LEGISLATIVE GENERAL COUNSEL	
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1	CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTION AMENDMENTS
2	2013 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Kraig Powell
5	Senate Sponsor: Peter C. Knudson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	Committee Note:
9	The Government Operations Interim Committee recommended this bill.
10	General Description:
11	This bill amends campaign finance provisions related to anonymous cash contributions
12	and aggregate reporting of cash contributions.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This bill:
15	amends definitions;
16	 prohibits an anonymous cash contribution over \$100;
17	 requires a candidate to disburse an anonymous cash contribution or public service
18	assistance over \$100 to:
19	 the state or political subdivision for deposit into its general fund; or
20	 an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
21	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code;
22	 prohibits a filing entity, other than a candidate, from using an anonymous cash
23	contribution for a political purpose or as a political issues expenditure;
24	 allows a filing entity to aggregate on a report contributions that do not exceed \$100;
25	 increases the amount at which certain filing entities must report the recipient of an
26	expenditure; and
27	makes technical changes.



28	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
29	None
30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:
33	AMENDS:
34	10-3-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 190, 190, 230, and 230
35	17-16-6.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
36	20A-11-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
37	20A-11-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
38	20A-11-203 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
39	20A-11-204 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
40	20A-11-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
41	20A-11-302 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
42	20A-11-303 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
43	20A-11-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 297 and 347
44	20A-11-505.7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
45	20A-11-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 14 and 225
46	20A-11-507, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
47	20A-11-510, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
48	20A-11-511, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
49	20A-11-601 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
50	20A-11-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 69 and 230
51	20A-11-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
52	20A-11-801 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 225
53	20A-11-802 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 69 and 230
54	20A-11-904, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
55	20A-11-1301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
56	20A-11-1302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
57	20A-11-1303 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
58	20A-11-1502 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389

	20A-12-301 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 166
	20A-12-303 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
	20A-12-304 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
	20A-12-305 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
1	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 10-3-208 is amended to read:
	10-3-208. Campaign finance disclosure in municipal election.
	(1) As used in this section:
	(a) "Reporting date" means:
	(i) 10 days before a municipal general election, for a campaign finance statement
r	required to be filed no later than seven days before a municipal general election; and
	(ii) the day of filing, for a campaign finance statement required to be filed no later than
3	30 days after a municipal primary or general election.
	(b) "Reporting limit" means for each calendar year:
	(i) [\$50] \$100; or
	(ii) an amount lower than $[\$50]$ $\$100$ that is specified in an ordinance of the
r	nunicipality.
	(2) (a) (i) Each candidate for municipal office:
	(A) shall deposit a campaign contribution in a separate campaign account in a financial
i	nstitution; and
	(B) may not deposit or mingle any campaign contributions received into a personal or
t	ousiness account.
	(ii) Each candidate for municipal office who is not eliminated at a municipal primary
ϵ	election shall file with the municipal clerk or recorder a campaign finance statement:
	(A) no later than seven days before the date of the municipal general election; and
	(B) no later than 30 days after the date of the municipal general election.
	(iii) Each candidate for municipal office who is eliminated at a municipal primary
e	election shall file with the municipal clerk or recorder a campaign finance statement no later
t	than 30 days after the date of the municipal primary election.
	(b) Each campaign finance statement under Subsection (2)(a) shall:

90	(i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii):
91	(A) report all of the candidate's itemized and total:
92	(I) campaign contributions, including in-kind and other nonmonetary contributions,
93	received before the close of the reporting date; and
94	(II) campaign expenditures made through the close of the reporting date; and
95	(B) identify:
96	(I) for each contribution that exceeds the reporting limit, the amount of the contribution
97	and the name of the donor, if known;
98	(II) the aggregate total of all contributions that individually do not exceed the reporting
99	limit; and
100	(III) for each campaign expenditure, the amount of the expenditure and the name of the
101	recipient of the expenditure; or
102	(ii) report the total amount of all campaign contributions and expenditures if the
103	candidate receives \$500 or less in campaign contributions and spends \$500 or less on the
104	candidate's campaign.
105	(c) A person who makes a cash contribution that exceeds the reporting limit shall
106	disclose the person's name to the candidate who receives the contribution.
107	(d) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution that exceeds the reporting limit
108	from a donor whose name is unknown, a candidate shall disburse the amount of the
109	contribution to:
110	(i) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
111	political subdivision's General Fund; or
112	(ii) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
113	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
114	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "account" means an account in a financial
115	institution:
116	(i) that is not described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and
117	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a
118	municipal office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a
119	holder of an office, other than a municipal office for which the person files a declaration of
120	candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.

121	(b) A municipal office candidate shall include on any campaign finance statement filed
122	in accordance with this section:
123	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
124	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
125	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or
126	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
127	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
128	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
129	(4) (a) A municipality may, by ordinance:
130	(i) provide a reporting limit lower than [\$50] \$100;
131	(ii) require greater disclosure of campaign contributions and expenditures than is
132	required in this section; and
133	(iii) impose additional penalties on candidates who fail to comply with the applicable
134	requirements beyond those imposed by this section.
135	(b) A candidate for municipal office is subject to the provisions of this section and not
136	the provisions of an ordinance adopted by the municipality under Subsection (4)(a) if:
137	(i) the municipal ordinance establishes requirements or penalties that differ from those
138	established in this section; and
139	(ii) the municipal clerk or recorder fails to notify the candidate of the provisions of the
140	ordinance as required in Subsection (5).
141	(5) Each municipal clerk or recorder shall, at the time the candidate for municipal
142	office files a declaration of candidacy, and again 14 days before each municipal general
143	election, notify the candidate in writing of:
144	(a) the provisions of statute or municipal ordinance governing the disclosure of
145	campaign contributions and expenditures;
146	(b) the dates when the candidate's campaign finance statement is required to be filed;
147	and
148	(c) the penalties that apply for failure to file a timely campaign finance statement,
149	including the statutory provision that requires removal of the candidate's name from the ballot
150	for failure to file the required campaign finance statement when required.
151	(6) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records

152 Access and Management Act, the municipal clerk or recorder shall:

- (a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and
- (b) make the campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public inspection by:
- (i) (A) posting an electronic copy or the contents of the statement on the municipality's website no later than seven business days after the statement is filed; and
- (B) verifying that the address of the municipality's website has been provided to the lieutenant governor in order to meet the requirements of Subsection 20A-11-103(5); or
- (ii) submitting a copy of the statement to the lieutenant governor for posting on the website established by the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-11-103 no later than two business days after the statement is filed.
- (7) (a) If a candidate fails to file a campaign finance statement before the municipal general election by the deadline specified in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A), the municipal clerk or recorder shall inform the appropriate election official who:
 - (i) shall:

- (A) if practicable, remove the candidate's name from the ballot by blacking out the candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
- (B) if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes cast for the candidate will not be counted; and
 - (ii) may not count any votes for that candidate.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), a candidate who files a campaign finance statement seven days before a municipal general election is not disqualified if:
- (i) the statement details accurately and completely the information required under Subsection (2)(b), except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; and
- (ii) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in the next scheduled report.
- (8) A campaign finance statement required under this section is considered filed if it is received in the municipal clerk or recorder's office by 5 p.m. on the date that is it due.
- (9) (a) A private party in interest may bring a civil action in district court to enforce the

183	provisions of this section or an ordinance adopted under this section.
184	(b) In a civil action under Subsection (9)(a), the court may award costs and attorney
185	fees to the prevailing party.
186	Section 2. Section 17-16-6.5 is amended to read:
187	17-16-6.5. Campaign financial disclosure in county elections.
188	(1) (a) A county shall adopt an ordinance establishing campaign finance disclosure
189	requirements for candidates for county office.
190	(b) The ordinance required by Subsection (1)(a) shall include:
191	(i) a requirement that each candidate for county office report the candidate's itemized
192	and total campaign contributions and expenditures at least once within the two weeks before
193	the election and at least once within two months after the election;
194	(ii) a definition of "contribution" and "expenditure" that requires reporting of
195	nonmonetary contributions such as in-kind contributions and contributions of tangible things;
196	(iii) a requirement that the financial reports identify:
197	(A) for each contribution of more than $[\$50]$ $\$100$, the name of the donor of the
198	contribution, if known, and the amount of the contribution; and
199	(B) for each expenditure, the name of the recipient and the amount of the expenditure;
200	(iv) a requirement that a candidate for county office deposit a contribution in a separate
201	campaign account in a financial institution; [and]
202	(v) a prohibition against a candidate for county office depositing or mingling any
203	contributions received into a personal or business account[-];
204	(vi) a requirement that a person who makes a cash contribution that exceeds \$100
205	disclose the person's name to the candidate who receives the contribution; and
206	(vii) a requirement that a candidate for county office who receives a cash contribution
207	that exceeds \$100 from a donor whose name is unknown shall, within 30 days after receiving
208	the contribution, disburse the amount of the contribution to:
209	(A) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
210	political subdivision's General Fund; or
211	(B) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
212	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
213	(c) (i) As used in this Subsection (1)(c), "account" means an account in a financial

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- 215 (A) that is not described in Subsection (1)(b)(iv); and
 - (B) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a county office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a holder of an office, other than a county office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
 - (ii) The ordinance required by Subsection (1)(a) shall include a requirement that a candidate for county office include on a financial report filed in accordance with the ordinance a contribution deposited in or an expenditure made from an account:
 - (A) since the last financial report was filed; or
 - (B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
 - (2) If any county fails to adopt a campaign finance disclosure ordinance described in Subsection (1), candidates for county office, other than community council office, shall comply with the financial reporting requirements contained in Subsections (3) through [(7)] (8).
 - (3) A candidate for elective office in a county:
 - (a) shall deposit a contribution in a separate campaign account in a financial institution; and
 - (b) may not deposit or mingle any contributions received into a personal or business account.
 - (4) Each candidate for elective office in any county who is not required to submit a campaign financial statement to the lieutenant governor shall file a signed campaign financial statement with the county clerk:
 - (a) seven days before the date of the regular general election, reporting each contribution of more than [\$50] \$100 and each expenditure as of 10 days before the date of the regular general election; and
 - (b) no later than 30 days after the date of the regular general election.
 - (5) (a) The statement filed seven days before the regular general election shall include:
 - (i) a list of each contribution of more than [\$50] \$100 received by the candidate, and the name of the donor, if known;
- 243 (ii) an aggregate total of all contributions of [\$50] \$100 or less received by the 244 candidate; and

245	(iii) a list of each expenditure for political purposes made during the campaign period,
246	and the recipient of each expenditure.
247	(b) The statement filed 30 days after the regular general election shall include:
248	(i) a list of each contribution of more than [\$50] \$100 received after the cutoff date for
249	the statement filed seven days before the election, and the name of the donor;
250	(ii) an aggregate total of all contributions of $[\$50]$ $\$100$ or less received by the
251	candidate after the cutoff date for the statement filed seven days before the election; and
252	(iii) a list of all expenditures for political purposes made by the candidate after the
253	cutoff date for the statement filed seven days before the election, and the recipient of each
254	expenditure.
255	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "account" means an account in a financial
256	institution:
257	(i) that is not described in Subsection (3)(a); and
258	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a
259	county office for which the person filed a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a
260	holder of an office, other than a county office for which the person filed a declaration of
261	candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
262	(b) A county office candidate shall include on any campaign financial statement filed
263	in accordance with Subsection (4) or (5):
264	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
265	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
266	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or
267	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
268	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
269	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
270	(7) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution that exceeds \$100 from a donor
271	whose name is unknown, a county office candidate shall disburse the amount of the
272	contribution to:
273	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
274	political subdivision's general fund; or
275	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section

276	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
277	[(7)] (8) Candidates for elective office in any county who are eliminated at a primary
278	election shall file a signed campaign financial statement containing the information required by
279	this section not later than 30 days after the primary election.
280	[(8)] (9) Any person who fails to comply with this section is guilty of an infraction.
281	[(9)] (10) Counties may, by ordinance, enact requirements that:
282	(a) require greater disclosure of campaign contributions and expenditures; and
283	(b) impose additional penalties.
284	[(10)] (11) (a) If a candidate fails to file an interim report due before the election, the
285	county clerk shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely
286	mailed, inform the appropriate election officials who:
287	(i) (A) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate by blacking out the
288	candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
289	(B) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform
290	the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes
291	cast for the candidate will not be counted; and
292	(ii) may not count any votes for that candidate.
293	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection [(10)] (11)(a), a candidate is not disqualified if:
294	(i) the candidate files the reports required by this section;
295	(ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
296	required by this section except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies;
297	and
298	(iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in
299	the next scheduled report.
300	(c) A report is considered filed if:
301	(i) it is received in the county clerk's office no later than 5 p.m. on the date that it is
302	due;
303	(ii) it is received in the county clerk's office with a United States Postal Service
304	postmark three days or more before the date that the report was due; or
305	(iii) the candidate has proof that the report was mailed, with appropriate postage and

addressing, three days before the report was due.

307	[(11)] (12) (a) Any private party in interest may bring a civil action in district court to
308	enforce the provisions of this section or any ordinance adopted under this section.
309	(b) In a civil action filed under Subsection [(11)] (12)(a), the court shall award costs
310	and [attorney's] attorney fees to the prevailing party.
311	[(12)] (13) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
312	Records Access and Management Act, the county clerk shall:
313	(a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
314	inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and
315	(b) make the campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
316	inspection by:
317	(i) (A) posting an electronic copy or the contents of the statement on the county's
318	website no later than seven business days after the statement is filed; and
319	(B) verifying that the address of the county's website has been provided to the
320	lieutenant governor in order to meet the requirements of Subsection 20A-11-103(5); or
321	(ii) submitting a copy of the statement to the lieutenant governor for posting on the
322	website established by the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-11-103 no later than two
323	business days after the statement is filed.
324	Section 3. Section 20A-11-101 is amended to read:
325	20A-11-101. Definitions.
326	As used in this chapter:
327	(1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a
328	reporting entity has its principal office.
329	(2) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional
330	amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by
331	the Utah Code Annotated 1953.
332	(3) "Candidate" means any person who:
333	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or
334	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
335	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
336	to a public office.
337	(4) "Chief election officer" means:

338	(a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates,
339	officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues
340	committees, state school board candidates, judges, and labor organizations, as defined in
341	Section 20A-11-1501; and
342	(b) the county clerk for local school board candidates.
343	(5) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
344	(i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of
345	value given to the filing entity;
346	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
347	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
348	anything of value to the filing entity;
349	(iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the filing entity;
350	(iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for
351	personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;
352	(v) remuneration from:
353	(A) any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a registered lobbyist;
354	or
355	(B) any agency or subdivision of the state, including school districts; and
356	(vi) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of the filing entity at less than fair
357	market value.
358	(b) "Contribution" does not include:
359	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
360	of their time on behalf of the filing entity;
361	(ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
362	business; or
363	(iii) goods or services provided for the benefit of a candidate or political party at less
364	than fair market value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the candidate or political
365	party.
366	(6) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a
367	candidate or political party are provided:
368	(a) with the candidate's or political party's prior knowledge, if the candidate or political

369	party does not object;
370	(b) by agreement with the candidate or political party;
371	(c) in coordination with the candidate or political party; or
372	(d) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a candidate or
373	political party.
374	(7) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business
375	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and
376	makes any expenditure from corporate funds for:
377	(i) the purpose of expressly advocating for political purposes; or
378	(ii) the purpose of expressly advocating the approval or the defeat of any ballot
379	proposition.
380	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
381	(i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or
382	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
383	(8) "County political party" means, for each registered political party, all of the persons
384	within a single county who, under definitions established by the political party, are members of
385	the registered political party.
386	(9) "County political party officer" means a person whose name is required to be
387	submitted by a county political party to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section
388	20A-8-402.
389	(10) "Detailed listing" means:
390	(a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
391	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public
392	service assistance, unless the name or address of the individual or source is unknown;
393	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and
394	(iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
395	(b) for each expenditure:
396	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
397	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
398	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
399	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.

400	(11) "Election" means each:
401	(a) regular general election;
402	(b) regular primary election; and
403	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.
404	(12) "Electioneering communication" means a communication that:
405	(a) has at least a value of \$10,000;
406	(b) clearly identifies a candidate or judge; and
407	(c) is disseminated through the Internet, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising
408	facility, direct mailing, broadcast, cable, or satellite provider within 45 days of the clearly
409	identified candidate's or judge's election date.
410	(13) (a) "Expenditure" means:
411	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
412	required by this chapter;
413	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
414	or anything of value made for political purposes;
415	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
416	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of
417	value for political purposes;
418	(iv) compensation paid by a filing entity for personal services rendered by a person
419	without charge to a reporting entity;
420	(v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign
421	committee; or
422	(vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another
423	reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value.
424	(b) "Expenditure" does not include:
425	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
426	of their time on behalf of a reporting entity;
427	(ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
428	business; or
429	(iii) anything listed in Subsection (13)(a) that is given by a reporting entity to
430	candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah.

431 (14) "Federal office" means the office of President of the United States, United States 432 Senator, or United States Representative. 433 (15) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is required to file a financial 434 statement required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections. 435 (16) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, verified 436 financial statement, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts, 437 donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial 438 Retention Elections. 439 (17) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the 440 candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee, 441 political party, or corporation. 442 (18) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 1, 443 Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city or town. (19) "Incorporation election" means the election authorized by Section 10-2-111. 444 445 (20) "Incorporation petition" means a petition authorized by Section 10-2-109. 446 (21) "Individual" means a natural person. (22) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and 447 expenditures made since the last report. 448 449 (23) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker 450 of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant 451 whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature. 452 (24) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who: 453 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative; 454 (b) declares oneself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of 455 speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and 456 assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; or 457 (c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to

to a legislative office. (25) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office.

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(26) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the

receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election

462 governing board of a registered political party.

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- (27) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals, business organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action committees, political issues committees, and labor organizations, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
 - (28) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a candidate to act for the candidate as provided in this chapter.
- (29) "Personal use expenditure" has the same meaning as provided under Section 20A-11-104.
- (30) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:
- (i) solicit or receive contributions from any other person, group, or entity for political purposes; or
- (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or against any candidate or person seeking election to a municipal or county office.
- (b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes.
 - (c) "Political action committee" does not mean:
 - (i) a party committee;
- (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
 - (iii) an individual;
- (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking account;
- (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political action committee; or
 - (vi) a personal campaign committee.
- (31) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by a registered political party to select candidates.
- 491 (32) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or 492 entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:

493 (i) solicit or receive donations from any other person, group, or entity to assist in 494 placing a ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot, or 495 to advocate that a voter refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any ballot proposition; 496 (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to sign or refuse to sign a 497 ballot proposition or incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote against any 498 proposed ballot proposition or an incorporation in an incorporation election; or 499 (iii) make expenditures to assist in qualifying or placing a ballot proposition on the 500 ballot or to assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot. 501 (b) "Political issues committee" does not mean: 502 (i) a registered political party or a party committee; 503 (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the 504 regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public; 505 (iii) an individual; 506 (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking 507 account; or 508 (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political 509 issues committee. 510 (33) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following: 511 (i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or 512 anything of value given to a political issues committee; 513 (ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political 514 issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition; 515 (iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting 516 entity; 517 (iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered 518 without charge to a political issues committee; and 519 (v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at 520 less than fair market value. 521 (b) "Political issues contribution" does not include:

(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all

of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or

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524	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
525	course of business.
526	(34) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following:
527	(i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing
528	the approval or the defeat of:
529	(A) a ballot proposition; or
530	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
531	(ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for
532	the express purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of:
533	(A) a ballot proposition; or
534	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
535	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
536	political issues expenditure;
537	(iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person
538	without charge to a political issues committee; or
539	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less
540	than fair market value.
541	(b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include:
542	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
543	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
544	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
545	course of business.
546	(35) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or
547	tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or
548	against any candidate or a person seeking a municipal or county office at any caucus, political
549	convention, or election.
550	(36) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the election
551	laws.
552	(37) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor,
553	state treasurer, attorney general, state or local school board member, state senator, state
554	representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader,

whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.

- (38) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided to an officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to communicate with the officeholder's constituents:
- (i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value to an officeholder; or
- (ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the officeholder.
 - (b) "Public service assistance" does not include:
 - (i) anything provided by the state;

- (ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of an officeholder;
- (iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business;
 - (iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or
 - (v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the officeholder.
 - (39) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more individuals sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political action committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting the political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial statement the individuals are listed.
 - (40) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance.
- (41) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11, Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.
 - (42) "Registered political action committee" means any political action committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's office.
 - (43) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's

586	office.
587	(44) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:
588	(a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2%
589	or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives
590	for any of its candidates for any office; or
591	(b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of Chapter 8, Political
592	Party Formation and Procedures.
593	(45) (a) "Remuneration" means a payment:
594	(i) made to a legislator for the period the Legislature is in session; and
595	(ii) that is approximately equivalent to an amount a legislator would have earned
596	during the period the Legislature is in session in the legislator's ordinary course of business.
597	(b) "Remuneration" does not mean anything of economic value given to a legislator by:
598	(i) the legislator's primary employer in the ordinary course of business; or
599	(ii) a person or entity in the ordinary course of business:
600	(A) because of the legislator's ownership interest in the entity; or
601	(B) for services rendered by the legislator on behalf of the person or entity.
602	(46) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee,
603	a judge, a judge's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, a party committee, a political
604	action committee, a political issues committee, a corporation, or a labor organization, as
605	defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
606	(47) "School board office" means the office of state school board or local school board.
607	(48) (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the tangible or
608	intangible asset that comprises the contribution.
609	(b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political
610	action committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action
611	committee or the owners or shareholders of the corporation.
612	(49) "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general,
613	state auditor, and state treasurer.
614	(50) "State office candidate" means a person who:

(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to

(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or

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receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election to a state office.

- (51) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a reporting entity's contributions and expenditures.
- (52) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that allocate expenditures from a political issues committee.
 - Section 4. Section **20A-11-201** is amended to read:
- 20A-11-201. State office candidate -- Separate bank account for campaign funds
 -- No personal use -- Report contributions within 30 days -- Report other accounts -Anonymous contributions.
 - (1) (a) Each state office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee shall deposit each contribution and public service assistance received in one or more separate campaign accounts in a financial institution.
 - (b) A state office candidate or a candidate's personal campaign committee may not use money deposited in a campaign account for:
 - (i) a personal use expenditure; or

- (ii) an expenditure prohibited by law.
- (2) A state office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee may not deposit or mingle any contributions received into a personal or business account.
- (3) If a person who is no longer a state office candidate chooses not to expend the money remaining in a campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end summary report required by Section 20A-11-203 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report required by Section 20A-11-205 are filed with the lieutenant governor.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) and Section 20A-11-402, a person who is no longer a state office candidate may not expend or transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former state office candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law.
- (b) A person who is no longer a state office candidate may transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former state office candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law if the transfer is made to a campaign account for federal office.

648	(5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5) and Section 20A-11-204, "received" means:
649	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a state office candidate or a member
650	of the candidate's personal campaign committee;
651	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
652	instrument or check is negotiated; and
653	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
654	inures to the state office candidate.
655	(b) Each state office candidate shall report each contribution and public service
656	assistance to the lieutenant governor within 30 days after the contribution or public service
657	assistance is received.
658	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "account" means an account in a financial
659	institution:
660	(i) that is not described in Subsection (1)(a); and
661	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than the
662	state office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a holder
663	of an office, other than a state office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or
664	federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
665	(b) A state office candidate shall include on any financial statement filed in accordance
666	with this part:
667	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
668	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
669	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or
670	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
671	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
672	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
673	(7) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution that exceeds \$100 from an
674	unknown source, a state office candidate shall disburse the amount of the contribution to:
675	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
676	political subdivision's General Fund; or
677	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
678	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.

679	Section 5. Section 20A-11-203 is amended to read:
680	20A-11-203. State office candidate Financial reporting requirements
681	Year-end summary report.
682	(1) (a) Each state office candidate shall file a summary report by January 10 of the year
683	after the regular general election year.
684	(b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), a former state office candidate
685	that has not filed the statement of dissolution and final summary report required under Section
686	20A-11-205 shall continue to file a summary report on January 10 of each year.
687	(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31
688	of the previous year:
689	(i) the net balance of the last financial statement, if any;
690	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all interim reports,
691	if any;
692	(iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all interim
693	reports, if any, filed during the previous year;
694	(iv) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
695	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;
696	(v) for each nonmonetary contribution:
697	(A) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
698	contributor; and
699	(B) a specific description of the contribution;
700	(vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
701	not been reported in detail on an interim report;
702	(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
703	(viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
704	report, if any, plus all receipts minus all expenditures; and
705	(ix) the name of a political action committee for which the state office candidate is
706	designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section
707	20A-11-601.
708	(b) (i) For all single contributions or public service assistance of $[\$50]$ $\$100$ or less, a
709	single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.

710 (ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of 711 more than [\$50] \$100 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately. 712 (c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of 713 December 31 of the previous year. 714 (d) A check or negotiable instrument received by a state office candidate or a state 715 office candidate's personal campaign committee on or before December 31 of the previous year 716 shall be included in the summary report. 717 (3) An authorized member of the state office candidate's personal campaign committee 718 or the state office candidate shall certify in the summary report that, to the best of the person's 719 knowledge, all receipts and all expenditures have been reported as of December 31 of the 720 previous year and that there are no bills or obligations outstanding and unpaid except as set 721 forth in that report. 722 Section 6. Section **20A-11-204** is amended to read: 723 20A-11-204. State office candidate -- Financial reporting requirements -- Interim 724 reports. 725 (1) Each state office candidate shall file an interim report at the following times in any 726 year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office: 727 (a) seven days before the candidate's political convention; 728 (b) seven days before the regular primary election date; 729 (c) August 31; and 730 (d) seven days before the regular general election date. 731 (2) Each interim report shall include the following information: 732 (a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any; 733 (b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim 734 reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due; 735 (c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior 736 interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due; 737 (d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since 738 the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report; 739 (e) for each nonmonetary contribution:

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(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the

741	contributor; and
742	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
743	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
744	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
745	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
746	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
747	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
748	last summary report;
749	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
750	(i) beginning balance;
751	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
752	(iii) total contributions to date;
753	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
754	(v) total expenditures to date; and
755	(j) the name of a political action committee for which the state office candidate is
756	designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section
757	20A-11-601.
758	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of $[\$50]$ $\$100$ or
759	less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
760	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
761	more than $[\$50]$ $\$100$ may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
762	(4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported
763	as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
764	(b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a state office candidate more than
765	five days before the required filing date of a report required by this section shall be included in
766	the interim report.
767	Section 7. Section 20A-11-301 is amended to read:
768	20A-11-301. Legislative office candidate Campaign finance requirements
769	Candidate as a political action committee officer No personal use Report

(1) (a) (i) Each legislative office candidate shall deposit each contribution and public

contributions within 30 days -- Report other accounts -- Anonymous contributions.

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service assistance received in one or more separate accounts in a financial institution that are dedicated only to that purpose.

(ii) A legislative office candidate may:

- (A) receive a contribution or public service assistance from a political action committee registered under Section 20A-11-601; and
- (B) be designated by a political action committee as an officer who has primary decision-making authority as described in Section 20A-11-601.
- (b) A legislative office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee may not use money deposited in an account described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) for:
 - (i) a personal use expenditure; or
 - (ii) an expenditure prohibited by law.
- (2) A legislative office candidate may not deposit or mingle any contributions or public service assistance received into a personal or business account.
- (3) If a person who is no longer a legislative candidate chooses not to expend the money remaining in a campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end summary report required by Section 20A-11-302 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report required by Section 20A-11-304 are filed with the lieutenant governor.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) and Section 20A-11-402, a person who is no longer a legislative office candidate may not expend or transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former legislative office candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law.
- (b) A person who is no longer a legislative office candidate may transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former legislative office candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law if the transfer is made to a campaign account for federal office.
 - (5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5) and Section 20A-11-303, "received" means:
- (i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a legislative office candidate or a member of the candidate's personal campaign committee;
- (ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable instrument or check is negotiated; and
 - (iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit

803	mules to the legislative office candidate.
804	(b) Each legislative office candidate shall report each contribution and public service
805	assistance to the lieutenant governor within 30 days after the contribution or public service
806	assistance is received.
807	(6) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution that exceeds \$100 from an
808	unknown source, a legislative office candidate shall disburse the amount of the contribution to:
809	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
810	political subdivision's General Fund; or
811	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
812	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
813	[6] (1) (a) As used in this Subsection $[6]$ (7), "account" means an account in a
814	financial institution:
815	(i) that is not described in Subsection (1)(a)(i); and
816	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a
817	legislative office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a
818	holder of an office, other than a legislative office for which the person files a declaration of
819	candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
820	(b) A legislative office candidate shall include on any financial statement filed in
821	accordance with this part:
822	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
823	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
824	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or
825	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
826	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
827	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
828	Section 8. Section 20A-11-302 is amended to read:
829	20A-11-302. Legislative office candidate Financial reporting requirements
830	Year-end summary report.
831	(1) (a) Each legislative office candidate shall file a summary report by January 10 of
832	the year after the regular general election year.
833	(b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), a former legislative office

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candidate that has not filed the statement of dissolution and final summary report required under Section 20A-11-304 shall continue to file a summary report on January 10 of each year. (2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31 of the previous year: (i) the net balance of the last financial statement, if any; (ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all interim reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the summary report is due; (iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all interim reports, if any, filed during the previous year; (iv) a detailed listing of each receipt, contribution, and public service assistance since the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report; (v) for each nonmonetary contribution: (A) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the contributor; and (B) a specific description of the contribution; (vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report; (vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure; (viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary report, if any, plus all receipts minus all expenditures; and (ix) the name of a political action committee for which the legislative office candidate is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section 20A-11-601. (b) (i) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of [\$50] \$100 or less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings. (ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of

- 860 more than [\$50] \$100 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately. 861 (c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of
 - December 31 of the previous year.
- 863 (d) A check or negotiable instrument received by a legislative office candidate on or 864 before December 31 of the previous year shall be included in the summary report.

865	(3) The legislative office candidate shall certify in the summary report that to the best
866	of the candidate's knowledge, all receipts and all expenditures have been reported as of
867	December 31 of the previous year and that there are no bills or obligations outstanding and
868	unpaid except as set forth in that report.
869	Section 9. Section 20A-11-303 is amended to read:
870	20A-11-303. Legislative office candidate Financial reporting requirements
871	Interim reports.
872	(1) Each legislative office candidate shall file an interim report at the following times
873	in any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
874	(a) seven days before the candidate's political convention;
875	(b) seven days before the regular primary election date;
876	(c) August 31; and
877	(d) seven days before the regular general election date.
878	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
879	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
880	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
881	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
882	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
883	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
884	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
885	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
886	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:
887	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
888	contributor; and
889	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
890	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
891	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
892	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
893	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
894	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
895	last summary report;

896 (i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies: 897 (i) beginning balance; 898 (ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement; 899 (iii) total contributions to date; 900 (iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and 901 (v) total expenditures to date; and 902 (j) the name of a political action committee for which the legislative office candidate is 903 designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section 904 20A-11-601. 905 (3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of [\$50] \$100 or 906 less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings. 907 (b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of 908 more than [\$50] \$100 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately. 909 (4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported 910 as of five days before the required filing date of the report. 911 (b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a legislative office candidate more 912 than five days before the required filing date of a report required by this section shall be 913 included in the interim report. 914 Section 10. Section **20A-11-401** is amended to read: 915 20A-11-401. Officeholder financial reporting requirements -- Year-end summary 916 report -- Officeholder as a political action committee officer -- Anonymous public service 917 assistance. 918 (1) (a) Each officeholder shall file a summary report by January 10 of each year. 919 (b) An officeholder that is required to file a summary report both as an officeholder and 920 as a candidate for office under the requirements of this chapter may file a single summary 921 report as a candidate and an officeholder, provided that the combined report meets the 922 requirements of: 923 (i) this section; and 924 (ii) the section that provides the requirements for the summary report filed by the 925 officeholder in the officeholder's capacity of a candidate for office. 926 (2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31

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Section 20A-11-601; and

927	of the previous year:
928	(i) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
929	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts received since the last summar
930	report, if any;
931	(iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures made since the last
932	summary report, if any;
933	(iv) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
934	the last summary report;
935	(v) for each nonmonetary contribution:
936	(A) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
937	contributor; and
938	(B) a specific description of the contribution;
939	(vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report;
940	(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
941	(viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
942	report plus all receipts minus all expenditures; and
943	(ix) the name of a political action committee for which the officeholder is designated
944	as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section 20A-11-601.
945	(b) (i) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of $[\$50]$ $\$100$ or
946	less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
947	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
948	more than [\$50] \$100 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
949	(c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of
950	December 31 of the previous year.
951	(3) The summary report shall contain a paragraph signed by the officeholder certifying
952	that, to the best of the officeholder's knowledge, all receipts and all expenditures have been
953	reported as of December 31 of the last calendar year and that there are no bills or obligations
954	outstanding and unpaid except as set forth in that report.
955	(4) An officeholder may:
956	(a) receive public service assistance from a political action committee registered under

958	(b) be designated by a political action committee as an officer who has primary
959	decision-making authority as described in Section 20A-11-601.
960	(5) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution or cash public service assistance
961	that exceeds \$100 from an unknown source, an officeholder shall disburse the amount of the
962	contribution or public service assistance to:
963	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
964	political subdivision's General Fund; or
965	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
966	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
967	Section 11. Section 20A-11-505.7 is amended to read:
968	20A-11-505.7. Separate account for contributions for registered political party
969	Anonymous contributions to registered political party or county political party.
970	(1) A registered political party shall deposit a contribution received in one or more
971	separate campaign accounts in a financial institution.
972	(2) A registered political party may not deposit or mingle a contribution received into a
973	personal or business account.
974	(3) A registered political party or county political party may not expend a cash
975	contribution for political purposes or a political issues expenditure if the cash contribution:
976	(a) exceeds \$100; and
977	(b) is from an unknown source.
978	Section 12. Section 20A-11-506 is amended to read:
979	20A-11-506. Political party financial reporting requirements Year-end
980	summary report.
981	(1) The party committee of each registered political party shall file a summary report by
982	January 10 of each year.
983	(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31
984	of the previous year:
985	(i) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
986	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all interim reports,
987	if any, during the previous year;
988	(iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all interim

989 reports, if any, filed during the previous year;

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(iv) a detailed listing of each contribution [and public service assistance] received since the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;

- (v) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
- (vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;
 - (vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure; and
- (viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary report, if any, plus all receipts minus all expenditures.
- (b) (i) For all individual contributions [or public service assistance] of [\$50] \$100 or less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
- (ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more than [\$50] \$100 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
- (c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of December 31 of the previous year.
- (3) The summary report shall contain a paragraph signed by the treasurer of the party committee certifying that, to the best of the treasurer's knowledge, all receipts and all expenditures have been reported as of December 31 of the previous year and that there are no bills or obligations outstanding and unpaid except as set forth in that report.
 - Section 13. Section **20A-11-507** is amended to read:

20A-11-507. Political party financial reporting requirements -- Interim reports.

- (1) The party committee of each registered political party shall file an interim report at the following times in any year in which there is a regular general election:
 - (a) seven days before the registered political party's political convention;
- 1013 (b) seven days before the regular primary election date;
- 1014 (c) August 31; and
- (d) seven days before the general election date.
- 1016 (2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
- 1017 (a) the net balance of the last financial statement, if any;
- 1018 (b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;

1020	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
1021	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
1022	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution [and public service assistance] received since
1023	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
1024	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
1025	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
1026	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
1027	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
1028	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
1029	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
1030	last summary report; and
1031	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
1032	(i) beginning balance;
1033	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
1034	(iii) total contributions to date;
1035	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
1036	(v) total expenditures to date.
1037	(3) (a) For all individual contributions [or public service assistance] of [\$50] \$100 or
1038	less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
1039	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
1040	more than $[\$50]$ $\$100$ may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
1041	(4) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as
1042	of five days before the required filing date of the report.
1043	Section 14. Section 20A-11-510 is amended to read:
1044	20A-11-510. County political party financial reporting requirements Year-end
1045	summary report.
1046	(1) A county political party officer of a county political party that has received
1047	contributions totaling at least \$750, or disbursed expenditures totaling at least [\$50] \$100,
1048	during a calendar year shall file a summary report by January 10 of the following year.
1049	(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31
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(i) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;

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- 1052 (ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all interim reports, 1053 if any, filed during the previous year;
 - (iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all interim reports, if any, filed during the previous year;
 - (iv) a detailed listing of each contribution [and public service assistance] received since the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;
 - (v) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
 - (vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;
 - (vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure; and
 - (viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary report, if any, plus all receipts minus all expenditures.
 - (b) (i) For all individual contributions [or public service assistance] of [\$50] \$100 or less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
 - (ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more than [\$50] \$100 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
 - (c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of December 31 of the previous year.
 - (3) The county political party officer shall certify in the summary report that, to the best of the officer's knowledge, all receipts and all expenditures have been reported as of December 31 of the previous year and that there are no bills or obligations outstanding and unpaid except as set forth in that report.
 - Section 15. Section **20A-11-511** is amended to read:
- 20A-11-511. County political party financial reporting requirements -- Interim reports.
 - (1) (a) A county political party officer of a county political party that has received contributions totaling at least \$750, or disbursed expenditures totaling at least [\$50] \$100, during a calendar year shall file an interim report at the following times in any year in which there is a regular general election:
 - (i) seven days before the county political party's convention;

1082	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
1083	(iii) August 31; and
1084	(iv) seven days before the general election date.
1085	(b) A county political party officer need not file an interim report if it received no
1086	contributions or made no expenditures during the reporting period.
1087	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
1088	(a) the net balance of the last financial statement, if any;
1089	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
1090	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
1091	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
1092	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
1093	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution [and public service assistance] received since
1094	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
1095	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
1096	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
1097	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
1098	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
1099	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
1100	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
1101	last summary report; and
1102	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
1103	(i) beginning balance;
1104	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
1105	(iii) total contributions to date;
1106	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
1107	(v) total expenditures to date.
1108	(3) (a) For all individual contributions [or public service assistance] of [\$50] \$100 or
1109	less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
1110	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
1111	more than [\$50] \$100 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
1112	(4) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as

1113	of five days before the required fiffing date of the report.
1114	Section 16. Section 20A-11-601 is amended to read:
1115	20A-11-601. Political action committees Registration Criminal penalty for
1116	providing false information or accepting unlawful contribution.
1117	(1) (a) Each political action committee shall file a statement of organization with the
1118	lieutenant governor's office by January 10 of each year, unless the political action committee
1119	has filed a notice of dissolution under Subsection (4).
1120	(b) If a political action committee is organized after the January 10 filing date, the
1121	political action committee shall file an initial statement of organization no later than seven days
1122	after:
1123	(i) receiving contributions totaling at least \$750; or
1124	(ii) distributing expenditures for political purposes totaling at least [\$50] \$100.
1125	(2) (a) Each political action committee shall designate two officers who have primary
1126	decision-making authority for the political action committee.
1127	(b) A person may not exercise primary decision-making authority for a political action
1128	committee who is not designated under Subsection (2)(a).
1129	(3) The statement of organization shall include:
1130	(a) the name and address of the political action committee;
1131	(b) the name, street address, phone number, occupation, and title of the two primary
1132	officers designated under Subsection (2)(a);
1133	(c) the name, street address, occupation, and title of all other officers of the political
1134	action committee;
1135	(d) the name and street address of the organization, individual corporation, association,
1136	unit of government, or union that the political action committee represents, if any;
1137	(e) the name and street address of all affiliated or connected organizations and their
1138	relationships to the political action committee;
1139	(f) the name, street address, business address, occupation, and phone number of the
1140	committee's treasurer or chief financial officer; and
1141	(g) the name, street address, and occupation of each member of the governing and
1142	advisory boards, if any.
1143	(4) (a) Any registered political action committee that intends to permanently cease

operations shall file a notice of dissolution with the lieutenant governor's office.

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- (b) Any notice of dissolution filed by a political action committee does not exempt that political action committee from complying with the financial reporting requirements of this chapter.
- (5) (a) Unless the political action committee has filed a notice of dissolution under Subsection (4), a political action committee shall file, with the lieutenant governor's office, notice of any change of an officer described in Subsection (2)(a).
 - (b) Notice of a change of a primary officer described in Subsection (2)(a) shall:
- (i) be filed within 10 days of the date of the change; and
- 1153 (ii) contain the name and title of the officer being replaced, and the name, street 1154 address, occupation, and title of the new officer.
 - (6) (a) A person is guilty of providing false information in relation to a political action committee if the person intentionally or knowingly gives false or misleading material information in the statement of organization or the notice of change of primary officer.
 - (b) Each primary officer designated in Subsection (2)(a) is guilty of accepting an unlawful contribution if the political action committee knowingly or recklessly accepts a contribution from a corporation that:
 - (i) was organized less than 90 days before the date of the general election; and
 - (ii) at the time the political action committee accepts the contribution, has failed to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's office as required by Section 20A-11-704.
 - (c) A violation of this Subsection (6) is a third degree felony.
- Section 17. Section **20A-11-602** is amended to read:

20A-11-602. Political action committees -- Financial reporting -- Anonymous contributions.

- (1) (a) Each registered political action committee that has received contributions totaling at least \$750, or disbursed expenditures totaling at least [\$50] \$100, during a calendar year shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant governor's office:
- 1172 (i) on January 10, reporting contributions and expenditures as of December 31 of the previous year;
- (ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;

1175	(iii) on August 31; and
1176	(iv) seven days before:
1177	(A) the municipal general election; and
1178	(B) the regular general election date.
1179	(b) The registered political action committee shall report:
1180	(i) a detailed listing of all contributions received and expenditures made since the last
1181	statement; and
1182	(ii) for financial statements filed under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (iv), all
1183	contributions and expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of the financial
1184	statement.
1185	(c) The registered political action committee need not file a statement under this
1186	section if it received no contributions and made no expenditures during the reporting period.
1187	(2) (a) The verified financial statement shall include:
1188	(i) the name and address of any individual that makes a contribution to the reporting
1189	political action committee, if known, and the amount of the contribution;
1190	(ii) the identification of any publicly identified class of individuals that makes a
1191	contribution to the reporting political action committee, and the amount of the contribution;
1192	(iii) the name and address of any political action committee, group, or entity, if known
1193	that makes a contribution to the reporting political action committee, and the amount of the
1194	contribution;
1195	(iv) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
1196	(v) the name and address of each reporting entity that received an expenditure from the
1197	reporting political action committee, and the amount of each expenditure;
1198	(vi) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
1199	(vii) the total amount of contributions received and expenditures disbursed by the
1200	reporting political action committee;
1201	(viii) a statement by the political action committee's treasurer or chief financial officer
1202	certifying that, to the best of the person's knowledge, the financial report is accurate; and
1203	(ix) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
1204	(A) beginning balance;
1205	(B) total contributions during the period since the last statement;

1206	(C) total contributions to date;
1207	(D) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
1208	(E) total expenditures to date.
1209	(b) (i) Contributions received by a political action committee that have a value of [\$50]
1210	\$100 or less need not be reported individually, but shall be listed on the report as an aggregate
1211	total.
1212	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
1213	more than $[\$50]$ $\$100$ may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
1214	(3) A group or entity may not divide or separate into units, sections, or smaller groups
1215	for the purpose of avoiding the financial reporting requirements of this chapter, and substance
1216	shall prevail over form in determining the scope or size of a political action committee.
1217	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "received" means:
1218	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a political action committee;
1219	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
1220	instrument or check is negotiated; and
1221	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
1222	inures to the political action committee.
1223	(b) A political action committee shall report each contribution to the lieutenant
1224	governor within 30 days after the contribution is received.
1225	(5) A political action committee may not expend a cash contribution for political
1226	purposes if the cash contribution:
1227	(a) exceeds \$100; and
1228	(b) is from an unknown source.
1229	Section 18. Section 20A-11-702 is amended to read:
1230	20A-11-702. Campaign financial reporting of political issues expenditures by
1231	corporations Financial reporting.
1232	(1) (a) Each corporation that has made political issues expenditures on current or
1233	proposed ballot issues that total at least \$750 during a calendar year shall file a verified
1234	financial statement with the lieutenant governor's office:
1235	(i) on January 10, reporting expenditures as of December 31 of the previous year;
1236	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;

1237	(iii) on August 31; and
1238	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
1239	(b) The corporation shall report:
1240	(i) a detailed listing of all expenditures made since the last statement; and
1241	(ii) for financial statements under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (iv), expenditures as of
1242	five days before the required filing date of the financial statement.
1243	(c) The corporation need not file a statement under this section if it made no
1244	expenditures during the reporting period.
1245	(2) That statement shall include:
1246	(a) the name and address of each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities
1247	that received a political issues expenditure of more than [\$50] \$100 from the corporation, and
1248	the amount of each political issues expenditure;
1249	(b) the total amount of political issues expenditures disbursed by the corporation; and
1250	(c) a statement by the corporation's treasurer or chief financial officer certifying the
1251	accuracy of the verified financial statement.
1252	Section 19. Section 20A-11-801 is amended to read:
1253	20A-11-801. Political issues committees Registration Criminal penalty for
1254	providing false information or accepting unlawful contribution.
1255	(1) (a) Each political issues committee shall file a statement of organization with the
1256	lieutenant governor's office by January 10 of each year, unless the political issues committee
1257	has filed a notice of dissolution under Subsection (4).
1258	(b) If a political issues committee is organized after the January 10 filing date, the
1259	political issues committee shall file an initial statement of organization no later than seven days
1260	after:
1261	(i) receiving political issues contributions totaling at least \$750; or
1262	(ii) disbursing political issues expenditures totaling at least [\$50] \$100.
1263	(2) Each political issues committee shall designate two officers that have primary
1264	decision-making authority for the political issues committee.
1265	(3) The statement of organization shall include:
1266	(a) the name and street address of the political issues committee;
1267	(b) the name, street address, phone number, occupation, and title of the two primary

officers designated under Subsection (2);

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- 1269 (c) the name, street address, occupation, and title of all other officers of the political issues committee;
 - (d) the name and street address of the organization, individual, corporation, association, unit of government, or union that the political issues committee represents, if any;
 - (e) the name and street address of all affiliated or connected organizations and their relationships to the political issues committee;
 - (f) the name, street address, business address, occupation, and phone number of the committee's treasurer or chief financial officer;
 - (g) the name, street address, and occupation of each member of the supervisory and advisory boards, if any; and
 - (h) the ballot proposition whose outcome they wish to affect, and whether they support or oppose it.
 - (4) (a) Any registered political issues committee that intends to permanently cease operations during a calendar year shall file a notice of dissolution with the lieutenant governor's office.
 - (b) Any notice of dissolution filed by a political issues committee does not exempt that political issues committee from complying with the financial reporting requirements of this chapter.
 - (5) (a) Unless the political issues committee has filed a notice of dissolution under Subsection (4), a political issues committee shall file, with the lieutenant governor's office, notice of any change of an officer described in Subsection (2).
 - (b) Notice of a change of a primary officer described in Subsection (2) shall:
 - (i) be filed within 10 days of the date of the change; and
 - (ii) contain the name and title of the officer being replaced and the name, street address, occupation, and title of the new officer.
 - (6) (a) A person is guilty of providing false information in relation to a political issues committee if the person intentionally or knowingly gives false or misleading material information in the statement of organization or the notice of change of primary officer.
- 1297 (b) Each primary officer designated in Subsection (2) is guilty of accepting an unlawful 1298 contribution if the political issues committee knowingly or recklessly accepts a contribution

1299	from a corporation that:
1300	(i) was organized less than 90 days before the date of the general election; and
1301	(ii) at the time the political issues committee accepts the contribution, has failed to file
1302	a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's office as required by Section
1303	20A-11-704.
1304	(c) A violation of this Subsection (6) is a third degree felony.
1305	Section 20. Section 20A-11-802 is amended to read:
1306	20A-11-802. Political issues committees Financial reporting Anonymous
1307	contributions.
1308	(1) (a) Each registered political issues committee that has received political issues
1309	contributions totaling at least \$750, or disbursed political issues expenditures totaling at least
1310	[\$50] \$100, during a calendar year, shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant
1311	governor's office:
1312	(i) on January 10, reporting contributions and expenditures as of December 31 of the
1313	previous year;
1314	(ii) seven days before the date of an incorporation election, if the political issues
1315	committee has received donations or made disbursements to affect an incorporation;
1316	(iii) at least three days before the first public hearing held as required by Section
1317	20A-7-204.1;
1318	(iv) if the political issues committee has received or expended funds in relation to an
1319	initiative or referendum, at the time the initiative or referendum sponsors submit:
1320	(A) the verified and certified initiative packets as required by Section 20A-7-206; or
1321	(B) the signed and verified referendum packets as required by Section 20A-7-306;
1322	(v) on August 31; and
1323	(vi) seven days before:
1324	(A) the municipal general election; and
1325	(B) the regular general election.
1326	(b) The political issues committee shall report:
1327	(i) a detailed listing of all contributions received and expenditures made since the last
1328	statement; and
1329	(ii) all contributions and expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of

1330 the financial statement, except for a financial statement filed on January 10. 1331 (c) The political issues committee need not file a statement under this section if it 1332 received no contributions and made no expenditures during the reporting period. 1333 (2) (a) That statement shall include: 1334 (i) the name and address, if known, of any individual that makes a political issues 1335 contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues 1336 contribution; 1337 (ii) the identification of any publicly identified class of individuals that makes a 1338 political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the 1339 political issues contribution; 1340 (iii) the name and address, if known, of any political issues committee, group, or entity 1341 that makes a political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the 1342 amount of the political issues contribution: 1343 (iv) the name and address of each reporting entity that makes a political issues 1344 contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues 1345 contribution; 1346 (v) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution; 1347 (vi) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the name and address of each individual, 1348 entity, or group of individuals or entities that received a political issues expenditure of more 1349 than [\$50] \$100 from the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of each political 1350 issues expenditure; 1351 (vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure; (viii) the total amount of political issues contributions received and political issues 1352 1353 expenditures disbursed by the reporting political issues committee; 1354 (ix) a statement by the political issues committee's treasurer or chief financial officer 1355 certifying that, to the best of the person's knowledge, the financial statement is accurate; and 1356 (x) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies: 1357 (A) beginning balance;

(B) total contributions during the period since the last statement;

(D) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and

(C) total contributions to date;

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1361	(E) total expenditures to date.
1362	(b) (i) Political issues contributions received by a political issues committee that have a
1363	value of [\$50] \$100 or less need not be reported individually, but shall be listed on the report as
1364	an aggregate total.
1365	(ii) Two or more political issues contributions from the same source that have an
1366	aggregate total of more than [\$50] \$100 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be
1367	reported separately.
1368	(c) When reporting political issue expenditures made to circulators of initiative
1369	petitions, the political issues committee:
1370	(i) need only report the amount paid to each initiative petition circulator; and
1371	(ii) need not report the name or address of the circulator.
1372	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "received" means:
1373	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a political issues committee;
1374	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
1375	instrument or check is negotiated; and
1376	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
1377	inures to the political issues committee.
1378	(b) A political issues committee shall report each contribution to the lieutenant
1379	governor within 30 days after the contribution is received.
1380	(4) A political issues committee may not expend a cash contribution for a political
1381	issues expenditure if the cash contribution:
1382	(a) exceeds \$100; and
1383	(b) is from an unknown source.
1384	Section 21. Section 20A-11-904 is amended to read:
1385	20A-11-904. Contribution given in another's name and anonymous contributions
1386	prohibited.
1387	A person may not:
1388	(1) make a contribution in the name of another;
1389	(2) knowingly permit another to make a contribution in the person's name; [or]
1390	(3) knowingly accept a contribution made by one person in the name of another[-]; or
1391	(4) make a contribution that exceeds \$100 without disclosing the person's name.

1392	Section 22. Section 20A-11-1301 is amended to read:
1393	20A-11-1301. School board office candidate Campaign finance requirements
1394	Candidate as a political action committee officer No personal use Report
1395	contributions within 30 days Report other accounts Anonymous contributions.
1396	(1) (a) (i) Each school board office candidate shall deposit each contribution and public
1397	service assistance received in one or more separate accounts in a financial institution that are
1398	dedicated only to that purpose.
1399	(ii) A school board office candidate may:
1400	(A) receive a contribution or public service assistance from a political action
1401	committee registered under Section 20A-11-601; and
1402	(B) be designated by a political action committee as an officer who has primary
1403	decision-making authority as described in Section 20A-11-601.
1404	(b) A school board office candidate may not use money deposited in an account
1405	described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) for:
1406	(i) a personal use expenditure; or
1407	(ii) an expenditure prohibited by law.
1408	(2) A school board office candidate may not deposit or mingle any contributions or
1409	public service assistance received into a personal or business account.
1410	(3) A school board office candidate may not make any political expenditures prohibited
1411	by law.
1412	(4) If a person who is no longer a school board candidate chooses not to expend the
1413	money remaining in a campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end
1414	summary report required by Section 20A-11-1302 until the statement of dissolution and final
1415	summary report required by Section 20A-11-1304 are filed with:
1416	(a) the lieutenant governor in the case of a state school board candidate; and
1417	(b) the county clerk, in the case of a local school board candidate.
1418	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b) and Section 20A-11-402, a person who
1419	is no longer a school board candidate may not expend or transfer the money in a campaign
1420	account in a manner that would cause the former school board candidate to recognize the
1421	money as taxable income under federal tax law.
1422	(b) A person who is no longer a school board candidate may transfer the money in a

1423 campaign account in a manner that would cause the former school board candidate to recognize 1424 the money as taxable income under federal tax law if the transfer is made to a campaign 1425 account for federal office. 1426 (6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6) and Section 20A-11-1303, "received" means: 1427 (i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a school board office candidate or a 1428 member of the candidate's personal campaign committee; 1429 (ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable 1430 instrument or check is negotiated; and 1431 (iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit 1432 inures to the school board office candidate. 1433 (b) Each school board office candidate shall report to the chief election officer each 1434 contribution and public service assistance within 30 days after the contribution or public 1435 service assistance is received. 1436 (7) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution that exceeds \$100 from an unknown source, a school board office candidate shall disburse the contribution to: 1437 1438 (a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or 1439 political subdivision's General Fund; or 1440 (b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 1441 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code. $[\frac{(7)}{(8)}]$ (8) (a) As used in this Subsection $[\frac{(7)}{(8)}]$ (8), "account" means an account in a 1442 1443 financial institution: 1444 (i) that is not described in Subsection (1)(a)(i); and 1445 (ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a 1446 school board office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as 1447 a holder of an office, other than a school board office for which the person files a declaration of 1448 candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure. 1449 (b) A school board office candidate shall include on any financial statement filed in 1450 accordance with this part: 1451 (i) a contribution deposited in an account: 1452 (A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or

(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or

1454	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
1455	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
1456	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
1457	Section 23. Section 20A-11-1302 is amended to read:
1458	20A-11-1302. School board office candidate Financial reporting requirements
1459	Year-end summary report.
1460	(1) (a) Each school board office candidate shall file a summary report by January 10 of
1461	the year after the regular general election year.
1462	(b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), a former school board office
1463	candidate that has not filed the statement of dissolution and final summary report required
1464	under Section 20A-11-1304 shall continue to file a summary report on January 10 of each year.
1465	(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31
1466	of the previous year:
1467	(i) the net balance of the last financial statement, if any;
1468	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all interim reports,
1469	if any, during the previous year;
1470	(iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all interim
1471	reports, if any, filed during the previous year;
1472	(iv) a detailed listing of each receipt, contribution, and public service assistance since
1473	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;
1474	(v) for each nonmonetary contribution:
1475	(A) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
1476	contributor; and
1477	(B) a specific description of the contribution;
1478	(vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
1479	not been reported in detail on an interim report;
1480	(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
1481	(viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
1482	report, if any, plus all receipts minus all expenditures; and
1483	(ix) the name of a political action committee for which the school board office
1484	candidate is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section

1485	20A-11-601.
1486	(b) (i) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of $[\$50]$ $\$100$ or
1487	less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
1488	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
1489	more than $[\$50]$ $\$100$ may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
1490	(c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of
1491	December 31 of the previous year.
1492	(d) A check or negotiable instrument received by a school board office candidate on or
1493	before December 31 of the previous year shall be included in the summary report.
1494	(3) The school board office candidate shall certify in the summary report that, to the
1495	best of the school board office candidate's knowledge, all receipts and all expenditures have
1496	been reported as of December 31 of the previous year and that there are no bills or obligations
1497	outstanding and unpaid except as set forth in that report.
1498	Section 24. Section 20A-11-1303 is amended to read:
1499	20A-11-1303. School board office candidate Financial reporting requirements
1500	Interim reports.
1501	(1) Each school board office candidate shall file an interim report at the following
1502	times in any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
1503	(a) May 15, for state school board office candidates;
1504	(b) seven days before the regular primary election date;
1505	(c) August 31; and
1506	(d) seven days before the regular general election date.
1507	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
1508	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
1509	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
1510	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
1511	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
1512	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
1513	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
1514	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;

(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:

1516	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
1517	contributor; and
1518	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
1519	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
1520	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
1521	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
1522	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
1523	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
1524	last summary report;
1525	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
1526	(i) beginning balance;
1527	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
1528	(iii) total contributions to date;
1529	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
1530	(v) total expenditures to date; and
1531	(j) the name of a political action committee for which the school board office candidate
1532	is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section
1533	20A-11-601.
1534	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of $[\$50]$ $\$100$ or
1535	less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
1536	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
1537	more than $[\$50]$ $\$100$ may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
1538	(4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported
1539	as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
1540	(b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a school board office candidate
1541	more than five days before the required filing date of a report required by this section shall be
1542	included in the interim report.
1543	Section 25. Section 20A-11-1502 is amended to read:
1544	20A-11-1502. Campaign financial reporting of contributions Filing
1545	requirements Statement contents.
1546	(1) (a) Each labor organization that has made expenditures for political purposes or

1547	political issues expenditures on current or proposed ballot issues that total at least \$750 during
1548	a calendar year shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant governor's office:
1549	(i) on January 10, reporting expenditures as of December 31 of the previous year;
1550	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
1551	(iii) on August 31; and
1552	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
1553	(b) The labor organization shall report:
1554	(i) a detailed listing of all expenditures made since the last statement; and
1555	(ii) for financial statements filed under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (iv), all
1556	expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of the financial statement.
1557	(c) The labor organization need not file a financial statement under this section if the
1558	labor organization:
1559	(i) made no expenditures during the reporting period; or
1560	(ii) reports its expenditures during the reporting period under another part of this
1561	chapter.
1562	(2) The financial statement shall include:
1563	(a) the name and address of each reporting entity that received an expenditure or
1564	political issues expenditure of more than $[\$50]$ $\$100$ from the labor organization, and the
1565	amount of each expenditure or political issues expenditure;
1566	(b) the total amount of expenditures disbursed by the labor organization; and
1567	(c) a statement by the labor organization's treasurer or chief financial officer certifying
1568	the accuracy of the financial statement.
1569	Section 26. Section 20A-12-301 is amended to read:
1570	20A-12-301. Definitions.
1571	As used in this part:
1572	(1) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
1573	(i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of
1574	value given to the judge or the judge's personal campaign committee;
1575	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
1576	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
1577	anything of value to the judge or the judge's personal campaign committee;

1578	(iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity or a corporation to the judge or
1579	the judge's personal campaign committee;
1580	(iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the judge or the
1581	judge's personal campaign committee for personal services provided without charge to the
1582	judge or the judge's personal campaign committee; and
1583	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of the judge or the judge's personal
1584	campaign committee at less than fair market value.
1585	(b) "Contribution" does not include:
1586	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
1587	of their time on behalf of the judge or the judge's personal campaign committee; or
1588	(ii) money lent to the judge or the judge's personal campaign committee by a financial
1589	institution in the ordinary course of business.
1590	(2) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business
1591	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and
1592	makes any expenditure from corporate funds for political purposes.
1593	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
1594	(i) a business organization's political action committee as defined in Section
1595	20A-11-101 or political issues committee as defined in Section 20A-11-101; or
1596	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
1597	(3) "Detailed listing" means:
1598	(a) for each contribution:
1599	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution, if known;
1600	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution; and
1601	(iii) the date the contribution was made; and
1602	(b) for each expenditure:
1603	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
1604	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
1605	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
1606	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.
1607	(4) (a) "Expenditure" means:
1608	(i) any disbursement from contributions or from the separate bank account required by

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- 1610 (ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, 1611 or anything of value made for political purposes;
 - (iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of value for political purposes;
 - (iv) compensation paid by a corporation or reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person without charge to the judge or the judge's personal campaign committee;
 - (v) a transfer of funds between the judge's personal campaign committee and another judge's personal campaign committee; or
 - (vi) goods or services provided by the judge's personal campaign committee to or for the benefit of another judge for political purposes at less than fair market value.
 - (b) "Expenditure" does not include:
 - (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of the judge or judge's personal campaign committee; or
 - (ii) money lent to a judge's personal campaign committee by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business.
 - (5) "Individual" means a natural person.
 - (6) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and expenditures made since the last report.
 - (7) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a judge to act for the judge as provided in this chapter.
 - (8) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or against any judge standing for retention at any election.
 - (9) "Reporting entity" means a judge, judge's personal campaign committee, candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, and a party committee, a political action committee, and a political issues committee.
 - (10) "Summary report" means the year-end report containing the summary of a reporting entity's contributions and expenditures.
- Section 27. Section **20A-12-303** is amended to read:

1640	20A-12-303. Separate account for campaign funds Reporting contributions.
1641	(1) The judge or the judge's personal campaign committee shall deposit each
1642	contribution in one or more separate personal campaign accounts in a financial institution.
1643	(2) The judge or the judge's personal campaign committee may not deposit or mingle
1644	any contributions received into a personal or business account.
1645	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3) and Section 20A-12-305, "received" means:
1646	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a judge or the judge's personal
1647	campaign committee;
1648	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
1649	instrument or check is negotiated; and
1650	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
1651	inures to the judge.
1652	(b) The judge or the judge's personal campaign committee shall report to the lieutenant
1653	governor each contribution within 30 days after the contribution is received.
1654	(4) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution that exceeds \$100 from an
1655	unknown source, a judge or the judge's personal campaign committee shall disburse the amount
1656	of the contribution to:
1657	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
1658	political subdivision's General Fund; or
1659	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
1660	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
1661	Section 28. Section 20A-12-304 is amended to read:
1662	20A-12-304. Judicial retention election candidates Financial reporting
1663	requirements Year-end summary report.
1664	(1) The judge's personal campaign committee shall file a summary report with the
1665	lieutenant governor by January 10 of the year after the regular general election year.
1666	(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31
1667	of the last regular general election year:
1668	(i) a single figure equal to the total amount of contributions reported on the interim
1669	report;
1670	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on the interim

1671	report;
1672	(iii) a detailed listing of each contribution received since the last summary report that
1673	has not been reported in detail on the interim report;
1674	(iv) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
1675	(v) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
1676	not been reported in detail on the interim report;
1677	(vi) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure; and
1678	(vii) the net balance for the year, consisting of all contributions minus all expenditures.
1679	(b) (i) For all single contributions of $[\$50]$ $\$100$ or less, an aggregate figure may be
1680	reported without a separate detailed listing.
1681	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source for a total of more than [\$50]
1682	\$100 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported in the detailed listing.
1683	(c) A check or negotiable instrument received by a judge or the judge's personal
1684	campaign committee on or before December 31 of the previous year shall be reported in the
1685	summary report.
1686	(3) The judge shall certify in the summary report that, to the best of the judge's
1687	knowledge, all contributions and all expenditures have been reported as of December 31 of the
1688	last regular general election year and that there are no financial obligations outstanding except
1689	as set forth in the report.
1690	Section 29. Section 20A-12-305 is amended to read:
1691	20A-12-305. Judicial retention election candidates Financial reporting
1692	requirements Interim report.
1693	(1) The judge's personal campaign committee shall file an interim report with the
1694	lieutenant governor before the close of regular office hours on the date seven days before the
1695	regular general election date.
1696	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
1697	(a) a detailed listing of each contribution received since the last financial statement;
1698	(b) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
1699	(c) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report;
1700	(d) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure; and

(e) a net balance for the year consisting of all contributions since the last summary

report minus all expenditures since the last summary report.

(3) (a) For all individual contributions of [\$50] \$100 or less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.

- (b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more than [\$50] \$100 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
- (4) In preparing each interim report, all contributions and expenditures shall be reported as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
- (5) A negotiable instrument or check received by a judge or the judge's personal campaign committee more than five days before the required filing date of a report required by this section shall be included in the interim report.

Legislative Review Note as of 11-15-12 11:00 AM

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