Senator David P. Hinkins proposes the following substitute bill:

1	CHANGE APPLICATION PROCEDURE
2	2013 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Ralph Okerlund
5	House Sponsor: V. Lowry Snow
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions of Title 13, Chapter 43, Property Rights Ombudsman Act,
10	and requirements of the change application process under Title 73, Water and Irrigation.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	defines terms;
14	 allows an aggrieved person who protests a change application filed by a
15	municipality to request an advisory opinion through the Office of the Property
16	Rights Ombudsman;
17	requires that a person who applies for a permanent or temporary change to a water
18	right meet certain qualifications;
19	 allows the state engineer, upon receiving a change application, to determine the
20	quantity of water that is being beneficially used and limit approval of the change
21	application based on that determination;
22	 modifies the procedure for, and requirements relating to, submitting a change
23	application for a municipality;
24	 provides a sunset date for certain provisions; and
25	makes technical changes.



26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
27	None
28	Other Special Clauses:
29	None
30	Utah Code Sections Affected:
31	AMENDS:
32	13-43-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 3, 84, and 382
33	13-43-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 172
34	13-43-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 47
35	63I-1-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 15
36	63I-1-273, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 148, 311 and renumbered
37	and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
38	73-2-27 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 215
39	73-3-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 229
40	73-3-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 19
41	73-3-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 136
42	73-3-30, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
43	ENACTS:
44	73-3-3.6 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	
46	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
47	Section 1. Section 13-43-203 is amended to read:
48	13-43-203. Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman Duties.
49	(1) The Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman shall:
50	(a) develop and maintain expertise in and understanding of takings, eminent domain,
51	[and] land use law, and water law;
52	(b) assist state agencies and local governments in developing the guidelines required by
53	Title 63L, Chapter 4, Constitutional Taking Issues;
54	(c) at the request of a state agency or local government, assist the state agency or local
55	government, in analyzing actions with potential takings implications or other land use issues;
56	(d) advise real property owners who:

57	(i) have a legitimate potential or actual takings claim against a state or local
58	government entity or have questions about takings, eminent domain, and land use law; or
59	(ii) own a parcel of property that is landlocked, as to the owner's rights and options
60	with respect to obtaining access to a public street;
61	(e) identify state or local government actions that have potential takings implications
62	and, if appropriate, advise those state or local government entities about those implications;
63	and
64	(f) provide information to private citizens, civic groups, government entities, and other
65	interested parties about takings, eminent domain, and land use law and their rights and
66	responsibilities under the takings, eminent domain, or land use laws through seminars and
67	publications, and by other appropriate means.
68	(2) The Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman may not represent private property
69	owners, state agencies, or local governments in court or in adjudicative proceedings under Title
70	63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
71	(3) No member of the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman nor a neutral third
72	party rendering an advisory opinion under Section 13-43-205 or 13-43-206, may be compelled
73	to testify in a civil action filed concerning the subject matter of any review, mediation, or
74	arbitration by, or arranged through, the office.
75	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), evidence of a review by the Office of
76	the Property Rights Ombudsman and the opinions, writings, findings, and determinations of the
77	Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman are not admissible as evidence in a judicial action.
78	(b) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply to:
79	(i) actions brought under authority of Title 78A, Chapter 8, Small Claims Courts;
80	(ii) a judicial confirmation or review of the arbitration itself as authorized in Title 78B,
81	Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act;
82	(iii) actions for de novo review of an arbitration award or issue brought under the
83	authority of Subsection 13-43-204(3)(a)(i); or
84	(iv) advisory opinions provided for in Sections 13-43-205 and 13-43-206.
85	Section 2. Section 13-43-205 is amended to read:
86	13-43-205. Advisory opinion.
87	(1) A local government or a potentially aggrieved person may, in accordance with

88	Section 13-43-206, request a written advisory opinion:
89	[(1)] (a) from a neutral third party to determine compliance with:
90	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> Section 10-9a-505.5 and Sections 10-9a-507 through 10-9a-511;
91	[(b)] (ii) Section 17-27a-505.5 and Sections 17-27a-506 through 17-27a-510; and
92	[(c)] (iii) Title 11, Chapter 36a, Impact Fees Act; and
93	[(2) (a)] (b) (i) at any time before a final decision on a land use application by a local
94	appeal authority under Section 10-9a-708 or 17-27a-708; or
95	[(b)] (ii) at any time before the deadline for filing an appeal with the district court
96	under Section 10-9a-801 or 17-27a-801, if no local appeal authority is designated to hear the
97	issue that is the subject of the request for an advisory opinion.
98	(2) In accordance with Sections 13-43-206 and 73-3-3.6, the applicant for a municipal
99	change application or an aggrieved person who protests the municipal change application may
100	request a written advisory opinion to determine whether a court would conclude in a judicial
101	proceeding that a water right subject to the municipal change application has been forfeited or
102	abandoned as a matter of law.
103	Section 3. Section 13-43-206 is amended to read:
104	13-43-206. Advisory opinion Process.
105	(1) A request for an advisory opinion under Section 13-43-205 shall be:
106	(a) filed with the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman; and
107	(b) accompanied by a filing fee of \$150.
108	(2) The Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman may establish policies providing for
109	partial fee waivers for a person who is financially unable to pay the entire fee.
110	(3) A person requesting an advisory opinion need not exhaust administrative remedies,
111	including remedies described under Section 10-9a-801 or 17-27a-801, before requesting an
112	advisory opinion.
113	(4) The Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman shall:
114	(a) deliver notice of the request to opposing parties indicated in the request;
115	(b) if the request is made under Subsection 13-43-205(2), deliver notice of the request
116	to the state engineer;
117	[(b)] (c) inquire of all parties if there are other necessary parties to the dispute; and
118	[(c)] <u>(d)</u> deliver notice to all necessary parties.

119 (5) If a governmental entity is an opposing party, the Office of the Property Rights 120 Ombudsman shall deliver the request in the manner provided for in Section 63G-7-401. 121 (6) (a) The Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman shall promptly determine if the 122 parties can agree to a neutral third party to issue an advisory opinion. 123 (b) If no agreement can be reached within four business days after notice is delivered 124 pursuant to Subsections (4) and (5), the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman shall 125 appoint a neutral third party to issue an advisory opinion. 126 (7) All parties that are the subject of the request for advisory opinion shall: 127 (a) share equally in the cost of the advisory opinion; and 128 (b) provide financial assurance for payment that the neutral third party requires. 129 (8) The neutral third party shall comply with the provisions of Section 78B-11-109, 130 and shall promptly: 131 (a) seek a response from all necessary parties to the issues raised in the request for 132 advisory opinion; 133 (b) investigate and consider all responses; and 134 (c) issue a written advisory opinion within 15 business days after the appointment of 135 the neutral third party under Subsection (6)(b), unless: 136 (i) the parties agree to extend the deadline; or 137 (ii) the neutral third party determines that the matter is complex and requires additional 138 time to render an opinion, which may not exceed 30 calendar days. 139 (9) An advisory opinion shall include a statement of the facts and law supporting the 140 opinion's conclusions. 141 (10) (a) Copies of any advisory opinion issued by the Office of the Property Rights 142 Ombudsman shall be delivered as soon as practicable to all necessary parties. 143 (b) A copy of the advisory opinion shall be delivered to the government entity in the 144 manner provided for in Section 63G-7-401. 145 (11) An advisory opinion issued by the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman is 146 not binding on any party [to, nor] or admissible as evidence [in, a dispute involving land use 147 law except as provided in Subsection (12). 148 (12) (a) Subject to Subsection (12)(d), if the same issue that is the subject of an

advisory opinion is listed as a cause of action in litigation, and that cause of action is litigated

150 on the same facts and circumstances and is resolved consistent with the advisory opinion: 151 (i) the substantially prevailing party on that cause of action: 152 (A) may collect reasonable attorney fees and court costs pertaining to the development 153 of that cause of action from the date of the delivery of the advisory opinion to the date of the 154 court's resolution; and 155 (B) shall be refunded an impact fee held to be in violation of Title 11, Chapter 36a, 156 Impact Fees Act, based on the difference between the impact fee paid and what the impact fee 157 should have been if the government entity had correctly calculated the impact fee; and 158 (ii) in accordance with Subsection (12)(b), a government entity shall refund an impact 159 fee held to be in violation of Title 11, Chapter 36a, Impact Fees Act, to the person who was in 160 record title of the property on the day on which the impact fee for the property was paid if: 161 (A) the impact fee was paid on or after the day on which the advisory opinion on the 162 impact fee was issued but before the day on which the final court ruling on the impact fee is 163 issued; and 164 (B) the person described in Subsection (12)(a)(ii) requests the impact fee refund from 165 the government entity within 30 days after the day on which the court issued the final ruling on 166 the impact fee. 167 (b) A government entity subject to Subsection (12)(a)(ii) shall refund the impact fee 168 based on the difference between the impact fee paid and what the impact fee should have been 169 if the government entity had correctly calculated the impact fee. 170 (c) Nothing in this Subsection (12) is intended to create [any] a new cause of action 171 [under land use law]. 172 (d) Subsection (12)(a) does not apply unless the resolution described in Subsection

63I-1-213. Repeal dates, Title 13.

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(12)(a) is final.

180 (1) Title 13, Chapter 16, Motor Fuel Marketing Act, is repealed July 1, 2012.

(13) [Unless] Except as provided in Section 73-3-3.6, or unless filed by the local

government, a request for an advisory opinion under Section 13-43-205 does not stay the

progress of a land use application, or the effect of a land use decision or otherwise limit the

181	(2) (i) The requirement for the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman to develop
182	and maintain expertise in water law, established in Subsection 13-43-203(1)(a), is repealed
183	<u>December 31, 2016.</u>
184	(ii) Subsection 13-43-205(2) is repealed December 31, 2016.
185	(iii) Subsection 13-43-206(4)(b) is repealed December 31, 2016.
186	(iv) The words "Except as provided in Section 73-3-3.6, or" in Subsection
187	13-43-206(13) are repealed December 31, 2016.
188	Section 5. Section 63I-1-273 is amended to read:
189	63I-1-273. Repeal dates, Title 73.
190	(1) Title 73, Chapter 27, State Water Development Commission, is repealed December
191	31, 2018.
192	(2) The instream flow water right for trout habitat established in Subsection 73-3-30(3)
193	is repealed December 31, 2018.
194	(3) (i) Subsection 73-3-3(1)(c)(i) and the words "for a change application that is not a
195	municipal change application," in Subsection 73-3-3(1)(c)(ii) are repealed December 31, 2016.
196	(ii) The words "or (2)(g)" in Subsection 73-3-3(2)(d)(i) are repealed December 31,
197	<u>2016.</u>
198	(iii) Subsection 73-3-3(2)(g) is repealed December 31, 2016.
199	(iv) Section 73-3-3.6 is repealed December 31, 2016.
200	(v) Subsection 73-3-7(c) is repealed December 31, 2016.
201	Section 6. Section 73-2-27 is amended to read:
202	73-2-27. Criminal penalties.
203	(1) This section applies to offenses committed under:
204	(a) Section 73-1-14;
205	(b) Section 73-1-15;
206	(c) Section 73-2-20;
207	(d) [Subsection] Section 73-3-3[(9)];
208	(e) Section 73-3-26;
209	(f) Section 73-3-29;
210	(g) Section 73-5-9;
211	(h) Section 76-10-201:

212	(i) Section 76-10-202; and
213	(j) Section 76-10-203.
214	(2) Under circumstances not amounting to an offense with a greater penalty under
215	Subsection 76-6-106(2)(b)(ii) or Section 76-6-404, violation of a provision listed in Subsection
216	(1) is punishable:
217	(a) as a felony of the third degree if:
218	(i) the value of the water diverted or property damaged or taken is \$2,500 or greater;
219	and
220	(ii) the person violating the provision has previously been convicted of violating the
221	same provision;
222	(b) as a class A misdemeanor if:
223	(i) the value of the water diverted or property damaged or taken is \$2,500 or greater; or
224	(ii) the person violating the provision has previously been convicted of violating the
225	same provision; or
226	(c) as a class B misdemeanor if Subsection (2)(a) or (b) does not apply.
227	Section 7. Section 73-3-3 is amended to read:
228	73-3-3. Permanent or temporary changes to a water right.
229	[(1) For purposes of this section:]
230	[(a) "Permanent change" means a change for an indefinite period of time with an intent
231	to relinquish the original point of diversion, place of use, or purpose of use.]
232	[(b) "Temporary change" means a change for a fixed period of time not exceeding one
233	year.]
234	[(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(c), a person entitled to the use of water may make
235	permanent or temporary changes in the:
236	[(i) point of diversion;]
237	[(ii) place of use; or]
238	[(iii) purpose of use for which the water was originally appropriated.]
239	(1) As used in this section:
240	(a) "Change applicant" means any of the following who seek to make a permanent or
241	temporary change:
242	(i) the holder of an approved but unperfected application to appropriate water;

243	(11) the record owner of a perfected water right;
244	(iii) a person who has written authorization from a person described in Subsection
245	(1)(a)(i) or (ii) to file a change application on that person's behalf; or
246	(iv) a shareholder in a water company who files a change application in accordance
247	with Section 73-3-3.5.
248	(b) "Permanent change" means a change for an indefinite period of time to the:
249	(i) point of diversion;
250	(ii) place of use;
251	(iii) period of use;
252	(iv) nature of use for which the water is currently appropriated; or
253	(v) addition or deletion of storage as an authorized use.
254	(c) "Quantity of water available for change" means:
255	(i) for a municipal change application as defined in Section 73-3-3.6, the amount
256	described in Subsection (2)(g); or
257	(ii) for a change application that is not a municipal change application, subject to
258	Section 73-1-4 and as determined by the state engineer in accordance with Subsections (2)(d),
259	(e), and (f), the amount of water under a water right that has been put to beneficial use within
260	the time provided in Section 73-1-4.
261	(d) "Temporary change" means a change for a fixed period of time, not exceeding one
262	year, to the:
263	(i) point of diversion;
264	(ii) place of use;
265	(iii) period of use;
266	(iv) nature of use for which the water is currently appropriated; or
267	(v) addition or deletion of storage as an authorized use.
268	(2) (a) A person may not make a permanent or temporary change to a water right or an
269	approved application to appropriate water, including a water right or an approved application to
270	appropriate water involved in a general determination of rights or other suit, unless the person:
271	(i) is a change applicant; and
272	(ii) makes the change in accordance with this section.
273	(b) Except as provided by Section 73-3-30, a change may not be made if it impairs a

274	vested water right without just compensation.
275	(c) A change application on a federal reclamation project water right shall be signed
276	by:
277	(i) the local water users organization that is contractually responsible for:
278	(A) the operation and maintenance of the project; or
279	(B) the repayment of project costs; and
280	(ii) the record owner of the water right.
281	[(3) A person entitled to use water shall change a point of diversion, place of use, or
282	purpose of water use, including water involved in a general adjudication or other suit, in the
283	manner provided in this section.]
284	[(4) (a) A person entitled to use water may not make a change unless the state engineer
285	approves the change application.]
286	(d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d)(ii) or (2)(g), in a change application
287	proceeding relating to a water right, to prevent impairing other water rights, the state engineer
288	may review the beneficial use of the water under the water right and determine the quantity of
289	water available for change.
290	(ii) In reviewing the beneficial use of the water under Subsection (2)(d)(i), the state
291	engineer shall, if the water right is exempted or protected under Section 73-1-4 or other law,
292	consider the water reasonably applied to beneficial use.
293	(e) (i) In reviewing the beneficial use of water and determining the quantity of water
294	available for change under Subsection (2)(d)(i), the state engineer shall:
295	(A) presume that the full amount of water indicated in the water right is available for
296	the change, unless the presumption is rebutted by clear and convincing evidence that
297	demonstrates that a smaller quantity of water is available for the change;
298	(B) if the state engineer or a protestant to the change application questions the quantity
299	of water available for change, conduct an administrative hearing where the change applicant
300	and any protestant may present evidence regarding the quantity of water available for change;
301	<u>and</u>
302	(C) if the state engineer determines that the quantity of water available for change is
303	less than the amount of water requested in the change application, state the factual basis for the
304	determination.

305	(ii) If the state engineer determines that the quantity of water available for change is
306	less than the amount of water requested in the change application, the state engineer may:
307	(A) reject the change application; or
308	(B) limit approval of the change application to the quantity of water available for
309	change.
310	(iii) The state engineer's determination of the quantity of water available for change
311	does not:
312	(A) constitute a forfeiture or abandonment;
313	(B) prohibit the use of the unapproved portion of the underlying water right; or
314	(C) constitute an adjudication of the underlying water right.
315	(f) (i) Before the state engineer issues a written decision on a change application, the
316	change applicant may:
317	(A) withdraw the change application; or
318	(B) request that the state engineer stay the proceedings on the change application for up
319	to two years after the day on which the applicant requests the stay, or, if the state engineer finds
320	good cause, for more than two years.
321	(ii) (A) A change applicant who desires to resume proceedings stayed under Subsection
322	(2)(f)(i)(B) shall file with the state engineer a written request to resume the proceedings.
323	(B) If the state engineer stays the proceedings of a change application under Subsection
324	(2)(f)(i)(B) and the applicant does not resume the proceedings within the time limit of the stay,
325	the state engineer shall consider the application withdrawn.
326	(g) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(g)(ii) or (iii), for a change application filed
327	by a municipality, the quantity of water available for change is the full amount of water
328	requested in the change application.
329	(ii) If under Section 73-3-3.6 a settlement agreement or court order determines that all
330	or part of the water right has been abandoned or forfeited, the quantity of water available for
331	change is the full amount of water requested in the change application less the amount
332	abandoned or forfeited in the settlement agreement or court order.
333	(iii) If the municipality agrees in writing to submit to a determination made by the state
334	engineer in accordance with Subsections (2)(d), (e), and (f), the quantity of water available for
335	change is the amount determined by the state engineer in accordance with Subsections (2)(d).

336	(e), and (f).
337	(3) (a) A change applicant may not make a permanent or temporary change requested
338	in the change application unless, and to the extent that, the state engineer approves the change
339	application.
340	(b) A [person entitled to use water] change applicant shall submit a change application
341	upon forms furnished by the state engineer and shall set forth:
342	(i) the <u>change</u> applicant's name;
343	(ii) the water right description, including the water right number;
344	(iii) the water quantity;
345	(iv) the stream or water source;
346	(v) if applicable, the point on the stream or water source where the water is diverted;
347	(vi) if applicable, the point to which it is proposed to change the diversion of the water
348	(vii) the place, [purpose,] nature, period, and extent of the [present] current use;
349	(viii) the place, [purpose,] nature, period, and extent of the proposed use; and
350	(ix) any other information that the state engineer requires.
351	[(5) (a) The state engineer shall follow the same procedures, and the rights and duties
352	of the applicants with respect to applications for permanent changes of point of diversion, place
353	of use, or purpose of use shall be the same, as provided in this title for applications to
354	appropriate water.]
355	(4) (a) With respect to a change application for a permanent change:
356	(i) the state engineer shall follow the same procedures provided in this title for
357	approving an application to appropriate water; and
358	(ii) the rights and duties of a change applicant are the same as the rights and duties of a
359	person who applies to appropriate water under this title.
360	(b) The state engineer may waive notice for a permanent change application involving
361	only a change in point of diversion of 660 feet or less.
362	[(6)] (5) (a) The state engineer shall investigate all temporary change applications.
363	[(b) If the state engineer finds that the temporary change will not impair a vested water
364	right, the state engineer shall issue an order authorizing the change.]
365	[(c) If the state engineer finds that the change sought might impair a vested water right,
366	before authorizing the change, the state engineer shall give notice of the application to any

367	person whose right may be affected by the change.
368	[(d) Before making an investigation or giving notice, the state engineer may require the
369	applicant to deposit a sum of money sufficient to pay the expenses of the investigation and
370	publication of notice.]
371	(b) The state engineer shall issue an order authorizing a temporary change if the state
372	engineer finds that the temporary change:
373	(i) will not exceed the quantity of water available for the change; and
374	(ii) does not impair a vested water right.
375	(c) The state engineer may deny a temporary change application if the state engineer
376	finds that the temporary change:
377	(i) will exceed the quantity of water available for the change; or
378	(ii) will impair a vested water right.
379	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> (a) Except as provided by Section 73-3-30, the state engineer may not reject a
380	permanent or temporary change application for the sole reason that the change would impair a
381	vested water right.
382	(b) If otherwise proper, where interference with another water right has been
383	demonstrated, the state engineer may approve a permanent or temporary change application
384	[for part of the water involved or] upon the condition that the change applicant:
385	(i) acquire the conflicting water right[-]; or
386	[(8) (a) A person holding an approved application for the appropriation of water may
387	change the point of diversion, place of use, or purpose of use.]
388	(ii) otherwise mitigate the interference.
389	[(b)] (7) A change of an approved application to appropriate water does not:
390	[(i)] (a) affect the priority of the original application to appropriate water; or
391	[(ii)] (b) extend the time period within which the construction of work is to begin or be
392	completed.
393	[(9)] (8) Any person who [changes or who attempts to change a point of diversion,
394	place of use, or purpose of use, either permanently or temporarily, without first applying to the
395	state engineer in the manner provided in this section] makes a permanent or temporary change
396	before obtaining an approved change application under this section:
397	(a) obtains no right;

398	(b) is guilty of a crime punishable under Section 73-2-27 if the change or attempted
399	change is made knowingly or intentionally; and
400	(c) is guilty of a separately punishable offense for each day of the unlawful change.
401	[(10)] (a) This section does not apply to the replacement of an existing well by a
402	new well drilled within a radius of 150 feet from the point of diversion of the existing well.
403	(b) Any replacement well must be drilled in accordance with the requirements of
404	Section 73-3-28.
405	Section 8. Section 73-3-3.6 is enacted to read:
406	73-3-6. Application by a municipality for a permanent or temporary change to
407	the use of water.
408	(1) As used in this section:
409	(a) "Municipal change application" means a change application filed under Section
410	73-3-3 by a municipality incorporated under Title 10, Utah Municipal Code.
411	(b) "Quantity of water available for change" is as defined in Subsection 73-3-3(1)(c)(i)
412	(2) An aggrieved person who protests the amount of water requested in a municipal
413	change application may:
414	(a) stay the change application process while the person:
415	(i) (A) requests an advisory opinion in accordance with Subsection (4), if the person
416	requests the advisory opinion within 120 days after the last day on which the state engineer
417	publishes notice of the municipal change application; and
418	(B) diligently pursues the advisory opinion; or
419	(ii) pursues an action in a court of competent jurisdiction alleging that the underlying
420	right has been wholly or partially forfeited or abandoned, if the person:
421	(A) files the action within 120 days after the last day on which the state engineer
422	published notice of the municipal change application;
423	(B) mails notice of the stay to the state engineer; and
424	(C) settles the action or diligently pursues the action to its conclusion; or
425	(b) agree in writing with the change applicant to allow the state engineer to determine
426	the quantity of water available for change under Subsection 73-3-3(1)(c)(ii).
427	(3) If a municipality protests the amount of water requested in a municipal change
428	application, the change applicant shall:

429	(a) stay the change application process while the change applicant:
430	(i) (A) requests an advisory opinion in accordance with Subsection (4), if the person
431	requests the advisory opinion within 120 days after the last day on which the state engineer
432	published notice of the municipal change application; and
433	(B) diligently pursues the advisory opinion; or
434	(ii) pursues a declaratory judgment action against each municipality that protests the
435	amount of water requested in the change application to determine whether the underlying water
436	right has been fully or partially abandoned or forfeited, if the change applicant:
437	(A) files the action within 120 days after the last day on which the state engineer
438	published notice of the municipal change application;
439	(B) mails notice of the stay to the state engineer; and
440	(C) settles the action or diligently pursues the action to its conclusion; or
441	(b) withdraw the change application; or
442	(c) allow the state engineer to determine the quantity of water available for change in
443	accordance with Section 73-3-3.
444	(4) If an aggrieved person protests a municipal change application, the change
445	applicant or the protestant may stay the change application process and toll a filing time
446	described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A) or (3)(a)(ii)(A) by requesting an advisory opinion under
447	Subsection 13-43-205(2) before filing an action under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A) or (3)(a)(ii)(A).
448	(5) A request for an advisory opinion in accordance with Subsection (4) tolls a filing
449	time described in Subsection (2)(a) or (3)(a) until 30 days after the day on which:
450	(a) the advisory opinion is issued; or
451	(b) the participants have submitted a written request to withdraw the request for the
452	advisory opinion.
453	(6) (a) Within 10 days after the day on which the state engineer receives the notice of
454	the stay described in Subsection (4)(b), the state engineer shall submit to the Office of the
455	Property Rights Ombudsman, for distribution to the parties, copies of all records of beneficial
456	use, non-use, and permission for non-use related to the underlying water right of the municipal
457	change application.
458	(b) The records described in Subsection (6)(a) may not include the state engineer's
459	conclusory remarks.

460	(7) In an action filed under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A) or (3)(a)(ii)(A), or for an advisory
461	opinion requested under Subsection (4):
462	(a) the person who protests the quantity of water available for change shall bear the
463	burden of proof to show that the underlying water right has been fully or partially abandoned or
464	forfeited; and
465	(b) the state engineer may not be included as a party.
466	(8) If the change application procedure is stayed under Subsection (2) or (3) for a
467	municipal change application, when the parties make a settlement agreement or the court issues
468	a final order the state engineer shall complete the change application procedure using the
469	quantity of water available for change.
470	(9) A person may not bring a forfeiture or abandonment action against a water right
471	that is the subject of a pending municipal change application unless the person protested the
472	municipal change application and files the action in accordance with Subsection (2).
473	(10) (a) After September 1, 2013, a change applicant who files a municipal change
474	application may obtain finality in accordance with this Subsection (10) if:
475	(i) the change applicant requests finality in the change application;
476	(ii) the change applicant allows for the 90-day protest period described in Subsection
477	73-3-7(1)(c);
478	(iii) the water right requested to be changed in the application is not:
479	(A) a diligence claim that has not previously been recognized by the issuance of a
480	certificate of beneficial use or a judicial decree; or
481	(B) a water user's claim that has not previously been recognized in a proposed
482	determination, a judicial decree, or by the issuance of a certificate of beneficial use; and
483	(iv) the water right was:
484	(A) exacted by the municipality under Section 10-9a-508 to mitigate the impact of a
485	development activity allowed under Title 9a, Chapter 10, Municipal Land Use, Development,
486	and Management Act, including an approved land use permit or annexation;
487	(B) purchased unconditionally for value by the municipality; or
488	(C) obtained by the municipality as an unconditional gift.
489	(b) An approved municipal change application is final when:
490	(a) the time period for protest described in Subsection 73-3-7(1)(c) passes; and

491	(b) the state engineer approves the municipal change application.
492	(c) An approved municipal change application that is final, as described in Subsection
493	(10)(b) is not subject to a claim of abandonment or forfeiture for a period of time that occurred
494	before the day on which the state engineer approved the municipal change application.
495	(d) (i) A person may register with the state engineer to receive notice of all municipal
496	change applications that request finality.
497	(ii) The state engineer shall, at the time of publication of notice under Section 73-3-6,
498	provide electronic notice of a municipal change application that requests finality to a person
499	who registers to receive notice under Subsection (10)(d)(i).
500	(11) Within 90 days after the last day on which the state engineer publishes notice of a
501	municipal change application, the state engineer shall deliver to the change applicant and each
502	protestant all existing evidence from the state engineer's records regarding:
503	(a) beneficial use of the underlying water right;
504	(b) lack of beneficial use of the underlying water right; and
505	(c) all approved nonuse applications.
506	Section 9. Section 73-3-7 is amended to read:
507	73-3-7. Protests.
508	(1) Any person interested may file a protest with the state engineer:
509	(a) within 20 days after the day on which notice is published, if the adjudicative
510	proceeding is informal; [and]
511	(b) within 30 days after the day on which notice is published, if the adjudicative
512	proceeding is formal[-]; or
513	[(2) The state engineer shall consider the protest and shall approve or reject the
514	application.]
515	(c) for a municipal change application where the change applicant has requested
516	finality under Section 73-3-3.6(10), within 90 days after the day on which the notice is
517	published.
518	(2) Subject to the requirements of Title 73, Water and Irrigation, the state engineer
519	shall:
520	(a) consider the protest; and
521	(b) approve or reject the application.

522	Section 10. Section 73-3-8 is amended to read:
523	73-3-8. Approval or rejection of application Requirements for approval
524	Application for specified period of time Filing of royalty contract for removal of salt or
525	minerals.
526	(1) (a) [It shall be the duty of the] The state engineer [to] shall approve an application
527	to appropriate water, or a permanent change application, if:
528	(i) there is unappropriated water in the proposed source;
529	(ii) subject to Section 73-1-4, for a permanent change application described in Section
530	73-3-3, the proposed use [will not impair existing rights or interfere with the more beneficial
531	use of the water] is based on the quantity of water available for change, as defined in Section
532	73-3-3 ;
533	(iii) the proposed use will not impair an existing water right or interfere with a more
534	beneficial use of the water;
535	[(iii)] (iv) the proposed plan is physically and economically feasible, unless the
536	application is filed by the United States Bureau of Reclamation, and would not prove
537	detrimental to the public welfare;
538	[(iv)] (v) the applicant has the financial ability to complete the proposed works; and
539	[(v)] (vi) the application was filed in good faith and not for purposes of speculation or
540	monopoly.
541	(b) (i) If the state engineer, because of information in the state engineer's possession
542	obtained either by the state engineer's own investigation or otherwise, has reason to believe that
543	an application to appropriate water or a change application will interfere with [its] the water's
544	more beneficial use for municipal, industrial, irrigation, domestic or culinary, stock watering,
545	power or mining development, or manufacturing, or will unreasonably affect public recreation
546	or the natural stream environment, or will prove detrimental to the public welfare, it is the state
547	engineer's duty to withhold approval or rejection of the application until the state engineer has
548	investigated the matter.
549	(ii) If an application does not meet the requirements of this section, [it shall be
550	rejected.] the state engineer shall:
551	(A) reject the application; and
552	(B) in writing, state each reason for the rejection.

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- (2) (a) An application to appropriate water for industrial, power, mining development, manufacturing purposes, agriculture, or municipal purposes may be approved for a specific and certain period from the time the water is placed to beneficial use under the application, but in no event may an application be granted for a period of time less than that ordinarily needed to satisfy the essential and primary purpose of the application or until the water is no longer available as determined by the state engineer.

 (b) At the expiration of the period fixed by the state engineer the water shall revert to the public and is subject to appropriation as provided by this title.
 - the public and is subject to appropriation as provided by this title.

 (c) No later than 60 calendar days before the expiration date of the fixed time period,
 - (c) No later than 60 calendar days before the expiration date of the fixed time period, the state engineer shall send notice by mail or by any form of electronic communication through which receipt is verifiable, to the applicant of record.
 - (d) Except as provided by Subsection (2)(e), the state engineer may extend any limited water right upon a showing that:
 - (i) the essential purpose of the original application has not been satisfied;
 - (ii) the need for an extension is not the result of any default or neglect by the applicant; and
 - (iii) the water is still available.
 - (e) No extension shall exceed the time necessary to satisfy the primary purpose of the original application.
 - (f) A request for extension of the fixed time period must be filed in writing in the office of the state engineer on or before the expiration date of the application.
 - (3) (a) Before the approval of any application for the appropriation of water from navigable lakes or streams of the state that contemplates the recovery of salts and other minerals therefrom by precipitation or otherwise, the applicant shall file with the state engineer a copy of a contract for the payment of royalties to the state.
 - (b) The approval of an application shall be revoked in the event of the failure of the applicant to comply with terms of the royalty contract.
 - Section 11. Section **73-3-30** is amended to read:
- 581 **73-3-30.** Change application for an instream flow.
- 582 (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Division" means the Division of Wildlife Resources, created in Section 23-14-1,

584	or the Division of Parks and Recreation, created in Section 79-4-201.
585	(b) "Fishing group" means an organization that:
586	(i) is exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
587	(ii) promotes fishing opportunities in the state.
588	(c) "Fixed time change" means a change in a water right's point of diversion, place of
589	use, or purpose of use for a fixed period of time longer than one year but not longer than 10
590	years.
591	(2) (a) A division may file a permanent or temporary change application, as provided
592	by Section 73-3-3, for the purpose of providing water for an instream flow, within a specified
593	section of a natural or altered stream channel, necessary within the state for:
594	(i) the propagation of fish;
595	(ii) public recreation; or
596	(iii) the reasonable preservation or enhancement of the natural stream environment.
597	(b) A division may file a change application on:
598	(i) a perfected water right:
599	(A) presently owned by the division;
600	(B) purchased by the division for the purpose of providing water for an instream flow,
601	through funding provided for that purpose by legislative appropriation; or
602	(C) acquired by lease, agreement, gift, exchange, or contribution; or
603	(ii) an appurtenant water right acquired with the acquisition of real property by the
604	division.
605	(c) A division may:
606	(i) purchase a water right for the purposes provided in Subsection (2)(a) only with
607	funds specifically appropriated by the Legislature for water rights purchases; or
608	(ii) accept a donated water right without legislative approval.
609	(d) A division may not acquire water rights by eminent domain for an instream flow or
610	for any other purpose.
611	(3) (a) A fishing group may file a fixed time change application on a perfected,
612	consumptive water right for the purpose of providing water for an instream flow, within a
613	specified section of a natural or altered stream channel, to protect or restore habitat for three
614	native trout:

615	(i) the Bonneville cutthroat;
616	(ii) the Colorado River cutthroat; or
617	(iii) the Yellowstone cutthroat.
618	(b) Before filing an application authorized by Subsection (3)(a) to change a
619	shareholder's proportionate share of water, the water company shall submit the decision to
620	approve or deny the change request required by Subsection 73-3-3.5(3) to a vote of the
621	shareholders:
622	(i) in a manner outlined in the water company's articles of incorporation or bylaws;
623	(ii) at an annual or regular meeting described in Section 16-6a-701; or
624	(iii) at a special meeting convened under Section 16-6a-702.
625	(c) The specified section of the natural or altered stream channel for the instream flow
626	may not be further upstream than the water right's original point of diversion nor extend further
627	downstream than the next physical point of diversion made by another person.
628	(d) (i) The fishing group shall receive the Division of Wildlife Resources' director's
629	approval of the proposed change before filing the fixed time change application with the state
630	engineer.
631	(ii) The director may approve the proposed change if:
632	(A) the specified section of the stream channel is historic or current habitat for a specie
633	listed in Subsections (3)(a)(i) through (iii);
634	(B) the proposed purpose of use is consistent with an existing state management or
635	recovery plan for that specie; and
636	(C) the water right owner has received a certificate of inclusion from a person who has:
637	(I) entered into a programmatic Candidate Conservation Agreement with Assurances
638	with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, as authorized by 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531(a)(5)
639	and 1536(a)(1); and
640	(II) obtained an enhancement of survival permit, as authorized by 16 U.S.C. Sec.
641	1539(a)(1)(A).
642	(iii) The director may disapprove the proposed change if the proposed change would
643	not be in the public's interest.
644	(e) (i) In considering a fixed time change application, the state engineer shall follow the
645	same procedures as provided in this title for an application to appropriate water.

- (ii) The rights and the duties of a fixed time change applicant are the same as provided in this title for an applicant to appropriate water.
- (f) A fishing group may refile a fixed time change application by filing a written request with the state engineer no later than 60 days before the application expires.
- (g) (i) The water right for which the state engineer has approved a fixed time change application will automatically revert to the point of diversion and place and purpose of use that existed before the approved fixed time change application when the fixed time change application expires or is terminated.
- (ii) The applicant shall give written notice to the state engineer and the lessor, if applicable, if the applicant wishes to terminate a fixed time change application before the fixed time change application expires.
- (4) In addition to the requirements of Subsection [73-3-3(4)(b)] <u>73-3-3(3)(b)</u>, an application authorized by this section shall:
- (a) set forth the legal description of the points on the stream channel between which the instream flow will be provided by the change application; and
- (b) include appropriate studies, reports, or other information required by the state engineer demonstrating the necessity for the instream flow in the specified section of the stream and the projected benefits to the public resulting from the change.
- (5) (a) For a permanent change application or a fixed time change application filed according to this section, 60 days before the date on which proof of change for an instream flow is due, the state engineer shall notify the applicant by mail or by any form of communication through which receipt is verifiable of the date when proof of change is due.
 - (b) Before the date when proof of change is due, the applicant must either:
- (i) file a verified statement with the state engineer that the instream flow uses have been perfected, setting forth:
- (A) the legal description of the points on the stream channel between which the instream flow is provided;
 - (B) detailed measurements of the flow of water in second-feet changed;
- (C) the period of use; and
- (D) any additional information required by the state engineer; or
- (ii) apply for a further extension of time as provided for in Section 73-3-12.

- (c) (i) Upon acceptance of the verified statement required under Subsection (5)(b)(i), the state engineer shall issue a certificate of change for instream flow use in accordance with Section 73-3-17.
 - (ii) The certificate expires at the same time the fixed time change application expires.
 - (6) No person may appropriate unappropriated water under Section 73-3-2 for the purpose of providing an instream flow.
 - (7) Water used in accordance with this section is considered to be beneficially used, as required by Section 73-3-1.
 - (8) A physical structure or physical diversion from the stream is not required to implement a change for instream flow use.
 - (9) This section does not allow enlargement of the water right that the applicant seeks to change.
 - (10) A change application authorized by this section may not impair a vested water right, including a water right used to generate hydroelectric power.
 - (11) The state engineer or the water commissioner shall distribute water under an approved or a certificated instream flow change application according to the change application's priority date relative to the other water rights located within the stream section specified in the change application for instream flow.
- (12) An approved fixed time change application does not create a right of access across private property or allow any infringement of a private property right.