1	CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTION AMENDMENTS
2	2013 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Kraig Powell
5	Senate Sponsor: Peter C. Knudson
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends campaign finance provisions related to anonymous cash contributions
10	and aggregate reporting of cash contributions.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	amends definitions;
14	prohibits an anonymous cash contribution over \$75;
15	requires a candidate to disburse an anonymous cash contribution or public service
16	assistance over \$75 to:
17	 the state or political subdivision for deposit into its general fund; or
18	 an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
19	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code;
20	 prohibits a filing entity, other than a candidate, from using an anonymous cash
21	contribution for a political purpose or as a political issues expenditure;
22	 allows a filing entity to aggregate on a report contributions that do not exceed \$75;
23	• increases the amount at which certain filing entities must report the recipient of an
24	expenditure; and
25	makes technical changes.



26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
27	None
28	Other Special Clauses:
29	None
30	Utah Code Sections Affected:
31	AMENDS:
32	10-3-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 190, 190, 230, and 230
33	17-16-6.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
34	20A-11-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
35	20A-11-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
36	20A-11-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
37	20A-11-204 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
38	20A-11-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
39	20A-11-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
40	20A-11-303 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
41	20A-11-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 297 and 347
42	20A-11-505.7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
43	20A-11-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 14 and 225
44	20A-11-507 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
45	20A-11-510, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
46	20A-11-511, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
47	20A-11-601 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
48	20A-11-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 69 and 230
49	20A-11-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
50	20A-11-801, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 225
51	20A-11-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 69 and 230
52	20A-11-904, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
53	20A-11-1301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
54	20A-11-1302 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
55	20A-11-1303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
56	20A-11-1502, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389

20A-12-301 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 166
20A-12-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
20A-12-304 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
20A-12-305 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 10-3-208 is amended to read:
10-3-208. Campaign finance disclosure in municipal election.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Reporting date" means:
(i) 10 days before a municipal general election, for a campaign finance statement
required to be filed no later than seven days before a municipal general election; and
(ii) the day of filing, for a campaign finance statement required to be filed no later than
30 days after a municipal primary or general election.
(b) "Reporting limit" means for each calendar year:
(i) [\$50] <u>\$75</u> ; or
(ii) an amount lower than $[\$50]$ $\$75$ that is specified in an ordinance of the
municipality.
(2) (a) (i) Each candidate for municipal office:
(A) shall deposit a campaign contribution in a separate campaign account in a financial
institution; and
(B) may not deposit or mingle any campaign contributions received into a personal or
business account.
(ii) Each candidate for municipal office who is not eliminated at a municipal primary
election shall file with the municipal clerk or recorder a campaign finance statement:
(A) no later than seven days before the date of the municipal general election; and
(B) no later than 30 days after the date of the municipal general election.
(iii) Each candidate for municipal office who is eliminated at a municipal primary
election shall file with the municipal clerk or recorder a campaign finance statement no later
than 30 days after the date of the municipal primary election.
(h) Fach campaign finance statement under Subsection (2)(a) shall:

88	(i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii):
89	(A) report all of the candidate's itemized and total:
90	(I) campaign contributions, including in-kind and other nonmonetary contributions,
91	received before the close of the reporting date; and
92	(II) campaign expenditures made through the close of the reporting date; and
93	(B) identify:
94	(I) for each contribution that exceeds the reporting limit, the amount of the contribution
95	and the name of the donor, if known;
96	(II) the aggregate total of all contributions that individually do not exceed the reporting
97	limit; and
98	(III) for each campaign expenditure, the amount of the expenditure and the name of the
99	recipient of the expenditure; or
100	(ii) report the total amount of all campaign contributions and expenditures if the
101	candidate receives \$500 or less in campaign contributions and spends \$500 or less on the
102	candidate's campaign.
103	(c) A person who makes a cash contribution that exceeds the reporting limit shall
104	disclose the person's name to the candidate who receives the contribution.
105	(d) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution that exceeds the reporting limit
106	from a donor whose name is unknown, a candidate shall disburse the amount of the
107	contribution to:
108	(i) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
109	political subdivision's General Fund; or
110	(ii) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
111	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
112	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "account" means an account in a financial
113	institution:
114	(i) that is not described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and
115	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a
116	municipal office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a
117	holder of an office, other than a municipal office for which the person files a declaration of
118	candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.

119	(b) A municipal office candidate shall include on any campaign finance statement filed
120	in accordance with this section:
121	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
122	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
123	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or
124	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
125	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
126	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
127	(4) (a) A municipality may, by ordinance:
128	(i) provide a reporting limit lower than [\$50] \$75;
129	(ii) require greater disclosure of campaign contributions and expenditures than is
130	required in this section; and
131	(iii) impose additional penalties on candidates who fail to comply with the applicable
132	requirements beyond those imposed by this section.
133	(b) A candidate for municipal office is subject to the provisions of this section and not
134	the provisions of an ordinance adopted by the municipality under Subsection (4)(a) if:
135	(i) the municipal ordinance establishes requirements or penalties that differ from those
136	established in this section; and
137	(ii) the municipal clerk or recorder fails to notify the candidate of the provisions of the
138	ordinance as required in Subsection (5).
139	(5) Each municipal clerk or recorder shall, at the time the candidate for municipal
140	office files a declaration of candidacy, and again 14 days before each municipal general
141	election, notify the candidate in writing of:
142	(a) the provisions of statute or municipal ordinance governing the disclosure of
143	campaign contributions and expenditures;
144	(b) the dates when the candidate's campaign finance statement is required to be filed;
145	and
146	(c) the penalties that apply for failure to file a timely campaign finance statement,
147	including the statutory provision that requires removal of the candidate's name from the ballot
148	for failure to file the required campaign finance statement when required.
149	(6) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records

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next scheduled report.

- 150 Access and Management Act, the municipal clerk or recorder shall: 151 (a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public 152 inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and 153 (b) make the campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public 154 inspection by: 155 (i) (A) posting an electronic copy or the contents of the statement on the municipality's 156 website no later than seven business days after the statement is filed; and 157 (B) verifying that the address of the municipality's website has been provided to the 158 lieutenant governor in order to meet the requirements of Subsection 20A-11-103(5); or 159 (ii) submitting a copy of the statement to the lieutenant governor for posting on the 160 website established by the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-11-103 no later than two 161 business days after the statement is filed. 162 (7) (a) If a candidate fails to file a campaign finance statement before the municipal 163 general election by the deadline specified in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A), the municipal clerk or 164 recorder shall inform the appropriate election official who: 165 (i) shall: 166 (A) if practicable, remove the candidate's name from the ballot by blacking out the 167 candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; or 168 (B) if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform the 169 voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes cast for 170 the candidate will not be counted; and 171 (ii) may not count any votes for that candidate. 172 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), a candidate who files a campaign finance 173 statement seven days before a municipal general election is not disqualified if: 174 (i) the statement details accurately and completely the information required under
 - (8) A campaign finance statement required under this section is considered filed if it is received in the municipal clerk or recorder's office by 5 p.m. on the date that is it due.

Subsection (2)(b), except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; and

(9) (a) A private party in interest may bring a civil action in district court to enforce the

(ii) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in the

181	provisions of this section or an ordinance adopted under this section.
182	(b) In a civil action under Subsection (9)(a), the court may award costs and attorney
183	fees to the prevailing party.
184	Section 2. Section 17-16-6.5 is amended to read:
185	17-16-6.5. Campaign financial disclosure in county elections.
186	(1) (a) A county shall adopt an ordinance establishing campaign finance disclosure
187	requirements for candidates for county office.
188	(b) The ordinance required by Subsection (1)(a) shall include:
189	(i) a requirement that each candidate for county office report the candidate's itemized
190	and total campaign contributions and expenditures at least once within the two weeks before
191	the election and at least once within two months after the election;
192	(ii) a definition of "contribution" and "expenditure" that requires reporting of
193	nonmonetary contributions such as in-kind contributions and contributions of tangible things;
194	(iii) a requirement that the financial reports identify:
195	(A) for each contribution of more than $[\$50]$ $\$75$, the name of the donor of the
196	contribution, if known, and the amount of the contribution; and
197	(B) for each expenditure, the name of the recipient and the amount of the expenditure;
198	(iv) a requirement that a candidate for county office deposit a contribution in a separate
199	campaign account in a financial institution; [and]
200	(v) a prohibition against a candidate for county office depositing or mingling any
201	contributions received into a personal or business account[-];
202	(vi) a requirement that a person who makes a cash contribution that exceeds \$75
203	disclose the person's name to the candidate who receives the contribution; and
204	(vii) a requirement that a candidate for county office who receives a cash contribution
205	that exceeds \$75 from a donor whose name is unknown shall, within 30 days after receiving the
206	contribution, disburse the amount of the contribution to:
207	(A) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
208	political subdivision's General Fund; or
209	(B) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
210	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
211	(c) (i) As used in this Subsection (1)(c), "account" means an account in a financial

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- (A) that is not described in Subsection (1)(b)(iv); and
- (B) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a county office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a holder of an office, other than a county office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
- (ii) The ordinance required by Subsection (1)(a) shall include a requirement that a candidate for county office include on a financial report filed in accordance with the ordinance a contribution deposited in or an expenditure made from an account:
 - (A) since the last financial report was filed; or
 - (B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
- (2) If any county fails to adopt a campaign finance disclosure ordinance described in Subsection (1), candidates for county office, other than community council office, shall comply with the financial reporting requirements contained in Subsections (3) through [(7)] (8).
 - (3) A candidate for elective office in a county:
- (a) shall deposit a contribution in a separate campaign account in a financial institution; and
- (b) may not deposit or mingle any contributions received into a personal or business account.
- (4) Each candidate for elective office in any county who is not required to submit a campaign financial statement to the lieutenant governor shall file a signed campaign financial statement with the county clerk:
- (a) seven days before the date of the regular general election, reporting each contribution of more than [\$50] \$75 and each expenditure as of 10 days before the date of the regular general election; and
 - (b) no later than 30 days after the date of the regular general election.
 - (5) (a) The statement filed seven days before the regular general election shall include:
- 239 (i) a list of each contribution of more than [\$50] \$75 received by the candidate, and the 240 name of the donor, if known;
- 241 (ii) an aggregate total of all contributions of [\$50] \$75 or less received by the 242 candidate; and

243	(iii) a list of each expenditure for political purposes made during the campaign period,
244	and the recipient of each expenditure.
245	(b) The statement filed 30 days after the regular general election shall include:
246	(i) a list of each contribution of more than [\$50] \$75 received after the cutoff date for
247	the statement filed seven days before the election, and the name of the donor;
248	(ii) an aggregate total of all contributions of $[\$50]$ $\$75$ or less received by the candidate
249	after the cutoff date for the statement filed seven days before the election; and
250	(iii) a list of all expenditures for political purposes made by the candidate after the
251	cutoff date for the statement filed seven days before the election, and the recipient of each
252	expenditure.
253	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "account" means an account in a financial
254	institution:
255	(i) that is not described in Subsection (3)(a); and
256	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a
257	county office for which the person filed a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a
258	holder of an office, other than a county office for which the person filed a declaration of
259	candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
260	(b) A county office candidate shall include on any campaign financial statement filed
261	in accordance with Subsection (4) or (5):
262	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
263	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
264	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or
265	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
266	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
267	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
268	(7) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution that exceeds \$75 from a donor
269	whose name is unknown, a county office candidate shall disburse the amount of the
270	contribution to:
271	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
272	political subdivision's general fund; or
273	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section

274	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
275	[(7)] (8) Candidates for elective office in any county who are eliminated at a primary
276	election shall file a signed campaign financial statement containing the information required by
277	this section not later than 30 days after the primary election.
278	[(8)] (9) Any person who fails to comply with this section is guilty of an infraction.
279	[(9)] (10) Counties may, by ordinance, enact requirements that:
280	(a) require greater disclosure of campaign contributions and expenditures; and
281	(b) impose additional penalties.
282	[(10)] (11) (a) If a candidate fails to file an interim report due before the election, the
283	county clerk shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely
284	mailed, inform the appropriate election officials who:
285	(i) (A) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate by blacking out the
286	candidate's name before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
287	(B) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform
288	the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes
289	cast for the candidate will not be counted; and
290	(ii) may not count any votes for that candidate.
291	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(10)]$ (11) (a), a candidate is not disqualified if:
292	(i) the candidate files the reports required by this section;
293	(ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
294	required by this section except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies;
295	and
296	(iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies are corrected in an amended report or in
297	the next scheduled report.
298	(c) A report is considered filed if:
299	(i) it is received in the county clerk's office no later than 5 p.m. on the date that it is
300	due;
301	(ii) it is received in the county clerk's office with a United States Postal Service
302	postmark three days or more before the date that the report was due; or
303	(iii) the candidate has proof that the report was mailed, with appropriate postage and

addressing, three days before the report was due.

305	$\left[\frac{(11)}{(12)}\right]$ (a) Any private party in interest may bring a civil action in district court to
306	enforce the provisions of this section or any ordinance adopted under this section.
307	(b) In a civil action filed under Subsection [(11)] (12)(a), the court shall award costs
308	and [attorney's] attorney fees to the prevailing party.
309	[(12)] (13) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
310	Records Access and Management Act, the county clerk shall:
311	(a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
312	inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and
313	(b) make the campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
314	inspection by:
315	(i) (A) posting an electronic copy or the contents of the statement on the county's
316	website no later than seven business days after the statement is filed; and
317	(B) verifying that the address of the county's website has been provided to the
318	lieutenant governor in order to meet the requirements of Subsection 20A-11-103(5); or
319	(ii) submitting a copy of the statement to the lieutenant governor for posting on the
320	website established by the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-11-103 no later than two
321	business days after the statement is filed.
322	Section 3. Section 20A-11-101 is amended to read:
323	20A-11-101. Definitions.
324	As used in this chapter:
325	(1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a
326	reporting entity has its principal office.
327	(2) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional
328	amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by
329	the Utah Code Annotated 1953.
330	(3) "Candidate" means any person who:
331	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or
332	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
333	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
334	to a public office.
335	(4) "Chief election officer" means:

336	(a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates,
337	officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues
338	committees, state school board candidates, judges, and labor organizations, as defined in
339	Section 20A-11-1501; and
340	(b) the county clerk for local school board candidates.
341	(5) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
342	(i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of
343	value given to the filing entity;
344	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
345	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
346	anything of value to the filing entity;
347	(iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the filing entity;
348	(iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for
349	personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;
350	(v) remuneration from:
351	(A) any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a registered lobbyist;
352	or
353	(B) any agency or subdivision of the state, including school districts; and
354	(vi) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of the filing entity at less than fair
355	market value.
356	(b) "Contribution" does not include:
357	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
358	of their time on behalf of the filing entity;
359	(ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
360	business; or
361	(iii) goods or services provided for the benefit of a candidate or political party at less
362	than fair market value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the candidate or political
363	party.
364	(6) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a
365	candidate or political party are provided:
366	(a) with the candidate's or political party's prior knowledge, if the candidate or political

367	party does not object;
368	(b) by agreement with the candidate or political party;
369	(c) in coordination with the candidate or political party; or
370	(d) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a candidate or
371	political party.
372	(7) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business
373	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and
374	makes any expenditure from corporate funds for:
375	(i) the purpose of expressly advocating for political purposes; or
376	(ii) the purpose of expressly advocating the approval or the defeat of any ballot
377	proposition.
378	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
379	(i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or
380	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
381	(8) "County political party" means, for each registered political party, all of the persons
382	within a single county who, under definitions established by the political party, are members of
383	the registered political party.
384	(9) "County political party officer" means a person whose name is required to be
385	submitted by a county political party to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section
386	20A-8-402.
387	(10) "Detailed listing" means:
388	(a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
389	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public
390	service assistance, unless the name or address of the individual or source is unknown;
391	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and
392	(iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
393	(b) for each expenditure:
394	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
395	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
396	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
397	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.

398	(11) "Election" means each:
399	(a) regular general election;
400	(b) regular primary election; and
401	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.
402	(12) "Electioneering communication" means a communication that:
403	(a) has at least a value of \$10,000;
404	(b) clearly identifies a candidate or judge; and
405	(c) is disseminated through the Internet, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising
406	facility, direct mailing, broadcast, cable, or satellite provider within 45 days of the clearly
407	identified candidate's or judge's election date.
408	(13) (a) "Expenditure" means:
409	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
410	required by this chapter;
411	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
412	or anything of value made for political purposes;
413	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
414	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of
415	value for political purposes;
416	(iv) compensation paid by a filing entity for personal services rendered by a person
417	without charge to a reporting entity;
418	(v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign
419	committee; or
420	(vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another
421	reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value.
422	(b) "Expenditure" does not include:
423	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
424	of their time on behalf of a reporting entity;
425	(ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
426	business; or
427	(iii) anything listed in Subsection (13)(a) that is given by a reporting entity to
428	candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah.

429 (14) "Federal office" means the office of President of the United States, United States 430 Senator, or United States Representative. 431 (15) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is required to file a financial 432 statement required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections. 433 (16) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, verified 434 financial statement, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts, 435 donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial 436 Retention Elections. 437 (17) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the 438 candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee, 439 political party, or corporation. 440 (18) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 1, 441 Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city or town. (19) "Incorporation election" means the election authorized by Section 10-2-111. 442 443 (20) "Incorporation petition" means a petition authorized by Section 10-2-109. 444 (21) "Individual" means a natural person. (22) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and 445 446 expenditures made since the last report. 447 (23) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker 448 of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant 449 whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature. 450 (24) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who: 451 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative; 452 (b) declares oneself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of 453 speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and 454 assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; or 455 (c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to 456 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election 457 to a legislative office. 458 (25) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office.

(26) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the

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- (27) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals, business organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action committees, political issues committees, and labor organizations, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
- (28) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a candidate to act for the candidate as provided in this chapter.
- (29) "Personal use expenditure" has the same meaning as provided under Section 20A-11-104.
- (30) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:
- (i) solicit or receive contributions from any other person, group, or entity for political purposes; or
- (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or against any candidate or person seeking election to a municipal or county office.
- (b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes.
 - (c) "Political action committee" does not mean:
- (i) a party committee;
- (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
 - (iii) an individual;
- (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking account;
- (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political action committee; or
 - (vi) a personal campaign committee.
- (31) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by a registered political party to select candidates.
- 489 (32) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or 490 entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:

491	(i) solicit or receive donations from any other person, group, or entity to assist in
492	placing a ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot, or
493	to advocate that a voter refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any ballot proposition;
494	(ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to sign or refuse to sign a
495	ballot proposition or incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote against any
496	proposed ballot proposition or an incorporation in an incorporation election; or
497	(iii) make expenditures to assist in qualifying or placing a ballot proposition on the
498	ballot or to assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot.
499	(b) "Political issues committee" does not mean:
500	(i) a registered political party or a party committee;
501	(ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the
502	regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
503	(iii) an individual;
504	(iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking
505	account; or
506	(v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political
507	issues committee.
508	(33) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following:
509	(i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
510	anything of value given to a political issues committee;
511	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political
512	issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition;
513	(iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting
514	entity;
515	(iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered
516	without charge to a political issues committee; and
517	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at
518	less than fair market value.
519	(b) "Political issues contribution" does not include:
520	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
521	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or

522	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
523	course of business.
524	(34) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following:
525	(i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing
526	the approval or the defeat of:
527	(A) a ballot proposition; or
528	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
529	(ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for
530	the express purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of:
531	(A) a ballot proposition; or
532	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
533	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
534	political issues expenditure;
535	(iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person
536	without charge to a political issues committee; or
537	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less
538	than fair market value.
539	(b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include:
540	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
541	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
542	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
543	course of business.
544	(35) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or
545	tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or
546	against any candidate or a person seeking a municipal or county office at any caucus, political
547	convention, or election.
548	(36) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the election
549	laws.
550	(37) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor,
551	state treasurer, attorney general, state or local school board member, state senator, state
552	representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader,

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- whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
 - (38) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided to an officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to communicate with the officeholder's constituents:
 - (i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value to an officeholder; or
 - (ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the officeholder.
 - (b) "Public service assistance" does not include:
 - (i) anything provided by the state;
 - (ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of an officeholder;
- 565 (iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of 566 business;
 - (iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or
 - (v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the officeholder.
 - (39) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more individuals sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political action committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting the political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial statement the individuals are listed.
 - (40) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance.
 - (41) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11, Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.
 - (42) "Registered political action committee" means any political action committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's office.
- 582 (43) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues committee that 583 is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's

584	office.
585	(44) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:
586	(a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2%
587	or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives
588	for any of its candidates for any office; or
589	(b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of Chapter 8, Political
590	Party Formation and Procedures.
591	(45) (a) "Remuneration" means a payment:
592	(i) made to a legislator for the period the Legislature is in session; and
593	(ii) that is approximately equivalent to an amount a legislator would have earned
594	during the period the Legislature is in session in the legislator's ordinary course of business.
595	(b) "Remuneration" does not mean anything of economic value given to a legislator by:
596	(i) the legislator's primary employer in the ordinary course of business; or
597	(ii) a person or entity in the ordinary course of business:
598	(A) because of the legislator's ownership interest in the entity; or
599	(B) for services rendered by the legislator on behalf of the person or entity.
600	(46) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee,
601	a judge, a judge's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, a party committee, a political
602	action committee, a political issues committee, a corporation, or a labor organization, as
603	defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
604	(47) "School board office" means the office of state school board or local school board.
605	(48) (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the tangible or
606	intangible asset that comprises the contribution.
607	(b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political
608	action committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action
609	committee or the owners or shareholders of the corporation.
610	(49) "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general,
611	state auditor, and state treasurer.
612	(50) "State office candidate" means a person who:
613	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or

(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to

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account for federal office.

615 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election 616 to a state office. 617 (51) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a 618 reporting entity's contributions and expenditures. 619 (52) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that allocate 620 expenditures from a political issues committee. 621 Section 4. Section **20A-11-201** is amended to read: 622 20A-11-201. State office candidate -- Separate bank account for campaign funds 623 -- No personal use -- Report contributions within 30 days -- Report other accounts --624 Anonymous contributions. 625 (1) (a) Each state office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee 626 shall deposit each contribution and public service assistance received in one or more separate 627 campaign accounts in a financial institution. 628 (b) A state office candidate or a candidate's personal campaign committee may not use 629 money deposited in a campaign account for: 630 (i) a personal use expenditure; or 631 (ii) an expenditure prohibited by law. 632 (2) A state office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee may not 633 deposit or mingle any contributions received into a personal or business account. 634 (3) If a person who is no longer a state office candidate chooses not to expend the 635 money remaining in a campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end 636 summary report required by Section 20A-11-203 until the statement of dissolution and final 637 summary report required by Section 20A-11-205 are filed with the lieutenant governor. 638 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) and Section 20A-11-402, a person who 639 is no longer a state office candidate may not expend or transfer the money in a campaign 640 account in a manner that would cause the former state office candidate to recognize the money 641 as taxable income under federal tax law. 642 (b) A person who is no longer a state office candidate may transfer the money in a 643 campaign account in a manner that would cause the former state office candidate to recognize

the money as taxable income under federal tax law if the transfer is made to a campaign

646	(5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5) and Section 20A-11-204, "received" means:
647	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a state office candidate or a member
648	of the candidate's personal campaign committee;
649	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
650	instrument or check is negotiated; and
651	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
652	inures to the state office candidate.
653	(b) Each state office candidate shall report each contribution and public service
654	assistance to the lieutenant governor within 30 days after the contribution or public service
655	assistance is received.
656	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "account" means an account in a financial
657	institution:
658	(i) that is not described in Subsection (1)(a); and
659	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than the
660	state office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a holder
661	of an office, other than a state office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or
662	federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
663	(b) A state office candidate shall include on any financial statement filed in accordance
664	with this part:
665	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
666	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
667	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or
668	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
669	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
670	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
671	(7) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution that exceeds \$75 from an
672	unknown source, a state office candidate shall disburse the amount of the contribution to:
673	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
674	political subdivision's General Fund; or
675	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
676	501(c)(3). Internal Revenue Code.

677	Section 5. Section 20A-11-203 is amended to read:
678	20A-11-203. State office candidate Financial reporting requirements
679	Year-end summary report.
680	(1) (a) Each state office candidate shall file a summary report by January 10 of the year
681	after the regular general election year.
682	(b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), a former state office candidate
683	that has not filed the statement of dissolution and final summary report required under Section
684	20A-11-205 shall continue to file a summary report on January 10 of each year.
685	(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31
686	of the previous year:
687	(i) the net balance of the last financial statement, if any;
688	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all interim reports,
689	if any;
690	(iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all interim
691	reports, if any, filed during the previous year;
692	(iv) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
693	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;
694	(v) for each nonmonetary contribution:
695	(A) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
696	contributor; and
697	(B) a specific description of the contribution;
698	(vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
699	not been reported in detail on an interim report;
700	(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
701	(viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
702	report, if any, plus all receipts minus all expenditures; and
703	(ix) the name of a political action committee for which the state office candidate is
704	designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section
705	20A-11-601.
706	(b) (i) For all single contributions or public service assistance of $[\$50]$ $\$75$ or less, a
707	single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.

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708 (ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of 709 more than [\$50] \$75 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately. 710 (c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of 711 December 31 of the previous year. 712 (d) A check or negotiable instrument received by a state office candidate or a state 713 office candidate's personal campaign committee on or before December 31 of the previous year 714 shall be included in the summary report. 715 (3) An authorized member of the state office candidate's personal campaign committee 716 or the state office candidate shall certify in the summary report that, to the best of the person's 717 knowledge, all receipts and all expenditures have been reported as of December 31 of the 718 previous year and that there are no bills or obligations outstanding and unpaid except as set 719 forth in that report. 720 Section 6. Section **20A-11-204** is amended to read: 721 20A-11-204. State office candidate -- Financial reporting requirements -- Interim 722 reports. 723 (1) Each state office candidate shall file an interim report at the following times in any 724 year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office: 725 (a) seven days before the candidate's political convention; 726 (b) seven days before the regular primary election date; 727 (c) August 31; and 728 (d) seven days before the regular general election date. 729 (2) Each interim report shall include the following information: 730 (a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any; 731 (b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim 732 reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due; 733 (c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior 734 interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due; 735 (d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since 736 the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;

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(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the

(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:

739	contributor; and
740	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
741	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
742	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
743	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
744	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
745	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
746	last summary report;
747	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
748	(i) beginning balance;
749	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
750	(iii) total contributions to date;
751	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
752	(v) total expenditures to date; and
753	(j) the name of a political action committee for which the state office candidate is
754	designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section
755	20A-11-601.
756	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of [\$50] \$75 or less,
757	a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
758	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
759	more than [\$50] \$75 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
760	(4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported
761	as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
762	(b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a state office candidate more than
763	five days before the required filing date of a report required by this section shall be included in
764	the interim report.
765	Section 7. Section 20A-11-301 is amended to read:
766	20A-11-301. Legislative office candidate Campaign finance requirements
767	Candidate as a political action committee officer No personal use Report
768	contributions within 30 days Report other accounts Anonymous contributions.
769	(1) (a) (i) Each legislative office candidate shall deposit each contribution and public

service assistance received in one or more separate accounts in a financial institution that are dedicated only to that purpose.

- (ii) A legislative office candidate may:
- (A) receive a contribution or public service assistance from a political action committee registered under Section 20A-11-601; and
- (B) be designated by a political action committee as an officer who has primary decision-making authority as described in Section 20A-11-601.
- (b) A legislative office candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee may not use money deposited in an account described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) for:
 - (i) a personal use expenditure; or
 - (ii) an expenditure prohibited by law.
- (2) A legislative office candidate may not deposit or mingle any contributions or public service assistance received into a personal or business account.
- (3) If a person who is no longer a legislative candidate chooses not to expend the money remaining in a campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end summary report required by Section 20A-11-302 until the statement of dissolution and final summary report required by Section 20A-11-304 are filed with the lieutenant governor.
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) and Section 20A-11-402, a person who is no longer a legislative office candidate may not expend or transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former legislative office candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law.
- (b) A person who is no longer a legislative office candidate may transfer the money in a campaign account in a manner that would cause the former legislative office candidate to recognize the money as taxable income under federal tax law if the transfer is made to a campaign account for federal office.
 - (5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5) and Section 20A-11-303, "received" means:
- (i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a legislative office candidate or a member of the candidate's personal campaign committee;
- (ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable instrument or check is negotiated; and
 - (iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit

801	inures to the legislative office candidate.
802	(b) Each legislative office candidate shall report each contribution and public service
803	assistance to the lieutenant governor within 30 days after the contribution or public service
804	assistance is received.
805	(6) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution that exceeds \$75 from an
806	unknown source, a legislative office candidate shall disburse the amount of the contribution to:
807	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
808	political subdivision's General Fund; or
809	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
810	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
811	[(6)] (7) (a) As used in this Subsection $[(6)]$ (7) , "account" means an account in a
812	financial institution:
813	(i) that is not described in Subsection (1)(a)(i); and
814	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a
815	legislative office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as a
816	holder of an office, other than a legislative office for which the person files a declaration of
817	candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
818	(b) A legislative office candidate shall include on any financial statement filed in
819	accordance with this part:
820	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
821	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
822	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or
823	(ii) an expenditure made from an account:
824	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
825	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
826	Section 8. Section 20A-11-302 is amended to read:
827	20A-11-302. Legislative office candidate Financial reporting requirements
828	Year-end summary report.
829	(1) (a) Each legislative office candidate shall file a summary report by January 10 of
830	the year after the regular general election year.
831	(b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), a former legislative office

832	candidate that has not filed the statement of dissolution and final summary report required
833	under Section 20A-11-304 shall continue to file a summary report on January 10 of each year.
834	(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31
835	of the previous year:
836	(i) the net balance of the last financial statement, if any;
837	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all interim reports,
838	if any, during the calendar year in which the summary report is due;
839	(iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all interim
840	reports, if any, filed during the previous year;
841	(iv) a detailed listing of each receipt, contribution, and public service assistance since
842	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;
843	(v) for each nonmonetary contribution:
844	(A) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
845	contributor; and
846	(B) a specific description of the contribution;
847	(vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
848	not been reported in detail on an interim report;
849	(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
850	(viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
851	report, if any, plus all receipts minus all expenditures; and
852	(ix) the name of a political action committee for which the legislative office candidate
853	is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section
854	20A-11-601.
855	(b) (i) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of [\$50] \$75 or less,
856	a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
857	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
858	more than [\$50] \$75 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
859	(c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of
860	December 31 of the previous year.

(d) A check or negotiable instrument received by a legislative office candidate on or

before December 31 of the previous year shall be included in the summary report.

863	(3) The legislative office candidate shall certify in the summary report that to the best
864	of the candidate's knowledge, all receipts and all expenditures have been reported as of
865	December 31 of the previous year and that there are no bills or obligations outstanding and
866	unpaid except as set forth in that report.
867	Section 9. Section 20A-11-303 is amended to read:
868	20A-11-303. Legislative office candidate Financial reporting requirements
869	Interim reports.
870	(1) Each legislative office candidate shall file an interim report at the following times
871	in any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
872	(a) seven days before the candidate's political convention;
873	(b) seven days before the regular primary election date;
874	(c) August 31; and
875	(d) seven days before the regular general election date.
876	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
877	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
878	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
879	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
880	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
881	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
882	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
883	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
884	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:
885	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
886	contributor; and
887	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
888	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
889	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
890	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
891	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
892	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
893	last summary report;

(i) beginning balance;

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896 (ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement; 897 (iii) total contributions to date; 898 (iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and 899 (v) total expenditures to date; and 900 (j) the name of a political action committee for which the legislative office candidate is 901 designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section 902 20A-11-601. 903 (3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of [\$50] \$75 or less, 904 a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings. 905 (b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more than [\$50] \$75 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately. 906 907 (4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported 908 as of five days before the required filing date of the report. 909 (b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a legislative office candidate more 910 than five days before the required filing date of a report required by this section shall be 911 included in the interim report. 912 Section 10. Section **20A-11-401** is amended to read: 913 20A-11-401. Officeholder financial reporting requirements -- Year-end summary 914 report -- Officeholder as a political action committee officer -- Anonymous public service 915 assistance. 916 (1) (a) Each officeholder shall file a summary report by January 10 of each year. 917 (b) An officeholder that is required to file a summary report both as an officeholder and 918 as a candidate for office under the requirements of this chapter may file a single summary 919 report as a candidate and an officeholder, provided that the combined report meets the 920 requirements of: 921 (i) this section; and 922 (ii) the section that provides the requirements for the summary report filed by the 923 officeholder in the officeholder's capacity of a candidate for office. 924 (2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31

(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:

Section 20A-11-601; and

925	of the previous year:
926	(i) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
927	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts received since the last summary
928	report, if any;
929	(iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures made since the last
930	summary report, if any;
931	(iv) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
932	the last summary report;
933	(v) for each nonmonetary contribution:
934	(A) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
935	contributor; and
936	(B) a specific description of the contribution;
937	(vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report;
938	(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
939	(viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
940	report plus all receipts minus all expenditures; and
941	(ix) the name of a political action committee for which the officeholder is designated
942	as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section 20A-11-601.
943	(b) (i) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of $[\$50]$ $\$75$ or less,
944	a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
945	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
946	more than $[\$50]$ $\$75$ may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
947	(c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of
948	December 31 of the previous year.
949	(3) The summary report shall contain a paragraph signed by the officeholder certifying
950	that, to the best of the officeholder's knowledge, all receipts and all expenditures have been
951	reported as of December 31 of the last calendar year and that there are no bills or obligations
952	outstanding and unpaid except as set forth in that report.
953	(4) An officeholder may:
954	(a) receive public service assistance from a political action committee registered under

956	(b) be designated by a political action committee as an officer who has primary
957	decision-making authority as described in Section 20A-11-601.
958	(5) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution or cash public service assistance
959	that exceeds \$75 from an unknown source, an officeholder shall disburse the amount of the
960	contribution or public service assistance to:
961	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
962	political subdivision's General Fund; or
963	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
964	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
965	Section 11. Section 20A-11-505.7 is amended to read:
966	20A-11-505.7. Separate account for contributions for registered political party
967	Anonymous contributions to registered political party or county political party.
968	(1) A registered political party shall deposit a contribution received in one or more
969	separate campaign accounts in a financial institution.
970	(2) A registered political party may not deposit or mingle a contribution received into a
971	personal or business account.
972	(3) A registered political party or county political party may not expend a cash
973	contribution for political purposes or a political issues expenditure if the cash contribution:
974	(a) exceeds \$75; and
975	(b) is from an unknown source.
976	Section 12. Section 20A-11-506 is amended to read:
977	20A-11-506. Political party financial reporting requirements Year-end
978	summary report.
979	(1) The party committee of each registered political party shall file a summary report by
980	January 10 of each year.
981	(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31
982	of the previous year:
983	(i) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
984	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all interim reports,
985	if any, during the previous year;
986	(iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all interim

987	reports, if any, filed during the previous year;
988	(iv) a detailed listing of each contribution [and public service assistance] received since
989	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;
990	(v) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
991	(vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
992	not been reported in detail on an interim report;
993	(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure; and
994	(viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
995	report, if any, plus all receipts minus all expenditures.
996	(b) (i) For all individual contributions [or public service assistance] of [\$50] \$75 or
997	less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
998	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
999	more than [\$50] \$75 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
1000	(c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of
1001	December 31 of the previous year.
1002	(3) The summary report shall contain a paragraph signed by the treasurer of the party
1003	committee certifying that, to the best of the treasurer's knowledge, all receipts and all
1004	expenditures have been reported as of December 31 of the previous year and that there are no
1005	bills or obligations outstanding and unpaid except as set forth in that report.
1006	Section 13. Section 20A-11-507 is amended to read:
1007	20A-11-507. Political party financial reporting requirements Interim reports.
1008	(1) The party committee of each registered political party shall file an interim report at
1009	the following times in any year in which there is a regular general election:
1010	(a) seven days before the registered political party's political convention;
1011	(b) seven days before the regular primary election date;
1012	(c) August 31; and
1013	(d) seven days before the general election date.
1014	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:

(a) the net balance of the last financial statement, if any;

reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;

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(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim

1018	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
1019	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
1020	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution [and public service assistance] received since
1021	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
1022	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
1023	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
1024	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
1025	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
1026	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
1027	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
1028	last summary report; and
1029	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
1030	(i) beginning balance;
1031	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
1032	(iii) total contributions to date;
1033	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
1034	(v) total expenditures to date.
1035	(3) (a) For all individual contributions [or public service assistance] of [\$50] \$75 or
1036	less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
1037	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
1038	more than [\$50] \$75 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
1039	(4) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as
1040	of five days before the required filing date of the report.
1041	Section 14. Section 20A-11-510 is amended to read:
1042	20A-11-510. County political party financial reporting requirements Year-end
1043	summary report.
1044	(1) A county political party officer of a county political party that has received
1045	contributions totaling at least \$750, or disbursed expenditures totaling at least [\$50] \$75,
1046	during a calendar year shall file a summary report by January 10 of the following year.
1047	(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31
1048	of the previous year:

1049	(i) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
1050	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all interim reports,
1051	if any, filed during the previous year;
1052	(iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all interim
1053	reports, if any, filed during the previous year;
1054	(iv) a detailed listing of each contribution [and public service assistance] received since
1055	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;
1056	(v) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
1057	(vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
1058	not been reported in detail on an interim report;
1059	(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure; and
1060	(viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
1061	report, if any, plus all receipts minus all expenditures.
1062	(b) (i) For all individual contributions [or public service assistance] of $[\$50]$ $\$75$ or
1063	less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
1064	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
1065	more than [\$50] \$75 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
1066	(c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of
1067	December 31 of the previous year.
1068	(3) The county political party officer shall certify in the summary report that, to the
1069	best of the officer's knowledge, all receipts and all expenditures have been reported as of
1070	December 31 of the previous year and that there are no bills or obligations outstanding and
1071	unpaid except as set forth in that report.
1072	Section 15. Section 20A-11-511 is amended to read:
1073	20A-11-511. County political party financial reporting requirements Interim
1074	reports.
1075	(1) (a) A county political party officer of a county political party that has received
1076	contributions totaling at least \$750, or disbursed expenditures totaling at least [\$50] \$75,
1077	during a calendar year shall file an interim report at the following times in any year in which
1078	there is a regular general election:
1079	(i) seven days before the county political party's convention:

1080	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
1081	(iii) August 31; and
1082	(iv) seven days before the general election date.
1083	(b) A county political party officer need not file an interim report if it received no
1084	contributions or made no expenditures during the reporting period.
1085	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
1086	(a) the net balance of the last financial statement, if any;
1087	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
1088	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
1089	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
1090	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
1091	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution [and public service assistance] received since
1092	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
1093	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
1094	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
1095	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
1096	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
1097	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
1098	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
1099	last summary report; and
1100	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
1101	(i) beginning balance;
1102	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
1103	(iii) total contributions to date;
1104	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
1105	(v) total expenditures to date.
1106	(3) (a) For all individual contributions [or public service assistance] of [\$50] \$75 or
1107	less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
1108	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
1109	more than $[\$50]$ $\$75$ may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
1110	(4) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as

1111	of five days before the required filing date of the report.
1112	Section 16. Section 20A-11-601 is amended to read:
1113	20A-11-601. Political action committees Registration Criminal penalty for
1114	providing false information or accepting unlawful contribution.
1115	(1) (a) Each political action committee shall file a statement of organization with the
1116	lieutenant governor's office by January 10 of each year, unless the political action committee
1117	has filed a notice of dissolution under Subsection (4).
1118	(b) If a political action committee is organized after the January 10 filing date, the
1119	political action committee shall file an initial statement of organization no later than seven days
1120	after:
1121	(i) receiving contributions totaling at least \$750; or
1122	(ii) distributing expenditures for political purposes totaling at least [\$50] \$75.
1123	(2) (a) Each political action committee shall designate two officers who have primary
1124	decision-making authority for the political action committee.
1125	(b) A person may not exercise primary decision-making authority for a political action
1126	committee who is not designated under Subsection (2)(a).
1127	(3) The statement of organization shall include:
1128	(a) the name and address of the political action committee;
1129	(b) the name, street address, phone number, occupation, and title of the two primary
1130	officers designated under Subsection (2)(a);
1131	(c) the name, street address, occupation, and title of all other officers of the political
1132	action committee;
1133	(d) the name and street address of the organization, individual corporation, association,
1134	unit of government, or union that the political action committee represents, if any;
1135	(e) the name and street address of all affiliated or connected organizations and their
1136	relationships to the political action committee;
1137	(f) the name, street address, business address, occupation, and phone number of the
1138	committee's treasurer or chief financial officer; and
1139	(g) the name, street address, and occupation of each member of the governing and
1140	advisory boards, if any.
1141	(4) (a) Any registered political action committee that intends to permanently cease

1142	operations shall file a notice of dissolution with the lieutenant governor's office.
1143	(b) Any notice of dissolution filed by a political action committee does not exempt that
1144	political action committee from complying with the financial reporting requirements of this
1145	chapter.
1146	(5) (a) Unless the political action committee has filed a notice of dissolution under
1147	Subsection (4), a political action committee shall file, with the lieutenant governor's office,
1148	notice of any change of an officer described in Subsection (2)(a).
1149	(b) Notice of a change of a primary officer described in Subsection (2)(a) shall:
1150	(i) be filed within 10 days of the date of the change; and
1151	(ii) contain the name and title of the officer being replaced, and the name, street
1152	address, occupation, and title of the new officer.
1153	(6) (a) A person is guilty of providing false information in relation to a political action
1154	committee if the person intentionally or knowingly gives false or misleading material
1155	information in the statement of organization or the notice of change of primary officer.
1156	(b) Each primary officer designated in Subsection (2)(a) is guilty of accepting an
1157	unlawful contribution if the political action committee knowingly or recklessly accepts a
1158	contribution from a corporation that:
1159	(i) was organized less than 90 days before the date of the general election; and
1160	(ii) at the time the political action committee accepts the contribution, has failed to file
1161	a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's office as required by Section
1162	20A-11-704.
1163	(c) A violation of this Subsection (6) is a third degree felony.
1164	Section 17. Section 20A-11-602 is amended to read:
1165	20A-11-602. Political action committees Financial reporting Anonymous
1166	contributions.
1167	(1) (a) Each registered political action committee that has received contributions
1168	totaling at least \$750, or disbursed expenditures totaling at least [\$50] \$75, during a calendar
1169	year shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant governor's office:

1172 (ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;

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previous year;

(i) on January 10, reporting contributions and expenditures as of December 31 of the

11/3	(111) on August 31; and
1174	(iv) seven days before:
1175	(A) the municipal general election; and
1176	(B) the regular general election date.
1177	(b) The registered political action committee shall report:
1178	(i) a detailed listing of all contributions received and expenditures made since the last
1179	statement; and
1180	(ii) for financial statements filed under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (iv), all
1181	contributions and expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of the financial
1182	statement.
1183	(c) The registered political action committee need not file a statement under this
1184	section if it received no contributions and made no expenditures during the reporting period.
1185	(2) (a) The verified financial statement shall include:
1186	(i) the name and address of any individual that makes a contribution to the reporting
1187	political action committee, if known, and the amount of the contribution;
1188	(ii) the identification of any publicly identified class of individuals that makes a
1189	contribution to the reporting political action committee, and the amount of the contribution;
1190	(iii) the name and address of any political action committee, group, or entity, if known
1191	that makes a contribution to the reporting political action committee, and the amount of the
1192	contribution;
1193	(iv) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
1194	(v) the name and address of each reporting entity that received an expenditure from the
1195	reporting political action committee, and the amount of each expenditure;
1196	(vi) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
1197	(vii) the total amount of contributions received and expenditures disbursed by the
1198	reporting political action committee;
1199	(viii) a statement by the political action committee's treasurer or chief financial officer
1200	certifying that, to the best of the person's knowledge, the financial report is accurate; and
1201	(ix) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
1202	(A) beginning balance;
1203	(B) total contributions during the period since the last statement;

1204	(C) total contributions to date;
1205	(D) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
1206	(E) total expenditures to date.
1207	(b) (i) Contributions received by a political action committee that have a value of [\$50]
1208	\$75 or less need not be reported individually, but shall be listed on the report as an aggregate
1209	total.
1210	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
1211	more than $[\$50]$ $\$75$ may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
1212	(3) A group or entity may not divide or separate into units, sections, or smaller groups
1213	for the purpose of avoiding the financial reporting requirements of this chapter, and substance
1214	shall prevail over form in determining the scope or size of a political action committee.
1215	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "received" means:
1216	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a political action committee;
1217	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
1218	instrument or check is negotiated; and
1219	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
1220	inures to the political action committee.
1221	(b) A political action committee shall report each contribution to the lieutenant
1222	governor within 30 days after the contribution is received.
1223	(5) A political action committee may not expend a cash contribution for political
1224	purposes if the cash contribution:
1225	(a) exceeds \$75; and
1226	(b) is from an unknown source.
1227	Section 18. Section 20A-11-702 is amended to read:
1228	20A-11-702. Campaign financial reporting of political issues expenditures by
1229	corporations Financial reporting.
1230	(1) (a) Each corporation that has made political issues expenditures on current or
1231	proposed ballot issues that total at least \$750 during a calendar year shall file a verified
1232	financial statement with the lieutenant governor's office:
1233	(i) on January 10, reporting expenditures as of December 31 of the previous year;
1234	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;

1233	(III) Oil August 31; and
1236	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
1237	(b) The corporation shall report:
1238	(i) a detailed listing of all expenditures made since the last statement; and
1239	(ii) for financial statements under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (iv), expenditures as of
1240	five days before the required filing date of the financial statement.
1241	(c) The corporation need not file a statement under this section if it made no
1242	expenditures during the reporting period.
1243	(2) That statement shall include:
1244	(a) the name and address of each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities
1245	that received a political issues expenditure of more than [\$50] \$75 from the corporation, and
1246	the amount of each political issues expenditure;
1247	(b) the total amount of political issues expenditures disbursed by the corporation; and
1248	(c) a statement by the corporation's treasurer or chief financial officer certifying the
1249	accuracy of the verified financial statement.
1250	Section 19. Section 20A-11-801 is amended to read:
1251	20A-11-801. Political issues committees Registration Criminal penalty for
1252	providing false information or accepting unlawful contribution.
1253	(1) (a) Each political issues committee shall file a statement of organization with the
1254	lieutenant governor's office by January 10 of each year, unless the political issues committee
1255	has filed a notice of dissolution under Subsection (4).
1256	(b) If a political issues committee is organized after the January 10 filing date, the
1257	political issues committee shall file an initial statement of organization no later than seven days
1258	after:
1259	(i) receiving political issues contributions totaling at least \$750; or
1260	(ii) disbursing political issues expenditures totaling at least [\$50] \$75.
1261	(2) Each political issues committee shall designate two officers that have primary
1262	decision-making authority for the political issues committee.
1263	(3) The statement of organization shall include:
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	(a) the name and street address of the political issues committee;
1265	(a) the name and street address of the political issues committee;(b) the name, street address, phone number, occupation, and title of the two primary

officers designated under Subsection (2);

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- 1267 (c) the name, street address, occupation, and title of all other officers of the political issues committee;
 - (d) the name and street address of the organization, individual, corporation, association, unit of government, or union that the political issues committee represents, if any;
 - (e) the name and street address of all affiliated or connected organizations and their relationships to the political issues committee;
 - (f) the name, street address, business address, occupation, and phone number of the committee's treasurer or chief financial officer;
 - (g) the name, street address, and occupation of each member of the supervisory and advisory boards, if any; and
 - (h) the ballot proposition whose outcome they wish to affect, and whether they support or oppose it.
 - (4) (a) Any registered political issues committee that intends to permanently cease operations during a calendar year shall file a notice of dissolution with the lieutenant governor's office.
 - (b) Any notice of dissolution filed by a political issues committee does not exempt that political issues committee from complying with the financial reporting requirements of this chapter.
 - (5) (a) Unless the political issues committee has filed a notice of dissolution under Subsection (4), a political issues committee shall file, with the lieutenant governor's office, notice of any change of an officer described in Subsection (2).
 - (b) Notice of a change of a primary officer described in Subsection (2) shall:
 - (i) be filed within 10 days of the date of the change; and
 - (ii) contain the name and title of the officer being replaced and the name, street address, occupation, and title of the new officer.
 - (6) (a) A person is guilty of providing false information in relation to a political issues committee if the person intentionally or knowingly gives false or misleading material information in the statement of organization or the notice of change of primary officer.
- 1295 (b) Each primary officer designated in Subsection (2) is guilty of accepting an unlawful contribution if the political issues committee knowingly or recklessly accepts a contribution

1297	from a corporation that:
1298	(i) was organized less than 90 days before the date of the general election; and
1299	(ii) at the time the political issues committee accepts the contribution, has failed to file
1300	a statement of organization with the lieutenant governor's office as required by Section
1301	20A-11-704.
1302	(c) A violation of this Subsection (6) is a third degree felony.
1303	Section 20. Section 20A-11-802 is amended to read:
1304	20A-11-802. Political issues committees Financial reporting Anonymous
1305	contributions.
1306	(1) (a) Each registered political issues committee that has received political issues
1307	contributions totaling at least \$750, or disbursed political issues expenditures totaling at least
1308	[\$50] \$75, during a calendar year, shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant
1309	governor's office:
1310	(i) on January 10, reporting contributions and expenditures as of December 31 of the
1311	previous year;
1312	(ii) seven days before the date of an incorporation election, if the political issues
1313	committee has received donations or made disbursements to affect an incorporation;
1314	(iii) at least three days before the first public hearing held as required by Section
1315	20A-7-204.1;
1316	(iv) if the political issues committee has received or expended funds in relation to an
1317	initiative or referendum, at the time the initiative or referendum sponsors submit:
1318	(A) the verified and certified initiative packets as required by Section 20A-7-206; or
1319	(B) the signed and verified referendum packets as required by Section 20A-7-306;
1320	(v) on August 31; and
1321	(vi) seven days before:
1322	(A) the municipal general election; and
1323	(B) the regular general election.
1324	(b) The political issues committee shall report:
1325	(i) a detailed listing of all contributions received and expenditures made since the last
1326	statement; and
1327	(ii) all contributions and expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of

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(C) total contributions to date;

1328	the financial statement, except for a financial statement filed on January 10.
1329	(c) The political issues committee need not file a statement under this section if it
1330	received no contributions and made no expenditures during the reporting period.
1331	(2) (a) That statement shall include:
1332	(i) the name and address, if known, of any individual that makes a political issues
1333	contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues
1334	contribution;
1335	(ii) the identification of any publicly identified class of individuals that makes a
1336	political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the
1337	political issues contribution;
1338	(iii) the name and address, if known, of any political issues committee, group, or entity
1339	that makes a political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the
1340	amount of the political issues contribution;
1341	(iv) the name and address of each reporting entity that makes a political issues
1342	contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues
1343	contribution;
1344	(v) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
1345	(vi) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the name and address of each individual,
1346	entity, or group of individuals or entities that received a political issues expenditure of more
1347	than $[\$50]$ $\$75$ from the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of each political
1348	issues expenditure;
1349	(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
1350	(viii) the total amount of political issues contributions received and political issues
1351	expenditures disbursed by the reporting political issues committee;
1352	(ix) a statement by the political issues committee's treasurer or chief financial officer
1353	certifying that, to the best of the person's knowledge, the financial statement is accurate; and
1354	(x) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
1355	(A) beginning balance;
1356	(B) total contributions during the period since the last statement;

(D) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and

1359	(E) total expenditures to date.
1360	(b) (i) Political issues contributions received by a political issues committee that have a
1361	value of [\$50] \$75 or less need not be reported individually, but shall be listed on the report as
1362	an aggregate total.
1363	(ii) Two or more political issues contributions from the same source that have an
1364	aggregate total of more than [\$50] \$75 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be
1365	reported separately.
1366	(c) When reporting political issue expenditures made to circulators of initiative
1367	petitions, the political issues committee:
1368	(i) need only report the amount paid to each initiative petition circulator; and
1369	(ii) need not report the name or address of the circulator.
1370	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "received" means:
1371	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a political issues committee;
1372	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
1373	instrument or check is negotiated; and
1374	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
1375	inures to the political issues committee.
1376	(b) A political issues committee shall report each contribution to the lieutenant
1377	governor within 30 days after the contribution is received.
1378	(4) A political issues committee may not expend a cash contribution for a political
1379	issues expenditure if the cash contribution:
1380	(a) exceeds \$75; and
1381	(b) is from an unknown source.
1382	Section 21. Section 20A-11-904 is amended to read:
1383	20A-11-904. Contribution given in another's name and anonymous contributions
1384	prohibited.
1385	A person may not:
1386	(1) make a contribution in the name of another;
1387	(2) knowingly permit another to make a contribution in the person's name; [or]
1388	(3) knowingly accept a contribution made by one person in the name of another[:]; or
1380	(A) make a contribution that exceeds \$75 without disclosing the person's name

1390	Section 22. Section 20A-11-1301 is amended to read:
1391	20A-11-1301. School board office candidate Campaign finance requirements
1392	Candidate as a political action committee officer No personal use Report
1393	contributions within 30 days Report other accounts Anonymous contributions.
1394	(1) (a) (i) Each school board office candidate shall deposit each contribution and public
1395	service assistance received in one or more separate accounts in a financial institution that are
1396	dedicated only to that purpose.
1397	(ii) A school board office candidate may:
1398	(A) receive a contribution or public service assistance from a political action
1399	committee registered under Section 20A-11-601; and
1400	(B) be designated by a political action committee as an officer who has primary
1401	decision-making authority as described in Section 20A-11-601.
1402	(b) A school board office candidate may not use money deposited in an account
1403	described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) for:
1404	(i) a personal use expenditure; or
1405	(ii) an expenditure prohibited by law.
1406	(2) A school board office candidate may not deposit or mingle any contributions or
1407	public service assistance received into a personal or business account.
1408	(3) A school board office candidate may not make any political expenditures prohibited
1409	by law.
1410	(4) If a person who is no longer a school board candidate chooses not to expend the
1411	money remaining in a campaign account, the person shall continue to file the year-end
1412	summary report required by Section 20A-11-1302 until the statement of dissolution and final
1413	summary report required by Section 20A-11-1304 are filed with:
1414	(a) the lieutenant governor in the case of a state school board candidate; and
1415	(b) the county clerk, in the case of a local school board candidate.
1416	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b) and Section 20A-11-402, a person who
1417	is no longer a school board candidate may not expend or transfer the money in a campaign
1418	account in a manner that would cause the former school board candidate to recognize the
1419	money as taxable income under federal tax law.

(b) A person who is no longer a school board candidate may transfer the money in a

1421	campaign account in a manner that would cause the former school board candidate to recognize
1422	the money as taxable income under federal tax law if the transfer is made to a campaign
1423	account for federal office.
1424	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6) and Section 20A-11-1303, "received" means:
1425	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a school board office candidate or a
1426	member of the candidate's personal campaign committee;
1427	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
1428	instrument or check is negotiated; and
1429	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
1430	inures to the school board office candidate.
1431	(b) Each school board office candidate shall report to the chief election officer each
1432	contribution and public service assistance within 30 days after the contribution or public
1433	service assistance is received.
1434	(7) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution that exceeds \$75 from an
1435	unknown source, a school board office candidate shall disburse the contribution to:
1436	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
1437	political subdivision's General Fund; or
1438	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
1439	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
1440	[(7)] (8) (a) As used in this Subsection $[(7)]$ (8), "account" means an account in a
1441	financial institution:
1442	(i) that is not described in Subsection (1)(a)(i); and
1443	(ii) into which or from which a person who, as a candidate for an office, other than a
1444	school board office for which the person files a declaration of candidacy or federal office, or as
1445	a holder of an office, other than a school board office for which the person files a declaration of
1446	candidacy or federal office, deposits a contribution or makes an expenditure.
1447	(b) A school board office candidate shall include on any financial statement filed in
1448	accordance with this part:
1449	(i) a contribution deposited in an account:
1450	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
1451	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account; or

1452	(11) an expenditure made from an account:
1453	(A) since the last campaign finance statement was filed; or
1454	(B) that has not been reported under a statute or ordinance that governs the account.
1455	Section 23. Section 20A-11-1302 is amended to read:
1456	20A-11-1302. School board office candidate Financial reporting requirements
1457	Year-end summary report.
1458	(1) (a) Each school board office candidate shall file a summary report by January 10 of
1459	the year after the regular general election year.
1460	(b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), a former school board office
1461	candidate that has not filed the statement of dissolution and final summary report required
1462	under Section 20A-11-1304 shall continue to file a summary report on January 10 of each year.
1463	(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31
1464	of the previous year:
1465	(i) the net balance of the last financial statement, if any;
1466	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all interim reports,
1467	if any, during the previous year;
1468	(iii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all interim
1469	reports, if any, filed during the previous year;
1470	(iv) a detailed listing of each receipt, contribution, and public service assistance since
1471	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on an interim report;
1472	(v) for each nonmonetary contribution:
1473	(A) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
1474	contributor; and
1475	(B) a specific description of the contribution;
1476	(vi) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
1477	not been reported in detail on an interim report;
1478	(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
1479	(viii) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
1480	report, if any, plus all receipts minus all expenditures; and
1481	(ix) the name of a political action committee for which the school board office
1482	candidate is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section

1483	20A-11-601.
1484	(b) (i) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of $[\$50]$ $\$75$ or less,
1485	a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
1486	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
1487	more than [\$50] \$75 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
1488	(c) In preparing the report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of
1489	December 31 of the previous year.
1490	(d) A check or negotiable instrument received by a school board office candidate on or
1491	before December 31 of the previous year shall be included in the summary report.
1492	(3) The school board office candidate shall certify in the summary report that, to the
1493	best of the school board office candidate's knowledge, all receipts and all expenditures have
1494	been reported as of December 31 of the previous year and that there are no bills or obligations
1495	outstanding and unpaid except as set forth in that report.
1496	Section 24. Section 20A-11-1303 is amended to read:
1497	20A-11-1303. School board office candidate Financial reporting requirements
1498	Interim reports.
1499	(1) Each school board office candidate shall file an interim report at the following
1500	times in any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
1501	(a) May 15, for state school board office candidates;
1502	(b) seven days before the regular primary election date;
1503	(c) August 31; and
1504	(d) seven days before the regular general election date.
1505	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
1506	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
1507	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
1508	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
1509	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
1510	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
1511	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
1512	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
1513	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:

1514	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
1515	contributor; and
1516	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
1517	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
1518	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
1519	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
1520	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
1521	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
1522	last summary report;
1523	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
1524	(i) beginning balance;
1525	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
1526	(iii) total contributions to date;
1527	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
1528	(v) total expenditures to date; and
1529	(j) the name of a political action committee for which the school board office candidate
1530	is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under Section
1531	20A-11-601.
1532	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of $[\$50]$ $\$75$ or less,
1533	a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
1534	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
1535	more than [\$50] \$75 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
1536	(4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported
1537	as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
1538	(b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a school board office candidate
1539	more than five days before the required filing date of a report required by this section shall be
1540	included in the interim report.
1541	Section 25. Section 20A-11-1502 is amended to read:
1542	20A-11-1502. Campaign financial reporting of contributions Filing
1543	requirements Statement contents.
1544	(1) (a) Each labor organization that has made expenditures for political purposes or

1545	political issues expenditures on current or proposed ballot issues that total at least \$750 during
1546	a calendar year shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant governor's office:
1547	(i) on January 10, reporting expenditures as of December 31 of the previous year;
1548	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
1549	(iii) on August 31; and
1550	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
1551	(b) The labor organization shall report:
1552	(i) a detailed listing of all expenditures made since the last statement; and
1553	(ii) for financial statements filed under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (iv), all
1554	expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of the financial statement.
1555	(c) The labor organization need not file a financial statement under this section if the
1556	labor organization:
1557	(i) made no expenditures during the reporting period; or
1558	(ii) reports its expenditures during the reporting period under another part of this
1559	chapter.
1560	(2) The financial statement shall include:
1561	(a) the name and address of each reporting entity that received an expenditure or
1562	political issues expenditure of more than [\$50] \$75 from the labor organization, and the
1563	amount of each expenditure or political issues expenditure;
1564	(b) the total amount of expenditures disbursed by the labor organization; and
1565	(c) a statement by the labor organization's treasurer or chief financial officer certifying
1566	the accuracy of the financial statement.
1567	Section 26. Section 20A-12-301 is amended to read:
1568	20A-12-301. Definitions.
1569	As used in this part:
1570	(1) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
1571	(i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of
1572	value given to the judge or the judge's personal campaign committee;
1573	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
1574	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
1575	anything of value to the judge or the judge's personal campaign committee:

1576	(iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity or a corporation to the judge or
1577	the judge's personal campaign committee;
1578	(iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the judge or the
1579	judge's personal campaign committee for personal services provided without charge to the
1580	judge or the judge's personal campaign committee; and
1581	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of the judge or the judge's personal
1582	campaign committee at less than fair market value.
1583	(b) "Contribution" does not include:
1584	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
1585	of their time on behalf of the judge or the judge's personal campaign committee; or
1586	(ii) money lent to the judge or the judge's personal campaign committee by a financial
1587	institution in the ordinary course of business.
1588	(2) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business
1589	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and
1590	makes any expenditure from corporate funds for political purposes.
1591	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
1592	(i) a business organization's political action committee as defined in Section
1593	20A-11-101 or political issues committee as defined in Section 20A-11-101; or
1594	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
1595	(3) "Detailed listing" means:
1596	(a) for each contribution:
1597	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution, if known;
1598	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution; and
1599	(iii) the date the contribution was made; and
1600	(b) for each expenditure:
1601	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
1602	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
1603	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
1604	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.
1605	(4) (a) "Expenditure" means:
1606	(i) any disbursement from contributions or from the separate bank account required by

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- (ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of value made for political purposes;
 - (iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of value for political purposes;
 - (iv) compensation paid by a corporation or reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person without charge to the judge or the judge's personal campaign committee;
- (v) a transfer of funds between the judge's personal campaign committee and another judge's personal campaign committee; or
- (vi) goods or services provided by the judge's personal campaign committee to or for the benefit of another judge for political purposes at less than fair market value.
 - (b) "Expenditure" does not include:
- (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of the judge or judge's personal campaign committee; or
- (ii) money lent to a judge's personal campaign committee by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business.
 - (5) "Individual" means a natural person.
- (6) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and expenditures made since the last report.
- (7) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a judge to act for the judge as provided in this chapter.
- (8) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or against any judge standing for retention at any election.
- (9) "Reporting entity" means a judge, judge's personal campaign committee, candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, and a party committee, a political action committee, and a political issues committee.
- (10) "Summary report" means the year-end report containing the summary of a reporting entity's contributions and expenditures.
 - Section 27. Section **20A-12-303** is amended to read:

1638	20A-12-303. Separate account for campaign funds Reporting contributions.
1639	(1) The judge or the judge's personal campaign committee shall deposit each
1640	contribution in one or more separate personal campaign accounts in a financial institution.
1641	(2) The judge or the judge's personal campaign committee may not deposit or mingle
1642	any contributions received into a personal or business account.
1643	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3) and Section 20A-12-305, "received" means:
1644	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a judge or the judge's personal
1645	campaign committee;
1646	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
1647	instrument or check is negotiated; and
1648	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
1649	inures to the judge.
1650	(b) The judge or the judge's personal campaign committee shall report to the lieutenant
1651	governor each contribution within 30 days after the contribution is received.
1652	(4) Within 30 days after receiving a cash contribution that exceeds \$75 from an
1653	unknown source, a judge or the judge's personal campaign committee shall disburse the amount
1654	of the contribution to:
1655	(a) the treasurer of the state or a political subdivision for deposit into the state's or
1656	political subdivision's General Fund; or
1657	(b) an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section
1658	501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code.
1659	Section 28. Section 20A-12-304 is amended to read:
1660	20A-12-304. Judicial retention election candidates Financial reporting
1661	requirements Year-end summary report.
1662	(1) The judge's personal campaign committee shall file a summary report with the
1663	lieutenant governor by January 10 of the year after the regular general election year.
1664	(2) (a) Each summary report shall include the following information as of December 31
1665	of the last regular general election year:
1666	(i) a single figure equal to the total amount of contributions reported on the interim
1667	report;
1668	(ii) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on the interim

1669	report;	
1670	(iii) a detailed listing of each contribution received since the last summary report that	
1671	has not been reported in detail on the interim report;	
1672	(iv) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;	
1673	(v) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has	
1674	not been reported in detail on the interim report;	
1675	(vi) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure; and	
1676	(vii) the net balance for the year, consisting of all contributions minus all expenditures.	
1677	(b) (i) For all single contributions of [\$50] \$75 or less, an aggregate figure may be	
1678	reported without a separate detailed listing.	
1679	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source for a total of more than $[\$50]$ $\$75$	
1680	may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported in the detailed listing.	
1681	(c) A check or negotiable instrument received by a judge or the judge's personal	
1682	campaign committee on or before December 31 of the previous year shall be reported in the	
1683	summary report.	
1684	(3) The judge shall certify in the summary report that, to the best of the judge's	
1685	knowledge, all contributions and all expenditures have been reported as of December 31 of the	
1686	last regular general election year and that there are no financial obligations outstanding except	
1687	as set forth in the report.	
1688	Section 29. Section 20A-12-305 is amended to read:	
1689	20A-12-305. Judicial retention election candidates Financial reporting	
1690	requirements Interim report.	
1691	(1) The judge's personal campaign committee shall file an interim report with the	
1692	lieutenant governor before the close of regular office hours on the date seven days before the	
1693	regular general election date.	
1694	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:	
1695	(a) a detailed listing of each contribution received since the last financial statement;	
1696	(b) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;	
1697	(c) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report;	
1698	(d) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure; and	

(e) a net balance for the year consisting of all contributions since the last summary

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1700 report minus all expenditures since the last summary report.

- (3) (a) For all individual contributions of [\$50] \$75 or less, a single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
- (b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more than [\$50] \$75 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
- (4) In preparing each interim report, all contributions and expenditures shall be reported as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
- (5) A negotiable instrument or check received by a judge or the judge's personal campaign committee more than five days before the required filing date of a report required by this section shall be included in the interim report.