Senator Curtis S. Bramble proposes the following substitute bill:

	PUBLIC SCHOOL FUNDING AMENDMENTS		
	2013 GENERAL SESSION		
	STATE OF UTAH		
	Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble House Sponsor: Bradley G. Last		
	LONG TITLE		
	General Description:		
	This bill modifies provisions relating to the funding of public schools.		
	Highlighted Provisions:		
	This bill:		
	► provides that $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{, \text{ for the 2013-14 and 2014-15 school years,}} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ the number of		
	weighted pupil units assigned to a charter school for the		
	kindergarten and grades 1 through 12 programs of the Basic School Program shall		
	be based on the greater of the school's:		
	 October 1 enrollment in the current school year; or 		
	 average daily membership in the prior school year plus growth. 		
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:		
	None		
	Other Special Clauses:		
	None		
	Utah Code Sections Affected:		
	AMENDS:		
	53A-1a-513, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 318		



26	Section 1. Section 53A-1a-513 is amended to read:
27	53A-1a-513. Funding for charter schools.
28	(1) As used in this section:
29	(a) "Charter school students' average local revenues" means the amount determined as
30	follows:
31	(i) for each student enrolled in a charter school on the previous October 1, calculate the
32	district per pupil local revenues of the school district in which the student resides;
33	(ii) sum the district per pupil local revenues for each student enrolled in a charter
34	school on the previous October 1; and
35	(iii) divide the sum calculated under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) by the number of students
36	enrolled in charter schools on the previous October 1.
37	(b) "District local property tax revenues" means the sum of a school district's revenue
38	received from the following levies:
39	(i) (A) a voted levy imposed under Section 53A-17a-133;
40	(B) a board levy imposed under Section 53A-17a-134;
41	(C) a 10% of basic levy imposed under Section 53A-17a-145;
42	(D) a tort liability levy imposed under Section 63G-7-704;
43	(E) a capital outlay levy imposed under Section 53A-16-107; and
44	(F) a voted capital outlay levy imposed under Section 53A-16-110; or
45	(ii) (A) a voted local levy imposed under Section 53A-17a-133;
46	(B) a board local levy imposed under Section 53A-17a-164, excluding revenues
47	expended for:
48	(I) recreational facilities and activities authorized under Title 11, Chapter 2,
49	Playgrounds;
50	(II) pupil transportation, up to the amount of revenue generated by a .0003 per dollar of
51	taxable value of the school district's board local levy; and
52	(III) the K-3 Reading Improvement Program, up to the amount of revenue generated by
53	a .000121 per dollar of taxable value of the school district's board local levy; and
54	(C) a capital local levy imposed under Section 53A-16-113.
55	(c) "District per pupil local revenues" means an amount equal to the following, using
56	data from the most recently published school district annual financial reports and state

5/	superintendent's annual report:
58	(i) district local property tax revenues; divided by
59	(ii) the sum of:
60	(A) a school district's average daily membership; and
61	(B) the average daily membership of a school district's resident students who attend
62	charter schools.
63	(d) "Resident student" means a student who is considered a resident of the school
64	district under Title 53A, Chapter 2, Part 2, District of Residency.
65	(e) "Statewide average debt service revenues" means the amount determined as
66	follows, using data from the most recently published state superintendent's annual report:
67	(i) sum the revenues of each school district from the debt service levy imposed under
68	Section 11-14-310; and
69	(ii) divide the sum calculated under Subsection (1)(e)(i) by statewide school district
70	average daily membership.
71	(2) (a) Charter schools shall receive funding as described in this section, except
72	Subsections (3) through (8) do not apply to charter schools described in Subsection (2)(b).
73	(b) Charter schools authorized by local school boards that are converted from district
74	schools or operate in district facilities without paying reasonable rent shall receive funding as
75	prescribed in Section 53A-1a-515.
76	(3) (a) Except as provided in [Subsection] Subsections (3)(b) and (3)(c), a charter
77	school shall receive state funds, as applicable, on the same basis as a school district receives
78	funds.
79	(b) \$→ [The] For the 2013-14 and 2014-15 school years, the ←\$ number of weighted
79a	pupil units assigned to a charter school for the
80	kindergarten and grades 1 through 12 programs of the Basic School Program shall be:
81	(i) based on the higher of:
82	(A) October 1 enrollment in the current school year; or
83	(B) average daily membership in the prior school year plus growth as determined under
84	<u>Section 53A-17a-106; and</u>
85	(ii) weighted as provided in Subsection (3)(c).
86	[(b)] (c) In distributing funds under Chapter 17a, Minimum School Program Act, to
87	charter schools, charter school pupils shall be weighted, where applicable, as follows:

88	(i) .55 for kindergarten pupils;
89	(ii) .9 for pupils in grades 1 through 6;
90	(iii) .99 for pupils in grades 7 through 8; and
91	(iv) 1.2 for pupils in grades 9 through 12.
92	(4) (a) (i) A school district shall allocate a portion of school district revenues for each
93	resident student of the school district who is enrolled in a charter school on October 1 equal to
94	25% of the lesser of:
95	(A) district per pupil local revenues; or
96	(B) charter school students' average local revenues.
97	(ii) Nothing in this Subsection (4)(a) affects the school bond guarantee program
98	established under Chapter 28, Utah School Bond Guaranty Act.
99	(b) The State Board of Education shall:
100	(i) deduct an amount equal to the allocation provided under Subsection (4)(a) from
101	state funds the school district is authorized to receive under Chapter 17a, Minimum School
102	Program Act; and
103	(ii) remit the money to the student's charter school.
104	(c) Notwithstanding the method used to transfer school district revenues to charter
105	schools as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a school district may deduct the allocations to charter
106	schools under this section from:
107	(i) unrestricted revenues available to the school district; or
108	(ii) the revenue sources listed in Subsection (1)(b) based on the portion of the
109	allocations to charter schools attributed to each of the revenue sources listed in Subsection
110	(1)(b).
111	(d) (i) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall provide an
112	appropriation for charter schools for each student enrolled on October 1 to supplement the
113	allocation of school district revenues under Subsection (4)(a).
114	(ii) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d)(iii), the amount of money provided by the
115	state for a charter school student shall be the sum of:
116	(A) charter school students' average local revenues minus the allocation of school
117	district revenues under Subsection (4)(a); and
118	(B) statewide average debt service revenues.

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- (iii) If the total of a school district's allocation for a charter school student under Subsection (4)(a) and the amount provided by the state under Subsection (4)(d)(ii) is less than \$1427, the state shall provide an additional supplement so that a charter school receives at least \$1427 per student under this Subsection (4).
- (iv) (A) If the appropriation provided under this Subsection (4)(d) is less than the amount prescribed by Subsection (4)(d)(ii) or (4)(d)(iii), the appropriation shall be allocated among charter schools in proportion to each charter school's enrollment as a percentage of the total enrollment in charter schools.
- (B) If the State Board of Education makes adjustments to Minimum School Program allocations as provided under Section 53A-17a-105, the allocation provided in Subsection (4)(d)(iv)(A) shall be determined after adjustments are made under Section 53A-17a-105.
- (e) Of the money provided to a charter school under this Subsection (4), 10% shall be expended for funding school facilities only.
- (5) Charter schools are eligible to receive federal funds if they meet all applicable federal requirements and comply with relevant federal regulations.
- (6) The State Board of Education shall distribute funds for charter school students directly to the charter school.
- (7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), a charter school is not eligible to receive state transportation funding.
- (b) The board shall also adopt rules relating to the transportation of students to and from charter schools, taking into account Sections 53A-2-210 and 53A-17a-127.
- (c) The governing body of the charter school may provide transportation through an agreement or contract with the local school board, a private provider, or with parents.
- (8) (a) (i) In accordance with Section 53A-1a-513.5, the State Charter School Board may allocate grants for start-up costs to charter schools from money appropriated for charter school start-up costs.
- (ii) The governing board of a charter school that receives money from a grant under Section 53A-1a-513.5 shall use the grant for expenses for planning and implementation of the charter school.
- (b) The State Board of Education shall coordinate the distribution of federal money appropriated to help fund costs for establishing and maintaining charter schools within the

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- (9) (a) A charter school may receive, hold, manage and use any devise, bequest, grant, endowment, gift, or donation of any property made to the school for any of the purposes of this part.
- (b) It is unlawful for any person affiliated with a charter school to demand or request any gift, donation, or contribution from a parent, teacher, employee, or other person affiliated with the charter school as a condition for employment or enrollment at the school or continued attendance at the school.