Representative Mike K. McKell proposes the following substitute bill:

ELECTION CODE - FINANCIAL REPORTING
REQUIREMENT AMENDMENTS
2013 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: John L. Valentine
House Sponsor: Mike K. McKell
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions of the Election Code relating to financial reporting.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 defines terms;
 requires a state office holder, a legislative office holder, and a state school board
office holder to each file an interim financial report;
 requires a political action committee and a political issues committee to each file an
interim financial report seven days before the state political convention of each
major political party;
 increases reporting times for a corporation;
 provides for a fine and criminal action against a person who violates certain
provisions of this bill;
 decreases, from 14 days to seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant
governor, the time within which reporting individuals or entities are required to file
or amend a summary report before penalties are imposed;
 requires the lieutenant governor to impose a fine on an individual or entity that fails

to file or amend a summary report within seven days after the day on which the individual or
entity receives notice from the lieutenant governor; and
 makes clarifying and technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
20A-11-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
20A-11-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
20A-11-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
20A-11-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
20A-11-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
20A-11-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
20A-11-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
20A-11-512, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
20A-11-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 69 and 230
20A-11-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 69
20A-11-701 (Effective 05/01/13), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 347
20A-11-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
20A-11-703, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
20A-11-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 69 and 230
20A-11-803, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 69
20A-11-1303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
20A-11-1305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
20A-11-1503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 20A-11-101 is amended to read:
20A-11-101. Definitions.

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57 As used in this chapter: 58 (1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a 59 reporting entity has its principal office. 60 (2) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional 61 amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by 62 the Utah Code Annotated 1953. 63 (3) "Candidate" means any person who: 64 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or 65 (b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to 66 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election 67 to a public office. 68 (4) "Chief election officer" means: 69 (a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates, 70 officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues 71 committees, state school board candidates, judges, and labor organizations, as defined in 72 Section 20A-11-1501; and 73 (b) the county clerk for local school board candidates. 74 (5) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes: 75 (i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of 76 value given to the filing entity; 77 (ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift, 78 subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or 79 anything of value to the filing entity; 80 (iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the filing entity; 81 (iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for 82 personal services provided without charge to the filing entity; 83 (v) remuneration from: 84 (A) any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a registered lobbyist; 85 or 86 (B) any agency or subdivision of the state, including school districts; and 87 (vi) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of the filing entity at less than fair

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88 market value. 89 (b) "Contribution" does not include: 90 (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all 91 of their time on behalf of the filing entity; 92 (ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of 93 business; or 94 (iii) goods or services provided for the benefit of a candidate or political party at less 95 than fair market value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the candidate or political 96 party. 97 (6) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a 98 candidate or political party are provided: 99 (a) with the candidate's or political party's prior knowledge, if the candidate or political 100 party does not object; 101 (b) by agreement with the candidate or political party; 102 (c) in coordination with the candidate or political party; or 103 (d) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a candidate or 104 political party. 105 (7) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business 106 organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and 107 makes any expenditure from corporate funds for: 108 (i) the purpose of expressly advocating for political purposes; or 109 (ii) the purpose of expressly advocating the approval or the defeat of any ballot 110 proposition. 111 (b) "Corporation" does not mean: 112 (i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or 113 (ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship. 114 (8) "County political party" means, for each registered political party, all of the persons 115 within a single county who, under definitions established by the political party, are members of the registered political party. 116 117 (9) "County political party officer" means a person whose name is required to be 118 submitted by a county political party to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section

119	20A-8-402.
120	(10) "Detailed listing" means:
121	(a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
122	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public
123	service assistance;
124	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and
125	(iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
126	(b) for each expenditure:
127	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
128	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
129	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
130	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.
131	(11) "Election" means each:
132	(a) regular general election;
133	(b) regular primary election; and
134	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.
135	(12) "Electioneering communication" means a communication that:
136	(a) has at least a value of \$10,000;
137	(b) clearly identifies a candidate or judge; and
138	(c) is disseminated through the Internet, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising
139	facility, direct mailing, broadcast, cable, or satellite provider within 45 days of the clearly
140	identified candidate's or judge's election date.
141	(13) (a) "Expenditure" means:
142	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
143	required by this chapter;
144	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
145	or anything of value made for political purposes;
146	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
147	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of
148	value for political purposes;
149	(iv) compensation paid by a filing entity for personal services rendered by a person

150 without charge to a reporting entity; 151 (v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign 152 committee; or 153 (vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another 154 reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value. 155 (b) "Expenditure" does not include: 156 (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all 157 of their time on behalf of a reporting entity; 158 (ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of 159 business; or 160 (iii) anything listed in Subsection (13)(a) that is given by a reporting entity to 161 candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah. 162 (14) "Federal office" means the office of President of the United States, United States 163 Senator, or United States Representative. 164 (15) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is required to file a financial 165 statement required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections. 166 (16) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, verified 167 financial statement, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts, 168 donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial 169 Retention Elections. 170 (17) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the 171 candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee, 172 political party, or corporation. 173 (18) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 1, 174 Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city or town. 175 (19) "Incorporation election" means the election authorized by Section 10-2-111. 176 (20) "Incorporation petition" means a petition authorized by Section 10-2-109. 177 (21) "Individual" means a natural person. 178 (22) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and 179 expenditures made since the last report. 180 (23) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker

181	of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant
182	whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
183	(24) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who:
184	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative;
185	(b) declares oneself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of
186	speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and
187	assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; or
188	(c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
189	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
190	to a legislative office.
191	(25) "Major political party" means either of the two registered political parties that
192	have the greatest number of members elected to the two houses of the Legislature.
193	[(25)] (26) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office.
194	[(26)] (27) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the
195	governing board of a registered political party.
196	[(27)] (28) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals,
197	business organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action
198	committees, political issues committees, and labor organizations, as defined in Section
199	20A-11-1501.
200	[(28)] (29) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a
201	candidate to act for the candidate as provided in this chapter.
202	[(29)] (30) "Personal use expenditure" has the same meaning as provided under Section
203	20A-11-104.
204	[(30)] (31) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of
205	individuals or entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:
206	(i) solicit or receive contributions from any other person, group, or entity for political
207	purposes; or
208	(ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to refrain from voting or to
209	vote for or against any candidate or person seeking election to a municipal or county office.
210	(b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political
211	party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party

212	that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes.
213	(c) "Political action committee" does not mean:
214	(i) a party committee;
215	(ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular
216	course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
217	(iii) an individual;
218	(iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking
219	account;
220	(v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political
221	action committee; or
222	(vi) a personal campaign committee.
223	[(31)] (32) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by
224	a registered political party to select candidates.
225	[(32)] (33) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals
226	or entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:
227	(i) solicit or receive donations from any other person, group, or entity to assist in
228	placing a ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot, or
229	to advocate that a voter refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any ballot proposition;
230	(ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to sign or refuse to sign a
231	ballot proposition or incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote against any
232	proposed ballot proposition or an incorporation in an incorporation election; or
233	(iii) make expenditures to assist in qualifying or placing a ballot proposition on the
234	ballot or to assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot.
235	(b) "Political issues committee" does not mean:
236	(i) a registered political party or a party committee;
237	(ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the
238	regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
239	(iii) an individual;
240	(iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking
241	account; or
242	(v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political

243	issues committee.
244	[(33)] (34) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following:
245	(i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
246	anything of value given to a political issues committee;
247	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political
248	issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition;
249	(iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting
250	entity;
251	(iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered
252	without charge to a political issues committee; and
253	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at
254	less than fair market value.
255	(b) "Political issues contribution" does not include:
256	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
257	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
258	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
259	course of business.
260	[(34)] (35) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following:
261	(i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing
262	the approval or the defeat of:
263	(A) a ballot proposition; or
264	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
265	(ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for
266	the express purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of:
267	(A) a ballot proposition; or
268	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
269	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
270	political issues expenditure;
271	(iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person
272	without charge to a political issues committee; or
273	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less

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than fair market value.

275 (b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include:

(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or allof their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or

(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinarycourse of business.

[(35)] (36) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or against any candidate or a person seeking a municipal or county office at any caucus, political convention, or election.

[(36)] (37) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the
election laws.

[(37)] (38) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state
auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state or local school board member, state senator, state
representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader,
whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.

[(38)] (39) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided
 to an officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to
 communicate with the officeholder's constituents:

(i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit ofmoney or anything of value to an officeholder; or

(ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of theofficeholder.

297 (b) "Public service assistance" does not include:

(i) anything provided by the state;

(ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or allof their time on behalf of an officeholder;

301 (iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of302 business;

303 (iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or

304 (v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any

305	organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the
306	officeholder.
307	[(39)] (40) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more
308	individuals sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political
309	action committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting
310	the political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial statement the
311	individuals are listed.
312	[(40)] (41) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance.
313	[(41)] (42) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11,
314	Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.
315	[(42)] (43) "Registered political action committee" means any political action
316	committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant
317	governor's office.
318	[(43)] (44) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues
319	committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant
320	governor's office.
321	[(44)] (45) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:
322	(a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2%
323	or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives
324	for any of its candidates for any office; or
325	(b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of Chapter 8, Political
326	Party Formation and Procedures.
327	$\left[\frac{(45)}{(46)}\right]$ (a) "Remuneration" means a payment:
328	(i) made to a legislator for the period the Legislature is in session; and
329	(ii) that is approximately equivalent to an amount a legislator would have earned
330	during the period the Legislature is in session in the legislator's ordinary course of business.
331	(b) "Remuneration" does not mean anything of economic value given to a legislator by:
332	(i) the legislator's primary employer in the ordinary course of business; or
333	(ii) a person or entity in the ordinary course of business:
334	(A) because of the legislator's ownership interest in the entity; or
335	(B) for services rendered by the legislator on behalf of the person or entity.

336	[(46)] (47) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign
337	committee, a judge, a judge's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, a party
338	committee, a political action committee, a political issues committee, a corporation, or a labor
339	organization, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
340	[(47)] (48) "School board office" means the office of state school board or local school
341	board.
342	[(48)] (49) (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the
343	tangible or intangible asset that comprises the contribution.
344	(b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political
345	action committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action
346	committee or the owners or shareholders of the corporation.
347	[(49)] (50) "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney
348	general, state auditor, and state treasurer.
349	[(50)] (51) "State office candidate" means a person who:
350	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or
351	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
352	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
353	to a state office.
354	[(51)] (52) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a
355	reporting entity's contributions and expenditures.
356	[(52)] (53) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that
357	allocate expenditures from a political issues committee.
358	Section 2. Section 20A-11-204 is amended to read:
359	20A-11-204. State office candidate and state office holder Financial reporting
360	requirements Interim reports.
361	(1) (a) As used in this Subsection (1), "campaign account" means a separate campaign
362	account required under Subsection 20A-11-201(1)(a).
363	[(1)] (b) Each state office candidate shall file an interim report at the following times in
364	any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
365	[(a)] (i) seven days before the candidate's political convention;
366	[(b)] (ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;

367	[(c)] (iii) August 31; and
368	$\left[\frac{(d)}{(d)}\right]$ seven days before the regular general election date.
369	(c) Each state office holder who has a campaign account that has not been dissolved
370	under Section 20A-11-205 shall, in an even year, file an interim report at the following times,
371	regardless of whether an election for the state office holder's office is held that year:
372	(i) seven days before the political convention for the political party of the state office
373	holder;
374	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
375	(iii) August 31; and
376	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
377	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
378	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
379	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
380	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
381	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
382	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
383	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
384	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
385	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:
386	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
387	contributor; and
388	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
389	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
390	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
391	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
392	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
393	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
394	last summary report;
395	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
396	(i) beginning balance;
397	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;

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398 (iii) total contributions to date; 399 (iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and 400 (v) total expenditures to date; and 401 (j) the name of a political action committee for which the state office candidate or state 402 office holder is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under 403 Section 20A-11-601. 404 (3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a 405 single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings. 406 (b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of 407 more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately. 408 (4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported 409 as of five days before the required filing date of the report. 410 (b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a state office candidate or state 411 office holder more than five days before the required filing date of a report required by this 412 section shall be included in the interim report. 413 Section 3. Section 20A-11-206 is amended to read: 414 20A-11-206. State office candidate -- Failure to file reports -- Penalties. 415 (1) (a) If a state office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the regular 416 primary election, on August 31, or before the regular general election, the lieutenant governor 417 shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely filed: 418 (i) inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who: 419 (A) (I) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate from the ballots before 420 the ballots are delivered to voters; or 421 (II) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform 422 the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes 423 cast for the candidate will not be counted; and 424 (B) may not count any votes for that candidate; and 425 (ii) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005. 426 (b) Any state office candidate who fails to file timely a financial statement required by 427 Subsection 20A-11-204(1)(b)[, (c), or (d)](ii), (iii), or (iv) is disqualified and the vacancy on428 the ballot may be filled as provided in Section 20A-1-501.

429	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a state office candidate is not
430	disqualified and the lieutenant governor may not impose a fine if:
431	(i) the candidate timely files the reports required by this section no later than the due
432	date in accordance with Section 20A-11-103;
433	(ii) the reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
434	required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies;
435	and
436	(iii) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii) are
437	corrected in:
438	(A) an amended report; or
439	(B) the next scheduled report.
440	(2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the lieutenant
441	governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
442	(i) each state office candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one;
443	and
444	(ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
445	(b) If it appears that any state office candidate has failed to file the summary report
446	required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the
447	lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the
448	falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a
449	violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the state office candidate of the violation or
450	written complaint and direct the state office candidate to file a summary report correcting the
451	problem.
452	(c) (i) It is unlawful for any state office candidate to fail to file or amend a summary
453	report within [14] seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this
454	section.
455	(ii) Each state office candidate who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a class B
456	misdemeanor.
457	(iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the
458	attorney general.
459	(iv) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii), the lieutenant

460	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a state office candidate who violates
461	Subsection (2)(c)(i).
462	Section 4. Section 20A-11-303 is amended to read:
463	20A-11-303. Legislative office candidate and legislative office holder Financial
464	reporting requirements Interim reports.
465	(1) (a) As used in this Subsection (1), "campaign account" means a separate campaign
466	account required under Subsection 20A-11-301(1)(a)(i).
467	[(1)] (b) Each legislative office candidate shall file an interim report at the following
468	times in any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
469	[(a)] (i) seven days before the candidate's political convention;
470	[(b)] (ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
471	[(c)] (iii) August 31; and
472	[(d)] (iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
473	(c) Each legislative office holder who has a campaign account that has not been
474	dissolved under Section 20A-11-304 shall, in an even year, file an interim report at the
475	following times, regardless of whether an election for the legislative office holder's office is
476	held that year:
477	(i) seven days before the political convention for the political party of the legislative
478	office holder;
479	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date for that year;
480	(iii) August 31; and
481	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
482	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
483	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
484	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
485	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
486	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
487	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
488	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
489	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
490	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:

491	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
492	contributor; and
493	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
494	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
495	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
496	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
497	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
498	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
499	last summary report;
500	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
501	(i) beginning balance;
502	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
503	(iii) total contributions to date;
504	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
505	(v) total expenditures to date; and
506	(j) the name of a political action committee for which the legislative office candidate or
507	legislative office holder is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority
508	under Section 20A-11-601.
509	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a
510	single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
511	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
512	more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
513	(4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported
514	as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
515	(b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a legislative office candidate or
516	legislative office holder more than five days before the required filing date of a report required
517	by this section shall be included in the interim report.
518	Section 5. Section 20A-11-305 is amended to read:
519	20A-11-305. Legislative office candidate Failure to file report Penalties.
520	(1) (a) If a legislative office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the
521	regular primary election, on August 31, or before the regular general election, the lieutenant

522	governor shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely filed:
523	(i) inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:
524	(A) (I) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate from the ballots before
525	the ballots are delivered to voters; or
526	(II) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform
527	the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes
528	cast for the candidate will not be counted; and
529	(B) may not count any votes for that candidate; and
530	(ii) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005.
531	(b) Any legislative office candidate who fails to file timely a financial statement
532	required by Subsection 20A-11-303(1)(b)[, (c), or (d)](ii), (iii), or (iv) is disqualified and the
533	vacancy on the ballot may be filled as provided in Section 20A-1-501.
534	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a legislative office candidate is not
535	disqualified and the lieutenant governor may not impose a fine if:
536	(i) the candidate timely files the reports required by this section no later than the due
537	date in accordance with Section 20A-11-103;
538	(ii) the reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
539	required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies;
540	and
541	(iii) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii) are
542	corrected in:
543	(A) an amended report; or
544	(B) the next scheduled report.
545	(2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the lieutenant
546	governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
547	(i) each legislative office candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed
548	one; and
549	(ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
550	(b) If it appears that any legislative office candidate has failed to file the summary
551	report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or

552 if the lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the

553	falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a
554	violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the legislative office candidate of the
555	violation or written complaint and direct the legislative office candidate to file a summary
556	report correcting the problem.
557	(c) (i) It is unlawful for any legislative office candidate to fail to file or amend a
558	summary report within [14] seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor
559	under this section.
560	(ii) Each legislative office candidate who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a
561	class B misdemeanor.
562	(iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the
563	attorney general.
564	(iv) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii), the lieutenant
565	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a legislative office candidate who violates
566	Subsection (2)(c)(i).
567	Section 6. Section 20A-11-403 is amended to read:
568	20A-11-403. Failure to file Penalties.
569	(1) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the lieutenant
570	governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
571	(a) each officeholder that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
572	(b) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
573	(2) If it appears that any officeholder has failed to file the summary report required by
574	law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant
575	governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any
576	summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, if the lieutenant governor determines that a
577	violation has occurred:
578	(a) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005; and
579	(b) within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify
580	the officeholder of the violation or written complaint and direct the officeholder to file a
581	summary report correcting the problem.
582	(3) (a) It is unlawful for any officeholder to fail to file or amend a summary report
583	within [14] seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.

584	(b) Each officeholder who violates Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of a class B
585	misdemeanor.
586	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (3)(a) to the
587	attorney general.
588	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (3)(b), the lieutenant
589	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against an officeholder who violates Subsection
590	<u>(3)(a).</u>
591	(4) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of an interim report by an officeholder
592	under Subsection 20A-11-204(1)(c), 20A-11-303(1)(c), or 20A-11-1303(1)(c), the lieutenant
593	governor shall review each filed interim report to ensure that each interim report contains the
594	information required for the report.
595	(5) If it appears that any officeholder has failed to file an interim report required by
596	law, if it appears that a filed interim report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant
597	governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any
598	interim report, the lieutenant governor shall, if the lieutenant governor determines that a
599	violation has occurred:
600	(a) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005; and
601	(b) within five days after the day on which the violation is discovered or a written
602	complaint is received, notify the officeholder of the violation or written complaint and direct
603	the officeholder to file an interim report correcting the problem.
604	(6) (a) It is unlawful for any officeholder to fail to file or amend an interim report
605	within seven days after the day on which the officeholder receives notice from the lieutenant
606	governor under this section.
607	(b) Each officeholder who violates Subsection (6)(a) is guilty of a class B
608	misdemeanor.
609	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (6)(a) to the
610	attorney general.
611	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (6)(b), the lieutenant
612	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against an officeholder who violates Subsection
613	<u>(6)(a).</u>
614	Section 7. Section 20A-11-508 is amended to read:

615	20A-11-508. Political party reporting requirements Criminal penalties Fines.
616	(1) (a) Each registered political party that fails to file the interim reports due before the
617	regular primary election, on August 31, or before the regular general election is:
618	(i) subject to a fine imposed in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005; and
619	(ii) guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
620	(b) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (1)(a) to the
621	attorney general.
622	(2) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report required by this
623	part, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed report to ensure that:
624	(a) each political party that is required to file a report has filed one; and
625	(b) each report contains the information required by this part.
626	(3) If it appears that any political party has failed to file a report required by law, if it
627	appears that a filed report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant governor has
628	received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any report, the
629	lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written
630	complaint, notify the political party of the violation or written complaint and direct the political
631	party to file a summary report correcting the problem.
632	(4) (a) It is unlawful for any political party to fail to file or amend a summary report
633	within [14] seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.
634	(b) Each political party who violates Subsection (4)(a) is guilty of a class B
635	misdemeanor.
636	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (4)(a) to the
637	attorney general.
638	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (4)(b), the lieutenant
639	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$1000 against a political party that violates Subsection
640	<u>(4)(a).</u>
641	Section 8. Section 20A-11-512 is amended to read:
642	20A-11-512. County political party Criminal penalties Fines.
643	(1) A county political party that fails to file the interim report due before the regular
644	primary election, on August 31, or before the regular general election is subject to a fine of
645	\$1,000, which the chief election officer shall deposit in the General Fund.

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646	(2) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of the January 10 statement required
647	by Section 20A-11-510, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed statement to ensure
648	that:
649	(a) a county political party officer who is required to file a statement has filed one; and

- 650 (b) each statement contains the information required by Section 20A-11-510. 651 (3) If it appears that any county political party officer has failed to file a financial 652 statement, if it appears that a filed financial statement does not conform to the law, or if the 653 lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the 654 falsity of any financial statement, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of 655 a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the county political party officer of the 656 violation or written complaint and direct the county political party officer to file a financial 657 statement correcting the problem.
- (4) A county political party that fails to file or amend a financial statement within [14]
 seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section is subject to a
 fine of \$1,000, which the chief election officer shall deposit in the General Fund.
- 661

Section 9. Section **20A-11-602** is amended to read:

662 **20A-11-602.** Political action committees -- Financial reporting.

- 663 (1) (a) Each registered political action committee that has received contributions
 664 totaling at least \$750, or disbursed expenditures totaling at least \$50, during a calendar year
 665 shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant governor's office:
- 666 (i) on January 10, reporting contributions and expenditures as of December 31 of the667 previous year;
- 668 (ii) seven days before the state political convention of each major political party;
- 669 [(iii)] (iii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
- 670 [(iii)] (iv) on August 31; and
- 671 [(iv)] (v) seven days before:
- 672 (A) the municipal general election; and
- 673 (B) the regular general election date.
- (b) The registered political action committee shall report:
- 675 (i) a detailed listing of all contributions received and expenditures made since the last676 statement; and

677	(ii) for financial statements filed under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (iv), all
678	contributions and expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of the financial
679	statement.
680	(c) The registered political action committee need not file a statement under this
681	section if it received no contributions and made no expenditures during the reporting period.
682	(2) (a) The verified financial statement shall include:
683	(i) the name and address of any individual that makes a contribution to the reporting
684	political action committee, and the amount of the contribution;
685	(ii) the identification of any publicly identified class of individuals that makes a
686	contribution to the reporting political action committee, and the amount of the contribution;
687	(iii) the name and address of any political action committee, group, or entity that makes
688	a contribution to the reporting political action committee, and the amount of the contribution;
689	(iv) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
690	(v) the name and address of each reporting entity that received an expenditure from the
691	reporting political action committee, and the amount of each expenditure;
692	(vi) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
693	(vii) the total amount of contributions received and expenditures disbursed by the
694	reporting political action committee;
695	(viii) a statement by the political action committee's treasurer or chief financial officer
696	certifying that, to the best of the person's knowledge, the financial report is accurate; and
697	(ix) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
698	(A) beginning balance;
699	(B) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
700	(C) total contributions to date;
701	(D) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
702	(E) total expenditures to date.
703	(b) (i) Contributions received by a political action committee that have a value of \$50
704	or less need not be reported individually, but shall be listed on the report as an aggregate total.
705	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
706	more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
707	(3) A group or entity may not divide or separate into units, sections, or smaller groups

708	for the purpose of avoiding the financial reporting requirements of this chapter, and substance
709	shall prevail over form in determining the scope or size of a political action committee.
710	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "received" means:
711	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a political action committee;
712	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
713	instrument or check is negotiated; and
714	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
715	inures to the political action committee.
716	(b) A political action committee shall report each contribution to the lieutenant
717	governor within 30 days after the contribution is received.
718	Section 10. Section 20A-11-603 is amended to read:
719	20A-11-603. Criminal penalties Fines.
720	(1) (a) Each political action committee that fails to file the financial statement due
721	before the regular primary election, on August 31, before the municipal general election, or
722	before the regular general election is:
723	(i) subject to a fine imposed in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005; and
724	(ii) guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
725	(b) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (1)(a) to the
726	attorney general.
727	(2) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of the January 10 statement required
728	by this part, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed statement to ensure that:
729	(a) each political action committee that is required to file a statement has filed one; and
730	(b) each statement contains the information required by this part.
731	(3) If it appears that any political action committee has failed to file the January 10
732	statement, if it appears that a filed statement does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant
733	governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any
734	statement, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt
735	of a written complaint, notify the political action committee of the violation or written
736	complaint and direct the political action committee to file a statement correcting the problem.
737	(4) (a) It is unlawful for any political action committee to fail to file or amend a
738	statement within [14] seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this

739	section.
740	(b) Each political action committee who violates Subsection (4)(a) is guilty of a class B
741	misdemeanor.
742	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (4)(a) to the
743	attorney general.
744	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (4)(b), the lieutenant
745	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$1000 against a political action committee that violates
746	Subsection (4)(a).
747	Section 11. Section 20A-11-701 (Effective 05/01/13) is amended to read:
748	20A-11-701 (Effective 05/01/13). Campaign financial reporting by corporations
749	Filing requirements Statement contents.
750	(1) (a) Each corporation that has made expenditures for political purposes that total at
751	least \$750 during a calendar year shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant
752	governor's office:
753	(i) on January 10, reporting expenditures as of December 31 of the previous year;
754	(ii) seven days before the state political convention for each major political party;
755	[(iii)] (iii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
756	[(iii)] (iv) on August 31; and
757	[(iv)] (v) seven days before the regular general election date.
758	(b) The corporation shall report:
759	(i) a detailed listing of all expenditures made since the last statement;
760	(ii) for financial statements filed under Subsections $(1)(a)(ii)$ through [(iv)] (v), all
761	expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of the financial statement; and
762	(iii) whether the corporation, including an officer of the corporation, director of the
763	corporation, or person with at least 10% ownership in the corporation:
764	(A) has bid since the last financial statement on a contract, as defined in Section
765	63G-6a-103, in excess of \$100,000;
766	(B) is currently bidding on a contract, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, in excess of
767	\$100,000; or
768	(C) is a party to a contract, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, in excess of \$100,000.
769	(c) The corporation need not file a financial statement under this section if the

770	corporation made no expenditures during the reporting period.
771	(2) The financial statement shall include:
772	(a) the name and address of each reporting entity that received an expenditure from the
773	corporation, and the amount of each expenditure;
774	(b) the total amount of expenditures disbursed by the corporation; and
775	(c) a statement by the corporation's treasurer or chief financial officer certifying the
776	accuracy of the financial statement.
777	Section 12. Section 20A-11-702 is amended to read:
778	20A-11-702. Campaign financial reporting of political issues expenditures by
779	corporations Financial reporting.
780	(1) (a) Each corporation that has made political issues expenditures on current or
781	proposed ballot issues that total at least \$750 during a calendar year shall file a verified
782	financial statement with the lieutenant governor's office:
783	(i) on January 10, reporting expenditures as of December 31 of the previous year;
784	(ii) seven days before the state political convention of each major political party;
785	[(iii)] (iii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
786	[(iii)] (iv) on August 31; and
787	[(iv)] (v) seven days before the regular general election date.
788	(b) The corporation shall report:
789	(i) a detailed listing of all expenditures made since the last statement; and
790	(ii) for financial statements under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through $[(iv)]$ (v), expenditures
791	as of five days before the required filing date of the financial statement.
792	(c) The corporation need not file a statement under this section if it made no
793	expenditures during the reporting period.
794	(2) That statement shall include:
795	(a) the name and address of each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities
796	that received a political issues expenditure of more than \$50 from the corporation, and the
797	amount of each political issues expenditure;
798	(b) the total amount of political issues expenditures disbursed by the corporation; and
799	(c) a statement by the corporation's treasurer or chief financial officer certifying the
800	accuracy of the verified financial statement.

801	Section 13. Section 20A-11-703 is amended to read:
802	20A-11-703. Criminal penalties Fines.
803	(1) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of any statement required by this part,
804	the lieutenant governor shall review each filed statement to ensure that:
805	(a) each corporation that is required to file a statement has filed one; and
806	(b) each statement contains the information required by this part.
807	(2) If it appears that any corporation has failed to file any statement, if it appears that a
808	filed statement does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant governor has received a written
809	complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any statement, the lieutenant governor
810	shall:
811	(a) impose a fine against the corporation in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005; and
812	(b) within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify
813	the corporation of the violation or written complaint and direct the corporation to file a
814	statement correcting the problem.
815	(3) (a) It is unlawful for any corporation to fail to file or amend a statement within $[14]$
816	seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.
817	(b) Each corporation that violates Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
818	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (3)(a) to the
819	attorney general.
820	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (3)(b), the lieutenant
821	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$1,000 against a corporation that violates Subsection
822	<u>(3)(a).</u>
823	Section 14. Section 20A-11-802 is amended to read:
824	20A-11-802. Political issues committees Financial reporting.
825	(1) (a) Each registered political issues committee that has received political issues
826	contributions totaling at least \$750, or disbursed political issues expenditures totaling at least
827	\$50, during a calendar year, shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant
828	governor's office:
829	(i) on January 10, reporting contributions and expenditures as of December 31 of the
830	previous year;
831	(ii) seven days before the state political convention of each major political party;

832	(iii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
833	[(ii)] (iv) seven days before the date of an incorporation election, if the political issues
834	committee has received donations or made disbursements to affect an incorporation;
835	[(iii)] (v) at least three days before the first public hearing held as required by Section
836	20A-7-204.1;
837	[(iv)] (vi) if the political issues committee has received or expended funds in relation to
838	an initiative or referendum, at the time the initiative or referendum sponsors submit:
839	(A) the verified and certified initiative packets as required by Section 20A-7-206; or
840	(B) the signed and verified referendum packets as required by Section 20A-7-306;
841	[(v)] <u>(vii)</u> on August 31; and
842	[(viii)] (viii) seven days before:
843	(A) the municipal general election; and
844	(B) the regular general election.
845	(b) The political issues committee shall report:
846	(i) a detailed listing of all contributions received and expenditures made since the last
847	statement; and
848	(ii) all contributions and expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of
849	the financial statement, except for a financial statement filed on January 10.
850	(c) The political issues committee need not file a statement under this section if it
851	received no contributions and made no expenditures during the reporting period.
852	(2) (a) That statement shall include:
853	(i) the name and address of any individual that makes a political issues contribution to
854	the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues contribution;
855	(ii) the identification of any publicly identified class of individuals that makes a
856	political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the
857	political issues contribution;
858	(iii) the name and address of any political issues committee, group, or entity that makes
859	a political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the
860	political issues contribution;
861	(iv) the name and address of each reporting entity that makes a political issues
862	contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues

863	contribution;
864	(v) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
865	(vi) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the name and address of each individual,
866	entity, or group of individuals or entities that received a political issues expenditure of more
867	than \$50 from the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of each political issues
868	expenditure;
869	(vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
870	(viii) the total amount of political issues contributions received and political issues
871	expenditures disbursed by the reporting political issues committee;
872	(ix) a statement by the political issues committee's treasurer or chief financial officer
873	certifying that, to the best of the person's knowledge, the financial statement is accurate; and
874	(x) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
875	(A) beginning balance;
876	(B) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
877	(C) total contributions to date;
878	(D) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
879	(E) total expenditures to date.
880	(b) (i) Political issues contributions received by a political issues committee that have a
881	value of \$50 or less need not be reported individually, but shall be listed on the report as an
882	aggregate total.
883	(ii) Two or more political issues contributions from the same source that have an
884	aggregate total of more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported
885	separately.
886	(c) When reporting political issue expenditures made to circulators of initiative
887	petitions, the political issues committee:
888	(i) need only report the amount paid to each initiative petition circulator; and
889	(ii) need not report the name or address of the circulator.
890	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "received" means:
891	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a political issues committee;
892	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
893	instrument or check is negotiated; and

894	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
895	inures to the political issues committee.
896	(b) A political issues committee shall report each contribution to the lieutenant
897	governor within 30 days after the contribution is received.
898	Section 15. Section 20A-11-803 is amended to read:
899	20A-11-803. Criminal penalties.
900	(1) (a) Each political issues committee that fails to file <u>financial</u> the statement due
901	August 31, before the municipal general election, or before the regular general election is guilty
902	of a class B misdemeanor.
903	(b) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (1)(a) to the
904	attorney general.
905	(2) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of the January 10 statement, the
906	lieutenant governor shall review each filed statement to ensure that:
907	(a) each political issues committee that is required to file a statement has filed one; and
908	(b) each statement contains the information required by this part.
909	(3) If it appears that any political issues committee has failed to file the January 10
910	statement, if it appears that a filed statement does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant
911	governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any
912	statement, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt
913	of a written complaint, notify the political issues committee of the violation or written
914	complaint and direct the political issues committee to file a statement correcting the problem.
915	(4) (a) It is unlawful for any political issues committee to fail to file or amend a
916	statement within [14] seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this
917	section.
918	(b) Each political issues committee who violates Subsection (4)(a) is guilty of a class B
919	misdemeanor.
920	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (4)(a) to the
921	attorney general.
922	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (4)(b), the lieutenant
923	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$1000 against a political issues committee that violates
924	Subsection (4)(a).

925	Section 16. Section 20A-11-1303 is amended to read:
926	20A-11-1303. School board office candidate and school board office holder
927	Financial reporting requirements Interim reports.
928	(1) (a) As used in this Subsection (1), "campaign account" means a separate campaign
929	account required under Subsection 20A-11-1301(1)(a)(i).
930	[(1)] (b) Each school board office candidate shall file an interim report at the following
931	times in any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
932	[(a)] (i) May 15, for a state school board office [candidates] candidate;
933	[(b)] (ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
934	[(c)] <u>(iii)</u> August 31; and
935	[(d)] (iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
936	(c) Each state school board office holder who has a campaign account that has not been
937	dissolved under Section 20A-11-1304 shall, in an even year, file an interim report at the
938	following times, regardless of whether an election for the state school board office holder's
939	office is held that year:
940	<u>(i) May 15;</u>
941	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date for that year;
942	(iii) August 31; and
943	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
944	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
945	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
946	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
947	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
948	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
949	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
950	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
951	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
952	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:
953	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
954	contributor; and
955	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;

956	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
957	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
958	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
959	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
960	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
961	last summary report;
962	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
963	(i) beginning balance;
964	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
965	(iii) total contributions to date;
966	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
967	(v) total expenditures to date; and
968	(j) the name of a political action committee for which the school board office candidate
969	or school board office holder is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making
970	authority under Section 20A-11-601.
971	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a
972	single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
973	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
974	more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
975	(4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported
976	as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
977	(b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a school board office candidate or
978	school board office holder more than five days before the required filing date of a report
979	required by this section shall be included in the interim report.
980	Section 17. Section 20A-11-1305 is amended to read:
981	20A-11-1305. School board office candidate Failure to file statement
982	Penalties.
983	(1) (a) If a school board office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the
984	regular primary election, on August 31, or before the regular general election, the chief election
985	officer shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely filed:
986	(i) inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:

987	(A) (I) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate from the ballots before
988	the ballots are delivered to voters; or
989	(II) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform
990	the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes
991	cast for candidate will not be counted; and
992	(B) may not count any votes for that candidate; and
993	(ii) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005.
994	(b) Any school board office candidate who fails to file timely a financial statement
995	required by Subsection 20A-11-1303(1)(b)[, (c), or (d)](ii), (iii), or (iv) is disqualified and the
996	vacancy on the ballot may be filled as provided in Section 20A-1-501.
997	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a school board office candidate is
998	not disqualified and the chief election officer may not impose a fine if:
999	(i) the candidate timely files the reports required by this section in accordance with
1000	Section 20A-11-103;
1001	(ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
1002	required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies;
1003	and
1004	(iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii) are
1005	corrected in:
1006	(A) an amended report; or
1007	(B) the next scheduled report.
1008	(2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report by a candidate
1009	for state school board, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure
1010	that:
1011	(i) each state school board candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed
1012	one; and
1013	(ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
1014	(b) If it appears that any state school board candidate has failed to file the summary
1015	report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or
1016	if the lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the
1017	falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a

1018 violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the state school board candidate of the 1019 violation or written complaint and direct the state school board candidate to file a summary 1020 report correcting the problem. 1021 (c) (i) It is unlawful for any state school board candidate to fail to file or amend a 1022 summary report within [14] seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor 1023 under this section. 1024 (ii) Each state school board candidate who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a 1025 class B misdemeanor. 1026 (iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the 1027 attorney general. 1028 (iv) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii), the lieutenant 1029 governor shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a state school board candidate who violates 1030 Subsection (2)(c)(i). 1031 (3) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the county 1032 clerk shall review each filed summary report to ensure that: 1033 (i) each local school board candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed 1034 one; and 1035 (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part. 1036 (b) If it appears that any local school board candidate has failed to file the summary 1037 report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or 1038 if the county clerk has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity 1039 of any summary report, the county clerk shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or 1040 receipt of a written complaint, notify the local school board candidate of the violation or 1041 written complaint and direct the local school board candidate to file a summary report 1042 correcting the problem. 1043 (c) (i) It is unlawful for any local school board candidate to fail to file or amend a summary report within [14] seven days after receiving notice from the county clerk under this 1044 1045 section. 1046 (ii) Each local school board candidate who violates Subsection (3)(c)(i) is guilty of a 1047 class B misdemeanor. 1048 (iii) The county clerk shall report all violations of Subsection (3)(c)(i) to the district or

1049	county attorney.
1050	(iv) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii), the lieutenant
1051	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a local school board candidate who violates
1052	Subsection (3)(c)(i).
1053	Section 18. Section 20A-11-1503 is amended to read:
1054	20A-11-1503. Criminal penalties Fines.
1055	(1) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a financial statement required by
1056	this part, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed financial statement to ensure that:
1057	(a) each labor organization that is required to file a financial statement has filed one;
1058	and
1059	(b) each financial statement contains the information required by this part.
1060	(2) If it appears that any labor organization has failed to file a financial statement, if it
1061	appears that a filed financial statement does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant
1062	governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of a
1063	financial statement, the lieutenant governor shall:
1064	(a) impose a fine against the labor organization in accordance with Section
1065	20A-11-1005; and
1066	(b) within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify
1067	the labor organization of the violation or written complaint and direct the labor organization to
1068	file a financial statement correcting the problem.
1069	(3) (a) It is unlawful for any labor organization to fail to file or amend a financial
1070	statement within [14] seven days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this
1071	section.
1072	(b) Each labor organization that violates Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of a class B
1073	misdemeanor.
1074	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (3)(a) to the
1075	attorney general.
1076	(d) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (3)(b), the lieutenant
1077	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$1000 against a labor organization that violates
1078	Subsection (3)(a).