1	TRAFFIC AMENDMENTS
2	2013 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Johnny Anderson
5	Senate Sponsor: Stephen H. Urquhart
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions relating to the Traffic Code.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 provides that a governing body of a city or town may not prohibit or regulate certain
13	conduct $\hat{S} \rightarrow [in \text{ the streets}]$ on a highway $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ if the prohibition or regulation is inconsistent with or
13a	conflicts
14	with any provision in Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code;
15	prohibits a local highway authority from enacting an ordinance that:
16	• is inconsistent with the provisions of Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code; or
17	 prohibits the use of a bicycle on any public street or highway, except as allowed
18	under current law, without having first documented that the local highway
19	authority has reviewed the safety history of the highway and considered other
20	reasonable alternatives, including signage and routes, and clearly marks a safe
21	alternative route for the prohibited section of highway;
22	• $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\text{until July 1, 2014, and for an operator of a motorcycle, moped, or bicycle who is}}$
22a	<u>16 years of age or older</u> , ←\$ establishes an affirmative defense to a red light or red arrow
22b	violation for \$→ [an] the ←\$
23	operator of a motorcycle, moped, or bicycle in certain circumstances; and
24	makes technical corrections.
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
26	None
27	Other Special Clauses



None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
10-8-69 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
41-6a-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 396
41-6a-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 2
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 10-8-69 is amended to read:
10-8-69. Ŝ→ [Annoying pastimes in streets] Conduct that interferes with or impedes
traffic ←Ŝ.
[They] (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the governing body of a city or town
may prohibit or regulate [the] conduct Ŝ→ [in the streets that annoys a person passing in the streets
or on sidewalks,] on a highway or sidewalk if the conduct ←Ŝ interferes with S→ or impedes
←Ŝ traffic Ŝ→ [, or frightens horses] ←Ŝ, including:
(a) rolling [of hoops,] a hoop;
(b) playing [of] ball[-;];
(c) flying [of kites,] a kite;
(d) riding [of bicycles or tricycles,] a bicycle or tricycle; or
(e) any other [amusements or practices having a tendency to annoy persons passing in
the streets or on sidewalks, or to frighten teams of horses, or to interfere with traffic]
$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{amusement or practice}]$ conduct or activity that interferes with traffic $\leftarrow \hat{S}$.
(2) A governing body of a city or town may not prohibit or regulate conduct under
Subsection (1) if the prohibition or regulation is inconsistent with or conflicts with any
provision in Title 41, Chapter 6a, Traffic Code.
Section 2. Section 41-6a-208 is amended to read:
41-6a-208. Regulatory powers of local highway authorities Traffic-control
device affecting state highway Necessity of erecting traffic-control devices.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) (i) "Ground transportation vehicle" means a motor vehicle used for the
transportation of persons, used in ride or shared ride, on demand, or for hire transportation of
passengers or baggage over public highways.
(ii) "Ground transportation vehicle" includes a:

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183	there is insufficient time to cross the roadway before a red indication is shown, and a pedestrian
184	may not start to cross the roadway.
185	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), the operator of a vehicle facing a
186	steady circular red or red arrow signal:
187	(i) may not enter the intersection unless entering the intersection to make a movement
188	is permitted by another indication; and
189	(ii) shall stop at a clearly marked stop line, but if none, before entering the marked or
190	unmarked crosswalk on the near side of the intersection and shall remain stopped until an
191	indication to proceed is shown.
192	(b) Unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian traffic-control signal under Section
193	41-6a-306, a pedestrian facing a steady red signal alone may not enter the roadway.
194	(c) (i) Except when facing a red arrow signal or when a sign is in place prohibiting a
195	turn, the operator of a vehicle facing any steady circular red signal may cautiously enter the
196	intersection to turn right, or may turn left from a one-way street into a one-way street, after
197	stopping as required by Subsection (4)(a).
198	(ii) The operator of a vehicle shall yield the right-of-way to:
199	(A) another vehicle moving through the intersection in accordance with an official
200	traffic-control signal; and
201	(B) a pedestrian lawfully within an adjacent crosswalk.
202	(5) (a) This section applies to a highway or rail line where a traffic-control signal is
203	erected and maintained.
204	(b) Any stop required shall be made at a sign or marking on the highway pavement
205	indicating where the stop shall be made, but, in the absence of any sign or marking, the stop
206	shall be made at the signal.
207	(6) The operator of a vehicle approaching an intersection that has an inoperative
208	traffic-control signal shall:
209	(a) stop before entering the intersection; and
210	(b) yield the right-of-way to any vehicle as required under Section 41-6a-901.
211	(7) (a) $\$ \rightarrow [\underline{H}]$ Until July 1, 2014, and for an operator of a motorcycle, moped, or
211a	bicycle who is 16 years of age or older, it ←Ŝ is an affirmative defense to a violation of
)11h	Subsection $(A)(a)$ if $\hat{\mathbf{C}} = [an]$ the $\mathbf{C} = \hat{\mathbf{C}}$ operator of a

motorcycle, moped, or bicycle facing a steady circular red signal or red arrow:

(i) brings the motorcycle, moped, or bicycle to a complete stop at the intersection or

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214	stop line;
215	(ii) determines that:
216	(A) the traffic-control signal has not detected the operator's presence by waiting a
217	reasonable period of time $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{of not less than 90 seconds}} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ at the intersection or stop line
217a	before entering the intersection;
218	(B) no other vehicle that is entitled to have the right-of-way under applicable law is
219	sitting at, traveling through, or approaching the intersection; and
220	(C) no pedestrians are attempting to cross at or near the intersection in the direction of
221	travel of the operator; and
222	(iii) cautiously enters the intersection and proceeds across the roadway.
223	(b) The affirmative defense under this section does not apply at an active railroad grade
224	crossing as defined in Section 41-6a-1005.

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel