicant approved by the department under Section 26-8a-404 to provide 911 ambulance or paramedic services by contract to the most responsible offeror as defined in [Subsection 63G-6-103(24)] Section 63G-6a-103.
- (ii) An award under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made to the responsible offeror whose proposal is determined in writing to be the most advantageous to the political subdivision, taking into consideration price and the evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposal.
- (b) The applicants who are approved under Section 26-8a-405 and who are selected under this section may be the political subdivision issuing the request for competitive sealed proposals, or any other public entity or entities, any private person or entity, or any combination thereof.
 - (c) A political subdivision may reject all of the competitive proposals.
- (4) In seeking competitive sealed proposals and awarding contracts under this section, a political subdivision:
- (a) shall apply the public convenience and necessity factors listed in Subsections 26-8a-408(2) through (6);
- (b) shall require the applicant responding to the proposal to disclose how the applicant will meet performance standards in the request for proposal;
 - (c) may not require or restrict an applicant to a certain method of meeting the

1204	performance standards, including:
1205	(i) requiring ambulance medical personnel to also be a firefighter; or
1206	(ii) mandating that offerors use fire stations or dispatch services of the political
1207	subdivision;
1208	(d) shall require an applicant to submit the proposal:
1209	(i) based on full cost accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting
1210	principals; and
1211	(ii) if the applicant is a governmental entity, in addition to the requirements of
1212	Subsection (4)(e)(i), in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and
1213	in compliance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide; and
1214	(e) shall set forth in the request for proposal:
1215	(i) the method for determining full cost accounting in accordance with generally
1216	accepted accounting principles, and require an applicant to submit the proposal based on such
1217	full cost accounting principles;
1218	(ii) guidelines established to further competition and provider accountability; and
1219	(iii) a list of the factors that will be considered by the political subdivision in the award
1220	of the contract, including by percentage, the relative weight of the factors established under this
1221	Subsection (4)(e), which may include such things as:
1222	(A) response times;
1223	(B) staging locations;
1224	(C) experience;
1225	(D) quality of care; and
1226	(E) cost, consistent with the cost accounting method in Subsection (4)(e)(i).
1227	(5) (a) Notwithstanding [the provisions of Subsection 63G-6-104(3), the] any provision
1228	of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, to the contrary, the provisions of Title 63G,
1229	Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, apply to the
1230	procurement process required by this section, except as provided in Subsection (5)(c).
1231	(b) [The Procurement Appeals Board created in Section 63G-6-807] An appeals board,
1232	as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, shall have jurisdiction to review and determine an appeal of
1233	an offeror under this section in the same manner as provided in Section [63G-6-810]
1234	63G-6a-1703.

(c) (i) An offeror may appeal the solicitation or award as provided by the political 1235 subdivision's procedures. After all political subdivision appeal rights are exhausted, the offeror 1236 1237 may appeal under the provisions of Subsections (5)(a) and (b). 1238 (ii) The factual determination required by Subsection [63G-6-813] 63G-6a-1708(1) 1239 shall be based on whether the solicitation or award was made in accordance with the 1240 procedures set forth in this section and Section 26-8a-405.2. (d) The determination of an issue of fact by the appeals board shall be final and 1241 1242 conclusive unless arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous as provided in Section 1243 [63G-6-813] <u>63G-6a-1708</u>. 1244 Section 29. Section **26-8a-405.5** is amended to read: 1245 26-8a-405.5. Use of competitive sealed proposals -- Procedure -- Appeal rights. 1246 (1) (a) The department shall issue a request for proposal for non-911 services in a 1247 geographic service area if the department receives a request from a political subdivision under 1248 Subsection 26-8a-405.4(3)(a)(ii)(B) to issue a request for proposal for non-911 services. (b) Competitive sealed proposals for non-911 services under Subsection (1)(a) shall be 1249 1250 solicited through a request for proposal and the provisions of this section. 1251 (c) (i) Notice of the request for proposals shall be published: 1252 (A) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general 1253 circulation published in the county; or 1254 (B) if there is no such newspaper, then notice shall be posted for at least 20 days in at 1255 least five public places in the county; and 1256 (ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for at least 20 days. 1257 (2) (a) Proposals shall be opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing 1258 offerors during the process of negotiations. 1259 (b) (i) Subsequent to the published notice, and prior to selecting an applicant, the 1260 department shall hold a presubmission conference with interested applicants for the purpose of 1261 assuring full understanding of, and responsiveness to, solicitation requirements. 1262 (ii) The department shall allow at least 90 days from the presubmission conference for 1263 the proposers to submit proposals. (c) Subsequent to the presubmission conference, the department may issue addenda to 1264

the request for proposals. An addenda to a request for proposal shall be finalized and posted by

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the department at least 45 days before the day on which the proposal must be submitted.

- (d) Offerors to the request for proposals shall be accorded fair and equal treatment with respect to any opportunity for discussion and revisions of proposals, and revisions may be permitted after submission and before a contract is awarded for the purpose of obtaining best and final offers.
- (e) In conducting discussions, there shall be no disclosures of any information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors.
- (3) (a) (i) The department may select an applicant approved by the department under Section 26-8a-404 to provide non-911 services by contract to the most responsible offeror as defined in [Subsection 63G-6-103(24)] Section 63G-6a-103.
- (ii) An award under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made to the responsible offeror whose proposal is determined in writing to be the most advantageous to the public, taking into consideration price and the evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposal.
- (b) The applicants who are approved under Section 26-8a-405 and who are selected under this section may be the political subdivision responding to the request for competitive sealed proposals, or any other public entity or entities, any private person or entity, or any combination thereof.
 - (c) The department may reject all of the competitive proposals.
- (4) In seeking competitive sealed proposals and awarding contracts under this section, the department:
- (a) shall consider the public convenience and necessity factors listed in Subsections 26-8a-408(2) through (6);
- (b) shall require the applicant responding to the proposal to disclose how the applicant will meet performance standards in the request for proposal;
- (c) may not require or restrict an applicant to a certain method of meeting the performance standards, including:
 - (i) requiring ambulance medical personnel to also be a firefighter; or
- 1293 (ii) mandating that offerors use fire stations or dispatch services of the political subdivision;
 - (d) shall require an applicant to submit the proposal:
- (i) based on full cost accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting

1297	principals; and
1298	(ii) if the applicant is a governmental entity, in addition to the requirements of
1299	Subsection (4)(e)(i), in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and
1300	in compliance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide; and
1301	(e) shall set forth in the request for proposal:
1302	(i) the method for determining full cost accounting in accordance with generally
1303	accepted accounting principles, and require an applicant to submit the proposal based on such
1304	full cost accounting principles;
1305	(ii) guidelines established to further competition and provider accountability; and
1306	(iii) a list of the factors that will be considered by the department in the award of the
1307	contract, including by percentage, the relative weight of the factors established under this
1308	Subsection (4)(e), which may include such things as:
1309	(A) response times;
1310	(B) staging locations;
1311	(C) experience;
1312	(D) quality of care; and
1313	(E) cost, consistent with the cost accounting method in Subsection (4)(e)(i).
1314	(5) A license issued under this section:
1315	(a) is for the exclusive geographic service area approved by the department;
1316	(b) is valid for four years;
1317	(c) is not subject to a request for license from another applicant under the provisions of
1318	Sections 26-8a-406 through 26-8a-409 during the four-year term, unless the applicant's license
1319	is revoked under Section 26-8a-504;
1320	(d) is subject to supervision by the department under Sections 26-8a-503 and
1321	26-8a-504; and
1322	(e) except as provided in Subsection (4)(a), is not subject to the provisions of Sections
1323	26-8a-406 through 26-8a-409.
1324	Section 30. Section 26-10-8 is amended to read:
1325	26-10-8. Request for proposal required for non-state supplied services.
1326	(1) Funds provided to the department through Sections 51-9-201 and 59-14-204 to be
1327	used to provide services, shall be awarded to non-governmental entities based on a competitive

1328	process consistent with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
1329	(2) Beginning July 1, 2010, and not more than every five years thereafter, the
1330	department shall issue requests for proposals for new or renewing contracts to award funding
1331	for programs under Subsection (1).
1332	Section 31. Section 26-10b-102 is amended to read:
1333	26-10b-102. Department to award grants and contracts Applications.
1334	(1) (a) Within appropriations specified by the Legislature for this purpose, the
1335	department may make grants to public and nonprofit entities for the cost of operation of
1336	providing primary health care services to medically underserved populations.
1337	(b) The department may, as funding permits, contract with community based
1338	organizations for the purpose of developing culturally and linguistically appropriate programs
1339	and services for low income and medically underserved populations through a pilot program to
1340	accomplish one or more of the following:
1341	(i) to educate individuals:
1342	(A) to use private and public health care coverage programs, products, services, and
1343	resources in a timely, effective, and responsible manner;
1344	(B) to make prudent use of private and public health care resources;
1345	(C) to pursue preventive health care, health screenings, and disease management; and
1346	(D) to locate health care programs and services;
1347	(ii) to assist individuals to develop:
1348	(A) personal health management;
1349	(B) self-sufficiency in daily care; and
1350	(C) life and disease management skills;
1351	(iii) to support translation of health materials and information;
1352	(iv) to facilitate an individual's access to primary care services and providers, including
1353	mental health services; and
1354	(v) to measure and report empirical results of the pilot project.
1355	(2) (a) Grants by the department shall be awarded based on:
1356	(i) applications submitted to the department in the manner and form prescribed by the
1357	department; and
1358	(ii) the criteria established in Section 26-10b-103.

1359	(b) The application for a grant under Subsection (2)(a) shall contain:
1360	(i) a requested award amount;
1361	(ii) a budget; and
1362	(iii) a narrative plan of the manner in which the applicant intends to provide the
1363	primary health care services described in Subsection 26-10b-101(7).
1364	(c) A contract bid for a service under Subsection (1)(b):
1365	(i) shall be awarded in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement
1366	Code;
1367	(ii) shall include the information described in Section 26-10b-103; and
1368	(iii) is subject to Subsection (3) [of this section].
1369	(3) (a) An applicant under this chapter shall demonstrate to the department that the
1370	applicant will not deny services to a person because of the person's inability to pay for the
1371	services.
1372	(b) Subsection (3)(a) does not preclude an applicant from seeking payment from the
1373	person receiving services, a third party, or a government agency if:
1374	(i) the applicant is authorized to charge for the services; and
1375	(ii) the person, third party, or government agency is under legal obligation to pay the
1376	charges.
1377	(4) The department shall maximize the use of federal matching funds received for
1378	services under Subsection (1)(b) to fund additional contracts under Subsection (1)(b).
1379	Section 32. Section 26-18-2.6 is amended to read:
1380	26-18-2.6. Dental benefits.
1381	(1) (a) The division shall establish a competitive bid process to bid out Medicaid dental
1382	benefits under this chapter.
1383	(b) The division may bid out the Medicaid dental benefits separately from other
1384	program benefits.
1385	(2) The division shall use the following criteria to evaluate dental bids:
1386	(a) ability to manage dental expenses;
1387	(b) proven ability to handle dental insurance;
1388	(c) efficiency of claim paying procedures;
1389	(d) provider contracting, discounts, and adequacy of network; and

1390	(e) other criteria established by the department.
1391	(3) The division shall request bids for the program's benefits:
1392	(a) in 2011; and
1393	(b) at least once every five years thereafter.
1394	(4) The division's contract with dental plans for the program's benefits shall include
1395	risk sharing provisions in which the dental plan must accept 100% of the risk for any difference
1396	between the division's premium payments per client and actual dental expenditures.
1397	(5) The division may not award contracts to:
1398	(a) more than three responsive bidders under this section; or
1399	(b) an insurer that does not have a current license in the state.
1400	(6) (a) The division may cancel the request for proposals if:
1401	(i) there are no responsive bidders; or
1402	(ii) the division determines that accepting the bids would increase the program's costs.
1403	(b) If the division cancels the request for proposals under Subsection (6)(a), the
1404	division shall report to the Health and Human Services Committee regarding the reasons for
1405	the decision.
1406	(7) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, shall apply to this section.
1407	Section 33. Section 26-40-110 is amended to read:
1408	26-40-110. Managed care Contracting for services.
1409	(1) Program benefits provided to enrollees under the program, as described in Section
1410	26-40-106, shall be delivered in a managed care system if the department determines that
1411	adequate services are available where the enrollee lives or resides.
1412	(2) (a) The department shall use the following criteria to evaluate bids from health
1413	plans:
1414	(i) ability to manage medical expenses, including mental health costs;
1415	(ii) proven ability to handle accident and health insurance;
1416	(iii) efficiency of claim paying procedures;
1417	(iv) proven ability for managed care and quality assurance;
1418	(v) provider contracting and discounts;
1419	(vi) pharmacy benefit management;
1420	(vii) an estimate of total charges for administering the pool;

1421	(viii) ability to administer the pool in a cost-efficient manner;
1422	(ix) the ability to provide adequate providers and services in the state; and
1423	(x) other criteria established by the department.
1424	(b) The dental benefits required by Section 26-40-106 may be bid out separately from
1425	other program benefits.
1426	(c) Except for dental benefits, the department shall request bids for the program's
1427	benefits in 2008. The department shall request bids for the program's dental benefits in 2009.
1428	The department shall request bids for the program's benefits at least once every five years
1429	thereafter.
1430	(d) The department's contract with health plans for the program's benefits shall include
1431	risk sharing provisions in which the health plan shall accept at least 75% of the risk for any
1432	difference between the department's premium payments per client and actual medical
1433	expenditures.
1434	(3) The executive director shall report to and seek recommendations from the Health
1435	Advisory Council created in Section 26-1-7.5:
1436	(a) if the division receives less than two bids or proposals under this section that are
1437	acceptable to the division or responsive to the bid; and
1438	(b) before awarding a contract to a managed care system.
1439	(4) (a) The department shall award contracts to responsive bidders if the department
1440	determines that a bid is acceptable and meets the criteria of Subsections (2)(a) and (d).
1441	(b) The department may contract with the Group Insurance Division within the Utah
1442	State Retirement Office to provide services under Subsection (1) if:
1443	(i) the executive director seeks the recommendation of the Health Advisory Council
1444	under Subsection (3); and
1445	(ii) the executive director determines that the bids were not acceptable to the
1446	department.
1447	(c) In accordance with Section 49-20-201, a contract awarded under Subsection (4)(b)
1448	is not subject to the risk sharing required by Subsection (2)(d).
1449	(5) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, shall apply to this section.
1450	Section 34. Section 30-3-11.3 is amended to read:
1451	30-3-11.3. Mandatory educational course for divorcing parents Purpose

Curriculum -- Exceptions.

- (1) The Judicial Council shall approve and implement a mandatory course for divorcing parents in all judicial districts. The mandatory course is designed to educate and sensitize divorcing parties to their children's needs both during and after the divorce process.
 - (2) The Judicial Council shall adopt rules to implement and administer this program.
- (3) As a prerequisite to receiving a divorce decree, both parties are required to attend a mandatory course on their children's needs after filing a complaint for divorce and receiving a docket number, unless waived under Section 30-3-4. If that requirement is waived, the court may permit the divorce action to proceed.
- (4) The court may require unmarried parents to attend this educational course when those parents are involved in a visitation or custody proceeding before the court.
 - (5) The mandatory course shall instruct both parties:
 - (a) about divorce and its impacts on:
 - (i) their child or children;
 - (ii) their family relationship; and
 - (iii) their financial responsibilities for their child or children; and
 - (b) that domestic violence has a harmful effect on children and family relationships.
- (6) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall administer the course pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, through private or public contracts and organize the program in each of Utah's judicial districts. The contracts shall provide for the recoupment of administrative expenses through the costs charged to individual parties, pursuant to Subsection (8).
- (7) A certificate of completion constitutes evidence to the court of course completion by the parties.
- (8) (a) Each party shall pay the costs of the course to the independent contractor providing the course at the time and place of the course. A fee of \$8 shall be collected, as part of the course fee paid by each participant, and deposited in the Children's Legal Defense Account, described in Section 51-9-408.
- (b) Each party who is unable to pay the costs of the course may attend the course without payment upon a prima facie showing of impecuniosity as evidenced by an affidavit of impecuniosity filed in the district court. In those situations, the independent contractor shall be

- reimbursed for its costs from the appropriation to the Administrative Office of the Courts for "Mandatory Educational Course for Divorcing Parents Program." Before a decree of divorce may be entered, the court shall make a final review and determination of impecuniosity and may order the payment of the costs if so determined.
- (9) Appropriations from the General Fund to the Administrative Office of the Courts for the "Mandatory Educational Course for Divorcing Parents Program" shall be used to pay the costs of an indigent parent who makes a showing as provided in Subsection (8)(b).
- (10) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall adopt a program to evaluate the effectiveness of the mandatory educational course. Progress reports shall be provided if requested by the Judiciary Interim Committee.
 - Section 35. Section 30-3-11.4 is amended to read:

30-3-11.4. Mandatory orientation course for divorcing parties -- Purpose -- Curriculum -- Exceptions.

- (1) There is established a mandatory divorce orientation course for all parties with minor children who file a petition for temporary separation or for a divorce. A couple with no minor children are not required, but may choose to attend the course. The purpose of the course shall be to educate parties about the divorce process and reasonable alternatives.
- (2) A petitioner shall attend a divorce orientation course no more than 60 days after filing a petition for divorce.
- (3) The respondent shall attend the divorce orientation course no more than 30 days after being served with a petition for divorce.
- (4) The clerk of the court shall provide notice to a petitioner of the requirement for the course, and information regarding the course shall be included with the petition or motion, when served on the respondent.
- (5) The divorce orientation course shall be neutral, unbiased, at least one hour in duration, and include:
 - (a) options available as alternatives to divorce;
- (b) resources available from courts and administrative agencies for resolving custody and support issues without filing for divorce;
 - (c) resources available to improve or strengthen the marriage;
- (d) a discussion of the positive and negative consequences of divorce;

1514	(e) a discussion of the process of divorce;
1515	(f) options available for proceeding with a divorce, including:
1516	(i) mediation;
1517	(ii) collaborative law; and
1518	(iii) litigation; and
1519	(g) a discussion of post-divorce resources.
1520	(6) The course may be provided in conjunction with the mandatory course for
1521	divorcing parents required by Section 30-3-11.3.
1522	(7) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall administer the course pursuant to
1523	Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, through private or public contracts.
1524	(8) Each participant shall pay the costs of the course, which may not exceed \$20, to the
1525	independent contractor providing the course at the time and place of the course.
1526	(a) A fee of \$5 shall be collected, as part of the course fee paid by each participant, and
1527	deposited in the Children's Legal Defense Account described in Section 51-9-408.
1528	(b) A participant who is unable to pay the costs of the course may attend without
1529	payment and request an Affidavit of Impecuniosity from the provider to be filed with the
1530	petition or motion. The provider shall be reimbursed for its costs by the Administrative Office
1531	of the Courts. A petitioner who is later determined not to meet the qualifications for
1532	impecuniosity may be ordered to pay the costs of the course.
1533	(9) Appropriations from the General Fund to the Administrative Office of the Courts
1534	for the divorce orientation course shall be used to pay the costs of an indigent petitioner who is
1535	determined to be impecunious as provided in Subsection (8)(b).
1536	(10) The Online Court Assistance Program shall include instructions with the forms for
1537	divorce which inform the petitioner of the requirement of this section.
1538	(11) Both parties shall attend a divorce orientation course before a divorce decree may
1539	be entered, unless waived by the court. A certificate of completion constitutes evidence to the
1540	court of course completion by the parties.
1541	(12) It shall be an affirmative defense in all divorce actions that the divorce orientation
1542	requirement was not complied with, and the action may not continue until a party has
1543	complied.

(13) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall adopt a program to evaluate the

1545	effectiveness of the mandatory educational course. Progress reports shall be provided if
1546	requested by the Judiciary Interim Committee.
1547	Section 36. Section 30-3-38 is amended to read:
1548	30-3-38. Expedited Parent-time Enforcement Program.
1549	(1) There is established an Expedited Parent-time Enforcement Program in the third
1550	judicial district to be administered by the Administrative Office of the Courts.
1551	(2) As used in this section:
1552	(a) "Mediator" means a person who:
1553	(i) is qualified to mediate parent-time disputes under criteria established by the
1554	Administrative Office of the Courts; and
1555	(ii) agrees to follow billing guidelines established by the Administrative Office of the
1556	Courts and this section.
1557	(b) "Services to facilitate parent-time" or "services" means services designed to assist
1558	families in resolving parent-time problems through:
1559	(i) counseling;
1560	(ii) supervised parent-time;
1561	(iii) neutral drop-off and pick-up;
1562	(iv) educational classes; and
1563	(v) other related activities.
1564	(3) (a) If a parent files a motion in the third district court alleging that court-ordered
1565	parent-time rights are being violated, the clerk of the court, after assigning the case to a judge,
1566	shall refer the case to the administrator of this program for assignment to a mediator, unless a
1567	parent is incarcerated or otherwise unavailable. Unless the court rules otherwise, a parent
1568	residing outside of the state is not unavailable. The director of the program for the courts, the
1569	court, or the mediator may excuse either party from the requirement to mediate for good cause
1570	(b) Upon receipt of a case, the mediator shall:
1571	(i) meet with the parents to address parent-time issues within 15 days of the motion
1572	being filed;
1573	(ii) assess the situation;
1574	(iii) facilitate an agreement on parent-time between the parents; and
1575	(iv) determine whether a referral to a service provider under Subsection (3)(c) is

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1576	warranted.
1577	(c) While a case is in mediation, a mediator may refer the parents to a service provider
1578	designated by the Department of Human Services for services to facilitate parent-time if:
1579	(i) the services may be of significant benefit to the parents; or
1580	(ii) (A) a mediated agreement between the parents is unlikely; and
1581	(B) the services may facilitate an agreement.
1582	(d) At any time during mediation, a mediator shall terminate mediation and transfer the
1583	case to the administrator of the program for referral to the judge or court commissioner to
1584	whom the case was assigned under Subsection (3)(a) if:
1585	(i) a written agreement between the parents is reached; or
1586	(ii) the parents are unable to reach an agreement through mediation and:
1587	(A) the parents have received services to facilitate parent-time;
1588	(B) both parents object to receiving services to facilitate parent-time; or
1589	(C) the parents are unlikely to benefit from receiving services to facilitate parent-time.
1590	(e) Upon receiving a case from the administrator of the program, a judge or court
1591	commissioner may:
1592	(i) review the agreement of the parents and, if acceptable, sign it as an order;
1593	(ii) order the parents to receive services to facilitate parent-time;
1594	(iii) proceed with the case; or
1595	(iv) take other appropriate action.
1596	(4) (a) If a parent makes a particularized allegation of physical or sexual abuse of a
1597	child who is the subject of a parent-time order against the other parent or a member of the other
1598	parent's household to a mediator or service provider, the mediator or service provider shall
1599	immediately report that information to:
1600	(i) the judge assigned to the case who may immediately issue orders and take other
1601	appropriate action to resolve the allegation and protect the child; and
1602	(ii) the Division of Child and Family Services within the Department of Human
1603	Services in the manner required by Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Part 4, Child Abuse or Neglect
1604	Reporting Requirements.

(b) If an allegation under Subsection (4)(a) is made against a parent with parent-time

rights or a member of that parent's household, parent-time by that parent shall, pursuant to an

1607	order of the court, be supervised until:
1608	(i) the allegation has been resolved; or
1609	(ii) a court orders otherwise.
1610	(c) Notwithstanding an allegation under Subsection (4)(a), a mediator may continue to
1611	mediate parent-time problems and a service provider may continue to provide services to
1612	facilitate parent-time unless otherwise ordered by a court.
1613	(5) (a) The Department of Human Services may contract with one or more entities in
1614	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, to provide:
1615	(i) services to facilitate parent-time;
1616	(ii) case management services; and
1617	(iii) administrative services.
1618	(b) An entity who contracts with the Department of Human Services under Subsection
1619	(5)(a) shall:
1620	(i) be qualified to provide one or more of the services listed in Subsection (5)(a); and
1621	(ii) agree to follow billing guidelines established by the Department of Human Services
1622	and this section.
1623	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the cost of mediation shall be:
1624	(i) reduced to a sum certain;
1625	(ii) divided equally between the parents; and
1626	(iii) charged against each parent taking into account the ability of that parent to pay
1627	under billing guidelines adopted in accordance with this section.
1628	(b) A judge may order a parent to pay an amount in excess of that provided for in
1629	Subsection (6)(a) if the parent:
1630	(i) failed to participate in good faith in mediation or services to facilitate parent-time;
1631	or
1632	(ii) made an unfounded assertion or claim of physical or sexual abuse of a child.
1633	(c) (i) The cost of mediation and services to facilitate parent-time may be charged to
1634	parents at periodic intervals.
1635	(ii) Mediation and services to facilitate parent-time may only be terminated on the
1636	ground of nonpayment if both parents are delinquent.
1637	(7) (a) The Judicial Council may make rules to implement and administer the

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1638	provisions	of this	program	related	to mediation	1
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- (b) The Department of Human Services may make rules to implement and administer the provisions of this program related to services to facilitate parent-time.
- (8) (a) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall adopt outcome measures to evaluate the effectiveness of the mediation component of this program. Progress reports shall be provided to the Judiciary Interim Committee as requested by the committee.
- (b) The Department of Human Services shall adopt outcome measures to evaluate the effectiveness of the services component of this program. Progress reports shall be provided to the Judiciary Interim Committee as requested by the committee.
- (c) The Administrative Office of the Courts and the Department of Human Services may adopt joint outcome measures and file joint reports to satisfy the requirements of Subsections (7)(a) and (b).
- (9) The Department of Human Services shall, by following the procedures and requirements of Title 63J, Chapter 5, Federal Funds Procedures, apply for federal funds as available.
- Section 37. Section **31A-29-110** is amended to read:
- 1654 31A-29-110. Pool administrator -- Selection -- Powers.
- 1655 (1) The board shall select a pool administrator in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 1656 [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code. The board shall evaluate bids based on criteria established by 1657 the board, which shall include:
- 1658 (a) ability to manage medical expenses;
- (b) proven ability to handle accident and health insurance;
- 1660 (c) efficiency of claim paying procedures;
- (d) marketing and underwriting;
- (e) proven ability for managed care and quality assurance;
- (f) provider contracting and discounts;
- 1664 (g) pharmacy benefit management;
- (h) an estimate of total charges for administering the pool; and
- 1666 (i) ability to administer the pool in a cost-efficient manner.
- 1667 (2) A pool administrator may be:
- 1668 (a) a health insurer;

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1669 (b) a health maintenance organization; 1670 (c) a third-party administrator; or 1671 (d) any person or entity which has demonstrated ability to meet the criteria in 1672 Subsection (1). 1673 (3) (a) The pool administrator shall serve for a period of three years, with two one-year 1674 extension options, subject to the terms, conditions, and limitations of the contract between the 1675 board and the administrator. 1676 (b) At least one year prior to the expiration of the contract between the board and the 1677 pool administrator, the board shall invite all interested parties, including the current pool 1678 administrator, to submit bids to serve as the pool administrator. 1679 (c) Selection of the pool administrator for a succeeding period shall be made at least 1680 six months prior to the expiration of the period of service under Subsection (3)(a). (4) The pool administrator is responsible for all operational functions of the pool and 1681 1682 shall: 1683 (a) have access to all nonpatient specific experience data, statistics, treatment criteria, 1684 and guidelines compiled or adopted by the Medicaid program, the Public Employees Health Plan, the Department of Health, or the Insurance Department, and which are not otherwise 1685 declared by statute to be confidential; 1686 1687 (b) perform all marketing, eligibility, enrollment, member agreements, and 1688 administrative claim payment functions relating to the pool; 1689 (c) establish, administer, and operate a monthly premium billing procedure for 1690 collection of premiums from enrollees; 1691 (d) perform all necessary functions to assure timely payment of benefits to enrollees, 1692 including: 1693 (i) making information available relating to the proper manner of submitting a claim 1694 for benefits to the pool administrator and distributing forms upon which submission shall be 1695 made; and 1696 (ii) evaluating the eligibility of each claim for payment by the pool; 1697 (e) submit regular reports to the board regarding the operation of the pool, the

(f) following the close of each calendar year, determine net written and earned

frequency, content, and form of which reports shall be determined by the board;

1700	premiums, the expense of administration, and the paid and incurred losses for the year and
1701	submit a report of this information to the board, the commissioner, and the Division of Finance
1702	on a form prescribed by the commissioner; and
1703	(g) be paid as provided in the plan of operation for expenses incurred in the
1704	performance of the pool administrator's services.
1705	Section 38. Section 31A-29-111 is amended to read:
1706	31A-29-111. Eligibility Limitations.
1707	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an individual who is not HIPAA
1708	eligible is eligible for pool coverage if the individual:
1709	(i) pays the established premium;
1710	(ii) is a resident of this state; and
1711	(iii) meets the health underwriting criteria under Subsection (5)(a).
1712	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), an individual who is not HIPAA eligible is not
1713	eligible for pool coverage if one or more of the following conditions apply:
1714	(i) the individual is eligible for health care benefits under Medicaid or Medicare,
1715	except as provided in Section 31A-29-112;
1716	(ii) the individual has terminated coverage in the pool, unless:
1717	(A) 12 months have elapsed since the termination date; or
1718	(B) the individual demonstrates that creditable coverage has been involuntarily
1719	terminated for any reason other than nonpayment of premium;
1720	(iii) the pool has paid the maximum lifetime benefit to or on behalf of the individual;
1721	(iv) the individual is an inmate of a public institution;
1722	(v) the individual is eligible for a public health plan, as defined in federal regulations
1723	adopted pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 300gg;
1724	(vi) the individual's health condition does not meet the criteria established under
1725	Subsection (5);
1726	(vii) the individual is eligible for coverage under an employer group that offers a health
1727	benefit plan or a self-insurance arrangement to its eligible employees, dependents, or members
1728	as:
1729	(A) an eligible employee;
1730	(B) a dependent of an eligible employee; or

1/31	(C) a member;
1732	(viii) the individual is covered under any other health benefit plan;
1733	(ix) at the time of application, the individual has not resided in Utah for at least 12
1734	consecutive months preceding the date of application; or
1735	(x) the individual's employer pays any part of the individual's health benefit plan
1736	premium, either as an insured or a dependent, for pool coverage.
1737	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), an individual who is HIPAA eligible is
1738	eligible for pool coverage if the individual:
1739	(i) pays the established premium; and
1740	(ii) is a resident of this state.
1741	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a HIPAA eligible individual is not eligible for
1742	pool coverage if one or more of the following conditions apply:
1743	(i) the individual is eligible for health care benefits under Medicaid or Medicare,
1744	except as provided in Section 31A-29-112;
1745	(ii) the individual is eligible for a public health plan, as defined in federal regulations
1746	adopted pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 300gg;
1747	(iii) the individual is covered under any other health benefit plan;
1748	(iv) the individual is eligible for coverage under an employer group that offers a health
1749	benefit plan or self-insurance arrangements to its eligible employees, dependents, or members
1750	as:
1751	(A) an eligible employee;
1752	(B) a dependent of an eligible employee; or
1753	(C) a member;
1754	(v) the pool has paid the maximum lifetime benefit to or on behalf of the individual;
1755	(vi) the individual is an inmate of a public institution; or
1756	(vii) the individual's employer pays any part of the individual's health benefit plan
1757	premium, either as an insured or a dependent, for pool coverage.
1758	(3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b)(ix), if otherwise eligible under Subsection
1759	(1)(a), an individual whose health care insurance coverage from a state high risk pool with
1760	similar coverage is terminated because of nonresidency in another state is eligible for coverage
1761	under the pool subject to the conditions of Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (viii).

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- 1762 (b) Coverage sought under Subsection (3)(a) shall be applied for within 63 days after 1763 the termination date of the previous high risk pool coverage.
 - (c) The effective date of this state's pool coverage shall be the date of termination of the previous high risk pool coverage.
 - (d) The waiting period of an individual with a preexisting condition applying for coverage under this chapter shall be waived:
 - (i) to the extent to which the waiting period was satisfied under a similar plan from another state; and
 - (ii) if the other state's benefit limitation was not reached.
 - (4) (a) If an eligible individual applies for pool coverage within 30 days of being denied coverage by an individual carrier, the effective date for pool coverage shall be no later than the first day of the month following the date of submission of the completed insurance application to the carrier.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), for individuals eligible for coverage under Subsection (3), the effective date shall be the date of termination of the previous high risk pool coverage.
 - (5) (a) The board shall establish and adjust, as necessary, health underwriting criteria based on:
 - (i) health condition; and
 - (ii) expected claims so that the expected claims are anticipated to remain within available funding.
 - (b) The board, with approval of the commissioner, may contract with one or more providers under Title 63G, Chapter [6] <u>6a</u>, Utah Procurement Code, to develop underwriting criteria under Subsection (5)(a).
 - (c) If an individual is denied coverage by the pool under the criteria established in Subsection (5)(a), the pool shall issue a certificate of insurability to the individual for coverage under Subsection 31A-30-108(3).
- 1789 Section 39. Section **31A-33-104** is amended to read:
- 1790 **31A-33-104.** Workers' Compensation Fund exempted.
- 1791 (1) The Workers' Compensation Fund is exempt from the provisions of:
- 1792 (a) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act;

1793	(b) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act; and
1794	(c) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code.
1795	(2) The board may specifically exempt the Workers' Compensation Fund from any
1796	provisions of:
1797	(a) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act; and
1798	(b) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
1799	(3) The provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, do not
1800	govern the initial determination of any person's eligibility for benefits under Title 34A, Chapter
1801	2, Workers' Compensation Act, and Title 34A, Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
1802	Section 40. Section 31A-33-107 is amended to read:
1803	31A-33-107. Duties of board Creation of subsidiaries Entering into joint
1804	enterprises.
1805	(1) The board shall:
1806	(a) appoint a chief executive officer to administer the Workers' Compensation Fund;
1807	(b) receive and act upon financial, management, and actuarial reports covering the
1808	operations of the Workers' Compensation Fund;
1809	(c) ensure that the Workers' Compensation Fund is administered according to law;
1810	(d) examine and approve an annual operating budget for the Workers' Compensation
1811	Fund;
1812	(e) serve as investment trustees and fiduciaries of the Injury Fund;
1813	(f) receive and act upon recommendations of the chief executive officer;
1814	(g) develop broad policy for the long-term operation of the Workers' Compensation
1815	Fund, consistent with its mission and fiduciary responsibility;
1816	(h) subject to Chapter 19a, Part 4, Workers' Compensation Rates, approve any rating
1817	plans that would modify a policyholder's premium;
1818	(i) subject to Chapter 19a, Part 4, Workers' Compensation Rates, approve the amount
1819	of deviation, if any, from standard insurance rates;
1820	(j) approve the amount of the dividends, if any, to be returned to policyholders;
1821	(k) adopt a procurement policy consistent with the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6]
1822	<u>6a</u> , Utah Procurement Code;
1823	(l) develop and publish an annual report to policyholders, the governor, the Legislature,

1824	and interested parties that describes the financial condition of the Injury Fund, including a
1825	statement of expenses and income and what measures were taken or will be necessary to keep
1826	the Injury Fund actuarially sound;
1827	(m) establish a fiscal year;
1828	(n) determine and establish an actuarially sound price for insurance offered by the
1829	fund;
1830	(o) establish conflict of interest requirements that govern the board, officers, and
1831	employees;
1832	(p) establish compensation and reasonable expenses to be paid to directors on the board
1833	subject to the requirements of Section 31A-33-106, so that the board may not approve
1834	compensation that exceeds the amount described in Subsection 31A-33-106(18)(a)(i)(B); and
1835	(q) perform all other acts necessary for the policymaking and oversight of the Workers'
1836	Compensation Fund.
1837	(2) Subject to board review and its responsibilities under Subsection (1)(e), the board
1838	may delegate authority to make daily investment decisions.
1839	(3) The fund may form or acquire a subsidiary or enter into a joint enterprise:
1840	(a) only if that action is approved by the board; and
1841	(b) subject to the limitations in Section 31A-33-103.5.
1842	Section 41. Section 34A-2-203 is amended to read:
1843	34A-2-203. Payment of premiums for workers' compensation.
1844	(1) Until June 30, 2007, a department, commission, board, or other agency of the state
1845	shall pay the insurance premium on its employees direct to the Workers' Compensation Fund.
1846	(2) Beginning July 1, 2007, the state shall secure the payment of workers'
1847	compensation benefits for its employees:
1848	(a) by:
1849	(i) insuring, and keeping insured, the payment of this compensation with the Workers'
1850	Compensation Fund;
1851	(ii) insuring, and keeping insured, the payment of this compensation with any stock
1852	corporation or mutual association authorized to transact the business of workers' compensation
1853	insurance in this state; or
1854	(iii) paying direct compensation as a self-insured employer in the amount, in the

1855	manner, and when due as provided for in this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease
1856	Act;
1857	(b) in accordance with Title 63A, Chapter 4, Risk Management; and
1858	(c) subject to Subsection (3).
1859	(3) (a) If the state determines to secure the payment of workers' compensation benefits
1860	for its employees by paying direct compensation as a self-insured employer in the amount, in
1861	the manner, and due as provided for in this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease
1862	Act, the state is:
1863	(i) exempt from Section 34A-2-202.5 and Subsection 34A-2-704(14); and
1864	(ii) required to pay a premium assessment as provided in Section 34A-2-202.
1865	(b) If the state chooses to pay workers' compensation benefits for its employees
1866	through insuring under Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii), the state shall obtain that insurance in
1867	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
1868	Section 42. Section 35A-5-202 is amended to read:
1869	35A-5-202. Contracts with providers.
1870	(1) In compliance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the
1871	department shall enter into a contract with one or more qualified providers to implement the
1872	workforce improvement plan created under Section 35A-5-201.
1873	(2) A contract entered into under this section shall be:
1874	(a) performance based; and
1875	(b) structured so that the provider receives reimbursement based on:
1876	(i) job development;
1877	(ii) participant placement in jobs;
1878	(iii) wages and benefits provided; and
1879	(iv) participant retention in jobs over at least a 12-month period.
1880	(3) If the department determines through the procurement process that there are no
1881	qualified providers to implement the workforce improvement plan, the department may
1882	implement the plan.
1883	Section 43. Section 38-1-30 is amended to read:
1884	38-1-30. Third party contract Designated agent.
1885	(1) The division shall contract in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah

38-1-32(6)(c) or 38-1-33(2)(c).

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1886 Procurement Code, with a third party to establish and maintain the database for the purposes 1887 established under this section, Section 38-1-27, and Sections 38-1-31 through 38-1-36. 1888 (2) (a) The third party under contract under this section is the division's designated 1889 agent, and shall develop and maintain a database from the information provided by: 1890 (i) local government entities issuing building permits; 1891 (ii) original contractors; 1892 (iii) subcontractors; and 1893 (iv) other interested persons. 1894 (b) The database shall accommodate filings by third parties on behalf of clients. 1895 (c) The division and the designated agent shall design, develop, and test the database 1896 for full implementation on May 1, 2005. 1897 (3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 1898 division shall make rules and develop procedures for: 1899 (a) the division to oversee and enforce this section, Section 38-1-27, and Sections 1900 38-1-31 through 38-1-36; 1901 (b) the designated agent to administer this section, Section 38-1-27, and Sections 1902 38-1-31 through 38-1-36; and 1903 (c) the form of submission of an alternate filing, which may include procedures for 1904 rejecting an illegible or incomplete filing. 1905 (4) (a) The designated agent shall archive computer data files at least semiannually for 1906 auditing purposes. 1907 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 1908 division shall make rules to allow the designated agent to periodically archive projects from the 1909 database. (c) A project shall be archived no earlier than: 1910 1911 (i) one year after the day on which a notice of completion is filed for a project; 1912 (ii) if no notice of completion is filed, two years after the last filing activity for a 1913 project; or 1914 (iii) one year after the day on which a filing is cancelled under Subsection 1915

(d) The division may audit the designated agent's administration of the database as

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1917 often as the division considers necessary. 1918 (5) The designated agent shall carry errors and omissions insurance in the amounts 1919 established by rule made by the division in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 1920 Administrative Rulemaking Act. 1921 (6) (a) The designated agent shall make reasonable efforts to assure the accurate entry 1922 into the database of information provided in alternate filings. 1923 (b) The designated agent shall meet or exceed standards established by the division for 1924 the accuracy of data entry for alternate filings. 1925 (7) The designated agent is not liable for the correctness of the information contained 1926 in an alternate filing it enters into the database. 1927 Section 44. Section **38-1-39** is amended to read: 1928 38-1-39. Waiver or impairment of a lien right -- Forms -- Scope. 1929 (1) As used in this section: 1930 (a) "Check" means a payment instrument on a depository institution including: 1931 (i) a check; 1932 (ii) a draft: 1933 (iii) an order; or 1934 (iv) other instrument. 1935 (b) "Depository institution" is as defined in Section 7-1-103. 1936 (c) "Lien claimant" means a person that claims a lien under this chapter. 1937 (d) "Receives payment" means, in the case of a restrictive endorsement, a payee has 1938 endorsed a check and the check is presented to and paid by the depository institution on which 1939 it is drawn. 1940 (2) Notwithstanding Section 38-1-29, a written consent given by a lien claimant that 1941 waives or limits the lien claimant's lien rights is enforceable only if the lien claimant: 1942 (a) (i) executes a waiver and release that is signed by the lien claimant or the lien 1943 claimant's authorized agent; or (ii) for a restrictive endorsement on a check, includes a restrictive endorsement on a 1944 1945 check that is:

(A) signed by the lien claimant or the lien claimant's authorized agent; and

(B) in substantially the same form set forth in Subsection (4)(d); and

1948	(b) receives payment of the amount identified in the waiver and release or check that
1949	includes the restrictive endorsement:
1950	(i) including payment by a joint payee check; and
1951	(ii) for a progress payment, only to the extent of the payment.
1952	(3) (a) Notwithstanding the language of a waiver and release described in Subsection
1953	(2), Subsection (3)(b) applies if:
1954	(i) the payment given in exchange for any waiver and release of lien is made by check;
1955	and
1956	(ii) the check fails to clear the depository institution on which it is drawn for any
1957	reason.
1958	(b) If the conditions of Subsection (3)(a) are met:
1959	(i) the waiver and release described in Subsection (3)(a) is null, void, and of no legal
1960	effect; and
1961	(ii) the following will not be affected by the lien claimant's execution of the waiver and
1962	release:
1963	(A) any lien;
1964	(B) any lien right;
1965	(C) any bond right;
1966	(D) any contract right; or
1967	(E) any other right to recover payment afforded to the lien claimant in law or equity.
1968	(4) (a) A waiver and release given by a lien claimant meets the requirements of this
1969	section if it is in substantially the form provided in this Subsection (4) for the circumstance
1970	provided in this Subsection (4).
1971	(b) A waiver and release may be in substantially the following form if the lien claimant
1972	is required to execute a waiver and release in exchange for or to induce the payment of a
1973	progress billing:
1974	"UTAH CONDITIONAL WAIVER AND RELEASE UPON PROGRESS PAYMENT
1975	Property Name:
1976	Property Location:
1977	Undersigned's Customer:
1978	Invoice/Payment Application Number:

Payment Amount:
Payment Period:
To the extent provided below, this document becomes effective to release and the
undersigned is considered to waive any notice of lien or right under Utah Code Ann., Title 38,
Chapter 1, Mechanics' Liens, or any bond right under Utah Code Ann., Title 14, Contractors'
Bonds, or Section [63G-6-505] 63G-6a-1103 related to payment rights the undersigned has on
the above described Property once:
(1) the undersigned endorses a check in the above referenced Payment Amount payable
to the undersigned; and
(2) the check is paid by the depository institution on which it is drawn.
This waiver and release applies to a progress payment for the work, materials,
equipment, or a combination of work, materials, and equipment furnished by the undersigned
to the Property or to the Undersigned's Customer which are the subject of the Invoice or
Payment Application, but only to the extent of the Payment Amount. This waiver and release
does not apply to any retention withheld; any items, modifications, or changes pending
approval; disputed items and claims; or items furnished or invoiced after the Payment Period.
The undersigned warrants that the undersigned either has already paid or will use the
money the undersigned receives from this progress payment promptly to pay in full all the
undersigned's laborers, subcontractors, materialmen, and suppliers for all work, materials,
equipment, or combination of work, materials, and equipment that are the subject of this
waiver and release.
Dated:
(Company Name)
By:
(c) A waiver and release may be in substantially the following form if the lien claimar
is required to execute a waiver and release in exchange for or to induce the payment of a final
billing:
"UTAH WAIVER AND RELEASE UPON FINAL PAYMENT
Property Name:
Property Location:

2041	the check shall indicate whether the check is for a progress payment or a final payment by
2042	circling the word "progress" if the check is for a progress payment, or the word "final" if the
2043	check is for a final payment.
2044	(ii) If a restrictive endorsement does not indicate whether the check is for a progress
2045	payment or a final payment, it is considered to be for a progress payment.
2046	(5) (a) If the conditions of Subsection (5)(b) are met, this section does not affect the
2047	enforcement of:
2048	(i) an accord and satisfaction regarding a bona fide dispute; or
2049	(ii) an agreement made in settlement of an action pending in any court or arbitration.
2050	(b) Pursuant to Subsection (5)(a), this section does not affect enforcement of an accord
2051	and satisfaction or settlement described in Subsection (5)(a) if the accord and satisfaction or
2052	settlement:
2053	(i) is in a writing signed by the lien claimant; and
2054	(ii) specifically references the lien rights waived or impaired.
2055	Section 45. Section 41-12a-803 is amended to read:
2056	41-12a-803. Program creation Administration Selection of designated agent
2057	Duties Rulemaking Audits.
2058	(1) There is created the Uninsured Motorist Identification Database Program to:
2059	(a) establish an Uninsured Motorist Identification Database to verify compliance with
2060	motor vehicle owner's or operator's security requirements under Section 41-12a-301 and other
2061	provisions under this part;
2062	(b) assist in reducing the number of uninsured motor vehicles on the highways of the
2063	state;
2064	(c) assist in increasing compliance with motor vehicle registration and sales and use tax
2065	laws;
2066	(d) assist in protecting a financial institution's bona fide security interest in a motor
2067	vehicle; and
2068	(e) assist in the identification and prevention of identity theft and other crimes.
2069	(2) The program shall be administered by the department with the assistance of the
2070	designated agent and the Motor Vehicle Division.

(3) (a) The department shall contract in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a,

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- Utah Procurement Code, with a third party to establish and maintain an Uninsured Motorist Identification Database for the purposes established under this part.
 - (b) The contract may not obligate the department to pay the third party more money than is available in the account.
 - (4) (a) The third party under contract under this section is the department's designated agent, and shall develop and maintain a computer database from the information provided by:
 - (i) insurers under Section 31A-22-315;
- 2079 (ii) the division under Subsection (6); and
 - (iii) the Motor Vehicle Division under Section 41-1a-120.
 - (b) (i) The database shall be developed and maintained in accordance with guidelines established by the department so that state and local law enforcement agencies and financial institutions as defined in Section 7-1-103 can efficiently access the records of the database, including reports useful for the implementation of the provisions of this part.
 - (ii) (A) The reports shall be in a form and contain information approved by the department.
 - (B) The reports may be made available through the Internet or through other electronic medium, if the department determines that sufficient security is provided to ensure compliance with Section 41-12a-805 regarding limitations on disclosure of information in the database.
 - (5) With information provided by the department and the Motor Vehicle Division, the designated agent shall, at least monthly for submissions under Subsection 31A-22-315(2)(b) or at least twice a month for submissions under Subsection 31A-22-315(2)(a):
 - (a) update the database with the motor vehicle insurance information provided by the insurers in accordance with Section 31A-22-315; and
 - (b) compare all current motor vehicle registrations against the database.
 - (6) The division shall provide the designated agent with the name, date of birth, address, and driver license number of all persons on the driver license database.
 - (7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the department shall make rules and develop procedures in cooperation with the Motor Vehicle Division to use the database for the purpose of administering and enforcing this part.
 - (8) (a) The designated agent shall archive computer data files at least semi-annually for auditing purposes.

2103	(b) The internal audit unit of the tax commission provided under Section 59-1-206
2104	shall audit the program at least every three years.
2105	(c) The audit under Subsection (8)(b) shall include verification of:
2106	(i) billings made by the designated agent; and
2107	(ii) the accuracy of the designated agent's matching of vehicle registration with
2108	insurance data.
2109	Section 46. Section 53-2-404 is amended to read:
2110	53-2-404. State costs for emergency disaster services.
2111	(1) Subject to this section and Section 53-2-403, the division shall expend or commit to
2112	expend money described in Subsection 53-2-403(1)(d)(i) to fund costs to the state of
2113	emergency disaster services.
2114	(2) Money paid by the division under this section to government entities and private
2115	persons providing emergency disaster services are subject to Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah
2116	Procurement Code.
2117	Section 47. Section 53A-1-706 is amended to read:
2118	53A-1-706. Purchases of educational technology.
2119	(1) (a) A school district or college of education shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter
2120	[6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, in purchasing technology, except as otherwise provided in
2121	Subsection (1)(b).
2122	(b) A school district may purchase computers from, and contract for the repair or
2123	refurbishing of computers with, the Utah Correctional Industries without going through the
2124	bidding or competition procedures outlined in Title 63G, Chapter [6, Part 4, Source Selections
2125	and Contract Formation] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
2126	(2) A school district or college of education may purchase technology through
2127	cooperative purchasing contracts administered by the state Division of Purchasing or through
2128	its own established purchasing program.
2129	Section 48. Section 53A-1a-511 is amended to read:
2130	53A-1a-511. Waivers from state board rules Application of statutes and rules
2131	to charter schools.
2132	(1) A charter school shall operate in accordance with its charter and is subject to Title
2133	53A, State System of Public Education, and other state laws applicable to public schools,

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districts and local school boards; and

2134 except as otherwise provided in this part. (2) (a) A charter school or any other public school or school district may apply to the 2135 2136 State Board of Education for a waiver of any state board rule that inhibits or hinders the school 2137 or the school district from accomplishing its mission or educational goals set out in its strategic 2138 plan or charter. 2139 (b) The state board may grant the waiver, unless: (i) the waiver would cause the school district or the school to be in violation of state or 2140 2141 federal law: or 2142 (ii) the waiver would threaten the health, safety, or welfare of students in the district or 2143 at the school. 2144 (c) If the State Board of Education denies the waiver, the reason for the denial shall be 2145 provided in writing to the waiver applicant. 2146 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), State Board of Education rules 2147 governing the following do not apply to a charter school: 2148 (i) school libraries; 2149 (ii) required school administrative and supervisory services; and 2150 (iii) required expenditures for instructional supplies. 2151 (b) A charter school shall comply with rules implementing statutes that prescribe how 2152 state appropriations may be spent. 2153 (4) The following provisions of Title 53A, State System of Public Education, and rules 2154 adopted under those provisions, do not apply to a charter school: 2155 (a) Sections 53A-1a-108 and 53A-1a-108.5, requiring the establishment of a school 2156 community council and school improvement plan; 2157 (b) Sections 53A-3-413 and 53A-3-414, pertaining to the use of school buildings as 2158 civic centers; 2159 (c) Section 53A-3-420, requiring the use of activity disclosure statements; 2160 (d) Section 53A-12-207, requiring notification of intent to dispose of textbooks;

(e) Section 53A-13-107, requiring annual presentations on adoption;

(f) Chapter 19, Part 1, Fiscal Procedures, pertaining to fiscal procedures of school

(g) Section 53A-14-107, requiring an independent evaluation of instructional materials.

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2165 (5) For the purposes of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, a charter 2166 school shall be considered a local public procurement unit. 2167 (6) Each charter school shall be subject to: 2168 (a) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act; and 2169 (b) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act. 2170 (7) (a) The State Charter School Board shall, in concert with the charter schools, study existing state law and administrative rules for the purpose of determining from which laws and 2171 2172 rules charter schools should be exempt. 2173 (b) (i) The State Charter School Board shall present recommendations for exemption to 2174 the State Board of Education for consideration. 2175 (ii) The State Board of Education shall consider the recommendations of the State 2176 Charter School Board and respond within 60 days. 2177 Section 49. Section **53A-20-101** is amended to read: 2178 53A-20-101. Construction and alteration of schools and plants -- Advertising for 2179 bids -- Payment and performance bonds -- Contracts -- Bidding limitations on local 2180 school boards -- Interest of local school board members. 2181 (1) As used in this section, the word "sealed" does not preclude acceptance of 2182 electronically sealed and submitted bids or proposals in addition to bids or proposals manually 2183 sealed and submitted. 2184 (2) (a) Prior to the construction of any school or the alteration of any existing school 2185 plant, if the total estimated accumulative building project cost exceeds \$80,000, a local school 2186 board shall advertise for bids on the project at least 10 days before the bid due date. 2187 (b) The board shall have the advertisement published in a newspaper having general 2188 circulation throughout the state and in appropriate construction trade publications that offer 2189 free listings. 2190 (c) A similar advertisement is required in a newspaper published or having general 2191 circulation in any city or county that would be affected by the proposed project. 2192 (d) The advertisement shall: 2193 (i) require sealed proposals for the building project in accordance with plans and

(ii) state where and when the proposals will be opened and shall reserve the right of the

specifications furnished by the local school board;

board to reject any and all proposals; and

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- 2197 (iii) require a certified check or bid bond of not less than 5% of the bid to accompany the bid.
- 2199 (3) (a) The board shall meet at the time and place specified in the advertisement and publicly open and read all received proposals.
 - (b) If satisfactory bids are received, the board shall award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder.
 - (c) If none of the proposals are satisfactory, all shall be rejected.
 - (d) The board shall again advertise in the manner provided in this section.
 - (e) If, after advertising a second time no satisfactory bid is received, the board may proceed under its own direction with the required project.
 - (4) (a) The check or bond required under Subsection (2)(d) shall be drawn in favor of the local school board.
 - (b) If the successful bidder fails or refuses to enter into the contract and furnish the additional bonds required under this section, then the bidder's check or bond is forfeited to the district.
 - (5) A local school board shall require payment and performance bonds of the successful bidder as required in Section [63G-6-505] 63G-6a-1103.
 - (6) (a) A local school board may require in the proposed contract that at least 10% of the contract price be withheld until the project is completed and accepted by the board.
 - (b) If money is withheld, the board shall place it in an interest bearing account, and the interest accrues for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors.
 - (c) This money shall be paid upon completion of the project and acceptance by the board.
 - (7) (a) A local school board may not bid on projects within the district if the total accumulative estimated cost exceeds \$80,000.
 - (b) The board may use its resources if no satisfactory bids are received under this section.
- 2224 (8) If the local school board determines in accordance with Section [63G-6-501]
 2225 63G-6a-1302 to use a construction manager/general contractor as its method of construction
 2226 contracting management on projects where the total estimated accumulative cost exceeds

2227	\$80,000, it shall select the construction manager/general contractor [using one of the source
2228	selection methods provided for in Sections 63G-6-401 through 63G-6-501] in accordance with
2229	the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
2230	(9) A local school board member may not have a direct or indirect financial interest in
2231	the construction project contract.
2232	Section 50. Section 53A-25b-105 is amended to read:
2233	53A-25b-105. Applicability of statutes to the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
2234	Blind.
2235	(1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is subject to Title 53A, State System
2236	of Public Education, and other state laws applicable to public schools, except as otherwise
2237	provided by this chapter.
2238	(2) The following provisions of Title 53A, State System of Public Education, do not
2239	apply to the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind:
2240	(a) provisions governing the budgets, funding, or finances of school districts or charter
2241	schools; and
2242	(b) provisions governing school construction.
2243	(3) Except as provided in this chapter, the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is
2244	subject to state laws governing state agencies, including:
2245	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
2246	(b) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
2247	(c) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act;
2248	(d) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code;
2249	(e) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act;
2250	(f) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;
2251	(g) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
2252	(h) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act;
2253	(i) Title 63J, Chapter 2, Revenue Procedures and Control Act; and
2254	(j) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
2255	Section 51. Section 53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12) is amended to read:
2256	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12). Creation of administration Purpose Director.
2257	(1) (a) There is established within state government the School and Institutional Trust

2258 Lands Administration.

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- 2259 (b) The administration shall manage all school and institutional trust lands and assets 2260 within the state, except as otherwise provided in Title 53C, Chapter 3, Deposit and Allocation 2261 of Revenue from Trust Lands, and Sections 51-7a-201 and 51-7a-202.
 - (2) The administration is an independent state agency and not a division of any other department.
 - (3) (a) It is subject to the usual legislative and executive department controls except as provided in this Subsection (3).
 - (b) (i) The director may make rules as approved by the board that allow the administration to classify a business proposal submitted to the administration as protected under Section 63G-2-305, for as long as is necessary to evaluate the proposal.
 - (ii) The administration shall return the proposal to the party who submitted the proposal, and incur no further duties under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, if the administration determines not to proceed with the proposal.
 - (iii) The administration shall classify the proposal pursuant to law if it decides to proceed with the proposal.
 - (iv) Section 63G-2-403 does not apply during the review period.
 - (c) The director shall make rules in compliance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, except that the administration is not subject to Subsections 63G-3-301(6) and (7) and Section 63G-3-601, and the director, with the board's approval, may establish a procedure for the expedited approval of rules, based on written findings by the director showing:
 - (i) the changes in business opportunities affecting the assets of the trust;
 - (ii) the specific business opportunity arising out of those changes which may be lost without the rule or changes to the rule;
 - (iii) the reasons the normal procedures under Section 63G-3-301 cannot be met without causing the loss of the specific opportunity;
 - (iv) approval by at least five board members; and
- (v) that the director has filed a copy of the rule and a rule analysis, stating the specific reasons and justifications for its findings, with the Division of Administrative Rules and notified interested parties as provided in Subsection 63G-3-301(10).

- 2289 (d) (i) The administration shall comply with Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel 2290 Management Act, except as provided in this Subsection (3)(d).
 - (ii) The board may approve, upon recommendation of the director, that exemption for specific positions under Subsections 67-19-12(2) and 67-19-15(1) is required in order to enable the administration to efficiently fulfill its responsibilities under the law. The director shall consult with the executive director of the Department of Human Resource Management prior to making such a recommendation.
 - (iii) The positions of director, deputy director, associate director, assistant director, legal counsel appointed under Section 53C-1-305, administrative assistant, and public affairs officer are exempt under Subsections 67-19-12(2) and 67-19-15(1).
 - (iv) Salaries for exempted positions, except for the director, shall be set by the director, after consultation with the executive director of the Department of Human Resource Management, within ranges approved by the board. The board and director shall consider salaries for similar positions in private enterprise and other public employment when setting salary ranges.
 - (v) The board may create an annual incentive and bonus plan for the director and other administration employees designated by the board, based upon the attainment of financial performance goals and other measurable criteria defined and budgeted in advance by the board.
 - (e) The administration shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, except where the board approves, upon recommendation of the director, exemption from the Utah Procurement Code, and simultaneous adoption of rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for procurement, which enable the administration to efficiently fulfill its responsibilities under the law.
 - (f) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(f)(ii), the administration is not subject to the fee agency requirements of Section 63J-1-504.
 - (ii) The following fees of the administration are subject to the requirements of Section 63J-1-504: application, assignment, amendment, affidavit for lost documents, name change, reinstatement, grazing nonuse, extension of time, partial conveyance, patent reissue, collateral assignment, electronic payment, and processing.
 - (4) The administration is managed by a director of school and institutional trust lands appointed by a majority vote of the board of trustees with the consent of the governor.

2320 (5) (a) The board of trustees shall provide policies for the management of the 2321 administration and for the management of trust lands and assets. 2322 (b) The board shall provide policies for the ownership and control of Native American 2323 remains that are discovered or excavated on school and institutional trust lands in consultation 2324 with the Division of Indian Affairs and giving due consideration to Title 9, Chapter 9, Part 4, 2325 Native American Grave Protection and Repatriation Act. The director may make rules in 2326 accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement 2327 policies provided by the board regarding Native American remains. 2328 (6) In connection with joint ventures and other transactions involving trust lands and 2329 minerals approved under Sections 53C-1-303 and 53C-2-401, the administration, with board 2330 approval, may become a member of a limited liability company under Title 48, Chapter 3, Utah 2331 Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act, and is considered a person under Section 2332 48-3-102. 2333 Section 52. Section **54-3-29** is amended to read: 2334 54-3-29. Removal, relocation, or alteration of utility facility in public highway 2335 construction or reconstruction -- Notice -- Cooperation. 2336 (1) As used in this section: 2337 (a) "Design-build" means a design-build transportation project for which a design-build 2338 transportation project contract is issued, within the meaning of Section [63G-6-502] 2339 63G-6a-1402. 2340 (b) "Municipality" is as defined in Section 10-1-104. (c) "Political subdivision" means a: 2341 2342 (i) county; or 2343 (ii) municipality. 2344 (d) "Public agency" means an entity of state government or a political subdivision. 2345 (e) "Public highway" means a highway, street, road, or alley constructed for public use 2346 in the state. 2347 (f) "Utility company" means a privately, cooperatively, or publicly owned utility, 2348 including a utility owned by a political subdivision, that provides service using a utility facility. 2349 (g) "Utility facility" means: 2350 (i) a telecommunications, gas, electricity, cable television, water, sewer, or data

2351	facility;
2352	(ii) a video transmission line;
2353	(iii) a drainage and irrigation system; or
2354	(iv) a facility similar to those listed in Subsections (1)(g)(i) through (iii) located in, on,
2355	along, across, over, through, or under any public highway.
2356	(2) If a public agency engages in or proposes to engage in a construction or
2357	reconstruction project on a public highway that may require the removal, relocation, or
2358	alteration of a utility facility, the public agency shall:
2359	(a) contact an association, established under Title 54, Chapter 8a, Damage to
2360	Underground Utility Facilities, to identify each utility company that may have a utility facility
2361	in the area of the construction or reconstruction project;
2362	(b) identify a utility company that has an above-ground utility facility in the area of the
2363	proposed construction or reconstruction project; and
2364	(c) electronically notify each utility company identified in accordance with Subsections
2365	(2)(a) and (b).
2366	(3) The notice required by Subsection (2)(c) shall:
2367	(a) be made as early as practicable and at least 30 days:
2368	(i) before the preliminary design or project development meeting;
2369	(ii) before issuance of a request for proposal for a design-build project; or
2370	(iii) after a change in scope of a design-build project;
2371	(b) include:
2372	(i) information concerning the proposed project design;
2373	(ii) the proposed date of a required removal, relocation, or alteration of a utility facility;
2374	(iii) the federal identifying project number, if applicable; and
2375	(c) advise the utility company if the proposed project may qualify for aid for the utility
2376	company's expense in removing, relocating, or altering a utility facility.
2377	(4) A public agency shall permit a utility company notified under Subsection (2) to
2378	participate in the preliminary design or project development meeting, or similar meeting at
2379	which the project design is addressed.
2380	(5) (a) A public agency shall, not less than 30 days after providing notice under
2381	Subsection (2) to each utility company, provide the utility company an opportunity to meet

with the public agency to allow the utility company to:

(i) review project plans;

- (ii) understand the objectives and funding sources for the proposed project;
- (iii) provide and discuss recommendations to the public agency that may reasonably eliminate or minimize utility removal, relocation, or alteration costs, limit the disruption of utility company services, or eliminate or reduce the need for present or future utility facility removal, relocation, or alteration; and
- (iv) provide reasonable schedules to enable coordination of the construction project and removal, relocation, or alteration of a utility facility.
- (b) If a public agency provides a utility company with reasonable opportunities to meet in accordance with Subsection (5)(a), the utility company's failure to meet does not affect the public agency's ability to proceed with the project.
- (6) While recognizing the essential goals and objectives of the public highway agency in proceeding with and completing a project, the parties shall use their best efforts to find ways to:
 - (a) eliminate the cost to the utility of relocation of the utility facilities; or
- (b) if elimination of the costs is not feasible, minimize the relocation costs to the extent reasonably possible.
- (7) A utility company notified under Subsection (2) shall coordinate with the public agency concerning the utility facility removal, relocation, or alteration, including the scheduling of the utility facility removal, relocation, or alteration.
- (8) A public agency and a utility company may address the removal, relocation, or alteration of a utility facility in relation to a construction or reconstruction project on a public highway in a franchise agreement in lieu of this section, if the public agency is otherwise permitted to enter into the franchise agreement.
- (9) This chapter does not affect a public agency's authority over a public right-of-way, including any rule, ordinance, order to relocate a utility as provided in Section 72-6-116, or other valid provision governing the use of the public right-of-way.
 - Section 53. Section **54-8b-10** is amended to read:
- 54-8b-10. Imposing a surcharge to provide hearing and speech impaired persons with telecommunication devices -- Definitions -- Procedures for establishing program --

2414	(1) As used in this section:
2415	(a) "Certified deaf or severely hearing or speech impaired person" means any state
2416	resident who:
2417	(i) is so certified by:
2418	(A) a licensed physician;
2419	(B) an otolaryngologist;
2420	(C) a speech language pathologist;
2421	(D) an audiologist; or
2422	(E) a qualified state agency; and
2423	(ii) qualifies for assistance under any low income public assistance program
2424	administered by a state agency.
2425	(b) "Certified interpreter" means a person who is a certified interpreter under Title
2426	53A, Chapter 26a, Interpreter Services for the Hearing Impaired Act.
2427	(c) (i) "Telecommunication device" means any mechanical adaptation device that
2428	enables a deaf or severely hearing or speech impaired person to use the telephone.
2429	(ii) "Telecommunication device" includes:
2430	(A) telecommunication devices for the deaf (TDD);
2431	(B) telephone amplifiers;
2432	(C) telephone signal devices;
2433	(D) artificial larynxes; and
2434	(E) adaptive equipment for TDD keyboard access.
2435	(2) The commission shall hold hearings to establish a program whereby a certified deaf
2436	or severely hearing or speech impaired customer of a telecommunications corporation that
2437	provides service through a local exchange or of a wireless telecommunications provider may
2438	obtain a telecommunication device capable of serving the customer at no charge to the
2439	customer beyond the rate for basic service.
2440	(3) (a) The program described in Subsection (2) shall provide a dual party relay system
2441	using third party intervention to connect a certified deaf or severely hearing or speech impaired
2442	person with a normal hearing person by way of telecommunication devices designed for that
2443	purpose.

Surcharge -- Administration and disposition of surcharge money.

- (b) The commission may, by rule, establish the type of telecommunications device to be provided to ensure functional equivalence.
- (4) (a) The commission shall impose a surcharge on each residential and business access line of each customer of local-exchange telephone service in this state, and each residential and business telephone number of each customer of mobile telephone service in this state, not including a telephone number used exclusively to transfer data to and from a mobile device, which shall be collected by the telecommunications corporation providing public telecommunications service to the customer, to cover the costs of:
 - (i) the program described in Subsection (2); and
 - (ii) payments made under Subsection (5).
- (b) The commission shall establish by rule the amount to be charged under this section, provided that:
- (i) the surcharge does not exceed 20 cents per month for each residential and business access line for local-exchange telephone service, and for each residential and business telephone number for mobile telephone service, not including a telephone number used exclusively to transfer data to and from a mobile device; and
- (ii) if the surcharge is related to a mobile telecommunications service, the surcharge may be imposed, billed, and collected only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.
- (c) The telecommunications corporation shall collect the surcharge from its customers and transfer the money collected to the commission under rules adopted by the commission.
 - (d) The surcharge shall be separately identified on each bill to a customer.
- (5) (a) Money collected from the surcharge imposed under Subsection (4) shall be deposited in the state treasury as dedicated credits to be administered as determined by the commission.
 - (b) These dedicated credits may be used only:
- (i) for the purchase, maintenance, repair, and distribution of telecommunication devices;
 - (ii) for the acquisition, operation, maintenance, and repair of a dual party relay system;
- 2473 (iii) to reimburse telephone corporations for the expenses incurred in collecting and 2474 transferring to the commission the surcharge imposed by the commission;

2475	(iv) for the general administration of the program;
2476	(v) to train persons in the use of telecommunications devices; and
2477	(vi) by the commission to contract, in compliance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah
2478	Procurement Code, with:
2479	(A) an institution within the state system of higher education listed in Section
2480	53B-1-102 for a program approved by the Board of Regents that trains persons to qualify as
2481	certified interpreters; or
2482	(B) the Division of Services to the Deaf and Hard of Hearing for a program that trains
2483	persons to qualify as certified interpreters.
2484	(c) (i) The commission shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2485	Administrative Rulemaking Act, for the administration of money under Subsection (5)(b)(vi).
2486	(ii) In the initial rulemaking to determine the administration of money under
2487	Subsection (5)(b)(vi), the commission shall give notice and hold a public hearing.
2488	(d) Money received by the commission under Subsection (4) is nonlapsing.
2489	(6) (a) The telephone surcharge need not be collected by a telecommunications
2490	corporation if the amount collected would be less than the actual administrative costs of the
2491	collection.
2492	(b) If Subsection (6)(a) applies, the telecommunications corporation shall submit to the
2493	commission, in lieu of the revenue from the surcharge collection, a breakdown of the
2494	anticipated costs and the expected revenue from the collection, showing that the costs exceed
2495	the revenue.
2496	(7) The commission shall solicit the advice, counsel, and physical assistance of
2497	severely hearing or speech impaired persons and the organizations serving them in the design
2498	and implementation of the program.
2499	Section 54. Section 62A-1-108.5 is amended to read:
2500	62A-1-108.5. Mental illness and intellectual disability examinations
2501	Responsibilities of the department.
2502	(1) In accomplishing its duties to conduct mental illness and intellectual disability
2503	examinations under Title 77, Utah Code of Criminal Procedure, the department shall proceed
2504	as outlined in this section and within appropriations authorized by the Legislature. The

executive director may delegate the executive director's responsibilities under this section to

2506	one or more of	divisions	within	the department
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- (2) When the department is ordered by the court to conduct a mental illness or intellectual disability examination, the executive director shall:
 - (a) direct that the examination be performed at the Utah State Hospital; or
- (b) designate at least one examiner, selected under Subsection (3), to examine the defendant in the defendant's current custody or status.
- (3) The department shall establish criteria, in consultation with the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, and shall contract with persons or organizations to conduct mental illness and intellectual disability examinations under Subsection (2)(b). In making this selection, the department shall follow the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
- (4) Nothing in this section prohibits the executive director, at the request of defense counsel or a prosecuting attorney in a criminal proceeding under Title 77, Utah Code of Criminal Procedure, and for good cause shown, from proposing a person who has not been previously selected under Subsection (3) to contract with the department to conduct the examination. In selecting that person, the criteria of the department established under Subsection (3) and the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] <u>6a</u>, Utah Procurement Code, shall be met.
- Section 55. Section **62A-3-104** is amended to read:
- 2525 **62A-3-104.** Authority of division.
- 2526 (1) The division is the sole state agency, as defined by the Older Americans Act of 2527 1965, 42 U.S.C. 3001 et seq., to:
- 2528 (a) serve as an effective and visible advocate for the aging and adult population of this state;
 - (b) develop and administer a state plan under the policy direction of the board; and
- 2531 (c) take primary responsibility for state activities relating to provisions of the Older 2532 Americans Act of 1965, as amended.
 - (2) (a) The division has authority to designate:
- 2534 (i) planning and service areas for the state; and
- 2535 (ii) an area agency on aging within each planning and service area to design and implement a comprehensive and coordinated system of services and programs for the aged

2331	within appropriations from the Legislature.
2538	(b) Designation as an area agency on aging may be withdrawn:
2539	(i) upon request of the area agency on aging; or
2540	(ii) upon noncompliance with the provisions of the:
2541	(A) Older Americans Act of 1965, 42 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.;
2542	(B) federal regulations enacted under the Older Americans Act of 1965, 42 U.S.C.
2543	3001 et seq.;
2544	(C) provisions of this chapter; or
2545	(D) rules, policies, or procedures established by the division.
2546	(3) (a) The division has the authority to designate:
2547	(i) planning and service areas for the state; and
2548	(ii) subject to Subsection (3)(b), an area agency on high risk adults within each
2549	planning and service area to design and implement a comprehensive and coordinated system of
2550	case management and programs for high risk adults within appropriations from the Legislature.
2551	(b) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(ii), before October 1, 1998, the division shall
2552	designate as the area agency on high risk adults in a planning and service area:
2553	(i) the area agency on aging that operates within the same geographic area if that
2554	agency requests, before July 1, 1998, to expand that agency's current contract with the division
2555	to include the responsibility of:
2556	(A) being the area agency on high risk adults; or
2557	(B) operating the area agency on high risk adults:
2558	(I) through joint cooperation with one or more existing area agencies on aging; and
2559	(II) without reducing geographical coverage in any service area; or
2560	(ii) a public or private nonprofit agency or office if the area agency on aging that
2561	operates within the same geographic area has not made a request in accordance with Subsection
2562	(3)(b)(i).
2563	(c) (i) Area agencies on high risk adults shall be in operation before July 1, 1999.
2564	(ii) The division's efforts to establish area agencies on high risk adults shall start with
2565	counties with a population of more than 150,000 people.
2566	(d) Designation as an area agency on high risk adults may be withdrawn:
2567	(i) upon request by the area agency; or

2308	(ii) upon noncompilance with:
2569	(A) state law;
2570	(B) federal law; or
2571	(C) rules, policies, or procedures established by the division.
2572	(4) (a) The division may, by following the procedures and requirements of Title 63J,
2573	Chapter 5, Federal Funds Procedures:
2574	(i) seek federal grants, loans, or participation in federal programs; and
2575	(ii) receive and distribute state and federal funds for the division's programs and
2576	services to the aging and adult populations of the state.
2577	(b) The division may not disburse public funds to a personal care attendant as payment
2578	for personal services rendered to an aged person or high risk adult, except as provided in
2579	Section 62A-3-104.3.
2580	(5) The division has authority to establish, either directly or by contract, programs of
2581	advocacy, monitoring, evaluation, technical assistance, and public education to enhance the
2582	quality of life for aging and adult citizens of the state.
2583	(6) In accordance with the rules of the division and Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah
2584	Procurement Code, the division may contract with:
2585	(a) the governing body of an area agency to provide a comprehensive program of
2586	services; or
2587	(b) public and private entities for special services.
2588	(7) The division has authority to provide for collection, compilation, and dissemination
2589	of information, statistics, and reports relating to issues facing aging and adult citizens.
2590	(8) The division has authority to prepare and submit reports regarding the operation
2591	and administration of the division to the department, the Legislature, and the governor, as
2592	requested.
2593	(9) The division shall:
2594	(a) implement and enforce policies established by the board governing all aspects of
2595	the division's programs for aging and adult persons in the state;
2596	(b) in order to ensure compliance with all applicable state and federal statutes, policies,
2597	and procedures, monitor and evaluate programs provided by or under contract with:
2598	(i) the division;

2599	(ii) area agencies; and
2600	(iii) an entity that receives funds from an area agency;
2601	(c) examine expenditures of public funds;
2602	(d) withhold funds from programs based on contract noncompliance;
2603	(e) review and approve plans of area agencies in order to ensure:
2604	(i) compliance with division policies; and
2605	(ii) a statewide comprehensive program;
2606	(f) in order to further programs for aging and adult persons and prevent duplication of
2607	services, promote and establish cooperative relationships with:
2608	(i) state and federal agencies;
2609	(ii) social and health agencies;
2610	(iii) education and research organizations; and
2611	(iv) other related groups;
2612	(g) advocate for the aging and adult populations;
2613	(h) promote and conduct research on the problems and needs of aging and adult
2614	persons;
2615	(i) submit recommendations for changes in policies, programs, and funding to the:
2616	(i) governor; and
2617	(ii) Legislature; and
2618	(j) (i) accept contributions to and administer the funds contained in the "Out and
2619	About" Homebound Transportation Assistance Fund created in Section 62A-3-110; and
2620	(ii) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
2621	Rulemaking Act, to facilitate the administration of the "Out and About" Homebound
2622	Transportation Assistance Fund in accordance with Section 62A-3-110.
2623	Section 56. Section 62A-3-104.1 is amended to read:
2624	62A-3-104.1. Powers and duties of area agencies.
2625	(1) An area agency that provides services to an aged person, or a high risk adult shall
2626	within the area agency's respective jurisdiction:
2627	(a) advocate by monitoring, evaluating, and providing input on all policies, programs,
2628	hearings, and levies that affect a person described in this Subsection (1);
2629	(b) design and implement a comprehensive and coordinated system of services within a

2630	designated planning and service area;
2631	(c) conduct periodic reviews and evaluations of needs and services;
2632	(d) prepare and submit to the division plans for funding and service delivery for
2633	services within the designated planning and service area;
2634	(e) establish, either directly or by contract, programs licensed under Chapter 2,
2635	Licensure of Programs and Facilities;
2636	(f) (i) appoint an area director;
2637	(ii) prescribe the area director's duties; and
2638	(iii) provide adequate and qualified staff to carry out the area plan described in
2639	Subsection (1)(d);
2640	(g) establish rules not contrary to policies of the board and rules of the division,
2641	regulating local services and facilities;
2642	(h) operate other services and programs funded by sources other than those
2643	administered by the division;
2644	(i) establish mechanisms to provide direct citizen input, including an area agency
2645	advisory council with a majority of members who are eligible for services from the area
2646	agency;
2647	(j) establish fee schedules; and
2648	(k) comply with the requirements and procedures of:
2649	(i) Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act; and
2650	(ii) Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal
2651	Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act.
2652	(2) Before disbursing any public funds, an area agency shall require that all entities
2653	receiving any public funds agree in writing that:
2654	(a) the division may examine the entity's program and financial records; and
2655	(b) the auditor of the local area agency may examine and audit the entity's program and
2656	financial records, if requested by the local area agency.
2657	(3) An area agency on aging may not disburse public funds to a personal care attendant
2658	as payment for personal services rendered to an aged person or high risk adult, except as
2659	provided in Section 62A-3-104.3.
2660	(4) (a) For the purpose of providing services pursuant to this part, a local area agency

2661	may receive:
2662	(i) property;
2663	(ii) grants;
2664	(iii) gifts;
2665	(iv) supplies;
2666	(v) materials;
2667	(vi) any benefit derived from the items described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (v);
2668	and
2669	(vii) contributions.
2670	(b) If a gift is conditioned upon the gift's use for a specified service or program, the gift
2671	shall be used for the specific service or program.
2672	(5) (a) Area agencies shall award all public funds in compliance with:
2673	(i) the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; or
2674	(ii) a county procurement ordinance that requires procurement procedures similar to
2675	those described in Subsection (5)(a)(i).
2676	(b) (i) If all initial bids on a project are rejected, the area agency shall publish a new
2677	invitation to bid.
2678	(ii) If no satisfactory bid is received by the area agency described in Subsection
2679	(5)(b)(i), when the bids received from the second invitation are opened the area agency may
2680	execute a contract without requiring competitive bidding.
2681	(c) (i) An area agency need not comply with the procurement provisions of this section
2682	when it disburses public funds to another governmental entity.
2683	(ii) For purposes of this Subsection (5)(c), "governmental entity" means any political
2684	subdivision or institution of higher education of the state.
2685	(d) (i) Contracts awarded by an area agency shall be for a:
2686	(A) fixed amount; and
2687	(B) limited period.
2688	(ii) The contracts described in Subsection (5)(d)(i) may be modified due to changes in
2689	available funding for the same contract purpose without competition.
2690	(6) Local area agencies shall comply with:
2691	(a) applicable state and federal:

2692	(i) statutes;
2693	(ii) policies; and
2694	(iii) audit requirements; and
2695	(b) directives resulting from an audit described in Subsection (6)(a)(iii).
2696	Section 57. Section 62A-14-109 is amended to read:
2697	62A-14-109. Contract for services.
2698	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the office
2699	may contract with one or more providers to perform guardian and conservator duties.
2700	(2) The office shall review and monitor the services provided by a contract provider to
2701	a ward for whom the office has been appointed guardian or conservator.
2702	Section 58. Section 63A-5-205 is amended to read:
2703	63A-5-205. Contracting powers of director Retainage Health insurance
2704	coverage.
2705	(1) As used in this section:
2706	(a) "Capital developments" has the same meaning as provided in Section 63A-5-104.
2707	(b) "Capital improvements" has the same meaning as provided in Section 63A-5-104.
2708	(c) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
2709	34A-2-104 who:
2710	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
2711	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
2712	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.
2713	(d) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
2714	(e) "Qualified health insurance coverage" is as defined in Section 26-40-115.
2715	(f) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
2716	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the director
2717	may:
2718	(a) subject to Subsection (3), enter into contracts for any work or professional services
2719	which the division or the State Building Board may do or have done; and
2720	(b) as a condition of any contract for architectural or engineering services, prohibit the
2721	architect or engineer from retaining a sales or agent engineer for the necessary design work.
2722	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), this Subsection (3) applies to all design

- 2723 or construction contracts entered into by the division or the State Building Board on or after 2724 July 1, 2009, and: 2725 (i) applies to a prime contractor if the prime contract is in the amount of \$1,500,000 or 2726 greater; and 2727 (ii) applies to a subcontractor if the subcontract is in the amount of \$750,000 or greater. 2728 (b) This Subsection (3) does not apply: 2729 (i) if the application of this Subsection (3) jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds; 2730 (ii) if the contract is a sole source contract: 2731 (iii) if the contract is an emergency procurement; or 2732 (iv) to a change order as defined in Section [63G-6-103] 63G-6a-103, or a modification 2733 to a contract, when the contract does not meet the threshold required by Subsection (3)(a). 2734 (c) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to 2735 circumvent the requirements of Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of an infraction. 2736 (d) (i) A contractor subject to Subsection (3)(a) shall demonstrate to the director that 2737 the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the 2738 contractor's employees and the employees' dependents. (ii) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (3)(a), the contractor 2739 2740 shall demonstrate to the director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of 2741 qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' 2742 dependents. 2743 (e) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(i) 2744 during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative 2745 rules adopted by the division under Subsection (3)(f). 2746 (B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the 2747 requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(ii). 2748 (ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(ii) 2749 during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative
 - (f) The division shall adopt administrative rules:

rules adopted by the division under Subsection (3)(f).

requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(i).

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(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the

2754	(i) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
2755	(ii) in coordination with:
2756	(A) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
2757	(B) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
2758	(C) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
2759	(D) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
2760	(E) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
2761	(F) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
2762	(iii) which establish:
2763	(A) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
2764	director compliance with this Subsection (3) which shall include:
2765	(I) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (3)(d)(i)
2766	or (ii) more than twice in any 12-month period; and
2767	(II) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health
2768	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
2769	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency from either:
2770	(Aa) the Utah Insurance Department;
2771	(Bb) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
2772	(Cc) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
2773	rates;
2774	(B) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
2775	violates the provisions of this Subsection (3), which may include:
2776	(I) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
2777	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
2778	(II) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
2779	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
2780	(III) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
2781	Section [63G-6-804] 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
2782	(IV) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
2783	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and the dependents of an
2784	employee of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance

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2785 coverage during the duration of the contract; and

- (C) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(e).
- (g) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (3)(f)(iii), a contractor or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance coverage.
- 2792 (ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection 2793 (3)(g)(i) if:
 - (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency provided by:
 - (I) an actuary; or
- 2797 (II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium 2798 rates; or
 - (B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under the provisions of Subsection (3)(b).
 - (iii) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to enforce the provisions of this Subsection (3)(g).
 - (h) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the Medicaid Restricted Account created by Section 26-18-402.
 - (i) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance coverage as required by this section:
 - (i) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor under Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
 - (ii) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design or construction.
 - (4) The judgment of the director as to the responsibility and qualifications of a bidder is conclusive, except in case of fraud or bad faith.
 - (5) The division shall make all payments to the contractor for completed work in

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2816	accordance with the contract and pay the interest specified in the contract on any payments that
2817	are late.
2818	(6) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to do work for the division or
2819	the State Building Board is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or withheld and released as
2820	provided in Section 13-8-5.
2821	Section 59. Section 63A-5-208 is amended to read:
2822	63A-5-208. Definitions Certain public construction bids to list subcontractors
2823	Changing subcontractors Bidders as subcontractors Dispute resolution process
2824	Penalties.
2825	(1) As used in this section:
2826	(a) "First-tier subcontractor" means a subcontractor who contracts directly with the
2827	prime contractor.
2828	(b) "Subcontractor" means any person or entity under contract with a contractor or
2829	another subcontractor to provide services or labor for the construction, installation, or repair of
2830	an improvement to real property.
2831	(c) "Subcontractor" includes a trade contractor or specialty contractor.
2832	(d) "Subcontractor" does not include suppliers who provide only materials, equipment,
2833	or supplies to a contractor or subcontractor.
2834	(2) The director shall apply the provisions of this section to achieve fair and
2835	competitive bidding and to discourage bid-shopping by contractors.
2836	(3) (a) (i) (A) On each public construction project, the director shall require the
2837	apparent lowest three bidders to submit a list of their first-tier subcontractors indicating each
2838	subcontractor's name, bid amount, and other information required by rule.
2839	(B) Other bidders who are not one of the apparent lowest three bidders may also
2840	submit a list of their first-tier subcontractors containing the information required by this
2841	Subsection (3).
2842	(C) The director may not consider any bid submitted by a bidder if the bidder fails to
2843	submit a subcontractor list meeting the requirements of this section.

(ii) On projects where the contractor's total bid is less than \$500,000, subcontractors

(iii) On projects where the contractor's total bid is \$500,000 or more, subcontractors

whose bid is less than \$20,000 need not be listed.

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indicating the bidder's:

2847 whose bid is less than \$35,000 need not be listed. (b) (i) The bidders shall submit this list within 24 hours after the bid opening time, not 2848 2849 including Saturdays, Sundays, and state holidays. 2850 (ii) This list does not limit the director's right to authorize a change in the listing of any 2851 subcontractor. 2852 (c) The bidders shall verify that all subcontractors listed as part of their bids are 2853 licensed as required by state law. (d) Twenty-four hours after the bid opening, the contractor may change the contractor's 2854 2855 subcontractors only after: 2856 (i) receiving permission from the director; and 2857 (ii) establishing that: 2858 (A) the change is in the best interest of the state; and 2859 (B) the contractor establishes reasons for the change that meet the standards established 2860 by the State Building Board. 2861 (e) If the director approves any changes in subcontractors that result in a net lower 2862 contract price for subcontracted work, the total of the prime contract may be reduced to reflect the changes. 2863 2864 (4) (a) A bidder may list himself as a subcontractor when the bidder is currently 2865 licensed to perform the portion of the work for which the bidder lists himself as a subcontractor 2866 and: (i) the bidder intends to perform the work of a subcontractor himself; or 2867 2868 (ii) the bidder intends to obtain a subcontractor to perform the work at a later date 2869 because the bidder was unable to: 2870 (A) obtain a bid from a qualified subcontractor; or (B) obtain a bid from a qualified subcontractor at a cost that the bidder considers to be 2871 2872 reasonable. 2873 (b) (i) When the bidder intends to perform the work of a subcontractor himself, the 2874 director may, by written request, require that the bidder provide the director with information

(A) previous experience in the type of work to be performed; and

(B) qualifications for performing the work.

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- 2878 (ii) The bidder must respond in writing within five business days of receiving the director's written request.
 - (iii) If the bidder's submitted information causes the director to reasonably believe that self-performance of the portion of the work by the bidder is likely to yield a substandard finished product, the director shall:
 - (A) require the bidder to use a subcontractor for the portion of the work in question and obtain the subcontractor bid under the supervision of the director; or
 - (B) reject the bidder's bid.
 - (c) (i) When the bidder intends to obtain a subcontractor to perform the work at a later date, the bidder shall provide documentation with the subcontractor list describing:
 - (A) the bidder's efforts to obtain a bid of a qualified subcontractor at a reasonable cost; and
 - (B) why the bidder was unable to obtain a qualified subcontractor bid.
 - (ii) If the bidder who intends to obtain a subcontractor to perform the work at a later date is awarded a contract, the director shall supervise the bidder's efforts to obtain a qualified subcontractor bid.
 - (iii) The director may not adjust the amount of the contract awarded in order to reflect the actual amount of the subcontractor's bid.
 - (5) The division may not disclose any subcontractor bid amounts obtained under this section until the division has awarded the project to a contractor.
 - (6) (a) The director shall, in consultation with the State Building Board, prepare draft rules establishing a process for resolving disputes involved with contracts under the division's procurement authority.
 - (b) The draft rules shall be presented to the Government Operations Interim Committee for review, comment, and recommendations before August 31, 2004.
 - (c) The director shall consider, and the rules may include:
 - (i) requirements regarding preliminary resolution efforts between the parties directly involved with the dispute;
 - (ii) requirements for the filing of claims, including notification, timeframes, and documentation;
 - (iii) identification of the types of costs eligible for allocation and a method for

2909	allocating costs among the parties to the dispute;
2910	(iv) required time periods, not to exceed 60 days, for the resolution of the claim;
2911	(v) provision for an independent hearing officer, panel, or arbitrator to extend the time
2912	period for resolution of the claim by not to exceed 60 additional days for good cause;
2913	(vi) provision for the extension of required time periods if the claimant agrees;
2914	(vii) requirements that decisions be issued in writing;
2915	(viii) provisions for administrative appeals of the decision;
2916	(ix) provisions for the timely payment of claims after resolution of the dispute,
2917	including any appeals;
2918	(x) a requirement that the final determination resulting from the dispute resolution
2919	process provided for in the rules is a final agency action subject to judicial review as provided
2920	in Sections 63G-4-401 and 63G-4-402;
2921	(xi) a requirement that a claim or dispute that does not include a monetary claim
2922	against the division or its agents is not limited to the dispute resolution process provided for in
2923	this Subsection (6);
2924	(xii) requirements for claims and disputes to be eligible for this dispute resolution
2925	process;
2926	(xiii) the use of an independent hearing officer, panel, arbitration, or mediation; and
2927	(xiv) the circumstances under which a subcontractor may file a claim directly with the
2928	division.
2929	(d) Persons pursuing claims under the process required by this Subsection (6):
2930	(i) are bound by the decision reached under this process unless the decision is properly
2931	appealed; and
2932	(ii) may not pursue claims or disputes under the dispute resolution process established
2933	in Sections [63G-6-805 through 63G-6-814] <u>63G-6a-1602 through 63G-6a-1802</u> .
2934	(7) In addition to all other reasons allowed by law or rule, the director may reject all
2935	bids if none of the bidders whose bid is within the budget of the project submit a subcontractor
2936	list that meets the requirements of this section.
2937	(8) Any violation of this section, or any fraudulent misrepresentation by a contractor,
2938	subcontractor, or supplier, may be grounds for:

(a) the contractor, subcontractor, or supplier to be suspended or debarred by the

2940	director; or
2941	(b) the contractor or subcontractor to be disciplined by the Division of Professional and
2942	Occupational Licensing.
2943	Section 60. Section 63A-5-302 is amended to read:
2944	63A-5-302. Leasing responsibilities of the director.
2945	(1) The director shall:
2946	(a) lease, in the name of the division, all real property space to be occupied by an
2947	agency;
2948	(b) in leasing space, comply with:
2949	(i) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
2950	(ii) any legislative mandates contained in the appropriations act or other specific
2951	legislation;
2952	(c) apply the criteria contained in Subsection (1)(e) to prepare a report evaluating each
2953	high-cost lease at least 12 months before it expires;
2954	(d) evaluate each lease under the division's control and apply the criteria contained in
2955	Subsection (1)(e), when appropriate, to evaluate those leases;
2956	(e) in evaluating leases:
2957	(i) determine whether or not the lease is cost-effective when the needs of the agency to
2958	be housed in the leased facilities are considered;
2959	(ii) determine whether or not another option such as construction, use of other
2960	state-owned space, or a lease-purchase agreement is more cost-effective than leasing;
2961	(iii) determine whether or not the significant lease terms are cost-effective and provide
2962	the state with sufficient flexibility and protection from liability;
2963	(iv) compare the proposed lease payments to the current market rates, and evaluate
2964	whether or not the proposed lease payments are reasonable under current market conditions;
2965	(v) compare proposed significant lease terms to the current market, and recommend
2966	whether or not these proposed terms are reasonable under current market conditions; and
2967	(vi) if applicable, recommend that the lease or modification to a lease be approved or
2968	disapproved;
2969	(f) based upon the evaluation, include in the report recommendations that identify
2970	viable alternatives to:

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2971	(i) make the lease cost-effective; or			
2972	(ii) meet the agency's needs when the lease expires; and			
2973	(g) upon request, provide the information included in the report to:			
2974	(i) the agency benefitted by the lease; and			
2975	(ii) the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst.			
2976	(2) The director may:			
2977	(a) subject to legislative appropriation, enter into facility leases with terms of	of up to 10		
2978	years when the length of the lease's term is economically advantageous to the state;	and		
2979	(b) with the approval of the State Building Board and subject to legislative			
2980	appropriation, enter into facility leases with terms of more than 10 years when the le	ength of the		
2981	lease's term is economically advantageous to the state.			
2982	Section 61. Section 63B-2-102 is amended to read:			
2983	63B-2-102. Maximum amount Projects authorized.			
2984	(1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$80,00	0,000.		
2985	(2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide			
2986	funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in	n this		
2987	Subsection (2).			
2988	(b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, ease	ements and		
2989	rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing	ng facilities		
2990	and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, in	cidental, or		
2991	convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the pe	eriod to be		
2992	covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of t	he		
2993	construction period and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.			
2994	(c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:			
2995	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS			
2996	1 Alterations, Repairs, and Improvements	88,413,900		
2997	TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS	88,413,900		
2998	CAPITAL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION			

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2999				ESTIMATED OPERATIONS AND
	PROJECT	PROJECT	AMOUNT	MAINTENANCE
	PRIORITY	DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	COSTS
3000	1	Corrections - Northern Utah	\$2,729,700	\$158,000
		Community Corrections Center Phase II		
3001	2	University of Utah	\$10,200,000	\$881,600
		Marriot Library Phase II		
3002	3	Ogden Courts Building Phase II	\$12,096,000	\$340,000
3003	4	Utah National Guard -	\$397,800	\$70,500
		Southeast Utah Armory Phase II		
3004	5	Southern Utah University	\$7,004,400	\$427,000
		Library Phase II		
3005	6	Utah Valley Special Events	\$11,845,300	\$536,900
		Center Phase II		
3006	7	Salt Lake Community College - Land	\$1,300,000	\$0
3007	8	Tax Commission Building	\$14,224,000	\$812,000
3008	9	Dixie College Business Building	\$2,823,300	\$187,800
3009	10	Salt Lake Community College	\$4,009,500	\$257,600
		South City 3rd Floor and Boiler		
3010	11	Public Education -	\$3,456,100	\$124,800
		Deaf and Blind Classrooms		
3011		TOTAL CONSTRUCTION	\$70,086,100	
3012		TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS AND	\$78,500,000	
		CONSTRUCTION		
3013	(d) For	r purposes of this section, operations and ma	aintenance costs	:
3014	(i) are	estimates only;		
3015	(ii) ma	y include any operations and maintenance of	osts already fun	ded in existing

3016	agency budgets; and
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- (iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or future Legislatures to fund those operations and maintenance costs.
- (3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project.
- (b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a project among the projects authorized.
- (c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those projects in the list could be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation.
- (4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.
- (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund.
- (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.
- (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law.
- (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale of bonds.
- (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
- (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
- (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.
- Section 62. Section **63B-3-102** is amended to read:
- **63B-3-102. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.**

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ESTIMATED

- 3047 (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$64,600,000.
 - (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this Subsection (2).
 - (b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.
 - (c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:

3058 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

Heat Plant

3059 1 Alterations, Repairs, and Improvements \$5,000,000

3060 TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS \$5,000,000

3061 CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

				OPERATIONS
				AND
	PRIORITY	PROJECT	AMOUNT	MAINTENANCE
	PROJECT	DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	COSTS
3063	1	University of Utah	\$13,811,500	\$881,600
		Marriott Library Phase III (Final)		
3064	2	Bridgerland Applied Technology Center	\$2,400,000	\$0
		Utah State University Space		
3065	3	Weber State University -	\$2,332,100	\$9,600

3066	4	Department of Human Services - Division of Youth Corrections renamed in 2003 to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services	\$4,180,000	\$400,000
3067	5	Snow College - Administrative Services/Student Center	\$3,885,100	\$224,500
3068	6	Ogden Weber Applied Technology Center - Metal Trades Building Design and Equipment Purchase	\$750,000	\$0
3069	7	Department of Corrections B-Block Remodel	\$1,237,100	\$72,000
3070	8	Utah State University - Old Main Phase III Design	\$550,000	\$0
3071	9	Department of Corrections - 144 bed Uintah Expansion	\$6,700,000	\$168,800
3072	10	Southern Utah University Administrative Services/Student Center	\$5,630,400	\$314,200
3073	11	Anasazi Museum	\$760,200	\$8,500
3074	12	Hill Air Force Base - Easements Purchase	\$9,500,000	\$0
3075	13	Signetics Building Remodel	\$2,000,000	\$0
3076	14	Antelope Island Visitors Center	\$750,000	\$30,000
3077	15	State Fair Park - Master Study	\$150,000	\$0
3078	16	Utah National Guard - Draper Land	\$380,800	\$0
3079	17	Davis Applied Technology Center - Design	\$325,000	\$0
3080	18	Palisade State Park - Land and Park Development	\$800,000	\$0

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3081	19	Department of Human Services - Cedar City Land	\$80,000	\$0
3082	20	Department of Human Services - Clearfield Land	\$163,400	\$0
3083	21	Electronic technology, equipment, and hardware	\$2,500,000	\$0
3084	TOTAL CA	PITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	Γ \$58,885,600	
3085	TOTAL IM	PROVEMENTS AND CAPITAL		
	AND ECON	NOMIC DEVELOPMENT	\$63,885,600	
3086	(d) Fo	r purposes of this section, operations and mai	ntenance costs:	
3087	(i) are	estimates only;		
3088	(ii) ma	ay include any operations and maintenance co	sts already funded in existing	
3089	agency budget	s; and		
3090	(iii) ar	re not commitments by this Legislature or futu	re Legislatures to fund those	
3091	operations and	I maintenance costs.		
3092	(3)(a)	The amounts funded as listed in Subsection	(2) are estimates only and do no	ot
3093	constitute a lir	mitation on the amount that may be expended	for any project.	
3094	(b) Th	e board may revise these estimates and redist	ribute the amount estimated for	: a
3095	project among	the projects authorized.		
3096	(c) Th	e commission, by resolution and in consultati	on with the board, may delete of	one
3097	or more projec	ets from this list if the inclusion of that projec	t or those projects in the list co	uld
3098	be construed to	o violate state law or federal law or regulation	1.	
3099	(4)(a)	The division may enter into agreements relat	ed to these projects before the	
3100	receipt of proc	eeds of bonds issued under this chapter.		
3101	(b) Th	e division shall make those expenditures from	n unexpended and unencumber	ed
3102	building funds	s already appropriated to the Capital Projects l	Fund.	
3103	(c) Th	e division shall reimburse the Capital Projects	s Fund upon receipt of the proc	eeds
3104	of bonds issue	d under this chapter.		
3105	(d) Th	e commission may, by resolution, make any s	statement of intent relating to the	ıat
3106	reimbursemen	t that is necessary or desirable to comply with	federal tax law.	

3107	(5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided i	n Subsection (2),	
3108	it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be		
3109	addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale		
3110	of bonds.		
3111	(b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for	or amounts not to	
3112	exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be perf	formed on those	
3113	contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.		
3114	(c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the co	ontract for the	
3115	convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.		
3116	(d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the	division does not	
3117	bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.		
3118	Section 63. Section 63B-4-102 is amended to read:		
3119	63B-4-102. Maximum amount Projects authorized.		
3120	(1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed	\$45,300,000.	
3121	(2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide		
3122	funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects	listed in this	
3123	Subsection (2).		
3124	(b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in la	nd, easements and	
3125	rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and for	ırnishing facilities	
3126	and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements neces	sary, incidental, or	
3127	convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during	g the period to be	
3128	covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the	end of the	
3129	construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.		
3130	(c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:		
3131	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS		
3132	Alterations, Repairs, and Improvements	\$7,200,000	
3133	TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS	\$7,200,000	
3134	CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		

3135			ESTIMATED OPERATIONS AND
	PROJECT	AMOUNT	MAINTENANCE
	DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	COSTS
3136	Corrections - Uinta IVA	\$11,300,000	\$212,800
3137	Utah County Youth Correctional Facility	\$6,650,000	\$245,000
3138	Ogden Weber Applied Technology Center - Metal Trades	\$5,161,000	\$176,000
3139	Project Reserve Fund	\$3,500,000	None
3140	Weber State University - Browning Center Remodel	\$3,300,000	None
3141	Heber Wells Building Remodel	\$2,000,000	None
3142	Higher Education Davis County - Land Purchase	\$1,600,000	None
3143	National Guard Provo Armory	\$1,500,000	\$128,000
3144	Department of Natural Resources - Pioneer	\$900,000	\$65,000
	Trails Visitor Center		
3145	Higher Education Design Projects	\$800,000	Varies depending upon projects selected
3146	Salt Lake Community College - South Valley Planning	\$300,000	None
3147	Division of Youth Corrections renamed in 2003 to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services -	\$120,000	None
2140	Logan Land Purchase	Т	\$27,121,000
3148	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		\$37,131,000
3149	TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS AND CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC \$44,331,000 DEVELOPMENT		
3150	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and ma	intenance costs	:
3151	(i) are estimates only;		

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3152 (ii) may include any operations and maintenance costs already funded in existing 3153 agency budgets; and 3154 (iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or future Legislatures to fund those 3155 operations and maintenance costs. 3156 (3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not 3157 constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project. 3158 (b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a 3159 project among the projects authorized. 3160 (c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one 3161 or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those projects in the list could 3162 be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation. 3163 (4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter. 3164 3165 (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered 3166 building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund. 3167 (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds 3168 of bonds issued under this chapter. 3169 (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that 3170 reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law. 3171 (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), 3172 it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be 3173 addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale 3174 of bonds. 3175 (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to 3176 exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those 3177 contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature. 3178 (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the 3179 convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.

(d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not

bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.

Section 64. Section **63B-5-102** is amended to read:

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- 3183 **63B-5-102. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.**
- 3184 (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$32,000,000.
 - (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this Subsection (2).
 - (b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.
 - (c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

3196	Alterations, Repairs, and Improvements	\$7,600,000
3197	TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS	\$7,600,000

CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

3199	ESTIMATED
	OPERATIONS

AND

	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT FUNDED	MAINTENANCE COSTS
3200	Corrections - Gunnison (192 Beds)	\$13,970,000	\$210,000
3201	University of Utah Gardner Hall	\$7,361,000	\$203,900
3202	Weber State University Davis Campus Land Purchase	\$771,000	None
3203	Department of Workforce Services Cedar City Land Purchase	\$148,000	None
3204	College of Eastern Utah Durrant School Land Purchase	\$400,000	None
3205	State Hospital - Forensic Design (200 beds)	\$750,000	\$575,000

3206	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC \$23,400,000 DEVELOPMENT		
3207	TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS AND CAPITAL AND \$31,000,000 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		
3208	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and maintenance costs:		
3209	(i) are estimates only;		
3210	(ii) may include any operations and maintenance costs already funded in existing		
3211	agency budgets; and		
3212	(iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or future Legislatures to fund those		
3213	operations and maintenance costs.		
3214	(3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not		
3215	constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project.		
3216	(b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a		
3217	project among the projects authorized.		
3218	(c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one		
3219	or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those projects in the list could		
3220	be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation.		
3221	(4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the		
3222	receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.		
3223	(b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered		
3224	building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund.		
3225	(c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceed		
3226	of bonds issued under this chapter.		
3227	(d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that		
3228	reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law.		
3229	(5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2),		
3230	it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be		
3231	addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale		
3232	of bonds.		
3233	(b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to		
3234	exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those		

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3235 contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.

- (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
- (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.

Section 65. Section **63B-6-102** is amended to read:

63B-6-102. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.

- (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$57,000,000.
- (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this Subsection (2).
- (b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.
 - (c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:

3253 CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

3254			ESTIMATED
			OPERATIONS
		AMOUNT	AND
	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	MAINTENANCE
3255	Youth Corrections - Carbon / Emery (18 beds)	\$2,298,100	\$70,000
3256	State Hospital - 100 bed Forensic Facility	\$13,800,700	\$320,600
3257	Utah State University - Widtsoe Hall	\$23,986,700	\$750,200
3258	Davis Applied Technology Center - Medical/Health	\$6,344,900	\$144,000
	Tech Addition		
3259	Southern Utah University Physical Education	\$1,100,000	\$456,100
	Building (Design)		

3260	Salt Lake Community College High Technology	\$1,165,000	\$718,500
	Building, 90th So. Campus (Design)		
3261	Department of Natural Resources - Antelope Island	\$3,600,000	None
	Road		
3262	Youth Corrections - Region 1 72 Secured Bed	\$1,500,000	None
	Facility		
3263	Department of Natural Resources - Dead Horse	\$1,350,000	\$5,700
	Point Visitors Center		
3264	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC	\$55,145,400	
	DEVELOPMENT		
3265	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and a	maintenance costs:	
3266	(i) are estimates only;		
3267	(ii) may include any operations and maintenance costs already funded in existing		in existing
3268	agency budgets; and		
3269	(iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or future Legislatures to fund those		
3270	operations and maintenance costs.		
3271	(3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not		
3272	constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project.		
3273	(b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a		estimated for a
3274	project among the projects authorized.		
3275	(c) The commission, by resolution and in consul	tation with the board,	may delete one
3276	or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that pro	ject or those projects	in the list could
3277	be construed to violate state law or federal law or regula	tion.	
3278	(4) (a) The division may enter into agreements re	elated to these project	s before the
3279	receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.		
3280	(b) The division shall make those expenditures f	from unexpended and	unencumbered
3281	building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund.		
3282	(c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Proj	ects Fund upon receip	ot of the proceeds
3283	of bonds issued under this chapter.		

(d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that

3283	reimoursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with re	ederai tax iaw.
3286	(5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding	g is provided in Subsection (2),
3287	it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to	complete the projects be
3288	addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations	s or through the issuance or sale
3289	of bonds.	
3290	(b) For those phased projects, the division may enter it	nto contracts for amounts not to
3291	exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow	work to be performed on those
3292	contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Le	egislature.
3293	(c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination	nation of the contract for the
3294	convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 6	<u>3G-6a-1202</u> .
3295	(d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this author	orization to the division does not
3296	bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this aut	horization.
3297	Section 66. Section 63B-6-402 is amended to read:	
3298	63B-6-402. Maximum amount Projects authorize	ed.
3299	(1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part m	nay not exceed \$9,000,000.
3300	(2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be proceeds.	rovided to the State Tax
3301	Commission to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of the project described in this	
3302	Subsection (2).	
3303	(b) These costs may include:	
3304	(i) the cost of acquisition, development, and conversion	on of computer hardware and
3305	software for motor vehicle fee systems and tax collection and	accounting systems of the state;
3306	(ii) interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during	the period to be covered by that
3307	development and conversion, plus a period of six months following the completion of the	
3308	development and conversion; and	
3309	(iii) all related engineering, consulting, and legal fees.	
3310	(c) For the State Tax Commission, proceeds shall be p	provided for the following:
3311	PROJECT	AMOUNT
	DESCRIPTION	FUNDED
3312	UTAX SYSTEMS ACQUISITION AND	\$8,500,000
	DEVELOPMENT	

(3) The commission, by resolution may decline to issue bonds if the project could be

3314 construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation.

- (4) (a) For this project, for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the project be addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale of bonds.
- (b) The State Tax Commission may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
- (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
- (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the State Tax Commission does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.

Section 67. Section **63B-7-102** is amended to read:

63B-7-102. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.

- (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$33,600,000.
- (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this Subsection (2).
- (b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.
- (c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:

3338			ESTIMATED
			OPERATIONS
	PROJECT	AMOUNT	AND
	DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	MAINTENANCE
3339	Southern Utah University Land Purchase	\$4,600,000	\$0
3340	Salt Lake Community College High Tech Center	\$3,980,700	\$507,900
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- Jordan Campus

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3341	Children's Special Health Care Needs Clinic	\$755,400	\$247,600
3342	Youth Corrections - 2 @ 32 beds	\$419,500	\$276,000
	(Vernal / Logan)		
3343	Corrections - Gunnison 288 bed and Lagoon	\$8,425,600	\$0
	Expansion		
3344	University of Utah - Cowles Building	\$445,500	\$101,700
3345	Utah Valley State College - Technical Building	\$1,166,300	\$391,000
3346	Sevier Valley Applied Technology Center - Shop	\$3,014,300	\$443,300
	Expansion		
3347	Division of Parks and Recreation Statewide	\$1,000,000	\$22,700
	Restrooms		
3348	Murray Highway Patrol Office	\$2,300,000	\$81,000
3349	Department of Workforce Services - Davis	\$2,780,000	\$128,100
	County Employment Center		
3350	State Hospital - Rampton II	\$1,600,000	\$462,000
3351	Courts - 4th District Land - Provo	\$1,368,000	\$0
3352	Dixie College - Land	\$1,000,000	\$0
3353	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC	\$32,855,300	
	DEVELOPMENT		
3354	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and	maintenance costs	S:
3355	(i) are estimates only;		
3356	(ii) may include any operations and maintenance	e costs already fur	nded in existing
3357	agency budgets; and		
3358	(iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or	future Legislature	es to fund those
3359	operations and maintenance costs.		
3360	(3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not		
3361	constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project.		
3362	(b) The board may revise these estimates and re-	distribute the amo	ount estimated for a
3363	project among the projects authorized.		
3364	(c) The commission, by resolution and in consul	ltation with the bo	oard, may delete one

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3365	or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those projects in the list could
3366	be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation.
3367	(4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the
3368	receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.

- (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund.
- (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.
- (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law.
- (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale of bonds.
- (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
- (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
- (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.
 - Section 68. Section **63B-7-402** is amended to read:

63B-7-402. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.

- (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$16,500,000.
- (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the State Tax Commission to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of the project described in this Subsection (2).
 - (b) These costs may include:
- (i) the cost of acquisition, development, and conversion of computer hardware and software for motor vehicle fee systems and tax collection and accounting systems of the state;
 - (ii) interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by that

3396	development and conversion, plus a period of six months following the completion of the		
3397	development and conversion; and		
3398	(iii) all related engineering, consulting, and legal fees		
3399	(c) For the State Tax Commission, proceeds shall be	provided for the following:	
3400	PROJECT	AMOUNT	
	DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	
3401	UTAX SYSTEMS ACQUISITION AND DEVELOPMENT	\$15,650,000	
3402	(3) The commission, by resolution may decline to iss	ue bonds if the project could be	
3403	construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation.		
3404	(4) (a) For this project, for which only partial funding	g is provided in Subsection (2), it	
3405	is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to co	omplete the project be addressed	
3406	by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale of bonds.		
3407	(b) The State Tax Commission may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the		
3408	anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in		
3409	excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.		
3410	(c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the		
3411	convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.		
3412	(d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this auth	norization to the State Tax	
3413	Commission does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.		
3414	Section 69. Section 63B-8-102 is amended to read:		
3415	63B-8-102. Maximum amount Projects authorize	zed.	
3416	(1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part i	may not exceed \$48,500,000.	
3417	(2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be p	provided to the division to provide	
3418	funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructi	ng the projects listed in this	
3419	Subsection (2).		
3420	(b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land	d, interests in land, easements and	
3421	rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, e	quipping, and furnishing facilities	
3422	and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and impro	ovements necessary, incidental, or	
3423	convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on the	ese bonds during the period to be	
3424	covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six m	onths after the end of the	

3425	construction period, and all related engineering, architect	ural, and legal fee	es.
3426	(c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided f	or the following:	
3427			ESTIMATED
			OPERATIONS
	PROJECT	AMOUNT	AND
	DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	MAINTENANCE
3428	Southern Utah University - Physical Education	\$2,493,200	\$447,744
	Building		
3429	Utah Valley State College - Information Sciences	\$29,000,000	\$721,875
	Building		
3430	University of Utah - Cowles Building Renovation	\$7,268,500	\$140,217
3431	Vernal District Court	\$4,539,500	\$149,989
3432	Salt Lake Community College - Applied Education	\$4,200,000	\$281,784
	Center		
3433	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC	\$47,501,200	
	DEVELOPMENT		
3434	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and n	naintenance costs	;
3435	(i) are estimates only;		
3436	(ii) may include any operations and maintenance	costs already fun	ded in existing
3437	agency budgets; and		
3438	(iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or f	uture Legislature	s to fund those
3439	operations and maintenance costs.		
3440	(3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection	on (2) are estimate	es only and do not
3441	constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expend	ed for any project	t.
3442	(b) The board may revise these estimates and red	istribute the amo	unt estimated for a
3443	project among the projects authorized.		
3444	(c) The commission, by resolution and in consult	ation with the bo	ard, may delete one
3445	or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that proj	1 0	ects in the list could
3446	be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulat	ion.	
3447	(4) (a) The division may enter into agreements re	elated to these pro	jects before the

receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.

- (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund.
- (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.
- (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law.
- (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale of bonds.
- (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
- (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
- (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.

Section 70. Section **63B-8-402** is amended to read:

63B-8-402. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.

- (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$7,400,000.
- (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the project listed in this Subsection (2).
- (b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.
 - (c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:

3479 **ESTIMATED OPERATIONS PROJECT AMOUNT AND DESCRIPTION FUNDED MAINTENANCE** 3480 \$7,000,000 \$462,000 State Hospital - Rampton II 3481 (d) For purposes of this section, operations and maintenance costs: 3482 (i) are estimates only; 3483 (ii) may include any operations and maintenance costs already funded in existing 3484 agency budgets; and 3485 (iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or future Legislatures to fund those 3486 operations and maintenance costs. 3487 (3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not 3488 constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project. 3489 (b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a 3490 project among the projects authorized. 3491 (c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one 3492 or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those projects in the list could 3493 be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation. 3494 (4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the 3495 receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter. 3496 (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund. 3497 3498 (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds 3499 of bonds issued under this chapter. 3500 (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that 3501 reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law. 3502 (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), 3503 it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be 3504 addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale 3505 of bonds.

(b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to

3507	exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those
3508	contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
3509	(c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the
3510	convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
3511	(d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not
3512	bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.
3513	Section 71. Section 63B-9-103 is amended to read:
3514	63B-9-103. Other capital facility authorizations and intent language.
3515	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3516	(a) Utah State University use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a
3517	renovation and expansion of the Edith Bowen School under the direction of the director of the
3518	Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been
3519	delegated;
3520	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3521	(c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
3522	that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets
3523	approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.
3524	(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3525	(a) the University of Utah use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a
3526	College of Science Math Center under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
3527	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3528	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3529	(c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
3530	that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets
3531	approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.
3532	(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3533	(a) the University of Utah use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a
3534	Burbidge Athletics and Academics Building under the direction of the director of the Division
3535	of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3536	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3537	(c) the university may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.

3538	(4) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3539	(a) the University of Utah use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct an
3540	expansion to the bookstore under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
3541	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3542	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3543	(c) the university may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3544	(5) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3545	(a) the University of Utah use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a Health
3546	Sciences/Basic Sciences Building under the direction of the director of the Division of
3547	Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3548	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3549	(c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
3550	that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets
3551	approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.
3552	(6) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3553	(a) Weber State University use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct an
3554	expansion to the stadium under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
3555	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3556	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3557	(c) the university may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3558	(7) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3559	(a) Utah Valley State College use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a
3560	baseball stadium under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction
3561	and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3562	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3563	(c) the college may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3564	(8) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3565	(a) Southern Utah University use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a
3566	weight training room under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
3567	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3568	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and

3569	(c) the university may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3570	(9) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3571	(a) Snow College may lease land at the Snow College Richfield campus to a private
3572	developer for the construction and operation of student housing;
3573	(b) the oversight and inspection of the construction comply with Section 63A-5-206;
3574	(c) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3575	(d) the college may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3576	(10) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3577	(a) Salt Lake Community College may lease land at the Jordan campus to Jordan
3578	School District for the construction and operation of an Applied Technology Education Center;
3579	(b) the oversight and inspection of the construction comply with Section 63A-5-206;
3580	(c) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3581	(d) the college may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3582	(11) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3583	(a) the Department of Transportation exchange its maintenance station at Kimball
3584	Junction for property located near Highway 40 in Summit County; and
3585	(b) the Department of Transportation use federal funds, rent paid by the Salt Lake
3586	Organizing Committee for the use of the maintenance station, and any net proceeds resulting
3587	from the exchange of property to construct a replacement facility under the direction of the
3588	director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory
3589	authority has been delegated.
3590	(12) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3591	(a) the Department of Transportation sell surplus property in Utah County;
3592	(b) the Department of Transportation use funds from that sale to remodel existing
3593	space and add an addition to the Region 3 Complex; and
3594	(c) the project cost not exceed the funds received through sale of property.
3595	(13) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Workforce Services use
3596	proceeds from property sales to purchase additional property adjacent to its state-owned facility
3597	in Logan.
3598	(14) (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that, because only partial funding is provided
3599	for the Heat Plant/Infrastructure Project at Utah State University, the balance necessary to

complete this project be addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance of bonds.

- (b) (i) In compliance with Section 63A-5-207, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
- (ii) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
- (c) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not bind future Legislatures to fund the Heat Plant/Infrastructure Project at Utah State University.

Section 72. Section **63B-11-202** is amended to read:

63B-11-202. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.

- (1) (a) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$21,250,000.
- (b) When Utah State University certifies to the commission that the university has obtained reliable commitments, convertible to cash, of \$5,000,000 or more in nonstate funds to construct an addition to the new engineering building and demolish the existing engineering classroom building, the commission may issue and sell general obligation bonds in a total amount not to exceed \$6,100,000.
- (c) When the University of Utah certifies to the commission that the university has obtained reliable commitments, convertible to cash, of \$13,000,000 or more in nonstate funds to construct a new engineering building, the commission may issue and sell general obligation bonds in a total amount not to exceed \$15,150,000.
- (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this Subsection (2).
- (b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.
 - (c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:

3631			ESTIMATED
			OPERATING
			AND
	PROJECT	AMOUNT	MAINTENANCE
	DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	COSTS
3632	1. Utah State University Engineering Building	\$5,943,500	\$425,000
	Renovation		
3633	2. University of Utah New Engineering Building	\$15,000,000	\$489,000
3634	COSTS OF ISSUANCE	\$306,500	
3635	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPM	ENT	\$21,250,000
3636	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and	maintenance cost	s:
3637	(i) are estimates only;		
3638	(ii) may include any operations and maintenance	e costs already fur	nded in existing
3639	agency budgets; and		
3640	(iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or future Legislatures to fund those		
3641	operations and maintenance costs.		
3642	(3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not		
3643	constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project.		
3644	(b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a		
3645	project among the projects authorized.		
3646	(c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one		oard, may delete one
3647	or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that pro-	oject or those proj	ects in the list could
3648	be construed to violate state law or federal law or regula	ation.	
3649	(4) (a) The division may enter into agreements	related to these pro	ojects before the
3650	receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.		
3651	(b) The division shall make those expenditures	from unexpended	and unencumbered
3652	building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund.		
3653	(c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Pro	jects Fund upon r	eceipt of the proceeds
3654	of bonds issued under this chapter.		
3655	(d) The commission may, by resolution, make a	any statement of in	ntent relating to that

capitol hill grounds, and their contents;

3656	reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law.
3657	(5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2),
3658	it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be
3659	addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale
3660	of bonds.
3661	(b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to
3662	exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those
3663	contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
3664	(c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the
3665	convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
3666	(d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not
3667	bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.
3668	Section 73. Section 63C-7-210 is amended to read:
3669	63C-7-210. Exemption from certain acts.
3670	(1) The Utah Communications Agency Network is exempt from:
3671	(a) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act;
3672	(b) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code, except as provided in Section
3673	63A-4-205.5;
3674	(c) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
3675	(d) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; and
3676	(e) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
3677	(2) The board shall adopt budgetary procedures, accounting, procurement, and
3678	personnel policies substantially similar to those from which they have been exempted in
3679	Subsection (1).
3680	Section 74. Section 63C-9-301 is amended to read:
3681	63C-9-301. Board powers Subcommittees.
3682	(1) The board shall:
3683	(a) except as provided in Subsection (2), exercise complete jurisdiction and
3684	stewardship over capitol hill facilities, capitol hill grounds, and the capitol hill complex;
3685	(b) preserve, maintain, and restore the capitol hill complex, capitol hill facilities,

368/	(c) before October 1 of each year, review and approve the executive director's annual
3688	budget request for submittal to the governor and Legislature;
3689	(d) by October 1 of each year, prepare and submit a recommended budget request for
3690	the upcoming fiscal year for the capitol hill complex to:
3691	(i) the governor, through the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget; and
3692	(ii) the Legislature's appropriations subcommittee responsible for capitol hill facilities,
3693	through the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst;
3694	(e) review and approve the executive director's:
3695	(i) annual work plan;
3696	(ii) long-range master plan for the capitol hill complex, capitol hill facilities, and
3697	capitol hill grounds; and
3698	(iii) furnishings plan for placement and care of objects under the care of the board;
3699	(f) approve all changes to the buildings and their grounds, including:
3700	(i) restoration, remodeling, and rehabilitation projects;
3701	(ii) usual maintenance program; and
3702	(iii) any transfers or loans of objects under the board's care;
3703	(g) define and identify all significant aspects of the capitol hill complex, capitol hill
3704	facilities, and capitol hill grounds, after consultation with the:
3705	(i) Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
3706	(ii) State Library Division;
3707	(iii) Division of Archives and Records Service;
3708	(iv) Division of State History;
3709	(v) Office of Museum Services; and
3710	(vi) Arts Council;
3711	(h) inventory, define, and identify all significant contents of the buildings and all
3712	state-owned items of historical significance that were at one time in the buildings, after
3713	consultation with the:
3714	(i) Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
3715	(ii) State Library Division;
3716	(iii) Division of Archives and Records Service;
3717	(iv) Division of State History:

- 3718 (v) Office of Museum Services; and
- 3719 (vi) Arts Council;

- (i) maintain archives relating to the construction and development of the buildings, the contents of the buildings and their grounds, including documents such as plans, specifications, photographs, purchase orders, and other related documents, the original copies of which shall be maintained by the Division of Archives and Records Service;
 - (j) comply with federal and state laws related to program and facility accessibility; and
- (k) establish procedures for receiving, hearing, and deciding complaints or other issues raised about the capitol hill complex, capitol hill facilities, and capitol hill grounds, or their use.
- (2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the supervision and control of the legislative area, as defined in Section 36-5-1, is reserved to the Legislature; and
- (b) the supervision and control of the governor's area, as defined in Section 67-1-16, is reserved to the governor.
- (3) (a) The board shall make rules to govern, administer, and regulate the capitol hill complex, capitol hill facilities, and capitol hill grounds by following the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (b) A person who violates a rule adopted by the board under the authority of this Subsection (3) is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,500 for each violation, plus the amount of any actual damages, expenses, and costs related to the violation of the rule that are incurred by the state.
 - (c) The board may take any other legal action allowed by law.
- (d) If any violation of a rule adopted by the board is also an offense under Title 76, Utah Criminal Code, the violation is subject to the civil penalty, damages, expenses, and costs allowed under this Subsection (3) in addition to any criminal prosecution.
- (e) The board may not apply this section or rules adopted under the authority of this section in a manner that violates a person's rights under the Utah Constitution or the First Amendment to the United States Constitution, including the right of persons to peaceably assemble.
- (f) The board shall send proposed rules under this section to the legislative general counsel and the governor's general counsel for review and comment before the board adopts the

3749	rules.
3750	(4) The board is exempt from the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah
3751	Procurement Code, but shall adopt procurement rules substantially similar to the requirements
3752	of that chapter.
3753	(5) (a) The board may:
3754	(i) establish subcommittees made up of board members and members of the public to
3755	assist and support the executive director in accomplishing the executive director's duties;
3756	(ii) establish fees for the use of capitol hill facilities and capitol hill grounds;
3757	(iii) assign and allocate specific duties and responsibilities to any other state agency, if
3758	the other agency agrees to perform the duty or accept the responsibility;
3759	(iv) contract with another state agency to provide services;
3760	(v) delegate by specific motion of the board any authority granted to it by this section
3761	to the executive director;
3762	(vi) in conjunction with Salt Lake City, expend money to improve or maintain public
3763	property contiguous to East Capitol Boulevard and capitol hill;
3764	(vii) provide wireless Internet service to the public without a fee in any capitol hill
3765	facility; and
3766	(viii) when necessary, consult with the:
3767	(A) Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
3768	(B) State Library Division;
3769	(C) Division of Archives and Records Service;
3770	(D) Division of State History;
3771	(E) Office of Museum Services; and
3772	(F) Arts Council.
3773	(b) The board's provision of wireless Internet service under Subsection (5)(a)(vii) shall
3774	be discontinued in the legislative area if the president of the Senate and the speaker of the
3775	House of Representatives each submit a signed letter to the board indicating that the service is
3776	disruptive to the legislative process and is to be discontinued.
3777	(c) If a budget subcommittee is established by the board, the following shall serve as ex

(i) the legislative fiscal analyst, or the analyst's designee, who shall be from the Office

officio, nonvoting members of the budget subcommittee:

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3780 of Legislative Fiscal Analyst; and

- 3781 (ii) the director of the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, or the director's designee, who shall be from the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.
 - (d) If a preservation and maintenance subcommittee is established by the board, the board may, by majority vote, appoint one or each of the following to serve on the subcommittee as voting members of the subcommittee:
 - (i) an architect, who shall be selected from a list of three architects submitted by the American Institute of Architects; or
 - (ii) an engineer, who shall be selected from a list of three engineers submitted by the American Civil Engineers Council.
 - (e) If the board establishes any subcommittees, the board may, by majority vote, appoint up to two people who are not members of the board to serve, at the will of the board, as nonvoting members of a subcommittee.
 - (f) Members of each subcommittee shall, at the first meeting of each calendar year, select one individual to act as chair of the subcommittee for a one-year term.
 - (6) (a) The board, and the employees of the board, may not move the office of the governor, lieutenant governor, president of the Senate, speaker of the House of Representatives, or a member of the Legislature from the State Capitol unless the removal is approved by:
 - (i) the governor, in the case of the governor's office;
 - (ii) the lieutenant governor, in the case of the lieutenant governor's office;
 - (iii) the president of the Senate, in the case of the president's office or the office of a member of the Senate; or
 - (iv) the speaker of the House of Representatives, in the case of the speaker's office or the office of a member of the House.
 - (b) The board and the employees of the board have no control over the furniture, furnishings, and decorative objects in the offices of the governor, lieutenant governor, or the members of the Legislature except as necessary to inventory or conserve items of historical significance owned by the state.
 - (c) The board and the employees of the board have no control over records and documents produced by or in the custody of a state agency, official, or employee having an

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3811	office in a	building on	the capitol hill	complex
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- (d) Except for items identified by the board as having historical significance, and except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the board and the employees of the board have no control over moveable furnishings and equipment in the custody of a state agency, official, or employee having an office in a building on the capitol hill complex.
 - Section 75. Section 63C-9-403 is amended to read:

63C-9-403. Contracting power of executive director -- Health insurance coverage.

- 3818 (1) For purposes of this section:
- 3819 (a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section 3820 34A-2-104 who:
 - (i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
 - (ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which may not exceed the first of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.
 - (b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
 - (c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" is as defined in Section 26-40-115.
 - (d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
 - (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or construction contract entered into by the board or on behalf of the board on or after July 1, 2009, and to a prime contractor or a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
 - (b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.
 - (ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of \$750,000 or greater.
 - (3) This section does not apply if:
 - (a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
- 3836 (b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
- 3837 (c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
- 3838 (4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section [63G-6-103] 3839 <u>63G-6a-103</u>, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial 3840 threshold required by Subsection (2).
- 3841 (b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to

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circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.

- (5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the executive director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
- (b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor shall demonstrate to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
- (c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the division under Subsection (6).
- (B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
- (ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
- (B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
 - (6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
 - (a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
- 3863 (b) in coordination with:
 - (i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
 - (ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
 - (iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
 - (iv) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
 - (v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
- 3869 (vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
- 3870 (c) which establish:
- 3871 (i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the executive director compliance with this section which shall include:

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(7)(a)(i) if:

- 3873 (A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or 3874 (b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and 3875 (B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health 3876 insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the 3877 department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency from either: 3878 (I) the Utah Insurance Department; 3879 (II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or (III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium 3880 3881 rates; 3882 (ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally 3883 violates the provisions of this section, which may include: 3884 (A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into 3885 future contracts with the state upon the first violation; 3886 (B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future 3887 contracts with the state upon the second violation; 3888 (C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with 3889 Section [63G-6-804] 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and 3890 (D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to 3891 purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of 3892 the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage 3893 during the duration of the contract; and 3894 (iii) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified 3895 health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c). 3896 (7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(c), a contractor or 3897 subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the 3898 employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance 3899 coverage.
 - (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency provided by:

(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection

3904	(I) an actuary; or
3905	(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
3906	rates; or
3907	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
3908	the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
3909	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
3910	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
3911	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
3912	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
3913	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
3914	coverage as required by this section:
3915	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror
3916	or contractor under Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G,
3917	Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
3918	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
3919	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
3920	or construction.
3921	Section 76. Section 63E-2-109 is amended to read:
3922	63E-2-109. State statutes.
3923	(1) Except as specifically modified in its authorizing statute, each independent
3924	corporation shall be exempt from the statutes governing state agencies, including:
3925	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
3926	(b) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
3927	(c) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code;
3928	(d) Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
3929	(e) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;
3930	(f) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
3931	(g) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act;
3932	(h) Title 63J, Chapter 2, Revenue Procedures and Control Act; and
3933	(i) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah Personnel Management Act.
3934	(2) Except as specifically modified in its authorizing statute, each independent

3935	corporation shall be subject to:
3936	(a) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act; and
3937	(b) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
3938	(3) Each independent corporation board may adopt its own policies and procedures
3939	governing its:
3940	(a) funds management;
3941	(b) audits; and
3942	(c) personnel.
3943	Section 77. Section 63F-1-205 is amended to read:
3944	63F-1-205. Approval of acquisitions of information technology.
3945	(1) (a) Except as provided in Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 26, Government Procurement
3946	Private Proposal Program, in accordance with Subsection (2), the chief information officer
3947	shall approve the acquisition by an executive branch agency of:
3948	(i) information technology equipment;
3949	(ii) telecommunications equipment;
3950	(iii) software;
3951	(iv) services related to the items listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iii); and
3952	(v) data acquisition.
3953	(b) The chief information officer may negotiate the purchase, lease, or rental of private
3954	or public information technology or telecommunication services or facilities in accordance with
3955	this section.
3956	(c) Where practical, efficient, and economically beneficial, the chief information
3957	officer shall use existing private and public information technology or telecommunication
3958	resources.
3959	(d) Notwithstanding another provision of this section, an acquisition authorized by this
3960	section shall comply with rules made by the [State Procurement Policy Board] applicable
3961	rulemaking authority under Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
3962	(2) Before negotiating a purchase, lease, or rental under Subsection (1) for an amount
3963	that exceeds the value established by the chief information officer by rule in accordance with
3964	Section 63F-1-206, the chief information officer shall:
3965	(a) conduct an analysis of the needs of executive branch agencies and subscribers of

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services and the ability of the proposed information technology or telecommunications services or supplies to meet those needs; and

- (b) for purchases, leases, or rentals not covered by an existing statewide contract, provide in writing to the chief procurement officer in the Division of Purchasing and General Services that:
 - (i) the analysis required in Subsection (2)(a) was completed; and
- (ii) based on the analysis, the proposed purchase, lease, rental, or master contract of services, products, or supplies is practical, efficient, and economically beneficial to the state and the executive branch agency or subscriber of services.
- (3) In approving an acquisition described in Subsections (1) and (2), the chief information officer shall:
- (a) establish by administrative rule, in accordance with Section 63F-1-206, standards under which an agency must obtain approval from the chief information officer before acquiring the items listed in Subsections (1) and (2);
- (b) for those acquisitions requiring approval, determine whether the acquisition is in compliance with:
 - (i) the executive branch strategic plan;
 - (ii) the applicable agency information technology plan;
- (iii) the budget for the executive branch agency or department as adopted by the Legislature; and
 - (iv) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
- (c) in accordance with Section 63F-1-207, require coordination of acquisitions between two or more executive branch agencies if it is in the best interests of the state.
- (4) (a) Each executive branch agency shall provide the chief information officer with complete access to all information technology records, documents, and reports:
 - (i) at the request of the chief information officer; and
- 3992 (ii) related to the executive branch agency's acquisition of any item listed in Subsection 3993 (1).
 - (b) Beginning July 1, 2006 and in accordance with administrative rules established by the department under Section 63F-1-206, no new technology projects may be initiated by an executive branch agency or the department unless the technology project is described in a

3997	formal project plan and the business case analysis has been approved by the chief information
3998	officer and agency head. The project plan and business case analysis required by this
3999	Subsection (4) shall be in the form required by the chief information officer, and shall include:
4000	(i) a statement of work to be done and existing work to be modified or displaced;
4001	(ii) total cost of system development and conversion effort, including system analysis
4002	and programming costs, establishment of master files, testing, documentation, special
4003	equipment cost and all other costs, including overhead;
4004	(iii) savings or added operating costs that will result after conversion;
4005	(iv) other advantages or reasons that justify the work;
4006	(v) source of funding of the work, including ongoing costs;
4007	(vi) consistency with budget submissions and planning components of budgets; and
4008	(vii) whether the work is within the scope of projects or initiatives envisioned when the
4009	current fiscal year budget was approved.
4010	(5) (a) The chief information officer and the Division of Purchasing and General
4011	Services shall work cooperatively to establish procedures under which the chief information
4012	officer shall monitor and approve acquisitions as provided in this section.
4013	(b) The procedures established under this section shall include at least the written
4014	certification required by Subsection [63G-6-204(8)] <u>63G-6a-303(5)</u> .
4015	Section 78. Section 63G-6a-101, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-101 is
4016	renumbered and amended to read:
4017	CHAPTER 6a. UTAH PROCUREMENT CODE
4018	Part 1. General Procurement Provisions
4019	[63G-6-101]. <u>63G-6a-101.</u> Title.
4020	(1) This chapter is known as the "Utah Procurement Code."
4021	(2) This part is known as "General Procurement Provisions."
4022	Section 79. Section 63G-6a-102, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-102 is
4023	renumbered and amended to read:
4024	[63G-6-102]. <u>63G-6a-102.</u> Purpose of chapter.
4025	The underlying purposes and policies of this chapter are:
4026	(1) to simplify, clarify, and modernize the law governing procurement by this state;
4027	(2) to ensure the fair and equitable treatment of all persons who deal with the

4028	procurement system of this state;
4029	(3) to provide increased economy in state procurement activities; and
4030	(4) to foster effective broad-based competition within the free enterprise system.
4031	Section 80. Section 63G-6a-103, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-103 is
4032	renumbered and amended to read:
4033	[63G-6-103]. <u>63G-6a-103.</u> Definitions.
4034	As used in this chapter:
4035	(1) "Appeals board" means:
4036	(a) the Procurement Appeals Board created under Subsection 63G-6a-1702(1); or
4037	(b) a board created under Subsection 63G-6a-1702(5).
4038	(2) "Applicable rulemaking authority" means:
4039	(a) as it relates to the state legislative branch, the Legislative Management Committee,
4040	except to the extent that the Legislature passes a rule that supercedes or conflicts with a rule
4041	made by the Legislative Management Committee;
4042	(b) as it relates to the state judicial branch, the Judicial Council;
4043	(c) as it relates to a local public procurement unit, other than a local public
4044	procurement unit described in Subsections (2)(d) through (g), the board; or
4045	(d) as it relates to a municipality or county that adopts this chapter, the legislative body
4046	of the municipality or county, not as a delegation of authority from the Legislature, but under
4047	the municipality's or county's own legislative authority;
4048	(e) as it relates to a school district or a public school, the Procurement Policy Board,
4049	except to the extent that a school district makes its own non-administrative rules, with respect
4050	to a particular subject, that do not conflict with the provisions of this chapter;
4051	(f) as it relates to a state institution of higher education, the State Board of Regents;
4052	(g) as it relates to a public transit district organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8,
4053	Public Transit District Act, the governing board of the public transit district;
4054	(h) as it relates to the following entities, but only to the extent that the rules relate to
4055	procurement authority expressly granted to the entity by statute:
4056	(i) the State Building Board, created in Section 63A-5-101;
4057	(ii) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management created in Section
4058	<u>63A-5-201;</u>

4059	(iii) the attorney general's office; or
4060	(iv) the Department of Transportation, created in Section 72-1-201;
4061	(i) as it relates to the state executive branch and all public procurement units other than
4062	those described in Subsections (2)(a) through (g), the board; or
4063	(j) as it relates to an entity described in Subsection (2)(h), except to the extent that the
4064	rules relate to procurement authority expressly granted to the entity by statute, the board.
4065	[(1)] (3) "Architect-engineer services" [are those] means:
4066	(a) professional services within the scope of the practice of architecture as defined in
4067	Section 58-3a-102[- - - - - - - - - - - - -
4068	(b) professional engineering as defined in Section 58-22-102.
4069	[(2) "Business" means any corporation, partnership, individual, sole proprietorship,
4070	joint stock company, joint venture, or any other private legal entity.]
4071	(4) "Bidder" means a person who responds to an invitation for bids.
4072	(5) "Board" means the Utah State Procurement Policy Board, created in Section
4073	<u>63G-6a-202.</u>
4074	(6) "Building Board" means the State Building Board created in Section 63A-5-101.
4075	[(3)] <u>(7)</u> "Change order" means:
4076	(a) a written order signed by the procurement officer[, directing] that directs the
4077	contractor to suspend work or make changes, [which the appropriate clauses of the contract
4078	authorize the procurement officer to order] as authorized by contract, without the consent of the
4079	contractor; or [any]
4080	(b) a written alteration in specifications, delivery point, rate of delivery, period of
4081	performance, price, quantity, or other provisions of [any contract accomplished by mutual
4082	action] a contract, upon mutual agreement of the parties to the contract.
4083	(8) "Chief procurement officer" means the chief procurement officer appointed under
4084	Subsection 63G-6a-302(1).
4085	[(4)] (9) (a) "Construction" means the process of building, [renovation, alteration,
4086	improvement, or repair of any] renovating, altering, improving, or repairing a public building
4087	or public work.
4088	(b) "Construction" does not [mean] include the routine operation, routine repair, or
4089	routine maintenance of <u>an</u> existing [structures, buildings] structure, building, or real property.

4090	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(10)}\right]$ (a) "Construction manager/general contractor" means $\left[\frac{any}{a}\right]$ a contractor who
4091	enters into a contract for the management of a construction project when [that] the contract
1092	allows the contractor to subcontract for additional labor and materials that [were] are not
4093	included in the contractor's cost proposal submitted at the time of the procurement of the
4094	[Construction Manager/General] contractor's services.
4095	(b) "Construction manager/general contractor" does not [mean] include a contractor
4096	whose only subcontract work not included in the contractor's cost proposal submitted as part of
4097	the procurement of [construction] the contractor's services is to meet subcontracted portions of
4098	change orders approved within the scope of the project.
1099	[(6)] (11) "Contract" means [any state] an agreement for the procurement or disposal of
4100	[supplies, services, or construction] a procurement item.
4101	(12) "Contractor" means a person who is awarded a contract with a public procurement
4102	<u>unit.</u>
4103	[(7)] (13) "Cooperative purchasing" means procurement conducted by, or on behalf of,
4104	more than one public procurement unit, or by a public procurement unit [with] and an external
4105	procurement unit.
4106	[(8)] (14) "Cost-reimbursement contract" means a contract under which a contractor is
4107	reimbursed for costs which are allowed and allocated in accordance with the contract terms and
4108	the provisions of this chapter, and a fee, if any.
4109	(15) "Days" means calendar days, unless expressly provided otherwise.
4110	[(9)(a)] (16) "Design-build" means the procurement of architect-engineer services and
4111	construction by the use of a single contract with the design-build provider.
4112	[(b) This method of design and construction can include the design-build provider
4113	supplying the site as part of the contract.]
4114	(17) "Director" means the director of the division.
4115	(18) "Division" means the Division of Purchasing and General Services.
4116	[(10)] (19) "Established catalogue price" means the price included in a catalogue, price
4117	list, schedule, or other form that:
4118	(a) is regularly maintained by a manufacturer or contractor;
4119	(b) is either published or otherwise available for inspection by customers; and
1120	(c) states prices at which sales are currently or were last made to a significant number

4121	of any category of buyers or buyers constituting the general buying public for the supplies or
4122	services involved.
4123	[(11) "External procurement unit" means any buying organization not located in this
4124	state which, if located in this state, would qualify as a public procurement unit. An agency of
4125	the United States is an external procurement unit.]
4126	[(12)] (20) (a) "Grant" means [the] furnishing, by [the state] a public entity or by any
4127	other public or private source [assistance, whether financial or otherwise, to any], financial or
4128	other assistance to a person to support a program authorized by law. [It]
4129	(b) "Grant" does not include:
4130	(i) an award whose primary purpose is to procure an end product[, whether in the form
4131	of supplies, services, or construction. A contract resulting from the award is not a grant but a
4132	procurement contract.] or procurement item; or
4133	(ii) a contract that is awarded as a result of a procurement or a procurement process.
4134	[(13) "Invitation for bids" means all documents, whether attached or incorporated by
4135	reference, utilized for soliciting bids.]
4136	[(14) "Local public procurement unit" means any political subdivision or institution of
4137	higher education of the state or public agency of any subdivision, public authority, educational,
4138	health, or other institution, and to the extent provided by law, any other entity which expends
4139	public funds for the procurement of supplies, services, and construction, but not counties,
4140	municipalities, political subdivisions created by counties or municipalities under the Interlocal
4141	Cooperation Act, the Utah Housing Corporation, or the Legislature and its staff offices. It
4142	includes two or more local public procurement units acting under legislation which authorizes
4143	intergovernmental cooperation.]
4144	[(15) "Person" means any business, individual, union, committee, club, other
4145	organization, or group of individuals, not including a state agency or a local public
4146	procurement unit.]
4147	[(16) "Policy board" means the procurement policy board created by Section
4148	63G-6-201.]
4149	(21) "Head of a public procurement unit" means:
4150	(a) as it relates to the state legislative branch, any person designated by legislative rule;
4151	(b) as it relates to the state executive branch:

4152	(i) the director of a division; or
4153	(ii) any other person designated by the board, by rule;
4154	(c) as it relates to the state judicial branch:
4155	(i) the Judicial Council; or
4156	(ii) any other person designated by the Judicial Council, by rule;
4157	(d) as it relates to a local public procurement unit, other than a local public
4158	procurement unit described in Subsections (21)(e) through (h):
4159	(i) the appointed or elected head of the local public procurement unit; or
4160	(ii) any other person designated by the board, by rule;
4161	(e) as it relates to a local public procurement unit that is a municipality or a county:
4162	(i) the legislative body of the municipality or county; or
4163	(ii) any other person designated by the municipality or county;
4164	(f) as it relates to a school district or any school or entity within a school district, the
4165	board of the school district, or the board's designee;
4166	(g) as it relates to a charter school, the individual or body with executive authority over
4167	the charter school, or the individual's or body's designee; or
4168	(h) as it relates to an institution of higher education of the state, the president of the
4169	institution of higher education, or the president's designee.
4170	(22) "Head of an authorized purchasing entity" means:
4171	(a) as it relates to the division, the chief procurement officer;
4172	(b) to the extent that the entities have express statutory authority to engage in a
4173	procurement without the involvement of the division:
4174	(i) as it relates to the State Building Board, created in Section 63A-5-101, the State
4175	Building Board:
4176	(ii) as it relates to the Division of Facilities Construction and Management created in
4177	Section 63A-5-201, the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
4178	(iii) as it relates to the attorney general's office, the attorney general;
4179	(iv) as it relates to the Department of Transportation, created in Section 72-1-201, the
4180	executive director of the Department of Transportation; or
4181	(v) as it relates to a district court, a person designated by the Judicial Council, by rule;
4182	(c) as it relates to an institution of higher education of the state, the president of the

4183	institution of higher education of the state;
4184	(d) as it relates to a school district, the board of the school district;
4185	(e) as it relates to a public school, including a local school board, the board of the
4186	school district;
4187	(f) as it relates to a charter school, a person designated by the charter school; or
4188	(g) as it relates to a non-executive state procurement unit, a person designated by the
4189	applicable rulemaking authority.
4190	(23) "Invitation for bids" includes all documents, including documents that are attached
4191	or incorporated by reference, used for soliciting bids to provide a procurement item to a public
4192	procurement unit.
4193	(24) "Multiple award contracts" means the award of a contract for an indefinite
4194	quantity of a procurement item to more than one bidder or offeror.
4195	(25) "Multiyear contract" means a contract that extends beyond a one-year period,
4196	including a contract that permits renewal of the contract, without competition, beyond the first
4197	year of the contract.
4198	(26) "Municipality" means a city or a town.
4199	(27) "Offeror" means a person who responds to a request for proposals.
4200	[(17)] (28) "Preferred bidder" means a bidder that is entitled to receive a reciprocal
4201	preference under the requirements of this chapter.
4202	[(18)] (29) (a) "Procure" or "procurement" means buying, purchasing, renting, leasing,
4203	leasing with an option to purchase, or otherwise acquiring [any supplies, services, or
4204	construction. It also] a procurement item.
4205	(b) "Procure" or "procurement" includes all functions that pertain to the obtaining of
4206	[any supply, service, or construction] a procurement item, including:
4207	(i) the description of requirements[;];
4208	(ii) the selection[, and] process;
4209	(iii) solicitation of sources[7];
4210	(iv) the preparation[, and] for soliciting a procurement item;
4211	(v) the award of a contract[7]; and
4212	(vi) all phases of contract administration.
4213	[(19) "Procurement officer" means any person or board duly authorized to enter into

4214	and administer contracts and make written determinations with respect thereto. It also includes
4215	an authorized representative acting within the limits of authority.]
4216	[(20) "Public procurement unit" means either a local public procurement unit or a state
4217	public procurement unit.]
4218	[(21) "Purchase description" means the words used in a solicitation to describe the
4219	supplies, services, or construction to be purchased, and includes specifications attached to or
4220	made a part of the solicitation.]
4221	[(22) "Purchasing agency" means any state agency other than the Division of
4222	Purchasing and General Services that is authorized by this chapter or its implementing
4223	regulations, or by delegation from the chief procurement officer, to enter into contracts.]
4224	[(23) "Request for proposals" means all documents, whether attached or incorporated
4225	by reference, used for soliciting proposals.]
4226	[(24) "Responsible bidder or offeror" means a person who has the capability in all
4227	respects to perform fully the contract requirements and who has the integrity and reliability
4228	which will assure good faith performance.]
4229	[(25) "Responsive bidder" means a person who has submitted a bid which conforms in
4230	all material respects to the invitation for bids.]
4231	(30) "Procurement item" means a supply, a service, construction, or technology.
4232	(31) "Procurement officer" means:
4233	(a) as it relates to the state legislative branch, the head of a public procurement unit in
4234	the legislative branch;
4235	(b) as it relates to the state judicial branch, the head of a public procurement unit in the
4236	state judicial branch;
4237	(c) as it relates to the state executive branch, the chief procurement officer;
4238	(d) as it relates to a local public procurement unit other than a local public procurement
4239	unit described in Subsection (31)(e) or (f), the chief procurement officer;
4240	(e) as it relates to a municipality or county that adopts this chapter, the legislative body
4241	of the municipality or county; or
4242	(f) as it relates to a state purchasing unit, the head of the state purchasing unit, or a
4243	designee of the head of the state purchasing unit.
4244	(32) "Professional service" means a service that requires a high degree of specialized

4245	knowledge and discretion in the performance of the service, including:
4246	(a) legal services;
4247	(b) consultation services;
4248	(c) architectural services;
4249	(d) engineering;
4250	(e) design;
4251	(f) underwriting;
4252	(g) bond counsel;
4253	(h) financial advice; or
4254	(i) construction management.
4255	(33) "Request for information" means a nonbinding process where a public
4256	procurement unit requests information relating to a procurement item.
4257	(34) "Request for proposals" includes all documents, including documents that are
4258	attached or incorporated by reference, used for soliciting proposals to provide a procurement
4259	item to a public procurement unit.
4260	(35) "Responsible" means that a bidder or offeror:
4261	(i) is capable, in all respects, to fully perform the contract requirements solicited in an
4262	invitation for bids or a request for proposals; and
4263	(ii) has the integrity and reliability to ensure good faith performance.
4264	(36) "Responsive" means that a bidder or offeror submits a response to an invitation for
4265	bids or a request for proposals that conforms in all material respects to the invitation for bids or
4266	request for proposals.
4267	[(26)] (37) "Sealed" [does not preclude acceptance of] means manually or
4268	electronically sealed and submitted bids or proposals [in addition to bids or proposals manually
4269	sealed and submitted].
4270	[(27)] (38) (a) "Services" means the furnishing of labor, time, or effort by a contractor,
4271	not involving the delivery of a specific end product other than [reports which are merely] \underline{a}
4272	report that is incidental to the required performance. [Ht]
4273	(b) "Services" does not include an employment [agreements] agreement or a collective
4274	bargaining [agreements] agreement.
4275	[(28)] (39) "Specification" means any description of the physical or functional

42/6	characteristics, or [of the] nature of a [supply, service, technology, or construction item. It may
4277	include] procurement item included in an invitation for bids or a request for proposals, or
4278	otherwise specified or agreed to by a public procurement unit, including a description of [any]:
4279	(a) a requirement for inspecting[, testing,] or testing a procurement item; or
4280	(b) preparing a [supply, service, technology, or construction] procurement item for
4281	delivery.
4282	[(29) "State agency" or "the state" means any department, division, commission,
4283	council, board, bureau, committee, institution, government corporation, or other establishment,
4284	official, or employee of this state.]
4285	[(30) "State public procurement unit" means the Division of Purchasing and General
4286	Services and any other purchasing agency of this state.]
4287	(40) "Standard procurement process" means one of the following methods of obtaining
4288	a procurement item:
4289	(a) bidding, as described in Part 6, Bidding;
4290	(b) request for proposals, as described in Part 7, Request for Proposals; or
4291	(c) small purchases, in accordance with the requirements established under Section
4292	<u>63G-6a-408.</u>
4293	(41) (a) "Subcontractor" means a person under contract with a contractor or another
4294	subcontractor to provide services or labor for design or construction.
4295	(b) "Subcontractor" includes a trade contractor or specialty contractor.
4296	(c) "Subcontractor" does not include a supplier who provides only materials,
4297	equipment, or supplies to a contractor or subcontractor.
4298	[(31)] (42) "Supplies" means all property, including equipment, materials, and printing.
4299	[(32) "Using agency" means any state agency which utilizes any supplies, services, or
4300	construction procured under this chapter.]
4301	(43) "Tie bid" means that the lowest responsive and responsible bids are identical in
4302	price.
4303	Section 81. Section 63G-6a-104 is enacted to read:
4304	63G-6a-104. Definitions of government entities.
4305	As used in this chapter:
4306	(1) "Authorized purchasing entity" means:

4307	(a) a non-executive state procurement unit; or
4308	(b) a state purchasing unit.
4309	(2) "External procurement unit" means:
4310	(a) a buying organization not located in this state which, if located in this state, would
4311	qualify as a public procurement unit; or
4312	(b) an agency of the United States.
4313	(3) "Local government unit" means:
4314	(a) a county;
4315	(b) a municipality:
4316	(c) a political subdivision created by counties or municipalities under Title 11, Chapter
4317	13, Interlocal Cooperation Act; or
4318	(d) the Utah Housing Corporation.
4319	(4) "Local public procurement unit" means:
4320	(a) a local district, as defined in Section 17B-1-102;
4321	(b) a special service district, as defined in Section 17D-1-102;
4322	(c) a local building authority, as defined in Section 17D-2-102;
4323	(d) a conservation district, as described in Title 17D, Chapter 3, Conservation District
4324	Act;
4325	(e) a public corporation, other than the Utah Housing Corporation;
4326	(f) a community development and renewal agency;
4327	(g) a school district;
4328	(h) a public school, including a local school board or a charter school;
4329	(i) Utah Schools for the Deaf and Blind;
4330	(j) the Utah Education Network;
4331	(k) an institution of higher education of the state;
4332	(l) a county or municipality, and each office or agency of the county or municipality,
4333	unless the county or municipality adopts its own procurement code by ordinance;
4334	(m) a county or municipality, and each office or agency of the county or municipality,
4335	that has adopted this entire chapter by ordinance;
4336	(n) a county or municipality, and each office or agency of the county or municipality,
4337	that has adopted a portion of this chapter by ordinance, to the extent that the term is used in the

4338	adopted portion of this chapter; or
4339	(o) two or more of the entities described in this Subsection (4), acting under legislation
4340	that authorizes intergovernmental cooperation.
4341	(5) "Non-executive state procurement unit" means:
4342	(a) the state legislative branch;
4343	(b) a public procurement unit in the state legislative branch;
4344	(c) the state judicial branch;
4345	(d) a public procurement unit in the state judicial branch; or
4346	(e) a public transit district, organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public
4347	Transit District Act.
4348	(6) "Public entity" means any state or local government entity, located in Utah,
4349	including:
4350	(a) the state legislative branch, including the Legislature and each house, staff office,
4351	committee, subcommittee, or other part of the state legislative branch;
4352	(b) the state executive branch, including the governor's office and each department,
4353	division, agency, office, and bureau in the state executive branch;
4354	(c) the state judicial branch, including the Utah Supreme Court, the Utah Court of
4355	Appeals, the Judicial Council, and each court, office, and other part of the state judicial branch;
4356	(d) a municipality or county, regardless of whether the municipality or county has
4357	adopted this chapter or any part of this chapter;
4358	(e) a public procurement unit; and
4359	(f) any other entity that expends public funds.
4360	(7) "Public procurement unit" means:
4361	(a) the Senate;
4362	(b) the House of Representatives;
4363	(c) a staff office of the state legislative branch;
4364	(d) a state executive branch department, division, office, bureau, or agency;
4365	(e) the Utah State Supreme Court;
4366	(f) the Judicial Council;
4367	(g) a state judicial district; or
4368	(h) a local public procurement unit.

4369	(8) "State purchasing unit" means:
4370	(a) the division;
4371	(b) the following entities, to the extent that the entities have express statutory authority
4372	to engage in a procurement without the involvement of the division:
4373	(i) the State Building Board, created in Section 63A-5-101;
4374	(ii) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, created in Section
4375	63A-5-201;
4376	(iii) the attorney general's office;
4377	(iv) the Department of Transportation, created in Section 72-1-201; or
4378	(v) a district court;
4379	(c) an institution of higher education of the state;
4380	(d) a school district; or
4381	(e) a public school, including a local school board or a charter school.
4382	Section 82. Section 63G-6a-105, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-104 is
4383	renumbered and amended to read:
4384	[63G-6-104]. <u>63G-6a-105.</u> Application of chapter.
4385	[(1) This chapter applies only to contracts solicited or entered into after the effective
4386	date of this chapter unless the parties agree to its application to a contract solicited or entered
4387	into prior to the effective date.]
4388	(1) The provisions of this chapter that are enacted on July 1, 2012, apply only to a
4389	procurement advertised, or begun on or after July 1, 2012, unless the parties agree to have the
4390	provisions apply with respect to a procurement that was advertised or begun before July 1,
4391	2012, but is not completed before July 1, 2012.
4392	(2) Except as provided in Section [63G-6-105] 63G-6a-109, this chapter shall apply to
4393	every expenditure of public funds irrespective of [their source] the source of the funds,
4394	including federal assistance, by any [state agency] public procurement unit, under any contract
4395	[(3) (a) Only the following sections shall apply to local public procurement units:
4396	Sections 63G-6-103, 63G-6-105, 63G-6-301, 63G-6-303 through 63G-6-420, 63G-6-422,
4397	63G-6-501 through 63G-6-602, 63G-6-801 through 63G-6-806, and 63G-6-815 through
4398	63G-6-819; provided, however, that, except as provided in Sections 63G-6-906 and
4399	63G-6-907, the jurisdiction of the procurement appeals board is limited to matters involving

4430

4400	state agencies.]
4401	[(b) Subsections 63G-6-208(1)(b), 63G-6-504(4), and 63G-6-505(2) also apply to local
4402	public procurement units.]
4403	[(c) For the purpose of application of those sections and subsections to a local public
4404	procurement unit, "state" shall mean "local public procurement unit," "chief procurement
4405	officer" or "head of a purchasing agency" shall mean any person conducting procurement for a
4406	local public procurement unit, and "rules and regulations" shall mean ordinances and rules and
4407	regulations promulgated by a local public procurement unit to implement or supplement those
4408	sections.]
4409	[(d) In addition to the sections and subsections listed above and except]
4410	(3) Except as provided in Subsection 17B-1-108(3) relating to local districts, each local
4411	public procurement unit shall adopt ordinances relating to the procurement of
4412	architect-engineer services not inconsistent with the provisions of Part [7] 15,
4413	Architect-Engineer Services.
4414	[(e)] (4) Any [other] section of this chapter, or its implementing regulations, may be
4415	adopted by any local [public procurement] government unit.
4416	[(f) Any other implementing regulations adopted by local public procurement units
4417	may not be inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.]
4418	(5) Rules adopted under this chapter shall be consistent with the provisions of this
4419	chapter.
4420	(6) A state purchasing unit or a public procurement unit may not adopt rules, policies,
4421	or regulations that are inconsistent with this chapter.
4422	[4) Unless otherwise provided by statute, this chapter does not apply to
4423	procurement of real property.
4424	Section 83. Section 63G-6a-106, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-207 is
4425	renumbered and amended to read:
4426	[63G-6-207]. 63G-6a-106. Specific statutory authority Limitations on
4427	authority of chief procurement officer and division.
4428	(1) The [authority to procure certain supplies, services, and construction given the
4429	public procurement units governed by] procurement authority given to a public entity under the

following provisions shall be retained, and shall be applied only to the extent described in those

4431	<u>provisions</u> :
4432	(a) Title 53B, State System of Higher Education;
4433	(b) Title 63A, Chapter 5, State Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction
4434	and Management;
4435	(c) Title 67, Chapter 5, Attorney General;
4436	(d) Title 72, Transportation <u>Code</u> ; and
4437	(e) Title 78A, Chapter 5, District Courts.
4438	(2) [This authority extends only to supplies, services, and construction to the extent
4439	provided in the cited chapters.] Except as otherwise provided in Sections [63G-6-104 and
4440	63G-6-105, the respective purchasing agencies shall procure supplies, services, and
4441	construction] 63G-6a-105 and 63G-6a-109, a public procurement unit shall conduct a
4442	procurement in accordance with this chapter.
4443	(3) (a) The Department of Transportation may make rules governing the procurement
4444	of highway construction or improvement.
4445	(b) This Subsection (3) supersedes Subsections (1) and (2).
4446	[(4) The Legislature may procure supplies and services for its own needs.]
4447	(4) Except to the extent otherwise agreed to in a memorandum of understanding
4448	between the division and the following entities, the authority of the chief procurement officer
4449	and of the division does not extend to:
4450	(a) a non-executive state procurement unit;
4451	(b) a local government unit; or
4452	(c) a state purchasing unit, other than the division.
4453	(5) An entity described in Subsection (4) or a state purchasing unit, other than the
4454	division, may, without supervision, interference, or involvement by the chief procurement
4455	officer or the division, but consistent with the requirements of this chapter:
4456	(a) engage in a procurement process;
4457	(b) procure an item under an exception, as provided in this chapter, to the requirement
4458	to use a procurement process; or
4459	(c) otherwise engage in an act authorized or required by this chapter.
4460	(6) The attorney general may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, but
4461	without involvement by the division or the chief procurement officer:

4462	(a) retain outside counsel; or
4463	(b) procure litigation support services, including retaining an expert witness.
4464	(7) A public procurement unit, or a state purchasing unit, that is not represented by the
4465	attorney general's office may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, but without
4466	involvement by the division or the chief procurement officer:
4467	(a) retain outside counsel; or
4468	(b) procure litigation support services, including retaining an expert witness.
4469	(8) The state auditor's office may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, but
4470	without involvement by the division or the chief procurement officer, procure audit services.
4471	Section 84. Section 63G-6a-109, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-105 is
4472	renumbered and amended to read:
4473	[63G-6-105]. 63G-6a-109. Exemptions from chapter Compliance with
4474	federal law.
4475	(1) [This chapter is] Except for Part 23, Unlawful Conduct and Penalties, the
4476	provisions of this chapter are not applicable to:
4477	(a) funds administered under the Percent-for-Art Program of the Utah Percent-for-Art
4478	Act[-];
4479	[(2) This chapter is not applicable to]
4480	(b) grants awarded by the state or contracts between the state and \underline{a} local public
4481	procurement [units] unit, except as provided in Part [9] 21, Intergovernmental Relations[:]; or
4482	(c) any action taken by a majority of both houses of the Legislature.
4483	$[\frac{3}{2}]$ This chapter $[\frac{3}{2}]$ This chapter $[\frac{3}{2}]$ does not prevent the state or a local public procurement
4484	unit from complying with the terms and conditions of any grant, gift, or bequest that is
4485	otherwise consistent with law.
4486	[(4)] (3) [When] Notwithstanding any conflicting provision of this chapter, when a
4487	procurement involves the expenditure of federal assistance [or], federal contract funds, or
4488	federal financial participation funds, the [chief procurement officer or head of a purchasing
4489	agency] public procurement unit or state purchasing unit shall comply with mandatory
4490	applicable federal law and regulations not reflected in this chapter.
4491	[(5)] (4) This chapter [may] does not supersede the requirements for retention or
4492	withholding of construction proceeds and release of construction proceeds as provided in

4493	Section 13-8-5.
4494	Section 85. Section 63G-6a-110 is enacted to read:
4495	63G-6a-110. Procurements under direction and control of division Exception.
4496	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a public procurement unit may not engage in
4497	a procurement unless:
4498	(a) the procurement is made under the direction and control of the division; or
4499	(b) the division, pursuant to rules made by the board, permits the public procurement
4500	unit to make the procurement on its own.
4501	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a public procurement unit that is:
4502	(a) a non-executive state procurement unit;
4503	(b) a local government unit; or
4504	(c) a state purchasing unit, other than the division.
4505	Section 86. Section 63G-6a-201 is enacted to read:
4506	Part 2. Procurement Policy Board
4507	<u>63G-6a-201.</u> Title.
4508	This part is known as "Procurement Policy Board."
4509	Section 87. Section 63G-6a-202, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-201 is
4510	renumbered and amended to read:
4511	[63G-6-201]. 63G-6a-202. Creation of procurement policy board.
4512	(1) [(a)] There is created [a state procurement policy board] the Utah State
4513	Procurement Policy Board.
4514	[(b)] (2) The [policy board shall consist of] board consists of up to 10 members as
4515	follows:
4516	[(i)] (a) an employee of a state institution of higher education, appointed by the board
4517	of regents;
4518	[(ii)] (b) an employee of the Department of Human Services, appointed by the
4519	executive director of that department;
4520	[(iii)] (c) an employee of the Department of Transportation, appointed by the executive
4521	director of that department;
4522	[(iv)] (d) an employee of a school district appointed by a cooperative purchasing entity
4523	for school districts:

4524	[(v)] (e) an employee of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
4525	appointed by the director of that division;
4526	[(vi)] (f) an employee of a county, appointed by the Utah Association of Counties;
4527	[(vii)] (g) an employee of a city, appointed by the Utah League of Cities and Towns;
4528	[(viii)] (h) an employee of a local district or special service district, appointed by the
4529	Utah Association of Special Districts;
4530	[(ix)] (i) the executive director of the Department of Technology Services or the
4531	executive director's designee; and
4532	[(x)] (j) the chief procurement officer or the chief procurement officer's designee.
4533	[(c)] (3) Members of the [policy] board shall be knowledgeable and experienced in,
4534	and have supervisory responsibility for, procurement in their official positions.
4535	$[\frac{(2)}{4}]$ A board member $[\frac{1}{2}]$ may serve as long as the member meets the
4536	description in Subsection [(1)(b)] (2) unless removed by the person or entity [who appointed]
4537	with the authority to appoint the board member.
4538	$\left[\frac{3}{2}\right]$ (a) The [policy] board shall:
4539	(i) adopt rules of procedure for conducting its business; and
4540	(ii) elect a chair to serve for one year.
4541	(b) The chair of the board shall be selected by a majority of the members of the board
4542	and may be elected to succeeding terms.
4543	(c) The chief procurement officer shall designate an employee of the [Division of
4544	Purchasing and General Services] division to serve as the nonvoting secretary to the policy
4545	board.
4546	[(4)] (6) A member of the board may not receive compensation or benefits for the
4547	member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
4548	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
4549	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
4550	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
4551	63A-3-107.
4552	Section 88. Section 63G-6a-203, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-202 is
4553	renumbered and amended to read:
4554	[63G-6-202]. 63G-6a-203. Powers and duties of board.

4555	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section 63G-6-104 and Subsection
4556	63G-6-208(1)(b), the policy board shall:
4557	[(a) make rules, consistent with this chapter, governing the procurement, management,
4558	and control of any and all supplies, services, technology, and construction to be procured by the
4559	state; and]
4560	[(b)] (1) In addition to making rules in accordance with Section 63G-6a-402 and the
4561	other provisions of this chapter, the board shall consider and decide matters of policy within
4562	the provisions of this chapter, including those referred to it by the chief procurement officer.
4563	(2) (a) The [policy] board may:
4564	(i) audit and monitor the implementation of its rules and the requirements of this
4565	chapter;
4566	(ii) upon the request of a local public procurement unit, review that <u>local public</u>
4567	procurement unit's proposed rules to ensure that they are not inconsistent with the provisions of
4568	this chapter or rules made by the board; and
4569	(iii) approve the use of innovative procurement [methods] processes proposed by local
4570	public procurement units.
4571	(b) The [policy] board may not exercise authority over the award or administration of:
4572	(i) any particular [contact] contract; or
4573	(ii) [over] any dispute, claim, or litigation pertaining to any particular contract.
4574	(3) The board does not have authority over a matter involving:
4575	(a) a non-executive state procurement unit; or
4576	(b) a local government unit.
4577	Section 89. Section 63G-6a-204, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-208 is
4578	renumbered and amended to read:
4579	[63G-6-208]. 63G-6a-204. Applicability of rules and regulations of Utah
4580	State Procurement Policy Board and State Building Board Report to interim
4581	committee.
4582	[(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the policy board shall make rules
4583	governing state procurement by complying with the procedures and requirements of Title 63G,
4584	Chapter 3, the Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.]
4585	[(b) Except for rules made under Subsection (1)(c), the procurement rules adopted by

4586	the policy board under this section apply to all local public procurement units unless the local
4587	public procurement unit's legislative body has adopted separate rules governing procurement.]
4588	[(c) The rules shall include provisions consistent with federal contract prohibition
4589	provisions of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. No. 110-174) that
4590	prohibit a state agency from contracting with a person doing business in Sudan.]
4591	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), rules made by the board under this chapter
4592	shall govern all public procurement units for which the board is the applicable rulemaking
4593	authority.
4594	(2) The [State Building Board] building board rules governing procurement of
4595	construction, architect-engineer services, and leases apply to the procurement of construction,
4596	architect-engineer services, and leases of real property by the Division of Facilities
4597	Construction and Management.
4598	(3) The Legislature may enact its own rules, consistent with this chapter, governing
4599	procurement by the legislative branch.
4600	(4) The Judicial Council may enact its own rules, consistent with this chapter,
4601	governing procurement by the judicial branch.
4602	[(3)] (5) The board shall make a report [by] on or before July 1 of each year to [an
4603	appropriate] a legislative interim committee, designated by the Legislative Management
4604	Committee created under Section 36-12-6, on the establishment, implementation, and
4605	enforcement of the rules made under [Subsection (1)(c)] Section 63G-6a-203.
4606	Section 90. Section 63G-6a-205, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-209 is
4607	renumbered and amended to read:
4608	[63G-6-209]. <u>63G-6a-205.</u> Procurement advisory councils.
4609	[(1) The policy board may establish a Procurement Advisory Council, which shall meet
4610	at least once a year for the discussion of problems and recommendations for improvement of
4611	the procurement process. When requested by the policy board, the Procurement Advisory
4612	Council may conduct studies, research, analyses, and make reports and recommendations with
4613	respect to subjects or matters within the jurisdiction of the policy board. The Procurement
4614	Advisory Council shall consist of representatives of state and local government and any other
4615	persons the policy board considers desirable.]
4616	[(2)] The chief procurement officer may appoint advisory [groups] councils to provide

4617	advice regarding any matters within the authority of the chief procurement officer.
4618	[(3) Members of the Procurement Advisory Council and other advisory groups may be
4619	reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, as provided by the policy
4620	board.]
4621	Section 91. Section 63G-6a-301 is enacted to read:
4622	Part 3. Chief Procurement Officer
4623	<u>63G-6a-301.</u> Title.
4624	This part is known as "Chief Procurement Officer."
4625	Section 92. Section 63G-6a-302, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-203 is
4626	renumbered and amended to read:
4627	[63G-6-203]. 63G-6a-302. Chief procurement officer Appointment
4628	Qualifications Authority.
4629	(1) The executive director of the Department of Administrative Services, with the
4630	consent of the governor, shall appoint the chief procurement officer after considering
4631	recommendations from the [policy] board.
4632	(2) The chief procurement officer shall:
4633	(a) have a minimum of eight years' experience in the large-scale procurement of
4634	supplies and services or services and construction, at least five years of which shall have been
4635	in public or comparable private procurement within 12 years preceding the date of
4636	appointment; and
4637	(b) be a person with demonstrated executive and organizational ability.
4638	(3) The chief procurement officer appointed under Subsection (1) is also the director of
4639	the Division of Purchasing and General Services.
4640	(4) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this chapter, the chief procurement
4641	officer has authority over procurements by a public procurement unit, other than:
4642	(a) a non-executive procurement unit;
4643	(b) a local government unit; or
4644	(c) a state purchasing unit, other than the division.
4645	Section 93. Section 63G-6a-303, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-204 is
4646	renumbered and amended to read:
4647	[63G-6-204]. 63G-6a-303. Duties of chief procurement officer.

4648	Except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter, the chief procurement officer
4649	serves as the central procurement officer of the state and shall:
4650	(1) adopt office policies governing the internal functions of the [Division of Purchasing
4651	and General Services] division;
4652	(2) procure or supervise [the] each procurement [of all supplies, services, and
4653	construction needed by the state] over which the chief procurement officer has authority;
4654	[(3) exercise general supervision and control over all inventories or supplies belonging
4655	to the state;]
4656	[(4)] (3) establish and maintain programs for the inspection, testing, and acceptance of
4657	[supplies, services, and construction] each procurement item over which the chief procurement
4658	officer has authority;
4659	[(5)] (4) prepare statistical data concerning [the procurement and usage of all supplies,
4660	services, and construction] each procurement and procurement usage of a state procurement
4661	unit;
4662	[(6) before June 1, 1990, notify all public procurement units of the requirements of
4663	Section 63G-6-406 regarding purchases of recycled paper and recycled paper products,
4664	recycling requirements, and provide guidelines on the availability of recycled paper and paper
4665	products, including the sources of supply and the potential uses of various grades of recycled
4666	paper;]
4667	[(7) before July 1, 1992:]
4668	[(a) establish standards and specifications for determining which supplies are
4669	considered recycled, based upon the chief procurement officer's review of current definitions
4670	and standards employed by national procurement, product recycling, and other relevant
4671	organizations and the federal Environmental Protection Agency;]
4672	[(b) compile and update as necessary the specifications, a list of recycled supplies
4673	available on state contract, and sources where the supplies may be obtained;]
4674	[(c) make the compiled information under Subsection (7)(b) available to:]
4675	[(i) all local government entities under Section 11-37-101;]
4676	[(ii) all local health departments under Section 26A-1-108.7;]
4677	[(iii) all procurement officers or other persons responsible for purchasing supplies
4678	within the public school system under Title 53A, State System of Public Education;

4679	[(iv) all procurement officers or other persons responsible for purchasing supplies
4680	within the state system of higher education under Title 53B, State System of Higher Education;
4681	and]
4682	[(v) all procurement officers or other persons responsible for purchasing supplies for
4683	all public procurement units as defined in Section 63G-6-103; and]
4684	[(d) present a written report to the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment
4685	Interim Committee annually prior to November 30 regarding the purchases of recycled goods
4686	on state contracts during the prior fiscal year; and]
4687	$\left[\frac{(8)}{(5)}\right]$ ensure that:
4688	(a) before approving a [purchase, lease, or rental] procurement not covered by an
4689	existing statewide contract for information technology or telecommunications supplies or
4690	services, the chief information officer and the agency have [provided] stated in writing to the
4691	division[7] that the needs analysis required in Section 63F-1-205 was completed, unless the
4692	[purchase, lease, or rental] procurement is approved in accordance with Title 63M, Chapter 1,
4693	Part 26, Government Procurement Private Proposal Program; and
4694	(b) the oversight authority required by Subsection $[(8)](5)(a)$ is not delegated outside
4695	the [Division of Purchasing and General Services.] division; and
4696	(6) provide training to public procurement units and to persons who do business with
4697	public procurement units.
4698	Section 94. Section 63G-6a-304, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-205 is
4699	renumbered and amended to read:
4700	[63G-6-205]. <u>63G-6a-304.</u> Delegation of authority.
4701	[Subject to rules and regulations]
4702	(1) In accordance with rules made by the board, the chief procurement officer may
4703	delegate authority to designees or to any department, agency, or official.
4704	(2) For a procurement [process] under Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 26, Government
4705	Procurement Private Proposal Program, any delegation by the chief procurement officer under
4706	this section shall be made to the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
4707	Section 95. Section 63G-6a-305, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-302 is
4708	renumbered and amended to read:
4709	[63G-6-302]. <u>63G-6a-305.</u> Duty of chief procurement officer in

4710	maintaining specifications.
4711	(1) The chief procurement officer [shall] may prepare, issue, revise, maintain, and
4712	monitor the use of specifications for [supplies, services, construction, and technology required
4713	by the state] each procurement over which the chief procurement officer has authority.
4714	(2) The chief procurement officer shall obtain expert advice and assistance from
4715	personnel of [using agencies] public procurement units in the development of specifications
4716	and may delegate in writing to a [using agency] public procurement unit the authority to
4717	prepare and utilize its own specifications.
4718	(3) For a procurement [process] under Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 26, Government
4719	Procurement Private Proposal Program, any delegation by the chief procurement officer under
4720	this section shall be made to the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
4721	Section 96. Section 63G-6a-401 is enacted to read:
4722	Part 4. General Procurement Provisions
4723	<u>63G-6a-401.</u> Title.
4724	This part is known as "General Procurement Provisions."
4725	Section 97. Section 63G-6a-402 is enacted to read:
4726	63G-6a-402. Public procurement unit required to comply with Utah Procurement
4727	Code and applicable rules Rulemaking authority Reporting.
4728	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section 63G-6a-109, Section 63G-6a-403, Part 8,
4729	Exceptions to Procurement Requirements, or elsewhere in this chapter, a public procurement
4730	unit may not obtain a procurement item, unless:
4731	(a) if the public procurement unit is an authorized purchasing entity, the public
4732	procurement unit:
4733	(i) uses a procurement process; and
4734	(ii) complies with:
4735	(A) the requirements of this chapter; and
4736	(B) the rules made pursuant to this chapter by the applicable rulemaking authority;
4737	(b) if the public procurement unit is a local government unit, the public procurement
4738	unit complies with:
4739	(i) the requirements of this chapter that are adopted by the local government unit; and
4740	(ii) all other procurement requirements that the local government unit is required to

4/41	comply with; or
4742	(c) if the public procurement unit is not a public procurement unit described in
4743	Subsections (1)(a) or (b), the public procurement unit:
4744	(i) obtains the procurement item under the direction and approval of the division.
4745	unless otherwise provided by a rule made by the board;
4746	(ii) uses a procurement process; and
4747	(iii) complies with:
4748	(A) the requirements of this chapter; and
4749	(B) the rules made pursuant to this chapter by the applicable rulemaking authority.
4750	(2) Subject to Subsection (3), the applicable rulemaking authority shall make rules
4751	relating to the management and control of procurements and procurement procedures by a
4752	public procurement unit.
4753	(3) (a) Rules made under Subsection (2) shall ensure compliance with the federal
4754	contract prohibition provisions of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub
4755	L. No. 110-174) that prohibit contracting with a person doing business in Sudan.
4756	(b) The State Building Board rules governing procurement of construction,
4757	architect-engineer services, and leases apply to the procurement of construction,
4758	architect-engineer services, and leases of real property by the Division of Facilities
4759	Construction and Management.
4760	(4) An applicable rulemaking authority that is subject to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
4761	Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall make the rules described in this chapter in accordance
4762	with the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
4763	(5) The State Building Board shall make a report on or before July 1 of each year to a
4764	legislative interim committee, designated by the Legislative Management Committee created
4765	under Section 36-12-6, on the establishment, implementation, and enforcement of the rules
4766	made by the State Building Board under this chapter.
4767	Section 98. Section 63G-6a-403 is enacted to read:
4768	63G-6a-403. Prequalification of potential bidders or offerers.
4769	(1) A public procurement unit may, in accordance with this section:
4770	(a) prequalify potential bidders or offerors to provide any type of procurement item
4771	specified by the public procurement unit: and

4772	(b) limit participation in an invitation for bids or a request for proposals to the
4773	prequalified potential bidders or offerors for the specified type of procurement item.
4774	(2) To prequalify potential bidders or offerors to provide a specified type of
4775	procurement item, a public procurement unit shall issue a request for qualifications.
4776	(3) A public procurement unit that issues a request for qualifications shall:
4777	(a) publish the request for qualifications in accordance with the requirements of
4778	Section 63G-6a-402;
4779	(b) state in the request for qualifications:
4780	(i) the type of procurement item to which the request for qualifications relates;
4781	(ii) the scope of work to be performed;
4782	(iii) the instructions and the deadline for providing information in response to the
4783	request for qualifications;
4784	(iv) the minimum criteria for prequalification;
4785	(v) the period of time during which the list of prequalified potential bidders or offerors
4786	will remain in effect, which may not be longer than 18 months after the list of prequalified
4787	potential bidders or offerors is made available to the public under Subsection (8)(b); and
4788	(vi) that a public procurement unit may limit participation in an invitation for bids or a
4789	request for proposals, during the time period described in Subsection (3)(b)(v), to the potential
4790	bidders or offerors that are prequalified to provide the specified type of procurement item.
4791	(4) The minimum criteria described in Subsection (3)(b)(iv):
4792	(a) shall include the prequalification requirements unique to the procurement;
4793	(b) may include performance rating criteria; and
4794	(c) may not be so restrictive that the criteria unreasonably limit competition.
4795	(5) A public procurement unit may, before making a final list of prequalified bidders or
4796	offerors, request additional information to clarify responses made to the request for
4797	prequalifications.
4798	(6) A potential bidder or offeror shall be included on the list of prequalified potential
4799	bidders or offerors if the bidder or offeror:
4800	(a) submits a timely, responsive response to the request for prequalifications; and
4801	(b) meets the minimum criteria for qualification described in Subsection (3)(b)(iv).
4802	(7) If a request for qualifications will result in only one potential bidder or offeror

4003	being placed on the list of prequalified potential bidders of offerors.
4804	(a) the public procurement unit shall cancel the request for qualifications; and
4805	(b) the list may not be used by the public procurement unit.
4806	(8) The public procurement unit shall:
4807	(a) before making the list of prequalified potential bidders or offerors available to the
4808	public, provide each potential bidder or offeror who provided information in response to the
4809	request, but who did not meet the minimum qualifications for placement on the list, a written
4810	justification statement describing why the potential bidder or offeror did not meet the criteria
4811	for inclusion on the list; and
4812	(b) within 30 days after the day of the deadline described in Subsection (3)(b)(iii),
4813	make the list of prequalified potential bidders or offerors available to the public.
4814	Section 99. Section 63G-6a-404 is enacted to read:
4815	63G-6a-404. Approved contractor list.
4816	(1) An authorized purchasing entity may compile a list of approved contractors from
4817	which procurement items may be obtained.
4818	(2) An approved contractor list may only be compiled from:
4819	(a) timely, responsive bids or responses received in response to:
4820	(i) an invitation for bids; or
4821	(ii) a request for proposals; or
4822	(b) timely, responsive responses to:
4823	(i) the prequalification process described in Section 63G-6a-403; or
4824	(ii) the process described in Part 15, Architect-Engineer Services.
4825	(3) In order to ensure equal treatment of all contractors on a contractor list, an
4826	authorized purchasing entity shall use one of the following methods in an unbiased manner:
4827	(a) a rotation system, organized alphabetically, numerically, or randomly;
4828	(b) assigning contractors to a specified geographical area; or
4829	(c) classifying each contractor based on each contractor's particular expertise or field
4830	Section 100. Section 63G-6a-405 is enacted to read:
4831	63G-6a-405. Multiple award contracts.
4832	(1) An authorized purchasing entity may enter into multiple award contracts with
4833	bidders or offerors.

4834	(2) Multiple award contracts may be in an authorized purchasing entity's best interest if
4835	award to two or more bidders or offerors for similar procurement items is needed or desired for
4836	adequate delivery, service, availability, or product compatibility.
4837	(3) An authorized purchasing entity shall:
4838	(a) exercise care to protect and promote competition among bidders or offerors when
4839	seeking to enter into multiple award contracts;
4840	(b) name all eligible users of the multiple award contracts in the invitation for bids or
4841	request for proposals; and
4842	(c) if the authorized purchasing entity anticipates entering into multiple award
4843	contracts before issuing the invitation for bids or request for proposals, state in the invitation
4844	for bids or request for proposals that the authorized purchasing entity may enter into multiple
4845	award contracts at the end of the procurement process.
4846	(4) An authorized purchasing entity that enters into multiple award contracts shall:
4847	(a) obtain all of its normal, recurring requirements for the procurement items that are
4848	the subject of the contracts until the contracts terminate; and
4849	(b) reserve the right to obtain the procurement items described in Subsection (4)(a)
4850	separately from the contracts if:
4851	(i) there is a need to obtain a quantity of the procurement items that exceeds the
4852	amount specified in the contracts; or
4853	(ii) the procurement officer makes a written finding that the procurement items
4854	available under the contract will not effectively or efficiently meet a nonrecurring special need
4855	of a public procurement unit.
4856	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b), if an authorized purchasing entity enters into a
4857	multiple award contract under this section, another authorized purchasing entity that is not a
4858	signatory to the contract may, but is not required to, obtain a procurement item under the
4859	contract.
4860	(6) An applicable rulemaking authority may make rules to further regulate a
4861	procurement under this section.
4862	Section 101. Section 63G-6a-406 is enacted to read:
4863	63G-6a-406. Public notice of procurement process.
4864	(1) An authorized purchasing entity that issues an invitation for bids, a request for

4865	proposals, or another document required by this chapter to be published in accordance with this
4866	section, shall provide public notice that includes:
4867	(a) the name of the authorized purchasing entity and the public procurement unit
4868	acquiring the procurement item;
4869	(b) information on how to contact the authorized purchasing entity in relation to the
4870	invitation for bids, request for proposals, or other document;
4871	(c) for an invitation for bids or a request for proposals, the date of the opening and
4872	closing of the invitation for bids or request for proposals;
4873	(d) information on how to obtain a copy of the invitation for bids, request for
4874	proposals, or other document; and
4875	(e) a general description of the procurement items that will be obtained through the
4876	procurement process.
4877	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the authorized purchasing entity shall publish
4878	the notice described in Subsection (1), using at least one of the following methods:
4879	(a) at least 10 days before the day of the deadline for submission of a bid or other
4880	response, publish the notice:
4881	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the state; or
4882	(ii) in a newspaper of local circulation in the area:
4883	(A) directly impacted by the procurement; or
4884	(B) over which the public procurement unit has jurisdiction; or
4885	(b) at least 10 consecutive days before the day of the deadline for submission of a bid
4886	or other response, publish the notice:
4887	(i) on the main website for the authorized purchasing entity or public procurement unit
4888	<u>or</u>
4889	(ii) on a state website that is owned, managed by, or provided under contract with, the
4890	division for posting a public procurement notice.
4891	(3) An authorized purchasing entity may reduce the 10-day period described in
4892	Subsection (2), if the procurement officer or the procurement officer's designee signs a written
4893	statement that:
4894	(a) states that a shorter time is needed; and
4895	(b) as it relates to an invitation for bids or a request for proposals, determines that

4090	competition from multiple sources may be obtained within the shorter period of time.
4897	(4) An authorized purchasing entity shall make a copy of an invitation for bids, a
4898	request for proposals, or any other document described in Subsection (1), available for public
4899	inspection at the main office of the authorized purchasing entity or on the website described in
4900	Subsection (2)(b).
4901	Section 102. Section 63G-6a-407, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-303 is
4902	renumbered and amended to read:
4903	[63G-6-303]. <u>63G-6a-407.</u> Purpose of specifications.
4904	(1) All specifications shall seek to promote the overall economy and best use for the
4905	purposes intended and encourage competition in satisfying the [state's] needs of the public
4906	procurement unit, and [shall] may not be unduly restrictive.
4907	(2) The requirements of this part regarding the purposes and nonrestrictiveness of
4908	specifications shall apply to all specifications, including[, but not limited to,] those prepared by
4909	architects, engineers, designers, and draftsmen for public contracts.
4910	Section 103. Section 63G-6a-408 is enacted to read:
4911	63G-6a-408. Small purchases.
4912	(1) The applicable rulemaking authority may make rules governing small purchases,
4913	including:
4914	(a) establishing the maximum expenditure that may qualify as a small purchase, unless
4915	otherwise provided by statute;
4916	(b) establishing expenditure thresholds and procurement requirements related to those
4917	thresholds; and
4918	(c) the use of electronic, telephone, or written quotes.
4919	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a public procurement unit may not
4920	obtain a procurement item through a small purchase procurement process if the procurement
4921	item may be obtained through a state contract.
4922	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply:
4923	(i) to a non-executive state procurement unit;
4924	(ii) if the procurement officer or the head of the state purchasing unit authorizes an
4925	exception to the requirement;
4926	(iii) to an institution of higher education of the state; or

4927	(IV) to a school district or a public school.
4928	(c) An entity that is exempt from the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) is encouraged,
4929	but not required, to comply with Subsection (2)(a).
4930	(3) A public procurement unit:
4931	(a) may not use the small purchase procurement process described in this section for
4932	ongoing, continuous, and regularly scheduled procurements; and
4933	(b) shall make its ongoing, continuous, and regularly scheduled procurements through
4934	a contract awarded through a procurement process described in this chapter or an applicable
4935	exception to a procurement process.
4936	(4) It is unlawful for a person to intentionally or knowingly divide a procurement into
4937	one or more smaller procurements with the intent to make a procurement:
4938	(a) qualify as a small purchase, if, before dividing the procurement, it would not have
4939	qualified as a small purchase; or
4940	(b) meet a threshold established by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority,
4941	if, before dividing the procurement, it would not have met the threshold.
4942	(5) A division of a procurement that is prohibited under Subsection (4) includes doing
4943	any of the following with the intent or knowledge described in Subsection (4):
4944	(a) making two or more separate purchases;
4945	(b) dividing an invoice or purchase order into two or more invoices or purchase orders
4946	<u>or</u>
4947	(c) making smaller purchases over a period of time.
4948	(6) A person who violates Subsection (4) is subject to the criminal penalties described
4949	in Section 63G-6a-2305.
4950	(7) The Division of Finance within the Department of Administrative Services may
4951	conduct an audit of a public procurement unit in the state executive branch to verify
4952	compliance with the requirements of this section.
4953	(8) A public procurement unit in the state executive branch may not make a small
4954	purchase after January 1, 2013, unless the chief procurement officer certifies that the person
4955	responsible for procurements in the public procurement unit has satisfactorily completed
4956	training on this section and the rules made under this section.
4957	Section 104. Section 63G-6a-501 is enacted to read:

4938	Part 5. Request for information
4959	<u>63G-6a-501.</u> Title.
4960	This part is known as "Request for Information."
4961	Section 105. Section 63G-6a-502 is enacted to read:
4962	63G-6a-502. Purpose of request for information.
4963	(1) The purpose of a request for information is to:
4964	(a) obtain information, comments, or suggestions from potential bidders or offerors
4965	before issuing an invitation for bids or request for proposals;
4966	(b) determine whether to issue an invitation for bids or a request for proposals; and
4967	(c) generate interest in a potential invitation for bids or a request for proposals.
4968	(2) A request for information may be useful in order to:
4969	(a) prepare to issue an invitation for bids or request for proposals for an unfamiliar or
4970	complex procurement;
4971	(b) determine the market availability of a procurement item; or
4972	(c) determine best practices, industry standards, performance standards, product
4973	specifications, and innovations relating to a procurement item.
4974	Section 106. Section 63G-6a-503 is enacted to read:
4975	63G-6a-503. Request for information and response nonbinding.
4976	(1) A request for information is not a procurement process and may not be used to
4977	make a purchase or enter into a contract. A public procurement unit is required to use a
4978	procurement process, or comply with an exception to the requirement to use a procurement
4979	process, in order to make a purchase or enter into a contract.
4980	(2) A response to a request for information is not an offer and may not be accepted to
4981	form a binding contract.
4982	Section 107. Section 63G-6a-504 is enacted to read:
4983	63G-6a-504. Contents of request for information Public notice.
4984	A request for information may seek a wide range of information, including:
4985	(1) availability of a procurement item;
4986	(2) delivery schedules;
4987	(3) industry standards and practices;
4988	(4) product specifications;

4989	(5) training:
4990	(6) new technologies;
4991	(7) capabilities of potential providers of a procurement item; and
4992	(8) alternate solutions.
4993	Section 108. Section 63G-6a-601 is enacted to read:
4994	Part 6. Bidding
4995	<u>63G-6a-601.</u> Title.
4996	This part is known as "Bidding."
4997	Section 109. Section 63G-6a-602 is enacted to read:
4998	63G-6a-602. Contracts awarded by bidding.
4999	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, an authorized purchasing entity shall
5000	award a contract for a procurement by bidding, in accordance with the rules of the applicable
5001	rulemaking authority.
5002	(2) The bidding procurement process is appropriate to use when cost is the major factor
5003	in determining the award of a procurement.
5004	Section 110. Section 63G-6a-603 is enacted to read:
5005	<u>63G-6a-603.</u> Invitation for bids Contents Notice.
5006	(1) The bidding procurement process begins when the authorized purchasing entity
5007	issues an invitation for bids.
5008	(2) An invitation for bids shall:
5009	(a) state the period of time during which bids will be accepted;
5010	(b) describe the manner in which a bid shall be submitted;
5011	(c) state the place where a bid shall be submitted; and
5012	(d) include, or incorporate by reference:
5013	(i) a description of the procurement items sought;
5014	(ii) the objective criteria that will be used to evaluate the bids; and
5015	(iii) the required contractual terms and conditions.
5016	(3) An authorized purchasing entity shall publish an invitation for bids in accordance
5017	with the requirements of Section 63G-6a-406.
5018	Section 111. Section 63G-6a-604 is enacted to read:
5019	63G-6a-604. Bid opening and acceptance.

5020	(1) Bids shall be opened:
5021	(a) publicly, except as provided in Section 63G-6a-611;
5022	(b) in the presence of one or more witnesses, unless an electronic bid opening process
5023	is used where bidders may see the opening of the bid electronically; and
5024	(c) at the time and place indicated in the invitation for bids.
5025	(2) Bids shall be accepted unconditionally, without alteration or correction, except as
5026	otherwise authorized by this chapter.
5027	(3) (a) The procurement officer shall reject a bid that is not responsive or responsible.
5028	(b) A bid that is not responsive includes a bid that:
5029	(i) is conditional;
5030	(ii) attempts to modify the bid requirements;
5031	(iii) contains additional terms or conditions; or
5032	(iv) fails to conform with the requirements or specifications of the invitation for bids.
5033	(c) A bid that is not responsible includes a bid where the procurement officer
5034	reasonably concludes that the bidder or an employee, agent, or subcontractor of the bidder, at
5035	any tier, is unable to satisfactorily fulfill the bid requirements.
5036	(4) An authorized purchasing entity may not accept a bid after the time for submission
5037	of a bid has expired.
5038	(5) The procurement officer shall:
5039	(a) record the name of each bidder and the amount of each bid; and
5040	(b) after the bid is awarded, make the information described in Subsection (5)(a)
5041	available for public disclosure.
5042	Section 112. Section 63G-6a-605 is enacted to read:
5043	63G-6a-605. Correction or withdrawal of bids Cancellation of award.
5044	(1) Correction or withdrawal of inadvertently erroneous bids, or the cancellation of an
5045	award or a contract that is based on an unintentionally erroneous bid, may be made in
5046	accordance with the rules of the applicable rulemaking authority.
5047	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the following changes may not be made to a bid
5048	after the bid opening:
5049	(a) changes in bid pricing;
5050	(b) changes in the cost evaluation formula: or

5051	(c) changes in other provisions that are prejudicial to fair competition or to the interest
5052	of the public procurement unit.
5053	(3) A decision to permit the correction or withdrawal of a bid or the cancellation of an
5054	award or a contract under Subsection (1) shall be supported in a written document, signed by
5055	the procurement officer or the head of the authorized purchasing entity.
5056	Section 113. Section 63G-6a-606 is enacted to read:
5057	63G-6a-606. Evaluation of bids Award Cancellation Disqualification.
5058	(1) An authorized purchasing entity shall evaluate each bid using the objective criteria
5059	described in the invitation for bids, which may include:
5060	(a) experience;
5061	(b) performance ratings;
5062	(c) inspection;
5063	(d) testing:
5064	(e) quality:
5065	(f) workmanship;
5066	(g) time and manner of delivery;
5067	(h) references;
5068	(i) financial stability;
5069	<u>(j) cost;</u>
5070	(k) suitability for a particular purpose; or
5071	(1) other objective criteria specified in the invitation for bids.
5072	(2) Criteria not described in the invitation for bids may not be used to evaluate a bid.
5073	(3) The authorized purchasing entity shall:
5074	(a) award the contract as soon as practicable to:
5075	(i) the lowest responsive and responsible bidder who meets the objective criteria
5076	described in the invitation for bids; or
5077	(ii) if, in accordance with Subsection (4), the procurement officer or the head of the
5078	authorized purchasing entity disqualifies the bidder described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), the next
5079	lowest responsive and responsible bidder who meets the objective criteria described in the
5080	<u>invitation for bids; or</u>
5081	(b) cancel the invitation for bids without awarding a contract.

5082	(4) In accordance with Subsection (5), the procurement officer or the head of the
5083	authorized purchasing entity may disqualify a bidder for:
5084	(a) a violation of this chapter;
5085	(b) a violation of a requirement of the invitation for bids;
5086	(c) unlawful or unethical conduct; or
5087	(d) a change in circumstance that, had the change been known at the time the bid was
5088	submitted, would have caused the bidder to not be the lowest responsive and responsible bidder
5089	who meets the objective criteria described in the invitation for bids.
5090	(5) A procurement officer or head of an authorized purchasing entity who disqualifies a
5091	bidder under Subsection (4) shall:
5092	(a) make a written finding, stating the reasons for disqualification; and
5093	(b) provide a copy of the written finding to the disqualified bidder.
5094	(6) If an authorized purchasing entity cancels an invitation for bids without awarding a
5095	contract, the authorized purchasing entity shall make available for public inspection a written
5096	justification for the cancellation.
5097	Section 114. Section 63G-6a-607 is enacted to read:
5098	63G-6a-607. Action when all bids are over budget.
5099	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or (3), if the fiscal officer for the public
5100	procurement unit certifies that all accepted bids exceed available funds and that the lowest
5101	responsive and responsible bidder does not exceed the available funds by more than 5%, the
5102	procurement officer may negotiate an adjustment of the bid price and bid requirements with the
5103	lowest responsive and responsible bidder in order to bring the bid within the amount of
5104	available funds.
5105	(2) A procurement officer may not adjust the bid requirements under Subsection (1) if
5106	there is a substantial likelihood that, had the adjustment been included in the invitation for
5107	bids, a person that did not submit a bid would have submitted a responsive, responsible, and
5108	competitive bid.
5109	(3) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management is exempt from the
5110	requirements of this section if:
5111	(a) the building board adopts rules governing procedures when all accepted bids exceed
5112	available funds; and

5113	(b) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management complies with the rules
5114	described in Subsection (3)(a).
5115	Section 115. Section 63G-6a-608 is enacted to read:
5116	63G-6a-608. Tie bids Resolution Copies provided to attorney general.
5117	(1) A procurement officer shall resolve a tie bid in accordance with a method
5118	established by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority. The method may include
5119	awarding the tie bid:
5120	(a) to the tie bidder who:
5121	(i) is provider of state products, if no other tie bidder is a responsive provider of state
5122	products;
5123	(ii) is closest to the point of delivery;
5124	(iii) received the previous award; or
5125	(iv) will provide the earliest delivery date;
5126	(b) by drawing lots; or
5127	(c) by any other reasonable method of resolving a tie bid.
5128	(2) The method chosen by the procurement officer to resolve a tie bid shall be at the
5129	sole discretion of the procurement officer, subject to the rules established under Subsection (1).
5130	(3) A public procurement unit in the state executive branch shall provide a copy of the
5131	procurement to the attorney general if an award of a contract to a tie bidder exceeds \$100,000
5132	in expenditures.
5133	Section 116. Section 63G-6a-609 is enacted to read:
5134	63G-6a-609. Multiple stage bidding process.
5135	(1) An authorized purchasing entity may conduct a bid in multiple stages, to:
5136	(a) narrow the number of bidders who will progress to a subsequent stage;
5137	(b) prequalify bidders for subsequent stages, in accordance with Section 63G-6a-403;
5138	(c) enter into a contract for a single procurement; or
5139	(d) award multiple contracts for a series of upcoming procurements.
5140	(2) The invitation for bids for a multiple stage bidding process shall:
5141	(a) describe the requirements for, and purpose of, each stage of the process;
5142	(b) indicate whether the authorized purchasing entity intends to award:
5143	(i) a single contract; or

3144	(ii) multiple contracts for a series of upcoming procurements; and
5145	(c) state that:
5146	(i) the first stage is for prequalification only;
5147	(ii) a bidder may not submit any pricing information in the first stage of the process;
5148	<u>and</u>
5149	(iii) bids in the second stage will only be accepted from a person who prequalifies in
5150	the first stage.
5151	(3) During the first stage, the authorized purchasing entity:
5152	(a) shall prequalify bidders to participate in subsequent stages, in accordance with
5153	Section 63G-6a-403;
5154	(b) shall prohibit the submission of pricing information until the final stage; and
5155	(c) may, before beginning the second stage, request additional information to clarify
5156	the qualifications of the bidders who submit timely responses.
5157	(4) Contracts may only be awarded for a procurement item described in stage one of
5158	the invitation for bids.
5159	(5) An authorized purchasing entity may conduct a bid in as many stages as it
5160	determines to be appropriate.
5161	(6) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, an authorized purchasing
5162	entity shall conduct a multiple stage process in accordance with this part.
5163	(7) The applicable rulemaking authority may make rules governing the use of a
5164	multiple stage process described in this section.
5165	Section 117. Section 63G-6a-610 is enacted to read:
5166	63G-6a-610. Contracts awarded by reverse auction.
5167	(1) Reverse auction bidding may be used if the procurement officer determines, in
5168	writing, that reverse auction bidding will provide the best value to the public procurement unit
5169	(2) Reverse auction bidding is appropriate to use when there are multiple prequalified
5170	providers of a procurement item.
5171	Section 118. Section 63G-6a-611 is enacted to read:
5172	63G-6a-611. Invitation for bids for reverse auction Notice contents
5173	Agreement to terms and conditions.
5174	(1) The reverse auction bidding process begins when an authorized purchasing entity

5175	issues an invitation for bids to prequalify bidders to participate in the reverse auction.
5176	(2) The invitation for bids shall:
5177	(a) state the period of time during which bids will be accepted;
5178	(b) state that the bid will be conducted by reverse auction;
5179	(c) describe the procurement items sought:
5180	(d) describe the minimum requirements to become prequalified;
5181	(e) state the required contractual terms and conditions; and
5182	(f) describe the procedure that the authorized purchasing entity will follow in
5183	conducting the reverse auction.
5184	(3) In order to participate in a reverse auction, a bidder shall agree to:
5185	(a) the specifications, and contractual terms and conditions, of the procurement; and
5186	(b) be trained in, and abide by, the procedure that the authorized purchasing entity will
5187	follow in conducting the reverse auction.
5188	(4) An authorized purchasing entity shall publish an invitation for bids for a reverse
5189	auction in accordance with the requirements of Section 63G-6a-406.
5190	Section 119. Section 63G-6a-612 is enacted to read:
5191	63G-6a-612. Conduct of reverse auction.
5192	(1) When conducting a reverse auction, an authorized purchasing entity:
5193	(a) may conduct the reverse auction at a physical location or by electronic means;
5194	(b) shall permit all prequalified bidders to participate in the reverse auction;
5195	(c) may not permit a bidder to participate in the reverse auction if the bidder did not
5196	prequalify to participate in the reverse auction;
5197	(d) may not accept a bid after the time for submission of a bid has expired;
5198	(e) shall update the bids on a real time basis; and
5199	(f) shall conduct the reverse auction in a manner that permits each bidder to:
5200	(i) bid against each other; and
5201	(ii) lower the bidder's price below the lowest bid before the reverse auction closes.
5202	(2) At the end of the reverse auction, the authorized purchasing entity shall:
5203	(a) award the contract as soon as practicable to the lowest responsive and responsible
5204	bidder who meets the objective criteria described in the invitation for bids; or
5205	(b) cancel the reverse auction without awarding a contract.

5206	(3) After the reverse auction is finished, the procurement officer shall make publicly
5207	available:
5208	(a) (i) the amount of the final bid submitted by each bidder during the reverse auction;
5209	<u>and</u>
5210	(ii) the identity of the bidder that submitted each final bid; and
5211	(b) if practicable:
5212	(i) the amount of each bid submitted during the reverse auction; and
5213	(ii) the identity of the bidder that submitted each bid.
5214	Section 120. Section 63G-6a-701 is enacted to read:
5215	Part 7. Request for Proposals
5216	<u>63G-6a-701.</u> Title.
5217	This part is known as "Request for Proposals."
5218	Section 121. Section 63G-6a-702 is enacted to read:
5219	63G-6a-702. Contracts awarded by request for proposals.
5220	(1) A request for proposals procurement process may be used instead of bidding if the
5221	procurement officer determines, in writing, that the request for proposals procurement process
5222	will provide the best value to the public procurement unit.
5223	(2) The request for proposals procurement process is appropriate to use for:
5224	(a) the procurement of professional services;
5225	(b) a design-build procurement;
5226	(c) when cost is not the most important factor to be considered in making the selection
5227	that is most advantageous to the public procurement unit; or
5228	(d) when factors, in addition to cost, are highly significant in making the selection that
5229	is most advantageous to the public procurement unit.
5230	Section 122. Section 63G-6a-703 is enacted to read:
5231	63G-6a-703. Request for proposals Notice Contents.
5232	(1) The request for proposals procurement process begins when the authorized
5233	purchasing entity issues a request for proposals.
5234	(2) A request for proposals shall:
5235	(a) state the period of time during which a proposal will be accepted;
5236	(b) describe the manner in which a proposal shall be submitted;

5237	(c) state the place where a proposal shall be submitted;
5238	(d) include, or incorporate by reference:
5239	(i) a description of the procurement items sought;
5240	(ii) a description of the subjective and objective criteria that will be used to evaluate
5241	the proposal; and
5242	(iii) the standard contractual terms and conditions required by the authorized
5243	purchasing entity;
5244	(e) state the relative weight that will be given to each score awarded for the criteria
5245	described in Subsection (2)(d)(ii), including cost;
5246	(f) state the formula that will be used to determine the score awarded for the cost of
5247	each proposal;
5248	(g) if the request for proposals will be conducted in multiple stages, as described in
5249	Section 63G-6a-710, include a description of the stages and the criteria and scoring that will be
5250	used to screen offerors at each stage; and
5251	(h) state that discussions may be conducted with offerors who submit proposals
5252	determined to be reasonably susceptible of being selected for award, followed by an
5253	opportunity to make best and final offers, but that proposals may be accepted without
5254	discussions.
5255	(3) An authorized purchasing entity shall publish a request for proposals in accordance
5256	with the requirements of Section 63G-6a-406.
5257	Section 123. Section 63G-6a-704 is enacted to read:
5258	63G-6a-704. Opening of proposals and acceptance.
5259	(1) An authorized purchasing entity shall ensure that proposals are opened in a manner
5260	that avoids disclosing the contents to competing offerors during the evaluation process.
5261	(2) An authorized purchasing entity may not accept a proposal:
5262	(a) after the time for submission of a proposal has expired; or
5263	(b) that is not responsive to the request for proposals.
5264	Section 124. Section 63G-6a-705 is enacted to read:
5265	63G-6a-705. Discussions Best and final offers.
5266	(1) After proposals are received and opened, the authorized purchasing entity may
5267	conduct discussions with the offerors and allow the offerors to make best and final offers after

5268	the discussions.
5269	(2) The authorized purchasing entity shall:
5270	(a) ensure that each offeror receives fair and equal treatment with respect to the other
5271	offerors;
5272	(b) establish a schedule and procedures for conducting discussions;
5273	(c) ensure that information in each proposal and information gathered during
5274	discussions is not shared with other offerors until the contract is awarded;
5275	(d) ensure that auction tactics are not used in the discussion process, including
5276	discussing and comparing the costs and features of other proposals; and
5277	(e) set a common date and time for the submission of best and final offers.
5278	(3) If an offeror chooses not to participate in a discussion or does not make a timely
5279	best and final offer, the offer submitted by the offerors before the conduct of discussions shall
5280	be treated as the offeror's best and final offer.
5281	Section 125. Section 63G-6a-706 is enacted to read:
5282	63G-6a-706. Correction or withdrawal of proposal Cancellation of award.
5283	(1) Correction or withdrawal of an unintentionally erroneous proposal, or the
5284	cancellation of an award or contract that is based on an unintentionally erroneous proposal,
5285	may be made in accordance with the rules of the applicable rulemaking authority.
5286	(2) A decision to permit the correction or withdrawal of a proposal or the cancellation
5287	of an award or a contract under Subsection (1) shall be supported in a written document, signed
5288	by the procurement officer.
5289	Section 126. Section 63G-6a-707 is enacted to read:
5290	63G-6a-707. Evaluation of proposals Evaluation committee.
5291	(1) Each proposal shall be evaluated using the criteria described in the request for
5292	proposals, which may include:
5293	(a) experience;
5294	(b) performance ratings;
5295	(c) inspection;
5296	(d) testing;
5297	(e) quality;
5298	(f) workmanship;

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5299	(g) time, manner, or schedule of delivery;
5300	(h) references;
5301	(i) financial stability;
5302	(j) suitability for a particular purpose;
5303	(k) management plans;
5304	<u>(1) cost; or</u>
5305	(m) other subjective or objective criteria specified in the request for proposals.
5306	(2) Criteria not described in the request for proposals may not be used to evaluate a
5307	proposal.
5308	(3) The authorized purchasing entity shall:
5309	(a) appoint an evaluation committee consisting of at least three individuals; and
5310	(b) ensure that the evaluation committee and each member of the evaluation
5311	committee:
5312	(i) does not have a conflict of interest with any of the offerors;
5313	(ii) can fairly evaluate each proposal;
5314	(iii) does not contact or communicate with an offeror for any reason other than
5315	conducting the procurement process; and
5316	(iv) conducts the evaluation in a manner that ensures a fair and competitive process
5317	and avoids the appearance of impropriety.
5318	(4) The evaluation committee may conduct interviews with, or participate in
5319	presentations by, the offerors.
5320	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6) or (7), each member of the evaluation
5321	committee is prohibited from knowing, or having access to, any information relating to the
5322	cost, or the scoring of the cost, of a proposal until after the evaluation committee submits its
5323	final recommended scores on all other criteria to the authorized purchasing entity.
5324	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "management fee" includes only the following
5325	fees of the construction manager/general contractor:
5326	(i) preconstruction phase services;
5327	(ii) monthly supervision fees for the construction phase; and
5328	(iii) overhead and profit for the construction phase.
5329	(b) When selecting a construction manager/general contractor for a construction

5330	project, the evaluation committee:
5331	(i) may, at any time after the opening of the responses to the request for proposals, have
5332	access to, and consider, the management fee proposed by the offerors; and
5333	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (7), may not know or have access to any other
5334	information relating to the cost of construction submitted by the offerors, until after the
5335	evaluation committee submits its final recommended scores on all other criteria to the
5336	authorized purchasing entity.
5337	(7) An authorized purchasing entity is not required to comply with Subsection (5) if,
5338	before opening the responses to the request for proposals, the head of the authorized purchasing
5339	entity or a person designated by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority:
5340	(a) signs a written statement:
5341	(i) indicating that, due to the nature of the proposal or other circumstances, it is in the
5342	best interest of the state to waive compliance with Subsection (5); and
5343	(ii) describing the nature of the proposal and the other circumstances relied upon to
5344	waive compliance with Subsection (5); and
5345	(b) makes the written statement available to the public, upon request.
5346	Section 127. Section 63G-6a-708 is enacted to read:
5347	63G-6a-708. Publication of award and scores Cost-benefit analysis.
5348	(1) The authorized purchasing entity shall, on the day on which the selection is
5349	announced, make available to each offeror and to the public a written statement that includes:
5350	(a) the name of the offeror found by the authorized purchasing entity to provide the
5351	greatest overall value to the public procurement unit, taking into account the cost and the other
5352	evaluation criteria described in the request for proposals; and
5353	(b) the scores awarded to each offeror by the evaluation committee for each evaluation
5354	criteria category described in the request for proposals.
5355	(2) If the contract is awarded to an offeror other than the lowest cost offeror, and the
5356	difference between the cost of the accepted proposal and the lowest proposal exceeds the
5357	greater of \$10,000 or 5% of the lowest cost offer, an authorized purchasing entity shall include,
5358	with the statement described in Subsection (1), an informal written cost-benefit analysis that:
5359	(a) explains, in general terms, the advantage to the public procurement unit of
5360	awarding the contract to the higher cost offeror;

5361	(b) includes, except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the estimated added financial
5362	value to the public procurement unit of each criteria that justifies awarding the contract to the
5363	higher cost offeror;
5364	(c) includes, to the extent that assigning a financial value to a particular criteria is not
5365	practicable, a statement describing:
5366	(i) why it is not practicable to assign a financial value to the criteria; and
5367	(ii) in nonfinancial terms, the advantage to the public procurement unit, based on the
5368	particular criteria, of awarding the contract to the higher cost offeror;
5369	(d) demonstrates that the value of the advantage to the public procurement unit of
5370	awarding the contract to the higher cost offeror exceeds the value of the difference between the
5371	cost of the higher cost offeror and the cost of the lower cost offerors; and
5372	(e) includes any other information required by rule made by the applicable rulemaking
5373	authority.
5374	Section 128. Section 63G-6a-709 is enacted to read:
5375	63G-6a-709. Award of contract Cancellation Disqualification.
5376	(1) After the evaluation and scoring of proposals is completed, the authorized
5377	purchasing entity shall:
5378	(a) award the contract as soon as practicable to:
5379	(i) the responsive and responsible offeror with the highest total score; or
5380	(ii) if, in accordance with Subsection (2), the procurement officer or the head of the
5381	authorized purchasing entity disqualifies the offeror described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), the
5382	responsive and responsible offeror with the next highest total score; or
5383	(b) cancel the request for proposals without awarding a contract.
5384	(2) In accordance with Subsection (3), the procurement officer or the head of the
5385	authorized purchasing entity may disqualify an offeror for:
5386	(a) a violation of this chapter;
5387	(b) a violation of a requirement of the request for proposals;
5388	(c) unlawful or unethical conduct; or
5389	(d) a change in circumstance that, had the change been known at the time the proposal
5390	was submitted, would have caused the proposal to not have the highest score.
5391	(3) A procurement officer or head of an authorized purchasing entity who disqualifies

5392	an offeror under Subsection (2) shall:
5393	(a) make a written finding, stating the reasons for disqualification; and
5394	(b) provide a copy of the written finding to the disqualified offeror.
5395	(4) If an authorized purchasing entity cancels a request for proposals without awarding
5396	a contract, the authorized purchasing entity shall make available for public inspection a written
5397	justification for the cancellation.
5398	Section 129. Section 63G-6a-710 is enacted to read:
5399	63G-6a-710. Multiple stage process.
5400	(1) An authorized purchasing entity may conduct a request for proposals in stages,
5401	where an earlier stage is used to qualify offerors for subsequent stages or to narrow the number
5402	of offerors that will move on to subsequent stages.
5403	(2) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, an authorized purchasing
5404	entity shall conduct a multiple stage process in accordance with this part.
5405	Section 130. Section 63G-6a-711, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-408.5 is
5406	renumbered and amended to read:
5407	[63G-6-408.5]. 63G-6a-711. Procurement for submitted proposal.
5408	(1) As used in this section:
5409	(a) "Committee" is as defined in Section 63M-1-2602.
5410	(b) "Initial proposal" is a proposal submitted by a private entity under Section
5411	63M-1-2605.
5412	(2) After receipt by the chief procurement officer of a copy of an initial proposal from
5413	the committee in accordance with Subsection 63M-1-2606(5), including any comment,
5414	suggestion, or modification to the initial proposal, the chief procurement officer shall initiate a
5415	procurement process in compliance with [Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah Procurement Code] this
5416	chapter.
5417	(3) The chief procurement officer or designee shall:
5418	(a) review each detailed proposal received in accordance with Title 63M, Chapter 1,
5419	Part 26, Government Procurement Private Proposal Program; and
5420	(b) submit all detailed proposals that meet the guidelines established under Subsection
5421	63M-1-2608(1) to the committee for review under Section 63M-1-2609.
5422	(4) For purposes of this chapter, the Governor's Office of Economic Development is

5423	considered the <u>state</u> purchasing [agency] <u>unit</u> for a procurement process under Title 63M,
5424	Chapter 1, Part 26, Government Procurement Private Proposal Program.
5425	Section 131. Section 63G-6a-801 is enacted to read:
5426	Part 8. Exceptions to Procurement Requirements
5427	<u>63G-6a-801.</u> Title.
5428	This part is known as "Exceptions to Procurement Requirements."
5429	Section 132. Section 63G-6a-802, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-410 is
5430	renumbered and amended to read:
5431	[63G-6-410]. 63G-6a-802. Sole source Award of contract without
5432	competition Notice.
5433	(1) As used in this section:
5434	(a) "Transitional costs" mean the costs of changing from an existing provider of, or
5435	type of, a procurement item to another provider of, or type of, procurement item.
5436	(b) "Transitional costs" include:
5437	(i) training costs;
5438	(ii) conversion costs;
5439	(iii) compatibility costs;
5440	(iv) system downtime;
5441	(v) disruption of service;
5442	(vi) staff time necessary to put the transition into effect;
5443	(vii) installation costs; and
5444	(viii) ancillary software, hardware, equipment, or construction costs.
5445	(c) "Transitional costs" do not include:
5446	(i) the costs of preparing for or engaging in a procurement process; or
5447	(ii) contract negotiation or contract drafting costs.
5448	(2) A contract may be awarded for a [supply, service, or construction] procurement
5449	item without competition [when, under rules and regulations, the chief] if the procurement
5450	officer, the head of [a purchasing agency, or a designee of either officer above the level of
5451	procurement officer] an authorized purchasing entity, or a designee of either who is senior to
5452	the procurement officer or the head of the authorized purchasing entity, determines in writing
5453	that

5454	[(1)] (a) there is only one source for the [required supply, service, or construction]
5455	procurement item; or
5456	[(2)] (b) the award to a specific supplier, service provider, or contractor is a condition
5457	of a donation that will fund the full cost of the supply, service, or construction item.
5458	(3) Circumstances under which there is only one source for a procurement item may
5459	include:
5460	(a) where the most important consideration in obtaining a procurement item is the
5461	compatibility of equipment, technology, software, accessories, replacement parts, or service;
5462	(b) where a procurement item is needed for trial use or testing:
5463	(c) where transitional costs are unreasonable or cost prohibitive; or
5464	(d) procurement of public utility services.
5465	(4) The applicable rulemaking authority shall make rules regarding the publication of
5466	notice for a sole source procurement that, at a minimum, require publication of notice of a sole
5467	source procurement, in accordance with Section 63G-6a-406, if the cost of the procurement
5468	exceeds \$50,000.
5469	(5) An authorized purchasing entity who awards a sole source contract on behalf of a
5470	public procurement unit shall negotiate with the contractor to ensure that the terms of the
5471	contract, including price and delivery, are in the best interest of the state.
5472	(6) A public procurement unit may extend a contract for a reasonable period of time
5473	without engaging in a procurement process, if:
5474	(a) the award of a new contract for the procurement item is delayed due to a protest or
5475	appeal;
5476	(b) the procurement process is delayed due to unintentional error;
5477	(c) changes in industry standards require significant changes to specifications for the
5478	procurement item;
5479	(d) the extension is necessary to prevent the loss of federal funds;
5480	(e) the extension is necessary to address a circumstance where the appropriation of
5481	state or federal funds has been delayed; or
5482	(f) the extension covers the period of time during which contract negotiations with a
5483	new provider are being conducted.
5484	Section 133. Section 63G-6a-803 is enacted to read:

3483	<u>05G-0a-805.</u> Emergency procurement.			
5486	(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a procurement officer or the			
5487	procurement officer's designee may authorize an emergency procurement without using a			
5488	standard procurement process when an emergency condition exists.			
5489	(2) A procurement officer who authorizes an emergency procurement under Subsection			
5490	<u>(1) shall:</u>			
5491	(a) make the authorization in writing, stating the emergency condition upon which the			
5492	emergency procurement is made; and			
5493	(b) ensure that the procurement is made with as much competition as reasonably			
5494	practicable while avoiding harm, or a risk of harm, to the public health, safety, welfare, or			
5495	property.			
5496	Section 134. Section 63G-6a-804, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-423 is			
5497	renumbered and amended to read:			
5498	[63G-6-423]. 63G-6a-804. Purchase of prison industry goods.			
5499	(1) [All] (a) A public procurement [units] unit that is not a political subdivision shall			
5500	purchase goods and services produced by the Utah Correctional Industries Division as provided			
5501	[by] in this section[, which is an exemption from this chapter. All political subdivisions].			
5502	(b) A political subdivision of the state may, and is encouraged to, purchase [these]			
5503	goods and services [and are encouraged to do so when feasible] under this section.			
5504	(c) A public procurement unit is not required to use a procurement process to purchase			
5505	goods or services under this section.			
5506	(2) [By] On or before July 1 of each year, the director of the Utah Correctional			
5507	Industries shall:			
5508	(a) publish and distribute to all [state agencies and interested political subdivisions]			
5509	public procurement units and other interested public entities a catalog of goods and services			
5510	provided by the Correctional Industries Division[. The catalog shall include], including a			
5511	description and price of each item offered for sale[. The catalog shall be updated and revised];			
5512	<u>and</u>			
5513	(b) update and revise the catalog described in Subsection (2)(a) during the year as the			
5514	director considers necessary.			
5515	(3) (a) [State departments, agencies, and institutions] A procurement unit that is not a			

5516	political subdivision of the state may not purchase any goods or services provided by the			
5517	Correctional Industries Division from any other source unless it has been determined in writing			
5518	by the director of Correctional Industries and by the [state] procurement officer or in the case			
5519	of institutions of higher education, the institutional procurement officer, that purchase from the			
5520	Correctional Industries Division is not feasible due to one of the following circumstances:			
5521	(i) the good or service offered by the division does not meet the reasonable			
5522	requirements of the [purchasing agency] public procurement unit;			
5523	(ii) the good or service cannot be supplied within a reasonable time by the division; or			
5524	(iii) the cost of the good or service, including basic price, transportation costs, and			
5525	other expenses of acquisition, is not competitive with the cost of procuring the item from			
5526	another source.			
5527	(b) In cases of disagreement[7] under Subsection (3)(a):			
5528	(i) the decision may be appealed to a board consisting of:			
5529	(A) the director of the Department of Corrections[7];			
5530	(B) the director of Administrative Services[-,]; and			
5531	(C) a neutral third party agreed upon by the other two members [or,] of the board;			
5532	(ii) in the case of [institutions] an institution of higher education of the state, the			
5533	president of the [involved] institution, or the president's designee, shall make the final			
5534	decision[-]; or			
5535	(iii) in the case of a non-executive state procurement unit, a person designated by the			
5536	applicable rulemaking authority shall make the final decision.			
5537	Section 135. Section 63G-6a-805, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-425 is			
5538	renumbered and amended to read:			
5539	[63G-6-425]. <u>63G-6a-805.</u> Purchase from community rehabilitation			
5540	programs.			
5541	(1) As used in this section:			
5542	(a) ["Board"] "Advisory board" means the Purchasing from Persons with Disabilities			
5543	Advisory Board created under this section.			
5544	(b) "Central not-for-profit association" means a group of experts designated by the			
5545	advisory board to do the following, under guidelines established by the advisory board:			
5546	(i) assist the <u>advisory</u> board with its functions; and			

5547	(ii) facilitate the implementation of <u>advisory</u> board policies.		
5548	(c) (i) "Community rehabilitation program" means a program that is operated primarily		
5549	for the purpose of the employment and training of persons with a disability by a government		
5550	agency or qualified nonprofit organization which is an income tax exempt organization under		
5551	26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.		
5552	(ii) A community rehabilitation program:		
5553	(A) maintains an employment ratio of at least 75% of the program employees under the		
5554	procurement contract in question have severe disabilities;		
5555	(B) (I) complies with any applicable occupational health and safety standards		
5556	prescribed by the United States Department of Labor; or		
5557	(II) is a supported employment program approved by the Utah State Office of		
5558	Rehabilitation;		
5559	(C) has its principal place of business in Utah;		
5560	(D) produces any good provided under this section in Utah; and		
5561	(E) provides any service that is provided by individuals with a majority of whom		
5562	domiciled in Utah.		
5563	(d) "Person with a disability" means a person with any disability as defined by and		
5564	covered under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. 12102.		
5565	(2) [(a)] There is created within the division the Purchasing from Persons with		
5566	Disabilities Advisory Board [within the Division of Purchasing and General Services of the		
5567	Department of Administrative Services. The board shall be composed of the following three		
5568	members:].		
5569	(3) The advisory board shall consist of three members, as follows:		
5570	[(i)] (a) the director of the [Division of Purchasing and General Services created under		
5571	Section 63A-2-101 or a] division or the director's designee;		
5572	[(ii)] (b) the executive director of the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation, created under		
5573	Section 53A-24-103, or [a] the executive director's designee; and		
5574	[(iii)] (c) a representative of the private business community who shall be appointed to		
5575	a three-year term by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.		
5576	[(b)] (4) The advisory board shall meet, as needed, to facilitate the procurement of		
5577	goods and services from community rehabilitation programs by a public procurement unit		

5578	under this chapter by:
5579	[(i)] (a) identifying goods and services that are available from community rehabilitation
5580	programs [according to the requirements under Subsection (4)] in accordance with the
5581	requirements of Subsection (7);
5582	[(ii)] (b) approving prices in accordance with Subsection [(4)] (7)(c) for goods and
5583	services that are identified under Subsection $[(2)(b)(i)]$ $(4)(a)$;
5584	[(iii)] (c) developing, maintaining, and approving a preferred procurement contract list
5585	of goods and services identified and priced under Subsections [(2)(b)(i) and (ii)] (4)(a) and (b);
5586	[(iv)] (d) reviewing bids received by a community rehabilitation program; and
5587	[(v)] (e) awarding and renewing specified contracts for set contract times, without
5588	competitive bidding, for the purchase of goods and services under Subsection [(4)] (7).
5589	[(c)] (5) The provisions of Subsections $[(2)(b)]$ (4) and $[(4)]$ (7)(a) are an exception to
5590	the procurement provisions under this chapter.
5591	[(3)] (6) (a) The advisory board may designate a central not-for-profit association,
5592	appoint its members, and establish guidelines for its duties.
5593	(b) The designated central not-for-profit association serves at the pleasure of the
5594	advisory board [and the]. The central not-for-profit association or its individual members may
5595	be removed by the <u>advisory</u> board at any time by a majority vote of the <u>advisory</u> board.
5596	(c) Subject to the board guidelines and discretion, a designated central not-for-profit
5597	association may be assigned to perform the following duties:
5598	(i) identify qualified community rehabilitation programs and the goods and services
5599	that they provide or have the potential to provide;
5600	(ii) help ensure that goods and services are provided at reasonable quality and delivery
5601	levels;
5602	(iii) recommend pricing for goods and services;
5603	(iv) [reviewing] review bids and [recommending] recommend the award of contracts
5604	under the board's direction;
5605	(v) [collecting and reporting] collect and report program data to the advisory board and
5606	to the division; and
5607	(vi) other duties specified by the <u>advisory</u> board.

[(4)] (7) Except as provided under Subsection [(6)] (9), notwithstanding any provision

5609	[in] of this chapter to the contrary, each public procurement unit shall purchase goods and
5610	services produced by a community rehabilitation program using the preferred procurement
5611	contract list approved under Subsection $[\frac{(2)(b)(iii)}{(4)(c)}]$ if:
5612	(a) the good or service offered for sale by a community rehabilitation program
5613	reasonably conforms to the needs and specifications of the public procurement unit;
5614	(b) the community rehabilitation program can supply the good or service within a
5615	reasonable time; and
5616	(c) the price of the good or service is reasonably competitive with the cost of procuring
5617	the good or service from another source.
5618	[(5)] (8) Each community rehabilitation program:
5619	(a) may submit a bid to the advisory board at any time and not necessarily in response
5620	to [a request] an invitation for bids; and
5621	(b) shall certify on any bid it submits to the advisory board or to a public procurement
5622	unit under this section that it is claiming a preference under this section.
5623	[(6)] (9) During a fiscal year, the requirement for a public procurement unit to purchase
5624	goods and services produced by a community rehabilitation program under the preferred
5625	procurement list under Subsection [(4)] (7) does not apply if the [Division of Purchasing and
5626	General Services] division determines that the total amount of procurement contracts with
5627	community rehabilitation programs has reached \$5 million for that fiscal year.
5628	$[\frac{7}{2}]$ (10) In the case of conflict between a purchase under this section and a purchase
5629	under Section [63G-6-423] <u>63G-6a-804</u> , this section prevails.
5630	Section 136. Section 63G-6a-901 is enacted to read:
5631	Part 9. Cancellations, Rejections, and Debarment
5632	<u>63G-6a-901.</u> Title.
5633	This part is known as "Cancellations, Rejections, and Debarment."
5634	Section 137. Section 63G-6a-902, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-412 is
5635	renumbered and amended to read:
5636	[63G-6-412]. <u>63G-6a-902.</u> Cancellation and rejection of bids and
5637	proposals.
5638	[An] (1) An authorized purchasing entity may cancel an invitation for bids, a request
5639	for proposals, or other solicitation [may be cancelled, or any or all bids or proposals may be

5640	rejected] or reject any or all bids or proposal responses, in whole or in part, as may be specified			
5641	in the solicitation, when it is in the best interests of the [state] public procurement unit in			
5642	accordance with [rules and regulations] the rules of the applicable rulemaking authority.			
5643	(2) The reasons for a cancellation or rejection described in Subsection (1) shall be			
5644	made part of the contract file.			
5645	Section 138. Section 63G-6a-903, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-413 is			
5646	renumbered and amended to read:			
5647	[63G-6-413]. <u>63G-6a-903.</u> Determination of nonresponsibility of bidder or			
5648	offeror.			
5649	(1) A [written] determination of nonresponsibility of a bidder or offeror made by an			
5650	authorized purchasing entity shall be made in writing, in accordance with [rules and			
5651	regulations] the rules of the applicable rulemaking authority.			
5652	(2) The unreasonable failure of a bidder or offeror to promptly supply information in			
5653	connection with an inquiry with respect to responsibility may be grounds for a determination of			
5654	nonresponsibility with respect to the bidder or offeror. [Information]			
5655	(3) Subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management			
5656	Act, information furnished by a bidder or offeror pursuant to this section [shall] may not be			
5657	disclosed outside of the [purchasing division or the purchasing agency] public procurement			
5658	unit or authorized purchasing entity without prior written consent by the bidder or offeror.			
5659	Section 139. Section 63G-6a-904, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-804 is			
5660	renumbered and amended to read:			
5661	[63G-6-804]. 63G-6a-904. Debarment from consideration for award of			
5662	contracts Causes for debarment.			
5663	(1) After reasonable notice to the person involved and reasonable opportunity for that			
5664	person to be heard, [the chief procurement officer or the head of a purchasing agency,] a			
5665	procurement officer or the head of an authorized purchasing entity may, after consultation with			
5666	the [using agency and] public procurement unit and, if the public procurement unit is in the			
5667	state executive branch, the attorney general[, shall have authority to]:			
5668	(a) debar a person for cause from consideration for award of contracts[. The debarment			
5669	shall not be for a period exceeding three years. The same officer, after consultation with the			
5670	using agency and the attorney general shall have authority to I for a period not to exceed three			

30/1	<u>years; or</u>		
5672	(b) suspend a person from consideration for award of contracts if there is probable		
5673	cause to believe that the person has engaged in any activity [which] that might lead to		
5674	debarment. [The suspension shall]		
5675	(2) A suspension described in Subsection (1)(b) may not be for a period exceeding		
5676	three months, unless an indictment has been issued for an offense which would be a cause for		
5677	debarment under Subsection [(2)] (3), in which case the suspension shall, at the request of the		
5678	attorney general, remain in effect until after the trial of the suspended person.		
5679	[(2)] (3) The causes for debarment include the following:		
5680	(a) conviction of a criminal offense as an incident to obtaining or attempting to obtain a		
5681	public or private contract or subcontract or in the performance of [such] a public or private		
5682	contract or subcontract;		
5683	(b) conviction under state or federal statutes of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery,		
5684	falsification or destruction of records, receiving stolen property, or any other offense indicating		
5685	a lack of business integrity or business honesty which currently, seriously, and directly affects		
5686	responsibility as a state contractor;		
5687	(c) conviction under state or federal antitrust statutes;		
5688	(d) failure without good cause to perform in accordance with the terms of the contract;		
5689	[or]		
5690	(e) a violation of this chapter, including Part 22, Ethical Requirements; or		
5691	[(e)] (f) any other cause the [chief] procurement officer, or the head of [a purchasing		
5692	agency] an authorized purchasing entity determines to be so serious and compelling as to affect		
5693	responsibility as a state contractor, including debarment by another governmental entity [for		
5694	any cause listed in rules and regulations].		
5695	Section 140. Section 63G-6a-1001 is enacted to read:		
5696	Part 10. Preferences		
5697	<u>63G-6a-1001.</u> Title.		
5698	This part is known as "Preferences."		
5699	Section 141. Section 63G-6a-1002, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-404 is		
5700	renumbered and amended to read:		
5701	[63G-6-404]. <u>63G-6a-1002.</u> Reciprocal preference for providers of state		

products.

- (1) (a) [All public procurement units shall, in all purchases of goods, supplies, equipment, materials, and printing] An authorized purchasing entity shall, for all procurements, give a reciprocal preference to those bidders offering [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items that are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in Utah [as against] over those bidders offering [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items that are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in any state that gives or requires a preference to [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items that are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in that state.
- (b) The amount of reciprocal preference shall be equal to the amount of the preference applied by the other state for that particular [good, supply, equipment, material, or printing] procurement item.
- (c) [(i) The] In order to receive a reciprocal preference under this section, the bidder shall certify on the bid that the [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items offered are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in Utah.
- [(ii)] (d) The reciprocal preference is waived if [that] the certification described in Subsection (1)(c) does not appear on the bid.
- (2) (a) If the bidder submitting the lowest responsive and responsible bid offers [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items that are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in a state that gives or requires a preference, and if another bidder has submitted a responsive and responsible bid offering [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items that are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in Utah, and with the benefit of the reciprocal preference, [his] the bid of the other bidder is equal to or less than the original lowest bid, the [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity shall:
- (i) give notice to the bidder offering [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items that are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in Utah that the bidder qualifies as a preferred bidder; and
- (ii) make the purchase from the preferred bidder if[;] the bidder agrees, in writing, to meet the low bid within 72 hours after notification that the bidder is a preferred bidder.

- 5733 (b) The [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity shall include the exact price
 5734 submitted by the lowest bidder in the notice the [procurement officer] authorized purchasing
 5735 entity submits to the preferred bidder.
 5736 (c) The [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity may not enter into a
 - (c) The [procurement officer] <u>authorized purchasing entity</u> may not enter into a contract with any other bidder for the purchase until 72 hours have elapsed after notification to the preferred bidder.
 - (3) (a) If there is more than one preferred bidder, the [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity shall award the contract to the willing preferred bidder who was the lowest preferred bidder originally.
 - (b) If there were two or more equally low preferred bidders, the [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity shall comply with the rules [adopted by the Procurement Policy Board] of the applicable rulemaking authority to determine which bidder should be awarded the contract.
 - (4) The provisions of this section do not apply if application of this section might jeopardize the receipt of federal funds.
 - Section 142. Section **63G-6a-1003**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-405 is renumbered and amended to read:

5750 [63G-6-405]. 63G-6a-1003. Preference for resident contractors.

- (1) As used in this section, "resident contractor" means a person, partnership, corporation, or other business entity that:
 - (a) either has its principal place of business in Utah or that employs workers who are residents of this state when available; and
 - (b) was transacting business on the date when bids for the public contract were first solicited.
 - (2) (a) When awarding contracts for construction, [a public procurement unit] an authorized purchasing entity shall grant a resident contractor a reciprocal preference [as against] over a nonresident contractor from any state that gives or requires a preference to contractors from that state.
 - (b) The amount of the reciprocal preference shall be equal to the amount of the preference applied by the state of the nonresident contractor.
 - (3) (a) [The] In order to receive the reciprocal preference under this section, the bidder

shall certify on the bid that the bidder qualifies as a resident contractor.

- (b) The reciprocal preference is waived if [that] the certification described in Subsection (2)(a) does not appear on the bid.
- (4) (a) If the contractor submitting the lowest responsive and responsible bid is not a resident contractor [and has his] whose principal place of business [in any] is in a state that gives or requires a preference to contractors from that state, and if a resident contractor has also submitted a responsive and responsible bid, and, with the benefit of the reciprocal preference, the resident contractor's bid is equal to or less than the original lowest bid, the [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity shall:
- (i) give notice to the resident contractor that the resident contractor qualifies as a preferred resident contractor; and
- (ii) issue the contract to the resident contractor if the resident contractor agrees, in writing, to meet the low bid within 72 hours after notification that the resident contractor is a preferred resident contractor.
- (b) The [procurement officer] <u>authorized purchasing entity</u> shall include the exact price submitted by the lowest bidder in the notice [the procurement officer] <u>that the authorized</u> <u>purchasing entity</u> submits to the preferred resident contractor.
- (c) The [procurement officer] <u>authorized purchasing entity</u> may not enter into a contract with any other bidder for the construction until 72 hours have elapsed after notification to the preferred resident contractor.
- (5) (a) If there is more than one preferred resident contractor, the [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity shall award the contract to the willing preferred resident contractor who was the lowest preferred resident contractor originally.
- (b) If there were two or more equally low preferred resident contractors, the [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity shall comply with the rules [adopted by the Procurement Policy Board] of the applicable rulemaking authority to determine which bidder should be awarded the contract.
- (6) The provisions of this section do not apply if application of this section might jeopardize the receipt of federal funds.
- Section 143. Section **63G-6a-1004** is enacted to read:
- 5794 <u>63G-6a-1004.</u> Exception for federally funded contracts.

renumbered and amended to read:

5795	This part does not apply to the extent it conflicts with federal requirements relating to a			
5796	procurement that involves the expenditure of federal assistance, federal contract funds, or			
5797	federal financial participation funds.			
5798	Section 144. Section 63G-6a-1101 is enacted to read:			
5799	Part 11. Bonds			
5800	<u>63G-6a-1101.</u> Title.			
5801	This part is known as "Bonds."			
5802	Section 145. Section 63G-6a-1102, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-504 is			
5803	renumbered and amended to read:			
5804	[63G-6-504]. 63G-6a-1102. Bid security requirements Directed			
5805	suretyship prohibited Penalty.			
5806	(1) Bid security in an amount equal to at least 5% of the amount of the bid shall be			
5807	required for all competitive [sealed] bidding for construction contracts. Bid security shall be a			
5808	bond provided by a surety company authorized to do business in this state, the equivalent in			
5809	cash, or any other form satisfactory to the state.			
5810	(2) When a bidder fails to comply with the requirement for bid security [set forth]			
5811	described in the invitation for bids, the bid shall be rejected unless, pursuant to rules[, it is			
5812	determined] of the applicable rulemaking authority, the authorized purchasing entity			
5813	determines that the failure to comply with the security requirements is nonsubstantial.			
5814	(3) After the bids are opened, they shall be irrevocable for the period specified in the			
5815	invitation for bids, except as provided in [Subsection 63G-6-401(6)] Section 63G-6a-605. If a			
5816	bidder is permitted to withdraw a bid before award, no action shall be taken against the bidder			
5817	or the bid security.			
5818	(4) (a) When issuing an invitation for a bid under this chapter, the [chief] procurement			
5819	officer or the head of [the purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity responsible for			
5820	carrying out a construction project may not require a person or entity who is bidding for a			
5821	contract to obtain a bond of the type [referred to] described in Subsection (1) from a specific			
5822	insurance or surety company, producer, agent, or broker.			
5823	(b) A person who violates Subsection (4)(a) is guilty of an infraction.			
5824	Section 146. Section 63G-6a-1103, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-505 is			

- 5826 [63G-6-505]. <u>63G-6a-1103.</u> Bonds necessary when contract is awarded --5827 Waiver -- Action -- Attorney fees.
 - (1) When a construction contract is awarded under this chapter, the contractor to whom the contract is awarded shall deliver the following bonds or security to the state, which shall become binding on the parties upon the execution of the contract:
 - (a) a performance bond satisfactory to the state that is in an amount equal to 100% of the price specified in the contract and is executed by a surety company authorized to do business in this state or any other form satisfactory to the state; and
 - (b) a payment bond satisfactory to the state that is in an amount equal to 100% of the price specified in the contract and is executed by a surety company authorized to do business in this state or any other form satisfactory to the state, which is for the protection of each person supplying labor, service, equipment, or material for the performance of the work provided for in the contract.
 - (2) (a) When a construction contract is awarded under this chapter, the [chief] procurement officer or the head of the [purchasing agency] authorized purchasing entity responsible for carrying out [a] the construction project may not require a contractor to whom a contract is awarded to obtain a bond of the types referred to in Subsection (1) from a specific insurance or surety company, producer, agent, or broker.
 - (b) A person who violates Subsection (2)(a) is guilty of an infraction.
 - (3) Rules of the applicable rulemaking authority may provide for waiver of the requirement of a bid, performance, or payment bond for circumstances in which the [state] procurement officer considers any or all of the bonds to be unnecessary to protect the [state] public procurement unit.
 - (4) A person shall have a right of action on a payment bond under this section for any unpaid amount due [him] to the person if:
 - (a) the person has furnished labor, service, equipment, or material for the work provided for in the contract for which the payment bond is furnished under this section; and
 - (b) the person has not been paid in full within 90 days after the last [date] day on which the person performed the labor or service or supplied the equipment or material for which the claim is made.
 - (5) An action upon a payment bond [shall] may only be brought in a court of

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5857	competent jurisdiction in	[any] a county where the	construction contract was	to be perfe	ormed
5858	[and not elsewhere]. The	action is barred if not co	ommenced within one year	after the la	ast day
5859	on which the claimant pe	rformed the labor or serv	ice or supplied the equipme	ent or mate	erial on
5860	which the claim is based	The obligee named in the	ne bond need not be joined	as a party	to the
5861	action.				
5862	(6) In any suit up	on a payment bond, the c	ourt shall award reasonable	e attorney	fees to
5863	the prevailing party, which	th fees shall be taxed as c	osts in the action.		
5864	Section 147. Sec	tion 63G-6a-1104 , which	is renumbered from Section	on 63G-6-:	506 is
5865	renumbered and amended	l to read:			
5866	[63G-6-506].	<u>63G-6a-1104.</u> Prel	iminary notice requireme	ent.	
5867	(1) Any person f	arnishing labor, service, e	equipment, or material for v	which a pa	yment

- bond claim may be made under this chapter shall provide preliminary notice to the designated agent as prescribed by Section 38-1-32.5, except that this section does not apply:
 - (a) to a person performing labor for wages; or
- (b) if a notice of commencement is not filed as prescribed in Section 38-1-31.5 for the project or improvement for which labor, service, equipment, or material is furnished.
- (2) Any person who fails to provide the preliminary notice required by Subsection (1) may not make a payment bond claim under this chapter.
- (3) The preliminary notice required by Subsection (1) must be provided before commencement of any action on the payment bond.
- Section 148. Section **63G-6a-1105**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-507 is renumbered and amended to read:

5879 [63G-6-507]. 63G-6a-1105. Form of bonds -- Effect of certified copy.

The form of the bonds required by this part shall be established by [rules and regulations rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority. Any person may obtain from the state a certified copy of a bond upon payment of the cost of reproduction of the bond and postage, if any. A certified copy of a bond shall be prima facie evidence of the contents, execution, and delivery of the original.

Section 149. Section **63G-6a-1201** is enacted to read:

Part 12. Contracts and Change Orders

5887 63G-6a-1201. Title.

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5888	This part is known as "Contracts and Change Orders."		
5889	Section 150. Section 63G-6a-1202, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-601 is		
5890	renumbered and amended to read:		
5891	[63G-6-601]. <u>63G-6a-1202.</u> Required contract clauses Computation of		
5892	price adjustments Use of rules and regulations.		
5893	(1) [Rules and regulations] The rules of the applicable rulemaking authority shall		
5894	require for state construction contracts, and may permit or require for [state] contracts for		
5895	supplies and services, the inclusion of clauses providing for adjustments in prices, time of		
5896	performance, or other appropriate contract provisions, and covering the following subjects:		
5897	(a) the unilateral right of the [state] procurement officer to order in writing changes in		
5898	the work within the scope of the contract and changes in the time of performance of the		
5899	contract that do not alter the scope of the contract work;		
5900	(b) variations occurring between estimated quantities of work in a contract and actual		
5901	quantities;		
5902	(c) suspension of work ordered by the [state] procurement officer; and		
5903	(d) site conditions differing from those indicated in the construction contract, or		
5904	ordinarily encountered, except that differing site conditions clauses required by the rules [and		
5905	regulations] need not be included in a construction contract when:		
5906	(i) the contract is negotiated[, when];		
5907	(ii) the contractor provides the site or design[, or when]; or		
5908	(iii) the parties have otherwise agreed with respect to the risk of differing site		
5909	conditions.		
5910	(2) Adjustments in price pursuant to clauses [promulgated under] described in		
5911	Subsection (1) shall be computed in one or more of the following ways:		
5912	(a) by agreement on a fixed price adjustment before commencement of the pertinent		
5913	performance or as soon thereafter as practicable;		
5914	(b) by unit prices specified in the contract or subsequently agreed upon;		
5915	(c) by the costs attributable to the events or situations under the clauses with		
5916	adjustment of profit or fee, all as specified in the contract or subsequently agreed upon;		
5917	(d) in any other manner as the contracting parties may mutually agree; or		
5918	(e) in the absence of agreement by the parties, by a unilateral determination by the		

5919	[state] procurement officer of the costs attributable to the events or situations under the clauses
5920	with adjustment of profit or fee, all as computed by the [state] procurement officer in
5921	accordance with applicable [sections of the] rules and [regulations issued under Subsection
5922	63G-6-415(1) and] subject to the provisions of Part [8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 17,
5923	Procurement Appeals Board, and Part 18, Appeals to Court and Court Proceedings.
5924	(3) A contractor shall be required to submit cost or pricing data if any adjustment in
5925	contract price is subject to the provisions of Section [63G-6-415] <u>63G-6a-1206</u> .
5926	(4) [Rules and regulations] The rules of the applicable rulemaking authority shall
5927	require for [state] construction contracts, and may permit or require for [state] contracts for
5928	supplies and services, the inclusion of clauses providing for appropriate remedies and covering
5929	at least the following subjects:
5930	(a) liquidated damages as appropriate;
5931	(b) specified excuses for delay or nonperformance;
5932	(c) termination of the contract for default; and
5933	(d) termination of the contract in whole or in part for the convenience of the [state]
5934	public procurement unit.
5935	(5) The contract clauses [promulgated under] described in this section shall be [set
5936	forth in rules and regulations] established by rule. However, the [chief] procurement officer or
5937	the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity may modify the clauses for
5938	inclusion in any particular contract. [Any] The applicable rulemaking authority may, by rule,
5939	require that:
5940	(a) variations [shall] be supported by a written determination that describes the
5941	circumstances justifying the variations[;]; and
5942	(b) notice of any material variation shall be included in the invitation for bids or
5943	request for proposals.
5944	Section 151. Section 63G-6a-1203 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-603 is
5945	renumbered and amended to read:
5946	[63G-6-603]. <u>63G-6a-1203.</u> Contracts Certain indemnification
5947	provisions forbidden.
5948	(1) As used in this section, "design professional" means:

(a) an architect, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 3a, Architects Licensing Act;

5950	(b) a landscape architect, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 53, Landscape Architects
5951	Licensing Act; and
5952	(c) a professional engineer or professional land surveyor, licensed under Title 58,
5953	Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act.
5954	(2) (a) [Beginning May 12, 2009, a] A contract, including an amendment to an existing
5955	contract, entered into under [authority of] this chapter may not require that a design
5956	professional indemnify another from liability claims that arise out of the design professional's
5957	services, unless the liability claim arises from the design professional's negligent act, wrongful
5958	act, error or omission, or other liability imposed by law.
5959	(b) Subsection (2)(a) may not be waived by contract.
5960	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (2)(a) and (b), a design professional may be required
5961	to indemnify a person for whom the design professional has direct or indirect control or
5962	responsibility.
5963	Section 152. Section 63G-6a-1204 is enacted to read:
5964	63G-6a-1204. Multiyear contracts.
5965	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a public procurement unit may enter into a
5966	multiyear contract resulting from an invitation for bids or a request for proposals, if:
5967	(a) the procurement officer determines, in the discretion of the procurement officer,
5968	that entering into a multiyear contract is in the best interest of the public procurement unit; and
5969	(b) the invitation for bids or request for proposals:
5970	(i) states the term of the contract, including all possible renewals of the contract;
5971	(ii) states the conditions for renewal of the contract; and
5972	(iii) includes the provisions of Subsections (3) through (5) that are applicable to the
5973	contract.
5974	(2) In making the determination described in Subsection (1)(a), the procurement officer
5975	shall consider whether entering into a multiyear contract will:
5976	(a) result in significant savings to the public procurement unit, including:
5977	(i) reduction of the administrative burden in procuring, negotiating, or administering
5978	contracts;
5979	(ii) continuity in operations of the public procurement unit; or
5980	(iii) the ability to obtain a volume or term discount;

5981	(b) encourage participation by a person who might not otherwise be willing or able to
5982	compete for a shorter term contract; or
5983	(c) provide an incentive for a bidder or offeror to improve productivity through capital
5984	investment or better technology.
5985	(3) (a) The determination described in Subsection (1)(a) is discretionary and is not
5986	required to be in writing or otherwise recorded.
5987	(b) Except as provided in Subsections (4) and (5), notwithstanding any provision of an
5988	invitation for bids, a request for proposals, or a contract to the contrary, a multiyear contract,
5989	including a contract that was awarded outside of an invitation for bids or request for proposals
5990	process, may not continue or be renewed for any year after the first year of the multiyear
5991	contract if adequate funds are not appropriated to continue or renew the contract.
5992	(4) A multiyear contract that is funded solely by federal funds may be continued or
5993	renewed for any year after the first year of the multiyear contract if:
5994	(a) adequate funds to continue or renew the contract have not been, but are expected to
5995	be appropriated by, and received from, the federal government;
5996	(b) continuation or renewal of the contract before the money is appropriated or
5997	received is permitted by the federal government; and
5998	(c) the contract states that it may be cancelled, without penalty, if the anticipated
5999	federal funds are not appropriated or received.
6000	(5) A multiyear contract that is funded in part by federal funds may be continued or
6001	renewed for any year after the first year of the multiyear contract if:
6002	(a) the portion of the contract that is to be funded by funds of a public entity are
6003	appropriated;
6004	(b) adequate federal funds to continue or renew the contract have not been, but are
6005	expected to be, appropriated by, and received from, the federal government;
6006	(c) continuation or renewal of the contract before the federal money is appropriated or
6007	received is permitted by the federal government; and
6008	(d) the contract states that it may be cancelled, without penalty, if the anticipated
6009	federal funds are not appropriated or received.
6010	(6) A public procurement unit may not continue or renew a multiyear contract after the
6011	end of the multiyear contract term or the renewal periods described in the contract, unless the

6012	public procurement unit engages in a new procurement process or complies with an exception,
6013	described in this chapter, to using a standard procurement process.
6014	(7) A multiyear contract, including any renewal periods, may not exceed a period of
6015	five years, unless:
6016	(a) the procurement officer determines, in writing, that:
6017	(i) a longer period is necessary in order to obtain the procurement item;
6018	(ii) a longer period is customary for industry standards; or
6019	(iii) a longer period is in the best interest of the public procurement unit; and
6020	(b) the written determination described in subsection (7)(a) is included in the file
6021	relating to the procurement.
6022	(8) This section does not apply to a contract for the design or construction of a facility,
6023	a road, or a public transit project.
6024	Section 153. Section 63G-6a-1205 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-416 is
6025	renumbered and amended to read:
6026	[63G-6-416]. 63G-6a-1205. Cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost contract
6027	prohibited.
6028	(1) [Subject to the limitations of] Except as otherwise provided in this section, a public
6029	procurement unit may use any type of contract [which] that will promote the best interests of
6030	the state [may be used; provided that the use of].
6031	(2) A public procurement unit may not use a cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost contract [is
6032	prohibited. A].
6033	(3) A public procurement unit may not use a cost-reimbursement contract [may be used
6034	only when a determination is made in writing that such] unless the procurement officer makes a
6035	written determination that:
6036	(a) the contract is likely to be less costly to the [state] public procurement unit than any
6037	other type of contract; or [that]
6038	(b) it is impracticable to obtain the [supplies, services, or construction required except
6039	under such a] procurement item under another type of contract.
6040	[(2) Except with respect to firm fixed-price contracts, no contract type shall be used
6041	unless it has been determined in writing by the chief procurement officer, the head of a
6042	purchasing agency, or a designee of either officer that:

6043	(4) A procurement officer, the head of an authorized procurement entity, or a designee
6044	of either, may not use a type of contract, other than a firm fixed-price contract, unless the
6045	procurement officer makes a written determination that:
6046	(a) the proposed contractor's accounting system will permit timely development of all
6047	necessary cost data in the form required by the specific contract type contemplated; and
6048	(b) the proposed contractor's accounting system is adequate to allocate costs in
6049	accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
6050	Section 154. Section 63G-6a-1206, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-415 is
6051	renumbered and amended to read:
6052	[63G-6-415]. <u>63G-6a-1206.</u> Rules and regulations to determine allowable
6053	incurred costs Required information Auditing of books.
6054	[(1) Rules and regulations may be promulgated to set forth cost principles to be used to
6055	determine the allowability of incurred costs for the purpose of reimbursing costs under contract
6056	provisions which provide for the reimbursement of costs; provided that if a written
6057	determination is approved at a level above the procurement officer, the cost principles may be
6058	modified by contract.]
6059	[(2) A person shall, except as provided in Subsection (4), submit cost or pricing data
6060	and shall certify that, to the best of the person's knowledge and belief, the cost or pricing data
6061	submitted were accurate, complete, and current as of a mutually determined specified date prior
6062	to the date of:]
6063	(1) (a) The applicable rulemaking authority may, by rule, establish the cost principles
6064	to be included in a cost-reimbursement contract to determine incurred costs for the purpose of
6065	calculating a reimbursement.
6066	(b) The cost principles established by rule under Subsection (1)(a) may be modified, by
6067	contract, if the procurement officer or head of the authorized procurement entity approves the
6068	modification.
6069	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a person who seeks to be, or is, a party in a
6070	cost-based contract with a public procurement unit shall:
6071	(a) submit cost or pricing data relating to determining the cost or pricing amount; and
6072	(b) certify that, to the best of the contractor's knowledge and belief, the cost or pricing
6073	data submitted is accurate and complete as of the date specified by the public procurement unit.

pricing data, contract, or subcontract. The].

6074	(3) The procurement officer shall ensure that the date specified under Subsection (2)(b)
6075	is before:
6076	(a) the pricing of any contract awarded by [competitive sealed proposals] a
6077	procurement process or pursuant to [the] a sole source procurement [authority, where], if the
6078	total contract price is expected to exceed an amount established by [rules and regulations] rule
6079	made by the applicable rulemaking authority; or
6080	(b) the pricing of any change order [which] that is expected to exceed an amount
6081	established by [rules and regulations] rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority.
6082	[(3) Any] (4) A contract or change order [under which a certificate is required shall
6083	contain] that requires a certification described in Subsection (2) shall include a provision that
6084	the price to the [state] public procurement unit, including profit or fee, shall be adjusted to
6085	exclude any significant sums by which the [state] public procurement unit finds that the price
6086	was increased because the [contractor-furnished] contractor provided cost or pricing data
6087	[were] that was inaccurate, incomplete, or not current as of the date [agreed upon between the
6088	parties] specified by the procurement officer.
6089	[(4) The requirements of Subsections (2) and (3) need not be applied to contracts:]
6090	(5) A public procurement unit is not required to comply with Subsection (2) if:
6091	(a) [where] the contract price is based on adequate price competition;
6092	(b) [where] the contract price is based on established catalogue prices or market prices;
6093	(c) [where contract prices are] the contract price is set by law or [regulation] rule; or
6094	(d) [where it is determined] the procurement states, in writing:
6095	(i) that, in accordance with rules [and regulations that] made by the applicable
6096	rulemaking authority, the requirements of [this section] Subsection (2) may be waived[;]; and
6097	(ii) the reasons for [such] the waiver [are stated in writing].
6098	[(5)] (6) The [state] procurement officer may, at reasonable times and places, only to
6099	the extent that the books and records relate to the applicable cost or pricing data, audit the
6100	books and records of [any]:
6101	(a) a person who has submitted cost or pricing data pursuant to this section; or [any]
6102	(b) a contractor or subcontractor under [any negotiated] a contract or subcontract other
6103	than a firm fixed-price contract [to the extent that the books and records relate to the cost or

6105	(7) Unless a shorter time is provided for by contract:
6106	(a) a person described in Subsection (6)(a) shall maintain the books and records [shall
6107	be maintained by the contractor] described in Subsection (6) for three years [following the end
6108	of] after the day on which the fiscal year in which final payment is made under the [prime
6109	contract and by the subcontractor for three years following the end of the] contract ends;
6110	(b) a contractor shall maintain the books and records described in Subsection (6) for
6111	three years after the day on which the fiscal year in which final payment under the prime
6112	contract ends; and
6113	(c) a subcontractor shall maintain the books and records described in Subsection (6) for
6114	three years after the day on which the fiscal year in which final payment is made under the
6115	subcontract[, unless a shorter period is otherwise authorized in writing] ends.
6116	Section 155. Section 63G-6a-1207, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-602 is
6117	renumbered and amended to read:
6118	[63G-6-602]. Certification of change order.
6119	(1) Under a construction contract, [any] a change order [which] that increases the
6120	contract amount [shall be subject to] may not be made without prior written certification that
6121	the change order is within the determined project or contract budget[. The certification shall be
6122	made] by:
6123	(a) the fiscal officer of the entity responsible for funding the project or [the] contract;
6124	or [other]
6125	(b) the official responsible for monitoring and reporting upon the status of the costs of
6126	the total project or contract budget. [If the certification discloses a resulting]
6127	(2) If a change order will result in an increase in the total project or contract budget,
6128	[the procurement officer shall not execute or make] the change order <u>may not be made</u> , unless:
6129	(a) sufficient funds are [available] added to the project contract or budget; or
6130	(b) the scope of the project or contract is adjusted to permit the degree of completion
6131	feasible within the total project or contract budget as it existed [prior to] before the change
6132	order under consideration. [However, with respect to the validity, as to the contractor, of any
6133	executed change order upon which the contractor has reasonably relied, it shall be presumed
6134	that there has been compliance with the provisions of this section.]
6135	(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, it shall be presumed that this

6136	section has been complied with if the contractor reasonably relies on an executed change order.
6137	Section 156. Section 63G-6a-1301 is enacted to read:
6138	Part 13. General Construction Provisions
6139	<u>63G-6a-1301.</u> Title.
6140	This part is known as "General Construction Provisions."
6141	Section 157. Section 63G-6a-1302, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-501 is
6142	renumbered and amended to read:
6143	[63G-6-501]. 63G-6a-1302. Alternative methods of construction
6144	contracting management.
6145	(1) [(a) Rules shall] The applicable rulemaking authority shall, by rule provide as many
6146	alternative methods of construction contracting management as determined to be feasible.
6147	[(b) These rules shall:]
6148	(2) The rules described in Subsection (1) shall:
6149	[(i)] (a) grant to the [chief] procurement officer or the head of the state purchasing
6150	[agency] unit responsible for carrying out the construction project the discretion to select the
6151	appropriate method of construction contracting management for a particular project; and
6152	[(ii)] (b) require the procurement officer to execute and include in the contract file a
6153	written statement [setting forth] describing the facts [which] that led to the selection of a
6154	particular method of construction contracting management for each project.
6155	[(c)] (3) Before choosing a construction contracting management method, the [chief]
6156	procurement officer or the head of the <u>state</u> purchasing [agency] <u>unit</u> responsible for carrying
6157	out the construction project shall consider the following factors:
6158	[(i)] (a) when the project must be ready to be occupied;
6159	[(ii)] (b) the type of project;
6160	[(iii)] (c) the extent to which the requirements of the [procuring agencies] public
6161	procurement unit, and the [ways in which] way they are to be met are known;
6162	[(iv)] (d) the location of the project;
6163	[(v)] (e) the size, scope, complexity, and economics of the project;
6164	[(vi)] (f) the source of funding and any resulting constraints necessitated by the funding
6165	source;
6166	[(vii)] (g) the availability, qualification, and experience of [state] public personnel to

6167	be assigned to the project and [how much time the state] the amount of time that the public
6168	personnel can devote to the project; and
6169	[(viii)] (h) the availability, qualifications, and experience of outside consultants and
6170	contractors to complete the project under the various methods being considered.
6171	[(2) (a) Rules adopted by state public procurement units and local public procurement
6172	units to implement this section may authorize the use of a Construction Manager/General
6173	Contractor as one method of construction contracting management.
6174	[(b) Those rules shall require that:]
6175	[(i) the Construction Manager/General Contractor shall be selected using one of the
6176	source selection methods provided for in Part 4, Source Selections and Contract Formation,
6177	and Section 63G-6-502; and]
6178	[(ii) when entering into any subcontract that was not specifically included in the
6179	Construction Manager/General Contractor's cost proposal submitted under the requirements of
6180	Subsection (2)(b)(i), the Construction Manager/General Contractor shall procure that
6181	subcontractor by using one of the source selection methods provided for in Part 4, Source
6182	Selections and Contract Formation, in the same manner as if the subcontract work was
6183	procured directly by the state.]
6184	(4) An applicable rulemaking authority may make rules that authorize the use of a
6185	construction manager/general contractor as one method of construction contracting
6186	management.
6187	(5) The rules described in Subsection (2) shall require that:
6188	(a) the construction manager/general contractor be selected using:
6189	(i) a procurement process; or
6190	(ii) an exception to the requirement to use a procurement process; and
6191	(b) when entering into a subcontract that was not specifically included in the
6192	construction manager/general contractor's cost proposal, the construction manager/general
6193	contractor shall procure the subcontractor by using a procurement process, or an exception to
6194	the requirement to use a procurement process, in the same manner as if the subcontract work
6195	was procured directly by the public procurement unit.
6196	[(3)] (6) Procurement rules adopted by the State Building Board under [Subsection (1)]
6197	Subsections (1) through (3) for state building construction projects may authorize the use of a

6198	design-build provider as one method of construction contracting management.
6199	(7) A design-build contract may include a provision for obtaining the site for the
6200	construction project.
6201	(8) A design-build contract or a construction manager/general contractor contract may
6202	include provision by the contractor of operations, maintenance, or financing.
6203	Section 158. Section 63G-6a-1303, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-604 is
6204	renumbered and amended to read:
6205	[63G-6-604]. 63G-6a-1303. Drug and alcohol testing required for state
6206	construction contracts.
6207	(1) As used in this section:
6208	(a) "Contractor" means a person who is or may be awarded a state construction
6209	contract.
6210	(b) "Covered individual" means an individual who:
6211	(i) on behalf of a contractor or subcontractor provides services directly related to
6212	design or construction under a state construction contract; and
6213	(ii) is in a safety sensitive position, including a design position that has responsibilities
6214	that directly affect the safety of an improvement to real property that is the subject of a state
6215	construction contract.
6216	(c) "Drug and alcohol testing policy" means a policy under which a contractor or
6217	subcontractor tests a covered individual to establish, maintain, or enforce the prohibition of:
6218	(i) the manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of drugs or alcohol,
6219	except the medically prescribed possession and use of a drug; or
6220	(ii) the impairment of judgment or physical abilities due to the use of drugs or alcohol.
6221	(d) "Random testing" means that a covered individual is subject to periodic testing for
6222	drugs and alcohol:
6223	(i) in accordance with a drug and alcohol testing policy; and
6224	(ii) on the basis of a random selection process.
6225	[(e) For purposes of Subsection (6), "state" includes any of the following of the state:]
6226	(e) "State executive entity" means:
6227	(i) a state executive branch:
6228	[(i) a] (A) department;

6229	$\left[\frac{(11)}{a}\right]$ (B) division;
6230	[(iii) an] (C) agency;
6231	$\left[\frac{\text{(iv)}}{a}\right] \left(\underline{D}\right)$ board;
6232	[(v) a] (E) commission;
6233	$\left[\frac{\text{(vi)}}{a}\right] \left(\frac{\text{F}}{\text{Council}}\right)$;
6234	[(vii) a] (G) committee; [and] or
6235	[(viii) an] (H) institution[, including a state institution of higher education, as defined
6236	under Section 53B-3-102.]; or
6237	(ii) a state institution of higher education, as defined in Section 53B-3-102.
6238	(f) "State construction contract" means a contract for design or construction entered
6239	into by a state [public procurement unit] executive entity.
6240	[(g) (i) "Subcontractor" means a person under contract with a contractor or another
6241	subcontractor to provide services or labor for design or construction.]
6242	[(ii) "Subcontractor" includes a trade contractor or specialty contractor.]
6243	[(iii) "Subcontractor" does not include a supplier who provides only materials,
6244	equipment, or supplies to a contractor or subcontractor.]
6245	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (7), [on and after July 1, 2010,] a state [public
6246	procurement unit] executive entity may not enter into a state construction contract unless the
6247	[state] public construction contract requires [the following] that the contractor demonstrate to
6248	the state executive entity that the contractor:
6249	[(a) A contractor shall demonstrate to the state public procurement unit that the
6250	contractor:]
6251	[(i)] (a) has and will maintain a drug and alcohol testing policy during the period of the
6252	state construction contract that applies to the covered individuals hired by the contractor;
6253	[(ii)] (b) posts in one or more conspicuous places notice to covered individuals hired
6254	by the contractor that the contractor has the drug and alcohol testing policy described in
6255	Subsection (2)(a)[(i); and];
6256	[(iii)] (c) subjects the covered individuals to random testing under the drug and alcohol
6257	testing policy described in Subsection (2)(a)[(i)] if at any time during the period of the state
6258	construction contract there are 10 or more individuals who are covered individuals hired by the
6259	contractor[-]; and

6260	[(b) A contractor shall demonstrate to the state public procurement unit that the
6261	contractor]
6262	(d) requires that as a condition of contracting with the contractor, a subcontractor:
6263	(i) has and will maintain a drug and alcohol testing policy during the period of the state
6264	construction contract that applies to the covered individuals hired by the subcontractor;
6265	(ii) posts in one or more conspicuous places notice to covered individuals hired by the
6266	subcontractor that the subcontractor has the drug and alcohol testing policy described in
6267	Subsection $(2)[\frac{(b)}{(d)}(i);$ and
6268	(iii) subjects the covered individuals hired by the subcontractor to random testing under
6269	the drug and alcohol testing policy described in Subsection (2)[(b)](d)(i) if at any time during
6270	the period of the state construction contract there are 10 or more individuals who are covered
6271	individuals hired by the subcontractor.
6272	(3) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Subsection (3), if a contractor or
6273	subcontractor fails to comply with Subsection (2), the contractor or subcontractor may be
6274	suspended or debarred in accordance with this chapter.
6275	(b) [On and after July 1, 2010, a] A state [public procurement unit] executive entity
6276	shall include in a state construction contract:
6277	(i) a reference to the rules described in Subsection (4)(b); or
6278	(ii) if the [state public procurement unit] applicable rulemaking authority has not made
6279	the rules described in Subsection (4)(b), a process that provides a contractor or subcontractor
6280	reasonable notice and opportunity to cure a violation of this section before suspension or
6281	debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in light of the circumstances of the state
6282	construction contract or the violation.
6283	(c) (i) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to
6284	comply with Subsection (2).
6285	(ii) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to comply
6286	with Subsection (2).
6287	[(4) If otherwise authorized to make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
6288	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, a state public procurement unit:]
6289	(4) An authorized rulemaking authority:
6290	(a) may make rules that establish the requirements and procedures a contractor [shall]

6291	is required to follow to comply with Subsection (2); and
6292	(b) shall make rules that establish:
6293	(i) the penalties that may be imposed in accordance with Subsection (3); and
6294	(ii) a process that provides a contractor or subcontractor reasonable notice and
6295	opportunity to cure a violation of this section before suspension or debarment of the contractor
6296	or subcontractor in light of the circumstances of the state construction contract or the violation.
6297	(5) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to meet the requirements of Subsection
6298	(2):
6299	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
6300	or contractor under Part [8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 17, Procurement Appeals Board,
6301	or Part 18, Appeals to Court and Court Proceedings; and
6302	(b) may not be used by a state public procurement unit, a prospective bidder, an
6303	offeror, a contractor, or a subcontractor as a basis for an action that would suspend, disrupt, or
6304	terminate the design or construction under a state construction contract.
6305	(6) (a) After a state [public procurement unit] executive entity enters into a state
6306	construction contract in compliance with this section, the state is not required to audit, monitor,
6307	or take any other action to ensure compliance with this section.
6308	(b) The state is not liable in any action related to this section, including not being liable
6309	in relation to:
6310	(i) a contractor or subcontractor having or not having a drug and alcohol testing policy;
6311	(ii) failure to test for a drug or alcohol under a contractor's or subcontractor's drug and
6312	alcohol testing policy;
6313	(iii) the requirements of a contractor's or subcontractor's drug and alcohol testing
6314	policy;
6315	(iv) a contractor's or subcontractor's implementation of a drug and alcohol testing
6316	policy, including procedures for:
6317	(A) collection of a sample;
6318	(B) testing of a sample;
6319	(C) evaluation of a test; or
6320	(D) disciplinary or rehabilitative action on the basis of a test result;
6321	(v) an individual being under the influence of drugs or alcohol; or

6322	(vi) an individual under the influence of drugs or alcohol harming another person or
6323	causing property damage.
6324	(7) This section does not apply if the state [public procurement unit] executive entity
6325	determines that the application of this section would severely disrupt the operation of a [state
6326	agency] <u>public entity</u> to the detriment of the [state agency] <u>public entity</u> or the general public,
6327	including:
6328	(a) jeopardizing the receipt of federal funds;
6329	(b) <u>causing</u> the state construction contract [being] to be a sole source contract; or
6330	(c) <u>causing</u> the state construction contract [being] to be an emergency procurement.
6331	(8) If a contractor or subcontractor meets the requirements of this section, this section
6332	may not be construed to restrict the contractor's or subcontractor's ability to impose or
6333	implement an otherwise lawful provision as part of a drug and alcohol testing policy.
6334	Section 159. Section 63G-6a-1401 is enacted to read:
6335	Part 14. Transportation Contracts
6336	<u>63G-6a-1401.</u> Title.
6337	This part is known as "Transportation Contracts."
6338	Section 160. Section 63G-6a-1402 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-502 is
6339	renumbered and amended to read:
6340	[63G-6-502]. <u>63G-6a-1402.</u> Procurement of design-build transportation
6341	project contracts.
6342	(1) As used in this section:
6343	(a) "Design-build transportation project contract" means the procurement of both the
6344	design and construction of a transportation project in a single contract with a company or
6345	combination of companies capable of providing the necessary engineering services and
6346	construction.
6347	(b) "Transportation agency" means:
6348	(i) the Department of Transportation;
6349	(ii) a county of the first or second class, as defined in Section 17-50-501;
6350	(iii) a municipality of the first class, as defined in Section 10-2-301;
6351	(iv) a public transit district that has more than 200,000 people residing within its
6352	houndaries: and

6353	(v) a public airport authority.
6354	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a transportation agency may award a
6355	design-build transportation project contract for any transportation project that has an estimated
6356	cost of at least \$50,000,000 by following the requirements of this section.
6357	(3) (a) The Department of Transportation:
6358	(i) may award a design-build transportation project contract for any transportation
6359	project by following the requirements of this section; and
6360	(ii) shall make rules, [by following the procedures and requirements of] in accordance
6361	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, establishing requirements for
6362	the procurement of its design-build transportation project contracts in addition to those required
6363	by this section.
6364	(b) A public transit district that has more than 200,000 people residing within its
6365	boundaries:
6366	(i) may award a design-build transportation project contract for any transportation
6367	project by following the requirements of this section; and
6368	(ii) shall pass ordinances or a resolution establishing requirements for the procurement
6369	of its design-build transportation project contracts in addition to those required by this section.
6370	(c) A design-build transportation project contract authorized under this Subsection (3)
6371	is not subject to the estimated cost threshold [under] described in Subsection (2).
6372	(d) A design-build transportation project contract may include provision by the
6373	contractor of operations, maintenance, or financing.
6374	(4) (a) Before entering <u>into</u> a design-build transportation project contract, a
6375	transportation agency may issue a request for qualifications to prequalify potential contractors.
6376	(b) Public notice of the request for qualifications shall be given in accordance with
6377	[policy] board rules.
6378	(c) A transportation agency shall require, as part of the qualifications specified in the
6379	request for qualifications, that potential contractors at least demonstrate their:
6380	(i) construction experience;
6381	(ii) design experience;
6382	(iii) financial, manpower, and equipment resources available for the project; and
6383	(iv) experience in other design-build transportation projects with attributes similar to

6384	the project being procured.
6385	(d) The request for qualifications shall identify the number of eligible competing
6386	proposers that the transportation agency will select to submit a proposal, which [must be at
6387	least] may not be less than two.
6388	(5) [(a)] The transportation agency shall:
6389	[(i)] (a) evaluate the responses received from the request for qualifications;
6390	[(ii)] (b) select from their number those qualified to submit proposals; and
6391	[(iii)] (c) invite those respondents to submit proposals based upon the transportation
6392	agency's request for proposals.
6393	[(b) (i)] (6) Except as provided in Subsection [(5)(b)(ii)] (7), if the transportation
6394	agency fails to receive at least two qualified eligible competing [proposers] proposals, the
6395	transportation agency shall readvertise the project.
6396	[(ii)] (7) A transportation agency may award a contract for a transportation project that
6397	has an estimated cost of \$5,000,000 or less to a qualified eligible proposer if:
6398	[(A)] (a) only a single proposal is received; and
6399	[(B)] (b) the transportation agency determines that:
6400	[(1)] (i) the proposal is advantageous to the state; and
6401	[(II)] (ii) the proposal price is reasonable.
6402	[(6)] (8) The transportation agency shall issue a request for proposals to those qualified
6403	respondents that:
6404	(a) includes a scope of work statement constituting an information for proposal that
6405	may include:
6406	(i) preliminary design concepts;
6407	(ii) design criteria, needs, and objectives;
6408	(iii) warranty and quality control requirements;
6409	(iv) applicable standards;
6410	(v) environmental documents;
6411	(vi) constraints;
6412	(vii) time expectations or limitations;
6413	(viii) incentives or disincentives; and
6414	(ix) other special considerations;

0413	(b) requires submitters to provide:
6416	(i) a sealed cost proposal;
6417	(ii) a critical path matrix schedule, including cash flow requirements;
6418	(iii) proposal security; and
6419	(iv) other items required by the department for the project; and
6420	(c) may include award of a stipulated fee to be paid to [submitters] offerors who submit
6421	unsuccessful proposals.
6422	[(7)] <u>(9)</u> The transportation agency shall:
6423	(a) evaluate the submissions received in response to the request for proposals from the
6424	prequalified [proposers] offerors;
6425	(b) comply with rules relating to discussion of proposals, best and final offers, and
6426	evaluations of the proposals submitted; and
6427	(c) after considering price and other identified factors, award the contract to the
6428	responsive and responsible [proposer] offeror whose proposal is most advantageous to the
6429	state.
6430	Section 161. Section 63G-6a-1403, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-503 is
6431	renumbered and amended to read:
6432	[63G-6-503]. 63G-6a-1403. Procurement of tollway development
6433	agreements.
6434	(1) As used in this section[: (a) "Department" means the Department of
6435	Transportation. (b) "Tollway], "tollway development agreement" [has the same meaning] is as
6436	defined in Section 72-6-202.
6437	(2) The [department] Department of Transportation and the Transportation
6438	Commission:
6439	(a) may solicit a tollway development agreement proposal by following the
6440	requirements of this section;
6441	(b) may award a solicited tollway development agreement contract for any tollway
6442	project by following the requirements of this section; and
6443	(c) shall make rules, [by following the procedures and requirements of] in accordance
6444	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, establishing requirements for
6445	the procurement of tollway development agreement proposals in addition to those required by

0440	uns section.
6447	(3) (a) Before entering into a tollway development agreement, the [department]
6448	Department of Transportation may issue a request for qualifications to prequalify potential
6449	contractors.
6450	(b) Public notice of the request for qualifications shall be given in accordance with
6451	[policy] board rules.
6452	(c) The [department] Department of Transportation shall require, as part of the
6453	qualifications specified in the request for qualifications, that potential contractors at least
6454	provide:
6455	(i) a demonstration of their experience with other transportation concession projects
6456	with attributes similar to the project being procured;
6457	(ii) a financial statement of the firm or consortium of firms making the proposal;
6458	(iii) a conceptual project development plan and financing plan;
6459	(iv) the legal structure of the firm or consortium of firms making the proposal;
6460	(v) the organizational structure for the project; and
6461	(vi) a statement describing why the firm or consortium of firms is best qualified for the
6462	project.
6463	(d) The request for qualifications shall identify the number of eligible competing
6464	[proposers] offerors that the [department] Department of Transportation will select to submit a
6465	proposal.
6466	(4) The [department] Department of Transportation shall:
6467	(a) evaluate the responses received from the request for qualifications;
6468	(b) select from their number those qualified to submit proposals; and
6469	(c) invite those respondents to submit proposals based upon the [department's]
6470	Department of Transportation's request for proposals.
6471	(5) The [department] Department of Transportation shall issue a request for proposals
6472	to those qualified respondents that may require, as appropriate for the procurement:
6473	(a) a description of the proposed project or projects;
6474	(b) a financial plan for the project, including:
6475	(i) the anticipated financial commitment of all parties;
6476	(ii) equity, debt, and other financing mechanisms;

64//	(111) an analysis of the projected return, rate of return, or both; and
6478	(iv) the monetary benefit and other value to a government entity;
6479	(c) assumptions about user fees or toll rates;
6480	(d) a project development and management plan, including:
6481	(i) the contracting structure;
6482	(ii) the plan for quality management;
6483	(iii) the proposed toll enforcement plan; and
6484	(iv) the plan for safety management; and
6485	(e) that the proposal to comply with the minimum guidelines for tollway development
6486	agreement proposals under Section 72-6-204.
6487	(6) The [department] Department of Transportation and the Transportation
6488	Commission:
6489	(a) shall evaluate the submissions received in response to the request for proposals
6490	from the prequalified [proposers] offerors;
6491	(b) shall comply with rules relating to discussion of proposals, best and final offers,
6492	and evaluations of the proposals submitted; and
6493	(c) may, after considering price and other identified factors and complying with the
6494	requirements of Section 72-6-206, award the contract to the responsive and responsible
6495	[proposer] offeror whose proposal is most advantageous to the state.
6496	Section 162. Section 63G-6a-1501 is enacted to read:
6497	Part 15. Architect-Engineer Services
6498	<u>63G-6a-1501.</u> Title.
6499	This part is known as "Architect-Engineer Services."
6500	Section 163. Section 63G-6a-1502, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-701 is
6501	renumbered and amended to read:
6502	[63G-6-701]. <u>63G-6a-1502.</u> Policy regarding architect-engineer services.
6503	(1) It is the policy of this state to publicly announce all requirements for
6504	architect-engineer services and to negotiate contracts for architect-engineer services on the
6505	basis of demonstrated competence and qualification for the type of services required, and at fair
6506	and reasonable prices.
6507	(2) Architect-engineer services shall be procured as provided in this part except as

6508	authorized by Sections [63G-6-409 through 63G-6-411] <u>63G-6a-408</u> , <u>63G-6a-802</u> , <u>and</u>
6509	<u>63G-6a-803</u> .
6510	(3) This part does not affect the authority of, and does not apply to procedures
6511	undertaken by, a public procurement unit to obtain the services of architects or engineers in the
6512	capacity of employees of [such] the public procurement unit.
6513	Section 164. Section 63G-6a-1503 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-702 is
6514	renumbered and amended to read:
6515	[63G-6-702]. <u>63G-6a-1503.</u> Selection committee for architect-engineer
6516	services.
6517	(1) In the procurement of architect-engineer services, the [chief] procurement officer or
6518	the head of a state purchasing [agency] unit shall encourage firms engaged in the lawful
6519	practice of their profession to submit annually a statement of qualifications and performance
6520	data.
6521	(2) The Building Board shall be the [selection] evaluation committee for
6522	architect-engineer services contracts under its authority. [Selection committees]
6523	(3) An evaluation committee for architect-engineer services contracts not under the
6524	authority of the Building Board shall be established in accordance with rules [and regulations
6525	promulgated by the policy board. Selection committees shall] made by the applicable
6526	rulemaking authority.
6527	(4) An evaluation committee shall:
6528	(a) evaluate current statements of qualifications and performance data on file with the
6529	state, together with those that may be submitted by other firms in response to the
6530	announcement of the proposed contract[. Selection committees shall];
6531	(b) consider no less than three firms [and then shall select therefrom,]; and
6532	(c) based upon criteria established and published by the [selection committees,]
6533	authorized purchasing entity, select no less than three of the firms considered to be the most
6534	highly qualified to provide the services required.
6535	Section 165. Section 63G-6a-1504 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-703 is
6536	renumbered and amended to read:
6537	[63G-6-703]. Selection as part of design-build or lease.
6538	Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, architect-engineer services may be

6539	procured under Title 63A, Chapter 5, State Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction
6540	and Management, as part of the services obtained in a design-build contract or as part of the
6541	services obtained in a lease contract for real property, [provided that] if the qualifications of
6542	those providing the architect-engineer services are part of the consideration in the selection
6543	process.
6544	Section 166. Section 63G-6a-1505, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-704 is
6545	renumbered and amended to read:
6546	[63G-6-704]. 63G-6a-1505. Determination of compensation for
6547	architect-engineer services.
6548	(1) The procurement officer shall award a contract to a qualified firm at compensation
6549	[which] that the procurement officer determines, in writing, to be fair and reasonable to the
6550	state.
6551	(2) In making [this decision,] the determination described in Subsection (1), the
6552	procurement officer shall take into account the services':
6553	(a) estimated value[, the];
6554	(b) scope[, and];
6555	(c) complexity[,]; and [the]
6556	(d) professional nature [of the services to be rendered. Should].
6557	(3) If the procurement officer [be] is unable to agree to a satisfactory contract with the
6558	firm first selected, at a price the procurement officer determines to be fair and reasonable to the
6559	state, [discussions with that firm shall be formally terminated. The] the procurement officer
6560	shall [then]:
6561	(a) formally terminate discussions with that firm; and
6562	(b) undertake discussions with a second qualified firm. [Failing accord with the
6563	second firm, the procurement officer shall formally terminate discussions. The procurement
6564	officer shall then]
6565	(4) If the procurement officer is unable to agree to a satisfactory contract with the
6566	second firm selected, at a price the procurement officer determines to be fair and reasonable to
6567	the state, the procurement officer shall:
6568	(a) formally terminate discussions with that firm; and
6569	(b) undertake discussions with a third qualified firm. [Should the procurement officer

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6571	(5) If the procurement officer is unable to award a contract at a fair and reasonable
6572	price [with] to any of the selected firms, the procurement officer shall:
6573	(a) select additional firms[;]; and [the procurement officer shall]
6574	(b) continue discussions in accordance with this part until an agreement is reached.
6575	Section 167. Section 63G-6a-1506, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-705 is
6576	renumbered and amended to read:
6577	[63G-6-705]. <u>63G-6a-1506.</u> Restrictions on procurement of
6578	architect-engineer services.
6579	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), when [a public procurement unit] an
6580	authorized purchasing entity, in accordance with Section [63G-6-701] 63G-6a-1502, elects to
6581	obtain architect or engineering services by using a competitive procurement process and has
6582	provided public notice of its competitive procurement process:
6583	(a) a higher education entity, or any part of one, may not submit a proposal in response
6584	to the [public procurement unit's] authorized purchasing entity's competitive procurement
6585	process; and
6586	(b) the [public procurement unit] authorized purchasing entity may not award a
6587	contract to perform the architect or engineering services solicited in the competitive
6588	procurement process to a higher education entity or any part of one.
6589	(2) [A public procurement unit need not comply with the requirements of] Subsection
6590	(1) does not apply when the [public procurement unit] authorized purchasing entity is
6591	procuring architect or engineer services for contracts related to research activities and
6592	technology transfer.
6593	Section 168. Section 63G-6a-1601 is enacted to read:
6594	Part 16. Controversies and Protests
6595	<u>63G-6a-1601.</u> Title.
6596	This part is known as "Controversies and Protests."
6597	Section 169. Section 63G-6a-1602, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-805 is
6598	renumbered and amended to read:
6599	[63G-6-805]. 63G-6a-1602. Authority to resolve controversy between
6600	public procurement unit and contractor.

The [chief] procurement officer, the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity, or a designee of either [officer is authorized, prior to] may, before commencement of an action in court concerning the controversy, [to] settle and resolve a controversy [which] that arises between [the state] a public procurement unit or an authorized purchasing entity and a contractor [under or by virtue of a contract between them. This includes, without limitation, controversies] in relation to a contract or a procurement, including a controversy based upon breach of contract, [mistakes] a mistake, misrepresentation, or other cause for contract modification or rescission.

Section 170. Section **63G-6a-1603**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-801 is renumbered and amended to read:

[63G-6-801]. 63G-6a-1603. Protest to procurement officer -- Time -- Authority to resolve protest.

- (1) Any actual or prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor who is aggrieved in connection with the solicitation or award of a contract may protest to the [chief] procurement officer or the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity. A protest with respect to an invitation for bids or a request for proposals shall be submitted in writing [prior to] before the opening of bids or the closing date for proposals, unless the aggrieved person did not know and should not have known of the facts giving rise to the protest [prior to] before the bid opening or the closing date for proposals. [The protest shall be submitted] An aggrieved person shall submit a protest in writing within [five working] seven days after the aggrieved person knows or should have known of the facts giving rise [thereto] to the protest.
- (2) Subject to the applicable requirements in Section 63G-10-403, the [chief] procurement officer, the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity, or a designee of either [officer shall have the authority, prior to], may, before the commencement of an action in court concerning the controversy, [to] settle and resolve the protest.
- Section 171. Section **63G-6a-1604**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-806 is renumbered and amended to read:
- [63G-6-806]. 63G-6a-1604. Decisions to be in writing -- Effect of no writing.
 - (1) The [chief procurement officer, the head of a purchasing agency, or the designee of either officer] person who conducts a hearing under Section 63G-6a-1603 shall promptly issue

6632	a written decision regarding any protest, debarment [or], suspension, or contract controversy if	
6633	it is not settled by a mutual agreement.	
6634	(2) The decision shall state the reasons for the action taken and inform the protestor,	
6635	contractor, or prospective contractor of the right to judicial or administrative review as	
6636	provided in this chapter.	
6637	[(2)] (3) A decision [shall be] described in this section is effective until stayed or	
6638	reversed on appeal, except to the extent provided in Section [63G-6-802] 63G-6a-1607. [A	
6639	copy of the decision under Subsection (1) shall be mailed]	
6640	(4) A person who issues a decision under this section shall mail or otherwise	
6641	[furnished] immediately furnish a copy of the decision to the protestor, prospective contractor,	
6642	or contractor.	
6643	(5) The decision shall be final and conclusive unless the protestor, prospective	
6644	contractor, or contractor:	
6645	(a) appeals administratively to the [procurement] applicable appeals board, if any, in	
6646	accordance with Subsection [63G-6-810] 63G-6a-1703(2); or [the protestor, prospective	
6647	contractor, or contractor]	
6648	(b) if there is not an applicable appeals board, commences an action in district court in	
6649	accordance with Section [63G-6-815] <u>63G-6a-1803</u> .	
6650	[(3)] (6) If the [chief] procurement officer, the head of [a purchasing agency] an	
6651	authorized purchasing entity, or the designee of either [officer] does not issue the written	
6652	decision [regarding a contract controversy] as required by this section within 60 [calendar] days	
6653	after the day on which a written request for a final decision is made, or within [such] a longer	
6654	period as may be agreed upon by the parties, then the protestor, contractor, or prospective	
6655	contractor may proceed as if an adverse decision had been received.	
6656	Section 172. Section 63G-6a-1605, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-907 is	
6657	renumbered and amended to read:	
6658	[63G-6-907]. 63G-6a-1605. Resolution of local public procurement	
6659	controversies.	
6660	[Any] A local public procurement unit [is authorized to] may enter into an agreement	
6661	with the State Procurement Appeals Board to resolve controversies between the local public	
6662	procurement unit and its bidders, offerors, contractors, regardless of whether [or not such] the	

controversy arose from a cooperative purchasing agreement.

Section 173. Section **63G-6a-1606**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-802 is renumbered and amended to read:

[63G-6-802]. <u>63G-6a-1606.</u> Effect of timely protest.

In the event of a timely protest under Subsection [63G-6-801(1), 63G-6-810(1), or 63G-6-810(1), or 63G-6-815(1), the state shall] 63G-6a-1603(1), 63G-6a-1703(1), or 63G-6a-1803(1), an authorized purchasing entity may not proceed further with the solicitation or with the award of the contract until all administrative and judicial remedies [have been] are exhausted or until the [chief] procurement officer, after consultation with the head of the [using agency] public procurement unit or the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity, makes a written determination that the award of the contract without delay is necessary to protect substantial interests of the state.

Section 174. Section **63G-6a-1607**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-803 is renumbered and amended to read:

[63G-6-803]. 63G-6a-1607. Costs to or against protestor.

- (1) When a protest is sustained administratively or upon administrative or judicial review and the protesting bidder or offeror should have been awarded the contract under the solicitation but is not, the protestor shall be entitled to the following relief as a claim against the state:
- (a) the reasonable costs incurred in connection with the solicitation, including bid preparation and appeal costs; and
- (b) any equitable relief determined to be appropriate by the reviewing administrative or judicial body.
- (2) When a protest is not sustained by the [Procurement Appeals Board] appeals board, the protestor shall reimburse the [Division of Purchasing and General Services] public entity for the per diem and expenses paid by the [division] public entity to witnesses or appeals board members and any additional expenses incurred by the [state agency] staff of the public entity who have provided materials and administrative services to the appeals board for that case.
 - Section 175. Section **63G-6a-1701** is enacted to read:

Part 17. Procurement Appeals Board

63G-6a-1701. Title.

6694	This part is known as "Procurement Appeals Board."
6695	Section 176. Section 63G-6a-1702, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-807 is

renumbered and amended to read:

[63G-6-807]. 63G-6a-1702. Creation of Procurement Appeals Board -- Creation of other appeals boards.

- (1) (a) A Procurement Appeals Board is created in the executive branch. The Procurement Appeals Board shall be composed of a chair and one other member, to be appointed by the governor, and a third member to be designated by the two appointed members on a case-by-case basis.
- (b) None of the members of the Procurement Appeals Board shall otherwise be full-time employees of the state.
- (c) The appointed members of the Procurement Appeals Board shall have been members in good standing of the state bar for at least five years and shall be experienced in contract or commercial matters.
- (d) The designated member shall possess the technical expertise and experience needed for the proper disposition of the factual issues presented by the case.
- (2) (a) Except as required by Subsection (2)(b), as terms of current [board] members expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year term.
- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of [board] members are staggered so that approximately half of the [board is] members of the Procurement Appeals Board are appointed every two years.
- (c) The designated member shall serve for the case on which designated until the final disposition of the case.
- (d) Appointed members may be reappointed for succeeding terms and may continue to serve after the expiration of their terms until a successor takes office.
 - (e) Qualified persons may be redesignated as members.
- 6722 (3) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
 - (4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but

6725	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:		
6726	(a) Section 63A-3-106;		
6727	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and		
6728	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and		
6729	63A-3-107.		
6730	(5) A local public procurement unit, a non-executive state procurement unit, or a state		
6731	institution of higher education may form its own appeals board to hear procurement protests.		
6732	Section 177. Section 63G-6a-1703, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-810 is		
6733	renumbered and amended to read:		
6734	[63G-6-810]. <u>63G-6a-1703.</u> Jurisdiction of appeals board.		
6735	Unless an action has been initiated previously in district courts for essentially the same		
6736	cause of action, [the] an appeals board shall have jurisdiction to review and determine de novo:		
6737	(1) any protest of a solicitation or award of a contract addressed to the appeals board by		
6738	an aggrieved actual or prospective bidder or offeror, or a contractor; and		
6739	(2) any appeal by an aggrieved party from a decision rendered or considered to have		
6740	been rendered pursuant to Section [63G-6-806] <u>63G-6a-1604</u> .		
6741	Section 178. Section 63G-6a-1704, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-808 is		
6742	renumbered and amended to read:		
6743	[63G-6-808]. 63G-6a-1704. Rules of procedure to be adopted.		
6744	The Procurement Appeals Board:		
6745	(1) shall adopt rules of procedure [which] that, to the fullest extent possible, [will]		
6746	provide for the expeditious resolution of controversies, including procedures to encourage		
6747	agreements between the parties to a controversy prior to a hearing[. The board]; and		
6748	(2) may adopt small claims procedures for the resolution of controversies involving		
6749	claims of less than \$15,000.		
6750	Section 179. Section 63G-6a-1705 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-809 is		
6751	renumbered and amended to read:		
6752	[63G-6-809]. 63G-6a-1705. Decisions of appeals board to be in writing.		
6753	[The Procurement Appeals Board shall]		
6754	An appeals board shall:		
6755	(1) issue a decision in writing or take other appropriate action of each appeal		

6756	submitted[. A];	and
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 (2) provide a copy of any decision [shall be provided] to all parties and the [chief] procurement officer or the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity.

Section 180. Section **63G-6a-1706**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-811 is renumbered and amended to read:

[63G-6-811]. 63G-6a-1706. Time limits to file protest or appeal -- Effect of filing.

- (1) For a protest under Subsection [63G-6-810] 63G-6a-1703(1), the aggrieved person shall file a protest with the appeals board within [five working] seven days after the aggrieved person knows or should have known of the facts and circumstances upon which the protest is based[; provided, however,] except that a protest with respect to an invitation for bids or request for proposals shall be filed [prior to] before the opening of bids or the closing date for proposals unless the aggrieved person did not know and should not have known of the facts giving rise to the protest [prior to] before the bid opening or the closing date for proposals.
- (2) For an appeal from a decision regarding a protested solicitation or award, the aggrieved person shall file an appeal within seven [calendar days of receipt of a] days after the day on which the decision is rendered or considered to have been rendered [pursuant to Section 63G-6-806] under Section 63G-6a-1604.
- (3) For an appeal from a decision regarding a debarment, suspension, or contract controversy, the aggrieved person shall file an appeal within 60 [calendar days of receipt of] days after the day on which the person receives a decision rendered or considered to have been rendered [pursuant to Section 63G-6-806] under Section 63G-6a-1604.
- Section 181. Section **63G-6a-1707**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-812 is renumbered and amended to read:
- [63G-6-812]. 63G-6a-1707. Discontinued appeal with prejudice, except as authorized.

After notice of an appeal [has been] is filed with the [Procurement Appeals Board] applicable appeals board, no party may discontinue the appeal without prejudice, except as authorized by the [Procurement Appeals Board] applicable appeals board.

Section 182. Section **63G-6a-1708**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-813 is renumbered and amended to read:

6787	[63G-6-813].	63G-6a-1708. Factual determination of appeals board final
6788	and conclusive.	
6789	(1) On any protest or	appeal under Section [63G-6-810] <u>63G-6a-1703</u> , the
6790	[Procurement Appeals Board	applicable appeals board shall promptly decide the contract
6791	controversy or whether the [solicitation] procurement or award was in accordance with this
6792	chapter. Any prior determin	ations by administrative officials regarding protests of
6793	[solicitations] procurements	or awards, suspension or debarments, contract controversies, or
6794	breach of contract controvers	sies [shall not be] are not final or conclusive.
6795	(2) A determination	of an issue of fact by the [Procurement Appeals Board] applicable
6796	appeals board under Subsect	ion (1) [shall be] is final and conclusive unless arbitrary and
6797	capricious or clearly erroneo	us. No determination on an issue of law [shall be] by the
6798	applicable appeals board is f	inal or conclusive.
6799	(3) The applicable app	ppeals board may, without a hearing, determine, in writing, that a
6800	protest is without merit.	
6801	Section 183. Section	63G-6a-1801 is enacted to read:
6802	Part	18. Appeals to Court and Court Proceedings
6803	<u>63G-6a-1801.</u> Title.	
6804	This part is known as	s "Appeals to Court and Court Proceedings."
6805	Section 184. Section	63G-6a-1802 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-814 is
6806	renumbered and amended to	read:
6807	[63G-6-814].	63G-6a-1802. Right to appeal to Court of Appeals.
6808	Any person receiving	g an adverse decision, or the state, may appeal a decision of [the
6809	Procurement Appeals Board	an appeals board to the Court of Appeals. [However, no appeal
6810	may be made by the state] <u>T</u>	The state may not appeal a decision of an appeals board unless:
6811	(1) recommended by	the chief procurement officer or the head of the state purchasing
6812	[agency] unit involved, and a	approved by the attorney general[-]; or
6813	(2) for a non-executi	ve state procurement unit, approved by a person authorized by rule
6814	made by the applicable rulen	naking authority.
6815	Section 185. Section	63G-6a-1803 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-815 is
6816	renumbered and amended to	read:
6817	[63G-6-815].	63G-6a-1803. Jurisdiction of district court.

6818	(1) The district court shall have jurisdiction over an action, whether the action is at law
6819	or in equity, between the state and:
6820	(a) a bidder, offeror, or contractor, prospective or actual, who is aggrieved in
6821	connection with the [solicitation] procurement or award of a contract;
6822	(b) a person who is subject to a suspension or debarment proceeding; and
6823	(c) a contractor, for any cause of action [which] that arises under, or [by virtue of] or in
6824	relation to a contract.
6825	(2) The provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 7, Part 4, Notice of Claim Against a
6826	Governmental Entity or a Government Employee, and Section 63G-7-601 do not apply to
6827	actions brought under this chapter by an aggrieved party for equitable relief or reasonable costs
6828	incurred in preparing or appealing an unsuccessful bid or offer.
6829	Section 186. Section 63G-6a-1804, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-817 is
6830	renumbered and amended to read:
6831	[63G-6-817]. <u>63G-6a-1804.</u> Statutes of limitations.
6832	(1) [Any] An action under Subsection [63G-6-815] 63G-6a-1803(1)(a) shall be
6833	initiated [as follows]:
6834	(a) within 20 [calendar] days after the day on which the aggrieved person knows or
6835	should have known of the facts giving rise to the action; [provided, however, that an action]
6836	(b) with respect to an invitation for bids or request for proposals [shall be initiated
6837	prior to], before the opening of bids or the closing date for proposals unless the aggrieved
6838	person did not know and should not have known of the facts giving rise to the action [prior to
6839	bid opening or the closing date for proposals]; or
6840	[(b)] (c) within 14 [ealendar] days after receipt of a final administrative decision
6841	pursuant to either Section [63G-6-806 or Section 63G-6-813] <u>63G-6a-1604 or 63G-6a-1708</u> ,
6842	whichever is applicable.
6843	(2) [Any] An action under Subsection [63G-6-815] 63G-6a-1803(1)(b) shall be
6844	commenced within six months after receipt of a final administrative decision, pursuant to
6845	Section [63G-6-806 or Section 63G-6-813, whichever is applicable] 63G-6a-1604 or
6846	<u>63G-6a-1708</u> .
6847	(3) The statutory limitations on an action between private persons on a contract or for
6848	breach of contract shall apply to any action commenced pursuant to Subsection [63G-6-815]

6849	63G-6a-1803(1)(c), except notice of appeals from [the Procurement Appeals Board] an appeals
6850	board pursuant to Section [63G-6-814] 63G-6a-1802 concerning actions on a contract or for
6851	breach of contract, shall be filed within one year after the [date of the Procurement Appeals
6852	Board decision] day on which the decision of the appeals board is made.
6853	Section 187. Section 63G-6a-1805, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-816 is
6854	renumbered and amended to read:
6855	[63G-6-816]. 63G-6a-1805. Effect of prior determination by agents of
6856	state.
6857	In any judicial action under Section [63G-6-815] 63G-6a-1803, determinations by
6858	employees, agents, or other persons appointed by the state shall be final and conclusive only as
6859	provided in Sections [63G-6-419 and 63G-6-806] <u>63G-6a-1604 and 63G-6a-1902</u> , and
6860	Subsection [63G-6-813] <u>63G-6a-1708(</u> 2).
6861	Section 188. Section 63G-6a-1901 is enacted to read:
6862	Part 19. General Provisions Related to Protest or Appeal
6863	<u>63G-6a-1901.</u> Title.
6864	This part is known as "General Provisions Related to Protest or Appeal."
6865	Section 189. Section 63G-6a-1902, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-419 is
6866	renumbered and amended to read:
6867	[63G-6-419]. 63G-6a-1902. Determinations final except when arbitrary
6868	and capricious.
6869	The determinations required [by Subsections 63G-6-401(6), 63G-6-408(1) and (6),
6870	Sections 63G-6-410, 63G-6-411, 63G-6-413, Subsection 63G-6-415(4), Section 63G-6-416,
6871	and Subsection 63G-6-417(2)] under the following provisions are final and conclusive unless
6872	they are arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous[:]:
6873	(1) Section 63G-6a-605;
6874	(2) Section 63G-6a-702;
6875	(3) Subsection 63G-6a-708(1)(a);
6876	(4) Subsection 63G-6a-709(1);
6877	(5) Section 63G-6a-803;
6878	(6) Section 63G-6a-804;
6879	(7) Section 63G-6a-903;

6880	(8) Subsection 63G-6a-1204(1) or (2);	
6881	(9) Subsection 63G-6a-1204(5);	
6882	(10) Section 63G-6a-1205; or	
6883	(11) Subsection 63G-6a-1206(5).	
6884	Section 190. Section 63G-6a-1903, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-818 is	
6885	renumbered and amended to read:	
6886	[63G-6-818]. 63G-6a-1903. Effect of violation prior to award of contract.	
6887	If [prior to], before award of a contract, it is determined administratively or upon	
6888	administrative or judicial review that a [solicitation] procurement or proposed award of a	
6889	contract is in violation of law, the [solicitation] procurement or proposed award shall be	
6890	cancelled or revised to comply with the law.	
6891	Section 191. Section 63G-6a-1904, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-819 is	
6892	renumbered and amended to read:	
6893	[63G-6-819]. 63G-6a-1904. Effect of violation after award of contract.	
6894	If, after [an] award of a contract, it is determined administratively or upon	
6895	administrative or judicial review that a [solicitation] procurement or award of a contract is in	
6896	violation of law:	
6897	(1) if the person awarded the contract [has not acted] did not act fraudulently or in bad	
6898	faith:	
6899	(a) the contract may be ratified and affirmed if it is [determined that doing so is] in the	
6900	best interests of the state; or	
6901	(b) (i) the contract may be terminated; and	
6902	(ii) the person awarded the contract shall be compensated for the actual expenses	
6903	reasonably incurred under the contract [prior to] before the termination, plus a reasonable	
6904	profit;	
6905	(2) if the person awarded the contract has acted fraudulently or in bad faith:	
6906	(a) the contract may be declared null and void; or	
6907	(b) the contract may be ratified and affirmed if [such action] it is in the best interests or	
6908	the state, without prejudice to the state's rights to any appropriate damages.	
6909	Section 192. Section 63G-6a-1905 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-820 is	
6910	renumbered and amended to read:	

6911	[63G-6-820].	<u>63G-6a-1905.</u> Interest rate.
6912	(1) Except as prov	rided in Subsection (2), in controversies between the state and
6913	contractors under this part	, Part 16, Controversies and Protests, Part 17, Procurement Appeals
6914	Board, or Part 18, Appeal	s to Court and Court Proceedings, interest on amounts ultimately
6915	determined to be due to a	contractor or [to] the state are payable at the rate applicable to
6916	judgments from the date to	ne claim arose through the date of decision or judgment, whichever is
6917	later.	
6918	(2) This section d	pes not apply to public assistance benefits programs.
6919	Section 193. Sect	on 63G-6a-2001 is enacted to read:
6920		Part 20. Records
6921	<u>63G-6a-2001.</u> Tit	le.
6922	This part is known	as "Records."
6923	Section 194. Secti	on 63G-6a-2002 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-106 is
6924	renumbered and amended	to read:
6925	[63G-6-106].	<u>63G-6a-2002.</u> Records Retention.
6926	(1) All procureme	nt records shall be retained and disposed of in accordance with Title
6927	63G, Chapter 2, Governm	ent Records Access and Management Act.
6928	(2) Written determ	ninations required by this chapter shall [also] be retained in the
6929	appropriate official contra	ct file of [the Division of Purchasing and General Services or the
6930	purchasing agency.]:	
6931	(a) the division;	
6932	(b) the state purch	asing unit; or
6933	(c) for a non-exec	utive state procurement unit, the person designated by rule made by
6934	the applicable rulemaking	authority.
6935	(3) A public proce	rement unit shall keep, and make available to the public, upon
6936	request, a written record of	f all procurements made under this section for which an expenditure
6937	of \$50 or more is made, for	or the longer of:
6938	(a) four years;	
6939	(b) the time other	wise required by law; or
6940	(c) the time period	I provided by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority.
6941	(4) The written re	cord described in Subsection (3) shall include:

6942	(a) the name of the provider from whom the procurement was made;
6943	(b) a description of the procurement item;
6944	(c) the date of the procurement; and
6945	(d) the expenditure made for the procurement.
6946	Section 195. Section 63G-6a-2003, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-421 is
6947	renumbered and amended to read:
6948	[63G-6-421]. <u>63G-6a-2003.</u> Records of contracts made Audits
6949	Contract requirements.
6950	The [chief] procurement officer or the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized
6951	purchasing entity shall maintain a record listing all contracts made under Section [63G-6-410
6952	or 63G-6-411 and shall maintain the record] 63G-6a-408, 63G-6a-802, or 63G-6a-803, in
6953	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
6954	The record shall contain each contractor's name, the amount and type of each contract, and a
6955	listing of the [supplies, services, or construction procured under each contract] procurement
6956	items to which the contract relates.
6957	Section 196. Section 63G-6a-2004, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-905 is
6958	renumbered and amended to read:
6959	[63G-6-905]. 63G-6a-2004. Chief procurement officer's collection of
6960	information on procurement items.
6961	(1) To the extent possible, the chief procurement officer may collect information
6962	concerning the type, cost, quality, and quantity of commonly used [supplies, services, or
6963	construction being] procurement items procured or used by [state] public procurement units
6964	[and local public procurement units].
6965	(2) The chief procurement officer may make the information <u>described in Subsection</u>
6966	(1) available to any public procurement unit upon request.
6967	Section 197. Section 63G-6a-2101 is enacted to read:
6968	Part 21. Interaction Between Public Procurement Units
6969	<u>63G-6a-2101.</u> Title.
6970	This part is known as "Interaction Between Public Procurement Units."
6971	Section 198. Section 63G-6a-2102 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-901 is
6972	renumbered and amended to read:

6973	[63G-6-901]. <u>63G-6a-2102.</u> Agreements between public procurement	
6974	units.	
6975	[Under the terms agreed upon among the parties, any]	
6976	(1) For purposes of this section only, "public procurement unit" includes an externa	<u>ıl</u>
6977	procurement unit.	
6978	(2) A public procurement unit may enter into [agreements] an agreement with one of	or
6979	more other public procurement units to:	
6980	[(1)] (a) sponsor, conduct, or administer a cooperative agreement for the procureme	ent
6981	or disposal of [any supplies, services, or construction] a procurement item;	
6982	[(2)] (b) cooperatively use [supplies or services] a procurement item;	
6983	[(3)] (c) commonly use or share warehousing facilities, capital equipment, and other	r
6984	facilities;	
6985	[(4)] (d) provide personnel[; provided that the requesting], if the receiving public	
6986	procurement unit [shall pay] pays the public procurement unit providing the personnel the	
6987	direct and indirect cost of providing the personnel, in accordance with the agreement; or	
6988	[(5)] (e) make available informational, technical, and other services, [provided that]] <u>, if:</u>
6989	(i) the requirements of the public procurement unit tendering the services [shall] ha	ve
6990	precedence over the [requesting] public procurement unit that receives the services; and [the	at]
6991	(ii) the [requesting] receiving public procurement unit [shall pay for] pays the expension	nses
6992	of the services [so] provided, in accordance with the agreement.	
6993	(3) If a public procurement unit does not have the expertise necessary to administer	<u>a</u>
6994	particular procurement, the public procurement unit may enter into an agreement for	
6995	administration of the procurement with:	
6996	(a) another public procurement unit; or	
6997	(b) a person that is under contract to administer procurements.	
6998	Section 199. Section 63G-6a-2103 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-902	is
6999	renumbered and amended to read:	
7000	[63G-6-902]. <u>63G-6a-2103.</u> Services between public procurement units	i.
7001	(1) Upon request, [any] a public procurement unit may make services available to	
7002	[other] another public procurement [units the following services, among others] unit, include	<u>ling</u> :
7003	(a) standard forms;	

7004	(b) printed manuals;
7005	(c) qualified products lists;
7006	(d) source information;
7007	(e) common use commodities listings;
7008	(f) supplier prequalification information;
7009	(g) supplier performance ratings;
7010	(h) debarred and suspended bidders lists;
7011	(i) forms for invitation for bids, requests for proposals, instructions to bidders, general
7012	contract provisions, and [other] contract forms; [and] or
7013	(j) contracts or published summaries [thereof] of contracts, including price and time of
7014	delivery information.
7015	(2) [Any] A public procurement unit may provide [the following] technical services[;]
7016	[among others, to other] to another public procurement [units;] unit, including:
7017	(a) development of specifications;
7018	(b) development of quality assurance test methods, including receiving, inspection, and
7019	acceptance procedures;
7020	(c) use of testing and inspection facilities; [and] or
7021	(d) use of personnel training programs.
7022	(3) Public procurement units may enter into contractual arrangements and publish a
7023	schedule of fees for the services provided under Subsections (1) and (2).
7024	Section 200. Section 63G-6a-2104, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-904 is
7025	renumbered and amended to read:
7026	[63G-6-904]. 63G-6a-2104. Compliance by one public procurement unit
7027	pursuant to agreement considered compliance by others to agreement.
7028	[Where the] (1) When a public procurement unit [administering] that administers a
7029	cooperative purchase complies with the requirements of this chapter, any public procurement
7030	unit participating in [such a] the purchase [shall be] is considered to have complied with this
7031	chapter. [Public procurement units]
7032	(2) A public procurement unit may not enter into a cooperative purchasing agreement
7033	for the purpose of circumventing this chapter.
7034	Section 201. Section 63G-6a-2105, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-424 is

/035	renumbered and amended to read:
7036	[63G-6-424]. <u>63G-6a-2105.</u> Participation of counties, municipalities, and
7037	public procurement units in agreements or contracts of public procurement units.
7038	[Utah counties, municipalities, and local public procurement units]
7039	(1) A Utah county or municipality may purchase [from] under or otherwise participate
7040	in [state public procurement unit agreements and contracts.] an agreement or contract of a Utah
7041	public procurement unit.
7042	(2) A state purchasing unit or a Utah public procurement unit may:
7043	(a) contract with the federal government without going through a procurement process
7044	or an exception to a procurement process;
7045	(b) purchase under, or otherwise participate in, an agreement or contract of another
7046	Utah public procurement unit; or
7047	(c) purchase under, or otherwise participate in, an agreement or contract of an external
7048	public procurement unit, if:
7049	(i) the procurement was conducted in accordance with the requirements of this chapter;
7050	<u>and</u>
7051	(ii) the Utah participating addendum to the contract contains the terms and conditions
7052	required by the applicable rulemaking authority that enters into the Utah participating
7053	addendum.
7054	(3) A public transit district, organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public
7055	Transit District Act, may, without going through a procurement process or an exception to a
7056	procurement process, contract with a county or municipality to receive money from the county
7057	or municipality to fund a transportation project.
7058	Section 202. Section 63G-6a-2201 is enacted to read:
7059	Part 22. Ethical Requirements
7060	<u>63G-6a-2201.</u> Title.
7061	This part is known as "Ethical Requirements."
7062	Section 203. Section 63G-6a-2202 is enacted to read:
7063	63G-6a-2202. Ethical requirements for public procurement.
7064	(1) As used in this section, "ethics provisions of the model procurement code" means
7065	the following provisions of Article 12 of the 2000 American Bar Association Model

7066	Procurement Code for State and Local Governments:
7067	(a) Section 12-202, General Standards of Ethical Conduct;
7068	(b) Section 12-204, Employee Conflict of Interest;
7069	(c) Section 12-205, Employee Disclosure Requirements;
7070	(d) Section 12-206, Gratuities and Kickbacks;
7071	(e) Section 12-207, Prohibition Against Contingent Fees;
7072	(f) Section 12-208, Restrictions on Employment of Present and Former Employees;
7073	<u>and</u>
7074	(g) Section 12-209, Use of Confidential Information.
7075	(2) The applicable rulemaking authority shall make rules that prescribe ethical
7076	standards for its agents and employees in relation to a procurement.
7077	(3) The ethical standards described in Subsection (2) shall be based upon the general
7078	principles of the ethics provisions of the model procurement code.
7079	(4) The applicable rulemaking authority:
7080	(a) is not required to adopt or implement any of the specific provisions of the ethics
7081	provisions of the model procurement code; and
7082	(b) may not adopt any provision of the ethics provisions of the model procurement
7083	code that conflict with this chapter.
7084	(5) A public entity shall advise its employees and agents who are involved in a
7085	procurement process for the public entity regarding the following provisions and the penalties
7086	associated with those provisions:
7087	(a) the provisions of this part and rules made under this part;
7088	(b) Subsections 63G-6a-408 (4) and (5), relating to artificially dividing a procurement;
7089	(c) Section 63G-6a-2303, Offering a gratuity;
7090	(d) Section 63G-6a-2304, Accepting or requesting a gratuity;
7091	(e) Title 67, Chapter 16, Utah Public Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act;
7092	(f) Section 76-8-103, Bribery or offering a bribe;
7093	(g) Section 76-8-105, Receiving or soliciting bribe or bribery by public servant; and
7094	(h) Section 76-8-402. Misusing public money.
7095	Section 204. Section 63G-6a-2301 is enacted to read:
7096	Part 23. Unlawful Conduct and Penalties

7097	<u>63G-6a-2301.</u> Title.
7098	This part is known as "Unlawful Conduct and Penalties."
7099	Section 205. Section 63G-6a-2302, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-420 is
7100	renumbered and amended to read:
7101	[63G-6-420]. <u>63G-6a-2302.</u> Factual information to attorney general if
7102	collusion suspected.
7103	[When for any reason] If a public procurement unit suspects collusion or other
7104	anticompetitive practices [are suspected] among bidders or offerors, the public procurement
7105	unit shall transmit a notice of the relevant facts [shall be transmitted] to the attorney general.
7106	Section 206. Section 63G-6a-2303 is enacted to read:
7107	63G-6a-2303. Offering a gratuity.
7108	(1) As used in this section, "interested person" means a person who is interested in any
7109	way in the sale of a procurement item, real property, or insurance to a public entity.
7110	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (5), it is unlawful for an interested person to give
7111	offer, or promise to give an emolument, gratuity, contribution, loan, or reward to:
7112	(a) a procurement officer of the public entity that is seeking to obtain the procurement
7113	item;
7114	(b) any employee, official, or agent of the public entity that is seeking to obtain the
7115	procurement item; or
7116	(c) another person or entity on behalf of a person described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b).
7117	(3) The conduct described in Subsection (2) is unlawful, regardless of whether the
7118	emolument, gratuity, contribution, loan, or reward is given for:
7119	(a) the person's own use; or
7120	(b) the use or benefit of any other person.
7121	(4) A person who violates this section is guilty of:
7122	(a) a felony of the second degree if the total value of the emolument, gratuity,
7123	contribution, loan, or reward is \$1,000 or more;
7124	(b) a felony of the third degree if the total value of the emolument, gratuity,
7125	contribution, loan, or reward is \$250 or more, but less then \$1,000;
7126	(c) a class A misdemeanor if the value of the emolument, gratuity, contribution, loan,
7127	or reward is \$100 or more, but less than \$250; or

7128	(d) a class B misdemeanor if the value of the emolument, gratuity, contribution, loan,
7129	or reward is less than \$100.
7130	(5) A person is not guilty of a violation of this section if:
7131	(a) (i) the gift is an item of less than \$10 in value;
7132	(ii) the total value of all gifts given by the person to a person described in Subsection
7133	(2), or another person in that person's behalf, during that calendar year does not exceed \$50;
7134	<u>and</u>
7135	(iii) the gift is not given with the intent to induce a person to make a procurement
7136	decision in reciprocation for the gift; or
7137	(b) the gift:
7138	(i) is a philanthropic donation to a government entity; and
7139	(ii) is not given with the intent to induce a person to make a procurement decision in
7140	reciprocation for the gift.
7141	Section 207. Section 63G-6a-2304 is enacted to read:
7142	63G-6a-2304. Accepting or requesting a gratuity.
7143	(1) As used in this section, "associate" means any of the following:
7144	(a) the chief procurement officer;
7145	(b) a procurement officer;
7146	(c) a public employee;
7147	(d) a public official; or
7148	(e) an agent of a public entity.
7149	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), it is unlawful for an associate of a public
7150	entity that is engaged in obtaining a procurement item, real property, or insurance to ask,
7151	receive, offer to receive, accept, or ask for a promise to receive, an emolument, gratuity,
7152	contribution, loan, or reward for the associate's own use or benefit, or the use or benefit of any
7153	other person interested in the procurement item, real property, or insurance.
7154	(3) A person who violates this section is guilty of:
7155	(a) a felony of the second degree if the total value of the emolument, gratuity,
7156	contribution, loan, or reward is \$1,000 or more;
7157	(b) a felony of the third degree if the total value of the emolument, gratuity,
7158	contribution, loan, or reward is \$250 or more, but less then \$1,000;

7159	(c) a class A misdemeanor if the value of the emolument, gratuity, contribution, loan,
7160	or reward is \$100 or more, but less than \$250; or
7161	(d) a class B misdemeanor if the value of the emolument, gratuity, contribution, loan,
7162	or reward is less than \$100.
7163	(4) A person is not guilty of a violation of this section if:
7164	(a) (i) the associate receives a gift of less than \$10 in value;
7165	(ii) the total value of all gifts received by the associate from the same person during
7166	that calendar year does not exceed \$50; and
7167	(iii) the associate does not make a procurement decision, or intend to make a
7168	procurement decision, in reciprocation for the gift; or
7169	(b) the associate:
7170	(i) receives a philanthropic donation on behalf of a government entity; and
7171	(ii) does not make a procurement decision, or intend to make a procurement decision,
7172	in reciprocation for the donation.
7173	Section 208. Section 63G-6a-2305 is enacted to read:
7174	63G-6a-2305. Penalties for artificially dividing a purchase.
7175	A person who violates Subsection 63G-6a-408(4) or (5) is guilty of:
7176	(1) a felony of the second degree if the total value of the divided procurements is
7177	\$1,000,000 or more;
7178	(2) a felony of the third degree if the total value of the divided procurements is
7179	\$250,000 or more, but less than \$1,000,000;
7180	(3) a class A misdemeanor if the total value of the divided procurements is \$100,000 or
7181	more, but less than \$250,000; or
7182	(4) a class B misdemeanor if the total value of the divided procurements is less than
7183	<u>\$100,000.</u>
7184	Section 209. Section 63G-6a-2306 is enacted to read:
7185	<u>63G-6a-2306.</u> Penalties.
7186	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), in addition to any penalty contained in any
7187	other provision of law, a public officer or public employee who intentionally violates a
7188	provision of Section 63G-6a-2303, Section 63G-6a-2304, or Section 63G-6a-2305 shall be
7189	dismissed from employment or removed from office.

7190	(2) An elected official who intentionally violates a provision of Section 63G-6a-2303,
7191	Section 63G-6a-2304, or Section 63G-6a-2305 may only be removed from office in accordance
7192	with the requirements of law relating to removal of the elected official from office.
7193	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a public officer or public employee who
7194	intentionally violates a provision of this chapter, including Part 22, Ethical Requirements, is
7195	subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal from employment or dismissal
7196	from office.
7197	(4) An elected official who intentionally violates a provision of this chapter, including
7198	Part 22, Ethical Requirements, may only be disciplined or removed from office in accordance
7199	with the requirements of law relating to discipline of the elected official or removal of the
7200	elected official from office.
7201	Section 210. Section 63G-6a-2307 is enacted to read:
7202	63G-6a-2307. Contract awarded in relation to criminal conduct void.
7203	If a person who is awarded a contract intentionally violates a provision of Section
7204	63G-6a-2303 or Section 63G-6a-2304 in relation to the contract, the contract is void and
7205	unenforceable.
7206	Section 211. Section 63G-7-804 is amended to read:
7207	63G-7-804. Liability insurance Methods for purchase or renewal.
7208	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a contract or policy of insurance may be
7209	purchased or renewed under this chapter only upon public bid to be let to the lowest and best
7210	bidder.
7211	(2) The purchase or renewal of insurance by the state shall be conducted in accordance
7212	with the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
7213	Section 212. Section 63G-10-403 is amended to read:
7214	63G-10-403. Department of Transportation bid or request for proposals protest
7215	settlement agreement approval and review.
7216	(1) As used in this section:
7217	(a) "Department" means the Department of Transportation created in Section 72-1-201.
7218	(b) "Settlement agreement" includes stipulations, consent decrees, settlement
7219	agreements, or other legally binding documents or representations resolving a dispute between
7220	the department and another party when the department is required to pay money or required to

7221 take legally binding action.

- (2) The department shall obtain the approval of the Transportation Commission or the governor or review by the Legislative Management Committee of a settlement agreement that involves a bid or request for proposal protest in accordance with this section.
- (3) A settlement agreement that is being settled by the department as part of a bid or request for proposal protest, in accordance with Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603, that might cost government entities more than \$100,000 to implement shall be presented to the Transportation Commission for approval or rejection.
- (4) A settlement agreement that is being settled by the department as part of a bid or request for proposal protest, in accordance with Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603, that might cost government entities more than \$500,000 to implement shall be presented:
 - (a) to the Transportation Commission for approval or rejection; and
 - (b) to the governor for approval or rejection.
- (5) (a) A settlement agreement that is being settled by the department as part of a bid or request for proposal protest, in accordance with Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603, that might cost government entities more than \$1,000,000 to implement shall be presented:
 - (i) to the Transportation Commission for approval or rejection;
 - (ii) to the governor for approval or rejection; and
- (iii) if the settlement agreement is approved by the Transportation Commission and the governor, to the Legislative Management Committee.
- (b) The Legislative Management Committee may recommend approval or rejection of the settlement agreement.
- (6) (a) The department may not enter into a settlement agreement that resolves a bid or request for proposal protest, in accordance with Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603, that might cost government entities more than \$100,000 to implement until the Transportation Commission has approved the agreement.
- (b) The department may not enter into a settlement agreement that resolves a bid or request for proposal protest, in accordance with Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603, that might cost government entities more than \$500,000 to implement until the Transportation Commission and the governor have approved the agreement.
 - (c) The department may not enter into a settlement agreement that resolves a bid or

7252 request for proposal protest, in accordance with Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603, that might 7253 cost government entities more than \$1,000,000 to implement until: 7254 (i) the Transportation Commission has approved the agreement: 7255 (ii) the governor has approved the agreement; and 7256 (iii) the Legislative Management Committee has reviewed the agreement. 7257 Section 213. Section **63H-2-504** is amended to read: 7258 63H-2-504. Relation to other state statutes. 7259 (1) The authority is subject to review by the Retirement and Independent Entities 7260 Committee in accordance with Title 63E, Chapter 1, Independent Entities Act. 7261 (2) The authority is subject to: 7262 (a) Title 51. Chapter 5. Funds Consolidation Act: 7263 (b) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act; 7264 (c) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act; 7265 (d) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code; (e) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act; 7266 (f) Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act: 7267 (g) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; 7268 7269 (h) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; 7270 (i) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act; 7271 (i) Title 63J, Chapter 2, Revenue Procedures and Control Act; and 7272 (k) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act. Section 214. Section **63H-3-109** is amended to read: 7273 7274 63H-3-109. Relation to certain acts. 7275 (1) The authority is exempt from: 7276 (a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act: 7277 (b) Title 63A, Chapter 1, Department of Administrative Services; 7278 (c) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; 7279 (d) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act; and 7280 (e) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act. 7281 (2) The authority is subject to audit by: 7282 (a) the state auditor pursuant to Title 67, Chapter 3, Auditor; and

7283	(b) the legislative auditor general pursuant to Section 36-12-15.
7284	(3) The authority shall annually report to the Retirement and Independent Entities
7285	Committee created under Section 63E-1-201 concerning the authority's implementation of this
7286	part.
7287	Section 215. Section 63H-4-108 is amended to read:
7288	63H-4-108. Relation to certain acts.
7289	(1) The authority is exempt from:
7290	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
7291	(b) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code;
7292	(c) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
7293	(d) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act; and
7294	(e) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
7295	(2) The authority is subject to audit by the state auditor pursuant to Title 67, Chapter 3
7296	Auditor, and by the legislative auditor general pursuant to Section 36-12-15.
7297	Section 216. Section 63H-5-108 is amended to read:
7298	63H-5-108. Relation to certain acts.
7299	(1) The authority is exempt from:
7300	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
7301	(b) Title 63A, Chapter 1, Department of Administrative Services;
7302	(c) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
7303	(d) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act; and
7304	(e) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
7305	(2) The authority is subject to audit by the state auditor pursuant to Title 67, Chapter 3
7306	Auditor, and by the legislative auditor general pursuant to Section 36-12-15.
7307	Section 217. Section 63H-6-103 is amended to read:
7308	63H-6-103. Utah State Fair Corporation Legal status Powers.
7309	(1) There is created an independent public nonprofit corporation known as the "Utah
7310	State Fair Corporation."
7311	(2) The board shall file articles of incorporation for the corporation with the Division
7312	of Corporations and Commercial Code.
7313	(3) The corporation, subject to this chapter, has all powers and authority permitted

7314	nonprofit corporations by law.
7315	(4) The corporation shall, subject to approval of the board:
7316	(a) have general management, supervision, and control over all activities relating to the
7317	state fair and have charge of all state expositions except as otherwise provided by statute;
7318	(b) for public entertainment, displays, and exhibits or similar events:
7319	(i) provide, sponsor, or arrange the events;
7320	(ii) publicize and promote the events; and
7321	(iii) secure funds to cover the cost of the exhibits from:
7322	(A) private contributions;
7323	(B) public appropriations;
7324	(C) admission charges; and
7325	(D) other lawful means;
7326	(c) establish the time, place, and purpose of state expositions; and
7327	(d) acquire and designate exposition sites.
7328	(5) (a) The corporation shall:
7329	(i) use generally accepted accounting principals in accounting for its assets, liabilities,
7330	and operations;
7331	(ii) seek corporate sponsorships for the state fair park and for individual buildings or
7332	facilities within the fair park;
7333	(iii) work with county and municipal governments, the Salt Lake Convention and
7334	Visitor's Bureau, the Utah Travel Council, and other entities to develop and promote
7335	expositions and the use of the state fair park;
7336	(iv) develop and maintain a marketing program to promote expositions and the use of
7337	the state fair park;
7338	(v) in cooperation with the Division of Facilities Construction and Management,
7339	maintain the physical appearance and structural integrity of the state fair park and the buildings
7340	located at the state fair park;
7341	(vi) hold an annual exhibition that:
7342	(A) is called the state fair or a similar name;
7343	(B) includes expositions of livestock, poultry, agricultural, domestic science,

horticultural, floricultural, mineral, and industrial products, manufactured articles, and

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- domestic animals that, in the corporation's opinion will best stimulate agricultural, industrial, artistic, and educational pursuits and the sharing of talents among the people of Utah;
- 7347 (C) includes the award of premiums for the best specimens of the exhibited articles and animals;
 - (D) permits competition by livestock exhibited by citizens of other states and territories of the United States; and
 - (E) is arranged according to plans approved by the board;
 - (vii) fix the conditions of entry to the exposition described in Subsection (5)(a)(vi); and
- 7353 (viii) publish a list of premiums that will be awarded at the exhibition described in 7354 Subsection (5)(a)(vi) for the best specimens of exhibited articles and animals.
 - (b) In addition to the state fair to be held in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(vi), the corporation may hold other exhibitions of livestock, poultry, agricultural, domestic science, horticultural, floricultural, mineral, and industrial products, manufactured articles, and domestic animals that, in its opinion, will best stimulate agricultural, industrial, artistic, and educational pursuits and the sharing of talents among the people of Utah.
 - (6) The corporation may:
 - (a) employ advisers, consultants, and agents, including financial experts and independent legal counsel, and fix their compensation;
 - (b) procure insurance against any loss in connection with its property and other assets, including mortgage loans;
 - (c) receive and accept aid or contributions of money, property, labor, or other things of value from any source, including any grants or appropriations from any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States or Utah;
 - (d) hold, use, loan, grant, and apply that aid and those contributions to carry out the purposes of the corporation, subject to the conditions, if any, upon which the aid and contributions were made;
 - (e) enter into management agreements with any person or entity for the performance of its functions or powers;
 - (f) establish whatever accounts and procedures as necessary to budget, receive, and disburse, account for, and audit all funds received, appropriated, or generated;
 - (g) enter into agreements for the leasing of any of the facilities at the state fair park, if

- 7376 approved by the board; and
- 7377 (h) sponsor events as approved by the board.
- 7378 (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), as an independent agency of Utah, the 7379 corporation is exempt from:
- 7380 (i) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
- 7381 (ii) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
- 7382 (iii) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code;
- 7383 (iv) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
- 7384 (v) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act; and
- 7385 (vi) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
- 7386 (b) The board shall adopt policies parallel to and consistent with:
- 7387 (i) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
- 7388 (ii) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
- 7389 (iii) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code;
- 7390 (iv) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
- 7391 (v) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act.
- 7392 (c) The corporation shall comply with the legislative approval requirements for new 7393 facilities established in Subsection 63A-5-104(3).
- 7394 Section 218. Section **63I-1-263** is amended to read:
- 7395 63I-1-263. Repeal dates, Titles 63A to 63M.
- 7396 (1) Section 63A-4-204, authorizing the Risk Management Fund to provide coverage to 7397 any public school district which chooses to participate, is repealed July 1, 2016.
 - (2) Section 63A-5-603, State Facility Energy Efficiency Fund, is repealed July 1, 2016.
- 7399 (3) Section 63C-8-106, rural residency training program, is repealed July 1, 2015.
- 7400 (4) Title 63C, Chapter 13, Prison Relocation and Development Authority Act, is 7401 repealed July 1, 2014.
- 7402 (5) Subsection [63G-6-502(5)(b)(ii)] 63G-6a-1402(7) authorizing certain transportation 7403 agencies to award a contract for a design-build transportation project in certain circumstances, 7404 is repealed July 1, 2015.

7405 (6) Title 63H, Chapter 4, Heber Valley Historic Railroad Authority, is repealed July 1, 7406 2020.

- 7407 (7) The Resource Development Coordinating Committee, created in Section 63J-4-501, is repealed July 1, 2015.
- 7409 (8) Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 4, Enterprise Zone Act, is repealed July 1, 2018.
- 7410 (9) (a) Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 11, Recycling Market Development Zone Act, is repealed January 1, 2021.
- 7412 (b) Subject to Subsection (9)(c), Sections 59-7-610 and 59-10-1007 regarding tax 7413 credits for certain persons in recycling market development zones, are repealed for taxable 7414 years beginning on or after January 1, 2012.
- 7415 (c) A person may not claim a tax credit under Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007:
- 7416 (i) for the purchase price of machinery or equipment described in Section 59-7-610 or
- 7417 59-10-1007, if the machinery or equipment is purchased on or after January 1, 2012; or
- 7418 (ii) for an expenditure described in Subsection 59-7-610(1)(b) or 59-10-1007(1)(b), if 7419 the expenditure is made on or after January 1, 2012.
- 7420 (d) Notwithstanding Subsections (9)(b) and (c), a person may carry forward a tax credit 7421 in accordance with Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007 if:
- 7422 (i) the person is entitled to a tax credit under Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007; and
- 7423 (ii) (A) for the purchase price of machinery or equipment described in Section
- 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007, the machinery or equipment is purchased on or before December 31,
- 7425 2011; or
- 7426 (B) for an expenditure described in Subsection 59-7-610(1)(b) or 59-10-1007(1)(b), the expenditure is made on or before December 31, 2011.
- 7428 (10) The Crime Victim Reparations <u>and Assistance</u> Board, created in Section 7429 63M-7-504, is repealed July 1, 2017.
- 7430 (11) Title 63M, Chapter 8, Utah Commission for Women and Families Act, is repealed 7431 July 1, 2011.
- 7432 (12) Title 63M, Chapter 9, Families, Agencies, and Communities Together for
- 7433 Children and Youth At Risk Act, is repealed July 1, 2016.
- 7434 (13) Title 63M, Chapter 11, Utah Commission on Aging, is repealed July 1, 2012.
- 7435 Section 219. Section **63M-1-2602** is amended to read:
- 7436 **63M-1-2602. Definitions.**
- 7437 As used in this part:

7438	(1) "Affected department" means, as applicable, the Board of Education or the
7439	Department of Technology Services.
7440	(2) "Board" means the Board of Business and Economic Development created under
7441	Section 63M-1-301.
7442	(3) "Board of Education" means the Utah State Board of Education.
7443	(4) "Chief procurement officer" means the chief procurement officer appointed under
7444	Section [63G-6-203] <u>63G-6a-302</u> .
7445	(5) "Committee" means the proposal review committee created under Section
7446	63M-1-2604.
7447	(6) "Day" means a calendar day.
7448	(7) "Director" is as defined in Section 63M-1-102.
7449	(8) "Executive Appropriations Committee" means the Legislature's Executive
7450	Appropriations Committee.
7451	(9) "Information technology" is as defined in Section 63F-1-102.
7452	(10) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development created under
7453	Section 63M-1-201.
7454	(11) "Private entity" means a person submitting a proposal under this part for the
7455	purpose of entering into a project.
7456	(12) "Project" means the subject of a proposal or an agreement for the procurement or
7457	disposal of:
7458	(a) information technology or telecommunications products or services; or
7459	(b) supplies or services for or on behalf of the Department of Technology Services or
7460	the Board of Education.
7461	(13) "Proposal" means an unsolicited offer by a private entity to undertake a project,
7462	including an initial proposal under Section 63M-1-2605 and a detailed proposal under Section
7463	63M-1-2608.
7464	(14) "Services" is as defined in Section [63G-6-103] <u>63G-6a-103</u> .
7465	(15) "Supplies" is as defined in Section [63G-6-103] <u>63G-6a-103</u> .
7466	(16) "Telecommunications" is as defined in Section 63F-1-102.
7467	Section 220. Section 63M-1-2603 is amended to read:

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63M-1-2603. Government Procurement Private Proposal Program -- Proposals --

7469	Rulemaking.
7470	(1) There is created within the office the Government Procurement Private Proposal
7471	Program.
7472	(2) In accordance with this part, the board may:
7473	(a) accept a proposal for a project;
7474	(b) solicit comments, suggestions, and modifications to a project in accordance with
7475	Section [63G-6-408.5] <u>63G-6a-711</u> ; and
7476	(c) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
7477	Rulemaking Act, establishing requirements, including time limits for any action required by the
7478	affected department, a directly affected state entity or school district, or the Governor's Office
7479	of Planning and Budget, for the procurement of a project to the extent not governed by Title
7480	63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
7481	Section 221. Section 63M-1-2605 is amended to read:
7482	63M-1-2605. Initial proposal Requirements.
7483	(1) In accordance with this part, a private entity may at any time submit to the
7484	committee an initial proposal for a project.
7485	(2) An initial proposal shall include:
7486	(a) a conceptual description of the project;
7487	(b) a description of the economic benefit of the project to the state and the affected
7488	department;
7489	(c) information concerning the products, services, and supplies currently being
7490	provided by the state, that are similar to the project;
7491	(d) an estimate of the following costs associated with the project:
7492	(i) design;
7493	(ii) implementation;
7494	(iii) operation and maintenance; and
7495	(iv) any other related project cost; and
7496	(e) the name and address of a person who may be contacted for further information
7497	concerning the initial proposal.
7498	(3) A private entity submitting an initial proposal under this section shall pay the fee

required by Section 63M-1-2612 when the initial proposal is submitted.

7500	(4) An initial proposal submitted under this section is a protected record under Title
7501	63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, until the chief
7502	procurement officer initiates a procurement process in accordance with Section [63G-6-408.5]
7503	<u>63G-6a-711</u> .
7504	(5) The board shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
7505	Administrative Rulemaking Act, detailing the portions of an initial proposal that remain
7506	protected after the chief procurement officer initiates a procurement process.
7507	Section 222. Section 63M-1-2606 is amended to read:
7508	63M-1-2606. Review of initial proposal Affected department review.
7509	(1) The committee shall review and evaluate an initial proposal submitted in
7510	accordance with:
7511	(a) this part; and
7512	(b) any rule established by the board under Section 63M-1-2603.
7513	(2) If the committee, in its sole discretion, determines to proceed with the project, the
7514	committee shall submit a copy of the initial proposal to:
7515	(a) the affected department; and
7516	(b) the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.
7517	(3) (a) An affected department, directly affected state entity, and school district
7518	receiving a copy of the initial proposal under Subsection (2) or (4) shall review the initial
7519	proposal and provide the committee with any comment, suggestion, or modification to the
7520	project.
7521	(b) After receiving an initial proposal, the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget
7522	shall prepare an economic feasibility report containing:
7523	(i) information concerning the economic feasibility and effectiveness of the project
7524	based upon competent evidence;
7525	(ii) a dollar amount representing the total estimated fiscal impact of the project to the
7526	affected department and the state; and
7527	(iii) any other matter the committee requests or is required by the board by rule.
7528	(4) In reviewing an initial proposal, the affected department shall share the initial
7529	proposal with any other state entity or school district that will be directly affected if the
7530	proposal is ultimately adopted, if the confidentiality of the initial proposal is maintained.

7531	(5) If the committee determines to proceed with the project, the committee shall submit
7532	a copy of the initial proposal, including any comment, suggestion, or modification to the initial
7533	proposal, to:
7534	(a) the chief procurement officer in accordance with Section [63G-6-408.5]
7535	63G-6a-711; and
7536	(b) the Executive Appropriations Committee, for informational purposes.
7537	(6) Before taking any action under Subsection (5), the committee shall consider:
7538	(a) any comment, suggestion, or modification to the initial proposal submitted in
7539	accordance with Subsection (3);
7540	(b) the extent to which the project is practical, efficient, and economically beneficial to
7541	the state and the affected department;
7542	(c) the economic feasibility report prepared by the Governor's Office of Planning and
7543	Budget; and
7544	(d) any other reasonable factor identified by the committee or required by the board by
7545	rule.
7546	Section 223. Section 63M-1-2607 is amended to read:
7547	63M-1-2607. Acceptance of initial proposal Obtaining detailed proposals.
7548	(1) If an initial proposal is accepted under Section 63M-1-2606, the chief procurement
7549	officer shall:
7550	(a) take action under Section [63G-6-408.5] 63G-6a-711 to initiate a procurement
7551	process to obtain one or more detailed proposals using information from portions of the initial
7552	proposal that are not protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records [and]
7553	Access and Management Act;
7554	(b) consult with the committee during the procurement process; and
7555	(c) submit all detailed proposals that meet the guidelines established under Subsection
7556	63M-1-2608(1), including the detailed proposal submitted by the private entity that submitted
7557	the initial proposal for the project, to:
7558	(i) the committee; and
7559	(ii) the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.
7560	(2) The office is considered the purchasing agency for a procurement process initiated
7561	under this part.

Management Act; and

7562	Section 224. Section 63M-1-2608 is amended to read:
7563	63M-1-2608. Detailed proposal Requirements Cooperation of affected
7564	department.
7565	(1) A detailed proposal submitted in response to a procurement process initiated under
7566	Section 63M-1-2607 shall include:
7567	(a) a conceptual description of the project, including the scope of the work;
7568	(b) a description of the economic benefit of the project to the state and the affected
7569	department;
7570	(c) an estimate of the design, implementation, operation, maintenance, or other costs
7571	associated with the project;
7572	(d) information concerning the information technology or telecommunication product
7573	and service or other supply or service currently provided by the state that is similar to the
7574	project being proposed, if applicable;
7575	(e) a statement setting forth the private entity's general plan for financing the project,
7576	including any appropriation by the Legislature or other public money and, if applicable, the
7577	sources of the private entity's funds and identification of any dedicated revenue source or
7578	proposed debt or equity investment on behalf of the private entity;
7579	(f) the name and address of the person who may be contacted for further information
7580	concerning the detailed proposal;
7581	(g) a statement describing the private entity's experience with other similar projects and
7582	a description of why the private entity is best qualified for the project; and
7583	(h) any other information:
7584	(i) reasonably requested by the affected department or the committee, or required by
7585	the board by rule; or
7586	(ii) that the private entity considers necessary or appropriate to complete or describe
7587	the detailed proposal.
7588	(2) To assist each private entity in preparing a detailed proposal:
7589	(a) the affected department shall provide each private entity with access to all
7590	information, records, documents, and reports related to the proposal and the project that are
7591	designated public records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and

1393	(b) the affected department and the committee snan cooperate with each private entity
7594	to assist the private entity in the development of a detailed proposal that is:
7595	(i) practical;
7596	(ii) efficient; and
7597	(iii) economically beneficial to the state and the affected department.
7598	(3) The committee or any private entity may choose to terminate the development of
7599	the detailed proposal at any time before the submission of the detailed proposal to the chief
7600	procurement officer under Section [63G-6-408.5] <u>63G-6a-711</u> .
7601	Section 225. Section 63M-1-2610 is amended to read:
7602	63M-1-2610. Project agreement.
7603	(1) If the board accepts the detailed proposal, the director shall:
7604	(a) prepare a project agreement in consultation with the affected department and any
7605	other state entity directly impacted by the detailed proposal; and
7606	(b) enter into the project agreement with the private entity.
7607	(2) A project agreement shall be signed by the director, the affected department, a
7608	directly affected state entity or school district, and the private entity.
7609	(3) A project agreement shall include provisions concerning:
7610	(a) the scope of the project;
7611	(b) the pricing method of the project;
7612	(c) the director's or the state's ability to terminate for convenience or for default, and
7613	any termination compensation to be paid to the private entity, if applicable;
7614	(d) the ability to monitor performance under the project agreement;
7615	(e) the appropriate limits of liability;
7616	(f) the appropriate transition of services, if applicable;
7617	(g) the exceptions from applicable rules and procedures for the implementation and
7618	administration of the project by the affected department, if any;
7619	(h) the clauses and remedies applicable to state contracts under Title 63G, Chapter [6,
7620	Part 6, Contract Clauses] 6a, Part 12, Contracts and Change Orders; and
7621	(i) any other matter reasonably requested by the committee or required by the board by
7622	rule.
7623	(4) A copy of the signed project agreement shall be submitted to:

7624 (a) the affected department; and 7625 (b) the Executive Appropriations Committee. 7626 (5) A project agreement is considered a contract under Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah 7627 Procurement Code. 7628 (6) The affected department shall implement and administer the project agreement in 7629 accordance with rules made under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 7630 except as modified by the project agreement under Subsection (3)(g). 7631 Section 226. Section **64-13a-13** is amended to read: 7632 64-13a-13. Purchases of material -- Exemption. 7633 (1) The Division of Correctional Industries is exempt from the provisions of Title 63G, 7634 Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, in respect to goods or services purchased by or sold to 7635 the department. 7636 (2) The purchase of raw materials for use by the division in manufacturing or 7637 processing products for resale is exempt from the powers and duties of the state purchasing 7638 agent. Section 227. Section 67-16-4 is amended to read: 7639 7640 67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected 7641 information -- Using position to secure privileges or exemptions -- Accepting employment 7642 which would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance -- Exceptions. 7643 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for a public officer, public 7644 employee, or legislator, under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section 7645 [63G-6-1001] <u>63G-6a-2304</u> or 76-8-105, to: 7646 (a) accept employment or engage in any business or professional activity that he might 7647 reasonably expect would require or induce him to improperly disclose controlled information 7648 that he has gained by reason of his official position; 7649 (b) disclose or improperly use controlled, private, or protected information acquired by 7650 reason of his official position or in the course of official duties in order to further substantially 7651 the officer's or employee's personal economic interest or to secure special privileges or 7652 exemptions for himself or others; (c) use or attempt to use his official position to: 7653

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(i) further substantially the officer's or employee's personal economic interest; or

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(ii) secure special privileges or exemptions for himself or others: 7655 7656 (d) accept other employment that he might expect would impair his independence of 7657 judgment in the performance of his public duties; or 7658 (e) accept other employment that he might expect would interfere with the ethical 7659 performance of his public duties. 7660 (2) (a) Subsection (1) does not apply to the provision of education-related services to 7661 public school students by public education employees acting outside their regular employment. 7662 (b) The conduct referred to in Subsection (2)(a) is subject to Section 53A-1-402.5. 7663 (3) A county legislative body member who does not participate in the process of 7664 selecting a mental health or substance abuse service provider does not commit an offense under 7665 Subsection (1)(a) or (b) by: (a) serving also as a member of the governing board of the provider of mental health or 7666 7667 substance abuse services under contract with the county; or 7668 (b) discharging, in good faith, the duties and responsibilities of each position. 7669 Section 228. Section **67-16-5** is amended to read: 7670 67-16-5. Accepting gift, compensation, or loan -- When prohibited. (1) As used in this section, "economic benefit tantamount to a gift" includes: 7671 7672 (a) a loan at an interest rate that is substantially lower than the commercial rate then 7673 currently prevalent for similar loans; and 7674 (b) compensation received for private services rendered at a rate substantially 7675 exceeding the fair market value of the services. 7676 (2) It is an offense for a public officer or public employee, under circumstances not 7677 amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001] 63G-6a-2304 or 76-8-105, to knowingly 7678 receive, accept, take, seek, or solicit, directly or indirectly for himself or another a gift of 7679 substantial value or a substantial economic benefit tantamount to a gift: 7680 (a) that would tend improperly to influence a reasonable person in the person's position 7681 to depart from the faithful and impartial discharge of the person's public duties; 7682 (b) that the public officer or public employee knows or that a reasonable person in that

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(c) if the public officer or public employee recently has been, is now, or in the near

position should know under the circumstances is primarily for the purpose of rewarding the

public officer or public employee for official action taken; or

7686	future may be involved in any governmental action directly affecting the donor or lender,
7687	unless a disclosure of the gift, compensation, or loan and other relevant information has been
7688	made in the manner provided in Section 67-16-6.
7689	(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to:
7690	(a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift, having a value of not in excess of \$50;
7691	(b) an award publicly presented in recognition of public services;
7692	(c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or
7693	(d) a political campaign contribution.
7694	Section 229. Section 67-16-5.3 is amended to read:
7695	67-16-5.3. Requiring donation, payment, or service to government agency in
7696	exchange for approval When prohibited.
7697	(1) It is an offense for a public officer, public employee, or legislator, under
7698	circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001] 63G-6a-2304 or 76-8-105
7699	to demand from any person as a condition of granting any application or request for a permit,
7700	approval, or other authorization, that the person donate personal property, money, or services to
7701	any agency.
7702	(2) (a) Subsection (1) does not apply to any donation of property, funds, or services to
7703	an agency that is:
7704	(i) expressly required by statute, ordinance, or agency rule;
7705	(ii) mutually agreed to between the applicant and the entity issuing the permit,
7706	approval, or other authorization;
7707	(iii) made voluntarily by the applicant; or
7708	(iv) a condition of a consent decree, settlement agreement, or other binding instrument
7709	entered into to resolve, in whole or in part, an actual or threatened agency enforcement action.
7710	(b) If a person donates property, funds, or services to an agency, the agency shall, as
7711	part of the permit or other written authorization:
7712	(i) identify that a donation has been made;
7713	(ii) describe the donation;
7714	(iii) certify, in writing, that the donation was voluntary; and
7715	(iv) place that information in its files.
7716	Section 230. Section 67-16-6 is amended to read:

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7717	67-16-6. Receiving compensation for assistance in transaction involving an
7718	agency Filing sworn statement.
7719	(1) It is an offense for a public officer or public employee, under circumstances not
7720	amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001] <u>63G-6a-2304</u> or 76-8-105, to receive or
7721	agree to receive compensation for assisting any person or business entity in any transaction
7722	involving an agency unless the public officer or public employee files a sworn, written
7723	statement containing the information required by Subsection (2) with:
7724	(a) the head of the officer or employee's own agency;
7725	(b) the agency head of the agency with which the transaction is being conducted; and
7726	(c) the state attorney general.
7727	(2) The statement shall contain:
7728	(a) the name and address of the public officer or public employee involved;
7729	(b) the name of the public officer's or public employee's agency;
7730	(c) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted; and
7731	(d) a brief description of:
7732	(i) the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be rendered; and
7733	(ii) the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
7734	(3) The statement required to be filed under Subsection (1) shall be filed within 10
7735	days after the date of any agreement between the public officer or public employee and the
7736	person or business entity being assisted or the receipt of compensation, whichever is earlier.
7737	(4) The statement is public information and shall be available for examination by the
7738	public.
7739	Section 231. Section 72-6-107 is amended to read:
7740	72-6-107. Construction or improvement of highway Contracts Retainage
7741	Certain indemnification provisions forbidden.
7742	(1) As used in this section, "design professional" means:
7743	(a) an architect, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 3a, Architects Licensing Act;
7744	(b) a landscape architect, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 53, Landscape Architects

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(c) a professional engineer or professional land surveyor, licensed under Title 58,

Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act.

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Licensing Act; and

- 7748 (2) (a) The department shall make plans, specifications, and estimates prior to the construction or improvement of any state highway.
 - (b) Except as provided in Section [63G-6-502] 63G-6a-1402 and except for construction or improvements performed with state prison labor, a construction or improvement project with an estimated cost exceeding the bid limit as defined in Section 72-6-109 for labor and materials shall be performed under contract awarded to the lowest responsible bidder.
 - (c) (i) The department:
 - (A) shall publish an advertisement for bids in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for a period of two weeks ending no more than 10 days before bids are opened; and
 - (B) may publish an advertisement for bids in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the work is to be performed.
 - (ii) If the department publishes an advertisement for bids in a newspaper under Subsection (2)(c)(i)(B), the department shall publish the advertisement at least once a week for two consecutive weeks, with the last publication at least 10 days before bids are opened.
 - (d) The department shall receive sealed bids and open the bids at the time and place designated in the advertisement. The department may then award the contract but may reject any and all bids.
 - (e) If the department's estimates are substantially lower than any responsible bid received, the department may perform any work by force account.
 - (3) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction or improvement of a state highway is retained or withheld, the payment shall be retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - (4) If the department performs a construction or improvement project by force account, the department shall:
 - (a) provide an accounting of the costs and expenditures of the improvement including material and labor;
 - (b) disclose the costs and expenditures to any person upon request and allow the person to make a copy and pay for the actual cost of the copy; and
- 7777 (c) perform the work using the same specifications and standards that would apply to a 7778 private contractor.

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- 7779 (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the department shall establish procedures for:
 - (a) hearing evidence that a region within the department violated this section; and
- (b) administering sanctions against the region if the region is found in violation.
 - (6) (a) Beginning May 12, 2009, a contract, including an amendment to an existing contract, entered into under authority of this chapter may not require that a design professional indemnify another from liability claims that arise out of the design professional's services, unless the liability claim arises from the design professional's negligent act, wrongful act, error or omission, or other liability imposed by law.
 - (b) Subsection (6)(a) may not be waived by contract.
 - (c) Notwithstanding Subsections (6)(a) and (b), a design professional may be required to indemnify a person for whom the design professional has direct or indirect control or responsibility.
 - Section 232. Section **72-6-107.5** is amended to read:
- 7793 **72-6-107.5.** Construction of improvements of highway -- Contracts -- Health 7794 insurance coverage.
 - (1) For purposes of this section:
- 7796 (a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section 34A-2-104 who:
 - (i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
 - (ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.
 - (b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
 - (c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" is as defined in Section 26-40-115.
 - (d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
 - (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to contracts entered into by the department on or after July 1, 2009, for construction or design of highways and to a prime contractor or to a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
 - (b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.
 - (ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of

7810	\$750,000 or greater.
7811	(3) This section does not apply if:
7812	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
7813	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
7814	(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
7815	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section [63G-6-103]
7816	63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial
7817	threshold required by Subsection (2).
7818	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
7819	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
7820	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the department that
7821	the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the
7822	contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
7823	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor shall
7824	demonstrate to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified
7825	health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependents
7826	during the duration of the contract.
7827	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during
7828	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
7829	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
7830	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
7831	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
7832	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
7833	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
7834	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
7835	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
7836	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
7837	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
7838	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
7839	(b) in coordination with:

(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;

7842	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
7843	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
7844	(v) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5; and
7845	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
7846	(c) which establish:
7847	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
7848	department compliance with this section which shall include:
7849	(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or
7850	(b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and
7851	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for qualified health insurance
7852	coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the department or
7853	division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency from either:
7854	(I) the Utah Insurance Department;
7855	(II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
7856	(III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
7857	rates;
7858	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
7859	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
7860	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
7861	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
7862	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
7863	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
7864	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
7865	Section [63G-6-804] 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
7866	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
7867	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and a dependent of the employee
7868	of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage
7869	during the duration of the contract; and
7870	(iii) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified
7871	health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c).

(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;

- 7872 (7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6), a contractor or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance coverage.
- 7876 (ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection 7877 (7)(a)(i) if:
- 7878 (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency provided by:
 - (I) an actuary; or

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- 7881 (II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium 7882 rates; or
 - (B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
 - (b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
 - (8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
 - (9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance coverage as required by this section:
 - (a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor under Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
 - (b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design or construction.
 - Section 233. Section **72-6-108** is amended to read:

72-6-108. Class B and C roads -- Improvement projects -- Contracts -- Retainage.

(1) A county executive for class B roads and the municipal executive for class C roads shall cause plans, specifications, and estimates to be made prior to the construction of any improvement project, as defined in Section 72-6-109, on a class B or C road if the estimated cost for any one project exceeds the bid limit as defined in Section 72-6-109 for labor,

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- 7904 (2) (a) All projects in excess of the bid limit shall be performed under contract to be let 7905 to the lowest responsible bidder.
 - (b) If the estimated cost of the improvement project exceeds the bid limit for labor, equipment, and materials, the project may not be divided to permit the construction in parts, unless each part is done by contract.
 - (3) (a) The advertisement on bids shall be published:
 - (i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the work is to be performed at least once a week for three consecutive weeks; and
 - (ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
 - (b) If there is no newspaper of general circulation as described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), the notice shall be posted for at least 20 days in at least five public places in the county.
 - (4) The county or municipal executive or their designee shall receive sealed bids and open the bids at the time and place designated in the advertisement. The county or municipal executive or their designee may then award the contract but may reject any and all bids.
 - (5) The person, firm, or corporation that is awarded a contract under this section is subject to the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
 - (6) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction or improvement of a class B or C road is retained or withheld, the payment shall be retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - Section 234. Section **72-6-205** is amended to read:
 - 72-6-205. Solicited and unsolicited tollway development agreement proposals.
- 7925 (1) In accordance with this section, the department may:
 - (a) accept unsolicited tollway development agreement proposals; or
 - (b) solicit tollway development agreement proposals for a proposed project.
- 7928 (2) The department shall solicit tollway development agreement proposals in accordance with Section [63G-6-503] 63G-6a-1403.
 - (3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the department and the commission shall establish rules and procedures for accepting unsolicited proposals that require the:
 - (a) private entity that submits the unsolicited proposal to comply with the minimum

land uses; and

7934	requirements for tollway development agreement proposals under Section 72-6-204;
7935	(b) department to issue a request for competing proposals and qualifications that
7936	includes:
7937	(i) a description of the proposed tollway development facility and the terms and
7938	conditions of a tollway development agreement;
7939	(ii) submittal requirements;
7940	(iii) the criteria to be used to evaluate the proposals;
7941	(iv) the relative weight given to the criteria; and
7942	(v) the deadline by which competing proposals must be received; and
7943	(c) department to publish a notice advertising the request for competing proposals and
7944	providing information regarding how to obtain a copy of the request.
7945	(4) (a) The department may establish a fee in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 for
7946	reviewing unsolicited proposals and competing proposals submitted under this section.
7947	(b) The department may waive the fee under Subsection (4)(a) if it determines that it is
7948	reasonable and in the best interest of the state.
7949	Section 235. Section 72-7-504 is amended to read:
7950	72-7-504. Advertising prohibited near interstate or primary system Exceptions
7951	Logo advertising Department rules.
7952	(1) Outdoor advertising that is capable of being read or comprehended from any place
7953	on the main-traveled way of an interstate or primary system may not be erected or maintained,
7954	except:
7955	(a) directional and other official signs and notices authorized or required by law,
7956	including signs and notices pertaining to natural wonders and scenic and historic attractions,
7957	informational or directional signs regarding utility service, emergency telephone signs, buried
7958	or underground utility markers, and above ground utility closure signs;
7959	(b) signs advertising the sale or lease of property upon which they are located;
7960	(c) signs advertising activities conducted on the property where they are located,
7961	including signs on the premises of a public assembly facility as provided in Section 72-7-504.5
7962	(d) signs located in a commercial or industrial zone;
7963	(e) signs located in unzoned industrial or commercial areas as determined from actual

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(i) who:

(A) submits the lowest bid; and

7965 (f) logo advertising under Subsection (2). 7966 (2) (a) The department may itself or by contract erect, administer, and maintain 7967 informational signs on the main-traveled way of an interstate or primary system for the display 7968 of logo advertising and information of interest to the traveling public if: 7969 (i) the department complies with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, in 7970 the lease or other contract agreement with a private party for the sign or sign space; and 7971 (ii) the private party for the lease of the sign or sign space pays an amount set by the 7972 department to be paid to the department or the party under contract with the department under 7973 this Subsection (2). 7974 (b) The amount shall be sufficient to cover the costs of erecting, administering, and 7975 maintaining the signs or sign spaces. 7976 (c) The department may consult the Governor's Office of Economic Development in 7977 carrying out this Subsection (2). 7978 (3) (a) Revenue generated under Subsection (2) shall be: 7979 (i) applied first to cover department costs under Subsection (2); and 7980 (ii) deposited in the Transportation Fund. 7981 (b) Revenue in excess of costs under Subsection (2)(a) shall be deposited in the 7982 General Fund as a dedicated credit for use by the Governor's Office of Economic Development 7983 no later than the following fiscal year. 7984 (4) Outdoor advertising under Subsections (1)(a), (d), (e), and (f) shall conform to the 7985 rules made by the department under Sections 72-7-506 and 72-7-507. 7986 Section 236. Section **73-10-27** is amended to read: 7987 73-10-27. Definitions -- Project priorities -- Considerations -- Determinations of 7988 feasibility -- Bids and contracts -- Definitions -- Retainage. 7989 (1) As used in this section: 7990 (a) "Board" means the Board of Water Resources created in Section 73-10-1.5. 7991 (b) "Estimated cost" means the cost of the labor, material, and equipment necessary for 7992 construction of the contemplated project. 7993 (c) "Lowest responsible bidder" means a licensed contractor:

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7996	(B) furnishes a payment bond and a performance bond under Sections 14-1-18 and
7997	[63G-6-505] <u>63G-6a-1103</u> ; and
7998	(ii) whose bid:
7999	(A) is in compliance with the invitation for a bid; and
8000	(B) meets the plans and specifications.
8001	(2) In considering the priority for a project to be built or financed with funds made
8002	available under Section 73-10-24, the board shall give preference to a project that:
8003	(a) is sponsored by, or for the benefit of, the state or a political subdivision of the state;
8004	(b) meets a critical local need;
8005	(c) has greater economic feasibility;
8006	(d) will yield revenue to the state within a reasonable time or will return a reasonable
8007	rate of interest, based on financial feasibility; and
8008	(e) meets other considerations deemed necessary by the board, including wildlife
8009	management and recreational needs.
8010	(3) (a) In determining the economic feasibility, the board shall establish a
8011	benefit-to-cost ratio for each project, using a uniform standard of procedure for all projects.
8012	(b) In considering whether a project should be built, the benefit-to-cost ratio for each
8013	project shall be weighted based on the relative cost of the project.
8014	(c) A project, when considered in total with all other projects constructed under this
8015	chapter and still the subject of a repayment contract, may not cause the accumulative
8016	benefit-to-cost ratio of the projects to be less than one to one.
8017	(4) A project may not be built if the project is not:
8018	(a) in the public interest, as determined by the board; or
8019	(b) adequately designed based on sound engineering and geologic considerations.
8020	(5) In preparing a project constructed by the board, the board shall:
8021	(a) based on a competitive bid, award a contract for:
8022	(i) a flood control project:
8023	(A) involving a city or county; and
8024	(B) costing in excess of \$35,000;
8025	(ii) the construction of a storage reservoir in excess of 100 acre-feet; or
8026	(iii) the construction of a hydroelectric generating facility;

8027	(b) publish an advertisement for a competitive bid:
8028	(i) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper with general
8029	circulation in the state, with the last date of publication appearing at least five days before the
8030	schedule bid opening; and
8031	(ii) indicating that the board:
8032	(A) will award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder; and
8033	(B) reserves the right to reject any and all bids;
8034	(c) readvertise the project in the manner specified in Subsection (5)(b) if the board
8035	rejects all of the initial bids on the project; and
8036	(d) keep an accurate record of all facts and representations relied upon in preparing the
8037	board's estimated cost for a project that is subject to the competitive bidding requirements of
8038	this section.
8039	(6) If no satisfactory bid is received by the board upon the readvertisement of the
8040	project in accordance with Subsection (5), the board may proceed to construct the project in
8041	accordance with the plan and specifications used to calculate the estimated cost of the project.
8042	(7) If a payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction of a project
8043	under this section is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or withheld and released as
8044	provided in Section 13-8-5.
8045	Section 237. Section 73-23-3 is amended to read:
8046	73-23-3. Duties and powers of Division of Water Resources.
8047	For purposes of this chapter, the Division of Water Resources:
8048	(1) shall provide for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the West Desert
8049	Pumping Project;
8050	(2) may enter into agreements as necessary to provide for all or any portion of the West
8051	Desert Pumping Project, including any indemnification agreements required by the federal
8052	government;
8053	(3) may acquire land or any other property right by any lawful means, including
8054	eminent domain;
8055	(4) is exempt from Title 63G, Chapter [6, the] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
8056	(5) may proceed without obtaining water right approval from the state engineer.
8057	Section 238. Section 76-10-1602 is amended to read:

76-10-1602. Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (1) "Enterprise" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business trust, association, or other legal entity, and any union or group of individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity, and includes illicit as well as licit entities.
- (2) "Pattern of unlawful activity" means engaging in conduct which constitutes the commission of at least three episodes of unlawful activity, which episodes are not isolated, but have the same or similar purposes, results, participants, victims, or methods of commission, or otherwise are interrelated by distinguishing characteristics. Taken together, the episodes shall demonstrate continuing unlawful conduct and be related either to each other or to the enterprise. At least one of the episodes comprising a pattern of unlawful activity shall have occurred after July 31, 1981. The most recent act constituting part of a pattern of unlawful activity as defined by this part shall have occurred within five years of the commission of the next preceding act alleged as part of the pattern.
- (3) "Person" includes any individual or entity capable of holding a legal or beneficial interest in property, including state, county, and local governmental entities.
- (4) "Unlawful activity" means to directly engage in conduct or to solicit, request, command, encourage, or intentionally aid another person to engage in conduct which would constitute any offense described by the following crimes or categories of crimes, or to attempt or conspire to engage in an act which would constitute any of those offenses, regardless of whether the act is in fact charged or indicted by any authority or is classified as a misdemeanor or a felony:
- (a) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 13, Chapter 10, Unauthorized Recording Practices Act;
- (b) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 19, Environmental Quality Code, Sections 19-1-101 through 19-7-109;
- (c) taking, destroying, or possessing wildlife or parts of wildlife for the primary purpose of sale, trade, or other pecuniary gain, in violation of Title 23, Wildlife Resources Code of Utah, or Section 23-20-4;
- 8087 (d) false claims for medical benefits, kickbacks, and any other act prohibited by Title 26, Chapter 20, Utah False Claims Act, Sections 26-20-1 through 26-20-12;

8089	(e) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 32B, Chapter 4, Criminal
8090	Offenses and Procedure Act;
8091	(f) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 57, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform
8092	Land Sales Practices Act;
8093	(g) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah
8094	Controlled Substances Act, or Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act,
8095	Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or Title 58, Chapter 37d,
8096	Clandestine Drug Lab Act;
8097	(h) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 61, Chapter 1, Utah Uniform
8098	Securities Act;
8099	(i) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah
8100	Procurement Code;
8101	(j) assault or aggravated assault, Sections 76-5-102 and 76-5-103;
8102	(k) a threat of terrorism, Section 76-5-107.3;
8103	(l) criminal homicide, Sections 76-5-201, 76-5-202, and 76-5-203;
8104	(m) kidnapping or aggravated kidnapping, Sections 76-5-301 and 76-5-302;
8105	(n) sexual exploitation of a minor, Section 76-5b-201;
8106	(o) arson or aggravated arson, Sections 76-6-102 and 76-6-103;
8107	(p) causing a catastrophe, Section 76-6-105;
8108	(q) burglary or aggravated burglary, Sections 76-6-202 and 76-6-203;
8109	(r) burglary of a vehicle, Section 76-6-204;
8110	(s) manufacture or possession of an instrument for burglary or theft, Section 76-6-205;
8111	(t) robbery or aggravated robbery, Sections 76-6-301 and 76-6-302;
8112	(u) theft, Section 76-6-404;
8113	(v) theft by deception, Section 76-6-405;
8114	(w) theft by extortion, Section 76-6-406;
8115	(x) receiving stolen property, Section 76-6-408;
8116	(y) theft of services, Section 76-6-409;
8117	(z) forgery, Section 76-6-501;
8118	(aa) fraudulent use of a credit card, Sections 76-6-506.2, 76-6-506.3, 76-6-506.5, and
8119	76-6-506.6;

8120	(bb) deceptive business practices, Section 76-6-507;
8121	(cc) bribery or receiving bribe by person in the business of selection, appraisal, or
8122	criticism of goods, Section 76-6-508;
8123	(dd) bribery of a labor official, Section 76-6-509;
8124	(ee) defrauding creditors, Section 76-6-511;
8125	(ff) acceptance of deposit by insolvent financial institution, Section 76-6-512;
8126	(gg) unlawful dealing with property by fiduciary, Section 76-6-513;
8127	(hh) bribery or threat to influence contest, Section 76-6-514;
8128	(ii) making a false credit report, Section 76-6-517;
8129	(jj) criminal simulation, Section 76-6-518;
8130	(kk) criminal usury, Section 76-6-520;
8131	(II) fraudulent insurance act, Section 76-6-521;
8132	(mm) retail theft, Section 76-6-602;
8133	(nn) computer crimes, Section 76-6-703;
8134	(oo) identity fraud, Section 76-6-1102;
8135	(pp) mortgage fraud, Section 76-6-1203;
8136	(qq) sale of a child, Section 76-7-203;
8137	(rr) bribery to influence official or political actions, Section 76-8-103;
8138	(ss) threats to influence official or political action, Section 76-8-104;
8139	(tt) receiving bribe or bribery by public servant, Section 76-8-105;
8140	(uu) receiving bribe or bribery for endorsement of person as public servant, Section
8141	76-8-106;
8142	(vv) official misconduct, Sections 76-8-201 and 76-8-202;
8143	(ww) obstruction of justice, Section 76-8-306;
8144	(xx) acceptance of bribe or bribery to prevent criminal prosecution, Section 76-8-308;
8145	(yy) false or inconsistent material statements, Section 76-8-502;
8146	(zz) false or inconsistent statements, Section 76-8-503;
8147	(aaa) written false statements, Section 76-8-504;
8148	(bbb) tampering with a witness or soliciting or receiving a bribe, Section 76-8-508;
8149	(ccc) retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant, Section 76-8-508.3;
8150	(ddd) extortion or bribery to dismiss criminal proceeding, Section 76-8-509;

8151	(eee) public assistance fraud in violation of Section 76-8-1203, 76-8-1204, or
8152	76-8-1205;
8153	(fff) unemployment insurance fraud, Section 76-8-1301;
8154	(ggg) intentionally or knowingly causing one animal to fight with another, Subsection
8155	76-9-301(2)(d) or (e), or Section 76-9-301.1;
8156	(hhh) possession, use, or removal of explosives, chemical, or incendiary devices or
8157	parts, Section 76-10-306;
8158	(iii) delivery to common carrier, mailing, or placement on premises of an incendiary
8159	device, Section 76-10-307;
8160	(jjj) possession of a deadly weapon with intent to assault, Section 76-10-507;
8161	(kkk) unlawful marking of pistol or revolver, Section 76-10-521;
8162	(Ill) alteration of number or mark on pistol or revolver, Section 76-10-522;
8163	(mmm) forging or counterfeiting trademarks, trade name, or trade device, Section
8164	76-10-1002;
8165	(nnn) selling goods under counterfeited trademark, trade name, or trade devices,
8166	Section 76-10-1003;
8167	(000) sales in containers bearing registered trademark of substituted articles, Section
8168	76-10-1004;
8169	(ppp) selling or dealing with article bearing registered trademark or service mark with
8170	intent to defraud, Section 76-10-1006;
8171	(qqq) gambling, Section 76-10-1102;
8172	(rrr) gambling fraud, Section 76-10-1103;
8173	(sss) gambling promotion, Section 76-10-1104;
8174	(ttt) possessing a gambling device or record, Section 76-10-1105;
8175	(uuu) confidence game, Section 76-10-1109;
8176	(vvv) distributing pornographic material, Section 76-10-1204;
8177	(www) inducing acceptance of pornographic material, Section 76-10-1205;
8178	(xxx) dealing in harmful material to a minor, Section 76-10-1206;
8179	(yyy) distribution of pornographic films, Section 76-10-1222;
8180	(zzz) indecent public displays, Section 76-10-1228;
8181	(aaaa) prostitution, Section 76-10-1302;

8182	(bbbb) aiding prostitution, Section /6-10-1304;
8183	(cccc) exploiting prostitution, Section 76-10-1305;
8184	(dddd) aggravated exploitation of prostitution, Section 76-10-1306;
8185	(eeee) communications fraud, Section 76-10-1801;
8186	(ffff) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of [Chapter 10,] Part 19, Money
8187	Laundering and Currency Transaction Reporting Act;
8188	(gggg) vehicle compartment for contraband, Section 76-10-2801;
8189	(hhhh) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of the laws governing taxation in
8190	this state; and
8191	(iiii) any act illegal under the laws of the United States and enumerated in 18 U.S.C.
8192	Sec. 1961 (1)(B), (C), and (D).
8193	Section 239. Section 78A-2-112 is amended to read:
8194	78A-2-112. Grants to nonprofit legal assistance organization.
8195	Subject to legislative appropriation, the state court administrator shall, in accordance
8196	with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, solicit requests for proposals and
8197	award grants to nonprofit legal assistance providers to provide legal assistance throughout the
8198	state to:
8199	(1) low to moderate income victims of domestic violence; and
8200	(2) low to moderate income individuals in family law matters.
8201	Section 240. Section 79-2-404 is amended to read:
8202	79-2-404. Contracting powers of department Health insurance coverage.
8203	(1) For purposes of this section:
8204	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
8205	34A-2-104 who:
8206	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
8207	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
8208	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.
8209	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
8210	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" is as defined in Section 26-40-115.
8211	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
8212	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies a design or

8213	construction contract entered into by, or delegated to, the department or a division, board, or
8214	council of the department on or after July 1, 2009, and to a prime contractor or to a
8215	subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
8216	(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
8217	amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.
8218	(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
8219	\$750,000 or greater.
8220	(3) This section does not apply to contracts entered into by the department or a
8221	division, board, or council of the department if:
8222	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
8223	(b) the contract or agreement is between:
8224	(i) the department or a division, board, or council of the department; and
8225	(ii) (A) another agency of the state;
8226	(B) the federal government;
8227	(C) another state;
8228	(D) an interstate agency;
8229	(E) a political subdivision of this state; or
8230	(F) a political subdivision of another state; or
8231	(c) the contract or agreement is:
8232	(i) for the purpose of disbursing grants or loans authorized by statute;
8233	(ii) a sole source contract; or
8234	(iii) an emergency procurement.
8235	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section [63G-6-103]
8236	63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial
8237	threshold required by Subsection (2).
8238	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
8239	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
8240	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2)(b)(i) shall demonstrate to the department
8241	that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the
8242	contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
8243	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the contractor

8244	shall demonstrate to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
8245	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'
8246	dependents during the duration of the contract.
8247	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during
8248	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
8249	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
8250	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
8251	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
8252	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
8253	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
8254	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
8255	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
8256	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
8257	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
8258	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
8259	(b) in coordination with:
8260	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
8261	(ii) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
8262	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
8263	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
8264	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
8265	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
8266	(c) which establish:
8267	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate
8268	compliance with this section to the department which shall include:
8269	(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or
8270	(b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and
8271	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for qualified health insurance
8272	coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the department or
8273	division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency from either:
8274	(I) the Utah Insurance Department;

8275	(II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
8276	(III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
8277	rates;
8278	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
8279	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
8280	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
8281	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
8282	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
8283	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
8284	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
8285	Section [63G-6-804] 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
8286	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
8287	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and a dependent of an employee
8288	of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage
8289	during the duration of the contract; and
8290	(iii) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified
8291	health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c).
8292	(7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6), a contractor or
8293	subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the
8294	employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
8295	coverage.
8296	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
8297	(7)(a)(i) if:
8298	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency
8299	provided by:
8300	(I) an actuary; or
8301	(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
8302	rates; or
8303	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
8304	the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).

(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to

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enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).

- (8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
- (9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance coverage as required by this section:
- (a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor under Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G,
- Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and (b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror.
 - (b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design or construction.
 - Section 241. Section **79-4-203** is amended to read:

79-4-203. Powers and duties of division.

- (1) As used in this section, "real property" includes land under water, upland, and all other property commonly or legally defined as real property.
- (2) The Division of Wildlife Resources shall retain the power and jurisdiction conferred upon it by law within state parks and on property controlled by the Division of Parks and Recreation with reference to fish and game.
- (3) The division shall permit multiple use of state parks and property controlled by it for purposes such as grazing, fishing, hunting, mining, and the development and utilization of water and other natural resources.
- (4) (a) The division may acquire real and personal property in the name of the state by all legal and proper means, including purchase, gift, devise, eminent domain, lease, exchange, or otherwise, subject to the approval of the executive director and the governor.
- (b) In acquiring any real or personal property, the credit of the state may not be pledged without the consent of the Legislature.
- (5) (a) Before acquiring any real property, the division shall notify the county legislative body of the county where the property is situated of its intention to acquire the property.
- 8335 (b) If the county legislative body requests a hearing within 10 days of receipt of the notice, the division shall hold a public hearing in the county concerning the matter.

8337	(6) Acceptance of gifts or devises of land or other property is at the discretion of the
8338	division, subject to the approval of the executive director and the governor.
8339	(7) The division shall acquire property by eminent domain in the manner authorized by
8340	Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain.
8341	(8) (a) The division may make charges for special services and use of facilities, the
8342	income from which is available for park and recreation purposes.
8343	(b) The division may conduct and operate those services necessary for the comfort and
8344	convenience of the public.
8345	(9) (a) The division may lease or rent concessions of all lawful kinds and nature in state
8346	parks and property to persons, partnerships, and corporations for a valuable consideration upon
8347	the recommendation of the board.
8348	(b) The division shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code,
8349	in selecting concessionaires.
8350	(10) The division shall proceed without delay to negotiate with the federal government
8351	concerning the Weber Basin and other recreation and reclamation projects.
8352	(11) The division shall receive and distribute voluntary contributions collected under
8353	Section 41-1a-422 in accordance with Section 79-4-404.
8354	Section 242. Repealer.
8355	This bill repeals:
8356	Section 10-7-87, Procurement Use of recycled goods.
8357	Section 11-37-101, Definition Procurement Use of recycled goods.
8358	Section 17-15-24, Procurement Use of recycled goods.
8359	Section 17B-1-109, Procurement Use of recycled goods.
8360	Section 26A-1-108.7, Procurement Use of recycled goods.
8361	Section 63G-6-206, Transfer of power to policy board.
8362	Section 63G-6-301, Rules for specifications.
8363	Section 63G-6-401, Contracts awarded by sealed bidding Procedure.
8364	Section 63G-6-402, Contracts awarded by reverse auction.
8365	Section 63G-6-403, Procurement Use of recycled goods.
8366	Section 63G-6-406, Preference for recycled paper and paper products.

Section 63G-6-407, Use of alkaline paper.

8368	Section 63G-6-408, Use of competitive sealed proposals in lieu of bids Procedure.
8369	Section 63G-6-409, Small purchases.
8370	Section 63G-6-411, Emergency procurements.
8371	Section 63G-6-414, Prequalification of suppliers.
8372	Section 63G-6-417, Period of time for contract of supplies.
8373	Section 63G-6-418, Right of state to inspect place of business of contractor or
8374	subcontractor.
8375	Section 63G-6-422, Exemptions from source selection and contract requirements
8376	Violation penalty.
8377	Section 63G-6-426, Tie bids Preference for providers of state products
8378	Resolution of tie bids Record of tie bids.
8379	Section 63G-6-903, Payments between public procurement units.
8380	Section 63G-6-906, Resolving controversy arising under a cooperative purchasing
8381	agreement.
8382	Section 63G-6-1001, Felony to accept emolument.
8383	Section 63G-6-1002, Felony to offer emolument.
8384	Section 243. Effective date.
8385	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2013.