Senator Curtis S. Bramble proposes the following substitute bill:

1	INSURANCE LAW AMENDMENTS
2	2013 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Insurance Code.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	amends the definition provisions;
13	 clarifies the provision related to coordination with other states;
14	 addresses rules related to title and escrow examinations;
15	 modifies the provision related to the Title and Escrow Commission and its
16	members;
17	 modifies the cap on appropriations from the Captive Insurance Restricted Account,
18	effective July 1, 2015;
19	 enacts provisions related to closing or settlement protections;
20	 modifies language regarding restrictions on foreign title insurers;
21	amends provisions related to company action level events;
22	 enacts a provision regarding producer's duties related to replacement of life
23	insurance;
24	 addresses death pending conversion of group life insurance policy;
25	 modifies preferred provider contract provisions;



26	• amends provisions related to health benefit plan offerings;
27	 addresses car rental related insurance;
28	amends provisions related to inducements;
29	creates the concept of a "qualifying licensee" for purposes of title and escrow
30	licenses;
31	 clarifies terminology of individual and agency title insurance producers;
32	 modifies the requirement that a title insurance producer conduct a minimum
33	mandatory search to be a requirement of a reasonable search;
34	 establishes who shall conduct an escrow as provided in statute;
35	 clarifies reference to a title insurance agency's reserve account;
36	 addresses Utah mini-COBRA benefits for employer group coverage;
37	addresses sharing of commissions;
38	 addresses powers of the board related to the Utah Comprehensive Health Insurance
39	Pool Act;
40	 addresses money deposited into the Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted
41	Account and the Insurance Fraud Victim Restitution Account;
42	 amends lifetime maximum for covered benefits from the Comprehensive Health
43	Insurance Pool;
44	 creates the Insurance Fraud Victim Restitution Account;
45	 repeals provisions related to alternative coverage and Utah NetCare Plan; and
46	 makes technical and conforming amendments.
47	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
48	None
49	Other Special Clauses:
50	This bill has an effective date.
51	Utah Code Sections Affected:
52	AMENDS:
53	31A-1-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 151 and 253
54	31A-2-201.2 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 68
55	31A-2-217, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
56	31A-2-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 289

57		31A-2-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 10 and 286
58		31A-2-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
59		31A-3-304 (Effective 07/01/13), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 284
60		31A-8-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 123
61		31A-14-211 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 284
62		31A-17-603 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 116
63		31A-19a-209 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 325
64		31A-20-110 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 298
65		31A-21-503 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 307
66		31A-22-519 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242
67		31A-22-612 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 108
68		31A-22-617, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 12
69		31A-22-618.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 284 and 297
70		31A-22-722, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 10
71		31A-23a-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
72		31A-23a-105 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
73		31A-23a-106 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 151 and 253
74		31A-23a-202 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 284
75		31A-23a-203.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 337
76		31A-23a-204 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 284 and 342
77		31A-23a-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Second Special Session, Chapter
78	5	
79		31A-23a-402.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 253 and 279
80		31A-23a-406 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
81		31A-23a-407, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 298
82		31A-23a-413, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 298
83		31A-23a-415 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 284
84		31A-23a-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 185
85		31A-23a-504 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
86		31A-27a-104 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
87		31A-29-106 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 284

88	31A-29-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 40
89	31A-30-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Second Special Session, Chapter 5
90	31A-30-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400
91	31A-31-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
92	31A-41-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 220
93	31A-41-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 220
94	31A-41-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 220
95	49-20-410, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 406
96	ENACTS:
97	31A-4-117 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
98	31A-22-429 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
99	31A-23a-118 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
100	31A-23a-406.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
101	31A-31-108.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
102	REPEALS:
103	31A-22-723, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 284 and 297
104	31A-22-724 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400
105	31A-30-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 253
106	31A-30-202.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Second Special Session, Chapter
107	5
108	31A-30-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400
109	
110	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
111	Section 1. Section 31A-1-301 is amended to read:
112	31A-1-301. Definitions.
113	As used in this title, unless otherwise specified:
114	(1) (a) "Accident and health insurance" means insurance to provide protection against
115	economic losses resulting from:
116	(i) a medical condition including:
117	(A) a medical care expense; or
118	(B) the risk of disability;

119	(ii) accident; or
120	(iii) sickness.
121	(b) "Accident and health insurance":
122	(i) includes a contract with disability contingencies including:
123	(A) an income replacement contract;
124	(B) a health care contract;
125	(C) an expense reimbursement contract;
126	(D) a credit accident and health contract;
127	(E) a continuing care contract; and
128	(F) a long-term care contract; and
129	(ii) may provide:
130	(A) hospital coverage;
131	(B) surgical coverage;
132	(C) medical coverage;
133	(D) loss of income coverage;
134	(E) prescription drug coverage;
135	(F) dental coverage; or
136	(G) vision coverage.
137	(c) "Accident and health insurance" does not include workers' compensation insurance.
138	(2) "Actuary" is as defined by the commissioner by rule, made in accordance with Title
139	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
140	(3) "Administrator" is defined in Subsection [(162)] (163).
141	(4) "Adult" means an individual who has attained the age of at least 18 years.
142	(5) "Affiliate" means a person who controls, is controlled by, or is under common
143	control with, another person. A corporation is an affiliate of another corporation, regardless of
144	ownership, if substantially the same group of individuals manage the corporations.
145	(6) "Agency" means:
146	(a) a person other than an individual, including a sole proprietorship by which an
147	individual does business under an assumed name; and
148	(b) an insurance organization licensed or required to be licensed under Section
149	31A-23a-301, 31A-25-207, or 31A-26-209.

150	(7) "Alien insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside the United States.
151	(8) "Amendment" means an endorsement to an insurance policy or certificate.
152	(9) "Annuity" means an agreement to make periodical payments for a period certain or
153	over the lifetime of one or more individuals if the making or continuance of all or some of the
154	series of the payments, or the amount of the payment, is dependent upon the continuance of
155	human life.
156	(10) "Application" means a document:
157	(a) (i) completed by an applicant to provide information about the risk to be insured;
158	and
159	(ii) that contains information that is used by the insurer to evaluate risk and decide
160	whether to:
161	(A) insure the risk under:
162	(I) the coverage as originally offered; or
163	(II) a modification of the coverage as originally offered; or
164	(B) decline to insure the risk; or
165	(b) used by the insurer to gather information from the applicant before issuance of an
166	annuity contract.
167	(11) "Articles" or "articles of incorporation" means:
168	(a) the original articles;
169	(b) a special law;
170	(c) a charter;
171	(d) an amendment;
172	(e) restated articles;
173	(f) articles of merger or consolidation;
174	(g) a trust instrument;
175	(h) another constitutive document for a trust or other entity that is not a corporation;
176	and
177	(i) an amendment to an item listed in Subsections (11)(a) through (h).
178	(12) "Bail bond insurance" means a guarantee that a person will attend court when
179	required, up to and including surrender of the person in execution of a sentence imposed under
180	Subsection 77-20-7(1), as a condition to the release of that person from confinement.

181	(13) "Binder" is defined in Section 31A-21-102.
182	(14) "Blanket insurance policy" means a group policy covering a defined class of
183	persons:
184	(a) without individual underwriting or application; and
185	(b) that is determined by definition without designating each person covered.
186	(15) "Board," "board of trustees," or "board of directors" means the group of persons
187	with responsibility over, or management of, a corporation, however designated.
188	(16) "Bona fide office" means a physical office in this state:
189	(a) that is open to the public;
190	(b) that is staffed during regular business hours on regular business days; and
191	(c) at which the public may appear in person to obtain services.
192	(17) "Business entity" means:
193	(a) a corporation;
194	(b) an association;
195	(c) a partnership;
196	(d) a limited liability company;
197	(e) a limited liability partnership; or
198	(f) another legal entity.
199	(18) "Business of insurance" is defined in Subsection (88).
200	(19) "Business plan" means the information required to be supplied to the
201	commissioner under Subsections 31A-5-204(2)(i) and (j), including the information required
202	when these subsections apply by reference under:
203	(a) Section 31A-7-201;
204	(b) Section 31A-8-205; or
205	(c) Subsection 31A-9-205(2).
206	(20) (a) "Bylaws" means the rules adopted for the regulation or management of a
207	corporation's affairs, however designated.
208	(b) "Bylaws" includes comparable rules for a trust or other entity that is not a
209	corporation.
210	(21) "Captive insurance company" means:
211	(a) an insurer:

212	(i) owned by another organization; and
213	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of the parent organization and an
214	affiliated company; or
215	(b) in the case of a group or association, an insurer:
216	(i) owned by the insureds; and
217	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of:
218	(A) a member organization;
219	(B) a group member; or
220	(C) an affiliate of:
221	(I) a member organization; or
222	(II) a group member.
223	(22) "Casualty insurance" means liability insurance.
224	(23) "Certificate" means evidence of insurance given to:
225	(a) an insured under a group insurance policy; or
226	(b) a third party.
227	(24) "Certificate of authority" is included within the term "license."
228	(25) "Claim," unless the context otherwise requires, means a request or demand on ar
229	insurer for payment of a benefit according to the terms of an insurance policy.
230	(26) "Claims-made coverage" means an insurance contract or provision limiting
231	coverage under a policy insuring against legal liability to claims that are first made against the
232	insured while the policy is in force.
233	(27) (a) "Commissioner" or "commissioner of insurance" means Utah's insurance
234	commissioner.
235	(b) When appropriate, the terms listed in Subsection (27)(a) apply to the equivalent
236	supervisory official of another jurisdiction.
237	(28) (a) "Continuing care insurance" means insurance that:
238	(i) provides board and lodging;
239	(ii) provides one or more of the following:
240	(A) a personal service;
241	(B) a nursing service;
242	(C) a medical service; or

243	(D) any other health-related service; and
244	(iii) provides the coverage described in this Subsection (28)(a) under an agreement
245	effective:
246	(A) for the life of the insured; or
247	(B) for a period in excess of one year.
248	(b) Insurance is continuing care insurance regardless of whether or not the board and
249	lodging are provided at the same location as a service described in Subsection (28)(a)(ii).
250	(29) (a) "Control," "controlling," "controlled," or "under common control" means the
251	direct or indirect possession of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management
252	and policies of a person. This control may be:
253	(i) by contract;
254	(ii) by common management;
255	(iii) through the ownership of voting securities; or
256	(iv) by a means other than those described in Subsections (29)(a)(i) through (iii).
257	(b) There is no presumption that an individual holding an official position with another
258	person controls that person solely by reason of the position.
259	(c) A person having a contract or arrangement giving control is considered to have
260	control despite the illegality or invalidity of the contract or arrangement.
261	(d) There is a rebuttable presumption of control in a person who directly or indirectly
262	owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies to vote 10% or more of the
263	voting securities of another person.
264	(30) "Controlled insurer" means a licensed insurer that is either directly or indirectly
265	controlled by a producer.
266	(31) "Controlling person" means a person that directly or indirectly has the power to
267	direct or cause to be directed, the management, control, or activities of a reinsurance
268	intermediary.
269	(32) "Controlling producer" means a producer who directly or indirectly controls an
270	insurer.
271	(33) (a) "Corporation" means an insurance corporation, except when referring to:
272	(i) a corporation doing business:
273	(A) as:

274	(I) an insurance producer;
275	(II) a surplus lines producer;
276	(III) a limited line producer;
277	(IV) a consultant;
278	(V) a managing general agent;
279	(VI) a reinsurance intermediary;
280	(VII) a third party administrator; or
281	(VIII) an adjuster; and
282	(B) under:
283	(I) Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and
284	Reinsurance Intermediaries;
285	(II) Chapter 25, Third Party Administrators; or
286	(III) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; or
287	(ii) a noninsurer that is part of a holding company system under Chapter 16, Insurance
288	Holding Companies.
289	(b) "Stock corporation" means a stock insurance corporation.
290	(c) "Mutual" or "mutual corporation" means a mutual insurance corporation.
291	(34) (a) "Creditable coverage" has the same meaning as provided in federal regulations
292	adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.
293	(b) "Creditable coverage" includes coverage that is offered through a public health plan
294	such as:
295	(i) the Primary Care Network Program under a Medicaid primary care network
296	demonstration waiver obtained subject to Section 26-18-3;
297	(ii) the Children's Health Insurance Program under Section 26-40-106; or
298	(iii) the Ryan White Program Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency Act, Pub. L
299	101-381, and Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Modernization Act of 2006, Pub. L. 109-415.
300	(35) "Credit accident and health insurance" means insurance on a debtor to provide
301	indemnity for payments coming due on a specific loan or other credit transaction while the
302	debtor has a disability.
303	(36) (a) "Credit insurance" means insurance offered in connection with an extension of
304	credit that is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing that credit obligation.

305	(b) "Credit insurance" includes:
306	(i) credit accident and health insurance;
307	(ii) credit life insurance;
308	(iii) credit property insurance;
309	(iv) credit unemployment insurance;
310	(v) guaranteed automobile protection insurance;
311	(vi) involuntary unemployment insurance;
312	(vii) mortgage accident and health insurance;
313	(viii) mortgage guaranty insurance; and
314	(ix) mortgage life insurance.
315	(37) "Credit life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in connection with
316	an extension of credit that pays a person if the debtor dies.
317	(38) "Credit property insurance" means insurance:
318	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
319	(b) that protects the property until the debt is paid.
320	(39) "Credit unemployment insurance" means insurance:
321	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
322	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is unemployed for payments coming due on a:
323	(i) specific loan; or
324	(ii) credit transaction.
325	(40) "Creditor" means a person, including an insured, having a claim, whether:
326	(a) matured;
327	(b) unmatured;
328	(c) liquidated;
329	(d) unliquidated;
330	(e) secured;
331	(f) unsecured;
332	(g) absolute;
333	(h) fixed; or
334	(i) contingent.
335	(41) (a) "Crop insurance" means insurance providing protection against damage to

330	crops from unravorable weather conditions, the or fightning, flood, flaif, filsect fillestation,
337	disease, or other yield-reducing conditions or perils that is:
338	(i) provided by the private insurance market; or
339	(ii) subsidized by the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.
340	(b) "Crop insurance" includes multiperil crop insurance.
341	(42) (a) "Customer service representative" means a person that provides an insurance
342	service and insurance product information:
343	(i) for the customer service representative's:
344	(A) producer;
345	(B) surplus lines producer; or
346	(C) consultant employer; and
347	(ii) to the customer service representative's employer's:
348	(A) customer;
349	(B) client; or
350	(C) organization.
351	(b) A customer service representative may only operate within the scope of authority of
352	the customer service representative's producer, surplus lines producer, or consultant employer.
353	(43) "Deadline" means a final date or time:
354	(a) imposed by:
355	(i) statute;
356	(ii) rule; or
357	(iii) order; and
358	(b) by which a required filing or payment must be received by the department.
359	(44) "Deemer clause" means a provision under this title under which upon the
360	occurrence of a condition precedent, the commissioner is considered to have taken a specific
361	action. If the statute so provides, a condition precedent may be the commissioner's failure to
362	take a specific action.
363	(45) "Degree of relationship" means the number of steps between two persons
364	determined by counting the generations separating one person from a common ancestor and
365	then counting the generations to the other person.
366	(46) "Department" means the Insurance Department.

367	(47) "Director" means a member of the board of directors of a corporation.
368	(48) "Disability" means a physiological or psychological condition that partially or
369	totally limits an individual's ability to:
370	(a) perform the duties of:
371	(i) that individual's occupation; or
372	(ii) any occupation for which the individual is reasonably suited by education, training,
373	or experience; or
374	(b) perform two or more of the following basic activities of daily living:
375	(i) eating;
376	(ii) toileting;
377	(iii) transferring;
378	(iv) bathing; or
379	(v) dressing.
380	(49) "Disability income insurance" is defined in Subsection (79).
381	(50) "Domestic insurer" means an insurer organized under the laws of this state.
382	(51) "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an insurer:
383	(a) is incorporated;
384	(b) is organized; or
385	(c) in the case of an alien insurer, enters into the United States.
386	(52) (a) "Eligible employee" means:
387	(i) an employee who:
388	(A) works on a full-time basis; and
389	(B) has a normal work week of 30 or more hours; or
390	(ii) a person described in Subsection (52)(b).
391	(b) "Eligible employee" includes, if the individual is included under a health benefit
392	plan of a small employer:
393	(i) a sole proprietor;
394	(ii) a partner in a partnership; or
395	(iii) an independent contractor.
396	(c) "Eligible employee" does not include, unless eligible under Subsection (52)(b):
397	(i) an individual who works on a temporary or substitute basis for a small employer;

398	(11) an employer's spouse; or
399	(iii) a dependent of an employer.
400	(53) "Employee" means an individual employed by an employer.
401	(54) "Employee benefits" means one or more benefits or services provided to:
402	(a) an employee; or
403	(b) a dependent of an employee.
404	(55) (a) "Employee welfare fund" means a fund:
405	(i) established or maintained, whether directly or through a trustee, by:
406	(A) one or more employers;
407	(B) one or more labor organizations; or
408	(C) a combination of employers and labor organizations; and
409	(ii) that provides employee benefits paid or contracted to be paid, other than income
410	from investments of the fund:
411	(A) by or on behalf of an employer doing business in this state; or
412	(B) for the benefit of a person employed in this state.
413	(b) "Employee welfare fund" includes a plan funded or subsidized by a user fee or tax
414	revenues.
415	(56) "Endorsement" means a written agreement attached to a policy or certificate to
416	modify the policy or certificate coverage.
417	(57) "Enrollment date," with respect to a health benefit plan, means:
418	(a) the first day of coverage; or
419	(b) if there is a waiting period, the first day of the waiting period.
420	(58) (a) "Escrow" means:
421	[(i) a real estate settlement or real estate closing conducted by a third party pursuant to
422	the requirements of a written agreement between the parties in a real estate transaction; or]
423	(i) a transaction that effects the sale, transfer, encumbering, or leasing of real property,
424	when a person not a party to the transaction, and neither having nor acquiring an interest in the
425	title, performs, in accordance with the written instructions or terms of the written agreement
426	between the parties to the transaction, any of the following actions:
427	(A) the explanation, holding, or creation of a document; or
428	(B) the receipt, deposit, and disbursement of money;

429	(ii) a settlement or closing involving:
430	(A) a mobile home;
431	(B) a grazing right;
432	(C) a water right; or
433	(D) other personal property authorized by the commissioner.
434	[(b) "Escrow" includes the act of conducting a:]
435	[(i) real estate settlement; or]
436	[(ii) real estate closing.]
437	(b) "Escrow" does not include:
438	(i) the following notarial acts performed by a notary within the state:
439	(A) an acknowledgment;
440	(B) a copy certification;
441	(C) jurat; and
442	(D) an oath or affirmation;
443	(ii) the receipt or delivery of a document; or
444	(iii) the receipt of money for delivery to the escrow agent.
445	(59) "Escrow agent" means[: (a)] an agency title insurance producer [with:] meeting
446	the requirements of Sections 31A-4-107, 31A-14-211, and 31A-23a-204, who is acting through
447	an individual title insurance producer licensed with an escrow subline of authority.
448	[(i) a title insurance line of authority; and]
449	[(ii) an escrow subline of authority; or]
450	[(b) a person defined as an escrow agent in Section 7-22-101.]
451	(60) (a) "Excludes" is not exhaustive and does not mean that another thing is not also
452	excluded.
453	(b) The items listed in a list using the term "excludes" are representative examples for
454	use in interpretation of this title.
455	(61) "Exclusion" means for the purposes of accident and health insurance that an
456	insurer does not provide insurance coverage, for whatever reason, for one of the following:
457	(a) a specific physical condition;
458	(b) a specific medical procedure;
459	(c) a specific disease or disorder; or

460	(d) a specific prescription drug or class of prescription drugs.
461	(62) "Expense reimbursement insurance" means insurance:
462	(a) written to provide a payment for an expense relating to hospital confinement
463	resulting from illness or injury; and
464	(b) written:
465	(i) as a daily limit for a specific number of days in a hospital; and
466	(ii) to have a one or two day waiting period following a hospitalization.
467	(63) "Fidelity insurance" means insurance guaranteeing the fidelity of a person holding
468	a position of public or private trust.
469	(64) (a) "Filed" means that a filing is:
470	(i) submitted to the department as required by and in accordance with applicable
471	statute, rule, or filing order;
472	(ii) received by the department within the time period provided in applicable statute,
473	rule, or filing order; and
474	(iii) accompanied by the appropriate fee in accordance with:
475	(A) Section 31A-3-103; or
476	(B) rule.
477	(b) "Filed" does not include a filing that is rejected by the department because it is not
478	submitted in accordance with Subsection (64)(a).
479	(65) "Filing," when used as a noun, means an item required to be filed with the
480	department including:
481	(a) a policy;
482	(b) a rate;
483	(c) a form;
484	(d) a document;
485	(e) a plan;
486	(f) a manual;
487	(g) an application;
488	(h) a report;
489	(i) a certificate;
490	(j) an endorsement;

491	(k) an actuarial certification;
492	(l) a licensee annual statement;
493	(m) a licensee renewal application;
494	(n) an advertisement; or
495	(o) an outline of coverage.
496	(66) "First party insurance" means an insurance policy or contract in which the insurer
497	agrees to pay a claim submitted to it by the insured for the insured's losses.
498	(67) "Foreign insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside of this state, including an
499	alien insurer.
500	(68) (a) "Form" means one of the following prepared for general use:
501	(i) a policy;
502	(ii) a certificate;
503	(iii) an application;
504	(iv) an outline of coverage; or
505	(v) an endorsement.
506	(b) "Form" does not include a document specially prepared for use in an individual
507	case.
508	(69) "Franchise insurance" means an individual insurance policy provided through a
509	mass marketing arrangement involving a defined class of persons related in some way other
510	than through the purchase of insurance.
511	(70) "General lines of authority" include:
512	(a) the general lines of insurance in Subsection (71);
513	(b) title insurance under one of the following sublines of authority:
514	(i) search, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
515	(ii) escrow, including authority to act as a title marketing representative; and
516	(iii) title marketing representative only;
517	(c) surplus lines;
518	(d) workers' compensation; and
519	(e) any other line of insurance that the commissioner considers necessary to recognize
520	in the public interest.
521	(71) "General lines of insurance" include:

522	(a) accident and health;
523	(b) casualty;
524	(c) life;
525	(d) personal lines;
526	(e) property; and
527	(f) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity.
528	(72) "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan to the extent that the
529	plan provides medical care:
530	(a) (i) to an employee; or
531	(ii) to a dependent of an employee; and
532	(b) (i) directly;
533	(ii) through insurance reimbursement; or
534	(iii) through another method.
535	(73) (a) "Group insurance policy" means a policy covering a group of persons that is
536	issued:
537	(i) to a policyholder on behalf of the group; and
538	(ii) for the benefit of a member of the group who is selected under a procedure defined
539	in:
540	(A) the policy; or
541	(B) an agreement that is collateral to the policy.
542	(b) A group insurance policy may include a member of the policyholder's family or a
543	dependent.
544	(74) "Guaranteed automobile protection insurance" means insurance offered in
545	connection with an extension of credit that pays the difference in amount between the
546	insurance settlement and the balance of the loan if the insured automobile is a total loss.
547	(75) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (75)(b), "health benefit plan" means a policy
548	or certificate that:
549	(i) provides health care insurance;
550	(ii) provides major medical expense insurance; or
551	(iii) is offered as a substitute for hospital or medical expense insurance, such as:
552	(A) a hospital confinement indemnity; or

553	(B) a limited benefit plan.
554	(b) "Health benefit plan" does not include a policy or certificate that:
555	(i) provides benefits solely for:
556	(A) accident;
557	(B) dental;
558	(C) income replacement;
559	(D) long-term care;
560	(E) a Medicare supplement;
561	(F) a specified disease;
562	(G) vision; or
563	(H) a short-term limited duration; or
564	(ii) is offered and marketed as supplemental health insurance.
565	(76) "Health care" means any of the following intended for use in the diagnosis,
566	treatment, mitigation, or prevention of a human ailment or impairment:
567	(a) a professional service;
568	(b) a personal service;
569	(c) a facility;
570	(d) equipment;
571	(e) a device;
572	(f) supplies; or
573	(g) medicine.
574	(77) (a) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" means insurance providing:
575	(i) a health care benefit; or
576	(ii) payment of an incurred health care expense.
577	(b) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" does not include accident and health
578	insurance providing a benefit for:
579	(i) replacement of income;
580	(ii) short-term accident;
581	(iii) fixed indemnity;
582	(iv) credit accident and health;
583	(v) supplements to liability;

584	(vi) workers' compensation;
585	(vii) automobile medical payment;
586	(viii) no-fault automobile;
587	(ix) equivalent self-insurance; or
588	(x) a type of accident and health insurance coverage that is a part of or attached to
589	another type of policy.
590	(78) "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act" means the Health Insurance
591	Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936, as amended.
592	(79) "Income replacement insurance" or "disability income insurance" means insurance
593	written to provide payments to replace income lost from accident or sickness.
594	(80) "Indemnity" means the payment of an amount to offset all or part of an insured
595	loss.
596	(81) "Independent adjuster" means an insurance adjuster required to be licensed under
597	Section 31A-26-201 who engages in insurance adjusting as a representative of an insurer.
598	(82) "Independently procured insurance" means insurance procured under Section
599	31A-15-104.
600	(83) "Individual" means a natural person.
601	(84) "Inland marine insurance" includes insurance covering:
602	(a) property in transit on or over land;
603	(b) property in transit over water by means other than boat or ship;
604	(c) bailee liability;
605	(d) fixed transportation property such as bridges, electric transmission systems, radio
606	and television transmission towers and tunnels; and
607	(e) personal and commercial property floaters.
608	(85) "Insolvency" means that:
609	(a) an insurer is unable to pay its debts or meet its obligations as the debts and
610	obligations mature;
611	(b) an insurer's total adjusted capital is less than the insurer's mandatory control level
612	RBC under Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(c); or
613	(c) an insurer is determined to be hazardous under this title.
614	(86) (a) "Insurance" means:

615	(i) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the transfer of a risk or risks from one or more
616	persons to one or more other persons; or
617	(ii) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the distribution of a risk or risks among a
618	group of persons that includes the person seeking to distribute that person's risk.
619	(b) "Insurance" includes:
620	(i) a risk distributing arrangement providing for compensation or replacement for
621	damages or loss through the provision of a service or a benefit in kind;
622	(ii) a contract of guaranty or suretyship entered into by the guarantor or surety as a
623	business and not as merely incidental to a business transaction; and
624	(iii) a plan in which the risk does not rest upon the person who makes an arrangement,
625	but with a class of persons who have agreed to share the risk.
626	(87) "Insurance adjuster" means a person who directs the investigation, negotiation, or
627	settlement of a claim under an insurance policy other than life insurance or an annuity, on
628	behalf of an insurer, policyholder, or a claimant under an insurance policy.
629	(88) "Insurance business" or "business of insurance" includes:
630	(a) providing health care insurance by an organization that is or is required to be
631	licensed under this title;
632	(b) providing a benefit to an employee in the event of a contingency not within the
633	control of the employee, in which the employee is entitled to the benefit as a right, which
634	benefit may be provided either:
635	(i) by a single employer or by multiple employer groups; or
636	(ii) through one or more trusts, associations, or other entities;
637	(c) providing an annuity:
638	(i) including an annuity issued in return for a gift; and
639	(ii) except an annuity provided by a person specified in Subsections 31A-22-1305(2)
640	and (3);
641	(d) providing the characteristic services of a motor club as outlined in Subsection
642	(116);
643	(e) providing another person with insurance;
644	(f) making as insurer, guarantor, or surety, or proposing to make as insurer, guarantor,
645	or surety, a contract or policy of title insurance;

646	(g) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including:
647	(i) solicitation;
648	(ii) negotiation preliminary to execution;
649	(iii) execution of a contract of title insurance;
650	(iv) insuring; and
651	(v) transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out of
652	the contract, including reinsurance;
653	(h) transacting or proposing a life settlement; and
654	(i) doing, or proposing to do, any business in substance equivalent to Subsections
655	(88)(a) through (h) in a manner designed to evade this title.
656	(89) "Insurance consultant" or "consultant" means a person who:
657	(a) advises another person about insurance needs and coverages;
658	(b) is compensated by the person advised on a basis not directly related to the insurance
659	placed; and
660	(c) except as provided in Section 31A-23a-501, is not compensated directly or
661	indirectly by an insurer or producer for advice given.
662	(90) "Insurance holding company system" means a group of two or more affiliated
663	persons, at least one of whom is an insurer.
664	(91) (a) "Insurance producer" or "producer" means a person licensed or required to be
665	licensed under the laws of this state to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance.
666	(b) (i) "Producer for the insurer" means a producer who is compensated directly or
667	indirectly by an insurer for selling, soliciting, or negotiating an insurance product of that
668	insurer.
669	(ii) "Producer for the insurer" may be referred to as an "agent."
670	(c) (i) "Producer for the insured" means a producer who:
671	(A) is compensated directly and only by an insurance customer or an insured; and
672	(B) receives no compensation directly or indirectly from an insurer for selling,
673	soliciting, or negotiating an insurance product of that insurer to an insurance customer or
674	insured.
675	(ii) "Producer for the insured" may be referred to as a "broker."
676	(92) (a) "Insured" means a person to whom or for whose benefit an insurer makes a

0//	promise in an insurance poncy and includes:
678	(i) a policyholder;
679	(ii) a subscriber;
680	(iii) a member; and
681	(iv) a beneficiary.
682	(b) The definition in Subsection (92)(a):
683	(i) applies only to this title; and
684	(ii) does not define the meaning of this word as used in an insurance policy or
685	certificate.
686	(93) (a) "Insurer" means a person doing an insurance business as a principal including
687	(i) a fraternal benefit society;
688	(ii) an issuer of a gift annuity other than an annuity specified in Subsections
689	31A-22-1305(2) and (3);
690	(iii) a motor club;
691	(iv) an employee welfare plan; and
692	(v) a person purporting or intending to do an insurance business as a principal on that
693	person's own account.
694	(b) "Insurer" does not include a governmental entity to the extent the governmental
695	entity is engaged in an activity described in Section 31A-12-107.
696	(94) "Interinsurance exchange" is defined in Subsection [(145)] (146).
697	(95) "Involuntary unemployment insurance" means insurance:
698	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
699	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is involuntarily unemployed for payments
700	coming due on a:
701	(i) specific loan; or
702	(ii) credit transaction.
703	(96) "Large employer," in connection with a health benefit plan, means an employer
704	who, with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year:
705	(a) employed an average of at least 51 eligible employees on each business day during
706	the preceding calendar year; and
707	(b) employs at least two employees on the first day of the plan year.

708	(97) "Late enrollee," with respect to an employer health benefit plan, means an
709	individual whose enrollment is a late enrollment.
710	(98) "Late enrollment," with respect to an employer health benefit plan, means
711	enrollment of an individual other than:
712	(a) on the earliest date on which coverage can become effective for the individual
713	under the terms of the plan; or
714	(b) through special enrollment.
715	(99) (a) Except for a retainer contract or legal assistance described in Section
716	31A-1-103, "legal expense insurance" means insurance written to indemnify or pay for a
717	specified legal expense.
718	(b) "Legal expense insurance" includes an arrangement that creates a reasonable
719	expectation of an enforceable right.
720	(c) "Legal expense insurance" does not include the provision of, or reimbursement for
721	legal services incidental to other insurance coverage.
722	(100) (a) "Liability insurance" means insurance against liability:
723	(i) for death, injury, or disability of a human being, or for damage to property,
724	exclusive of the coverages under:
725	(A) Subsection (110) for medical malpractice insurance;
726	(B) Subsection [(137)] (138) for professional liability insurance; and
727	(C) Subsection [(171)] (172) for workers' compensation insurance;
728	(ii) for a medical, hospital, surgical, and funeral benefit to a person other than the
729	insured who is injured, irrespective of legal liability of the insured, when issued with or
730	supplemental to insurance against legal liability for the death, injury, or disability of a human
731	being, exclusive of the coverages under:
732	(A) Subsection (110) for medical malpractice insurance;
733	(B) Subsection $[\frac{(137)}{(138)}]$ for professional liability insurance; and
734	(C) Subsection [(171)] (172) for workers' compensation insurance;
735	(iii) for loss or damage to property resulting from an accident to or explosion of a
736	boiler, pipe, pressure container, machinery, or apparatus;
737	(iv) for loss or damage to property caused by:
738	(A) the breakage or leakage of a sprinkler, water pipe, or water container; or

739	(B) water entering through a leak or opening in a building; or
740	(v) for other loss or damage properly the subject of insurance not within another kind
741	of insurance as defined in this chapter, if the insurance is not contrary to law or public policy.
742	(b) "Liability insurance" includes:
743	(i) vehicle liability insurance;
744	(ii) residential dwelling liability insurance; and
745	(iii) making inspection of, and issuing a certificate of inspection upon, an elevator,
746	boiler, machinery, or apparatus of any kind when done in connection with insurance on the
747	elevator, boiler, machinery, or apparatus.
748	(101) (a) "License" means authorization issued by the commissioner to engage in an
749	activity that is part of or related to the insurance business.
750	(b) "License" includes a certificate of authority issued to an insurer.
751	(102) (a) "Life insurance" means:
752	(i) insurance on a human life; and
753	(ii) insurance pertaining to or connected with human life.
754	(b) The business of life insurance includes:
755	(i) granting a death benefit;
756	(ii) granting an annuity benefit;
757	(iii) granting an endowment benefit;
758	(iv) granting an additional benefit in the event of death by accident;
759	(v) granting an additional benefit to safeguard the policy against lapse; and
760	(vi) providing an optional method of settlement of proceeds.
761	(103) "Limited license" means a license that:
762	(a) is issued for a specific product of insurance; and
763	(b) limits an individual or agency to transact only for that product or insurance.
764	(104) "Limited line credit insurance" includes the following forms of insurance:
765	(a) credit life;
766	(b) credit accident and health;
767	(c) credit property;
768	(d) credit unemployment;
769	(e) involuntary unemployment;

770	(f) mortgage life;
771	(g) mortgage guaranty;
772	(h) mortgage accident and health;
773	(i) guaranteed automobile protection; and
774	(j) another form of insurance offered in connection with an extension of credit that:
775	(i) is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing the credit obligation; and
776	(ii) the commissioner determines by rule should be designated as a form of limited line
777	credit insurance.
778	(105) "Limited line credit insurance producer" means a person who sells, solicits, or
779	negotiates one or more forms of limited line credit insurance coverage to an individual through
780	a master, corporate, group, or individual policy.
781	(106) "Limited line insurance" includes:
782	(a) bail bond;
783	(b) limited line credit insurance;
784	(c) legal expense insurance;
785	(d) motor club insurance;
786	(e) car rental related insurance;
787	(f) travel insurance;
788	(g) crop insurance;
789	(h) self-service storage insurance;
790	(i) guaranteed asset protection waiver;
791	(j) portable electronics insurance; and
792	(k) another form of limited insurance that the commissioner determines by rule should
793	be designated a form of limited line insurance.
794	(107) "Limited lines authority" includes:
795	(a) the lines of insurance listed in Subsection (106); and
796	(b) a customer service representative.
797	(108) "Limited lines producer" means a person who sells, solicits, or negotiates limited
798	lines insurance.
799	(109) (a) "Long-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider advertised,
800	marketed, offered, or designated to provide coverage:

801	(i) in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital;
802	(ii) for not less than 12 consecutive months for a covered person on the basis of:
803	(A) expenses incurred;
804	(B) indemnity;
805	(C) prepayment; or
806	(D) another method;
807	(iii) for one or more necessary or medically necessary services that are:
808	(A) diagnostic;
809	(B) preventative;
810	(C) therapeutic;
811	(D) rehabilitative;
812	(E) maintenance; or
813	(F) personal care; and
814	(iv) that may be issued by:
815	(A) an insurer;
816	(B) a fraternal benefit society;
817	(C) (I) a nonprofit health hospital; and
818	(II) a medical service corporation;
819	(D) a prepaid health plan;
820	(E) a health maintenance organization; or
821	(F) an entity similar to the entities described in Subsections (109)(a)(iv)(A) through (E)
822	to the extent that the entity is otherwise authorized to issue life or health care insurance.
823	(b) "Long-term care insurance" includes:
824	(i) any of the following that provide directly or supplement long-term care insurance:
825	(A) a group or individual annuity or rider; or
826	(B) a life insurance policy or rider;
827	(ii) a policy or rider that provides for payment of benefits on the basis of:
828	(A) cognitive impairment; or
829	(B) functional capacity; or
830	(iii) a qualified long-term care insurance contract.
831	(c) "Long-term care insurance" does not include:

832	(1) a policy that is offered primarily to provide basic Medicare supplement coverage;
833	(ii) basic hospital expense coverage;
834	(iii) basic medical/surgical expense coverage;
835	(iv) hospital confinement indemnity coverage;
836	(v) major medical expense coverage;
837	(vi) income replacement or related asset-protection coverage;
838	(vii) accident only coverage;
839	(viii) coverage for a specified:
840	(A) disease; or
841	(B) accident;
842	(ix) limited benefit health coverage; or
843	(x) a life insurance policy that accelerates the death benefit to provide the option of a
844	lump sum payment:
845	(A) if the following are not conditioned on the receipt of long-term care:
846	(I) benefits; or
847	(II) eligibility; and
848	(B) the coverage is for one or more the following qualifying events:
849	(I) terminal illness;
850	(II) medical conditions requiring extraordinary medical intervention; or
851	(III) permanent institutional confinement.
852	(110) "Medical malpractice insurance" means insurance against legal liability incident
853	to the practice and provision of a medical service other than the practice and provision of a
854	dental service.
855	(111) "Member" means a person having membership rights in an insurance
856	corporation.
857	(112) "Minimum capital" or "minimum required capital" means the capital that must be
858	constantly maintained by a stock insurance corporation as required by statute.
859	(113) "Mortgage accident and health insurance" means insurance offered in connection
860	with an extension of credit that provides indemnity for payments coming due on a mortgage
861	while the debtor has a disability.
862	(114) "Mortgage guaranty insurance" means surety insurance under which a mortgagee

863	or other creditor is indemnified against losses caused by the default of a debtor.
864	(115) "Mortgage life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in connection
865	with an extension of credit that pays if the debtor dies.
866	(116) "Motor club" means a person:
867	(a) licensed under:
868	(i) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
869	(ii) Chapter 11, Motor Clubs; or
870	(iii) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers; and
871	(b) that promises for an advance consideration to provide for a stated period of time
872	one or more:
873	(i) legal services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(b);
874	(ii) bail services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(c); or
875	(iii) (A) trip reimbursement;
876	(B) towing services;
877	(C) emergency road services;
878	(D) stolen automobile services;
879	(E) a combination of the services listed in Subsections (116)(b)(iii)(A) through (D); or
880	(F) other services given in Subsections 31A-11-102(1)(b) through (f).
881	(117) "Mutual" means a mutual insurance corporation.
882	(118) "Network plan" means health care insurance:
883	(a) that is issued by an insurer; and
884	(b) under which the financing and delivery of medical care is provided, in whole or in
885	part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the insurer, including the financing
886	and delivery of an item paid for as medical care.
887	(119) "Nonparticipating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is not
888	entitled to receive a dividend representing a share of the surplus of the insurer.
889	(120) "Ocean marine insurance" means insurance against loss of or damage to:
890	(a) ships or hulls of ships;
891	(b) goods, freight, cargoes, merchandise, effects, disbursements, profits, money,
892	securities, choses in action, evidences of debt, valuable papers, bottomry, respondentia
893	interests, or other cargoes in or awaiting transit over the oceans or inland waterways;

894	(c) earnings such as freight, passage money, commissions, or profits derived from
895	transporting goods or people upon or across the oceans or inland waterways; or
896	(d) a vessel owner or operator as a result of liability to employees, passengers, bailors,
897	owners of other vessels, owners of fixed objects, customs or other authorities, or other persons
898	in connection with maritime activity.
899	(121) "Order" means an order of the commissioner.
900	(122) "Outline of coverage" means a summary that explains an accident and health
901	insurance policy.
902	(123) "Participating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is entitled to
903	receive a dividend representing a share of the surplus of the insurer.
904	(124) "Participation," as used in a health benefit plan, means a requirement relating to
905	the minimum percentage of eligible employees that must be enrolled in relation to the total
906	number of eligible employees of an employer reduced by each eligible employee who
907	voluntarily declines coverage under the plan because the employee:
908	(a) has other group health care insurance coverage; or
909	(b) receives:
910	(i) Medicare, under the Health Insurance for the Aged Act, Title XVIII of the Social
911	Security Amendments of 1965; or
912	(ii) another government health benefit.
913	(125) "Person" includes:
914	(a) an individual;
915	(b) a partnership;
916	(c) a corporation;
917	(d) an incorporated or unincorporated association;
918	(e) a joint stock company;
919	(f) a trust;
920	(g) a limited liability company;
921	(h) a reciprocal;
922	(i) a syndicate; or
923	(j) another similar entity or combination of entities acting in concert.
924	(126) "Personal lines insurance" means property and casualty insurance coverage sold

925	for primarily noncommercial purposes to:
926	(a) an individual; or
927	(b) a family.
928	(127) "Plan sponsor" is as defined in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1002(16)(B).
929	(128) "Plan year" means:
930	(a) the year that is designated as the plan year in:
931	(i) the plan document of a group health plan; or
932	(ii) a summary plan description of a group health plan;
933	(b) if the plan document or summary plan description does not designate a plan year or
934	there is no plan document or summary plan description:
935	(i) the year used to determine deductibles or limits;
936	(ii) the policy year, if the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis;
937	or
938	(iii) the employer's taxable year if:
939	(A) the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis; and
940	(B) (I) the plan is not insured; or
941	(II) the insurance policy is not renewed on an annual basis; or
942	(c) in a case not described in Subsection (128)(a) or (b), the calendar year.
943	(129) (a) "Policy" means a document, including an attached endorsement or application
944	that:
945	(i) purports to be an enforceable contract; and
946	(ii) memorializes in writing some or all of the terms of an insurance contract.
947	(b) "Policy" includes a service contract issued by:
948	(i) a motor club under Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
949	(ii) a service contract provided under Chapter 6a, Service Contracts; and
950	(iii) a corporation licensed under:
951	(A) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations; or
952	(B) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans.
953	(c) "Policy" does not include:
954	(i) a certificate under a group insurance contract; or
955	(ii) a document that does not purport to have legal effect.

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956 (130) "Policyholder" means a person who controls a policy, binder, or oral contract by 957 ownership, premium payment, or otherwise. 958 (131) "Policy illustration" means a presentation or depiction that includes 959 nonguaranteed elements of a policy of life insurance over a period of years. 960 (132) "Policy summary" means a synopsis describing the elements of a life insurance 961 policy. 962 (133) "PPACA" means the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No. 963 111-148 and the Health Care Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152, and 964 related federal regulations and guidance. 965 [(133)] (134) "Preexisting condition," with respect to a health benefit plan: 966 (a) means a condition that was present before the effective date of coverage, whether or 967 not medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that day; 968 and 969 (b) does not include a condition indicated by genetic information unless an actual 970 diagnosis of the condition by a physician has been made. 971 [(134)] (135) (a) "Premium" means the monetary consideration for an insurance policy. 972 (b) "Premium" includes, however designated: 973 (i) an assessment; 974 (ii) a membership fee; 975 (iii) a required contribution; or 976 (iv) monetary consideration. 977 (c) (i) "Premium" does not include consideration paid to a third party administrator for 978 the third party administrator's services. 979 (ii) "Premium" includes an amount paid by a third party administrator to an insurer for 980 insurance on the risks administered by the third party administrator. 981 [(135)] (136) "Principal officers" for a corporation means the officers designated under 982 Subsection 31A-5-203(3). 983 [(136)] (137) "Proceeding" includes an action or special statutory proceeding. 984 [(137)] (138) "Professional liability insurance" means insurance against legal liability 985 incident to the practice of a profession and provision of a professional service.

[(138)] (139) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(138)] (139)(b), "property

987	insurance" means insurance against loss or damage to real or personal property of every kind
988	and any interest in that property:
989	(i) from all hazards or causes; and
990	(ii) against loss consequential upon the loss or damage including vehicle
991	comprehensive and vehicle physical damage coverages.
992	(b) "Property insurance" does not include:
993	(i) inland marine insurance; and
994	(ii) ocean marine insurance.
995	[(139)] (140) "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally tax qualified
996	long-term care insurance contract" means:
997	(a) an individual or group insurance contract that meets the requirements of Section
998	7702B(b), Internal Revenue Code; or
999	(b) the portion of a life insurance contract that provides long-term care insurance:
1000	(i) (A) by rider; or
1001	(B) as a part of the contract; and
1002	(ii) that satisfies the requirements of Sections 7702B(b) and (e), Internal Revenue
1003	Code.
1004	[(140)] (141) "Qualified United States financial institution" means an institution that:
1005	(a) is:
1006	(i) organized under the laws of the United States or any state; or
1007	(ii) in the case of a United States office of a foreign banking organization, licensed
1008	under the laws of the United States or any state;
1009	(b) is regulated, supervised, and examined by a United States federal or state authority
1010	having regulatory authority over a bank or trust company; and
1011	(c) meets the standards of financial condition and standing that are considered
1012	necessary and appropriate to regulate the quality of a financial institution whose letters of credit
1013	will be acceptable to the commissioner as determined by:
1014	(i) the commissioner by rule; or
1015	(ii) the Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of Insurance
1016	Commissioners.
1017	$[\frac{(141)}{(142)}]$ (a) "Rate" means:

1018	(i) the cost of a given unit of insurance; or
1019	(ii) for property or casualty insurance, that cost of insurance per exposure unit either
1020	expressed as:
1021	(A) a single number; or
1022	(B) a pure premium rate, adjusted before the application of individual risk variations
1023	based on loss or expense considerations to account for the treatment of:
1024	(I) expenses;
1025	(II) profit; and
1026	(III) individual insurer variation in loss experience.
1027	(b) "Rate" does not include a minimum premium.
1028	$[\frac{(142)}]$ (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[\frac{(142)}]$ (143)(b), "rate service
1029	organization" means a person who assists an insurer in rate making or filing by:
1030	(i) collecting, compiling, and furnishing loss or expense statistics;
1031	(ii) recommending, making, or filing rates or supplementary rate information; or
1032	(iii) advising about rate questions, except as an attorney giving legal advice.
1033	(b) "Rate service organization" does not mean:
1034	(i) an employee of an insurer;
1035	(ii) a single insurer or group of insurers under common control;
1036	(iii) a joint underwriting group; or
1037	(iv) an individual serving as an actuarial or legal consultant.
1038	[(143)] (144) "Rating manual" means any of the following used to determine initial and
1039	renewal policy premiums:
1040	(a) a manual of rates;
1041	(b) a classification;
1042	(c) a rate-related underwriting rule; and
1043	(d) a rating formula that describes steps, policies, and procedures for determining
1044	initial and renewal policy premiums.
1045	[(144)] (145) "Received by the department" means:
1046	(a) the date delivered to and stamped received by the department, if delivered in
1047	person;
1048	(b) the post mark date, if delivered by mail:

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1049	(c) the delivery service's post mark or pickup date, if delivered by a delivery service;
1050	(d) the received date recorded on an item delivered, if delivered by:
1051	(i) facsimile;
1052	(ii) email; or
1053	(iii) another electronic method; or
1054	(e) a date specified in:
1055	(i) a statute;
1056	(ii) a rule; or
1057	(iii) an order.
1058	[(145)] (146) "Reciprocal" or "interinsurance exchange" means an unincorporated
1059	association of persons:
1060	(a) operating through an attorney-in-fact common to all of the persons; and
1061	(b) exchanging insurance contracts with one another that provide insurance coverage
1062	on each other.
1063	[(146)] (147) "Reinsurance" means an insurance transaction where an insurer, for
1064	consideration, transfers any portion of the risk it has assumed to another insurer. In referring to
1065	reinsurance transactions, this title sometimes refers to:
1066	(a) the insurer transferring the risk as the "ceding insurer"; and
1067	(b) the insurer assuming the risk as the:
1068	(i) "assuming insurer"; or
1069	(ii) "assuming reinsurer."
1070	[(147)] (148) "Reinsurer" means a person licensed in this state as an insurer with the
1071	authority to assume reinsurance.
1072	[(148)] (149) "Residential dwelling liability insurance" means insurance against
1073	liability resulting from or incident to the ownership, maintenance, or use of a residential
1074	dwelling that is a detached single family residence or multifamily residence up to four units.
1075	[(149)] (150) (a) "Retrocession" means reinsurance with another insurer of a liability
1076	assumed under a reinsurance contract.
1077	(b) A reinsurer "retrocedes" when the reinsurer reinsures with another insurer part of a
1078	liability assumed under a reinsurance contract.
1079	$\left[\frac{(150)}{(151)}\right]$ "Rider" means an endorsement to:

1080	(a) an insurance policy; or
1081	(b) an insurance certificate.
1082	[(151)] <u>(152)</u> (a) "Security" means a:
1083	(i) note;
1084	(ii) stock;
1085	(iii) bond;
1086	(iv) debenture;
1087	(v) evidence of indebtedness;
1088	(vi) certificate of interest or participation in a profit-sharing agreement;
1089	(vii) collateral-trust certificate;
1090	(viii) preorganization certificate or subscription;
1091	(ix) transferable share;
1092	(x) investment contract;
1093	(xi) voting trust certificate;
1094	(xii) certificate of deposit for a security;
1095	(xiii) certificate of interest of participation in an oil, gas, or mining title or lease or in
1096	payments out of production under such a title or lease;
1097	(xiv) commodity contract or commodity option;
1098	(xv) certificate of interest or participation in, temporary or interim certificate for,
1099	receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase any of the items listed
1100	in Subsections [(151)] (152)(a)(i) through (xiv); or
1101	(xvi) another interest or instrument commonly known as a security.
1102	(b) "Security" does not include:
1103	(i) any of the following under which an insurance company promises to pay money in a
1104	specific lump sum or periodically for life or some other specified period:
1105	(A) insurance;
1106	(B) an endowment policy; or
1107	(C) an annuity contract; or
1108	(ii) a burial certificate or burial contract.
1109	[(152)] (153) "Secondary medical condition" means a complication related to an
1110	exclusion from coverage in accident and health insurance.

1111	[(153)] (154) (a) "Self-insurance" means an arrangement under which a person
1112	provides for spreading its own risks by a systematic plan.
1113	(b) Except as provided in this Subsection [(153)] (154), "self-insurance" does not
1114	include an arrangement under which a number of persons spread their risks among themselves.
1115	(c) "Self-insurance" includes:
1116	(i) an arrangement by which a governmental entity undertakes to indemnify an
1117	employee for liability arising out of the employee's employment; and
1118	(ii) an arrangement by which a person with a managed program of self-insurance and
1119	risk management undertakes to indemnify its affiliates, subsidiaries, directors, officers, or
1120	employees for liability or risk that is related to the relationship or employment.
1121	(d) "Self-insurance" does not include an arrangement with an independent contractor.
1122	[(154)] (155) "Sell" means to exchange a contract of insurance:
1123	(a) by any means;
1124	(b) for money or its equivalent; and
1125	(c) on behalf of an insurance company.
1126	[(155)] (156) "Short-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider
1127	advertised, marketed, offered, or designed to provide coverage that is similar to long-term care
1128	insurance, but that provides coverage for less than 12 consecutive months for each covered
1129	person.
1130	[(156)] (157) "Significant break in coverage" means a period of 63 consecutive days
1131	during each of which an individual does not have creditable coverage.
1132	[(157)] (158) "Small employer," in connection with a health benefit plan, means an
1133	employer who, with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year:
1134	(a) employed an average of at least two employees but not more than 50 eligible
1135	employees on each business day during the preceding calendar year; and
1136	(b) employs at least two employees on the first day of the plan year.
1137	[(158)] (159) "Special enrollment period," in connection with a health benefit plan, has
1138	the same meaning as provided in federal regulations adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance
1139	Portability and Accountability Act.
1140	[(159)] (160) (a) "Subsidiary" of a person means an affiliate controlled by that person
1141	either directly or indirectly through one or more affiliates or intermediaries.

1142	(b) "Wholly owned subsidiary" of a person is a subsidiary of which all of the voting
1143	shares are owned by that person either alone or with its affiliates, except for the minimum
1144	number of shares the law of the subsidiary's domicile requires to be owned by directors or
1145	others.
1146	[(160)] (161) Subject to Subsection (86)(b), "surety insurance" includes:
1147	(a) a guarantee against loss or damage resulting from the failure of a principal to pay or
1148	perform the principal's obligations to a creditor or other obligee;
1149	(b) bail bond insurance; and
1150	(c) fidelity insurance.
1151	[(161)] (162) (a) "Surplus" means the excess of assets over the sum of paid-in capital
1152	and liabilities.
1153	(b) (i) "Permanent surplus" means the surplus of [a mutual] an insurer or organization
1154	that is designated by the insurer or organization as permanent.
1155	(ii) Sections 31A-5-211, 31A-7-201, 31A-8-209, 31A-9-209, and [31A-14-209]
1156	31A-14-205 require that [mutuals] insurers or organizations doing business in this state
1157	maintain specified minimum levels of permanent surplus.
1158	(iii) Except for assessable mutuals, the minimum permanent surplus requirement is the
1159	same as the minimum required capital requirement that applies to stock insurers.
1160	(c) "Excess surplus" means:
1161	(i) for a life insurer, accident and health insurer, health organization, or property and
1162	casualty insurer as defined in Section 31A-17-601, the lesser of:
1163	(A) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital that
1164	exceeds the product of:
1165	(I) 2.5; and
1166	(II) the sum of the insurer's or health organization's minimum capital or permanent
1167	surplus required under Section 31A-5-211, 31A-9-209, or 31A-14-205; or
1168	(B) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital that
1169	exceeds the product of:
1170	(I) 3.0; and
1171	(II) the authorized control level RBC as defined in Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(a); and
1172	(ii) for a monoline mortgage guaranty insurer, financial guaranty insurer, or title insurer

1173	that amount of an insurer's paid-in-capital and surplus that exceeds the product of:
1174	(A) 1.5; and
1175	(B) the insurer's total adjusted capital required by Subsection 31A-17-609(1).
1176	[(162)] (163) "Third party administrator" or "administrator" means a person who
1177	collects charges or premiums from, or who, for consideration, adjusts or settles claims of
1178	residents of the state in connection with insurance coverage, annuities, or service insurance
1179	coverage, except:
1180	(a) a union on behalf of its members;
1181	(b) a person administering a:
1182	(i) pension plan subject to the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of
1183	1974;
1184	(ii) governmental plan as defined in Section 414(d), Internal Revenue Code; or
1185	(iii) nonelecting church plan as described in Section 410(d), Internal Revenue Code;
1186	(c) an employer on behalf of the employer's employees or the employees of one or
1187	more of the subsidiary or affiliated corporations of the employer;
1188	(d) an insurer licensed under the following, but only for a line of insurance for which
1189	the insurer holds a license in this state:
1190	(i) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
1191	(ii) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
1192	(iii) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
1193	(iv) Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals; or
1194	(v) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers;
1195	(e) a person:
1196	(i) licensed or exempt from licensing under:
1197	(A) Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and
1198	Reinsurance Intermediaries; or
1199	(B) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; and
1200	(ii) whose activities are limited to those authorized under the license the person holds
1201	or for which the person is exempt; or
1202	(f) an institution, bank, or financial institution:
1203	(i) that is:

1204	(A) an institution whose deposits and accounts are to any extent insured by a federal
1205	deposit insurance agency, including the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or National
1206	Credit Union Administration; or
1207	(B) a bank or other financial institution that is subject to supervision or examination by
1208	a federal or state banking authority; and
1209	(ii) that does not adjust claims without a third party administrator license.
1210	[(163)] (164) "Title insurance" means the insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying of an
1211	owner of real or personal property or the holder of liens or encumbrances on that property, or
1212	others interested in the property against loss or damage suffered by reason of liens or
1213	encumbrances upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the property, or invalidity
1214	or unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.
1215	[(164)] (165) "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of an insurer's or health
1216	organization's statutory capital and surplus as determined in accordance with:
1217	(a) the statutory accounting applicable to the annual financial statements required to be
1218	filed under Section 31A-4-113; and
1219	(b) another item provided by the RBC instructions, as RBC instructions is defined in
1220	Section 31A-17-601.
1221	[(165)] (166) (a) "Trustee" means "director" when referring to the board of directors of
1222	a corporation.
1223	(b) "Trustee," when used in reference to an employee welfare fund, means an
1224	individual, firm, association, organization, joint stock company, or corporation, whether acting
1225	individually or jointly and whether designated by that name or any other, that is charged with
1226	or has the overall management of an employee welfare fund.
1227	[(166)] (167) (a) "Unauthorized insurer," "unadmitted insurer," or "nonadmitted
1228	insurer" means an insurer:
1229	(i) not holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state;
1230	or
1231	(ii) transacting business not authorized by a valid certificate.
1232	(b) "Admitted insurer" or "authorized insurer" means an insurer:
1233	(i) holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state; and

(ii) transacting business as authorized by a valid certificate.

1235	[(167)] (168) "Underwrite" means the authority to accept or reject risk on behalf of the
1236	insurer.
1237	[(168)] (169) "Vehicle liability insurance" means insurance against liability resulting
1238	from or incident to ownership, maintenance, or use of a land vehicle or aircraft, exclusive of a
1239	vehicle comprehensive or vehicle physical damage coverage under Subsection [(138)] (139).
1240	[(169)] (170) "Voting security" means a security with voting rights, and includes a
1241	security convertible into a security with a voting right associated with the security.
1242	[(170)] (171) "Waiting period" for a health benefit plan means the period that must
1243	pass before coverage for an individual, who is otherwise eligible to enroll under the terms of
1244	the health benefit plan, can become effective.
1245	[(171)] (172) "Workers' compensation insurance" means:
1246	(a) insurance for indemnification of an employer against liability for compensation
1247	based on:
1248	(i) a compensable accidental injury; and
1249	(ii) occupational disease disability;
1250	(b) employer's liability insurance incidental to workers' compensation insurance and
1251	written in connection with workers' compensation insurance; and
1252	(c) insurance assuring to a person entitled to workers' compensation benefits the
1253	compensation provided by law.
1254	Section 2. Section 31A-2-201.2 is amended to read:
1255	31A-2-201.2. Evaluation of health insurance market.
1256	(1) Each year the commissioner shall:
1257	(a) conduct an evaluation of the state's health insurance market;
1258	(b) report the findings of the evaluation to the Health and Human Services Interim
1259	Committee before October 1 of each year; and
1260	(c) publish the findings of the evaluation on the department website.
1261	(2) The evaluation required by this section shall:
1262	(a) analyze the effectiveness of the insurance regulations and statutes in promoting a
1263	healthy, competitive health insurance market that meets the needs of the state, and includes an
1264	analysis of:
1265	(i) the availability and marketing of individual and group products;

1266	(ii) rate changes;
1267	(iii) coverage and demographic changes;
1268	(iv) benefit trends;
1269	(v) market share changes; and
1270	(vi) accessibility;
1271	(b) assess complaint ratios and trends within the health insurance market, which
1272	assessment shall include complaint data from the Office of Consumer Health Assistance within
1273	the department;
1274	(c) contain recommendations for action to improve the overall effectiveness of the
1275	health insurance market, administrative rules, and statutes; and
1276	(d) include claims loss ratio data for each health insurance company doing business in
1277	the state.
1278	(3) When preparing the evaluation required by this section, the commissioner shall
1279	include a report of:
1280	(a) the types of health benefit plans sold in the Health Insurance Exchange created in
1281	Section 63M-1-2504;
1282	(b) the number of insurers participating in the defined contribution arrangement health
1283	benefit plans in the Health Insurance Exchange; and
1284	(c) the number of employers and covered lives in the defined contribution arrangement
1285	market in the Health Insurance Exchange[; and].
1286	[(d) the number of lives covered by health benefit plans that do not include state
1287	mandates as permitted by Subsection 31A-30-109(2).]
1288	(4) When preparing the evaluation and report required by this section, the
1289	commissioner may seek the input of insurers, employers, insured persons, providers, and others
1290	with an interest in the health insurance market.
1291	(5) The commissioner may adopt administrative rules for the purpose of collecting the
1292	data required by this section, taking into account the business confidentiality of the insurers.
1293	(6) Records submitted to the commissioner under this section shall be maintained by
1294	the commissioner as protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
1295	Access and Management Act.
1296	Section 3 Section 31A-2-217 is amended to read:

1297	31A-2-217. Coordination with other states.
1298	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), the commissioner, by rule, may adopt one or more
1299	agreements with [another] a state governmental regulatory agency, within and outside of this
1300	state, or with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners to address state regulatory
1301	issues limited to:
1302	(i) licensing of insurance companies;
1303	(ii) licensing of agents;
1304	(iii) regulation of premium rates and policy forms; and
1305	(iv) regulation of insurer insolvency and insurance receiverships.
1306	(b) An agreement described in Subsection (1)(a), may authorize the commissioner to
1307	modify a requirement of this title if the commissioner determines that the requirements under
1308	the agreement provide protections similar to or greater than the requirements under this title.
1309	(2) (a) The commissioner may negotiate an interstate compact that addresses issuing
1310	certificates of authority, if the commissioner determines that:
1311	(i) each state participating in the compact has requirements for issuing certificates of
1312	authority that provide protections similar to or greater than the requirements of this title; or
1313	(ii) the interstate compact contains requirements for issuing certificates of authority
1314	that provide protections similar to or greater than the requirements of this title.
1315	(b) If an interstate compact described in Subsection (2)(a) is adopted by the
1316	Legislature, the commissioner may issue certificates of authority to insurers in accordance with
1317	the terms of the interstate compact.
1318	(3) If any provision of this title conflicts with a provision of the annual statement
1319	instructions or the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Accounting Practices and
1320	Procedures Manual, the commissioner may, by rule, resolve the conflict in favor of the annual
1321	statement instructions or the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Accounting
1322	Practices and Procedures Manual.
1323	(4) The commissioner may, by rule, accept the information prescribed by the National
1324	Association of Insurance Commissioners instead of the documents required to be filed with an
1325	application for a certificate of authority under:
1326	(a) Section 31A-4-103, 31A-5-204, 31A-8-205, or 31A-14-201; or

(b) rules made by the commissioner.

1328	(5) Before November 30, 2001, the commissioner shall report to the Business and
1329	Labor Interim Committee regarding the status of:
1330	(a) any agreements entered into under Subsection (1);
1331	(b) any interstate compact entered into under Subsection (2); and
1332	(c) any rule made under Subsections (3) and (4).
1333	(6) This section shall be repealed in accordance with Section 63I-1-231.
1334	Section 4. Section 31A-2-402 is amended to read:
1335	31A-2-402. Definitions.
1336	As used in this part:
1337	(1) "Commission" means the Title and Escrow Commission created in Section
1338	31A-2-403.
1339	(2) "Concurrence" means the entities given a concurring role must jointly agree for the
1340	action to be taken.
1341	(3) "Dual licensed title licensee" means a title licensee who holds:
1342	(a) [a] an individual title insurance producer license as a title licensee; and
1343	(b) a license or certificate under:
1344	(i) Title 61, Chapter 2c, Utah Residential Mortgage Practices and Licensing Act;
1345	(ii) Title 61, Chapter 2f, Real Estate Licensing and Practices Act; or
1346	(iii) Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser Licensing and Certification Act.
1347	(4) "Real Estate Commission" means the Real Estate Commission created in Section
1348	61-2f-103.
1349	(5) "Title licensee" means a person licensed under this title as:
1350	(a) an agency title insurance producer with a title insurance line of authority;
1351	(b) [a] an individual title insurance producer with:
1352	(i) a general title insurance line of authority; or
1353	(ii) a specific category of authority for title insurance; or
1354	(c) a title insurance adjuster.
1355	Section 5. Section 31A-2-403 is amended to read:
1356	31A-2-403. Title and Escrow Commission created.
1357	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), there is created within the department the Title and
1358	Escrow Commission that is comprised of five members appointed by the governor with the

1359	consent of the Senate as follows <u>beginning July 1, 2013</u> :
1360	[(i) four members shall each:]
1361	(i) two members shall be an employee of a title insurer;
1362	(ii) two members shall:
1363	(A) be an employee of a Utah agency title insurance producer;
1364	[(A)] (B) be or have been licensed under the title insurance line of authority;
1365	[(B)] (C) as of the day on which the member is appointed, be or have been licensed
1366	with the search or escrow subline of authority for at least five years; and
1367	[(C)] (D) as of the day on which the member is appointed, not be from the same county
1368	as another member appointed under this Subsection (1)(a)[(ii)](iii); and
1369	[(iii)] (iii) one member shall be a member of the general public from any county in the
1370	state.
1371	(b) No more than one commission member may be appointed from a single company
1372	or an affiliate or subsidiary of the company.
1373	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(c), a commission member shall file with the
1374	commissioner a disclosure of any position of employment or ownership interest that the
1375	commission member has with respect to a person that is subject to the jurisdiction of the
1376	commissioner.
1377	(b) The disclosure statement required by this Subsection (2) shall be:
1378	(i) filed by no later than the day on which the person begins that person's appointment;
1379	and
1380	(ii) amended when a significant change occurs in any matter required to be disclosed
1381	under this Subsection (2).
1382	(c) A commission member is not required to disclose an ownership interest that the
1383	commission member has if the ownership interest is in a publicly traded company or held as
1384	part of a mutual fund, trust, or similar investment.
1385	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current commission
1386	members expire, the governor shall appoint each new commission member to a four-year term
1387	ending on June 30.
1388	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
1389	time of appointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of the commission

1390	members are staggered so that approximately half of the [commission is] members appointed
1391	under Subsection (1)(a)(i) and half of the members appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) are
1392	appointed every two years.
1393	(c) A commission member may not serve more than one consecutive term.
1394	(d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor, with the
1395	consent of the Senate, shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
1396	(e) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a commission member
1397	serves until a successor is appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate.
1398	(4) A commission member may not receive compensation or benefits for the
1399	commission member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance
1400	with:
1401	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1402	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1403	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1404	63A-3-107.
1405	(5) Members of the commission shall annually select one commission member to serve
1406	as chair.
1407	(6) (a) The commission shall meet at least monthly. Notwithstanding Section
1408	52-4-207, a commission member shall physically attend a regularly scheduled monthly meeting
1409	of the commission and may not attend through electronic means. A commission member may
1410	attend subcommittee meetings, emergency meetings, or other not regularly scheduled meetings
1411	electronically in accordance with Section 52-4-207.
1412	(b) The commissioner may call additional meetings:
1413	(i) at the commissioner's discretion;
1414	(ii) upon the request of the chair of the commission; or
1415	(iii) upon the written request of three or more commission members.
1416	(c) (i) Three commission members constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
1417	(ii) The action of a majority of the commission members when a quorum is present is
1418	the action of the commission.

(7) The commissioner shall staff the commission.

Section 6. Section **31A-2-404** is amended to read:

1421	51A-2-404. Duties of the commissioner and Title and Escrow Commission.
1422	(1) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter, to the extent provided in this
1423	part, the commissioner shall administer and enforce the provisions in this title related to:
1424	(a) title insurance; and
1425	(b) escrow conducted by a title licensee or title insurer.
1426	(2) The commission shall:
1427	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and
1428	subject to Subsection [(3)] (4), make rules for the administration of the provisions in this title
1429	related to title insurance including rules related to:
1430	(i) rating standards and rating methods for a title licensee, as provided in Section
1431	31A-19a-209;
1432	(ii) the licensing for a title licensee, including the licensing requirements of Section
1433	31A-23a-204;
1434	(iii) continuing education requirements of Section 31A-23a-202; and
1435	[(iv) examination procedures, after consultation with the commissioner and the
1436	commissioner's test administrator when required by Section 31A-23a-204; and]
1437	[(v)] (iv) standards of conduct for a title licensee;
1438	(b) concur in the issuance and renewal of a license in accordance with Section
1439	31A-23a-105 or 31A-26-203;
1440	(c) in accordance with Section 31A-3-103, establish, with the concurrence of the
1441	commissioner, the fees imposed by this title on a title licensee;
1442	(d) in accordance with Section 31A-23a-415 determine, after consulting with the
1443	commissioner, the assessment on a title insurer as defined in Section 31A-23a-415;
1444	(e) conduct an administrative hearing not delegated by the commission to an
1445	administrative law judge related to the:
1446	(i) licensing of an applicant;
1447	(ii) conduct of a title licensee; or
1448	(iii) approval of a continuing education program required by Section 31A-23a-202;
1449	(f) with the concurrence of the commissioner, approve a continuing education program
1450	required by Section 31A-23a-202;
1451	(g) with the concurrence of the commissioner, impose a penalty:

1452	(1) under this title related to:
1453	(A) title insurance; or
1454	(B) escrow conducted by a title licensee;
1455	(ii) after investigation by the commissioner in accordance with Part 3, Procedures and
1456	Enforcement; and
1457	(iii) that is enforced by the commissioner;
1458	(h) advise the commissioner on the administration and enforcement of any matter
1459	affecting the title insurance industry;
1460	(i) advise the commissioner on matters affecting the commissioner's budget related to
1461	title insurance; and
1462	(j) perform other duties as provided in this title.
1463	(3) The commission may make rules establishing an examination for a license that will
1464	satisfy Section 31A-23a-204:
1465	(a) after consultation with the commissioner and the commissioner's test administrator;
1466	(b) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
1467	(c) subject to Subsection (4).
1468	$\left[\frac{(3)}{4}\right]$ The commission may make a rule under this title only if at the time the
1469	commission files its proposed rule and rule analysis with the Division of Administrative Rules
1470	in accordance with Section 63G-3-301, the commission provides the Real Estate Commission
1471	that same information.
1472	$\left[\frac{(4)}{(5)}\right]$ (a) The commissioner shall annually report the information described in
1473	Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(b) in writing to:
1474	(i) the commission; and
1475	(ii) the Business and Labor Interim Committee.
1476	(b) The information required to be reported under this Subsection $[(4)]$ (5):
1477	(i) may not identify a person; and
1478	(ii) shall include:
1479	(A) the number of complaints the commissioner receives with regard to transactions
1480	involving title insurance or a title licensee during the calendar year immediately proceeding the
1481	report;
1482	(B) the type of complaints described in Subsection $[(4)]$ (5) (b)(ii)(A); and

1403	(C) for each complaint described in Subsection $\left[\frac{(++)}{(++)}\right] \frac{(5)(6)(1)(A)}{(4)(4)}$
1484	(I) any action taken by the commissioner with regard to the complaint; and
1485	(II) the time-period beginning the day on which a complaint is made and ending the
1486	day on which the commissioner determines it will take no further action with regard to the
1487	complaint.
1488	(6) The commission may not impose a penalty in a manner inconsistent with
1489	Subsection (2)(g) or make a rule that conflicts with Subsection (2)(g).
1490	Section 7. Section 31A-3-304 (Effective 07/01/13) is amended to read:
1491	31A-3-304 (Effective 07/01/13). Annual fees Other taxes or fees prohibited
1492	Captive Insurance Restricted Account.
1493	(1) (a) A captive insurance company shall pay an annual fee imposed under this section
1494	to obtain or renew a certificate of authority.
1495	(b) The commissioner shall:
1496	(i) determine the annual fee pursuant to Section 31A-3-103; and
1497	(ii) consider whether the annual fee is competitive with fees imposed by other states on
1498	captive insurance companies.
1499	(2) A captive insurance company that fails to pay the fee required by this section is
1500	subject to the relevant sanctions of this title.
1501	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d) and notwithstanding Title 59, Chapter
1502	9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers, the following constitute the sole taxes, fees, or charges under
1503	the laws of this state that may be levied or assessed on a captive insurance company:
1504	(i) a fee under this section;
1505	(ii) a fee under Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; and
1506	(iii) a fee under Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company
1507	Act.
1508	(b) The state or a county, city, or town within the state may not levy or collect an
1509	occupation tax or other tax, fee, or charge not described in Subsections (3)(a)(i) through (iii)
1510	against a captive insurance company.
1511	(c) The state may not levy, assess, or collect a withdrawal fee under Section 31A-4-115
1512	against a captive insurance company.
1513	(d) A captive insurance company is subject to real and personal property taxes.

1514	(4) A captive insurance company shall pay the fee imposed by this section to the
1515	commissioner by June 20 of each year.
1516	(5) (a) Money received pursuant to a fee described in Subsection (3)(a) shall be
1517	deposited into the Captive Insurance Restricted Account.
1518	(b) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Captive
1519	Insurance Restricted Account."
1520	(c) The Captive Insurance Restricted Account shall consist of the fees described in
1521	Subsection (3)(a).
1522	(d) The commissioner shall administer the Captive Insurance Restricted Account.
1523	Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use the money deposited
1524	into the Captive Insurance Restricted Account to:
1525	(i) administer and enforce:
1526	(A) Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; and
1527	(B) Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company Act; and
1528	(ii) promote the captive insurance industry in Utah.
1529	(e) An appropriation from the Captive Insurance Restricted Account is nonlapsing,
1530	except that at the end of each fiscal year, money received by the commissioner in excess of
1531	[\$950,000] \$1,250,000 shall be treated as free revenue in the General Fund.
1532	Section 85. Section 31A-4-117 is enacted to read:
1533	31A-4-117. Closing or settlement protection.
1534	(1) A title insurer may issue closing or settlement protection in the form of a closing
1535	protection letter filed with the department to a person who is a party to a transaction in which a
1536	title insurance policy is issued.
1537	(2) Closing or settlement protection may indemnify a person who is a party to a
1538	transaction referred to in Subsection (1) against loss that the title insurer approves for the
1539	closing or settlement protection, under the terms and conditions of the closing protection letter
1540	issued by the title insurer, because of one or more of the following acts of a title insurance
1541	policy issuing individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer or other
1542	settlement service provider:
1543	(a) theft or misappropriation of settlement funds in connection with a transaction in
1544	which one or more title incurance policies are issued by or on behalf of the title incurer issuing

1545	the closing or settlement protection, but only to the extent that the theft or misappropriation
1546	relates to the status of the title to that interest in land or to the validity, enforceability, and
1547	priority of the lien of the mortgage on that interest in land; or
1548	(b) failure to comply with the written closing instructions when agreed to by the
1549	settlement agent, title agent, or employee of the title insurer, but only to the extent that the
1550	failure to follow the written closing instructions relates to the status of the title to that interest
1551	in land or the validity, enforceability, and priority of the lien of the mortgage on that interest in
1552	land.
1553	(3) A title insurer may not make the fee charged by a title insurer for each party
1554	receiving closing or settlement protection coverage subject to any agreement requiring a
1555	division of fees or premiums collected on behalf of the title insurer. The fee charged for a
1556	closing or settlement coverage protection letter will be filed by the title insurer with the
1557	department 30 days before use.
1558	(4) A title insurer may not provide any other protection that purports to contractually
1559	indemnify against improper acts or omissions of a person who is a party to a transaction
1560	referred to in Subsection (1) with regard to settlement or closing services.
1561	Section 9. Section 31A-8-301 is amended to read:
1562	31A-8-301. Requirements for doing business in state.
1563	(1) Only a corporation incorporated and licensed under Part 2, Domestic
1564	Organizations, may do business in this state as an organization.
1565	(2) To do business in this state as an organization, a foreign [corporations] corporation
1566	doing a similar business in other states shall incorporate a subsidiary and license [if] it under
1567	Part 2, Domestic Organizations, for its Utah business. Except as to Chapter 16, Insurance
1568	Holding Companies, the laws applicable to <u>a</u> domestic [organizations] organization apply only
1569	to the domestic organization and not to its foreign parent corporation.
1570	Section 10. Section 31A-14-211 is amended to read:
1571	31A-14-211. Restrictions on foreign title insurers.
1572	(1) An authorized foreign title insurer may [not] only insure property in this state
1573	[except]:
1574	(a) through [a] an agency title insurance producer who is a resident in Utah; or
1575	(b) [through] if the authorized foreign title insurer has a bona fide office in Utah:

1576	(i) that is under the direction and control of the authorized foreign title insurer;
1577	(ii) for which the authorized foreign title insurer pays the expenses, including
1578	compensation of the employees of the bona fide office;
1579	(iii) at which a person may request information about title services related to a real
1580	estate transaction for which the person is a party;
1581	(iv) at which a person may deliver written communications to the authorized foreign
1582	title insurer as required by the real estate transaction for which the person is a party; and
1583	(v) at which a person may deliver escrow money related to a real estate transaction for
1584	which the person is a party.
1585	(2) This section does not apply to reinsurance.
1586	Section 11. Section 31A-17-603 is amended to read:
1587	31A-17-603. Company action level event.
1588	(1) "Company action level event" means any of the following events:
1589	(a) the filing of an RBC report by an insurer or health organization that indicates that:
1590	(i) the insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital is greater than or equal to
1591	its regulatory action level RBC but less than its company action level RBC; [or]
1592	(ii) if a life or accident and health insurer, the insurer has:
1593	(A) total adjusted capital that is greater than or equal to its company action level RBC
1594	but less than the product of its authorized control level RBC and [2.5] 3.0; and
1595	[(B) a negative trend, determined in accordance with the "trend test calculation"
1596	included in the RBC instructions;]
1597	(B) triggers the trend test determined in accordance with the trend test calculation
1598	included in the life or fraternal RBC instructions; or
1599	(iii) if a property and casualty insurer, the insurer has:
1600	(A) total adjusted capital that is greater than or equal to its company action level RBC,
1601	but less than the product of its authorized control level RBC and 3.0; and
1602	(B) triggers the trend test determined in accordance with the trend test calculation
1603	included in the property and casualty RBC instructions;
1604	(b) the notification by the commissioner to the insurer or health organization of an
1605	adjusted RBC report that indicates an event in Subsection (1)(a), provided the insurer or health
1606	organization does not challenge the adjusted RBC report under Section 31A-17-607; or

1607	(c) if, pursuant to Section 31A-17-607, an insurer or health organization challenges an
1608	adjusted RBC report that indicates the event in Subsection (1)(a), the notification by the
1609	commissioner to the insurer or health organization that after a hearing the commissioner rejects
1610	the insurer's or health organization's challenge.
1611	(2) (a) In the event of a company action level event, the insurer or health organization
1612	shall prepare and submit to the commissioner an RBC plan that shall:
1613	(i) identify the conditions that contribute to the company action level event;
1614	(ii) contain proposals of corrective actions that the insurer or health organization
1615	intends to take and that are expected to result in the elimination of the company action level
1616	event;
1617	(iii) provide projections of the insurer's or health organization's financial results in the
1618	current year and at least the four succeeding years, both in the absence of proposed corrective
1619	actions and giving effect to the proposed corrective actions, including projections of:
1620	(A) statutory operating income;
1621	(B) net income;
1622	(C) capital;
1623	(D) surplus; and
1624	(E) RBC levels;
1625	(iv) identify the key assumptions impacting the insurer's or health organization's
1626	projections and the sensitivity of the projections to the assumptions; and
1627	(v) identify the quality of, and problems associated with, the insurer's or health
1628	organization's business, including its assets, anticipated business growth and associated surplus
1629	strain, extraordinary exposure to risk, mix of business and use of reinsurance, if any, in each
1630	case.
1631	(b) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(iii), the projections for both new and renewal
1632	business may include separate projections for each major line of business and separately
1633	identify each significant income, expense, and benefit component.
1634	(3) The RBC plan shall be submitted:
1635	(a) within 45 days of the company action level event; or
1636	(b) if the insurer or health organization challenges an adjusted RBC report pursuant to
1637	Section 31A-17-607, within 45 days after notification to the insurer or health organization that

- after a hearing the commissioner rejects the insurer's or health organization's challenge.
- 1639 (4) (a) Within 60 days after the submission by an insurer or health organization of an RBC plan to the commissioner, the commissioner shall notify the insurer or health organization whether the RBC plan:
 - (i) shall be implemented; or
- 1643 (ii) is unsatisfactory.

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- (b) If the commissioner determines the RBC plan is unsatisfactory, the notification to the insurer or health organization shall set forth the reasons for the determination, and may propose revisions that will render the RBC plan satisfactory. Upon notification from the commissioner, the insurer or health organization shall:
- (i) prepare a revised RBC plan that incorporates any revision proposed by the commissioner; and
 - (ii) submit the revised RBC plan to the commissioner:
 - (A) within 45 days after the notification from the commissioner; or
- (B) if the insurer challenges the notification from the commissioner under Section 31A-17-607, within 45 days after a notification to the insurer or health organization that after a hearing the commissioner rejects the insurer's or health organization's challenge.
- (5) In the event of a notification by the commissioner to an insurer or health organization that the insurer's or health organization's RBC plan or revised RBC plan is unsatisfactory, the commissioner may specify in the notification that the notification constitutes a regulatory action level event subject to the insurer's or health organization's right to a hearing under Section 31A-17-607.
- (6) Every domestic insurer or health organization that files an RBC plan or revised RBC plan with the commissioner shall file a copy of the RBC plan or revised RBC plan with the insurance commissioner in any state in which the insurer or health organization is authorized to do business if:
- 1664 (a) the state has an RBC provision substantially similar to Subsection 31A-17-608(1); 1665 and
 - (b) the insurance commissioner of that state notifies the insurer or health organization of its request for the filing in writing, in which case the insurer or health organization shall file a copy of the RBC plan or revised RBC plan in that state no later than the later of:

1669	(i) 15 days after the receipt of notice to file a copy of its RBC plan or revised RBC plan
1670	with that state; or
1671	(ii) the date on which the RBC plan or revised RBC plan is filed under Subsections (3)
1672	and (4).
1673	Section 12. Section 31A-19a-209 is amended to read:
1674	31A-19a-209. Special provisions for title insurance.
1675	(1) (a) (i) The Title and Escrow Commission shall adopt rules subject to Section
1676	31A-2-404, establishing rate standards and rating methods for [title agencies and producers]
1677	individual title insurance producers and agency title insurance producers.
1678	(ii) The commissioner shall determine compliance with rate standards and rating
1679	methods for title insurance insurers[, agencies, and producers], individual title insurance
1680	producers, and agency title insurance producers.
1681	(b) In addition to the considerations in determining compliance with rate standards and
1682	rating methods as set forth in Sections 31A-19a-201 and 31A-19a-202, including for title
1683	insurers, the commissioner and the Title and Escrow Commission shall consider the costs and
1684	expenses incurred by title insurance insurers[, agencies, and producers], individual title
1685	insurance producers, and agency title insurance producers peculiar to the business of title
1686	insurance including:
1687	(i) the maintenance of title plants; and
1688	(ii) the searching and examining of public records to determine insurability of title to
1689	real redevelopment property.
1690	(2) (a) Every title insurance insurer[;] or agency[, and] title insurance producer, and
1691	every individual title insurance producer who is not designated by an agency title insurance
1692	<u>producer</u> , shall file with the commissioner:
1693	(i) a schedule of the escrow charges that the title insurance insurer[, agency, or],
1694	individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance producer proposes to use in this
1695	state for services performed in connection with the issuance of policies of title insurance; and
1696	(ii) any changes to the schedule of the escrow charges described in Subsection (2)(a)(i).
1697	(b) Except for a schedule filed by a title insurance insurer under this Subsection (2), a
1698	schedule filed under this Subsection (2) is subject to review by the Title and Escrow
1699	Commission.

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1700 (c) (i) The schedule of escrow charges required to be filed by Subsection (2)(a)(i) takes 1701 effect on the day on which the schedule of escrow charges is filed. 1702 (ii) Any changes to the schedule of the escrow charges required to be filed by 1703 Subsection (2)(a)(ii) take effect on the day specified in the change to the schedule of escrow 1704 charges except that the effective date may not be less than 30 calendar days after the day on 1705 which the change to the schedule of escrow charges is filed. 1706 (3) A title insurance insurer[, agency, or producer], individual title insurance producer, 1707 or agency title insurance producer may not file or use any rate or other charge relating to the 1708 business of title insurance, including rates or charges filed for escrow that would cause the title 1709 insurance company[, agency, or producer], individual title insurance producer, or agency title 1710 insurance producer to: 1711 (a) operate at less than the cost of doing: 1712 (i) the insurance business; or 1713 (ii) the escrow business; or 1714 (b) fail to adequately underwrite a title insurance policy. 1715 (4) (a) All or any of the schedule of rates or schedule of charges, including the schedule 1716 of escrow charges, may be changed or amended at any time, subject to the limitations in this 1717 Subsection (4). 1718 (b) Each change or amendment shall: 1719 (i) be filed with the commissioner, subject to review by the Title and Escrow 1720 Commission; and 1721 (ii) state the effective date of the change or amendment, which may not be less than 30 1722 calendar days after the day on which the change or amendment is filed. 1723 (c) Any change or amendment remains in force for a period of at least 90 calendar days 1724 from the change or amendment's effective date. 1725 (5) While the schedule of rates and schedule of charges are effective, a copy of each 1726 shall be: 1727 (a) retained in each of the offices of:

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(ii) the title insurance insurer's individual title insurance producers or agency title

(i) the title insurance insurer in this state;

insurance producers in this state; and

a factor to:

1731	(b) upon request, furnished to the public.
1732	(6) Except in accordance with the schedules of rates and charges filed with the
1733	commissioner, a title insurance insurer[, agency, or producer], individual title insurance
1734	producer, or agency title insurance producer may not make or impose any premium or other
1735	charge:
1736	(a) in connection with the issuance of a policy of title insurance; or
1737	(b) for escrow services performed in connection with the issuance of a policy of title
1738	insurance.
1739	Section 13. Section 31A-20-110 is amended to read:
1740	31A-20-110. Underwriting rules for title insurance.
1741	(1) $[No]$ \underline{A} title insurance policy may \underline{not} be written until the title insurer or its
1742	individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer has conducted a
1743	reasonable search and examination of the title and has made a determination of insurability of
1744	title under sound underwriting principles. Evidence of this search and reasonable
1745	determination shall be retained in the files of the title insurer or its individual title insurance
1746	producer or agency title insurance producer for not less than 15 years after the policy has been
1747	issued, either in its original form or as recorded by any process which can accurately and
1748	reliably reproduce the original. This section does not apply to a company assuming liability
1749	through a contract of reinsurance, or to a company acting as coinsurer, if another coinsuring
1750	company has complied with this section.
1751	(2) $[No]$ A title insurance policy may not be issued except by a title $[insurance]$
1752	company or by a] insurer, an individual title insurance producer who is appointed by an insurer.
1753	or agency title insurance producer licensed under Section 31A-23a-105.
1754	(3) This section is enforceable only by the commissioner. It does not create, eliminate,
1755	or modify any private cause of action or remedy.
1756	Section 14. Section 31A-21-503 is amended to read:
1757	31A-21-503. Discrimination based on domestic violence or child abuse
1758	prohibited.
1759	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), an insurer of life or accident and health
1760	insurance may not consider whether an insured or applicant is the subject of domestic abuse as

1/62	(a) refuse to insure the applicant;
1763	(b) refuse to continue to insure the insured;
1764	(c) refuse to renew or reissue a policy to insure the insured or applicant;
1765	(d) limit the amount, extent, or kind of coverage available to the insured or applicant;
1766	(e) charge a different rate for coverage to the insured or applicant;
1767	(f) exclude or limit benefits or coverage under an insurance policy or contract for
1768	losses incurred;
1769	(g) deny a claim; or
1770	(h) terminate coverage or fail to provide conversion privileges in violation of
1771	[Sections] Section 31A-22-612 [and 31A-22-723] under a group accident and health policy for
1772	the insured because the coverage was issued in the name of the perpetrator of the domestic
1773	violence or abuse.
1774	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an insurer may underwrite on the basis of the
1775	physical or mental condition of an insured or applicant if the underwriting is on the basis of a
1776	determination that there is a correlation between the medical or mental condition and a material
1777	increase in insurance risk.
1778	(b) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a), the fact that an insured or applicant is a subject
1779	of domestic abuse is not a mental or physical condition.
1780	(c) The determination required by Subsection (2)(a) shall be made in conformance with
1781	sound actuarial principles.
1782	(d) Within 30 days after receiving an oral or written request from an insured or
1783	applicant, an insurer shall disclose in writing:
1784	(i) the basis of an action permitted under Subsection (2)(a); and
1785	(ii) if the policy has been issued or modified, the extent the action taken will impact the
1786	amount, extent, or kind of coverage or benefits available to the insured.
1787	Section 15. Section 31A-22-429 is enacted to read:
1788	31A-22-429. Producer's duties related to replacement of life insurance or annuity.
1789	(1) In connection with or as part of each application for life insurance or annuities, the
1790	applicant shall complete and the producer shall submit to the insurer the statements required by
1791	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, as
1792	<u>to:</u>

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1793	(a) whether the applicant has existing policies or contracts; and
1794	(b) whether the proposed life insurance or annuity will replace, discontinue, or change
1795	an existing policy or contract.
1796	(2) If an applicant for life insurance or an annuity answers "yes" to the question
1797	regarding replacement, discontinuance, or change of an existing policy or contract referred to in
1798	Subsection (1), the producer shall present to the applicant, not later than at the time of taking
1799	the application, the notice regarding replacements in the form adopted by the commissioner by
1800	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, or
1801	other substantially similar document filed with the commissioner.
1802	(3) (a) The notice described in Subsection (2) shall:
1803	(i) list each existing policy or contract contemplated to be replaced, properly identified
1804	by name of insurer, the insured or annuitant, and policy or contract number if available; and
1805	(ii) include a statement as to whether each policy or contract will be replaced or
1806	whether a policy will be used as a source of financing for the new policy or contract.
1807	(b) If a policy or contract number has not been issued by the existing insurer,
1808	alternative identification, such as an application or receipt number, shall be listed.
1809	(4) In connection with a replacement transaction, the producer shall leave with the
1810	applicant by no later than at the time of policy or contract delivery the original or a copy of all
1811	printed sales material. With respect to electronically presented sales material, it shall be
1812	provided to the policy or contract holder in printed form no later than at the time of policy or
1813	contract delivery.
1814	(5) Except as provided in rule made by the commissioner in accordance with Title
1815	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, in connection with a replacement
1816	transaction, the producer shall submit to the insurer to which an application for a policy or
1817	contract is presented:
1818	(a) a copy of each document required by this section;
1819	(b) a statement identifying any preprinted or electronically presented company
1820	approved sales materials used; and
1821	(c) copies of any individualized sales materials, including any illustrations related to
1822	the specific policy or contract purchased.
1823	Section 16. Section 31A-22-519 is amended to read:

1824 31A-22-519. Death pending conversion.

If a person insured under a group life insurance policy, or the insured dependent of that person, dies during the period of eligibility for conversion under Section 31A-22-517 or 31A-22-518 and before the individual policy becomes effective, the amount of life insurance to which [he] the insured would have been entitled to have issued under the individual policy is payable as a claim under the group policy, whether or not application for the individual policy or the payment of the first premium has been made.

Section 17. Section **31A-22-612** is amended to read:

31A-22-612. Conversion privileges for insured former spouse.

- (1) An accident and health insurance policy, which in addition to covering the insured also provides coverage to the spouse of the insured, may not contain a provision for termination of coverage of a spouse covered under the policy, except by entry of a valid decree of divorce or annulment between the parties.
- (2) Every policy which contains this type of provision shall provide that upon the entry of the divorce decree the spouse is entitled to have issued an individual policy of accident and health insurance without evidence of insurability, upon application to the company and payment of the appropriate premium. The policy shall provide the coverage being issued which is most nearly similar to the terminated coverage. Probationary or waiting periods in the policy are considered satisfied to the extent the coverage was in force under the prior policy.
- (3) When the insurer receives actual notice that the coverage of a spouse is to be terminated because of a divorce or annulment, the insurer shall promptly provide the spouse written notification of the right to obtain individual coverage as provided in Subsection (2), the premium amounts required, and the manner, place, and time in which premiums may be paid. The premium is determined in accordance with the insurer's table of premium rates applicable to the age and class of risk of the persons to be covered and to the type and amount of coverage provided. If the spouse applies and tenders the first monthly premium to the insurer within 30 days after receiving the notice provided by this subsection, the spouse shall receive individual coverage that commences immediately upon termination of coverage under the insured's policy.
- (4) This section does not apply to accident and health insurance policies[: (a)] offered on a group blanket basis[; or].

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Section 18. Section **31A-22-617** is amended to read:

31A-22-617. Preferred provider contract provisions.

Health insurance policies may provide for insureds to receive services or reimbursement under the policies in accordance with preferred health care provider contracts as follows:

- (1) Subject to restrictions under this section, any insurer or third party administrator may enter into contracts with health care providers as defined in Section 78B-3-403 under which the health care providers agree to supply services, at prices specified in the contracts, to persons insured by an insurer.
- (a) (i) A health care provider contract may require the health care provider to accept the specified payment as payment in full, relinquishing the right to collect additional amounts from the insured person.
- (ii) In any dispute involving a provider's claim for reimbursement, the same shall be determined in accordance with applicable law, the provider contract, the subscriber contract, and the insurer's written payment policies in effect at the time services were rendered.
- (iii) If the parties are unable to resolve their dispute, the matter shall be subject to binding arbitration by a jointly selected arbitrator. Each party is to bear its own expense except the cost of the jointly selected arbitrator shall be equally shared. This Subsection (1)(a)(iii) does not apply to the claim of a general acute hospital to the extent it is inconsistent with the hospital's provider agreement.
- (iv) An organization may not penalize a provider solely for pursuing a claims dispute or otherwise demanding payment for a sum believed owing.
- (v) If an insurer permits another entity with which it does not share common ownership or control to use or otherwise lease one or more of the organization's networks of participating providers, the organization shall ensure, at a minimum, that the entity pays participating providers in accordance with the same fee schedule and general payment policies as the organization would for that network.
- (b) The insurance contract may reward the insured for selection of preferred health care providers by:
 - (i) reducing premium rates;

1886	(ii) reducing deductibles;
1887	(iii) coinsurance;
1888	(iv) other copayments; or
1889	(v) any other reasonable manner.
1890	(c) If the insurer is a managed care organization, as defined in Subsection
1891	31A-27a-403(1)(f):
1892	(i) the insurance contract and the health care provider contract shall provide that in the
1893	event the managed care organization becomes insolvent, the rehabilitator or liquidator may:
1894	(A) require the health care provider to continue to provide health care services under
1895	the contract until the earlier of:
1896	(I) 90 days after the date of the filing of a petition for rehabilitation or the petition for
1897	liquidation; or
1898	(II) the date the term of the contract ends; and
1899	(B) subject to Subsection (1)(c)(v), reduce the fees the provider is otherwise entitled to
1900	receive from the managed care organization during the time period described in Subsection
1901	(1)(c)(i)(A);
1902	(ii) the provider is required to:
1903	(A) accept the reduced payment under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B) as payment in full; and
1904	(B) relinquish the right to collect additional amounts from the insolvent managed care
1905	organization's enrollee, as defined in Subsection 31A-27a-403(1)(b);
1906	(iii) if the contract between the health care provider and the managed care organization
1907	has not been reduced to writing, or the contract fails to contain the language required by
1908	Subsection (1)(c)(i), the provider may not collect or attempt to collect from the enrollee:
1909	(A) sums owed by the insolvent managed care organization; or
1910	(B) the amount of the regular fee reduction authorized under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B);
1911	(iv) the following may not bill or maintain any action at law against an enrollee to
1912	collect sums owed by the insolvent managed care organization or the amount of the regular fee
1913	reduction authorized under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B):
1914	(A) a provider;
1915	(B) an agent;
1916	(C) a trustee; or

1917	(D) an assignee of a person described in Subsections (1)(c)(iv)(A) through (C); and
1918	(v) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(i):
1919	(A) a rehabilitator or liquidator may not reduce a fee by less than 75% of the provider's
1920	regular fee set forth in the contract; and
1921	(B) the enrollee shall continue to pay the copayments, deductibles, and other payments
1922	for services received from the provider that the enrollee was required to pay before the filing
1923	of:
1924	(I) a petition for rehabilitation; or
1925	(II) a petition for liquidation.
1926	(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (2)(b) through (2)[(f)](e), an insurer using preferred
1927	health care provider contracts [shall pay for the services of health care providers not under the
1928	contract, unless the illnesses or injuries treated by the health care provider are not within the
1929	scope of the insurance contract. As used in this section, "class of health care providers" means
1930	all health care providers licensed or licensed and certified by the state within the same
1931	professional, trade, occupational, or facility licensure or licensure and certification category
1932	established pursuant to Titles 26, Utah Health Code and 58, Occupations and Professions] is
1933	subject to the reimbursement requirements in Section 31A-8-501 on or after January 1, 2014.
1934	[(b) (i) Until July 1, 2012, when the insured receives services from a health care
1935	provider not under contract, the insurer shall reimburse the insured for at least 75% of the
1936	average amount paid by the insurer for comparable services of preferred health care providers
1937	who are members of the same class of health care providers.]
1938	[(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b)(i), an insurer may offer a health plan that
1939	complies with the provisions of Subsection 31A-22-618.5(3).
1940	[(iii) The commissioner may adopt a rule dealing with the determination of what
1941	constitutes 75% of the average amount paid by the insurer under Subsection (2)(b)(i) for
1942	comparable services of preferred health care providers who are members of the same class of
1943	health care providers.]
1944	[(c)] (b) When reimbursing for services of health care providers not under contract, the
1945	insurer may make direct payment to the insured.
1946	[(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), an]
1947	(c) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts may impose a deductible

1948	on coverage of health care providers not under contract.
1949	[(e)] (d) When selecting health care providers with whom to contract under Subsection
1950	(1), an insurer may not unfairly discriminate between classes of health care providers, but may
1951	discriminate within a class of health care providers, subject to Subsection (7).
1952	[(f)] (e) For purposes of this section, unfair discrimination between classes of health

- care providers [shall include] includes:
- (i) refusal to contract with class members in reasonable proportion to the number of insureds covered by the insurer and the expected demand for services from class members; and
 - (ii) refusal to cover procedures for one class of providers that are:
- (A) commonly [<u>utilized</u>] <u>used</u> by members of the class of health care providers for the treatment of illnesses, injuries, or conditions;
 - (B) otherwise covered by the insurer; and
 - (C) within the scope of practice of the class of health care providers.
- (3) Before the insured consents to the insurance contract, the insurer shall fully disclose to the insured that it has entered into preferred health care provider contracts. The insurer shall provide sufficient detail on the preferred health care provider contracts to permit the insured to agree to the terms of the insurance contract. The insurer shall provide at least the following information:
- (a) a list of the health care providers under contract, and if requested their business locations and specialties;
- (b) a description of the insured benefits, including any deductibles, coinsurance, or other copayments;
 - (c) a description of the quality assurance program required under Subsection (4); and
- (d) a description of the adverse benefit determination procedures required under Subsection (5).
- (4) (a) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts shall maintain a quality assurance program for assuring that the care provided by the health care providers under contract meets prevailing standards in the state.
- (b) The commissioner in consultation with the executive director of the Department of Health may designate qualified persons to perform an audit of the quality assurance program. The auditors shall have full access to all records of the organization and its health care

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providers, including medical records of individual patients.

- (c) The information contained in the medical records of individual patients shall remain confidential. All information, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda, or other data furnished for purposes of the audit and any findings or conclusions of the auditors are privileged. The information is not subject to discovery, use, or receipt in evidence in any legal proceeding except hearings before the commissioner concerning alleged violations of this section.
- (5) An insurer using preferred health care provider contracts shall provide a reasonable procedure for resolving complaints and adverse benefit determinations initiated by the insureds and health care providers.
- (6) An insurer may not contract with a health care provider for treatment of illness or injury unless the health care provider is licensed to perform that treatment.
- (7) (a) A health care provider or insurer may not discriminate against a preferred health care provider for agreeing to a contract under Subsection (1).
- (b) Any health care provider licensed to treat any illness or injury within the scope of the health care provider's practice, who is willing and able to meet the terms and conditions established by the insurer for designation as a preferred health care provider, shall be able to apply for and receive the designation as a preferred health care provider. Contract terms and conditions may include reasonable limitations on the number of designated preferred health care providers based upon substantial objective and economic grounds, or expected use of particular services based upon prior provider-patient profiles.
- (8) Upon the written request of a provider excluded from a provider contract, the commissioner may hold a hearing to determine if the insurer's exclusion of the provider is based on the criteria set forth in Subsection (7)(b).
- (9) [Insurers] Except as provided in Subsection 31A-22-618.5(3)(a), insurers are subject to [the provisions of] Sections 31A-22-613.5, 31A-22-614.5, and 31A-22-618.
- (10) Nothing in this section is to be construed as to require an insurer to offer a certain benefit or service as part of a health benefit plan.
- (11) This section does not apply to catastrophic mental health coverage provided in accordance with Section 31A-22-625.
 - Section 19. Section **31A-22-618.5** is amended to read:

2010	31A-22-618.5. Health benefit plan offerings.
2011	(1) The purpose of this section is to increase the range of health benefit plans available
2012	in the small group, small employer group, large group, and individual insurance markets.
2013	(2) A health maintenance organization that is subject to Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
2014	Organizations and Limited Health Plans:
2015	(a) shall offer to potential purchasers at least one health benefit plan that is subject to
2016	the requirements of Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
2017	and
2018	(b) may offer to a potential purchaser one or more health benefit plans that:
2019	(i) are not subject to one or more of the following:
2020	(A) the limitations on insured indemnity benefits in Subsection 31A-8-105(4);
2021	(B) the limitation on point of service products in Subsections 31A-8-408(3) through
2022	(6);
2023	(C) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), basic health care services as defined in
2024	Section 31A-8-101; or
2025	(D) coverage mandates enacted after January 1, 2009 that are not required by federal
2026	law, provided that the insurer offers one plan under Subsection (2)(a) that covers the mandate
2027	enacted after January 1, 2009; and
2028	(ii) when offering a health plan under this section, provide coverage for an emergency
2029	medical condition as required by Section 31A-22-627 as follows:
2030	(A) within the organization's service area, covered services shall include health care
2031	services from nonaffiliated providers when medically necessary to stabilize an emergency
2032	medical condition; and
2033	(B) outside the organization's service area, covered services shall include medically
2034	necessary health care services for the treatment of an emergency medical condition that are
2035	immediately required while the enrollee is outside the geographic limits of the organization's
2036	service area.
2037	(3) An insurer that offers a health benefit plan that is not subject to Chapter 8, Health
2038	Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans:
2039	[(a) notwithstanding Subsection 31A-22-617(2), may offer a health benefit plan that

groups providers into the following reimbursement levels:]

2041	[(i) tier one contracted providers;]
2042	[(ii) tier two contracted providers who the insurer shall reimburse at least 75% of tier
2043	one providers; and]
2044	[(iii) one or more tiers of non-contracted providers;]
2045	[(b)] (a) notwithstanding Subsection 31A-22-617(9), may offer a health benefit plan
2046	that is not subject to Section 31A-22-618;
2047	[(c) beginning July 1, 2012, may offer health benefit plans that:]
2048	[(i) are not subject to Subsection 31A-22-617(2); and]
2049	[(ii) are subject to the reimbursement requirements in Section 31A-8-501;]
2050	[(d)] (b) when offering a health plan under this Subsection (3), shall provide coverage
2051	of emergency care services as required by Section 31A-22-627 [by providing coverage at a
2052	reimbursement level of at least 75% of the health benefit plan's highest contracted provider
2053	category]; and
2054	[(e) are] (c) is not subject to coverage mandates enacted after January 1, 2009 that are
2055	not required by federal law, provided that an insurer offers one plan that covers a mandate
2056	enacted after January 1, 2009.
2057	(4) Section 31A-8-106 does not prohibit the offer of a health benefit plan under
2058	Subsection (2)(b).
2059	(5) (a) Any difference in price between a health benefit plan offered under Subsections
2060	(2)(a) and (b) shall be based on actuarially sound data.
2061	(b) Any difference in price between a health benefit plan offered under [Subsections]
2062	Subsection (3)(a) [and (b)] shall be based on actuarially sound data.
2063	(6) Nothing in this section limits the number of health benefit plans that an insurer may
2064	offer.
2065	Section 20. Section 31A-22-722 is amended to read:
2066	31A-22-722. Utah mini-COBRA benefits for employer group coverage.
2067	(1) An insured may extend the employee's coverage under the current employer's group
2068	policy for a period of 12 months, except as provided in Subsections (2) and 31A-22-722.5(4).
2069	The right to extend coverage includes:
2070	(a) voluntary termination;
2071	(b) involuntary termination;

2072	(c) retirement;
2073	(d) death;
2074	(e) divorce or legal separation;
2075	(f) loss of dependent status;
2076	(g) sabbatical;
2077	(h) a disability;
2078	(i) leave of absence; or
2079	(j) reduction of hours.
2080	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an employee may not extend coverage under
2081	the current employer's group insurance policy if the employee:
2082	(i) fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the insurance
2083	policy;
2084	(ii) acquires other group coverage covering all preexisting conditions including
2085	maternity, if the coverage exists;
2086	(iii) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage;
2087	(iv) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the
2088	coverage;
2089	(v) is terminated from employment for gross misconduct;
2090	(vi) is not continuously covered under the current employer's group policy for a period
2091	of three months immediately before the termination of the insurance policy due to an event set
2092	forth in Subsection (1);
2093	(vii) is eligible for an extension of coverage required by federal law;
2094	(viii) establishes residence outside of this state;
2095	(ix) moves out of the insurer's service area;
2096	(x) is eligible for similar coverage under another group insurance policy; or
2097	(xi) has the employee's coverage terminated because the employer's coverage is
2098	terminated, except as provided in Subsection (8)[; or].
2099	[(xii) elects alternative coverage under Section 31A-22-724.]
2100	(b) The right to extend coverage under Subsection (1) applies to spouse or dependent
2101	coverage, including a surviving spouse or dependents whose coverage under the insurance
2102	policy terminates by reason of the death of the employee or member.

2103	(3) (a) The employer shall notify the following in writing of the right to extend group
2104	coverage and the payment amounts required for extension of coverage, including the manner,
2105	place, and time in which the payments shall be made:
2106	(i) a terminated insured;
2107	(ii) an ex-spouse of an insured; or
2108	(iii) if Subsection (2)(b) applies:
2109	(A) a surviving spouse; and
2110	(B) the guardian of surviving dependents, if different from a surviving spouse.
2111	(b) The notification required in Subsection (3)(a) shall be sent first class mail within 30
2112	days after the termination date of the group coverage to:
2113	(i) the terminated insured's home address as shown on the records of the employer;
2114	(ii) the address of the surviving spouse, if different from the insured's address and if
2115	shown on the records of the employer;
2116	(iii) the guardian of any dependents address, if different from the insured's address, and
2117	if shown on the records of the employer; and
2118	(iv) the address of the ex-spouse, if shown on the records of the employer.
2119	(4) The insurer shall provide the employee, spouse, or any eligible dependent the
2120	opportunity to extend the group coverage at the payment amount stated in Subsection (5) if:
2121	(a) the employer policyholder does not provide the terminated insured the written
2122	notification required by Subsection (3)(a); and
2123	(b) the employee or other individual eligible for extension contacts the insurer within
2124	60 days of coverage termination.
2125	(5) A premium amount for extended group coverage may not exceed 102% of the
2126	group rate in effect for a group member, including an employer's contribution, if any, for a
2127	group insurance policy.
2128	(6) Except as provided in this Subsection (6), coverage extends without interruption for
2129	12 months and may not terminate if the terminated insured or, with respect to a minor, the
2130	parent or guardian of the terminated insured:
2131	(a) elects to extend group coverage within 60 days of losing group coverage; and
2132	(b) tenders the amount required to the employer or insurer.
2133	(7) The insured's coverage may be terminated before 12 months if the terminated

2134	insured:
2135	(a) establishes residence outside of this state;
2136	(b) moves out of the insurer's service area;
2137	(c) fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the insurance
2138	policy, including any timeliness requirements;
2139	(d) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage;
2140	(e) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the
2141	coverage;
2142	(f) becomes eligible for similar coverage under another group insurance policy; or
2143	(g) has the coverage terminated because the employer's coverage is terminated, except
2144	as provided in Subsection (8).
2145	(8) If the current employer coverage is terminated and the employer replaces coverage
2146	with similar coverage under another group insurance policy, without interruption, the
2147	terminated insured, spouse, or the surviving spouse and guardian of dependents if Subsection
2148	(2)(b) applies, may obtain extension of coverage under the replacement group insurance policy:
2149	(a) for the balance of the period the terminated insured would have extended coverage
2150	under the replaced group insurance policy; and
2151	(b) if the terminated insured is otherwise eligible for extension of coverage.
2152	[(9) (a) Within 30 days of the insured's exhaustion of extension of coverage, the
2153	employer shall provide the terminated insured and the ex-spouse, or, in the case of the death of
2154	the insured, the surviving spouse, or guardian of any dependents, written notification of the
2155	right to an individual conversion policy under Section 31A-22-723.]
2156	[(b) The notification required by Subsection (9)(a):]
2157	[(i) shall be sent first class mail to:]
2158	[(A) the insured's last-known address as shown on the records of the employer;]
2159	[(B) the address of the surviving spouse, if different from the insured's address, and if
2160	shown on the records of the employer;]
2161	[(C) the guardian of any dependents last known address as shown on the records of the
2162	employer, if different from the address of the surviving spouse; and]
2163	[(D) the address of the ex-spouse as shown on the records of the employer, if
2164	applicable; and]

2165	[(ii) shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the insurer that will
2166	provide the conversion coverage.]
2167	Section 21. Section 31A-23a-102 is amended to read:
2168	31A-23a-102. Definitions.
2169	As used in this chapter:
2170	(1) "Bail bond producer" is as defined in Section 31A-35-102.
2171	[(2) "Escrow" means a license subline of authority in conjunction with the title
2172	insurance line of authority that allows a person to conduct escrow as defined in Section
2173	31A-1-301.]
2174	[(3)] (2) "Home state" means a state or territory of the United States or the District of
2175	Columbia in which an insurance producer:
2176	(a) maintains the insurance producer's principal:
2177	(i) place of residence; or
2178	(ii) place of business; and
2179	(b) is licensed to act as an insurance producer.
2180	[(4)] (3) "Insurer" is as defined in Section 31A-1-301, except that the following
2181	persons or similar persons are not insurers for purposes of Part 7, Producer Controlled Insurers
2182	(a) a risk retention group as defined in:
2183	(i) the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-499;
2184	(ii) the Risk Retention Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 3901 et seq.; and
2185	(iii) Chapter 15, Part 2, Risk Retention Groups Act;
2186	(b) a residual market pool;
2187	(c) a joint underwriting authority or association; and
2188	(d) a captive insurer.
2189	[(5)] (4) "License" is defined in Section 31A-1-301.
2190	[(6)] (5) (a) "Managing general agent" means a person that:
2191	(i) manages all or part of the insurance business of an insurer, including the
2192	management of a separate division, department, or underwriting office;
2193	(ii) acts as an agent for the insurer whether it is known as a managing general agent,
2194	manager, or other similar term;
2195	(iii) produces and underwrites an amount of gross direct written premium equal to, or

2196	more than 5% of, the policyholder surplus as reported in the last annual statement of the insurer
2197	in any one quarter or year:
2198	(A) with or without the authority;
2199	(B) separately or together with an affiliate; and
2200	(C) directly or indirectly; and
2201	(iv) (A) adjusts or pays claims in excess of an amount determined by the
2202	commissioner; or
2203	(B) negotiates reinsurance on behalf of the insurer.
2204	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(6)]$ (5) (a), the following persons may not be
2205	considered as managing general agent for the purposes of this chapter:
2206	(i) an employee of the insurer;
2207	(ii) a United States manager of the United States branch of an alien insurer;
2208	(iii) an underwriting manager that, pursuant to contract:
2209	(A) manages all the insurance operations of the insurer;
2210	(B) is under common control with the insurer;
2211	(C) is subject to Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies; and
2212	(D) is not compensated based on the volume of premiums written; and
2213	(iv) the attorney-in-fact authorized by and acting for the subscribers of a reciprocal
2214	insurer or inter-insurance exchange under powers of attorney.
2215	[(7)] (6) "Negotiate" means the act of conferring directly with or offering advice
2216	directly to a purchaser or prospective purchaser of a particular contract of insurance concerning
2217	a substantive benefit, term, or condition of the contract if the person engaged in that act:
2218	(a) sells insurance; or
2219	(b) obtains insurance from insurers for purchasers.
2220	[(8)] (7) "Reinsurance intermediary" means:
2221	(a) a reinsurance intermediary-broker; or
2222	(b) a reinsurance intermediary-manager.
2223	[(9)] (8) "Reinsurance intermediary-broker" means a person other than an officer or
2224	employee of the ceding insurer, firm, association, or corporation who solicits, negotiates, or
2225	places reinsurance cessions or retrocessions on behalf of a ceding insurer without the authority
2226	or power to bind reinsurance on behalf of the insurer.

2221	[(10)] (9) (a) Reinsurance intermediary-manager means a person who:
2228	(i) has authority to bind or who manages all or part of the assumed reinsurance
2229	business of a reinsurer, including the management of a separate division, department, or
2230	underwriting office; and
2231	(ii) acts as an agent for the reinsurer whether the person is known as a reinsurance
2232	intermediary-manager, manager, or other similar term.
2233	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection [(10)] (9)(a), the following persons may not be
2234	considered reinsurance intermediary-managers for the purpose of this chapter with respect to
2235	the reinsurer:
2236	(i) an employee of the reinsurer;
2237	(ii) a United States manager of the United States branch of an alien reinsurer;
2238	(iii) an underwriting manager that, pursuant to contract:
2239	(A) manages all the reinsurance operations of the reinsurer;
2240	(B) is under common control with the reinsurer;
2241	(C) is subject to Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies; and
2242	(D) is not compensated based on the volume of premiums written; and
2243	(iv) the manager of a group, association, pool, or organization of insurers that:
2244	(A) engage in joint underwriting or joint reinsurance; and
2245	(B) are subject to examination by the insurance commissioner of the state in which the
2246	manager's principal business office is located.
2247	[(11)] (10) "Search" means a license subline of authority in conjunction with the title
2248	insurance line of authority that allows a person to issue title insurance commitments or policies
2249	on behalf of a title insurer.
2250	[(12)] (11) "Sell" means to exchange a contract of insurance:
2251	(a) by any means;
2252	(b) for money or its equivalent; and
2253	(c) on behalf of an insurance company.
2254	[(13)] <u>(12)</u> "Solicit" means:
2255	(a) attempting to sell insurance;
2256	(b) asking or urging a person to apply for:
2257	(i) a particular kind of insurance; and

2258	(ii) insurance from a particular insurance company;
2259	(c) advertising insurance, including advertising for the purpose of obtaining leads for
2260	the sale of insurance; or
2261	(d) holding oneself out as being in the insurance business.
2262	[(14)] <u>(13)</u> "Terminate" means:
2263	(a) the cancellation of the relationship between:
2264	(i) an individual licensee or agency licensee and a particular insurer; or
2265	(ii) an individual licensee and a particular agency licensee; or
2266	(b) the termination of:
2267	(i) an individual licensee's or agency licensee's authority to transact insurance on behalf
2268	of a particular insurance company; or
2269	(ii) an individual licensee's authority to transact insurance on behalf of a particular
2270	agency licensee.
2271	$[\frac{(15)}{(14)}]$ "Title marketing representative" means a person who:
2272	(a) represents a title insurer in soliciting, requesting, or negotiating the placing of:
2273	(i) title insurance; or
2274	(ii) escrow services; and
2275	(b) does not have a search or escrow license as provided in Section 31A-23a-106.
2276	[(16)] (15) "Uniform application" means the version of the National Association of
2277	Insurance Commissioners' uniform application for resident and nonresident producer licensing
2278	at the time the application is filed.
2279	[(17)] (16) "Uniform business entity application" means the version of the National
2280	Association of Insurance Commissioners' uniform business entity application for resident and
2281	nonresident business entities at the time the application is filed.
2282	Section 22. Section 31A-23a-105 is amended to read:
2283	31A-23a-105. General requirements for individual and agency license issuance
2284	and renewal.
2285	(1) (a) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license to a person described in
2286	Subsection (1)(b) to act as:
2287	(i) a producer;
2288	(ii) a surplus lines producer;

2289	(111) a limited line producer;
2290	(iv) a consultant;
2291	(v) a managing general agent; or
2292	(vi) a reinsurance intermediary.
2293	(b) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license under Subsection (1)(a) to a
2294	person who, as to the license type and line of authority classification applied for under Section
2295	31A-23a-106:
2296	(i) satisfies the application requirements under Section 31A-23a-104;
2297	(ii) satisfies the character requirements under Section 31A-23a-107;
2298	(iii) satisfies any applicable continuing education requirements under Section
2299	31A-23a-202;
2300	(iv) satisfies any applicable examination requirements under Section 31A-23a-108;
2301	(v) satisfies any applicable training period requirements under Section 31A-23a-203;
2302	(vi) if an applicant for a resident individual producer license, certifies that, to the extent
2303	applicable, the applicant:
2304	(A) is in compliance with Section 31A-23a-203.5; and
2305	(B) will maintain compliance with Section 31A-23a-203.5 during the period for which
2306	the license is issued or renewed;
2307	(vii) has not committed an act that is a ground for denial, suspension, or revocation as
2308	provided in Section 31A-23a-111;
2309	(viii) if a nonresident:
2310	(A) complies with Section 31A-23a-109; and
2311	(B) holds an active similar license in that person's state of residence;
2312	(ix) if an applicant for [a] an individual title insurance producer or agency title
2313	insurance producer license, satisfies the requirements of Section 31A-23a-204;
2314	(x) if an applicant for a license to act as a life settlement provider or life settlement
2315	producer, satisfies the requirements of Section 31A-23a-117; and
2316	(xi) pays the applicable fees under Section 31A-3-103.
2317	(2) (a) This Subsection (2) applies to the following persons:
2318	(i) an applicant for a pending:
2319	(A) individual or agency producer license;

2320	(B) surplus lines producer license;
2321	(C) limited line producer license;
2322	(D) consultant license;
2323	(E) managing general agent license; or
2324	(F) reinsurance intermediary license; or
2325	(ii) a licensed:
2326	(A) individual or agency producer;
2327	(B) surplus lines producer;
2328	(C) limited line producer;
2329	(D) consultant;
2330	(E) managing general agent; or
2331	(F) reinsurance intermediary.
2332	(b) A person described in Subsection (2)(a) shall report to the commissioner:
2333	(i) an administrative action taken against the person, including a denial of a new or
2334	renewal license application:
2335	(A) in another jurisdiction; or
2336	(B) by another regulatory agency in this state; and
2337	(ii) a criminal prosecution taken against the person in any jurisdiction.
2338	(c) The report required by Subsection (2)(b) shall:
2339	(i) be filed:
2340	(A) at the time the person files the application for an individual or agency license; and
2341	(B) for an action or prosecution that occurs on or after the day on which the person
2342	files the application:
2343	(I) for an administrative action, within 30 days of the final disposition of the
2344	administrative action; or
2345	(II) for a criminal prosecution, within 30 days of the initial appearance before a court;
2346	and
2347	(ii) include a copy of the complaint or other relevant legal documents related to the
2348	action or prosecution described in Subsection (2)(b).
2349	(3) (a) The department may require a person applying for a license or for consent to
2350	engage in the business of insurance to submit to a criminal background check as a condition of

2331	receiving a needse of consent.
2352	(b) A person, if required to submit to a criminal background check under Subsection
2353	(3)(a), shall:
2354	(i) submit a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the department; and
2355	(ii) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
2356	(A) the Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
2357	(B) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
2358	(c) For a person who submits a fingerprint card and consents to a fingerprint
2359	background check under Subsection (3)(b), the department may request:
2360	(i) criminal background information maintained pursuant to Title 53, Chapter 10, Part
2361	2, Bureau of Criminal Identification, from the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
2362	(ii) complete Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal background checks through the
2363	national criminal history system.
2364	(d) Information obtained by the department from the review of criminal history records
2365	received under this Subsection (3) shall be used by the department for the purposes of:
2366	(i) determining if a person satisfies the character requirements under Section
2367	31A-23a-107 for issuance or renewal of a license;
2368	(ii) determining if a person has failed to maintain the character requirements under
2369	Section 31A-23a-107; and
2370	(iii) preventing a person who violates the federal Violent Crime Control and Law
2371	Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033, from engaging in the business of insurance in
2372	the state.
2373	(e) If the department requests the criminal background information, the department
2374	shall:
2375	(i) pay to the Department of Public Safety the costs incurred by the Department of
2376	Public Safety in providing the department criminal background information under Subsection
2377	(3)(c)(i);
2378	(ii) pay to the Federal Bureau of Investigation the costs incurred by the Federal Bureau
2379	of Investigation in providing the department criminal background information under
2380	Subsection (3)(c)(ii); and
2381	(iii) charge the person applying for a license or for consent to engage in the business of

2382	insurance a fee equal to the aggregate of Subsections (3)(e)(f) and (ff).
2383	(4) To become a resident licensee in accordance with Section 31A-23a-104 and this
2384	section, a person licensed as one of the following in another state who moves to this state shall
2385	apply within 90 days of establishing legal residence in this state:
2386	(a) insurance producer;
2387	(b) surplus lines producer;
2388	(c) limited line producer;
2389	(d) consultant;
2390	(e) managing general agent; or
2391	(f) reinsurance intermediary.
2392	(5) (a) The commissioner may deny a license application for a license listed in
2393	Subsection (5)(b) if the person applying for the license, as to the license type and line of
2394	authority classification applied for under Section 31A-23a-106:
2395	(i) fails to satisfy the requirements as set forth in this section; or
2396	(ii) commits an act that is grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation as set forth in
2397	Section 31A-23a-111.
2398	(b) This Subsection (5) applies to the following licenses:
2399	(i) producer;
2400	(ii) surplus lines producer;
2401	(iii) limited line producer;
2402	(iv) consultant;
2403	(v) managing general agent; or
2404	(vi) reinsurance intermediary.
2405	(6) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the commissioner may:
2406	(a) issue a license to an applicant for a license for a title insurance line of authority only
2407	with the concurrence of the Title and Escrow Commission; and
2408	(b) renew a license for a title insurance line of authority only with the concurrence of
2409	the Title and Escrow Commission.
2410	Section 23. Section 31A-23a-106 is amended to read:
2411	31A-23a-106. License types.
2412	(1) (a) A resident or nonresident license issued under this chapter shall be issued under

2413	the license types described under Subsection (2).
2414	(b) A license type and a line of authority pertaining to a license type describe the type
2415	of licensee and the lines of business that a licensee may sell, solicit, or negotiate. A license
2416	type is intended to describe the matters to be considered under any education, examination, and
2417	training required of a license applicant under Sections 31A-23a-108, 31A-23a-202, and
2418	31A-23a-203.
2419	(2) (a) A producer license type includes the following lines of authority:
2420	(i) life insurance, including a nonvariable contract;
2421	(ii) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity, if the producer has the life
2422	insurance line of authority;
2423	(iii) accident and health insurance, including a contract issued to a policyholder under
2424	Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations, or Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
2425	Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
2426	(iv) property insurance;
2427	(v) casualty insurance, including a surety or other bond;
2428	(vi) title insurance under one or more of the following categories:
2429	(A) search, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
2430	(B) escrow, including authority to act as a title marketing representative; and
2431	(C) title marketing representative only; and
2432	(vii) personal lines insurance.
2433	(b) A surplus lines producer license type includes the following lines of authority:
2434	(i) property insurance, if the person holds an underlying producer license with the
2435	property line of insurance; and
2436	(ii) casualty insurance, if the person holds an underlying producer license with the
2437	casualty line of authority.
2438	(c) A limited line producer license type includes the following limited lines of
2439	authority:
2440	(i) limited line credit insurance;
2441	(ii) travel insurance;
2442	(iii) motor club insurance;
2443	(iv) car rental related insurance:

2444	(v) legal expense insurance;
2445	(vi) crop insurance;
2446	(vii) self-service storage insurance;
2447	(viii) bail bond producer;
2448	(ix) guaranteed asset protection waiver; and
2449	(x) portable electronics insurance.
2450	(d) A consultant license type includes the following lines of authority:
2451	(i) life insurance, including a nonvariable contract;
2452	(ii) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity, if the consultant has the life
2453	insurance line of authority;
2454	(iii) accident and health insurance, including a contract issued to a policyholder under
2455	Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations, or Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
2456	Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
2457	(iv) property insurance;
2458	(v) casualty insurance, including a surety or other bond; and
2459	(vi) personal lines insurance.
2460	(e) A managing general agent license type includes the following lines of authority:
2461	(i) life insurance, including a nonvariable contract;
2462	(ii) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity, if the managing general
2463	agent has the life insurance line of authority;
2464	(iii) accident and health insurance, including a contract issued to a policyholder under
2465	Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations, or Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
2466	Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
2467	(iv) property insurance;
2468	(v) casualty insurance, including a surety or other bond; and
2469	(vi) personal lines insurance.
2470	(f) A reinsurance intermediary license type includes the following lines of authority:
2471	(i) life insurance, including a nonvariable contract;
2472	(ii) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity, if the reinsurance
2473	intermediary has the life insurance line of authority;
2474	(iii) accident and health insurance, including a contract issued to a policyholder under

2475	Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations, or Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
2476	Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
2477	(iv) property insurance;
2478	(v) casualty insurance, including a surety or other bond; and
2479	(vi) personal lines insurance.
2480	(g) A person who holds a license under Subsection (2)(a) has the qualifications
2481	necessary to act as a holder of a license under Subsection (2)(c), except that the person may not
2482	act under Subsection (2)(c)(viii) or (ix).
2483	(3) (a) The commissioner may by rule recognize other producer, surplus lines producer,
2484	limited line producer, consultant, managing general agent, or reinsurance intermediary lines of
2485	authority as to kinds of insurance not listed under Subsections (2)(a) through (f).
2486	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for purposes of title insurance the Title and
2487	Escrow Commission may by rule, with the concurrence of the commissioner and subject to
2488	Section 31A-2-404, recognize other categories for [a] an individual title insurance producer or
2489	agency title insurance producer line of authority not listed under Subsection (2)(a)(vi).
2490	(4) The variable contracts line of authority requires:
2491	(a) for a producer, licensure by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority as a:
2492	(i) registered broker-dealer; or
2493	(ii) broker-dealer agent, with a current registration with a broker-dealer; and
2494	(b) for a consultant, registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or
2495	licensure by the Utah Division of Securities as an:
2496	(i) investment adviser; or
2497	(ii) investment adviser representative, with a current association with an investment
2498	adviser.
2499	(5) A surplus lines producer is a producer who has a surplus lines license.
2500	Section 24. Section 31A-23a-118 is enacted to read:
2501	31A-23a-118. Car rental related licensing requirements.
2502	(1) Subject to Section 31A-23a-103, a person is required to hold a limited line
2503	producer license with a car rental related insurance limited line of authority to sell or offer car
2504	rental related insurance coverage under a car rental related insurance policy.
2505	(2) A car rental related insurance limited line license issued pursuant to 31A-23a-103

2506	and 31A-23a-106 authorizes an employee or authorized representative of the licensee to sell or
2507	offer coverage under a car rental related insurance policy to a customer at each location at
2508	which the licensee engages in car rental related insurance transactions.
2509	(3) An agency holding a car rental related insurance limited line license shall:
2510	(a) be appointed by an insurer underwriting a car rental related insurance policy that the
2511	agency sells or offers; and
2512	(b) have a designated responsible licensed individual at each location at which the
2513	agency is soliciting, selling, or offering car rental related insurance.
2514	(4) An agency holding a car rental related insurance limited line license may employ a
2515	nonlicensed individual employed as a counter sales representative in soliciting, selling, or
2516	offering car rental related insurance. The nonlicensed individual shall be:
2517	(a) trained and supervised in the sale of car rental related insurance products; and
2518	(b) responsible to a licensed individual designated by the agency at each location where
2519	a car rental related insurance product is sold.
2520	Section 25. Section 31A-23a-202 is amended to read:
2521	31A-23a-202. Continuing education requirements.
2522	(1) Pursuant to this section, the commissioner shall by rule prescribe the continuing
2523	education requirements for a producer and a consultant.
2524	(2) (a) The commissioner may not state a continuing education requirement in terms of
2525	formal education.
2526	(b) The commissioner may state a continuing education requirement in terms of hours
2527	of insurance-related instruction received.
2528	(c) Insurance-related formal education may be a substitute, in whole or in part, for the
2529	hours required under Subsection (2)(b).
2530	(3) (a) The commissioner shall impose continuing education requirements in
2531	accordance with a two-year licensing period in which the licensee meets the requirements of
2532	this Subsection (3).
2533	(b) (i) Except as provided in this section, the continuing education requirements shall
2534	require:
2535	(A) that a licensee complete 24 credit hours of continuing education for every two-year
2536	licensing period;

2537	(B) that 3 of the 24 credit hours described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)(A) be ethics courses;
2538	and
2539	(C) that the licensee complete at least half of the required hours through classroom
2540	hours of insurance-related instruction.
2541	(ii) An hour of continuing education in accordance with Subsection (3)(b)(i) may be
2542	obtained through:
2543	(A) classroom attendance;
2544	(B) home study;
2545	(C) watching a video recording;
2546	(D) experience credit; or
2547	(E) another method provided by rule.
2548	(iii) (A) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(b)(i)(A) and (B), [a] an individual title
2549	insurance producer is required to complete 12 credit hours of continuing education for every
2550	two-year licensing period, with 3 of the credit hours being ethics courses unless the <u>individual</u>
2551	title insurance producer is licensed in this state as $\left[a\right]$ an individual title insurance producer for
2552	20 or more consecutive years.
2553	(B) If $[a]$ an individual title insurance producer is licensed in this state as $[a]$ an
2554	individual title insurance producer for 20 or more consecutive years, the individual title
2555	insurance producer is required to complete 6 credit hours of continuing education for every
2556	two-year licensing period, with 3 of the credit hours being ethics courses.
2557	(C) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b)(iii)(A) or (B), [a] an individual title insurance
2558	producer is considered to have met the continuing education requirements imposed under
2559	Subsection (3)(b)(iii)(A) or (B) if the <u>individual</u> title insurance producer:
2560	(I) is an active member in good standing with the Utah State Bar;
2561	(II) is in compliance with the continuing education requirements of the Utah State Bar;
2562	and
2563	(III) if requested by the department, provides the department evidence that the
2564	individual title insurance producer complied with the continuing education requirements of the
2565	Utah State Bar.
2566	(c) A licensee may obtain continuing education hours at any time during the two-year
2567	licensing period.

2568	(d) (i) A licensee is exempt from continuing education requirements under this section
2569	if:
2570	(A) the licensee was first licensed before April 1, 1978;
2571	(B) the license does not have a continuous lapse for a period of more than one year,
2572	except for a license for which the licensee has had an exemption approved before May 11,
2573	2011;
2574	(C) the licensee requests an exemption from the department; and
2575	(D) the department approves the exemption.
2576	(ii) If the department approves the exemption under Subsection (3)(d)(i), the licensee is
2577	not required to apply again for the exemption.
2578	(e) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2579	commissioner shall, by rule:
2580	(i) publish a list of insurance professional designations whose continuing education
2581	requirements can be used to meet the requirements for continuing education under Subsection
2582	(3)(b);
2583	(ii) authorize a continuing education provider or a state or national professional
2584	producer or consultant association to:
2585	(A) offer a qualified program for a license type or line of authority on a geographically
2586	accessible basis; and
2587	(B) collect a reasonable fee for funding and administration of a continuing education
2588	program, subject to the review and approval of the commissioner; and
2589	(iii) provide that membership by a producer or consultant in a state or national
2590	professional producer or consultant association is considered a substitute for the equivalent of
2591	two hours for each year during which the producer or consultant is a member of the
2592	professional association, except that the commissioner may not give more than two hours of
2593	continuing education credit in a year regardless of the number of professional associations of
2594	which the producer or consultant is a member.
2595	(f) A fee permitted under Subsection (3)(e)(ii)(B) that is charged for attendance at a
2596	professional producer or consultant association program may be less for an association
2597	member, on the basis of the member's affiliation expense, but shall preserve the right of a
2598	nonmember to attend without affiliation.

2629

2599 (4) The commissioner shall approve a continuing education provider or continuing 2600 education course that satisfies the requirements of this section. 2601 (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 2602 commissioner shall by rule set the processes and procedures for continuing education provider 2603 registration and course approval. 2604 (6) The requirements of this section apply only to a producer or consultant who is an 2605 individual. (7) A nonresident producer or consultant is considered to have satisfied this state's 2606 2607 continuing education requirements if the nonresident producer or consultant satisfies the 2608 nonresident producer's or consultant's home state's continuing education requirements for a 2609 licensed insurance producer or consultant. 2610 (8) A producer or consultant subject to this section shall keep documentation of 2611 completing the continuing education requirements of this section for two years after the end of 2612 the two-year licensing period to which the continuing education applies. 2613 Section 26. Section **31A-23a-203.5** is amended to read: 2614 31A-23a-203.5. Errors and omissions coverage requirements. 2615 (1) In accordance with this section, a resident individual producer shall ensure that the 2616 resident individual producer is covered: 2617 (a) for the legal liability of the resident individual producer as the result of an erroneous act or failure to act in the resident individual producer's capacity as a producer; and 2618 2619 (b) at all times during the term of the resident individual producer's license. (2) The coverage required by Subsection (1) shall consist of: 2620 2621 (a) a policy naming the resident individual producer; 2622 (b) a policy naming the agency that designates the resident individual producer in 2623 accordance with this chapter; or 2624 (c) a written agreement by an insurer or group of affiliated insurers, on behalf of a 2625 resident individual producer who is or will become an exclusive agent of the insurer or group of affiliated insurers, under which the insurer or group of affiliated insurers agrees to assume 2626 2627 responsibility, to the benefit of an aggrieved person, for legal liability of the resident individual

producer as the result of an erroneous act or failure to act in the resident individual producer's

capacity as a producer for the insurer or group of affiliated insurers.

2630	(3) The commissioner may, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
2631	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, provide for:
2632	(a) the terms and conditions of the coverage required under Subsection (1); and
2633	(b) if the coverage required by Subsection (1) is terminated during a resident individual
2634	producer's license term, requirements to:
2635	(i) provide notice; and
2636	(ii) replace the coverage.
2637	(4) [A] An individual title insurance producer is considered to be in compliance with
2638	this section [if the] when:
2639	(a) the individual title insurance producer is not designated by an agency title producer
2640	and maintains [a] the individual title insurance producer's own bond, policy, or other financial
2641	protection in accordance with Subsection 31A-23a-204(2)[-]; or
2642	(b) the individual title insurance producer is designated by an agency title insurance
2643	producer that maintains a bond, policy, or other financial protection in accordance with
2644	Subsection 31A-23a-204(2).
2645	(5) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, a resident individual producer
2646	is exempt from the requirement to maintain coverage as provided in this section during a
2647	period in which the resident individual producer is not either:
2648	(a) appointed by an insurer under this title; or
2649	(b) designated by an agency under this title.
2650	(6) A limited lines producer is exempt from this section.
2651	Section 27. Section 31A-23a-204 is amended to read:
2652	31A-23a-204. Special requirements for title insurance producers and agencies.
2653	[A] An individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer[;
2654	including an agency,] shall be licensed in accordance with this chapter, with the additional
2655	requirements listed in this section.
2656	(1) (a) A person that receives a new license under this title as $[\pi]$ an agency title
2657	insurance [agency,] producer shall at the time of licensure be owned or managed by at least one
2658	individual who is licensed for at least three of the five years immediately preceding the date on
2659	which the <u>agency</u> title insurance [agency] <u>producer</u> applies for a license with both:
2660	(i) a search line of authority; and

2661	(ii) an escrow line of authority.
2662	(b) [A] An agency title insurance [agency] producer subject to Subsection (1)(a) may
2663	comply with Subsection (1)(a) by having the <u>agency</u> title insurance [agency] <u>producer</u> owned or
2664	managed by:
2665	(i) one or more individuals who are licensed with the search line of authority for the
2666	time period provided in Subsection (1)(a); and
2667	(ii) one or more individuals who are licensed with the escrow line of authority for the
2668	time period provided in Subsection (1)(a).
2669	(c) A person licensed as [a] an agency title insurance [agency] producer shall at all
2670	times during the term of licensure be owned or managed by at least one individual who is
2671	licensed for at least three years within the preceding five-year period with both:
2672	(i) a search line of authority; and
2673	(ii) an escrow line of authority.
2674	(d) The Title and Escrow Commission may by rule, subject to Section 31A-2-404,
2675	exempt an attorney with real estate experience from the experience requirements in Subsection
2676	(1)(a).
2677	(e) An individual who satisfies the requirements of this Subsection (1) is known as a
2678	"qualifying licensee." At any given time, an individual may be a qualifying licensee for not
2679	more than two agency title insurance producers.
2680	(2) (a) [A] An individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance [agency or]
2681	producer appointed by an insurer shall maintain:
2682	(i) a fidelity bond;
2683	(ii) a professional liability insurance policy; or
2684	(iii) a financial protection:
2685	(A) equivalent to that described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii); and
2686	(B) that the commissioner considers adequate.
2687	(b) The bond, insurance, or financial protection required by this Subsection (2):
2688	(i) shall be supplied under a contract approved by the commissioner to provide
2689	protection against the improper performance of any service in conjunction with the issuance of
2690	a contract or policy of title insurance; and
2691	(ii) be in a face amount no less than \$50,000.

- 2692 (c) The Title and Escrow Commission may by rule, subject to Section 31A-2-404,
 2693 exempt <u>individual title insurance producer or agency</u> title insurance producers from the
 2694 requirements of this Subsection (2) upon a finding that, and only so long as, the required policy
 2695 or bond is generally unavailable at reasonable rates.
 - (3) [A] An individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance [agency or] producer appointed by an insurer may maintain a reserve fund to the extent money was deposited before July 1, 2008, and not withdrawn to the income of the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer.
 - (4) An examination for licensure shall include questions regarding the search and examination of title to real property.
 - (5) [A] An individual title insurance producer may not perform the functions of escrow unless the <u>individual</u> title insurance producer has been examined on the fiduciary duties and procedures involved in those functions.
 - (6) The Title and Escrow Commission [shall] may adopt rules, subject to Section 31A-2-404, after consulting with the [department] commissioner and the [department's] commissioner's test administrator, establishing an examination for a license that will satisfy this section.
 - (7) A license may be issued to [a] an individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer who has qualified:
 - (a) to perform only searches and examinations of title as specified in Subsection (4);
 - (b) to handle only escrow arrangements as specified in Subsection (5); or
 - (c) to act as a title marketing representative.
 - (8) (a) A person licensed to practice law in Utah is exempt from the requirements of Subsections (2) and (3) if that person issues 12 or less policies in any 12-month period.
 - (b) In determining the number of policies issued by a person licensed to practice law in Utah for purposes of Subsection (8)(a), if the person licensed to practice law in Utah issues a policy to more than one party to the same closing, the person is considered to have issued only one policy.
 - (9) A person licensed to practice law in Utah, whether exempt under Subsection (8) or not, shall maintain a trust account separate from a law firm trust account for all title and real estate escrow transactions.

2723	Section 28. Section 31A-23a-402 is amended to read:
2724	31A-23a-402. Unfair marketing practices Communication Unfair
2725	discrimination Coercion or intimidation Restriction on choice.
2726	(1) (a) (i) Any of the following may not make or cause to be made any communication
2727	that contains false or misleading information, relating to an insurance product or contract, any
2728	insurer, or any licensee under this title, including information that is false or misleading
2729	because it is incomplete:
2730	(A) a person who is or should be licensed under this title;
2731	(B) an employee or producer of a person described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A);
2732	(C) a person whose primary interest is as a competitor of a person licensed under this
2733	title; and
2734	(D) a person on behalf of any of the persons listed in this Subsection (1)(a)(i).
2735	(ii) As used in this Subsection (1), "false or misleading information" includes:
2736	(A) assuring the nonobligatory payment of future dividends or refunds of unused
2737	premiums in any specific or approximate amounts, but reporting fully and accurately past
2738	experience is not false or misleading information; and
2739	(B) with intent to deceive a person examining it:
2740	(I) filing a report;
2741	(II) making a false entry in a record; or
2742	(III) wilfully refraining from making a proper entry in a record.
2743	(iii) A licensee under this title may not:
2744	(A) use any business name, slogan, emblem, or related device that is misleading or
2745	likely to cause the insurer or other licensee to be mistaken for another insurer or other licensee
2746	already in business; or
2747	(B) use any advertisement or other insurance promotional material that would cause a
2748	reasonable person to mistakenly believe that a state or federal government agency, including
2749	the Health Insurance Exchange, also called the "Utah Health Exchange," created in Section
2750	63M-1-2504, the Comprehensive Health Insurance Pool created in Chapter 29, Comprehensive
2751	Health Insurance Pool Act, and the Children's Health Insurance Program created in Title 26,
2752	Chapter 40, Utah Children's Health Insurance Act:
2753	(I) is responsible for the insurance sales activities of the person;

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2754 (II) stands behind the credit of the person; 2755 (III) guarantees any returns on insurance products of or sold by the person; or 2756 (IV) is a source of payment of any insurance obligation of or sold by the person. 2757 (iv) A person who is not an insurer may not assume or use any name that deceptively 2758 implies or suggests that person is an insurer. 2759 (v) A person other than persons licensed as health maintenance organizations under 2760 Chapter 8 may not use the term "Health Maintenance Organization" or "HMO" in referring to 2761 itself. 2762 (b) A licensee's violation creates a rebuttable presumption that the violation was also 2763 committed by the insurer if: 2764 (i) the licensee under this title distributes cards or documents, exhibits a sign, or 2765 publishes an advertisement that violates Subsection (1)(a), with reference to a particular 2766 insurer: 2767 (A) that the licensee represents; or (B) for whom the licensee processes claims; and 2768 2769 (ii) the cards, documents, signs, or advertisements are supplied or approved by that insurer. 2770 2771 (2) (a) A title insurer [or], individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance 2772 producer or any officer or employee of [either] the title insurer, individual title insurance 2773 producer, or agency title insurance producer may not pay, allow, give, or offer to pay, allow, or 2774 give, directly or indirectly, as an inducement to obtaining any title insurance business: 2775 (i) any rebate, reduction, or abatement of any rate or charge made incident to the 2776 issuance of the title insurance; 2777 (ii) any special favor or advantage not generally available to others; [or] (iii) any money or other consideration, except if approved under Section 31A-2-405; or 2778 2779 (iv) material inducement. 2780 (b) "Charge made incident to the issuance of the title insurance" includes escrow 2781 charges, and any other services that are prescribed in rule by the Title and Escrow Commission 2782 after consultation with the commissioner and subject to Section 31A-2-404.

(c) An insured or any other person connected, directly or indirectly, with the

transaction may not knowingly receive or accept, directly or indirectly, any benefit referred to

2785	in Subsection (2)(a), including:
2786	(i) a person licensed under Title 61, Chapter 2c, Utah Residential Mortgage Practices
2787	and Licensing Act;
2788	(ii) a person licensed under Title 61, Chapter 2f, Real Estate Licensing and Practices
2789	Act;
2790	(iii) a builder;
2791	(iv) an attorney; or
2792	(v) an officer, employee, or agent of a person listed in this Subsection (2)(c)(iii).
2793	(3) (a) An insurer may not unfairly discriminate among policyholders by charging
2794	different premiums or by offering different terms of coverage, except on the basis of
2795	classifications related to the nature and the degree of the risk covered or the expenses involved.
2796	(b) Rates are not unfairly discriminatory if they are averaged broadly among persons
2797	insured under a group, blanket, or franchise policy, and the terms of those policies are not
2798	unfairly discriminatory merely because they are more favorable than in similar individual
2799	policies.
2800	(4) (a) This Subsection (4) applies to:
2801	(i) a person who is or should be licensed under this title;
2802	(ii) an employee of that licensee or person who should be licensed;
2803	(iii) a person whose primary interest is as a competitor of a person licensed under this
2804	title; and
2805	(iv) one acting on behalf of any person described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii).
2806	(b) A person described in Subsection (4)(a) may not commit or enter into any
2807	agreement to participate in any act of boycott, coercion, or intimidation that:
2808	(i) tends to produce:
2809	(A) an unreasonable restraint of the business of insurance; or
2810	(B) a monopoly in that business; or
2811	(ii) results in an applicant purchasing or replacing an insurance contract.
2812	(5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a person may not restrict in the choice of an
2813	insurer or licensee under this chapter, another person who is required to pay for insurance as a
2814	condition for the conclusion of a contract or other transaction or for the exercise of any right
2815	under a contract.

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- 2816 (ii) A person requiring coverage may reserve the right to disapprove the insurer or the coverage selected on reasonable grounds.
 - (b) The form of corporate organization of an insurer authorized to do business in this state is not a reasonable ground for disapproval, and the commissioner may by rule specify additional grounds that are not reasonable. This Subsection (5) does not bar an insurer from declining an application for insurance.
 - (6) A person may not make any charge other than insurance premiums and premium financing charges for the protection of property or of a security interest in property, as a condition for obtaining, renewing, or continuing the financing of a purchase of the property or the lending of money on the security of an interest in the property.
 - (7) (a) A licensee under this title may not refuse or fail to return promptly all indicia of agency to the principal on demand.
 - (b) A licensee whose license is suspended, limited, or revoked under Section 31A-2-308, 31A-23a-111, or 31A-23a-112 may not refuse or fail to return the license to the commissioner on demand.
 - (8) (a) A person may not engage in an unfair method of competition or any other unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance, as defined by the commissioner by rule, after a finding that the method of competition, the act, or the practice:
- 2834 (i) is misleading;
- 2835 (ii) is deceptive;
 - (iii) is unfairly discriminatory;
 - (iv) provides an unfair inducement; or
- 2838 (v) unreasonably restrains competition.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), for purpose of the title insurance industry, the Title and Escrow Commission shall make rules, subject to Section 31A-2-404, that define an unfair method of competition or unfair or deceptive act or practice after a finding that the method of competition, the act, or the practice:
- 2843 (i) is misleading;
- 2844 (ii) is deceptive;
- 2845 (iii) is unfairly discriminatory;
- 2846 (iv) provides an unfair inducement; or

2847	(v) unreasonably restrains competition.
2848	Section 29. Section 31A-23a-402.5 is amended to read:
2849	31A-23a-402.5. Inducements.
2850	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a producer, consultant, or other licensee
2851	under this title, or an officer or employee of a licensee, may not induce a person to enter into,
2852	continue, or terminate an insurance contract by offering a benefit that is not:
2853	(i) specified in the insurance contract; or
2854	(ii) directly related to the insurance contract.
2855	(b) An insurer may not make or knowingly allow an agreement of insurance that is not
2856	clearly expressed in the insurance contract to be issued or renewed.
2857	(c) A licensee under this title may not absorb the tax under Section 31A-3-301.
2858	(2) This section does not apply to a title insurer, [a title] an individual title insurance
2859	producer, or agency title insurance producer, or an officer or employee of a title insurer [or
2860	title], an individual title insurance producer, or an agency title insurance producer.
2861	(3) Items not prohibited by Subsection (1) include an insurer:
2862	(a) reducing premiums because of expense savings;
2863	(b) providing to a policyholder or insured one or more incentives, as defined by the
2864	commissioner by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
2865	Rulemaking Act, to participate in a program or activity designed to reduce claims or claim
2866	expenses, including:
2867	(i) a premium discount offered to a small or large employer group based on a wellness
2868	program if:
2869	(A) the premium discount for the employer group does not exceed 20% of the group
2870	premium; and
2871	(B) the premium discount based on the wellness program is offered uniformly by the
2872	insurer to all employer groups in the large or small group market;
2873	(ii) a premium discount offered to employees of a small or large employer group in an
2874	amount that does not exceed federal limits on wellness program incentives; or
2875	(iii) a combination of premium discounts offered to the employer group and the
2876	employees of an employer group, based on a wellness program, if:

(A) the premium discounts for the employer group comply with Subsection (3)(b)(i);

2878	and
2879	(B) the premium discounts for the employees of an employer group comply with
2880	Subsection (3)(b)(ii); or
2881	(c) receiving premiums under an installment payment plan.
2882	(4) Items not prohibited by Subsection (1) include a <u>producer</u> , <u>consultant</u> , <u>or other</u>
2883	licensee, or an officer or employee of a licensee, either directly or through a third party:
2884	(a) engaging in a usual kind of social courtesy if receipt of the social courtesy is not
2885	conditioned on a quote or the purchase of a particular insurance product;
2886	(b) extending credit on a premium to the insured:
2887	(i) without interest, for no more than 90 days from the effective date of the insurance
2888	contract;
2889	(ii) for interest that is not less than the legal rate under Section 15-1-1, on the unpaid
2890	balance after the time period described in Subsection (4)(b)(i); and
2891	(iii) except that an installment or payroll deduction payment of premiums on an
2892	insurance contract issued under an insurer's mass marketing program is not considered an
2893	extension of credit for purposes of this Subsection (4)(b);
2894	(c) preparing or conducting a survey that:
2895	(i) is directly related to an accident and health insurance policy purchased from the
2896	licensee; or
2897	(ii) is used by the licensee to assess the benefit needs and preferences of insureds,
2898	employers, or employees directly related to an insurance product sold by the licensee;
2899	(d) providing limited human resource services that are directly related to an insurance
2900	product sold by the licensee, including:
2901	(i) answering questions directly related to:
2902	(A) an employee benefit offering or administration, if the insurance product purchased
2903	from the licensee is accident and health insurance or health insurance; and
2904	(B) employment practices liability, if the insurance product offered by or purchased
2905	from the licensee is property or casualty insurance; and
2906	(ii) providing limited human resource compliance training and education directly
2907	pertaining to an insurance product purchased from the licensee;

(e) providing the following types of information or guidance:

2909	(i) providing guidance directly related to compliance with federal and state laws for an
2910	insurance product purchased from the licensee;
2911	(ii) providing a workshop or seminar addressing an insurance issue that is directly
2912	related to an insurance product purchased from the licensee; or
2913	(iii) providing information regarding:
2914	(A) employee benefit issues;
2915	(B) directly related insurance regulatory and legislative updates; or
2916	(C) similar education about an insurance product sold by the licensee and how the
2917	insurance product interacts with tax law;
2918	(f) preparing or providing a form that is directly related to an insurance product
2919	purchased from, or offered by, the licensee;
2920	(g) preparing or providing documents directly related to a premium only cafeteria plan
2921	within the meaning of Section 125, Internal Revenue Code, or a flexible spending account, but
2922	not providing ongoing administration of a flexible spending account;
2923	(h) providing enrollment and billing assistance, including:
2924	(i) providing benefit statements or new hire insurance benefits packages; and
2925	(ii) providing technology services such as an electronic enrollment platform or
2926	application system;
2927	(i) communicating coverages in writing and in consultation with the insured and
2928	employees;
2929	(j) providing employee communication materials and notifications directly related to an
2930	insurance product purchased from a licensee;
2931	(k) providing claims management and resolution to the extent permitted under the
2932	licensee's license;
2933	(l) providing underwriting or actuarial analysis or services;
2934	(m) negotiating with an insurer regarding the placement and pricing of an insurance
2935	product;
2936	(n) recommending placement and coverage options;
2937	(o) providing a health fair or providing assistance or advice on establishing or
2938	operating a wellness program, but not providing any payment for or direct operation of the
2939	wellness program:

2940	(p) providing COBRA and Utah mini-COBRA administration, consultations, and other
2941	services directly related to an insurance product purchased from the licensee;
2942	(q) assisting with a summary plan description;
2943	(r) providing information necessary for the preparation of documents directly related to
2944	the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1001, et seq., as
2945	amended;
2946	(s) providing information or services directly related to the Health Insurance Portability
2947	and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936, as amended, such as services
2948	directly related to health care access, portability, and renewability when offered in connection
2949	with accident and health insurance sold by a licensee;
2950	(t) sending proof of coverage to a third party with a legitimate interest in coverage;
2951	(u) providing information in a form approved by the commissioner and directly related
2952	to determining whether an insurance product sold by the licensee meets the requirements of a
2953	third party contract that requires or references insurance coverage;
2954	(v) facilitating risk management services directly related to [the] property and casualty
2955	insurance [products] products sold or offered for sale by the licensee, including:
2956	(i) risk management;
2957	(ii) claims and loss control services; [and]
2958	(iii) risk assessment consulting[;], including analysis of:
2959	(A) employer's job descriptions; or
2960	(B) employer's safety procedures or manuals; and
2961	(iv) providing information and training on best practices;
2962	(w) otherwise providing services that are legitimately part of servicing an insurance
2963	product purchased from a licensee; and
2964	(x) providing other directly related services approved by the department.
2965	(5) An inducement prohibited under Subsection (1) includes a <u>producer</u> , <u>consultant</u> , <u>or</u>
2966	other licensee, or an officer or employee of a licensee:
2967	(a) (i) providing a premium or commission rebate;
2968	(ii) paying the salary of an employee of a person who purchases an insurance product
2969	from the licensee; or
2970	(iii) if the licensee is an insurer, or a third party administrator who contracts with an

2971	insurer, paying the salary for an onsite staff member to perform an act prohibited under
2972	Subsection (5)(b)(xii); or
2973	(b) engaging in one or more of the following unless a fee is paid in accordance with
2974	Subsection [(7)] (<u>8</u>):
2975	(i) performing background checks of prospective employees;
2976	(ii) providing legal services by a person licensed to practice law;
2977	(iii) performing drug testing that is directly related to an insurance product purchased
2978	from the licensee;
2979	(iv) preparing employer or employee handbooks, except that a licensee may:
2980	(A) provide information for a medical benefit section of an employee handbook;
2981	(B) provide information for the section of an employee handbook directly related to an
2982	employment practices liability insurance product purchased from the licensee; or
2983	(C) prepare or print an employee benefit enrollment guide;
2984	(v) providing job descriptions, postings, and applications for a person [that purchases
2985	an employment practices liability insurance product from the licensee];
2986	(vi) providing payroll services;
2987	(vii) providing performance reviews or performance review training;
2988	(viii) providing union advice;
2989	(ix) providing accounting services;
2990	(x) providing data analysis information technology programs, except as provided in
2991	Subsection (4)(h)(ii);
2992	(xi) providing administration of health reimbursement accounts or health savings
2993	accounts; or
2994	(xii) if the licensee is an insurer, or a third party administrator who contracts with an
2995	insurer, the insurer issuing an insurance policy that lists in the insurance policy one or more of
2996	the following prohibited benefits:
2997	(A) performing background checks of prospective employees;
2998	(B) providing legal services by a person licensed to practice law;
2999	(C) performing drug testing that is directly related to an insurance product purchased
3000	from the insurer;
3001	(D) preparing employer or employee handbooks;

3002	(E) providing job descriptions postings, and applications;
3003	(F) providing payroll services;
3004	(G) providing performance reviews or performance review training;
3005	(H) providing union advice;
3006	(I) providing accounting services;
3007	(J) providing discrimination testing; or
3008	(K) providing data analysis information technology programs.
3009	(6) A producer, consultant, or other licensee or an officer or employee of a licensee
3010	shall itemize and bill separately from any other insurance product or service offered or
3011	provided under Subsection (5)(b).
3012	[(6)] (7) (a) A de minimis gift or meal not to exceed \$25 for each individual receiving
3013	the gift or meal is presumed to be a social courtesy not conditioned on [the] a quote or purchase
3014	of a particular insurance product for purposes of Subsection (4)(a).
3015	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a de minimis gift or meal not to exceed \$10
3016	may be conditioned on receipt of a quote of a particular insurance product if the de minimis gift
3017	or meal is provided by the insurer and not by a producer or consultant.
3018	[(7)] (8) If as provided under Subsection (5)(b) a producer, consultant, or other licensee
3019	is paid a fee to provide an item listed in Subsection (5)(b), the licensee shall comply with
3020	Subsection 31A-23a-501(2) in charging the fee, except that the fee paid for the item shall equal
3021	or exceed the fair market value of the item.
3022	Section 30. Section 31A-23a-406 is amended to read:
3023	31A-23a-406. Title insurance producer's business.
3024	(1) [A] An individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer may
3025	do escrow involving real property transactions if all of the following exist:
3026	(a) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer is licensed
3027	with:
3028	(i) the title line of authority; and
3029	(ii) the escrow subline of authority;
3030	(b) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer is
3031	appointed by a title insurer authorized to do business in the state;
3032	(c) the <u>individual title insurance producer or agency</u> title insurance producer issues one

3033	of more of the following as part of the transaction:
3034	(i) an owner's policy of title insurance; or
3035	(ii) a lender's policy of title insurance;
3036	(d) money deposited with the individual title insurance producer or agency title
3037	insurance producer in connection with any escrow:
3038	(i) is deposited:
3039	(A) in a federally insured financial institution; and
3040	(B) in a trust account that is separate from all other trust account money that is not
3041	related to real estate transactions;
3042	(ii) is the property of the one or more persons entitled to the money under the
3043	provisions of the escrow; and
3044	(iii) is segregated escrow by escrow in the records of the individual title insurance
3045	producer or agency title insurance producer;
3046	(e) earnings on money held in escrow may be paid out of the escrow account to any
3047	person in accordance with the conditions of the escrow;
3048	(f) the escrow does not require the individual title insurance producer or agency title
3049	insurance producer to hold:
3050	(i) construction money; or
3051	(ii) money held for exchange under Section 1031, Internal Revenue Code; and
3052	(g) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer shall
3053	maintain a physical office in Utah staffed by a person with an escrow subline of authority who
3054	processes the escrow.
3055	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), [a] an individual title insurance producer or
3056	agency title insurance producer may engage in the escrow business if:
3057	(a) the escrow involves:
3058	(i) a mobile home;
3059	(ii) a grazing right;
3060	(iii) a water right; or
3061	(iv) other personal property authorized by the commissioner; and
3062	(b) the individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer complies
3063	with this section except for Subsection (1)(c).

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- 3064 (3) Money held in escrow: 3065 (a) is not subject to any debts of the individual title insurance producer or agency title 3066 insurance producer; 3067 (b) may only be used to fulfill the terms of the individual escrow under which the 3068 money is accepted; and 3069 (c) may not be used until the conditions of the escrow are met. 3070 (4) Assets or property other than escrow money received by $[\pi]$ an individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer in accordance with an escrow shall be 3071 3072 maintained in a manner that will: 3073 (a) reasonably preserve and protect the asset or property from loss, theft, or damages; 3074 and 3075 (b) otherwise comply with the general duties and responsibilities of a fiduciary or 3076 bailee. (5) (a) A check from the trust account described in Subsection (1)(d) may not be 3077 3078 drawn, executed, or dated, or money otherwise disbursed unless the segregated escrow account 3079 from which money is to be disbursed contains a sufficient credit balance consisting of collected 3080 and cleared money at the time the check is drawn, executed, or dated, or money is otherwise 3081 disbursed. 3082 (b) As used in this Subsection (5), money is considered to be "collected and cleared," 3083 and may be disbursed as follows: 3084 (i) cash may be disbursed on the same day the cash is deposited; 3085 (ii) a wire transfer may be disbursed on the same day the wire transfer is deposited; and 3086 (iii) the proceeds of one or more of the following financial instruments may be 3087 disbursed on the same day the financial instruments are deposited if received from a single 3088 party to the real estate transaction and if the aggregate of the financial instruments for the real 3089 estate transaction is less than \$10,000: 3090 (A) a cashier's check, certified check, or official check that is drawn on an existing 3091 account at a federally insured financial institution;
 - (B) a check drawn on the trust account of a principal broker or associate broker licensed under Title 61, Chapter 2f, Real Estate Licensing and Practices Act, if the <u>individual</u> <u>title insurance producer or agency</u> title <u>insurance</u> producer has reasonable and prudent grounds

3095	to believe sufficient money will be available from the trust account on which the check is
3096	drawn at the time of disbursement of proceeds from the individual title insurance producer or
3097	agency title insurance producer's escrow account;
3098	(C) a personal check not to exceed \$500 per closing; or
3099	(D) a check drawn on the escrow account of another individual title insurance producer
3100	or agency title insurance producer, if the individual title insurance producer or agency title
3101	insurance producer in the escrow transaction has reasonable and prudent grounds to believe
3102	that sufficient money will be available for withdrawal from the account upon which the check
3103	is drawn at the time of disbursement of money from the escrow account of the individual title
3104	insurance producer or agency title insurance producer in the escrow transaction.
3105	(c) A check or deposit not described in Subsection (5)(b) may be disbursed:
3106	(i) within the time limits provided under the Expedited Funds Availability Act, 12
3107	U.S.C. Sec. 4001 et seq., as amended, and related regulations of the Federal Reserve System; or
3108	(ii) upon notification from the financial institution to which the money has been
3109	deposited that final settlement has occurred on the deposited financial instrument.
3110	(6) [A] An individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer shall
3111	maintain a record of a receipt or disbursement of escrow money.
3112	(7) [A] An individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer shall
3113	comply with:
3114	(a) Section 31A-23a-409;
3115	(b) Title 46, Chapter 1, Notaries Public Reform Act; and
3116	(c) any rules adopted by the Title and Escrow Commission, subject to Section
3117	31A-2-404, that govern escrows.
3118	(8) If [π] an individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer
3119	conducts a search for real estate located in the state, the <u>individual title insurance producer or</u>
3120	agency title insurance producer shall conduct a [minimum mandatory search, as defined by rule
3121	made by the Title and Escrow Commission, subject to Section 31A-2-404] reasonable search of
3122	the public records.

(1) Only an escrow agent or a title insurer in compliance with Subsection

Section 31. Section **31A-23a-406.5** is enacted to read:

31A-23a-406.5. Conduct of escrow.

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3126	31A-4-107(1)(a) and Section 31A-14-211 shall conduct escrow.
3127	(2) Subsection (1) does not $\hat{S} \rightarrow [apply to]$ limit or expand the authority granted to $\leftarrow \hat{S}$:
3128	(a) a person defined as an escrow agent in Section 7-22-101; \$→ [or] ←\$
3129	(b) a person licensed to practice law in Utah, if that person meets the requirements of
3130	<u>Section 31A-23a-204</u> \$→ [:] ;
3130a	(c) a person licensed under Title 61, Chapter 2f, Real Estate Licensing and Practices Act; or
3130b	(d) a person licensed under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act. ←Ŝ
3131	Section 32. Section 31A-23a-407 is amended to read:
3132	31A-23a-407. Liability of title insurers for acts of title insurance producers.
3133	Any title company, represented by one or more individual title insurance producers
3134	appointed by an insurer or agency title insurance producers, is directly and primarily liable to
3135	others dealing with the individual title insurance producers or agency title insurance producers
3136	for the receipt and disbursement of funds deposited in escrows with the individual title
3137	insurance producers appointed by an insurer or agency title insurance producers in all those
3138	transactions where a commitment or binder for or policy or contract of title insurance of that
3139	title [insurance company] insurer has been ordered, or a preliminary report of the title
3140	[insurance company] insurer has been issued or distributed. This liability does not modify,
3141	mitigate, impair, or affect the contractual obligations between the individual title insurance
3142	<u>producers or agency</u> title insurance producers and the title [insurance company] insurer.
3143	Section 33. Section 31A-23a-413 is amended to read:
3144	31A-23a-413. Title insurance producer's annual report.
3145	[Every] An agency title insurance producer and an individual title insurance producer
3146	who has not been designated by an agency title insurance producer shall annually file with the
3147	commissioner, by a date and in a form the commissioner specifies by rule, a verified statement
3148	of the <u>agency title insurance</u> producer's <u>or individual title insurance producer's</u> financial
3149	condition, transactions, and affairs as of the end of the preceding calendar year.
3150	Section 34. Section 31A-23a-415 is amended to read:
3151	31A-23a-415. Assessment on agency title insurance producers or title insurers
3152	Account created.
3153	(1) For purposes of this section:
3154	(a) "Premium" is as defined in Subsection 59-9-101(3).
3155	(b) "Title insurer" means a person:
3156	(i) making any contract or policy of title insurance as:

3157	(A) insurer;
3158	(B) guarantor; or
3159	(C) surety;
3160	(ii) proposing to make any contract or policy of title insurance as:
3161	(A) insurer;
3162	(B) guarantor; or
3163	(C) surety; or
3164	(iii) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including:
3165	(A) soliciting;
3166	(B) negotiating preliminary to execution;
3167	(C) executing of a contract of title insurance;
3168	(D) insuring; and
3169	(E) transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out of
3170	the contract.
3171	(c) "Utah risks" means insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying with regard to real or
3172	personal property located in Utah, an owner of real or personal property, the holders of liens or
3173	encumbrances on that property, or others interested in the property against loss or damage
3174	suffered by reason of:
3175	(i) liens or encumbrances upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the
3176	property; or
3177	(ii) invalidity or unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.
3178	(2) (a) The commissioner may assess each title insurer, each individual title insurance
3179	producer, who is not designated by an agency title insurance producer, and each agency title
3180	insurance [agency] producer an annual assessment:
3181	(i) determined by the Title and Escrow Commission:
3182	(A) after consultation with the commissioner; and
3183	(B) in accordance with this Subsection (2); and
3184	(ii) to be used for the purposes described in Subsection (3).
3185	(b) [A] An agency title insurance [agency] producer and individual title insurance
3186	producer who is not designated by an agency title insurance producer shall be assessed up to:
3187	(i) \$250 for the first office in each county in which the <u>agency</u> title insurance [agency]

3100	producer or individual title insurance producer maintains an office, and
3189	(ii) \$150 for each additional office the <u>agency</u> title insurance [agency] producer or
3190	individual title insurance producer maintains in the county described in Subsection (2)(b)(i).
3191	(c) A title insurer shall be assessed up to:
3192	(i) \$250 for the first office in each county in which the title insurer maintains an office;
3193	(ii) \$150 for each additional office the title insurer maintains in the county described in
3194	Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
3195	(iii) an amount calculated by:
3196	(A) aggregating the assessments imposed on:
3197	(I) agency title insurance [agencies] producers and individual title insurance producers
3198	under Subsection (2)(b); and
3199	(II) title insurers under Subsections (2)(c)(i) and (2)(c)(ii);
3200	(B) subtracting the amount determined under Subsection (2)(c)(iii)(A) from the total
3201	costs and expenses determined under Subsection (2)(d); and
3202	(C) multiplying:
3203	(I) the amount calculated under Subsection (2)(c)(iii)(B); and
3204	(II) the percentage of total premiums for title insurance on Utah risk that are premiums
3205	of the title insurer.
3206	(d) Notwithstanding Section 31A-3-103 and subject to Section 31A-2-404, the Title
3207	and Escrow Commission by rule shall establish the amount of costs and expenses described
3208	under Subsection (3) that will be covered by the assessment, except the costs or expenses to be
3209	covered by the assessment may not exceed \$80,000 annually.
3210	(3) (a) Money received by the state under this section shall be deposited into the Title
3211	Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account.
3212	(b) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Title
3213	Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account."
3214	(c) The Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account shall consist of the money
3215	received by the state under this section.
3216	(d) The commissioner shall administer the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted
3217	Account. Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use the money
3218	deposited into the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account only to pay for a cost or

3219	expense incurred by the department in the administration, investigation, and enforcement of
3220	this part and Part 5, Compensation of Producers and Consultants, related to:
3221	(i) the marketing of title insurance; and
3222	(ii) audits of [agencies] agency title insurance producers.
3223	(e) An appropriation from the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account is
3224	nonlapsing.
3225	(4) The assessment imposed by this section shall be in addition to any premium
3226	assessment imposed under Subsection 59-9-101(3).
3227	Section 35. Section 31A-23a-503 is amended to read:
3228	31A-23a-503. Controlled business in title insurance.
3229	(1) As used in this section:
3230	(a) "Associate" means any:
3231	(i) business organized for profit in which a person who refers title business is a
3232	director, officer, partner, or employee;
3233	(ii) spouse or relative within the second degree by blood or marriage of a person who
3234	refers title business, who is a natural person;
3235	(iii) employee of a person who refers title business; or
3236	(iv) person with whom a person who refers title business or any associate of that title
3237	insurer, individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance producer has any
3238	agreement, arrangement, or understanding, or pursues any course of conduct, designed to avoid
3239	the provisions of this chapter.
3240	(b) "Controlled business" means that portion of the title insurance business of a title
3241	insurer [or], individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance producer in this state
3242	that is referred to it by all those producers of title business who have a financial interest in the
3243	title insurer [or], individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance producer and by
3244	all associates of those producers. Business is referred if there is influence over the selection of
3245	the person with whom the business is placed.
3246	(c) "A person who refers title business" includes any person engaged in this state in a
3247	business of:
3248	(i) buying or selling interests in real property;
3249	(ii) making loans secured by interests in real property; or

- (iii) acting as a representative or employee of a person who buys or sells any interest in real property or who lends or borrows money with interest as security, other than acting as a licensed title insurer [or], individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance producer doing the business of title insurance.
- (d) "Financial interest" means any legal or beneficial interest that together with other interests entitles the holder to more than 1% of the net profits or net worth of the business in which the interest is held.
- (2) A title insurer [or], individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance producer or person having a financial interest in a title insurer [or], individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance producer may not knowingly be a party to or knowingly permit to continue in any arrangement in which the title insurer, individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer, or person knows or has reason to believe that any person who refers title business has or will have, directly or indirectly, a financial interest in the title insurer [or], individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance producer, if it reasonably appears that a substantial factor in the person who refers title business owning or acquiring the financial interest is the expected realization of financial profit or gain derived in whole or in part from controlled business.
- (3) A title insurer may not appoint or knowingly continue its authorization of any individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer in which the company knows or has reason to believe that any person who refers title business has or will have, directly or indirectly, a financial interest, if it reasonably appears that a substantial factor in the person who refers title business owning or acquiring the financial interest is the person's expected realization of financial profit or gain derived in whole or part from controlled business.
- (4) (a) If for any calendar quarter, the gross operating revenues of a title insurer [or], individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance producer derived from all sources of controlled business in this state amount to more than 1/3 of its gross operating revenues from all other sources of its business of title insurance in this state, it is presumed that the expected realization of financial profit or gain derived in whole or in part from controlled business was a substantial factor in the ownership of financial interest in the title insurer [or], individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance producer.

- 3281 (b) The title insurer [or], individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance 3282 producer has the burden of overcoming the presumption described in Subsection (4)(a).
 - (c) This Subsection (4) does not authorize any controlled business if a violation of the standards set forth in Subsection (2) or (3) exists.
 - (5) A title insurer [or], individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance producer may not accept any order for the business of title insurance that it knows or has reason to believe constitutes controlled business, unless it records and maintains in its permanent records on forms prescribed by the commissioner the facts relating to the transactions.
 - (6) An applicant for qualification as a title insurer [or], individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance producer may not be granted a license if it reasonably appears that the expected realization of financial profit or gain to be derived in whole or in part from controlled business is or will be a substantial factor in the applicant's plan of operation or in the ownership or acquisition of financial interests in the applicant by any person who refers title business.
 - (7) Each title insurer [and], individual title insurance producer, and agency title insurance producer shall maintain permanent records relating to its controlled business on forms prescribed by the commissioner.
 - (8) (a) Each title insurer and <u>agency title insurance</u> producer shall file annually with the commissioner, on forms prescribed by the commissioner, reports setting forth:
 - (i) the names and addresses of any persons owning a financial interest in the title insurer or <u>agency title insurance</u> producer as of the last day of the calendar year, who are known or reasonably believed by the title insurer or <u>agency title insurance</u> producer to be a person who refers title business; and
 - (ii) a summary compiled from the title insurer's or <u>agency title insurance</u> producer's records of the controlled business, sufficient to inform the commissioner and the Title and Escrow Commission as to the proportion of the title insurer's or <u>agency title insurance</u> producer's gross operating revenues attributable to controlled business during the preceding calendar year.
 - (b) The reports shall be filed with the reports required under Section 31A-23a-413 and shall contain the certification of an officer of the title insurer or <u>agency title insurance</u> producer that the information contained in them is true to the best of the officer's knowledge,

consulting services performed within Utah only:

(i) with another consultant licensed under this chapter; and

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3312	information, and belief. Upon filing, the reports are public records.
3313	(c) A report filed pursuant to Subsection (8)(a) is subject to review by the Title and
3314	Escrow Commission.
3315	(9) An attorney who is also a licensed individual title insurance producer and who
3316	issues as producer a policy of title insurance to a client on behalf of whom the attorney is also
3317	acting as an attorney and who, in so doing, acts consistently with the applicable ethical
3318	standards of the Utah State Bar pertaining to the billing and receipt of legal fees and the receipt
3319	of a commission on a policy of title insurance is not, without more, considered to be engaged in
3320	controlled business.
3321	Section 36. Section 31A-23a-504 is amended to read:
3322	31A-23a-504. Sharing commissions.
3323	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection 31A-15-103(3), a licensee under this chapter
3324	or an insurer may only pay consideration or reimburse out-of-pocket expenses to a person if the
3325	licensee knows that the person is licensed under this chapter as to the particular type of
3326	insurance to act in Utah as:
3327	(i) a producer;
3328	(ii) a limited line producer;
3329	(iii) a consultant;
3330	(iv) a managing general agent; or
3331	(v) a reinsurance intermediary.
3332	(b) A person may only accept commission compensation or other compensation as a
3333	person described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (v) that is directly or indirectly the result of
3334	an insurance transaction if that person is licensed under this chapter to act as described in
3335	Subsection (1)(a).
3336	(2) (a) Except as provided in Section 31A-23a-501, a consultant may not pay or receive
3337	a commission or other compensation that is directly or indirectly the result of an insurance
3338	transaction.
3339	(b) A consultant may share a consultant fee or other compensation received for

(ii) to the extent that the other consultant contributed to the services performed.

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3343	(3) This section does not prohibit:
3344	(a) the payment of renewal commissions to former licensees under this chapter, former
3345	Title 31, Chapter 17, or their successors in interest under a deferred compensation or agency
3346	sales agreement;
3347	(b) compensation paid to or received by a person for referral of a potential customer
3348	that seeks to purchase or obtain an opinion or advice on an insurance product if:
3349	(i) the person is not licensed to sell insurance;
3350	(ii) the person does not sell or provide opinions or advice on the product; and
3351	(iii) the compensation does not depend on whether the referral results in a purchase or
3352	sale; or
3353	(c) the payment or assignment of a commission, service fee, brokerage, or other
3354	valuable consideration to an agency or a person who does not sell, solicit, or negotiate
3355	insurance in this state, unless the payment would constitute an inducement or commission
3356	rebate under Section 31A-23a-402 or 31A-23a-402.5.
3357	(4) (a) In selling a policy of title insurance, sharing of commissions under Subsection
3358	(1) may not occur if it will result in:
3359	(i) an unlawful rebate;
3360	(ii) compensation in connection with controlled business; or
3361	(iii) payment of a forwarding fee or finder's fee.
3362	(b) A person may share compensation for the issuance of a title insurance policy only
3363	to the extent that the person contributed to the search and examination of the title or other
3364	services connected with the title insurance policy.
3365	(5) This section does not apply to a bail bond producer or bail enforcement agent as
3366	defined in Section 31A-35-102[-] and as described in Subsection 31A-23a-106(2)(c); or
3367	(b) a nonlicensed individual employee or authorized representative of a licensed
3368	limited line producer who holds one or more of the following limited lines of authority as
3369	described in Subsection 31A-23a-106(2)(c):
3370	(i) car rental related insurance;
3371	(ii) self-service storage insurance; or
3372	(iii) portable electronics insurance.
3373	Section 37. Section 31A-27a-104 is amended to read:

3374	31A-27a-104. Persons covered.
3375	(1) This chapter applies to:
3376	(a) an insurer who:
3377	(i) is doing, or has done, an insurance business in this state; and
3378	(ii) against whom a claim arising from that business may exist;
3379	(b) a person subject to examination by the commissioner;
3380	(c) an insurer who purports to do an insurance business in this state;
3381	(d) an insurer who has an insured who is resident in this state; and
3382	(e) in addition to Subsections (1)(a) through (d), a person doing business as follows:
3383	(i) under Chapter 6a, Service Contracts;
3384	(ii) under Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
3385	(iii) under Chapter 8a, Health Discount Program Consumer Protection Act;
3386	(iv) under Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals;
3387	(v) under Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
3388	(vi) under Chapter 13, Employee Welfare Funds and Plans;
3389	(vii) under Chapter 15, Unauthorized Insurers, Surplus Lines, and Risk Retention
3390	Groups;
3391	(viii) as a bail bond surety company under Chapter 35, Bail Bond Act;
3392	(ix) under Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act;
3393	(x) a title insurance company;
3394	(xi) a prepaid health care delivery plan; and
3395	(xii) a person not described in Subsections (1)(e)(i) through (xi) that is organized or
3396	doing insurance business, or in the process of organizing with the intent to do insurance
3397	business in this state.
3398	(2) Notwithstanding Sections 31A-1-301 and 31A-27a-102, this chapter does not apply
3399	to a person licensed by the insurance commissioner as one or more of the following in this state
3400	unless the person engages in the business of insurance as an insurer:
3401	(a) an insurance agency;
3402	(b) an insurance producer;
3403	(c) a limited line producer;
3404	(d) an insurance consultant;

3405	(e) a managing general agent;
3406	(f) reinsurance intermediary;
3407	(g) [a] an individual title insurance producer or agency title insurance producer;
3408	(h) a third party administrator;
3409	(i) an insurance adjustor;
3410	(j) a life settlement provider; or
3411	(k) a life settlement producer.
3412	Section 38. Section 31A-29-106 is amended to read:
3413	31A-29-106. Powers of board.
3414	(1) The board shall have the general powers and authority granted under the laws of
3415	this state to insurance companies licensed to transact health care insurance business. In
3416	addition, the board shall have the specific authority to:
3417	(a) enter into contracts to carry out the provisions and purposes of this chapter,
3418	including, with the approval of the commissioner, contracts with:
3419	(i) similar pools of other states for the joint performance of common administrative
3420	functions; or
3421	(ii) persons or other organizations for the performance of administrative functions;
3422	(b) sue or be sued, including taking such legal action necessary to avoid the payment of
3423	improper claims against the pool or the coverage provided through the pool;
3424	(c) establish appropriate rates, rate schedules, rate adjustments, expense allowances,
3425	agents' referral fees, claim reserve formulas, and any other actuarial function appropriate to the
3426	operation of the pool;
3427	(d) issue policies of insurance in accordance with the requirements of this chapter;
3428	(e) retain an executive director and appropriate legal, actuarial, and other personnel as
3429	necessary to provide technical assistance in the operations of the pool;
3430	(f) establish rules, conditions, and procedures for reinsuring risks under this chapter;
3431	(g) cause the pool to have an annual audit of its operations by the state auditor;
3432	(h) coordinate with the Department of Health in seeking to obtain from the Centers for
3433	Medicare and Medicaid Services, or other appropriate office or agency of government, all
3434	appropriate waivers, authority, and permission needed to coordinate the coverage available
3435	from the pool with coverage available under Medicaid, either before or after Medicaid

3436	coverage, or as a conversion option upon completion of Medicaid eligibility, without the
3437	necessity for requalification by the enrollee;
3438	(i) provide for and employ cost containment measures and requirements including
3439	preadmission certification, concurrent inpatient review, and individual case management for
3440	the purpose of making the pool more cost-effective;
3441	(j) offer pool coverage through contracts with health maintenance organizations,
3442	preferred provider organizations, and other managed care systems that will manage costs while
3443	maintaining quality care;
3444	(k) establish annual limits on benefits payable under the pool to or on behalf of any
3445	enrollee;
3446	(l) exclude from coverage under the pool specific benefits, medical conditions, and
3447	procedures for the purpose of protecting the financial viability of the pool;
3448	(m) administer the Pool Fund;
3449	(n) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3450	Rulemaking Act, to implement this chapter; [and]
3451	(o) adopt, trademark, and copyright a trade name for the pool for use in marketing and
3452	publicizing the pool and its products[-]; and
3453	(p) transition health care coverage for all individuals covered under the pool as part of
3454	the conversion to health insurance coverage, regardless of preexisting conditions, under
3455	<u>PPACA.</u>
3456	(2) (a) The board shall prepare and submit an annual report to the Legislature which
3457	shall include:
3458	(i) the net premiums anticipated;
3459	(ii) actuarial projections of payments required of the pool;
3460	(iii) the expenses of administration; and
3461	(iv) the anticipated reserves or losses of the pool.
3462	(b) The budget for operation of the pool is subject to the approval of the board.
3463	(c) The administrative budget of the board and the commissioner under this chapter
3464	shall comply with the requirements of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act, and is
3465	subject to review and approval by the Legislature.
3466	(3) (a) The board shall on or before September 1, 2004, require the plan administrator

3467	or an independent actuarial consultant retained by the plan administrator to redetermine the
3468	reasonable equivalent of the criteria for uninsurability required under Subsection
3469	31A-30-106(1)(h) that is used by the board to determine eligibility for coverage in the pool.
3470	(b) The board shall redetermine the criteria established in Subsection (3)(a) at least
3471	every five years thereafter.
3472	Section 39. Section 31A-29-113 is amended to read:
3473	31A-29-113. Benefits Additional types of pool insurance Preexisting
3474	conditions Waiver Maximum benefits.
3475	(1) (a) The pool policy shall pay for eligible medical expenses rendered or furnished
3476	for the diagnoses or treatment of illness or injury that:
3477	(i) exceed the deductible and copayment amounts applicable under Section
3478	31A-29-114; and
3479	(ii) are not otherwise limited or excluded.
3480	(b) Eligible medical expenses are the allowed charges established by the board for the
3481	health care services and items rendered during times for which benefits are extended under the
3482	pool policy.
3483	(2) The coverage to be issued by the pool, its schedule of benefits, exclusions, and
3484	other limitations shall be established by the board.
3485	(3) The commissioner shall approve the benefit package developed by the board to
3486	ensure its compliance with this chapter.
3487	(4) The pool shall offer at least one benefit plan through a managed care program as
3488	authorized under Section 31A-29-106.
3489	(5) This chapter may not be construed to prohibit the pool from issuing additional types
3490	of pool policies with different types of benefits which in the opinion of the board may be of
3491	benefit to the citizens of Utah.
3492	(6) (a) The board shall design and require an administrator to employ cost containment
3493	measures and requirements including preadmission certification and concurrent inpatient
3494	review for the purpose of making the pool more cost effective.
3495	(b) Sections 31A-22-617 and 31A-22-618 do not apply to coverage issued under this
3496	chapter.
3497	(7) (a) A pool policy may contain provisions under which coverage for a preexisting

3498 condition is excluded if:

- (i) the exclusion relates to a condition, regardless of the cause of the condition, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received, from an individual licensed or similarly authorized to provide such services under state law and operating within the scope of practice authorized by state law, within the six-month period ending on the effective date of plan coverage; and
- (ii) except as provided in Subsection (8), the exclusion extends for a period no longer than the six-month period following the effective date of plan coverage for a given individual.
 - (b) Subsection (7)(a) does not apply to a HIPAA eligible individual.
- (8) (a) A pool policy may contain provisions under which coverage for a preexisting pregnancy is excluded during a ten-month period following the effective date of plan coverage for a given individual.
 - (b) Subsection (8)(a) does not apply to a HIPAA eligible individual.
- (9) (a) The pool will waive the preexisting condition exclusion described in Subsections (7)(a) and (8)(a) for an individual that is changing health coverage to the pool, to the extent to which similar exclusions have been satisfied under any prior health insurance coverage if the individual applies not later than 63 days following the date of involuntary termination, other than for nonpayment of premiums, from health coverage.
- (b) If this Subsection (9) applies, coverage in the pool shall be effective from the date on which the prior coverage was terminated.
- (10) Covered benefits available from the pool may not exceed a [\$1,500,000] \$1,800,000 lifetime maximum, which includes a per enrollee calendar year maximum established by the board.
 - Section 40. Section **31A-30-115** is amended to read:
 - 31A-30-115. Actuarial review of health benefit plans.
- (1) (a) The department shall conduct an actuarial review of rates submitted by small employer carriers:
 - (i) prior to the publication of the premium rates on the Health Insurance Exchange;
- (ii) except as permitted by Subsection 31A-30-207(2), to determine if the carrier is using the same rating and underwriting practices in both the defined contribution arrangement market in the Health Insurance Exchange and the defined benefit market offered outside the

3529	Health Insurance Exchange, in compliance with Subsection 31A-30-202.5(1)(b);
3530	(iii) to verify the validity of the rates, underwriting and risk factors, and premiums of
3531	plans both in and outside of the Health Insurance Exchange;
3532	(iv) to verify that insurers are pricing similar health benefit plans and groups the same
3533	in and out of the exchange, except as permitted by Subsection 31A-30-207(2); and
3534	(v) as the department determines is necessary to oversee market conduct.
3535	(b) The actuarial review by the department shall be funded from a fee:
3536	(i) established by the department in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
3537	(ii) paid by all small employer carriers participating in the defined contribution
3538	arrangement market and small employer carriers offering health benefit plans under Part 1,
3539	Individual and Small Employer Group.
3540	(c) The department shall:
3541	(i) report aggregate data from the actuarial review to the risk adjuster board created in
3542	Section 31A-42-201; and
3543	(ii) contact carriers, if the department determines it is appropriate, to:
3544	(A) inform a carrier of the department's findings regarding the rates of a particular
3545	carrier; and
3546	(B) request a carrier to recalculate or verify base rates, rating factors, and premiums.
3547	(d) A carrier shall comply with the department's request under Subsection (1)(c)(ii).
3548	(2) (a) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Health
3549	Insurance Actuarial Review Restricted Account."
3550	(b) The Health Insurance Actuarial Review Restricted Account shall consist of money
3551	received by the commissioner under this section.
3552	(c) The commissioner shall administer the Health Insurance Actuarial Review
3553	Restricted Account. Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use
3554	money deposited into the Health Insurance Actuarial Review Restricted Account to pay for the
3555	actuarial review conducted by the department under this section.
3556	Section 41. Section 31A-30-208 is amended to read:
3557	31A-30-208. Enrollment for defined contribution arrangements.
3558	(1) An insurer offering a health benefit plan in the defined contribution arrangement
3559	market:

3560	(a) shall allow an employer to enroll in a small employer defined contribution
3561	arrangement plan;
3562	(b) may not impose a surcharge under Section 31A-30-106.7 for a small employer
3563	group selecting a defined contribution arrangement health benefit plan on or before January 1,
3564	2012; and
3565	(c) shall otherwise comply with the requirements of this part, Chapter 42, Defined
3566	Contribution Risk Adjuster Act, and Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 25, Health System Reform Act
3567	(2) (a) [Except as provided in Subsection 31A-30-202.5(2), in] In accordance with
3568	Subsection (2)(b), on January 1 of each year, an insurer may enter or exit the defined
3569	contribution arrangement market.
3570	(b) An insurer may offer new or modify existing products in the defined contribution
3571	arrangement market:
3572	(i) on January 1 of each year;
3573	(ii) when required by changes in other law; and
3574	(iii) at other times as established by the risk adjuster board created in Section
3575	31A-42-201.
3576	(c) (i) An insurer shall give the department, the Health Insurance Exchange, and the
3577	risk adjuster board 90 days' advance written notice of any event described in Subsection (2)(a)
3578	or (b).
3579	(ii) When an insurer elects to participate in the defined contribution arrangement
3580	market, the insurer shall participate in the defined contribution arrangement market for no less
3581	than two years.
3582	Section 42. Section 31A-31-108 is amended to read:
3583	31A-31-108. Assessment of insurers.
3584	(1) For purposes of this section:
3585	(a) The commissioner shall by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
3586	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, define:
3587	(i) "annuity consideration";
3588	(ii) "membership fees";
3589	(iii) "other fees";
3590	(iv) "deposit-type contract funds"; and

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3591	(v) "other considerations in Utah."
3592	(b) "Insurance fraud provisions" means:
3593	(i) this chapter;
3594	(ii) Section 34A-2-110; and
3595	(iii) Section 76-6-521.
3596	(c) "Utah consideration" means:
3597	(i) the total premiums written for Utah risks;
3598	(ii) annuity consideration;
3599	(iii) membership fees collected by the insurer;
3600	(iv) other fees collected by the insurer;
3601	(v) deposit-type contract funds; and
3602	(vi) other considerations in Utah.
3603	(d) "Utah risks" means insurance coverage on the lives, health, or against the liability
3604	of persons residing in Utah, or on property located in Utah, other than property temporarily in
3605	transit through Utah.
3606	(2) To implement insurance fraud provisions, the commissioner may assess an
3607	admitted insurer and a nonadmitted insurer transacting insurance under Chapter 15, Parts 1,
3608	Unauthorized Insurers and Surplus Lines, and 2, Risk Retention Groups Act, an annual fee as
3609	follows:
3610	(a) \$200 for an insurer for which the sum of the Utah consideration is less than or equal
3611	to \$1,000,000;
3612	(b) \$450 for an insurer for which the sum of the Utah consideration is greater than
3613	\$1,000,000 but is less than or equal to \$2,500,000;
3614	(c) \$800 for an insurer for which the sum of the Utah consideration is greater than
3615	\$2,500,000 but is less than or equal to \$5,000,000;
3616	(d) \$1,600 for an insurer for which the sum of the Utah consideration is greater than
3617	\$5,000,000 but less than or equal to \$10,000,000;
3618	(e) \$6,100 for an insurer for which the sum of the Utah consideration is greater than
3619	\$10,000,000 but less than \$50,000,000; and
3620	(f) \$15,000 for an insurer for which the sum of the Utah consideration equals or
3621	exceeds \$50,000,000

3622	(3) Money received by the state under this section shall be deposited into the Insurance
3623	Fraud Investigation Restricted Account created in Subsection (4).
3624	(4) (a) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the
3625	"Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted Account."
3626	(b) The Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted Account shall consist of the money
3627	received by the commissioner under this section and [Section 31A-31-109.] Subsections
3628	31A-31-109(1)(a)(ii), (1)(b), (2)(b)(i), (2)(c), and (3)(a). Money ordered paid under
3629	Subsections 31A-31-109(1)(a)(i) and (2)(a) shall be deposited in the Insurance Fraud Victim
3630	Restitution Fund pursuant to Section 31A-31-108.5.
3631	(c) The commissioner shall administer the Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted
3632	Account. Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use the money
3633	deposited into the Insurance Fraud Investigation Restricted Account to pay for a cost or
3634	expense incurred by the commissioner in the administration, investigation, and enforcement of
3635	insurance fraud provisions.
3636	Section 43. Section 31A-31-108.5 is enacted to read:
3637	31A-31-108.5. Insurance Fraud Victim Restitution Fund.
3638	(1) There is created a restricted special revenue fund known as the "Insurance Fraud
3639	Victim Restitution Fund."
3640	(2) The Insurance Fraud Victim Restitution Fund shall consist of money ordered paid
3641	under Subsections 31A-31-109(1)(a)(i) and (2)(a).
3642	(3) The commissioner shall administer the Insurance Fraud Victim Restitution Fund for
3643	the sole benefit of insurance fraud victims.
3644	Section 44. Section 31A-41-102 is amended to read:
3645	31A-41-102. Definitions.
3646	As used in this chapter:
3647	(1) "Commission" means the Title and Escrow Commission created in Section
3648	31A-2-403.
3649	(2) "Fund" means the Title Insurance Recovery, Education, and Research Fund created
3650	in Section 31A-41-201.
3651	(3) "Title insurance licensee" means:
3652	(a) [a] an agency title insurance [agency] producer; or

3653	(b) [a] an individual title insurance producer.
3654	Section 45. Section 31A-41-201 is amended to read:
3655	31A-41-201. Creation of Title Insurance Recovery, Education, and Research
3656	Fund.
3657	(1) There is created a restricted special revenue fund to be known as the "Title
3658	Insurance Recovery, Education, and Research Fund."
3659	(2) The fund shall consist of:
3660	(a) assessments on individual title insurance producers and agency title insurance
3661	producers made under this chapter;
3662	(b) amounts collected under Section 31A-41-305; and
3663	(c) interest earned on the fund.
3664	(3) Interest on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
3665	(4) The department shall administer the fund.
3666	Section 46. Section 31A-41-202 is amended to read:
3667	31A-41-202. Assessments.
3668	(1) Beginning January 1, 2009, [a] an agency title insurance [agency] producer licensed
3669	under this title shall pay an annual assessment determined by the commission by rule made in
3670	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, except that the
3671	annual assessment:
3672	(a) may not exceed \$1,000; and
3673	(b) shall be determined on the basis of title insurance premium volume.
3674	(2) Beginning January 1, 2009, an individual who applies for a license or renewal of a
3675	license as [a] an individual title insurance producer, shall pay in addition to any other fee
3676	required by this title, an assessment not to exceed \$20, as determined by the commission by
3677	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
3678	except that if the individual holds more than one license, the total of all assessments under this
3679	Subsection (2) may not exceed \$20 in a fiscal year.
3680	(3) (a) To be licensed as [a] an agency title insurance [agency] producer on or after July
3681	1, 2008, a person shall pay to the department an assessment of \$1,000 before the day on which
3682	the person is licensed as a title insurance agency.
3683	(b) (i) By no later than July 15, 2008, the department shall assess on [a] an agency title

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3684	insurance [agency] producer licensed as of June 30, 2008, an amount equal to the greater of:
3685	(A) \$1,000; or
3686	(B) subject to Subsection (3)(b)(ii), 2% of the balance as of December 31, 2007, in the
3687	agency title insurance [agency's] producer's reserve account [required under] described in
3688	Subsection 31A-23a-204(3).
3689	(ii) The department may assess on [a] an agency title insurance [agency] producer an
3690	amount less than 2% of the balance described in Subsection (3)(b)(i)(B) if:
3691	(A) before issuing the assessments under this Subsection (3)(b) the department
3692	determines that the total of all assessments under Subsection (3)(b)(i) will exceed \$250,000;
3693	(B) the amount assessed on the <u>agency</u> title insurance [agency] <u>producer</u> is not less than
3694	\$1,000; and
3695	(C) the department reduces the assessment in a proportionate amount for agency title
3696	insurance [agencies] producers assessed on the basis of the 2% of the balance described in
3697	Subsection (3)(b)(i)(B).
3698	(iii) [A] An agency title insurance [agency] producer assessed under this Subsection
3699	(3)(b) shall pay the assessment by no later than August 1, 2008.
3700	(4) The department may not assess a title insurance licensee an assessment for
3701	purposes of the fund if that assessment is not expressly provided for in this section.
3702	Section 47. Section 49-20-410 is amended to read:
3703	49-20-410. High deductible health plan Health savings account
3704	Contributions.
3705	(1) (a) In addition to other employee benefit plans offered under Subsection
3706	49-20-201(1), the office shall offer at least one federally qualified high deductible health plan
3707	with a health savings account as an optional health plan.
3708	(b) The provisions and limitations of the plan shall be:
3709	(i) determined by the office in accordance with federal requirements and limitations;
3710	and
3711	(ii) designed to promote appropriate health care utilization by consumers, including
3712	preventive health care services.
3713	(c) A state employee hired on or after July 1, 2011, who is offered a plan under

Subsection 49-20-202(1)(a), shall be enrolled in a federally qualified high deductible health

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3715	plan unless the employee chooses a different health benefit plan during the employee's open
3716	enrollment period.
3717	(2) The office shall:
3718	(a) administer the high deductible health plan in coordination with a health savings
3719	account for medical expenses for each covered individual in the high deductible health plan;
3720	(b) offer to all employees training regarding all health plans offered to employees;
3721	(c) prepare online training as an option for the training required by Subsections (2)(b)
3722	and (4);
3723	(d) ensure the training offered under Subsections (2)(b) and (c) includes information on
3724	changing coverages to the high deductible plan with a health savings account, including
3725	coordination of benefits with other insurances, restrictions on other insurance coverages, and
3726	general tax implications; and
3727	(e) coordinate annual open enrollment with the Department of Human Resource
3728	Management to give state employees the opportunity to affirmatively select preferences from
3729	among insurance coverage options.
3730	(3) (a) Contributions to the health savings account may be made by the employer.
3731	(b) The amount of the employer contributions under Subsection (3)(a) shall be
3732	determined annually by the office, after consultation with the Department of Human Resource
3733	Management and the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget so that the annual employer
3734	contribution amount reflects the difference in the actuarial value between the program's health
3735	maintenance organization coverage and the federally qualified high deductible health plan
3736	coverage, after taking into account any difference in employee premium contribution.
3737	(c) The office shall distribute the annual amount determined under Subsection (3)(b) to
3738	employees in two equal amounts with a pay date in January and a pay date in July of each plan
3739	year.
3740	(d) An employee may also make contributions to the health savings account.
3741	[(4) The program shall offer a state employee and the employee's eligible dependents

the option to continue coverage under the employee's high deductible health plan in place of a

[(a) the employee was covered by the state employee's high deductible health plan for

conversion policy under Section 31A-22-723 if:]

at least the four years before the date of termination of employment;]

3746	(b) the employee or the employee's eligible dependents have exhausted federal		
3747	COBRA coverage with the same or similar state employee's high deductible health plan; and]		
3748	[(c) the employee pays the premium group rate determined by the office for the		
3749	coverage.]		
3750	[(5)] (4) (a) An employer participating in a plan offered under Subsection		
3751	49-20-202(1)(a) shall require each employee to complete training on the health plan options		
3752	available to the employee.		
3753	(b) The training required by Subsection [(5)] (4)(a):		
3754	(i) shall include materials prepared by the office under Subsection (2);		
3755	(ii) may be completed online; and		
3756	(iii) shall be completed:		
3757	(A) before the end of the 2012 open enrollment period for current enrollees in the		
3758	program; and		
3759	(B) for employees hired on or after July 1, 2011, before the employee's selection of a		
3760	plan in the program.		
3761	Section 48. Repealer.		
3762	This bill repeals:		
3763	Section 31A-22-723, Conversion from group coverage.		
3764	Section 31A-22-724, Offer of alternative coverage Utah NetCare Plan.		
3765	Section 31A-30-109, Health benefit plan choices.		
3766	Section 31A-30-202.5, Insurer participation in defined contribution arrangement		
3767	market.		
3768	Section 31A-30-205, Health benefit plans offered in the defined contribution		
3769	market.		
3770	Section 49. Effective date.		
3771	(1) If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, Section		
3772	31A-4-117 takes effect upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional		
3773	time limit of Utah Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in		
3774	the case of a veto, the date of veto override.		
3775	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (1), (3) and (4), this bill takes effect on May 14,		
3776	<u>2013.</u>		

377	77	(3) The actions affecting the following sections take effect on January 1, 2014:
377	78	(a) Section 31A-2-201.2;
377	79	(b) Section 31A-21-503;
378	30	(c) Section 31A-22-612;
378	31	(d) Section 31A-22-722;
378	32	(e) Section 31A-22-723;
378	33	(f) Section 31A-22-724;
378	34	(g) Section 31A-30-109;
378	35	(h) Section 31A-30-115;
378	36	(i) Section 31A-30-202.5;
378	37	(j) Section 31A-30-205;
378	38	(k) Section 31A-30-208; and
378	39	(1) Section 49-20-410.
379	90	(4) The actions affecting Section 31A-3-304 (Effective 07/01/13) take effect on July 1,
379	91 <u>2015.</u>	