	ELECTION CODE - FINANCIAL REPORTING
,	REQUIREMENT AMENDMENTS
	2013 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: John L. Valentine
	House Sponsor: Mike K. McKell
	LONG TITLE
	General Description:
	This bill amends provisions of the Election Code relating to financial reporting.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	defines terms;
	requires a state office holder, a legislative office holder, and a school board office
	holder to each file an interim financial report;
	 requires a political action committee and a political issues committee to each file an
	interim financial report seven days before the state political convention of each
	major political party;
	 provides for a fine and criminal action against a person who violates the provisions
	of this bill; and
	makes clarifying and technical changes.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	None
	Utah Code Sections Affected:
	AMENDS:



20A-11-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 230
20A-11-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369
20A-11-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
20A-11-206 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
20A-11-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
20A-11-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
20A-11-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 389
20A-11-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 69 and 230
20A-11-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 69 and 230
20A-11-1303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 347
20A-11-1305 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 20A-11-101 is amended to read:
20A-11-101. Definitions.
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a
reporting entity has its principal office.
(2) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional
amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by
the Utah Code Annotated 1953.
(3) "Candidate" means any person who:
(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or
(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
to a public office.
(4) "Chief election officer" means:
(a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates,
officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues
committees, state school board candidates, judges, and labor organizations, as defined in
Section 20A-11-1501; and

59	(b) the county clerk for local school board candidates.
60	(5) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
61	(i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of
62	value given to the filing entity;
63	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
64	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
65	anything of value to the filing entity;
66	(iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the filing entity;
67	(iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for
68	personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;
69	(v) remuneration from:
70	(A) any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a registered lobbyist
71	or
72	(B) any agency or subdivision of the state, including school districts; and
73	(vi) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of the filing entity at less than fair
74	market value.
75	(b) "Contribution" does not include:
76	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
77	of their time on behalf of the filing entity;
78	(ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
79	business; or
80	(iii) goods or services provided for the benefit of a candidate or political party at less
81	than fair market value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the candidate or political
82	party.
83	(6) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a
84	candidate or political party are provided:
85	(a) with the candidate's or political party's prior knowledge, if the candidate or political
86	party does not object;
87	(b) by agreement with the candidate or political party;

(d) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a candidate or

(c) in coordination with the candidate or political party; or

90	political party.
91	(7) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business
92	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and
93	makes any expenditure from corporate funds for:
94	(i) the purpose of expressly advocating for political purposes; or
95	(ii) the purpose of expressly advocating the approval or the defeat of any ballot
96	proposition.
97	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
98	(i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or
99	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
100	(8) "County political party" means, for each registered political party, all of the persons
101	within a single county who, under definitions established by the political party, are members of
102	the registered political party.
103	(9) "County political party officer" means a person whose name is required to be
104	submitted by a county political party to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section
105	20A-8-402.
106	(10) "Detailed listing" means:
107	(a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
108	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public
109	service assistance;
110	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and
111	(iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
112	(b) for each expenditure:
113	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
114	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
115	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
116	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.
117	(11) "Election" means each:
118	(a) regular general election;
119	(b) regular primary election; and
120	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.

121	(12) "Electioneering communication" means a communication that:
122	(a) has at least a value of \$10,000;
123	(b) clearly identifies a candidate or judge; and
124	(c) is disseminated through the Internet, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising
125	facility, direct mailing, broadcast, cable, or satellite provider within 45 days of the clearly
126	identified candidate's or judge's election date.
127	(13) (a) "Expenditure" means:
128	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
129	required by this chapter;
130	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
131	or anything of value made for political purposes;
132	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
133	purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of
134	value for political purposes;
135	(iv) compensation paid by a filing entity for personal services rendered by a person
136	without charge to a reporting entity;
137	(v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign
138	committee; or
139	(vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another
140	reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value.
141	(b) "Expenditure" does not include:
142	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
143	of their time on behalf of a reporting entity;
144	(ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of
145	business; or
146	(iii) anything listed in Subsection (13)(a) that is given by a reporting entity to
147	candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah.
148	(14) "Federal office" means the office of President of the United States, United States
149	Senator, or United States Representative.
150	(15) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is required to file a financial

statement required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections.

152	(16) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, verified
153	financial statement, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts,
154	donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial
155	Retention Elections.
156	(17) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the
157	candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee,
158	political party, or corporation.
159	(18) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 1,
160	Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city or town.
161	(19) "Incorporation election" means the election authorized by Section 10-2-111.
162	(20) "Incorporation petition" means a petition authorized by Section 10-2-109.
163	(21) "Individual" means a natural person.
164	(22) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and
165	expenditures made since the last report.
166	(23) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker
167	of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant
168	whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
169	(24) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who:
170	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative;
171	(b) declares oneself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of
172	speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and
173	assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; or
174	(c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
175	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
176	to a legislative office.
177	(25) "Major political party" means either of the two political parties that have the
178	greatest number of members elected to the two houses of the Legislature.
179	[(25)] (26) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office.
180	[(26)] (27) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the
181	governing board of a registered political party.

[(27)] (28) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals,

183	business organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action
184	committees, political issues committees, and labor organizations, as defined in Section
185	20A-11-1501.
186	[(28)] (29) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a
187	candidate to act for the candidate as provided in this chapter.
188	[(29)] (30) "Personal use expenditure" has the same meaning as provided under Section
189	20A-11-104.
190	[(30)] (31) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of
191	individuals or entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:
192	(i) solicit or receive contributions from any other person, group, or entity for political
193	purposes; or
194	(ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to refrain from voting or to
195	vote for or against any candidate or person seeking election to a municipal or county office.
196	(b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political
197	party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party
198	that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes.
199	(c) "Political action committee" does not mean:
200	(i) a party committee;
201	(ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular
202	course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
203	(iii) an individual;
204	(iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking
205	account;
206	(v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political
207	action committee; or
208	(vi) a personal campaign committee.
209	[(31)] (32) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by
210	a registered political party to select candidates.
211	[(32)] (33) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals
212	or entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:
213	(i) solicit or receive donations from any other person, group, or entity to assist in

214 placing a ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot, or 215 to advocate that a voter refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any ballot proposition; 216 (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to sign or refuse to sign a 217 ballot proposition or incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote against any 218 proposed ballot proposition or an incorporation in an incorporation election; or 219 (iii) make expenditures to assist in qualifying or placing a ballot proposition on the 220 ballot or to assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot. 221 (b) "Political issues committee" does not mean: 222 (i) a registered political party or a party committee; 223 (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the 224 regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public; 225 (iii) an individual; 226 (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking 227 account; or 228 (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political 229 issues committee. 230 [(33)] (34) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following: 231 (i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or 232 anything of value given to a political issues committee; 233 (ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political 234 issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition; 235 (iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting 236 entity; 237 (iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered 238 without charge to a political issues committee; and 239 (v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at 240 less than fair market value. 241 (b) "Political issues contribution" does not include: 242 (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all

(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary

of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or

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245	course of business.
246	[(34)] (35) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following:
247	(i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing
248	the approval or the defeat of:
249	(A) a ballot proposition; or
250	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
251	(ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for
252	the express purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of:
253	(A) a ballot proposition; or
254	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
255	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
256	political issues expenditure;
257	(iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person
258	without charge to a political issues committee; or
259	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less
260	than fair market value.
261	(b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include:
262	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
263	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
264	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
265	course of business.
266	[(35)] (36) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to
267	influence or tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote
268	for or against any candidate or a person seeking a municipal or county office at any caucus,
269	political convention, or election.
270	[(36)] (37) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the
271	election laws.
272	[(37)] (38) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state
273	auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state or local school board member, state senator, state

representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader,

whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.

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276 [(38)] (39) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided 277 to an officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to 278 communicate with the officeholder's constituents: 279 (i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of 280 money or anything of value to an officeholder; or (ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the 281 officeholder. 282 283 (b) "Public service assistance" does not include: 284 (i) anything provided by the state; 285 (ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all 286 of their time on behalf of an officeholder; 287 (iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of 288 business: 289 (iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or 290 (v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any 291 organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the 292 officeholder. 293 [(39)] (40) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more 294 individuals sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political 295 action committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting 296 the political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial statement the 297 individuals are listed. 298 [(40)] (41) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance. 299 [(41)] (42) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11, 300 Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act. 301 [(42)] (43) "Registered political action committee" means any political action 302 committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant

[(43)] (44) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues

committee that is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the lieutenant

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governor's office.

governor's office.

307	$\left[\frac{(44)}{(45)}\right]$ "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:
308	(a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2%
309	or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives
310	for any of its candidates for any office; or
311	(b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of Chapter 8, Political
312	Party Formation and Procedures.
313	$\left[\frac{(45)}{(46)}\right]$ (a) "Remuneration" means a payment:
314	(i) made to a legislator for the period the Legislature is in session; and
315	(ii) that is approximately equivalent to an amount a legislator would have earned
316	during the period the Legislature is in session in the legislator's ordinary course of business.
317	(b) "Remuneration" does not mean anything of economic value given to a legislator by:
318	(i) the legislator's primary employer in the ordinary course of business; or
319	(ii) a person or entity in the ordinary course of business:
320	(A) because of the legislator's ownership interest in the entity; or
321	(B) for services rendered by the legislator on behalf of the person or entity.
322	[(46)] (47) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign
323	committee, a judge, a judge's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, a party
324	committee, a political action committee, a political issues committee, a corporation, or a labor
325	organization, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
326	[(47)] (48) "School board office" means the office of state school board or local school
327	board.
328	$\left[\frac{(48)}{(49)}\right]$ (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the
329	tangible or intangible asset that comprises the contribution.
330	(b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political
331	action committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action
332	committee or the owners or shareholders of the corporation.
333	[(49)] (50) "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney
334	general, state auditor, and state treasurer.
335	[(50)] (51) "State office candidate" means a person who:
336	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or
337	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to

338	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
339	to a state office.
340	[(51)] (52) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a
341	reporting entity's contributions and expenditures.
342	[(52)] (53) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that
343	allocate expenditures from a political issues committee.
344	Section 2. Section 20A-11-103 is amended to read:
345	20A-11-103. Notice of pending interim and summary reports Form of
346	submission Public availability.
347	(1) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (1)(b), 10 days before an interim report or
348	summary report is due under this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections,
349	the chief election officer shall inform the filing entity by postal mail or, if requested by the
350	filing entity, by electronic mail:
351	(i) that the financial statement is due;
352	(ii) of the date that the financial statement is due; and
353	(iii) of the penalty for failing to file the financial statement.
354	(b) The chief election officer is not required to provide notice:
355	(i) to a candidate or political party of the financial statement that is due before the
356	candidate's or political party's political convention;
357	(ii) of a financial statement due in connection with a public hearing for an initiative
358	under the requirements of Section 20A-7-204.1; [or]
359	(iii) to a corporation or labor organization, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501[-]; or
360	(iv) of the requirement for an officeholder to file an interim report under Subsection
361	20A-11-204(1)(c), 20A-11-303(1)(c), or 20A-11-1303(1)(c).
362	(2) A filing entity shall electronically file a financial statement via electronic mail or
363	the Internet according to specifications established by the chief election officer.
364	(3) (a) A financial statement is considered timely filed if it is received by the chief
365	election officer's office before the close of regular office hours on the date that it is due.
366	(b) A chief election officer may extend the time in which a filing entity is required to
367	file a financial statement if a filing entity notifies the chief election officer of the existence of
368	an extenuating circumstance that is outside the control of the filing entity.

369	(4) Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
370	Access and Management Act, the lieutenant governor shall:
371	(a) make each campaign finance statement filed by a candidate available for public
372	inspection and copying no later than one business day after the statement is filed; and
373	(b) post an electronic copy or the contents of each financial statement in a searchable
374	format on a website established by the lieutenant governor:
375	(i) for campaign finance statements submitted to the lieutenant governor under the
376	requirements of Section 10-3-208 or Section 17-16-6.5, no later than seven business days after
377	the date of receipt of the campaign finance statement; or
378	(ii) for a summary report or interim report filed under the requirements of this chapter
379	or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections, no later than three business days after the
380	date the summary report or interim report is electronically filed.
381	(5) If a municipality, under Section 10-3-208, or a county, under Section 17-16-6.5,
382	elects to provide campaign finance disclosure on its own website, rather than through the
383	lieutenant governor, the website established by the lieutenant governor shall contain a link or
384	other access point to the municipality or county website.
385	Section 3. Section 20A-11-204 is amended to read:
386	20A-11-204. State office candidate and state office holder Financial reporting
387	requirements Interim reports.
388	(1) (a) As used in this Subsection (1), "campaign account" means a separate campaign
389	account required under Subsection 20A-11-201(1)(a).
390	[(1)] (b) Each state office candidate shall file an interim report at the following times in
391	any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
392	[(a)] (i) seven days before the candidate's political convention;
393	[(b)] (ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
394	[(c)] (iii) August 31; and
395	[(d)] <u>(iv)</u> seven days before the regular general election date.
396	(c) Each state office holder shall, in an even year, file an interim report at the following
397	times, regardless of whether an election for the state office holder's office is held that year:
398	(i) seven days before the political convention for the political party of the state office
399	holder:

400	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date for that year;
401	(iii) August 31; and
402	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
403	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
404	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
405	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
406	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
407	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
408	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
409	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
410	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
411	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:
412	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
413	contributor; and
414	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
415	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
416	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
417	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
418	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
419	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
420	last summary report;
421	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
422	(i) beginning balance;
423	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
424	(iii) total contributions to date;
425	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
426	(v) total expenditures to date; and
427	(j) the name of a political action committee for which the state office candidate or state
428	office holder is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority under
429	Section 20A-11-601.
430	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a

431	single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
432	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
433	more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
434	(4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported
435	as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
436	(b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a state office candidate or state
437	office holder more than five days before the required filing date of a report required by this
438	section shall be included in the interim report.
439	Section 4. Section 20A-11-206 is amended to read:
440	20A-11-206. State office candidate Failure to file reports Penalties.
441	(1) (a) If a state office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the regular
442	primary election, on August 31, or before the regular general election, the lieutenant governor
443	shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely filed:
444	(i) inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:
445	(A) (I) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate from the ballots before
446	the ballots are delivered to voters; or
447	(II) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform
448	the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes
449	cast for the candidate will not be counted; and
450	(B) may not count any votes for that candidate; and
451	(ii) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005.
452	(b) Any state office candidate who fails to file timely a financial statement required by
453	Subsection 20A-11-204(1)(b)[, (c), or (d)](<u>ii), (iii), or (iv)</u> is disqualified and the vacancy on
454	the ballot may be filled as provided in Section 20A-1-501.
455	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a state office candidate is not
456	disqualified and the lieutenant governor may not impose a fine if:
457	(i) the candidate timely files the reports required by this section no later than the due
458	date in accordance with Section 20A-11-103;
459	(ii) the reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information
460	required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies;

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and

462	(iii) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii) are
463	corrected in:
464	(A) an amended report; or
465	(B) the next scheduled report.
466	(2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the lieutenant
467	governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
468	(i) each state office candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one;
469	and
470	(ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
471	(b) If it appears that any state office candidate has failed to file the summary report
472	required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the
473	lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the
474	falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a
475	violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the state office candidate of the violation or
476	written complaint and direct the state office candidate to file a summary report correcting the
477	problem.
478	(c) (i) It is unlawful for any state office candidate to fail to file or amend a summary
479	report within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.
480	(ii) Each state office candidate who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a class B
481	misdemeanor.
482	(iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the
483	attorney general.
484	Section 5. Section 20A-11-303 is amended to read:
485	20A-11-303. Legislative office candidate and legislative office holder Financial
486	reporting requirements Interim reports.
487	(1) (a) As used in this Subsection (1), "campaign account" means a separate campaign
488	account required under Subsection 20A-11-301(1)(a)(i).
489	[(1)] (b) Each legislative office candidate shall file an interim report at the following
490	times in any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
491	[(a)] (i) seven days before the candidate's political convention;
492	[(b)] (ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;

493	$\left[\frac{(c)}{(iii)}\right]$ August 31; and
494	[(d)] (iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
495	(c) Each legislative office holder shall, in an even year, file an interim report at the
496	following times, regardless of whether an election for the legislative office holder's office is
497	held that year:
498	(i) seven days before the political convention for the political party of the legislative
499	office holder;
500	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date for that year;
501	(iii) August 31; and
502	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
503	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
504	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
505	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
506	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
507	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
508	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
509	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
510	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
511	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:
512	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
513	contributor; and
514	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
515	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
516	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
517	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
518	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
519	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
520	last summary report;
521	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
522	(i) beginning balance;
523	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;

524	(111) total contributions to date;
525	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
526	(v) total expenditures to date; and
527	(j) the name of a political action committee for which the legislative office candidate or
528	legislative office holder is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making authority
529	under Section 20A-11-601.
530	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a
531	single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.
532	(b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
533	more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
534	(4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported
535	as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
536	(b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a legislative office candidate or
537	legislative office holder more than five days before the required filing date of a report required
538	by this section shall be included in the interim report.
539	Section 6. Section 20A-11-305 is amended to read:
540	20A-11-305. Legislative office candidate Failure to file report Penalties.
541	(1) (a) If a legislative office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the
542	regular primary election, on August 31, or before the regular general election, the lieutenant
543	governor shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely filed:
544	(i) inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:
545	(A) (I) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate from the ballots before
546	the ballots are delivered to voters; or
547	(II) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform
548	the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes
549	cast for the candidate will not be counted; and
550	(B) may not count any votes for that candidate; and
551	(ii) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005.
552	(b) Any legislative office candidate who fails to file timely a financial statement
553	required by Subsection $20A-11-303(1)(b)[\frac{1}{2}(c), or (d)](ii), (iii), or (iv)$ is disqualified and the
554	vacancy on the ballot may be filled as provided in Section 20A-1-501.

(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a legislative office candidate is not disqualified and the lieutenant governor may not impose a fine if:(i) the candidate timely files the reports required by this section no later than the due

- (1) the candidate timely files the reports required by this section no later than the due date in accordance with Section 20A-11-103;
- (ii) the reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies; and
- (iii) the omissions, errors, or inaccuracies described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii) are corrected in:
 - (A) an amended report; or

- (B) the next scheduled report.
- (2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
- (i) each legislative office candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
 - (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
- (b) If it appears that any legislative office candidate has failed to file the summary report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the legislative office candidate of the violation or written complaint and direct the legislative office candidate to file a summary report correcting the problem.
- (c) (i) It is unlawful for any legislative office candidate to fail to file or amend a summary report within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.
- (ii) Each legislative office candidate who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- (iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the attorney general.
 - Section 7. Section **20A-11-403** is amended to read:

586	20A-11-403. Failure to file Penalties.
587	(1) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the lieutenant
588	governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
589	(a) each officeholder that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
590	(b) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
591	(2) If it appears that any officeholder has failed to file the summary report required by
592	law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant
593	governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any
594	summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, if the lieutenant governor determines that a
595	violation has occurred:
596	(a) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005; and
597	(b) within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify
598	the officeholder of the violation or written complaint and direct the officeholder to file a
599	summary report correcting the problem.
600	(3) (a) It is unlawful for any officeholder to fail to file or amend a summary report
601	within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.
602	(b) Each officeholder who violates Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of a class B
603	misdemeanor.
604	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (3)(a) to the
605	attorney general.
606	(4) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of an interim report by an officeholder
607	under Subsection 20A-11-204(1)(c), 20A-11-303(1)(c), or 20A-11-1303(1)(c), the lieutenant
608	governor shall review each filed interim report to ensure that each interim report contains the
609	information required for the report.
610	(5) If it appears that any officeholder has failed to file an interim report required by
611	law, if it appears that a filed interim report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant
612	governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any
613	interim report, the lieutenant governor shall, if the lieutenant governor determines that a
614	violation has occurred:

(a) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005; and

(b) within five days after the day on which the violation is discovered or a written

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617	complaint is received, notify the officeholder of the violation or written complaint and direct
618	the officeholder to file an interim report correcting the problem.
619	(6) (a) It is unlawful for any officeholder to fail to file or amend an interim report
620	within 14 days after the day on which the officeholder receives notice from the lieutenant
621	governor under this section.
622	(b) Each officeholder who violates Subsection (6)(a) is guilty of a class B
623	misdemeanor.
624	(c) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (6)(a) to the
625	attorney general.
626	Section 8. Section 20A-11-602 is amended to read:
627	20A-11-602. Political action committees Financial reporting.
628	(1) (a) Each registered political action committee that has received contributions
629	totaling at least \$750, or disbursed expenditures totaling at least \$50, during a calendar year
630	shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant governor's office:
631	(i) on January 10, reporting contributions and expenditures as of December 31 of the
632	previous year;
633	(ii) seven days before the state political convention of each major political party;
634	[(iii)] (iii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
635	[(iii)] (iv) on August 31; and
636	[(iv)] (v) seven days before:
637	(A) the municipal general election; and
638	(B) the regular general election date.
639	(b) The registered political action committee shall report:
640	(i) a detailed listing of all contributions received and expenditures made since the last
641	statement; and
642	(ii) for financial statements filed under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (iv), all
643	contributions and expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of the financial
644	statement.
645	(c) The registered political action committee need not file a statement under this
646	section if it received no contributions and made no expenditures during the reporting period.
647	(2) (a) The verified financial statement shall include:

648	(i) the name and address of any individual that makes a contribution to the reporting
649	political action committee, and the amount of the contribution;
650	(ii) the identification of any publicly identified class of individuals that makes a
651	contribution to the reporting political action committee, and the amount of the contribution;
652	(iii) the name and address of any political action committee, group, or entity that makes
653	a contribution to the reporting political action committee, and the amount of the contribution;
654	(iv) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
655	(v) the name and address of each reporting entity that received an expenditure from the
656	reporting political action committee, and the amount of each expenditure;
657	(vi) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
658	(vii) the total amount of contributions received and expenditures disbursed by the
659	reporting political action committee;
660	(viii) a statement by the political action committee's treasurer or chief financial officer
661	certifying that, to the best of the person's knowledge, the financial report is accurate; and
662	(ix) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
663	(A) beginning balance;
664	(B) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
665	(C) total contributions to date;
666	(D) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
667	(E) total expenditures to date.
668	(b) (i) Contributions received by a political action committee that have a value of \$50
669	or less need not be reported individually, but shall be listed on the report as an aggregate total.
670	(ii) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of
671	more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
672	(3) A group or entity may not divide or separate into units, sections, or smaller groups
673	for the purpose of avoiding the financial reporting requirements of this chapter, and substance
674	shall prevail over form in determining the scope or size of a political action committee.
675	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "received" means:
676	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a political action committee;
677	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
678	instrument or check is negotiated; and

679	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
680	inures to the political action committee.
681	(b) A political action committee shall report each contribution to the lieutenant
682	governor within 30 days after the contribution is received.
683	Section 9. Section 20A-11-802 is amended to read:
684	20A-11-802. Political issues committees Financial reporting.
685	(1) (a) Each registered political issues committee that has received political issues
686	contributions totaling at least \$750, or disbursed political issues expenditures totaling at least
687	\$50, during a calendar year, shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant
688	governor's office:
689	(i) on January 10, reporting contributions and expenditures as of December 31 of the
690	previous year;
691	(ii) seven days before the state political convention of each major political party;
692	[(ii)] (iii) seven days before the date of an incorporation election, if the political issues
693	committee has received donations or made disbursements to affect an incorporation;
694	[(iii)] (iv) at least three days before the first public hearing held as required by Section
695	20A-7-204.1;
696	[(iv)] (v) if the political issues committee has received or expended funds in relation to
697	an initiative or referendum, at the time the initiative or referendum sponsors submit:
698	(A) the verified and certified initiative packets as required by Section 20A-7-206; or
699	(B) the signed and verified referendum packets as required by Section 20A-7-306;
700	[(v)] (vi) on August 31; and
701	[(vi)] (vii) seven days before:
702	(A) the municipal general election; and
703	(B) the regular general election.
704	(b) The political issues committee shall report:
705	(i) a detailed listing of all contributions received and expenditures made since the last
706	statement; and
707	(ii) all contributions and expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of
708	the financial statement, except for a financial statement filed on January 10.
709	(c) The political issues committee need not file a statement under this section if it

received no contributions and made no expenditures during the reporting period.

(2) (a) That statement shall include:

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- (i) the name and address of any individual that makes a political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues contribution;
- (ii) the identification of any publicly identified class of individuals that makes a political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues contribution;
- (iii) the name and address of any political issues committee, group, or entity that makes a political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues contribution;
- (iv) the name and address of each reporting entity that makes a political issues contribution to the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of the political issues contribution;
 - (v) for each nonmonetary contribution, the fair market value of the contribution;
- (vi) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the name and address of each individual, entity, or group of individuals or entities that received a political issues expenditure of more than \$50 from the reporting political issues committee, and the amount of each political issues expenditure;
 - (vii) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
- (viii) the total amount of political issues contributions received and political issues expenditures disbursed by the reporting political issues committee;
- (ix) a statement by the political issues committee's treasurer or chief financial officer certifying that, to the best of the person's knowledge, the financial statement is accurate; and
 - (x) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
- (A) beginning balance;
- (B) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
- 736 (C) total contributions to date;
- 737 (D) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
- 738 (E) total expenditures to date.
- 739 (b) (i) Political issues contributions received by a political issues committee that have a 740 value of \$50 or less need not be reported individually, but shall be listed on the report as an

741	aggregate total.
742	(ii) Two or more political issues contributions from the same source that have an
743	aggregate total of more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported
744	separately.
745	(c) When reporting political issue expenditures made to circulators of initiative
746	petitions, the political issues committee:
747	(i) need only report the amount paid to each initiative petition circulator; and
748	(ii) need not report the name or address of the circulator.
749	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "received" means:
750	(i) for a cash contribution, that the cash is given to a political issues committee;
751	(ii) for a contribution that is a negotiable instrument or check, that the negotiable
752	instrument or check is negotiated; and
753	(iii) for any other type of contribution, that any portion of the contribution's benefit
754	inures to the political issues committee.
755	(b) A political issues committee shall report each contribution to the lieutenant
756	governor within 30 days after the contribution is received.
757	Section 10. Section 20A-11-1303 is amended to read:
758	20A-11-1303. School board office candidate and school board office holder
759	Financial reporting requirements Interim reports.
760	(1) (a) As used in this Subsection (1), "campaign account" means a separate campaign
761	account required under Subsection 20A-11-1301(1)(a)(i).
762	[(1)] (b) Each school board office candidate shall file an interim report at the following
763	times in any year in which the candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for a public office:
764	[(a)] (i) May 15, for a state school board office [candidates] candidate;
765	[(b)] (ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
766	[(c)] (<u>iii</u>) August 31; and
767	[(d)] (iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
768	(c) Each school board office holder shall, in an even year, file an interim report at the
769	following times, regardless of whether an election for the school board office holder's office is
770	held that year:

(i) May 15, for a state school board office holder;

772	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date for that year;
773	(iii) August 31; and
774	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
775	(2) Each interim report shall include the following information:
776	(a) the net balance of the last summary report, if any;
777	(b) a single figure equal to the total amount of receipts reported on all prior interim
778	reports, if any, during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
779	(c) a single figure equal to the total amount of expenditures reported on all prior
780	interim reports, if any, filed during the calendar year in which the interim report is due;
781	(d) a detailed listing of each contribution and public service assistance received since
782	the last summary report that has not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
783	(e) for each nonmonetary contribution:
784	(i) the fair market value of the contribution with that information provided by the
785	contributor; and
786	(ii) a specific description of the contribution;
787	(f) a detailed listing of each expenditure made since the last summary report that has
788	not been reported in detail on a prior interim report;
789	(g) for each nonmonetary expenditure, the fair market value of the expenditure;
790	(h) a net balance for the year consisting of the net balance from the last summary
791	report, if any, plus all receipts since the last summary report minus all expenditures since the
792	last summary report;
793	(i) a summary page in the form required by the lieutenant governor that identifies:
794	(i) beginning balance;
795	(ii) total contributions during the period since the last statement;
796	(iii) total contributions to date;
797	(iv) total expenditures during the period since the last statement; and
798	(v) total expenditures to date; and
799	(j) the name of a political action committee for which the school board office candidate
800	or school board office holder is designated as an officer who has primary decision-making
801	authority under Section 20A-11-601.
802	(3) (a) For all individual contributions or public service assistance of \$50 or less, a

single aggregate figure may be reported without separate detailed listings.

- (b) Two or more contributions from the same source that have an aggregate total of more than \$50 may not be reported in the aggregate, but shall be reported separately.
- (4) (a) In preparing each interim report, all receipts and expenditures shall be reported as of five days before the required filing date of the report.
- (b) Any negotiable instrument or check received by a school board office candidate <u>or school board office holder</u> more than five days before the required filing date of a report required by this section shall be included in the interim report.
 - Section 11. Section **20A-11-1305** is amended to read:

20A-11-1305. School board office candidate -- Failure to file statement --

Penalties.

- (1) (a) If a school board office candidate fails to file an interim report due before the regular primary election, on August 31, or before the regular general election, the chief election officer shall, after making a reasonable attempt to discover if the report was timely filed:
 - (i) inform the county clerk and other appropriate election officials who:
- (A) (I) shall, if practicable, remove the name of the candidate from the ballots before the ballots are delivered to voters; or
- (II) shall, if removing the candidate's name from the ballot is not practicable, inform the voters by any practicable method that the candidate has been disqualified and that votes cast for candidate will not be counted; and
 - (B) may not count any votes for that candidate; and
 - (ii) impose a fine against the filing entity in accordance with Section 20A-11-1005.
- (b) Any school board office candidate who fails to file timely a financial statement required by Subsection 20A-11-1303(1)(b)[, (c), or (d)](ii), (iii), or (iv) is disqualified and the vacancy on the ballot may be filled as provided in Section 20A-1-501.
- (c) Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) and (1)(b), a school board office candidate is not disqualified and the chief election officer may not impose a fine if:
- (i) the candidate timely files the reports required by this section in accordance with Section 20A-11-103;
- (ii) those reports are completed, detailing accurately and completely the information required by this part except for inadvertent omissions or insignificant errors or inaccuracies;

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835 (iii) those omissions, errors, or inaccuracies described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii) are corrected in:

- (A) an amended report; or
- (B) the next scheduled report.
- (2) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report by a candidate for state school board, the lieutenant governor shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
- (i) each state school board candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
 - (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
- (b) If it appears that any state school board candidate has failed to file the summary report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the lieutenant governor has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any summary report, the lieutenant governor shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the state school board candidate of the violation or written complaint and direct the state school board candidate to file a summary report correcting the problem.
- (c) (i) It is unlawful for any state school board candidate to fail to file or amend a summary report within 14 days after receiving notice from the lieutenant governor under this section.
- (ii) Each state school board candidate who violates Subsection (2)(c)(i) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- (iii) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the attorney general.
- (3) (a) Within 30 days after a deadline for the filing of a summary report, the county clerk shall review each filed summary report to ensure that:
- (i) each local school board candidate that is required to file a summary report has filed one; and
 - (ii) each summary report contains the information required by this part.
- (b) If it appears that any local school board candidate has failed to file the summary

report required by law, if it appears that a filed summary report does not conform to the law, or if the county clerk has received a written complaint alleging a violation of the law or the falsity of any summary report, the county clerk shall, within five days of discovery of a violation or receipt of a written complaint, notify the local school board candidate of the violation or written complaint and direct the local school board candidate to file a summary report correcting the problem.

- (c) (i) It is unlawful for any local school board candidate to fail to file or amend a summary report within 14 days after receiving notice from the county clerk under this section.
- (ii) Each local school board candidate who violates Subsection (3)(c)(i) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- (iii) The county clerk shall report all violations of Subsection (3)(c)(i) to the district or county attorney.

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