Representative Ronda Rudd Menlove proposes the following substitute bill:

PRESCRIPTION DRUG DATABASE ACCESS AMENDMENTS
2013 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Ronda Rudd Menlove
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends the Controlled Substance Database Act to allow designees of the
director of the Utah Department of Health to access the controlled substance database.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 allows the director of the Utah Department of Health to allow access to the
controlled substance database to designated individuals conducting scientific studies
regarding the use or abuse of controlled substances, if:
• the individuals enter into a written agreement with the department; and
• the identity of the individuals and pharmacies in the database are de-identified,
confidential, and not disclosed to the designee; and
 makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:

58-37f-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 174 and 239
58-37f-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 174
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 58-37f-301 is amended to read:
58-37f-301. Access to database.
(1) The division shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
(a) effectively enforce the limitations on access to the database as described in this
part; and
(b) establish standards and procedures to ensure accurate identification of individuals
requesting information or receiving information without request from the database.
(2) The division shall make information in the database and information obtained from
other state or federal prescription monitoring programs by means of the database available only
to the following individuals, in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and division
rules:
(a) personnel of the division specifically assigned to conduct investigations related to
controlled substance laws under the jurisdiction of the division;
(b) authorized division personnel engaged in analysis of controlled substance
prescription information as a part of the assigned duties and responsibilities of their
employment;
(c) in accordance with a written agreement entered into with the department,
employees of the Department of Health:
(i) whom the director of the Department of Health assigns to conduct scientific studies
regarding the use or abuse of controlled substances, [provided that] if the identity of the
individuals and pharmacies in the database are confidential and are not disclosed in any manner
to any individual who is not directly involved in the scientific studies; or
(ii) when the information is requested by the Department of Health in relation to a
person or provider whom the Department of Health suspects may be improperly obtaining or
providing a controlled substance;
(d) in accordance with a written agreement entered into with the department, a

57	designee of the director of the Department of Health, who is not an employee of the
58	Department of Health, whom the director of the Department of Health assigns to conduct
59	scientific studies regarding the use or abuse of controlled substances, if the identity of the
60	individuals and pharmacies in the database are de-identified and confidential and are not
61	disclosed in any manner to the designee or any individual who is not directly involved in the
62	scientific studies:
63	$\left[\frac{d}{d}\right]$ (e) a licensed practitioner having authority to prescribe controlled substances, to
64	the extent the information:
65	(i) (A) relates specifically to a current or prospective patient of the practitioner; and
66	(B) is sought by the practitioner for the purpose of:
67	(I) prescribing or considering prescribing any controlled substance to the current or
68	prospective patient;
69	(II) diagnosing the current or prospective patient;
70	(III) providing medical treatment or medical advice to the current or prospective
71	patient; or
72	(IV) determining whether the current or prospective patient:
73	(Aa) is attempting to fraudulently obtain a controlled substance from the practitioner;
74	or
75	(Bb) has fraudulently obtained, or attempted to fraudulently obtain, a controlled
76	substance from the practitioner;
77	(ii) (A) relates specifically to a former patient of the practitioner; and
78	(B) is sought by the practitioner for the purpose of determining whether the former
79	patient has fraudulently obtained, or has attempted to fraudulently obtain, a controlled
80	substance from the practitioner;
81	(iii) relates specifically to an individual who has access to the practitioner's Drug
82	Enforcement Administration identification number, and the practitioner suspects that the
83	individual may have used the practitioner's Drug Enforcement Administration identification
84	number to fraudulently acquire or prescribe a controlled substance;
85	(iv) relates to the practitioner's own prescribing practices, except when specifically
86	prohibited by the division by administrative rule;
87	(v) relates to the use of the controlled substance database by an employee of the

88	practitioner, described in Subsection (2)(e); or
89	(vi) relates to any use of the practitioner's Drug Enforcement Administration
90	identification number to obtain, attempt to obtain, prescribe, or attempt to prescribe, a
91	controlled substance;
92	[(e)] (f) in accordance with Subsection (3)(a), an employee of a practitioner described
93	in Subsection (2)[(d)](e), for a purpose described in Subsection (2)[(d)](e)(i) or (ii), if:
94	(i) the employee is designated by the practitioner as an individual authorized to access
95	the information on behalf of the practitioner;
96	(ii) the practitioner provides written notice to the division of the identity of the
97	employee; and
98	(iii) the division:
99	(A) grants the employee access to the database; and
100	(B) provides the employee with a password that is unique to that employee to access
101	the database in order to permit the division to comply with the requirements of Subsection
102	58-37f-203(3)(b) with respect to the employee;
103	[(f)] (g) an employee of the same business that employs a licensed practitioner under
104	Subsection $(2)[(d)](e)$ if:
105	(i) the employee is designated by the practitioner as an individual authorized to access
106	the information on behalf of the practitioner;
107	(ii) the practitioner and the employing business provide written notice to the division of
108	the identity of the designated employee; and
109	(iii) the division:
110	(A) grants the employee access to the database; and
111	(B) provides the employee with a password that is unique to that employee to access
112	the database in order to permit the division to comply with the requirements of Subsection
113	58-37f-203(3)(b) with respect to the employee;
114	[(g)] (h) a licensed pharmacist having authority to dispense a controlled substance to
115	the extent the information is sought for the purpose of:
116	(i) dispensing or considering dispensing any controlled substance; or
117	(ii) determining whether a person:
118	(A) is attempting to fraudulently obtain a controlled substance from the pharmacist; or

119	(B) has fraudulently obtained, or attempted to fraudulently obtain, a controlled
120	substance from the pharmacist;
121	[(h)] (i) federal, state, and local law enforcement authorities, and state and local
122	prosecutors, engaged as a specified duty of their employment in enforcing laws:
123	(i) regulating controlled substances;
124	(ii) investigating insurance fraud, Medicaid fraud, or Medicare fraud; or
125	(iii) providing information about a criminal defendant to defense counsel, upon request
126	during the discovery process, for the purpose of establishing a defense in a criminal case;
127	[(i)] (j) employees of the Office of Internal Audit and Program Integrity within the
128	Department of Health who are engaged in their specified duty of ensuring Medicaid program
129	integrity under Section 26-18-2.3;
130	[(j)] (k) a mental health therapist, if:
131	(i) the information relates to a patient who is:
132	(A) enrolled in a licensed substance abuse treatment program; and
133	(B) receiving treatment from, or under the direction of, the mental health therapist as
134	part of the patient's participation in the licensed substance abuse treatment program described
135	in Subsection (2)[(j)](<u>k)</u> (i)(A);
136	(ii) the information is sought for the purpose of determining whether the patient is
137	using a controlled substance while the patient is enrolled in the licensed substance abuse
138	treatment program described in Subsection $(2)[(j)](k)(i)(A)$; and
139	(iii) the licensed substance abuse treatment program described in Subsection
140	(2)[(j)](k)(i)(A) is associated with a practitioner who:
141	(A) is a physician, a physician assistant, an advance practice registered nurse, or a
142	pharmacist; and
143	(B) is available to consult with the mental health therapist regarding the information
144	obtained by the mental health therapist, under this Subsection (2)(j), from the database;
145	$\left[\frac{k}{2}\right]$ (1) an individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription
146	entered into the database, upon providing evidence satisfactory to the division that the
147	individual requesting the information is in fact the individual about whom the data entry was
148	made;
149	[(1)] (m) the inspector general, or a designee of the inspector general, of the Office of

150 Inspector General of Medicaid Services, for the purpose of fulfilling the duties described in 151 Title 63J, Chapter 4a, Part 2, Office Duties and Powers; and 152 $\left[\frac{(m)}{(m)}\right]$ (n) the following licensed physicians for the purpose of reviewing and offering 153 an opinion on an individual's request for workers' compensation benefits under Title 34A, 154 Chapter 2, Workers' Compensation Act, or Title 34A, Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease 155 Act: 156 (i) a member of the medical panel described in Section 34A-2-601; or 157 (ii) a physician offering a second opinion regarding treatment. 158 (3) (a) A practitioner described in Subsection $(2)\left[\frac{d}{d}\right](e)$ may designate up to three 159 employees to access information from the database under Subsection [(2)(e),](2)(f), (2)(g), or160 (4)(c).161 (b) The division shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to: 162 163 (i) establish background check procedures to determine whether an employee 164 designated under Subsection [(2)(e),](2)(f), (2)(g), or (4)(c) should be granted access to the 165 database; and 166 (ii) establish the information to be provided by an emergency room employee under 167 Subsection (4). 168 (c) The division shall grant an employee designated under Subsection $\left[\frac{(2)(e)}{(2)}\right]$ (2)(f), 169 (2)(g), or (4)(c) access to the database, unless the division determines, based on a background 170 check, that the employee poses a security risk to the information contained in the database. 171 (4) (a) An individual who is employed in the emergency room of a hospital may 172 exercise access to the database under this Subsection (4) on behalf of a licensed practitioner if 173 the individual is designated under Subsection (4)(c) and the licensed practitioner: 174 (i) is employed in the emergency room; 175 (ii) is treating an emergency room patient for an emergency medical condition; and 176 (iii) requests that an individual employed in the emergency room and designated under 177 Subsection (4)(c) obtain information regarding the patient from the database as needed in the 178 course of treatment. 179 (b) The emergency room employee obtaining information from the database shall, 180 when gaining access to the database, provide to the database the name and any additional

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181	identifiers regarding the requesting practitioner as required by division administrative rule
182	established under Subsection (3)(b).
183	(c) An individual employed in the emergency room under this Subsection (4) may
184	obtain information from the database as provided in Subsection (4)(a) if:
185	(i) the employee is designated by the practitioner as an individual authorized to access
186	the information on behalf of the practitioner;
187	(ii) the practitioner and the hospital operating the emergency room provide written
188	notice to the division of the identity of the designated employee; and
189	(iii) the division:
190	(A) grants the employee access to the database; and
191	(B) provides the employee with a password that is unique to that employee to access
192	the database in order to permit the division to comply with the requirements of Subsection
193	58-37f-203(3)(b) with respect to the employee.
194	(d) The division may impose a fee, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, on a
195	practitioner who designates an employee under Subsection (2)(e), (2)(f), or (4)(c) to pay for the
196	costs incurred by the division to conduct the background check and make the determination
197	described in Subsection (3)(b).
198	(5) (a) An individual who is granted access to the database based on the fact that the
199	individual is a licensed practitioner or a mental health therapist shall be denied access to the
200	database when the individual is no longer licensed.
201	(b) An individual who is granted access to the database based on the fact that the
202	individual is a designated employee of a licensed practitioner shall be denied access to the
203	database when the practitioner is no longer licensed.
204	Section 2. Section 58-37f-601 is amended to read:
205	58-37f-601. Unlawful release or use of database information Criminal and civil
206	penalties.
207	(1) Any person who knowingly and intentionally releases any information in the
208	database or knowingly and intentionally releases any information obtained from other state or
209	federal prescription monitoring programs by means of the database in violation of the
210	limitations under Part 3, Access, is guilty of a third degree felony.
211	(2) (a) Any person who obtains or attempts to obtain information from the database or

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212	from any other state or federal prescription monitoring programs by means of the database by
213	misrepresentation or fraud is guilty of a third degree felony.
214	(b) Any person who obtains or attempts to obtain information from the database for a
215	purpose other than a purpose authorized by this chapter or by rule is guilty of a third degree
216	felony.
217	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(e), a person may not knowingly and
218	intentionally use, release, publish, or otherwise make available to any other person any
219	information obtained from the database or from any other state or federal prescription
220	monitoring programs by means of the database for any purpose other than those specified in
221	Part 3, Access.
222	(b) Each separate violation of this Subsection (3) is a third degree felony and is also
223	subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000.
224	(c) The procedure for determining a civil violation of this Subsection (3) is in
225	accordance with Section 58-1-108, regarding adjudicative proceedings within the division.
226	(d) Civil penalties assessed under this Subsection (3) shall be deposited in the General
227	Fund as a dedicated credit to be used by the division under Subsection 58-37f-502(1).
228	(e) This Subsection (3) does not prohibit a person who obtains information from the
229	database under Subsection $58-37f-301(2)[(d), -](e), (f), (g) \text{ or } (4)(c) \text{ from:}$
230	(i) including the information in the person's medical chart or file for access by a person
231	authorized to review the medical chart or file; or
232	(ii) providing the information to a person in accordance with the requirements of the
233	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.