LEGISLATIVE GENERAL COUNSEL Approved for Filing: E. Chelsea-McCarty &

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H.B. 149 2nd Sub. (Gray)

Senator Todd Weiler proposes the following substitute bill:

1	AMENDMENTS TO UTAH EXEMPTIONS ACT
2	2013 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Earl D. Tanner
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill makes changes and additions to the Utah Exemptions Act for bankruptcy.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 updates dollar amounts for a debtor's primary personal residence;
13	 adds an exemption for firearms and ammunition;
14	provides an exemption for wages;
15	 exempts a motor vehicle used by an individual in the individual's business, trade, or
16	profession; and
17	exempts nonresidents from using the state exemptions.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	78B-5-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 131
25	78B-5-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3



78B-5-506, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
78B-5-507, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
78B-5-513 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 78B-5-503 is amended to read:
78B-5-503. Homestead exemption Definitions Excepted obligations Water
rights and interests Conveyance Sale and disposition Property right for federal tax
purposes.
(1) For purposes of this section:
(a) "Household" means a group of persons related by blood or marriage living together
in the same dwelling as an economic unit, sharing furnishings, facilities, accommodations, and
expenses.
(b) "Mobile home" is as defined in Section 57-16-3.
(c) "Primary personal residence" means a dwelling or mobile home, and the land
surrounding it, not exceeding one acre, as is reasonably necessary for the use of the dwelling or
mobile home, in which the individual and the individual's household reside.
(d) "Property" means:
(i) a primary personal residence;
(ii) real property; or
(iii) an equitable interest in real property awarded to a person in a divorce decree by a
court.
(2) (a) An individual is entitled to a homestead exemption consisting of property in this
state in an amount not exceeding:
(i) \$5,000 in value if the property consists in whole or in part of property which is not
the primary personal residence of the individual; or
(ii) [\$20,000] \$30,000 in value if the property claimed is the primary personal
residence of the individual.
(b) If the property claimed as exempt is jointly owned, each joint owner is entitled to a
homestead exemption; however
(i) for property exempt under Subsection (2)(a)(i), the maximum exemption may not

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57	exceed \$10,000 per household; or
58	(ii) for property exempt under Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the maximum exemption may not
59	exceed [\$40,000] \$60,000 per household.

- (c) A person may claim a homestead exemption in either or both of the following:
- 61 (i) one or more parcels of real property together with appurtenances and improvements; 62 or
 - (ii) a mobile home in which the claimant resides.
 - (d) A person may not claim a homestead exemption for property that the person acquired as a result of criminal activity.
 - (3) A homestead is exempt from judicial lien and from levy, execution, or forced sale except for:
 - (a) statutory liens for property taxes and assessments on the property;
- (b) security interests in the property and judicial liens for debts created for the purchase
 price of the property;
 - (c) judicial liens obtained on debts created by failure to provide support or maintenance for dependent children; and
 - (d) consensual liens obtained on debts created by mutual contract.
 - (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), water rights and interests, either in the form of corporate stock or otherwise, owned by the homestead claimant are exempt from execution to the extent that those rights and interests are necessarily employed in supplying water to the homestead for domestic and irrigating purposes.
 - (b) Those water rights and interests are not exempt from calls or assessments and sale by the corporations issuing the stock.
 - (5) (a) When a homestead is conveyed by the owner of the property, the conveyance may not subject the property to any lien to which it would not be subject in the hands of the owner.
 - (b) The proceeds of any sale, to the amount of the exemption existing at the time of sale, is exempt from levy, execution, or other process for one year after the receipt of the proceeds by the person entitled to the exemption.
 - (6) The sale and disposition of one homestead does not prevent the selection or purchase of another.

88	(7) For purposes of any claim or action for taxes brought by the United States Internal
89	Revenue Service, a homestead exemption claimed on real property in this state is considered to
90	be a property right.
91	Section 2. Section 78B-5-505 is amended to read:
92	78B-5-505. Property exempt from execution.
93	(1) (a) An individual is entitled to exemption of the following property:
94	(i) a burial plot for the individual and the individual's family;
95	(ii) health aids reasonably necessary to enable the individual or a dependent to work or
96	sustain health;
97	(iii) benefits the individual or the individual's dependent have received or are entitled
98	to receive from any source because of:
99	(A) disability;
100	(B) illness; or
101	(C) unemployment;
102	(iv) benefits paid or payable for medical, surgical, or hospital care to the extent they are
103	used by an individual or the individual's dependent to pay for that care;
104	(v) veterans benefits;
105	(vi) money or property received, and rights to receive money or property for child
106	support;
107	(vii) money or property received, and rights to receive money or property for alimony
108	or separate maintenance, to the extent reasonably necessary for the support of the individual
109	and the individual's dependents;
110	(viii) (A) one:
111	(I) clothes washer and dryer;
112	(II) refrigerator;
113	(III) freezer;
114	(IV) stove;
115	(V) microwave oven; [and]
116	(VI) sewing machine; <u>and</u>
117	(VII) television;
118	(B) all carpets in use;

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119	(C) provisions sufficient for 12 months actually provided for individual or family use;
120	(D) all wearing apparel of every individual and dependent, not including jewelry or
121	furs; and
122	(E) all beds and bedding for every individual or dependent;
123	(ix) except for works of art held by the debtor as part of a trade or business, works of
124	art:
125	(A) depicting the debtor or the debtor and his resident family; or
126	(B) produced by the debtor or the debtor and his resident family;
127	(x) proceeds of insurance, a judgment, or a settlement, or other rights accruing as a
128	result of bodily injury of the individual or of the wrongful death or bodily injury of another
129	individual of whom the individual was or is a dependent to the extent that those proceeds are
130	compensatory;
131	(xi) the proceeds or benefits of any life insurance contracts or policies paid or payable
132	to the debtor or any trust of which the debtor is a beneficiary upon the death of the spouse or
133	children of the debtor, provided that the contract or policy has been owned by the debtor for a
134	continuous unexpired period of one year;
135	(xii) the proceeds or benefits of any life insurance contracts or policies paid or payable
136	to the spouse or children of the debtor or any trust of which the spouse or children are
137	beneficiaries upon the death of the debtor, provided that the contract or policy has been in
138	existence for a continuous unexpired period of one year;
139	(xiii) proceeds and avails of any unmatured life insurance contracts owned by the
140	debtor or any revocable grantor trust created by the debtor, excluding any payments made on
141	the contract during the one year immediately preceding a creditor's levy or execution;
142	(xiv) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), any money or other assets held for or
143	payable to the individual as a participant or beneficiary from or an interest of the individual as
144	a participant or beneficiary in a retirement plan or arrangement that is described in Section
145	401(a), 401(h), 401(k), 403(a), 403(b), 408, 408A, 409, 414(d), [or] 414(e), or 457, Internal
146	Revenue Code; [and]
147	(xv) the interest of or any money or other assets payable to an alternate payee under a
148	qualified domestic relations order as those terms are defined in Section 414(p), Internal
149	Revenue Code[-]; and

150	(xvi) earnings of the individual that would be exempt from garnishment under Section
151	<u>70C-7-103.</u>
152	(b) The exemption granted by Subsection (1)(a)(xiv) does not apply to:
153	(i) an alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as those terms are
154	defined in Section 414(p), Internal Revenue Code; or
155	(ii) amounts contributed or benefits accrued by or on behalf of a debtor within one year
156	before the debtor files for bankruptcy. This may not include amounts directly rolled over from
157	other funds which are exempt from attachment under this section.
158	(2) The exemptions in Subsections (1)(a)(xi), (xii), and (xiii) do not apply to proceeds
159	and avails of any matured or unmatured life insurance contract assigned or pledged as collatera
160	for repayment of a loan or other legal obligation.
161	(3) Exemptions under this section do not limit items that may be claimed as exempt
162	under Section 78B-5-506.
163	Section 3. Section 78B-5-506 is amended to read:
164	78B-5-506. Value of exempt property Exemption of implements, professional
165	books, tools, and motor vehicles.
166	(1) An individual is entitled to exemption of the following property up to an aggregate
167	value of items in each subsection of [\$500] \$1,000:
168	(a) sofas, chairs, and related furnishings reasonably necessary for one household;
169	(b) dining and kitchen tables and chairs reasonably necessary for one household;
170	(c) animals, books, and musical instruments, if reasonably held for the personal use of
171	the individual or [his] the individual's dependents; [and]
172	(d) heirlooms or other items of particular sentimental value to the individual[:]; and
173	(e) firearms and ammunition not included in other exemption categories in the amount
174	of \$250 per individual, and not more than \$500 per household.
175	(2) An individual is entitled to an exemption, not exceeding $[\$3,500]$ $\$5,000$ in
176	aggregate value, of implements, professional books, or tools of [his] the individual's trade,
177	including motor vehicles to which no other exemption has been applied, and that are actually
178	used by the individual in the individual's principal business, trade, or profession.
179	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "motor vehicle" does not include any motor
180	vehicle designed for or used primarily for recreational purposes, such as:

181	(i) an off-highway vehicle as defined in Section 41-22-2, except a motorcycle the
182	individual regularly uses for daily transportation; or
183	(ii) a recreational vehicle as defined in Section 13-14-102, except a van the individual
184	regularly uses for daily transportation.
185	(b) An individual is entitled to an exemption, not exceeding $[\$2,500]$ $\$3,000$ in value,
186	of one motor vehicle.
187	(4) This section does not affect property exempt under Section 78B-5-505.
188	Section 4. Section 78B-5-507 is amended to read:
189	78B-5-507. Exemption of proceeds from property sold, taken by condemnation,
190	lost, damaged, or destroyed Tracing exempt property and proceeds.
191	(1) (a) An individual who owned property described in this Subsection (1) is entitled to
192	an exemption of proceeds that are traceable for one year after the compensation for the property
193	is received if:
194	(i) (A) the property, or a part of the property, could have been claimed exempt under
195	Subsection 78B-5-505(1)(a)(i) or (ii); or
196	(B) the property is personal property subject to a value limitation under Subsection
197	78B-5-506(1)(a), (b), or (c); and
198	(ii) the property has been:
199	(A) sold or taken by condemnation; or
200	(B) lost, damaged, or destroyed; and
201	(C) the owner has been compensated for the property.
202	(b) The exemption of proceeds under this Subsection (1) does not entitle the individual
203	to claim an aggregate exemption in excess of the value limitation otherwise allowable under
204	Section 78B-5-503 or 78B-5-506.
205	(2) Money or other property exempt under Subsection 78B-5-505(1)(a)(iii), (iv), (v),
206	(vi), (vii), (xiii), or (xiv), and Sections 78B-5-503, 78B-5-505, and 78B-5-506 remains exempt
207	after its receipt by, and while it is in the possession of, the individual or in any other form into
208	which it is traceable.
209	(3) Money or other property and proceeds exempt under this chapter are traceable
210	under this section by application of:
211	(a) the principle of:

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212	(i) first-in first-out; or
213	(ii) last-in last-out; or
214	(b) any other reasonable basis for tracing selected by the individual.
215	Section 5. Section 78B-5-513 is amended to read:
216	78B-5-513. Exemption provisions applicable in bankruptcy proceedings.
217	[No] An individual may not exempt from the property of the estate in any bankruptcy
218	proceeding the property specified in Subsection (d) of Section 522 of the Bankruptcy Reform
219	Act (Public Law 95-598), [except as expressly permitted under this part] unless the individual
220	was a nonresident of this state for more than 180 days before filing for bankruptcy.