1	STATE TREASURER AMENDMENTS
2	2013 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Jim Bird
5	Senate Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the State Money Management Act by amending provisions for the
10	investment of public funds by the state treasurer.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 eliminates references in the State Money Management Act to Moody's Investor
14	Service and Standard and Poor's and instead requires public funds investments in
15	assets classified or rated by two nationally recognized statistical ratings
16	organizations;
17	 allows public funds investments in assets that are fixed rate corporate obligations in
18	secured obligations, excluding covered bonds, in addition to unsecured obligations,
19	and expands the allowable remaining term to final maturity from 13 months to 15
20	months or less;
21	 allows public funds investments in assets that are variable rate securities in secured
22	obligations, excluding covered bonds, in addition to unsecured obligations, and
23	expands the allowable remaining term to final maturity from not to exceed two
24	years to not to exceed three years; and
25	makes technical changes.
26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
27	None



Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
51-7-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 342
51-7-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 276
51-7-12.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 351
51-7-12.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 103
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 51-7-3 is amended to read:
51-7-3. Definitions.
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Agent" means "agent" as defined in Section 61-1-13.
(2) "Certified dealer" means:
(a) a primary reporting dealer recognized by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York
who is certified by the director as having met the applicable criteria of council rule; or
(b) a broker dealer who:
(i) has and maintains an office and a resident registered principal in the state;
(ii) meets the capital requirements established by council rules;
(iii) meets the requirements for good standing established by council rule; and
(iv) is certified by the director as meeting quality criteria established by council rule.
(3) "Certified investment adviser" means a federal covered adviser, as defined in
Section 61-1-13, or an investment adviser, as defined in Section 61-1-13, who is certified by
the director as having met the applicable criteria of council rule.
(4) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of financial institutions.
(5) "Council" means the State Money Management Council created by Section
51-7-16.
(6) "Covered bond" means a publicly placed debt security issued by a bank, other
regulated financial institution, or a subsidiary of either that is secured by a pool of loans that
remain on the balance sheet of the issuer or its subsidiary

59	$[\frac{(6)}{2}]$ "Director" means the director of the Utah State Division of Securities of the
60	Department of Commerce.
61	[(7)] (8) (a) "Endowment funds" means gifts, devises, or bequests of property of any
62	kind donated to a higher education institution from any source.
63	(b) "Endowment funds" does not mean money used for the general operation of a
64	higher education institution that is received by the higher education institution from:
65	(i) state appropriations;
66	(ii) federal contracts;
67	(iii) federal grants;
68	(iv) private research grants; and
69	(v) tuition and fees collected from students.
70	[(8)] (9) "First tier commercial paper" means commercial paper rated by at least two
71	nationally recognized statistical rating organizations in the highest short-term rating category.
72	[(9)] (10) "Funds functioning as endowments" means funds, regardless of source,
73	whose corpus is intended to be held in perpetuity by formal institutional designation according
74	to the institution's policy for designating those funds.
75	[(10)] (11) "GASB" or "Governmental Accounting Standards Board" means the
76	Governmental Accounting Standards Board that is responsible for accounting standards used
77	by public entities.
78	[(11)] (12) "Hard put" means an unconditional sell-back provision or a redemption
79	provision applicable at issue to a note or bond, allowing holders to sell their holdings back to
80	the issuer or to an equal or higher-rated third party provider at specific intervals and specific
81	prices determined at the time of issuance.
82	[(12)] (13) "Higher education institution" means the institutions specified in Section
83	53B-1-102.
84	[(13)] (14) "Investment adviser representative" [means "investment adviser
85	representative" as defined in Section 61-1-13.
86	$[\frac{(14)}{(15)}]$ (a) "Investment agreement" means any written agreement that has
87	specifically negotiated withdrawal or reinvestment provisions and a specifically negotiated
88	interest rate.
89	(b) "Investment agreement" includes any agreement to supply investments on one or

90	more future dates.
91	[(15)] (16) "Local government" means a county, municipality, school district, local
92	district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts, special
93	service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, or any other political
94	subdivision of the state.
95	[(16)] (17) "Market value" means market value as defined in the Master Repurchase
96	Agreement.
97	[(17)] (18) "Master Repurchase Agreement" means the current standard Master
98	Repurchase Agreement approved by the Public Securities Association or by any successor
99	organization.
100	[(18)] (19) "Maximum amount" means, with respect to qualified depositories, the total
101	amount of:
102	(a) deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance limit; and
103	(b) nonqualifying repurchase agreements.
104	[(19)] (20) "Money market mutual fund" means an open-end managed investment
105	fund:
106	(a) that complies with the diversification, quality, and maturity requirements of Rule
107	2a-7 or any successor rule of the Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to money
108	market mutual funds; and
109	(b) that assesses no sales load on the purchase of shares and no contingent deferred
110	sales charge or other similar charges, however designated.
111	[(20)] (21) "Nationally recognized statistical rating organization" means an
112	organization that has been designated as a nationally recognized statistical rating organization
113	by the Securities and Exchange Commission's Division of Market Regulation.
114	[(21)] (22) "Nonqualifying repurchase agreement" means a repurchase agreement
115	evidencing indebtedness of a qualified depository arising from the transfer of obligations of the
116	United States Treasury or other authorized investments to public treasurers that is:
117	(a) evidenced by a safekeeping receipt issued by the qualified depository;
118	(b) included in the depository's maximum amount of public funds; and
119	(c) valued and maintained at market value plus an appropriate margin collateral
120	requirement based upon the term of the agreement and the type of securities acquired.

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[(22)] (23) "Operating funds" means current balances and other funds that are to be disbursed for operation of the state government or any of its boards, commissions, institutions, departments, divisions, agencies, or other similar instrumentalities, or any county, city, school district, political subdivision, or other public body. [(23)] (24) "Permanent funds" means funds whose principal may not be expended, the earnings from which are to be used for purposes designated by law. [(24)] (25) "Permitted depository" means any out-of-state financial institution that meets quality criteria established by rule of the council. [(25)] (26) "Public funds" means money, funds, and accounts, regardless of the source from which the money, funds, and accounts are derived, that are owned, held, or administered by the state or any of its boards, commissions, institutions, departments, divisions, agencies, bureaus, laboratories, or other similar instrumentalities, or any county, city, school district, political subdivision, or other public body. [(26)] (27) (a) "Public money" means "public funds." (b) "Public money," as used in Article VII, Sec. 15, Utah Constitution, means the same as "state funds." [(27)] (28) "Public treasurer" includes the state treasurer and the official of any state board, commission, institution, department, division, agency, or other similar instrumentality, or of any county, city, school district, political subdivision, or other public body who has the responsibility for the safekeeping and investment of any public funds. [(28)] (29) "Qualified depository" means a Utah depository institution or an out-of-state depository institution, as those terms are defined in Section 7-1-103, that is authorized to conduct business in this state under Section 7-1-702 or Title 7, Chapter 19, Acquisition of Failing Depository Institutions or Holding Companies, whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and that has been certified by the commissioner of financial institutions as having met the requirements established under this chapter and the rules of the council to be eligible to receive deposits of public funds. [(29)] (30) "Qualifying repurchase agreement" means a repurchase agreement evidencing indebtedness of a financial institution or government securities dealer acting as principal arising from the transfer of obligations of the United States Treasury or other

authorized investments to public treasurers only if purchased securities are:

152	(a) delivered to the public treasurer's safekeeping agent or custodian as contemplated
153	by Section 7 of the Master Repurchase Agreement; and
154	(b) valued and maintained at market value plus an appropriate margin collateral
155	requirement based upon the term of the agreement and the type of securities acquired.
156	[(30)] (31) "Securities division" means Utah's Division of Securities created within the
157	Department of Commerce by Section 13-1-2.
158	[(31)] <u>(32)</u> "State funds" means:
159	(a) public money raised by operation of law for the support and operation of the state
160	government; and
161	(b) all other money, funds, and accounts, regardless of the source from which the
162	money, funds, or accounts are derived, that are owned, held, or administered by the state or any
163	of its boards, commissions, institutions, departments, divisions, agencies, bureaus, laboratories,
164	or other similar instrumentalities.
165	Section 2. Section 51-7-11 is amended to read:
166	51-7-11. Authorized deposits or investments of public funds.
167	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a public treasurer may conduct
168	investment transactions only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with
169	issuers of the investment securities.
170	(b) A public treasurer may designate a certified investment adviser to make trades on
171	behalf of the public treasurer.
172	(2) The remaining term to maturity of the investment may not exceed the period of
173	availability of the funds to be invested.
174	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), all public funds may be deposited or invested
175	only in the following assets that meet the criteria of Section 51-7-17:
176	(a) negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories;
177	(b) qualifying or nonqualifying repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase
178	agreements with qualified depositories using collateral consisting of:
179	(i) Government National Mortgage Association mortgage pools;
180	(ii) Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation mortgage pools;
181	(iii) Federal National Mortgage Corporation mortgage pools;
182	(iv) Small Business Administration loan pools;

183	(v) Federal Agriculture Mortgage Corporation pools; or
184	(vi) other investments authorized by this section;
185	(c) qualifying repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements with certified
186	dealers, permitted depositories, or qualified depositories using collateral consisting of:
187	(i) Government National Mortgage Association mortgage pools;
188	(ii) Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation mortgage pools;
189	(iii) Federal National Mortgage Corporation mortgage pools;
190	(iv) Small Business Administration loan pools; or
191	(v) other investments authorized by this section;
192	(d) commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized
193	statistical rating organizations, [one of which must be Moody's Investors Service or Standard
194	and Poor's,] which has a remaining term to maturity of:
195	(i) 270 days or [less] fewer for paper issued under 15 U.S.C. Sec. 77c(a)(3); or
196	(ii) 365 days or [less] fewer for paper issued under 15 U.S.C. Sec. 77d(2);
197	(e) bankers' acceptances that:
198	(i) are eligible for discount at a Federal Reserve bank; and
199	(ii) have a remaining term to maturity of 270 days or [less] fewer;
200	(f) fixed rate negotiable deposits issued by a permitted depository that have a
201	remaining term to maturity of 365 days or [less] fewer;
202	(g) obligations of the United States Treasury, including United States Treasury bills,
203	United States Treasury notes, and United States Treasury bonds;
204	(h) obligations other than mortgage pools and other mortgage derivative products
205	issued by, or fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by, the following agencies or
206	instrumentalities of the United States in which a market is made by a primary reporting
207	government securities dealer, unless the agency or instrumentality has become private and is no
208	longer considered to be a government entity:
209	(i) Federal Farm Credit banks;
210	(ii) Federal Home Loan banks;
211	(iii) Federal National Mortgage Association;
212	(iv) Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation;
213	(v) Federal Agriculture Mortgage Corporation; and

214	(vi) Tennessee Valley Authority;
215	(i) fixed rate corporate obligations that:
216	(i) are rated "A" or higher or the equivalent of "A" or higher by two nationally
217	recognized statistical rating organizations[, one of which must be by Moody's Investors Service
218	or Standard and Poor's];
219	(ii) are senior unsecured or secured obligations of the issuer, excluding covered bonds;
220	(iii) are publicly traded; and
221	(iv) have a remaining term to final maturity of [13] 15 months or less or [is] are subject
222	to a hard put at par value or better, within 365 days;
223	(j) tax anticipation notes and general obligation bonds of the state or of any county,
224	incorporated city or town, school district, or other political subdivision of this state, including
225	bonds offered on a when-issued basis without regard to the [limitation] limitations in
226	Subsection (7);
227	(k) bonds, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness of any county, incorporated city or
228	town, school district, or other political subdivision of the state that are payable from
229	assessments or from revenues or earnings specifically pledged for payment of the principal and
230	interest on these obligations, including bonds offered on a when-issued basis without regard to
231	the [limitation] limitations in Subsection (7);
232	(l) shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund [as defined in Section 51-7-3];
233	(m) variable rate negotiable deposits that:
234	(i) are issued by a qualified depository or a permitted depository;
235	(ii) are repriced at least semiannually; and
236	(iii) have a remaining term to final maturity not to exceed [two] three years; and
237	(n) variable rate securities that:
238	(i) (A) are rated "A" or higher or the equivalent of "A" or higher by two nationally
239	recognized statistical rating organizations[, one of which must be by Moody's Investors Service
240	or Standard and Poor's];
241	(B) are senior unsecured or secured obligations of the issuer, excluding covered bonds;
242	(C) are publicly traded;
243	(D) are repriced at least semiannually; and
244	(E) have a remaining term to final maturity not to exceed [two] three years or are

245	subject to a hard put at par value or better, within 365 days; and
246	(ii) are not mortgages, mortgage-backed securities, mortgage derivative products, or
247	any security making unscheduled periodic principal payments other than optional redemptions.
248	(4) The following public funds are exempt from the requirements of Subsection (3):
249	(a) the Employers' Reinsurance Fund created in Section 34A-2-702;
250	(b) the Uninsured Employers' Fund created in Section 34A-2-704; and
251	(c) a local government other post-employment benefits trust fund under Section
252	51-7-12.2.
253	(5) If any of the deposits authorized by Subsection (3)(a) are negotiable or
254	nonnegotiable large time deposits issued in amounts of \$100,000 or more, the interest shall be
255	calculated on the basis of the actual number of days divided by 360 days.
256	(6) A public treasurer may maintain fully insured deposits in demand accounts in a
257	federally insured nonqualified depository only if a qualified depository is not reasonably
258	convenient to the entity's geographic location.
259	(7) [The] Except as provided under Subsections (3)(j) and (k), the public treasurer shall
260	ensure that all purchases and sales of securities are settled within:
261	(a) 15 days of the trade date for outstanding issues; and
262	(b) 30 days on new issues.
263	Section 3. Section 51-7-12.1 is amended to read:
264	51-7-12.1. Deposit or investment of Tobacco Settlement Endowment
265	Authorized deposits and investments Asset manager.
266	(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of Section 51-7-11, money in the permanent state
267	trust fund created by and operated under Utah Constitution Article XXII, Section 4, shall be
268	deposited or invested only in the following:
269	(a) any deposit or investment authorized by Section 51-7-11;
270	(b) equity securities, including common and preferred stock issued by corporations
271	listed on a major securities exchange, in accordance with the following criteria applied at the
272	time of investment:

(i) the treasurer may not invest more than 5%, determined on a cost basis, of the total

(ii) the treasurer may not invest more than 25%, determined on a cost basis, of the total

endowment assets in the securities of any one issuer;

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endowment assets in a particular industry;

(iii) the treasurer may not invest more than 5%, determined on a cost basis, of the total endowment assets in securities of corporations that have been in continuous operation for less than three years;

- (iv) the endowment may not hold in excess of 5% of the outstanding voting securities of any one corporation; and
- (v) at least 75% of the corporations in which investments are made under Subsection (1)(b) must appear on the Standard and Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index;
- (c) fixed-income securities, including bonds, notes, mortgage securities, zero coupon securities, and convertible securities issued by domestic corporations rated "A" or higher [by Moody's Investor's Service, Inc. or by Standard and Poor's Corporation] or the equivalent of "A" or higher by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations in accordance with the following criteria applied at the time of investment:
- (i) the treasurer may not invest more than 5%, determined on a cost basis, of the total endowment assets in the securities of any one issuer;
- (ii) the treasurer may not invest more than 25%, determined on a cost basis, of the total endowment assets in a particular industry;
- (iii) the treasurer may not invest more than 5%, determined on a cost basis, of the total fund assets in the securities of corporations that have been in continuous operation for less than three years; and
- (iv) the dollar-weighted average maturity of fixed-income securities acquired under Subsection (1)(c) may not exceed 10 years;
- (d) fixed-income securities issued by agencies of the United States and government-sponsored organizations, including mortgage-backed pass-through certificates and mortgage-backed bonds;
- (e) shares of an open-end diversified management investment company established under the Investment Company Act of 1940; and
 - (f) shares of or deposits in a pooled-investment program.
- (2) (a) No more than 80% of the total fund assets of any of this endowment, on a cost basis, may be invested in common or preferred stocks at any one time.
- 306 (b) At least 20% of the total assets of this endowment shall be invested in fixed-income

307	securities authorized by Subsections (1)(a), (c), and (d).
308	(3) The treasurer shall use appropriate investment strategies to protect the principal of
309	the endowment administered under this section during periods of financial market volatility.
310	(4) (a) The treasurer may employ professional asset managers to assist in the
311	investment of assets of the endowment.
312	(b) The treasurer may provide compensation to asset managers from earnings generated
313	by the funds' investments.
314	(5) The council shall give suggestions, advice, and opinions to the treasurer in regard to
315	this section.
316	Section 4. Section 51-7-12.5 is amended to read:
317	51-7-12.5. Deposit or investment of the Employers' Reinsurance Fund and
318	Uninsured Employers' Fund Authorized deposits and investments Asset manager.
319	(1) The principal of the Employers' Reinsurance Fund created in Section 34A-2-702,
320	and the Uninsured Employers' Fund created in Section 34A-2-704 shall be deposited or
321	invested only in the following:
322	(a) any deposit or investment authorized by Section 51-7-11;
323	(b) equity securities, including common and preferred stock issued by corporations
324	listed on a major securities exchange, in accordance with the following criteria applied at the
325	time of investment:
326	(i) the treasurer may not invest more than 5%, determined on a cost basis, of the total
327	fund assets in the securities of any one issuer;
328	(ii) the treasurer may not invest more than 25%, determined on a cost basis, of total
329	fund assets in a particular industry;
330	(iii) the treasurer may not invest more than 5%, determined on a cost basis, of the total
331	fund assets in securities of corporations that have been in continuous operation for less than
332	three years;
333	(iv) the fund may not hold in excess of 5% of the outstanding voting securities of any
334	one corporation; and
335	(v) at least 75% of the corporations in which investments are made under Subsection

(c) fixed-income securities, including bonds, notes, mortgage securities, zero coupon

(1)(b) must appear on the Standard and Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index;

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securities and convertible securities issued by domestic corporations rated "A" or higher [by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or by Standard and Poor's Corporation] or the equivalent of "A" or higher by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations in accordance with the following criteria applied at the time of investment:

- (i) the treasurer may not invest more than 5%, determined on a cost basis, of the total fund assets in the securities of any one issuer;
- (ii) the treasurer may not invest more than 25%, determined on a cost basis, of the total fund assets in a particular industry;
- (iii) the treasurer may not invest more than 5%, determined on a cost basis, of the total fund assets in securities of corporations that have been in continuous operation for less than three years; and
- (iv) the dollar-weighted average maturity of fixed-income securities acquired under Subsection (1)(c) may not exceed 10 years;
- (d) fixed-income securities issued by agencies of the United States and government-sponsored organizations, including mortgage-backed pass-through certificates and mortgage-backed bonds;
- (e) shares of an open-end diversified management investment company established under the Investment Companies Act of 1940; or
 - (f) shares of or deposits in a pooled-investment program.
- (2) (a) No more than 65% of the total fund assets of any of these funds, on a cost basis, may be invested in common or preferred stocks at any one time.
- (b) At least 35% of the total assets of these funds shall be invested in fixed-income securities authorized by Section 51-7-11 and Subsections (1)(c) and (d).
- (3) The state treasurer shall use appropriate investment strategies to protect the principal of the funds administered under this section during periods of financial market volatility.
- (4) (a) The state treasurer may employ professional asset managers to assist in the investment of assets of the funds.
- 366 (b) The treasurer may provide compensation to asset managers from earnings generated 367 by the funds' investments.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-14-13 10:06 AM

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