88	the employer's authorization;
89	(c) conducting an investigation or requiring an employee to cooperate in an
90	investigation in any of the following:
91	(i) if there is specific information about activity on the employee's personal Internet
92	account, for the purpose of ensuring compliance with applicable laws, regulatory requirements,
93	or prohibitions against work-related employee misconduct; or
94	(ii) if the employer has specific information about an unauthorized transfer of the
95	employer's proprietary information, confidential information, or financial data to an employee's
96	personal Internet account;
97	(d) restricting or prohibiting an employee's access to certain websites while using an
98	electronic communications device $\$ \Rightarrow$ supplied by, or $\Leftarrow \$$ paid for in whole or in part by
98a	$\hat{S} \rightarrow , \leftarrow \hat{S}$ the employer or while using
99	an employer's network or resources, in accordance with state and federal law; or
100	(e) monitoring, reviewing, accessing, or blocking electronic data stored on an
101	electronic communications device supplied $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{by}$, $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ or paid for in whole or in part by $\hat{S} \rightarrow + \hat{S}$
101a	the employer, or
102	stored on an employer's network, in accordance with state and federal law.
103	(2) Conducting an investigation or requiring an employee to cooperate in an
104	investigation as specified in Subsection (1)(c) includes requiring the employee to share the
105	content that has been reported in order to make a factual determination.
106	(3) This chapter does not prohibit or restrict an employer from complying with a duty
107	to screen employees or applicants before hiring or to monitor or retain employee
108	communications that is established under federal law, by a self-regulatory organization under
109	the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 78c(a)(26), or in the course of a law
110	enforcement employment application or law enforcement officer conduct investigation
111	performed by a law enforcement agency.
112	(4) This chapter does not prohibit or restrict an employer from viewing, accessing, or
113	using information about an employee or applicant that can be obtained without the information
114	described in Subsection 34A-48-201(1) or that is available in the public domain.
115	Section 5. Section 34-48-203 is enacted to read:
116	34-48-203. Chapter does not create duties.
117	(1) This chapter does not create a duty for an employer to search or monitor the activity
118	of a personal Internet account.

119	(2) An employer is not liable under this chapter for failure to request or require that an
120	employee or applicant for employment grant access to, allow observation of, or disclose
121	information that allows access to or observation of the employee's or applicant for
122	employment's personal Internet account.
123	Section 6. Section 34-48-301 is enacted to read:
124	Part 3. Remedy
125	34-48-301. Private right of action.
126	(1) A person aggrieved by a violation of this chapter may bring a civil cause of action
127	against an employer in a court of competent jurisdiction.
128	(2) In an action brought under Subsection (1), if the court finds a violation of this
129	chapter, the court shall award the aggrieved person not more than \$500.
130	Section 7. Section 53B-24-101 is enacted to read:
131	CHAPTER 24. INTERNET POSTSECONDARY INSTITUTION PRIVACY ACT
132	Part 1. General Provisions
133	<u>53B-24-101.</u> Title.
134	This chapter is known as the "Internet Postsecondary Institution Privacy Act."
135	Section 8. Section 53B-24-102 is enacted to read:
136	<u>53B-24-102.</u> Definitions.
137	As used in this chapter:
138	(1) (a) "Personal Internet account" means an online account that is used by a student or
139	prospective student exclusively for personal communications unrelated to any purpose of the
140	postsecondary institution.
141	(b) "Personal Internet account" does not include an account created, maintained, used,
142	or accessed by a student or prospective student for education related communications or for \$=> [a
143	education] an educational (**) purpose of the postsecondary institution.
144	(2) "Postsecondary institution" means an institution that provides educational services
145	offered primarily to persons who have completed or terminated their secondary or high school
146	education or who are beyond the age of compulsory school attendance.
147	Section 9. Section 53B-24-201 is enacted to read:
148	Part 2. Prohibited and Permitted Activities
149	53B-24-201. Prohibited activities.

150	A postsecondary institution may not do any of the following:
151	(1) request a student or prospective student to disclose a username and password, or
152	$\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{a} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ password that allows access to the student's or prospective student's personal Internet
152a	account;
153	<u>or</u>
154	(2) expel, discipline, fail to admit, or otherwise penalize a student or prospective
155	student for failure to disclose information specified in Subsection (1).
156	Section 10. Section 53B-24-202 is enacted to read:
157	53B-24-202. Permitted activities.
158	(1) This chapter does not prohibit a postsecondary institution from requesting or
159	requiring a student to disclose a username or password to gain access to or operate the
160	following:
161	(a) an electronic communications device supplied by or paid for in whole or in part by
162	the postsecondary institution; or
163	(b) an account or service provided by the postsecondary institution that is either
164	obtained by virtue of the student's admission to the postsecondary institution or used by the
165	student for educational purposes.
166	(2) This chapter does not prohibit or restrict a postsecondary institution from viewing,
167	accessing, or using information about a student or prospective student that can be obtained
168	without the information described in Subsection 53B-24-201(1) or that is available in the
169	public domain.
170	Section 11. Section 53B-24-203 is enacted to read:
171	53B-24-203. Duties not created.
172	(1) This chapter does not create a duty for a postsecondary institution to search or
173	monitor the activity of a personal Internet account.
174	(2) A postsecondary institution is not liable under this chapter for failure to request or
175	require that a student or prospective student grant access to, allow observation of, or disclose
176	information that allows access to or observation of the student's or prospective student's
177	personal Internet account.
178	Section 12. Section 53B-24-301 is enacted to read:
179	Part 3. Remedy
180	53B-24-301. Private right of action.