1	CONSUMER CREDIT PROTECTION AMENDMENTS		
2	2013 GENERAL SESSION		
3	STATE OF UTAH		
4	Chief Sponsor: Paul Ray		
5	Senate Sponsor: Patricia W. Jones		
6 7	LONG TITLE		
8	General Description:		
9	This bill modifies the Consumer Credit Protection Act.		
10	Highlighted Provisions:		
11	This bill:		
12	defines terms;		
13	 under certain circumstances, requires the consumer reporting agency to give the 		
14	consumer, prior to purchase, a written disclosure that states that the credit score may		
15	be different from the credit score used by a lender;		
16	 requires an entity that requests a consumer's credit score, for a purpose other than 		
17	the extension of credit, to provide the consumer with a written disclosure that		
18	includes:		
19	 the name of the consumer reporting agency that calculated the credit score; 		
20	 the model used to generate the credit score; and 		
21	• the consumer's credit score;		
22	 prohibits a consumer reporting agency from refusing to sell a consumer's credit 		
23	score to a requesting entity solely because the requesting entity is required to make		
24	the disclosures described in this bill; and		
25	 provides enforcement procedures for the provisions in this bill. 		
26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:		
27	None		



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28	Other Special Clauses:				
29	None				
30	Utah Code Sections Affected:				
31	AMENDS:				
32	13-45-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 344				
33	ENACTS:				
34	13-45-501 , Utah Code Annotated 1953				
35	13-45-502, Utah Code Annotated 1953				
36	13-45-503 , Utah Code Annotated 1953				
37	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:				
38	13-45-601, (Renumbered from 13-45-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter				
39	344)				
40					
41	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:				
42	Section 1. Section 13-45-102 is amended to read:				
43	13-45-102. Definitions.				
44	As used in this chapter:				
45	(1) "Consumer" means [a natural person] an individual.				
46	(2) "Consumer credit counseling agency" means:				
47	(a) a person that is registered with the Division of Consumer Protection to provide debt				
48	management services under Title 13, Chapter 42, Uniform Debt-Management Services Act; or				
49	(b) a HUD-approved housing counseling agency.				
50	[(2)] (3) "Consumer reporting agency" means [a person who, for fees, dues, or on a				
51	cooperative basis, regularly engages in whole or in part in the practice of assembling or				
52	evaluating information concerning a consumer's credit or other information for the purpose of				
53	furnishing a credit report to another person.]:				
54	(a) a credit bureau; or				
55	(b) a person that obtains and resells any information, including a credit score or credit				
56	report, produced, in whole or in part, by a credit bureau.				
57	(4) "Credit bureau" means a person that, for fees, dues, or on a cooperative basis,				
58	regularly engages in the practice of assembling or evaluating information concerning a				

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59	consumer's credit or other information for the purpose of furnishing a credit report or credit		
60	score to another person.		
61	(5) "Credit counseling services" means counseling related to money management, debt		
62	reduction, or financial education.		
63	[(3)] (6) "Credit report" means a consumer report, as defined in 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1681a[;		
64	that is used or collected in whole or part for the purpose of serving as a factor in establishing a		
65	consumer's eligibility for credit for personal, family, or household purposes].		
66	(7) (a) "Credit score" means a numerical value or a categorization that is:		
67	(i) derived from information in a consumer report;		
68	(ii) derived from a statistical tool or modeling system; and		
69	(iii) developed to predict, at least in part, the likelihood of:		
70	(A) future insurance claims behavior; or		
71	(B) credit behavior.		
72	(b) "Credit score" includes:		
73	(i) a risk predictor; or		
74	(ii) a risk score.		
75	(8) "Electronically signed" means executed by electronic sound, symbol, or process		
76	attached to or logically associated with a record, demonstrating the intent to sign the record.		
77	(9) "Extension of credit" means the right to defer payment of debt or to incur debt and		
78	defer its payment.		
79	(10) "Lender" means a person that regularly offers or makes an extension of credit to a		
80	consumer.		
81	(11) "Lender credit score" means a credit score that a mortgage lender uses to		
82	underwrite or evaluate an individual's request for a mortgage loan, and that is calculated using		
83	the same algorithm as Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, or a comparable entity.		
84	[(4)] (12) "Normal business hours" means Sunday through Saturday, between the hours		
85	of 6:00 a.m. and 9:30 p.m., Mountain Standard or Mountain Daylight Time.		
86	[(5)] (13) (a) "Personal information" means personally identifiable financial		
87	information:		
88	(i) provided by a consumer to another person;		
89	(ii) resulting from any transaction with the consumer or any service performed for the		

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90	consumer; or		
91	(iii) otherwise obtained by another person.		
92	(b) "Personal information" does not include:		
93	(i) publicly available information, as that term is defined by the regulations prescribed		
94	under 15 U.S.C. Sec. 6804; or		
95	(ii) any list, description, or other grouping of consumers, and publicly available		
96	information pertaining to the consumers, that is derived without using any nonpublic persor		
97	information.		
98	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection [(5)] (13)(b), "personal information" includes any list,		
99	description, or other grouping of consumers, and publicly available information pertaining t		
100	the consumers, that is derived using any nonpublic personal information other than publicly		
101	available information.		
102	[6] (14) "Proper identification" has the same meaning as in 15 U.S.C. Sec.		
103	1681h(a)(1), and includes:		
104	(a) the consumer's full name, including first, last, and middle names and any suffix;		
105	(b) any name the consumer previously used;		
106	(c) the consumer's current and recent full addresses, including street address, any		
107	apartment number, city, state, and ZIP code;		
108	(d) the consumer's Social Security number; and		
109	(e) the consumer's date of birth.		
110	(15) "Requesting entity" means a person that requests or obtains an individual's credit		
111	report or credit score for a purpose other than the extension of credit, including a consumer		
112	credit counseling agency, credit counselor, housing counselor, lessor, insurer, or employer.		
113	[(7)] (16) "Security freeze" means a prohibition, consistent with Section 13-45-201, on		
114	a consumer reporting agency's furnishing of a consumer's credit report to a third party intending		
115	to use the credit report to determine the consumer's eligibility for credit.		
116	Section 2. Section 13-45-501 is enacted to read:		
117	Part 5. Credit Score Disclosure Requirements		
118	<u>13-45-501.</u> Title.		
119	This part is known as "Credit Score Disclosure Requirements."		
120	Section 3. Section 13-45-502 is enacted to read:		

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<u>13-45-502</u>	<u>.</u> Educational credit score Required disclosure.
(1) Excep	t as provided in Subsection (2), when, for a purpose other than an extension
of credit, a consur	mer requests the consumer's credit score from a consumer reporting agency
and the consumer	reporting agency provides a credit score that is not a lender credit score, the
consumer reporting	g agency shall give the consumer a written disclosure in substantially the
following form:	
"This cred	it score may differ substantially from the credit score used by a lender for the
approval of a resid	dential mortgage or other loan. The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau
has warned that th	is credit score may greatly misrepresent a lender's assessment of your
creditworthiness.	Based on the score actually used by a lender, you may be offered less
favorable terms th	at are more costly to you."
(2) If a co	nsumer reporting agency described in Subsection (1) is also a lender, and the
consumer reporting	ng agency provides the consumer a credit score that is not a lender credit score
that the consumer	reporting agency uses when deciding whether to grant an extension of credit,
the consumer repo	orting agency shall give the consumer a written disclosure in substantially the
following form:	
"This cred	it score is different from the credit score we use to evaluate whether to grant
an extension of cr	edit. The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau has warned that this credit
score may greatly	misrepresent our or another lender's assessment of your creditworthiness.
Based on the cred	it score that we would actually use, you may be offered less favorable terms
that are more cost	ly to you."
(3) A disc	closure described in Subsection (1) or (2) shall be:
(a) indepe	endently displayed on a separate page;
(b) typed	in at least 14-point font; and
(c) signed	by the consumer, or if the credit score is obtained online, electronically
signed by the cons	sumer, before the consumer purchases the credit score.
Section 4.	Section 13-45-503 is enacted to read:
13-45-503	_ Disclosure of credit score to consumer.
(1) Within	n 10 days after the day on which a requesting entity receives a consumer's
credit score, the re	equesting entity shall give the consumer a written disclosure that states:
(a) the nar	me of the consumer reporting agency that calculated the credit score;

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152	(b) the unique name associated with the algorithm used to generate the credit score;	
153	<u>and</u>	
154	(c) the consumer's credit score.	
155	(2) A consumer reporting agency may not refuse to sell a consumer's credit score to a	
156	requesting entity because the requesting entity is required to disclose the credit score to the	
157	consumer under Subsection (1).	
158	Section 5. Section 13-45-601, which is renumbered from Section 13-45-401 is	
159	renumbered and amended to read:	
160	Part 6. Enforcement	
161	[13-45-401]. <u>13-45-601.</u> Enforcement.	
162	(1) The attorney general may enforce this chapter's provisions.	
163	(2) A person [who] that violates [this chapter's provisions] a provision from Section	
164	13-45-201, 13-45-202, 13-45-203, 13-45-204, 13-45-205, or 13-45-301 is subject to a civil fine	
165	of:	
166	(a) no greater than \$2,500 for a violation or series of violations concerning a specific	
167	consumer; and	
168	(b) no greater than \$100,000 in the aggregate for related violations concerning more	
169	than one consumer.	
170	(3) A person that violates Section 13-45-502 or 13-45-503 is subject to a civil fine of:	
171	(a) no less than \$10,000 per violation; and	
172	(b) no greater than \$1,000,000 in the aggregate for related violations.	
173	[(3)] (4) In addition to the penalties provided in [Subsection] Subsections (2) and (3),	
174	the attorney general may seek injunctive relief to prevent future violations of this chapter in:	
175	(a) the district court located in Salt Lake City; or	
176	(b) the district court for the district in which resides a consumer who is the subject of a	
177	credit report on which a violation occurs.	

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