57	[(3)] (4) "Inventory property" means property in the possession of the division that is
58	available for purchase by an agency or the public.
59	[(4)] (5) "Judicial district" means a geographic district established by Section
60	78A-1-102.
61	[(5)] (6) "Person with a disability" means a person with a severe, chronic disability
62	that:
63	(a) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or a combination of mental and
64	physical impairments; and
65	(b) is likely to continue indefinitely.
66	[ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(7)</u> "Personal handheld electronic device":
67	(a) means an electronic device that is designed for handheld use and permits the user to
68	store or access information, the primary value of which is specific to the user of the device; and
69	(b) includes a mobile phone, pocket personal computer, personal digital assistant, or
70	similar device.
71	[(7)] (8) "Property act" means the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of
72	1949, 40 U.S.C. Sec. 549.
73	(9) "State surplus property" means surplus property that is not:
74	(a) a vehicle; or
75	(b) federal surplus property.
76	(10) "State surplus property contractor" means the person described in Section
77	63A-2-410 that the state contracts with to administer the state's program for the disposition of
78	state surplus property.
79	[(8)] (11) (a) "Surplus property" means property that an agency:
80	(i) intends [for disposal] to divest itself of; and
81	(ii) has acquired by purchase, seizure, or donation.
82	(b) "Surplus property" does not include:
83	(i) real property; Ŝ→ [or]
83a	(ii) assets of the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration; or
84	$[(ii)]$ (iii) $\leftarrow$ $\hat{S}$ an aluminum can or an item made primarily of paper, plastic, or cardboard
84a	that is:
85	(A) discarded; and
86	(B) recyclable.
87	(9) "Transfer" means transfer of surplus property without cash consideration except

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